	Case 5:17-cv-05274 Documen	t 1 Filed 09/12/17 Page 1 of 9							
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	AMY JANE LONGO (State Bar No. 1983 Email: longoa@sec.gov MATTHEW T. MONTGOMERY (State T Email: montgomerym@sec.gov Attorneys for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission Michele Wein Layne, Regional Director Alka N. Patel, Associate Regional Director Alka N. Patel, Associate Regional Director Amy Jane Longo, Regional Trial Counsel 444 S. Flower Street, Suite 900 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: (323) 965-3998 Facsimile: (213) 443-1904								
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT								
10	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA								
11	SAN JOSE DIVISION								
12									
13	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE	Case No.							
14 15	COMMISSION,	COMPLAINT							
15 16	Plaintiff,								
17	VS.								
18	MAYANK GUPTA and PUSHPENDRA AGRAWAL,								
19	Defendants.								
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Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission") alleges:

## **SUMMERY OF THE ACTION**

 This action concerns illegal insider trading by defendant Pushpendra Agrawal ("Agrawal") in the securities of the formerly-public company QLogic Corporation ("QLogic") in advance of its acquisition through a tender offer by Cavium, Inc. ("Cavium"). Agrawal traded based on a tip concerning the tender offer from his cousin-in-law, defendant Mayank Gupta ("Gupta"), who learned about the tender offer while performing services for Cavium on behalf of his then employer, PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP ("PWC"). Gupta is a CPA, who was assigned to PWC's Cavium audit team at the time.

2. On the morning of June 15, 2016, before the deal was announced to the public, Gupta called Agrawal, while Agrawal was driving to work. During that call, Gupta told Agrawal that Cavium was going to acquire QLogic and that QLogic was therefore a "sure thing." Upon arriving at work, Agrawal purchased 200 QLogic calls, based on Gupta's tip. During his lunch, Agrawal purchased 50 additional QLogic calls, again based on Gupta's tip.

3. After the markets closed on June 15, 2016, QLogic announced that it would be acquired by Cavium through a tender offer. On June 16, 2016, the closing price of QLogic stock rose by 9.31%. Agrawal's profits totaled of \$23,785.40 on his trades.

## JURISDICTION AND VENUE

4. The Commission brings this action pursuant to Sections 21(d), 21(e) and 21A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act"), 15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(d), 78u(e), and 78u-1.

5. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to Sections 21(e),
21A and 27 of the Exchange Act, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78u(e), 78u-1 and 78aa.

6. Defendants, directly or indirectly, made use of the means or
8 instrumentalities of interstate commerce, or of the mails, or of the facilities of a

national securities exchange in connection with the transactions, acts, practices and
 courses of business alleged herein.

7. Venue in this District is proper pursuant to Section 27 of the Exchange Act, because a substantial part of the acts and transactions constituting the violations alleged in this Complaint occurred within the Northern District of California, and because at least one Defendant resides or transacts business in the District.

## **INTRADISTRICT ASSIGNMENT**

8. This action is appropriate for assignment to the San Jose Division, pursuant to Civil Local Rule 3-2(e), because a substantial part of the events alleged herein occurred in Santa Clara County.

## **DEFENDANTS**

9. Pushpendra Agrawal, age 46, resides in Sunnyvale, California. Agrawal is a master engineer at a publicly traded semiconductor company.

10. Mayank Gupta, age 34, resides in Sunnyvale, California. Gupta is a certified public accountant licensed in California. Gupta was employed by PWC from September, 2012 to November, 2016. At the time of the conduct alleged in this complaint, Gupta was an assurance manager at PWC assigned to Cavium's audit team.

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## **OTHER RELEVANT ENTITIES**

11. QLogic Corporation was a California limited liability company located in Aliso Viejo, California. QLogic was ultimately acquired by Cavium through a tender offer. Before the acquisition, QLogic's securities were registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act and traded on the NASDQ Global Select Market under the symbol "QLGC."

12. Cavium, Inc. is a Delaware corporation located in San Jose, California.
Cavium's securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act and are traded on the NA SDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "CAVM."

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13. PricewaterhouseCoopers, LLP, is a Delaware limited liability partnership and an auditing firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board. PWC has an office in San Jose, California, at which Gupta was based. PWC was at all relevant times Cavium's independent auditor.

## **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

## A. The Announcement

14. On June 15, 2016, QLogic's shares closed at \$13.54 per share. After the close of trading on that date, QLogic and Cavium announced that QLogic would be acquired, through a tender offer, by Cavium (the "Announcement").

15. On June 16, 2016, trading volume in QLogic's shares increased by more than 1,275% compared to the prior day. QLogic's shares ultimately closed at \$14.80, up \$1.26, or 9.31%, from the prior day's closing price.

**B**.

## Gupta's Access to Nonpublic Information about Cavium

16. From July 2013 through November 2016, Gupta performed audit services for Cavium as part of his employment at PWC. Gupta learned that Cavium was purchasing QLogic through a tender offer before the Announcement. Gupta learned of Cavium's impending acquisition of QLogic through his employment at PWC, including on June 8, 2016, when he assisted an employee of another auditing firm to perform due diligence related to the acquisition.

## C. Gupta's Tip to Agrawal

21. Gupta called Agrawal at 10:10 a.m. on June 15, 2016, as Mr. Agrawal was commuting by car. Agrawal answered Mr. Gupta's call but quickly hung up to pull over. Gupta called Agrawal again at 10:11 a.m., and they spoke for approximately 11 minutes.

22. During that call, Gupta told Agrawal that Cavium was buying QLogic.Gupta went on to tell Agrawal that QLogic shares were a "sure thing."

23. Agrawal understood that Gupta was telling him this information so Agrawal could trade on it. Agrawal also understood that Gupta learned the

information he shared though his employment at PWC, and that Gupta was not
 supposed to disclose this information to him.

## D. Agrawal's Illegal Trades

24. Agrawal knew the information Gupta told him about Cavium's purchase of QLogic was reliable because Gupta learned it through his work at PWC. Agrawal also believed news of Cavium's purchase of QLogic would make QLogic's price rise.

25. Shortly after his call with Gupta, Agrawal purchased 200 QLogic call options with an exercise price of \$12.50 and an expiration of July 16, 2016 (*i.e.* the call options conferred the right to purchase shares of QLogic stock at a price of \$12.50 on or before July 16). Agrawal paid \$135.23 per options contract for a total of \$27,046.58.

26. At 12:11 pm on the same day, Agrawal purchased 50 additional QLogic call options with an exercise price of \$12.50 and an expiration date of June 18, 2016, at \$115.37 per options contract for a total of \$5,768.60.

27. Cavium and QLogic first publicly announced the tender offer after the market closed on June 15. The next day, QLogic stock closed at \$14.80, up \$1.26, or 9.31%, from the prior day's closing price.

28. As a result of the increase in the price of QLogic stock after the Announcement, Agrawal made a profit of \$23,785.40.

E. Gupta was Aware of His Duty to Keep Information He Learned In the Course of His Work Confidential

29. While employed at PWC, Gupta repeatedly completed PWC's Annual Compliance Confirmation ("ACC"). Gupta submitted his ACC on June 3, 2016, less than two weeks before tipping Agrawal.

30. The ACC states, among other things, that "[a]ll partners and staff are
responsible for maintaining the confidentiality and security of all information in their
possession," including, "[n]on-public firm information and proprietary firm
information including but not limited to knowledge about [...] current or potential

clients." The ACC also states that "Partners and staff are prohibited from engaging in
 activities that may constitute insider trading. [...] and are prohibited from sharing any
 insider information with a third party."

31. When Gupta completed the ACC on June 3, 2016, he acknowledged in writing his "responsibility to maintain the confidentiality and security of information to which I have access." Gupta also confirmed that he "maintained the confidentiality of information to which [he] had access. . . ."

F.

Gupta and Agrawal Agreed to Reduce Contact after the Trading

32. At 1:23 pm on June 15, 2016, Gupta called Agrawal to see if he purchased QLogic options. Agrawal confirmed that he did. By the time of that call, Agrawal was concerned that he would be caught.

33. Gupta and Agrawal agreed to reduce their contact after the trading.

# G. Gupta Made a Gift of Material Non-Public Information to Agrawal, a Close Family Member

35. Gupta and Agrawal were close family members and they had a history of doing favors for each other.

36. In 2012, Gupta and his wife moved from India to Sunnyvale, the same city where Agrawal and his wife live. From 2012 forward, Gupta and his wife became close with Agrawal, his wife, and their son. Gupta referred to Agrawal as "Jijadi," or brother in law, and to Agrawal's wife as "Didi," or sister.

37. The families took at least one vacation with each other, traveling to Los Angeles and Mexico. The families also took occasional daytrips together, traveling, for example, to the Muir Woods National Monument. Each family had the other family over for meals on multiple occasions.

38. Gupta looked up to Agrawal and sought his guidance periodically.
Agrawal, who was older than Gupta and had more experience living in the United
States, helped Gupta negotiate the purchase of a car and sent Gupta housing leads
when the Guptas needed a new apartment. Less than a month after Gupta tipped

Agrawal, Gupta texted Agrawal to ask him for assistance negotiating the purchase of
 another car.

39. As part of this close familial relationship, Gupta gifted to Agrawal the information regarding Cavium's acquisition of QLogic so Agrawal could profit from it.

## FIRST CLAIM FOR RELIEF

# Violations of Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5] Thereunder

40. The Commission realleges and incorporates by reference paragraphs 1 through 39, as though fully set forth herein.

41. Defendants, with scienter, directly or indirectly:

- a. employed devices, schemes, or artifices to defraud;
- b. made untrue statements of material facts or omitted to state
   material facts necessary in order to make the statements made, in
   the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not
   misleading; and
- c. engaged in acts, practices, or courses of business which operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon other persons, including purchasers and sellers of securities;

in connection with the purchase or sale of securities, by the use of means or instrumentalities of interstate commerce, of the mails, or the facilities of a national securities exchange.

42. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 thereunder [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5].

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# SECOND CLAIM FOR RELIEF

## Violations of Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78n(e)] and Rule 14e-3 [17 C.F.R. § 240.14e-3] Thereunder

Paragraphs 1 through 39 are re-alleged and incorporated herein by 43. reference.

44. After Cavium had taken a substantial step or steps to commence or had commenced a tender offer, Defendants:

- Purchased or sold or caused to be purchased or sold the securities a. to be sought by the tender offer while in possession of material information relating to such tender offer,
  - which information they knew or had reason to know was b. nonpublic, and
  - which they knew or had reason to know had been acquired c. directly or indirectly from the offering company, the issuing company, or any officer, director, partner or employee acting on behalf of the offering or issuing companies.

45. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants violated, and unless restrained and enjoined will continue to violate, Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78n(e)] and Rule 14e-3 [17 C.F.R. § 240.14e-3] thereunder.

## PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the Commission respectfully requests that this Court:

## I.

Permanently enjoin Defendants, and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of the injunction by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from directly or indirectly violating Section 10(b) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78j(b)] and Rule 10b-5 [17 C.F.R. § 240.10b-5] thereunder;

#### II.

Permanently enjoin Defendants, and their officers, agents, servants, employees, and attorneys, and those persons in active concert or participation with them who receive actual notice of the injunction by personal service or otherwise, and each of them, from directly or indirectly violating Section 14(e) of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78n(e)] and Rule 14e-3 [17 C.F.R. § 240.14e-3] thereunder;

### III.

Order Defendants to disgorge, with prejudgment interest, all illicit trading profits and/or other ill-gotten gains received, as a result of the conduct alleged in the Complaint;

#### IV.

V.

Order Defendants to pay civil penalties pursuant to Section 21A of the Exchange Act [15 U.S.C. § 78u-1]; and

Grant such other relief as this Court may deem just and appropriate.

Dated: September 12, 2017

/s/ Amy Jane Longo

Amy Jane Longo Matthew T. Montgomery Attorneys for Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission

#### Case 5:17-cv-05274 Decument 1 Filed 09/12/17 Page 1 of 2 JS-CAND 44 (Rev. 06/17)

The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION			<b>DEFENDANTS</b> MAYANK GUPTA and PUSHPENDRA AGRAWAL						
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)			County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Santa Clara County (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY) NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.						
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number) Amy Jane Longo / Matthew T. Montgomery Securities and Exchange Commission (323) 965-3998 444 S. Flower Street, Suite 900, Los Angeles, CA 90071			Attorneys (If Known)       Cameron G. Stout         Patrick Murphy       Cooke Kobrick LLP       (415) 231-5761         Murphy Cooke Kobrick LLP       (415) 231-5761       Wiand Guerra King       (813) 347-5100         177 Bovet Road, Suite 600, San Mateo, CA 94402       520 Lytton Avenue, Suite 200, Palo Alto, CA 94301						
II.	BASIS OF JURISDICTION (Place an "X" in One Box Only)		TIZENSHIP OF Diversity Cases Only)		AL PA	ARTIES (Place an "X" in One Bo and One Box for Defend		aintiff	
				PTF	DEF		PTF	DEF	
<b>X</b> <sup>1</sup>	U.S. Government Plaintiff 3 Federal Question (U.S. Government Not a Party)	Citize	en of This State	1	1	Incorporated or Principal Place of Business In This State	4	4	
2	U.S. Government Defendant 4 Diversity	Citize	en of Another State	2	2	Incorporated <i>and</i> Principal Place of Business In Another State	5	5	
	(Indicate Citizenship of Parties in Item III)		en or Subject of a gn Country	3	3	Foreign Nation	6	6	
IV.	NATURE OF SUIT (Place an "X" in One Box Only)								

CONTRACT	101	RTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPICY	OTHER STATUTES
CONTRACT         110 Insurance         120 Marine         130 Miller Act         140 Negotiable Instrument         150 Recovery of         Overpayment Of         Veteran's Benefits         151 Medicare Act         152 Recovery of Defaulted         Student Loans (Excludes         Veterans)         153 Recovery of         Overpayment         of Veteran's Benefits         160 Stockholders' Suits         190 Other Contract         195 Contract Product Liability         196 Franchise <b>REAL PROPERTY</b> 210 Land Condemnation         220 Foreclosure         230 Rent Lease & Ejectment         240 Torts to Land         245 Tort Product Liability         290 All Other Real Property	IOI         PERSONAL INJURY         310 Airplane       315 Airplane Product Liability         320 Assault, Libel & Slander       330 Federal Employers' Liability         340 Marine       345 Marine Product Liability         350 Motor Vehicle       355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability         360 Other Personal Injury       362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice         CIVIL RIGHTS         440 Other Civil Rights         441 Voting       442 Employment         443 Housing/ Accommodations       445 Amer. w/Disabilities- Employment         446 Amer. w/Disabilities- Use Babilities- Employment       448 Education	PERSONAL INJURY         365 Personal Injury – Product Liability         367 Health Care/         Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability         368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability         368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability         368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability         368 Other Fraud         371 Truth in Lending         380 Other Personal Property Damage         385 Property Damage Product Liability <b>PRISONER PETITIONS</b> HABEAS CORPUS         463 Alien Detainee         510 Motions to Vacate Sentence         530 General         535 Death Penalty         OTHER         540 Mandamus & Other         550 Civil Rights         555 Prison Condition         560 Civil Detainee–         Conditions of Conditions of Condition	FORFEITURE/PENALTY         GORFEITURE/PENALTY         GORFEITURE/PENALTY         GORFEITURE/PENALTY         GORFEITURE/PENALTY         GORFEITURE/PENALTY         GORFEITURE/PENALTY         GORFEITURE/PENALTY         FORFEITURE/PENALTY         FORFEITURE/PENALTY         FORFEITURE (PENALTAY)         GORFEITURE (PENALTAY)         Add Railway Labor Standards Act         720 Labor/Management Relations         740 Railway Labor Act         790 Other Labor Litigation         790 Other Labor Litigation         790 Other Labor Litigation         Actions         462 Naturalization Application         465 Other Immigration Actions	422 Appeal 28 USC § 158 423 Withdrawal 28 USC § 158 423 Withdrawal 28 USC § 157 <b>PROPERTY RIGHTS</b> 820 Copyrights 830 Patent 835 Patent—Abbreviated New Drug Application 840 Trademark <b>SOCIAL SECURITY</b> 861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923) 863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g)) 864 SSID Title XVI 865 RSI (405(g)) <b>FEDERAL TAX SUITS</b> 870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party 26 USC § 7609	<ul> <li>OTHER STATUTES</li> <li>375 False Claims Act</li> <li>376 Qui Tam (31 USC § 3729(a))</li> <li>400 State Reapportionment</li> <li>410 Antitrust</li> <li>430 Banks and Banking</li> <li>450 Commerce</li> <li>460 Deportation</li> <li>470 Racketeer Influenced &amp; Corrupt Organizations</li> <li>480 Consumer Credit</li> <li>490 Cable/Sat TV</li> <li>850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange</li> <li>890 Other Statutory Actions</li> <li>891 Agricultural Acts</li> <li>895 Freedom of Information Act</li> <li>899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision</li> <li>950 Constitutionality of State Statutes</li> </ul>
X 1 Original Proceeding VI. CAUSE OF ACTION Br		0.10b-5 thereunder; 15 U.S.C. § 7	ned Another District te iurisdictional statutes unless di Sn(e) and 17 C.F.R. § 240.14e-3 th	(specify) Litigation–Trans	8 Multidistrict sfer Litigation–Direct File
VII. REQUESTED I COMPLAINT:	N CHECK IF THIS IS A UNDER RULE 23, Fed		AND \$	CHECK YES only if dem JURY DEMAND:	anded in complaint: Yes × No
VIII. RELATED CAS IF ANY (See instr			DOCKET NUMBER		
IX. DIVISIONAL A (Place an "X" in One Box C	ASSIGNMENT (Civil L Dnly) SAN FRA	ocal Rule 3-2) NCISCO/OAKLAND	× SAN JOSI	E EUREKA-	MCKINLEYVILLE
DATE 09/12/2017	SIGNATI	URE OF ATTORNEY (	DF RECORD /s/ A	my Jane Longo	

SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY OF RECORD

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS-CAND 44**

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet. The JS-CAND 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved in its original form by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the Clerk of Court to initiate the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.** a) **Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)."
- **II. Jurisdiction.** The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(a), which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.
  - (1) United States plaintiff. Jurisdiction based on 28 USC §§ 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here.
  - (2) <u>United States defendant</u>. When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box.
  - (3) Federal question. This refers to suits under 28 USC § 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.
  - (4) <u>Diversity of citizenship</u>. This refers to suits under 28 USC § 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- **III. Residence** (citizenship) of Principal Parties. This section of the JS-CAND 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV.** Nature of Suit. Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If the nature of suit cannot be determined, be sure the cause of action, in Section VI below, is sufficient to enable the deputy clerk or the statistical clerk(s) in the Administrative Office to determine the nature of suit. If the cause fits more than one nature of suit, select the most definitive.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the six boxes.
  - (1) Original Proceedings. Cases originating in the United States district courts.
  - (2) <u>Removed from State Court</u>. Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 USC § 1441. When the petition for removal is granted, check this box.
  - (3) <u>Remanded from Appellate Court</u>. Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.
  - (4) <u>Reinstated or Reopened</u>. Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date.
  - (5) <u>Transferred from Another District</u>. For cases transferred under Title 28 USC § 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.
  - (6) <u>Multidistrict Litigation Transfer</u>. Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 USC § 1407. When this box is checked, do not check (5) above.
  - (8) <u>Multidistrict Litigation Direct File</u>. Check this box when a multidistrict litigation case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket.

Please note that there is no Origin Code 7. Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statute.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity. Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC § 553. <u>Brief Description</u>: Unauthorized reception of cable service.
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23.

Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.

- VIII. Related Cases. This section of the JS-CAND 44 is used to identify related pending cases, if any. If there are related pending cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.
- **IX.** Divisional Assignment. If the Nature of Suit is under Property Rights or Prisoner Petitions or the matter is a Securities Class Action, leave this section blank. For all other cases, identify the divisional venue according to Civil Local Rule 3-2: "the county in which a substantial part of the events or omissions which give rise to the claim occurred or in which a substantial part of the property that is the subject of the action is situated."

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.