

Additions underlined  
 Deletions [bracketed]

## NYSE AMERICAN RULES

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### Section 900NY. Rules Principally Applicable to Trading of Option Contracts

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#### Rule 967NY. Price Protection - Orders

(a) Trade Collar Protection.

(1) The Exchange will limit the immediate execution of the following incoming orders (each a “collared order”), subject to paragraph (a)(1)(B):

(A) Orders to be collared:

(i) Market Orders or a marketable Limit Order (“Marketable Orders”) if the width of the NBBO is greater than one Trading Collar, as defined in paragraph (a)(2) below (i.e., a “wide market”) or,

[(B)](ii) the balance of a Marketable Order to buy (sell) that would execute at a price that exceeds the National Best Offer (“NBO”) (National Best Bid (“NBB”)) plus (minus) the value of one Trading Collar.

(B) Condition preventing collaring of incoming order: Market Orders to buy (sell) received in a wide market will be rejected (rather than be collared) if there is already a collared Marketable Order to sell (buy).

(2) A “Trading Collar” shall be determined by the Exchange on a class-by-class basis and, unless announced otherwise via Trader Update, shall be as follows:

(A) for buy (sell) orders:

(i) \$0.25 for each option contract for which the NBB (NBO) is less than \$2.00,

(ii) \$0.40 where the NBB (NBO) is \$2.00 or more but does not exceed \$5.00,

(iii) \$0.50 where the NBB (NBO) is more than \$5.00 but does not exceed \$10.00,

- (iv) \$0.80 where the NBB (NBO) is more than \$10.00 but does not exceed \$20.00, and
  - (v) \$1.00 when the NBB (NBO) is \$20.01 or more.
- (B) To preserve a fair and orderly market, the Exchange may, with the approval of two Trading Officials, grant intra-day relief to widen or narrow the Trading Collar for one or more option series.
- (3) Trade Collar Protection does not apply to quotes, IOC Orders, AON Orders, FOK Orders and NOW Orders. IOC Orders, AON Orders, FOK Orders and NOW Orders receive an execution, depending upon the availability of an execution pursuant to the terms of those orders.
- (4) When an incoming Marketable Order is subject to Trade Collar Protection pursuant to (a)(1)(A) above, the Exchange will limit the execution and/or routing of such orders, assign a “collar execution price” pursuant to paragraphs (a)(4)(B) and (C) below, and process the collared order as follows:
- (A) A Market Order to buy (sell) received when there is already a collared order to buy (sell) will join that collared order and be processed consistent with paragraphs (a)(4)(C) - (a)(6) below.
  - (B) A Market Order to buy (sell) received when there is not already a collared order to buy (sell) will be assigned a collar execution price equal to the NBB (NBO) plus (minus) one Trading Collar; provided, however, that:
    - (i) a Market Order to buy entered when the NBB is \$0.00 will be assigned a collar execution price equal to the NBB (i.e., \$0.00) plus one Trading Collar; and
    - (ii) a Market Order to sell entered when the NBO is \$0.00 will be rejected.
  - (C) A marketable Limit Order to buy (sell) received when there is no other order already being collared will be assigned a collar execution price equal to the NBO (NBB). A marketable Limit Order received when there is already an order being collared will join that collared order and be processed consistent with paragraph (a)(6)(B) below.
  - (D) The collared order to buy (sell) will trade against any contra-side interest priced equal to its collar execution price or at prices within one Trading Collar above (below) the collar execution price (the “Collar Range”).
  - (E) The Exchange will cancel a Market Order, or the balance thereof, that has been collared pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)(A) or (B) above, if after exhausting trading opportunities within the Collar Range, the Exchange determines there are no

quotes on the Exchange and/or no interest on another market in the affected option series.

- (5) Display of collared orders. [A Market Order that does not trade on arrival will display at its collar execution price. The balance of a partially executed] After trading against all available interest within the Collar Range, the Marketable Order to buy (sell) that is subject to Trade Collar Protection pursuant to paragraph (a)(1)(B) above will display at its current collar execution price. Collared orders are displayed at the MPV for the option, pursuant to Rule 960NY (Trading Differentials).], as follows:
- (A) If it has traded against all available interest within the Collar Range, the order will be displayed at the most recent execution price; or
- (B) If there is contra-side interest priced within one Trading Collar of the most recent execution price, the order will be displayed at the higher (lower) of its assigned collar execution price or the best execution price of the order that is both within the Collar Range and at least one Trading Collar away from the best priced contra-side trading interest (i.e., lowest sell interest for collared buy orders/highest buy interest for collared sell orders).]
- (6) Repricing of collared orders. The Exchange will assign a new collar execution price to the collared order per paragraphs (a)(6)(A)-(C) below:
- (A) an update to the NBBO (based on another market or a quote on the Exchange; or a Limit Order on the Exchange priced one Trading Collar or less away from the collared order) that improves the same side of the market as the collared order will result in the collared order being assigned a new collar execution price equal to the new NBB (for buy orders) or NBO (for sell orders) and processed at the updated collar execution price consistent with paragraphs (a)(4)(D) and (a)(5) above;
- (B) a Limit Order, other than an IOC Order, AON Order, FOK Order or NOW Order, to buy (sell) on the same side of the market as the collared order and priced greater than one Trading Collar above (below) the displayed price of the collared order will itself become subject to Trade Collar Protection and will result in the collared order and the Limit Order being assigned a collar execution price one Trading Collar above (below) the displayed price of the collared order and processed at the updated collar execution price consistent with paragraphs (a)(4)(D) and (a)(5) above;
- (C) a collared order is subject to expiration if it displays without executing, routing, or repricing and there is no update to the same-side NBBO price for a period of at least one second (“Expiration”). [upon the expiration of one second and absent an update to the NBBO] Following each Expiration, the collared order to buy (sell) will be assigned a new collar execution price one Trading

Collar above (below) the current displayed price of the collared order and processed at the updated price consistent with paragraphs (a)(4)(D) and (a)(5) above; provided, however, that if the collared order is a Market Order to sell that has reached \$0.00, it will not be assigned a new collar execution price but will be posted in the Consolidated Book at its MPV (e.g., \$0.01 or \$0.05).

(i) a Market Order that is collared will cancel after it is subject to a specified number of Expirations, to be determined by the Exchange and announced by Trader Update.

- (7) If the collared order is a Limit Order that has reached its limit price, it will not be displayed at a price beyond its limit, but will be posted at its limit in the Consolidated Book.
- (8) All orders for which Trade Collar Protection prevents immediate execution will be processed in accordance with Rule 964NY, Display, Priority and Order Allocation - Trading Systems.

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