

	Case 2:08-cv-00353-MHM Document 14 Filed 10/06/08 Page 2 of 6			
1 2 3 4	 exercising its discretion include the following: (1) the possibility of prejudice to the plaintiff, (2) the merits of plaintiff's substantive claim, (3) the sufficiency of the complaint, (4) the sum of money at stake in the action; (5) the possibility of a dispute concerning material facts; (6) whether the default was due to excusable neglect, and 			
5 6	(7) the strong policy underlying the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure favoring decisions on the merits.			
7 8	Id., 782 F.2d at 1471-72. After default has been entered by the Clerk of the Court, the factual			
9	allegations of the complaint are taken as true, except for those allegations relating to damages. See <u>TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal</u> , 826 F.2d 915, 917 (9th Cir. 1987). "A party seeking			
10	default judgment must state a claim upon which it may recover." <u>Philip Morris USA</u> , 219			
11	F.R.D. 494, 501 (C.D.Cal. 2003). Furthermore, a plaintiff must prove all damages sought in			
12	the complaint. See <u>Philip Morris USA</u> , 219 F.R.D. at 498; see also Fed.R.Civ.P. 55(b)(2) ("In			
13	determining damages, a court can rely on the declarations submitted by the plaintiff."). After			
14	considering the facts presented in this case, the Court finds that Plaintiff has satisfied the Eitel			
15	factors such that default judgment is appropriate.			
16	With respect to the Eitel factors, under the first factor, the SEC will be prejudiced if it is			
17	unable to enforce securities laws merely because someone like Pino refuses to defend an action.			
18 19	Furthermore, the SEC asks for an injunction after being presented with evidence that the			
19 20	Defendant "may be embarking upon similar activities in California." (Memorandum in Support			
20 21	of Motion for Default Judgment, Dkt.# 8, p.8). As to the second factor, the Complaint sets forth			
21	with great specificity the nature of the allegations leveled against Defendant. Similarly, the			
23	third factor has been met, because the Complaint is sufficient, both legally and factually. As to			
24	the fourth factor, the SEC has submitted a declaration setting forth the amount gained by Pino			
25	through his alleged scheme. (Memorandum in Support of Motion for Default Judgment Exhibit			
26	1, Declaration of Nancy Gegenheimer). That amount is additionally supported by Exhibit A to			
27	the same Memorandum, which shows the number of stock transactions that have resulted in			
28	Pino's gain. Lastly, the SEC submitted a supplemental exhibit attaching a chart showing the			
	-2-			

Case 2:08-cv-00353-MHM Document 14 Filed 10/06/08 Page 3 of 6

1	calculation of the pre-judgment interest. (Supplemental Exhibit in Support of Motion for Default		
2	Judgment Exhibit A, Dkt.# 13). As to the fifth factor, the possibility of dispute concerning		
3	material facts seems remote given the strength of the government's case and the detailed nature		
4	of the Complaint and supporting documents. As to the sixth factor, Pino's default was not		
5	excusable. He was served with the summons and complaint while incarcerated, and now that he		
6	is out Pino has, according to the SEC, been using a lawyer to transact business.		
7	The SEC further contends that Pino has actual knowledge of this action, has access to counsel,		
8	and does not have an otherwise valid excuse for failing to defend. (Memorandum in Support of		
9	Motion for Default Judgment, Dkt.# 8, p. 9). As to the final factor, despite the strong policy		
10	underlying the Fed. R. Civ. P. favoring decisions on the merits, Pino's failure to respond		
11	while having actual knowledge of the proceedings strongly indicates that the allegations		
12	contained in the government's complaint are true. Furthermore, Pino's refusal to		
13	acknowledge this action renders adjudication on the merits before this Court impracticable.		
14	Accordingly,		
	Tecor unigry,		
15	т		
15 16	Ι.		
	I. IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined		
16 17			
16 17 18	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined		
16 17 18 19	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the		
16 17 18 19 20	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R.		
 16 17 18 19 20 21 	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or		
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of any facility of any national securities exchange, in connection with the purchase or sale of		
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of any facility of any national securities exchange, in connection with the purchase or sale of any security:		
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of any facility of any national securities exchange, in connection with the purchase or sale of any security: (a) to employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;		
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of any facility of any national securities exchange, in connection with the purchase or sale of any security: (a) to employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud; (b) to make any untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact		
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 	 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of any facility of any national securities exchange, in connection with the purchase or sale of any security: (a) to employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud; (b) to make any untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances 		
 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 	 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined from violating, directly or indirectly, Section 10(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 promulgated thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5], by using any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of any facility of any national securities exchange, in connection with the purchase or sale of any security: (a) to employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud; (b) to make any untrue statement of a material fact or to omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or 		

1	п.			
2	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined			
3	from violating Section 17(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 (the "Securities Act") [15 U.S.C. §			
4	77q(a)] in the offer or sale of any security by the use of any means or instruments of			
5	transportation or communication in interstate commerce or by use of the mails, directly or			
6 7	indirectly:			
7 °	(a)	to employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;		
8	(b)	to obtain money or property by means of any untrue statement of a material fact		
9 10		or any omission of a material fact necessary in order to make the statements		
10		made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not		
11		misleading; or		
12	(c)	to engage in any transaction, practice, or course of business which operates or		
13 14		would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the purchaser.		
14		III.		
15	IT IS	FURTHER ORDERED that Defendant is permanently restrained and enjoined		
10	from violating	Section 5 of the Securities Act [15 U.S.C. § 77e] by, directly or indirectly, in the		
17	absence of any applicable exemption:			
10	(a)	Unless a registration statement is in effect as to a security, making use of any		
20		means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce		
20		or of the mails to sell such security through the use or medium of any prospectus		
21		or otherwise;		
23	(b)	Unless a registration statement is in effect as to a security, carrying or causing to		
24		be carried through the mails or in interstate commerce, by any means or		
25		instruments of transportation, any such security for the purpose of sale or for		
26		delivery after sale; or		
27	(c)	Making use of any means or instruments of transportation or communication in		
28		interstate commerce or of the mails to offer to sell or offer to buy through the		

1 use or medium of any prospectus or otherwise any security, unless a registration 2 statement has been filed with the Commission as to such security, or while the 3 registration statement is the subject of a refusal order or stop order or (prior to 4 the effective date of the registration statement) any public proceeding or 5 examination under Section 8 of the Securities Act [15 U.S.C. § 77h]. 6 7 8 IV. 9 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to Section 20(e) of the Securities Act [15 10 U.S.C. § 77t(e)] and Section 21(d)(2) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(2)], Defendant 11 is prohibited from acting as an officer or director of any issuer that has a class of securities 12 registered pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 781] or that is required to 13 file reports pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 780(d)]. 14 V. 15 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that Defendant is permanently barred from participating 16 in an offering of penny stock, including engaging in activities with a broker, dealer, or issuer 17 for purposes of issuing, trading, or inducing or attempting to induce the purchase or sale of any 18 penny stock. A penny stock is any equity security that has a price of less than five dollars, 19 except as provided in Rule 3a51-1 under the Exchange Act [17 C.F.R. 240.3a51-1]. 20 VI. 21 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that Defendant is liable for disgorgement of \$259,811, 22 representing ill-gotten profits gained as a result of the conduct alleged in the Complaint, 23 together with prejudgment interest thereon in the amount of **\$66,945.80**, and a civil penalty of 24 \$100,000 pursuant to Section 20(d) of the Securities Act and Section 21(d) of the Exchange 25 Act. Defendant shall satisfy this obligation by paying **\$426,756.80** within ten (10) business 26 days after entry of this Default Judgment by certified check, bank cashier's check, or United 27 States postal money order payable to the Securities and Exchange Commission. The payment 28

Case 2:08-cv-00353-MHM Document 14 Filed 10/06/08 Page 6 of 6

shall be delivered or mailed to the Office of Financial Management, Securities and Exchange Commission, Operations Center, 6432 General Green Way, Mail Stop 0-3, Alexandria, Virginia 22312, and shall be accompanied by a letter identifying Mario A. Pino as a defendant in this action; setting forth the title and civil action number of this action and the name of this Court; and specifying that payment is made pursuant to this Default Judgment. Defendant shall pay post-judgment interest on any delinquent amounts pursuant to 28 USC § 1961. The SEC shall remit the funds paid pursuant to this paragraph to the United States Treasury. VII. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Court shall retain jurisdiction of this matter for the purposes of enforcing the terms of this Default Judgment. DATED this 3rd day of October, 2008. Mary H. Murguja nited States District Judge -6-