JOHN M. McCOY III, Cal. Bar No. 166244 1 Email: mccoyi@sec.gov FINOLA H. MANVELIAN, Cal. Bar No. 180681 2 Email: manyelianf@sec.gov C. DABNEY O'RIORDAN, Cal. Bar No. 205158 3 Email: oriordanc@sec.gov 4 Attorneys for Plaintiff 5 Securities and Exchange Commission Rosalind R. Tyson, Regional Director 6 Andrew G. Petillon, Associate Regional Director 5670 Wilshire Boulevard, 11th Floor Los Angeles, California 90036 Telephone: (323) 965-3998 Facsimile: (323) 965-3908 7 8 9 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 10 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 11 12 SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE Case No. SACV 10-00018 JVS (VBKx) COMMISSION, 13 FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT Plaintiff, 14 15 THOMAS A. LABRY 16 CHEROKEE GAS SYSTEMS, INC., SHEA C. SILVA, and GARY MADDUX 17 Defendants. 18 19 20 Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") alleges as 21 follows: 22 23 **JURISDICTION AND VENUE** 1. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Sections 20(b), 25 20(d)(1) and 22(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 77t(b), 77t(d)(1) & 77v(a), and Sections 21(d)(1), 21(d)(3)(A), 21(e) and 27 of 26 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(d)(1), 27 78u(d)(3)(A), 78u(e) & 78aa. Defendants have, directly or indirectly, made use of 28

the means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or of the facilities of a national securities exchange, in connection with the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of business alleged in this First Amended Complaint.

2. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to Section 22(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77v(a), and Section 27 of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78aa, because certain of the transactions, acts, practices, and courses of conduct constituting violations of the federal securities laws occurred within this district, Defendants Thomas A. Labry, Shea C. Silva, and Gary Maddux reside in this district, and Defendant Cherokee transacts or has transacted business in this district.

#### **SUMMARY**

3. From on or about December 5, 2008, continuing to the present, the Defendants have been engaged in a fraudulent scheme whereby they solicit investors to invest in units of an unregistered securities offering constituting interests in oil and gas wells on Walters Field, located in Oklahoma. The Defendants represent projected minimum monthly returns of \$725 per \$25,000 unit purchased, or about a 35% annual return. In fact, investor monies are not invested in oil and gas production on Walters Field. Instead, Defendant Thomas A. Labry has misappropriated investor funds for his own personal use, and Defendants Shea C. Silva and Gary Maddux received commissions based on their sales of the oil and gas interests. From December 5, 2008, through December 31, 2009, the Defendants raised at least \$1.4 million from investors located throughout the United States and in Canada. Of this amount, Labry has withdrawn \$268,800 in cash, caused \$148,126 in cashier's checks to be made out to "SCS" (which were cashed by Silva), caused \$221,195 in cashier's checks to be paid to Maddux, and expended another \$146,638 to purchase cashier's checks made payable to various other individuals.

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The Defendants have violated and are violating the antifraud

2 provisions of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), and Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 3 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5, Defendants Cherokee, Silva, and Maddux have additionally 4 5 violated the securities registration provisions of Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a) & 77e(c), and Defendants Silva and Maddux 6 7 have violated the broker registration provision of Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78jo(a). In addition, Defendant Silva has violated Section 8 15(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78jo(b)(6)(B)(i), by violating the 9 order issued by the Commission on February 21, 2007, barring him from 10 11 associating with a broker or dealer. By this action, the Commission seeks a temporary restraining order and preliminary and permanent injunctions prohibiting 12 13 future such violations, appointment of a receiver over the entity Defendant, an

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gotten gains, and civil penalties.

### THE DEFENDANTS

order freezing Defendant Labry's assets, and disgorgement of the Defendants' ill-

- 5. Thomas A. Labry ("Labry") resides in Newport Beach, California. Labry is the president of Defendant Cherokee and has sole control over its bank accounts. Five states have issued administrative orders prohibiting Labry and/or an entity he then controlled, Iron Horse Petroleum, Inc. ("Iron Horse"), from offering or selling securities based on findings Labry and/or Iron Horse were offering and selling unregistered securities. Specifically:
  - On August 25, 2000, the State of Illinois issued an Order of
    Prohibition prohibiting Iron Horse from offering and selling
    securities, based upon Findings that Iron Horse, including through a
    letter from Labry as its president, solicited and made representations
    to investors in offering and selling unregistered securities.

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- On September 26, 2000, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
   Pennsylvania Securities Commission, issued a Summary Order to Cease and Desist against Labry, Iron Horse and others finding that they were offering and selling unregistered securities, and ordering them to cease and desist from offering and selling unregistered securities.
- On January 9, 2001, the State of Wisconsin, Department of Financial Institutions, Division of Securities, issued an Order of Prohibition against Labry prohibiting him from offering and selling unregistered securities, based on a Petition for Order alleging offer and sale on behalf of Iron Horse of units constituting securities.
- On April 17, 2003, the State of Alabama, Alabama Securities
   Commission, issued a Cease and Desist Order against Labry, Iron
   Horse and others finding that they were not registered as securities agents or dealers, that the securities they were offering and selling were not registered, and ordering them to cease and desist from offering or selling any securities in Alabama.
- On November 13, 2009, the Arizona Corporation Commission issued an Order to Cease and Desist, Order for Restitution [and] Order for Administrative Penalties, against Labry and Iron Horse finding that they had sold unregistered securities in the form of investment contracts and/or fractional undivided interests in oil and gas, and ordering that they permanently cease and desist from violating the Arizona Securities Act, pay restitution of \$99,481.54, and pay a \$50,000 penalty.

Additionally, on April 6, 2006, an Order and Judgment was entered by the Court in Earl Burba and Brooke Burba v. Thomas A. Labry and Iron Horse Petroleum, Inc., Case No. SACV 04-1098 JVS (C.D. Cal.), following entry of a default order issued by the Court for failure to follow the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Local

Rules and Court Orders. The Order and Judgment ordered Labry and Iron Horse to pay \$647,776.12, consisting of actual damages resulting from Defendants' failure to return plaintiff's investment in Iron Horse, punitive damages, interest and attorneys' fees and costs.

- 6. Cherokee Gas Systems, Inc. ("Cherokee") was incorporated in Oklahoma on May 15, 1991, and operates from offices located in Costa Mesa, California. No registration statement has been filed with the Commission or has been in effect with respect to the securities offering by Cherokee alleged in this First Amended Complaint. Between December 5, 2008, and December 31, 2009, more than 40 people from 15 states have invested at least \$1.4 million with Cherokee.
- 7. **Shea C. Silva** ("Silva") resides in Huntington Beach, California. The Commission previously charged Silva with violating the registration, antifraud, and unregistered broker provisions of the federal securities laws. *SEC v. Allied Capital Management, Inc. and Shea Silva*, Case No. CV 05-8800-GPS (C.D. Cal.). The Commission's complaint alleged that Silva, through various entities he controlled, was offering and selling interests in oil wells in Texas. On July 1, 2007, the Honorable George P. Schavelli of the District Court of the Central District of California issued a permanent injunction against Silva, enjoining him from future violations of Sections 5(a), 5(c), and 17(a) of the Securities Act, Section 10(b) and 15(a) of the Exchange Act, and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, ordering him to pay \$4,889,337.30 in disgorgement and prejudgment interest, and to pay a penalty of \$120,000. In addition, on February 21, 2007, the Commission ordered that Silva was barred from association with any broker or dealer. *In the Matter of Shea Silva*, 2007 WL 4591414 (Feb 21, 2007), Release No. 55327, AP File 3-12572.
- 8. Gary Maddux ("Maddux") resides in Long Beach, California. In 1998, Maddux pleaded guilty to wire and mail fraud and was sentenced to 27 months in federal prison. *United States v. Gary Maddux*, Case No. CR 97-1208-

JGD (C.D. Cal.). The indictment alleged that Maddux operated a telemarketing scheme whereby, using various aliases, he defrauded elderly victims. In particular, the indictment alleged that Maddux, claiming to be from various publishers' sweepstakes, "telephoned elderly victims and falsely told them that they had won a large sum of money, but that they first had to send [him] a certain amount of money in order to receive the promised award." The indictment further alleged that Maddux called victims and falsely represented "that he was a law enforcement officer investigating the individuals who were pretending to be from a publisher's sweepstakes, and needed money to do so," and that the FBI or IRS would investigate the victims if they did not send him more money.

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### THE FRAUDULENT SCHEME

### A. Cherokee Generally Solicits Investors Including Through Cold Calls

- 9. In approximately December 2008, Cherokee began soliciting potential investors throughout the United States, including through the use of cold calling. To facilitate this general solicitation, Labry and Silva, using Cherokee investor monies, purchased dialing software that can automatically place outbound calls from a pre-loaded database of numbers. In these calls, Cherokee representatives offer investors the opportunity to purchase units in oil and gas wells purportedly owned by Cherokee located on Walters Field in Oklahoma, for \$25,000 per unit. In instances where an investor does not want to purchase an entire unit, Cherokee allows the investor to purchase a fraction of a unit. Cherokee representatives tell investors that they will start receiving returns on their investments, paid monthly, generally within 45 to 60 days of the investment.
- 10. Throughout 2009, Silva and Maddux acted as sales agents for Cherokee by offering and selling the units in oil and gas wells on Walters Field. When offering and selling the units, Silva and Maddux used fake names. For example, at various times Silva used the fake name "Doug Allen," and Maddux used the fake name "Geoff Tate."

11. Cherokee sends potential investors a package containing a cover letter, a brochure, and a subscription agreement. To purchase units, investors are instructed to send a check to Cherokee using a prepaid Federal Express envelope provided by Cherokee. Once Cherokee receives the investor's check, Cherokee sends to the investor a "Certificate of Participation" certifying that the investor is the holder of a certain number of units of "Working Interest in the Walters Field Priddy Sand Unit." The Certificate of Participation bears Labry's signature.

12. The Cherokee brochure is almost identical to the brochure previously disseminated by Iron Horse, an entity controlled by Labry, except that the Cherokee brochure refers to "Cherokee" rather than "Iron Horse."

### B. The Defendants Make Material Misrepresentations and Omissions About The Investment And Misappropriate Investor Monies

- 13. Cherokee and Labry falsely represent to investors that their monies will be used to fund the increase in production of oil and gas from the Walters Field wells. In the "Company Profile" section of the brochure Cherokee sends to investors, the Defendants Labry and Cherokee represent that Cherokee is "engaged in the acquisition, development, exploration, production and marketing of natural gas and crude oil," and describes its "primary business strategy" as being "to build a reserve base through the acquisition and development of producing oil and gas wells that are underdeveloped." On the "Cherokee Project Summary" page of the brochure, the Defendants provide a description of the Walters Field Priddy Sand Unit, including its location and acreage, the number of total wells, equipped wells, injection wells, and amount of purported "proved reserves." The brochure also includes maps, including an "Aereal Map" described as an "Actual Photo" of the Walters Field Priddy Sand Unit with locations of the various wells marked.
- 14. Consistent with sales agents' oral representations to investors that they will receive monthly returns of at least \$725 per unit, or about 35% annually, Defendants Labry and Cherokee represent in the Cherokee brochure that one of the

"Project Benefits" is that "Income will be distributed monthly." Additionally, Defendants Labry and Cherokee include in the brochure under the faint heading "Projections" gross revenues per month assuming various daily and monthly production levels, of up to \$456,240 in gross monthly revenues assuming 1,000 barrels of oil per day in production. However, another page provided to investors with the brochure entitled "Monthly Projections" purporting to show the per unit monthly returns on an investment with Cherokee, sets forth significantly greater gross revenues, assuming an oil price of \$40 per barrel. On this page, the per unit monthly returns are projected to be between \$725 to \$4,225 depending on production levels ranging from 100 to 500 barrels of oil per day.

- 15. In fact, the Defendants Labry and Cherokee used little, if any, of the investors' monies they obtained for oil and gas production on Walters Field.
- 16. Defendants Silva and Maddux falsely told investors various times by which they would start receiving monthly checks. These times generally ranged from 45 to 60 days of the initial investment. Defendants Silva and Maddux continued to tell investors that they would receive monthly checks within a certain period of time even though they knew, or were reckless in not knowing, that no Cherokee investor had ever received a monthly check.
- 17. The materials provided to potential investors do not disclose that a commission is paid to the sales representatives based on the amount of money invested. In addition, Defendants Silva and Maddux did not disclose to investors that sales representatives, including themselves, received commissions totaling approximately 30% of the investment.
- 18. Defendants Silva and Maddux never told investors their true names, and instead used fake names during all their dealings with investors.
- 19. Cherokee is also not receiving any income from oil and gas production, and is not paying investors any monthly returns. Instead, Labry, who is the sole signatory on Cherokee's bank accounts, has misappropriated investor

monies for his own use or to pay third parties in order to perpetuate the fraudulent scheme. Specifically, of the \$1.65 million in monies deposited into Cherokee's bank accounts, all of which is most likely investor money:

- a. Labry has withdrawn at least \$268,800 in cash. This comprised approximately 16% of deposits during this period.
- b. Labry has withdrawn \$515,959 that he then used to purchase cashier's checks payable to various individuals unrelated to investments in oil and gas production. These withdrawals comprised approximately 31% of deposits during this period. Of these cashier's checks, certain individuals received the following:
  - i. cashier's checks totaling \$221,195 were paid to Gary
     Maddux; and
  - ii. cashier's checks totaling \$148,126 made out to "SCS" and cashed by Silva.
- c. Labry has made payments to OPC Marketing Inc., for the purchase of dialing software that can automatically place outbound calls from a pre-loaded database of numbers, of at least \$17,737; among the databases purchased were databases containing telephone numbers of "Homeowners Age 60+ with income \$100K and up \*\*Except CA\*\*," and "Homeowners Age 60+ with wealth 1 million \*\*Except CA\*\*" purchased on or about June 16, 2009.
- 20. When investors inquire why they have not received their promised monthly returns, they are falsely told by Cherokee sales agents that oil production is "behind" and that they will receive payment within a certain number of weeks or by a certain date. Cherokee and Labry do not, in fact, make these promised payments.

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### FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### OFFER AND SALE OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

### Violations of Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act

### (Against Cherokee, Silva and Maddux)

- 21. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 above.
- 22. Defendants Cherokee, Silva and Maddux by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, made use of means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or of the mails, to offer to sell or to sell securities, or to carry or cause such securities to be carried through the mails or in interstate commerce for the purpose of sale or for delivery after sale.
- 23. No registration statement has been filed with the Commission or has been in effect with respect to the offering alleged herein.
- 24. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants Cherokee, Silva and Maddux have violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a) & 77e(c).

### SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

### FRAUD IN THE OFFER OR SALE OF SECURITIES

### Violations of Section 17(a) of the Securities Act

### (Against All Defendants)

- 25. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 above.
- 26. Defendants Labry, Cherokee, Silva and Maddux and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, in the offer or sale of securities by the use of means or instruments of transportation or communication in interstate commerce or by use of the mails:

- a. with scienter, employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;
- b. obtained money or property by means of untrue statements of a material fact or by omitting to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; or
- c. engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the purchaser.
- 27. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants Labry, Cherokee, Silva, and Maddux violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a).

### THIRD CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# FRAUD IN CONNECTION WITH THE PURCHASE OR SALE OF SECURITIES Violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act and Rule 10b-5 Thereunder (Against All Defendants, and alternatively against Labry as a Control Person of Cherokee)

- 28. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 above.
- 29. Defendants Labry, Cherokee, Silva and Maddux, and each of them, by engaging in the conduct described above, directly or indirectly, in connection with the purchase or sale of a security, by the use of means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or of the facilities of a national securities exchange, with scienter:
  - a. employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;
  - b. made untrue statements of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made,

not misleading; or

- engaged in acts, practices, or courses of business which
  operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon other
  persons.
- 30. By engaging in the conduct described above, Defendants Labry, Cherokee, Silva and Maddux violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.
- 31. Alternatively, by engaging in the conduct described above, Defendant Labry directly or indirectly controlled Cherokee, and pursuant to Section 20(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78t(a), is liable jointly and severally with and to the same extent as Cherokee is liable for its violations.

### FOURTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## ACTING AS AN UNREGISTERED BROKER OR DEALER Violations of Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act (Against Defendants Silva and Maddux)

- 32. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 20 above.
- 33. As set forth more fully above, Defendants Silva and Maddux, while not being registered as a broker or dealer with the Commission, directly or indirectly, while being either a person other than a natural personal or a natural person not associated with a broker or dealer which is a person other than a natural person, made use of the mails or a means or instrumentality of interstate commerce to effect transactions in, or to induce or attempt to induce the purchase or sale of, securities.
- 34. By reasons of the foregoing, Defendants Silva and Maddux violated Section 15(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 US.C. § 78o(a).

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1 FIFTH CLAIM FOR RELIEF 2 ASSOCIATION WITH A BROKER OR DEALER IN 3 VIOLATION OF COMMISSION BAR 4 Violations of Section 15(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Exchange Act 5 (Against Defendant Silva) 6 The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 35. 7 through 20 above. 8 As set forth more fully above, Defendant Silva was barred from being 36. associated with a broker or dealer pursuant to a Commission order. 9 Section 3(a)(18) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78c(a)(18), defines the term 10 "person associated with a broker dealer" to include "any person directly or 11 indirectly controlling, or controlled by, or under common control with such broker 12 or dealer." By acting as an unregistered broker or dealer, Defendant Silva 13 "controlled" a broker or dealer and therefore was a "person associated with a 14 15 broker dealer." 16 37. By reason of the foregoing, Defendant Silva has failed to comply with the Commission's order barring him from associating with a broker or dealer in 17 violation of Section 15(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. 18 19 § 78o(b)(6)(B)(i). 20 PRAYER FOR RELIEF WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that the Court: 21 22 I. Issue findings of fact and conclusions of law that the Defendants committed 23 the alleged violations. 24 25 II. 26 Issue orders, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), temporarily, 27 preliminarily and permanently enjoining Defendants Labry and Cherokee and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active 28

concert or participation with any of them, who receive actual notice of the order by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Section 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77q(a), and Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78j(b) and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5, and additionally, temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoining Cherokee and its officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys and those persons in active concert or participation with any of them, from violating Sections 5(a) and 5(c) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a) & 77e(c).

#### III.

Issue an order, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), permanently enjoining Defendant Maddux, and those persons in active concert or participation with him, who receive actual notice of the order by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 5(a), 5(c) and 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a), 77e(c) & 77q(a), and Sections 10(b) and 15(a) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78j(b) & 78o(a), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.

#### IV.

Issue an order, in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(d), permanently enjoining Defendant Silva, and those persons in active concert or participation with him, who receive actual notice of the order by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from violating Sections 5(a), 5(c) and 17(a) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 77e(a), 77e(c) & 77q(a), and Sections 10(b), 15(a) and 15(b)(6)(B)(i) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78j(b), 78o(a) & 78o(b)(6)(B)(i), and Rule 10b-5 thereunder, 17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5.

#### V.

Issue in a form consistent with Fed. R. Civ. P. 65, a temporary restraining order and a preliminary injunction freezing the assets of Defendants Labry and Cherokee; appointing a receiver over Defendant Cherokee; prohibiting Defendants

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Labry and Cherokee from destroying documents; ordering accountings from Defendants Labry and Cherokee; and issuing an order permitting the Commission to conduct expedited discovery. VI. Order Defendants Labry, Cherokee, Silva and Maddux to disgorge all illgotten gains from their illegal conduct, together with prejudgment interest thereon. VII. Order Defendants Labry, Cherokee, Silva and Maddux to pay civil penalties under Section 20(d) of the Securities Act, 15 U.S.C. § 77t(d), and Section 21(d)(3) of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. § 78u(d)(3). VIII. Retain jurisdiction of this action in accordance with the principles of equity and the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in order to implement and carry out the terms of all orders and decrees that may be entered, or to entertain any suitable application or motion for additional relief within the jurisdiction of this Court. IX. Grant such other and further relief as this Court may determine to be just and necessary. DATED: May 19, 2010 Dabney C Attorney for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission

John M. McCoy III, Cal. Bar No. 166244 C. Dabney O'Riordan, Cal. Bar No. 205158 Securities and Exchange Commission 5670 Wilshire Boulevard, 11th Floor Los Angeles, California 90036 Telephone: (323) 965-3998

Facsimile: (323) 965-3908

UNITED STATES I CENTRAL DISTRIC	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	CASE NUMBER
PLAINTIFF(S) V.	SACV 10-00018 JVS (VBKx)
THOMAS A. LABRY, CHEROKEE GAS SYSTEMS, INC., SHEA C. SILVA, and GARY MADDUX	SUMMONS
DEFENDANT(S).	
A lawsuit has been filed against you.  Within 21 days after service of this summon must serve on the plaintiff an answer to the attached concounterclaim cross-claim or a motion under Rule 12 or motion must be served on the plaintiff's attorney, John 5670 Wilshire Boulevard, 11th Floor, Los Angeles, Calingudgment by default will be entered against you for the region answer or motion with the court.	s on you (not counting the day you received it), you omplaint \( \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \) first amended complaint \( \sqrt{2} \) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The answer in C. McCoy III/C. Dabney O'Riordan, whose address is fornia 90036  If you fail to do so.
	Clerk, U.S. District Court
Dated: MAY 1 9 2010	By:
	Deputy Gerk

[Use 60 days if the defendant is the United States or a United States agency, or is an officer or employee of the United States. Allowed 60 days by Rule 12(a)(3)].

CV-01A (12/07)