MAYER • BROWN

Mayer Brown LLP 71 South Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606-4637

Main Tel +1 312 782 0600 Main Fax +1 312 701 7711 www.mayerbrown.com

Lawrence R. Hamilton Direct Tel +1 312 701 7055 Direct Fax +1 312 706 8333 lhamilton@mayerbrown.com

October 4, 2018

Mr. Paul G. Cellupica, Esq.
Deputy Director and Chief Counsel
U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission
Division of Investment Management
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, DC 20549

Re: DNP Select Income Fund Inc.

Dear Mr. Cellupica:

On behalf of DNP Select Income Fund Inc. (the "Fund"), we seek assurance that the staff of the Division of Investment Management (the "Staff") will not recommend enforcement action against the Fund to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") under Section 5(b) or Section 6(a) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), if the Fund utilizes Rule 486(b) under the Securities Act to file post-effective amendments to its registration statement in satisfaction of the undertakings contained in its registration statement under the circumstances set forth in this letter.

I. Background

The Fund is a closed-end management investment company that is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"). The Fund is organized as a Maryland corporation and is governed by a board of directors (the "Board"). The Fund is authorized to issue shares of common stock. The Commission declared the Fund's equity shelf registration statement on Form N-2 (File Nos. 333-223945 and 811-04915) effective on June 6, 2018. The Fund's common stock is registered under Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange. Duff & Phelps Investment Management Co. serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. The Fund has a fiscal year end of October 31. The Fund has filed and had declared effective by the Commission an equity shelf registration statement on Form N-2 pursuant to which it has registered, and may issue, shares of common stock in accordance with the terms of Rule 415(a)(1)(x) under the Securities Act and the positions of the Staff articulated in *Pilgrim America Prime Rate Trust*, SEC Staff No-Action Letter (May 1, 1998) ("Pilgrim") and *Nuveen Virginia Premium Income Municipal Fund*, SEC Staff No-Action Letter (Oct. 6, 2006) ("Nuveen I").

The Board, including a majority of the independent directors ("Independent Board Members"), has concluded that the continued ability to raise capital through the public offering of additional

securities on a delayed and continuous basis is beneficial to the Fund and its stockholders. The Board has also concluded that a continuously effective equity shelf registration statement is beneficial to the Fund, its stockholders and potential investors. As discussed below, however, the Fund is subject to the risk of being unable to sell securities pursuant to its effective equity shelf registration statement for significant portions of each year due to the post-effective amendment process currently required to bring the Fund's financial statements up to date. The post-effective amendment process requires the Commission to review and declare effective any post-effective amendments filed to an equity shelf registration statement in order to bring the Fund's financial statements up to date.

The Board believes that the Fund, its stockholders and potential investors would benefit if the Fund were allowed to utilize Rule 486(b) under the Securities Act, which is available only to a certain category of registered closed-end investment companies, to file post-effective amendments to its equity shelf registration statement that would become effective immediately, primarily for the purposes of updating its financial statements or making non-material changes.

Investors would benefit from the Fund's ability to raise capital in continuous offerings of its securities at non-dilutive prices, without potentially significant periods of disruption to such offering process. In addition, Fund stockholders could benefit from considerable cost savings, as expenses incurred in respect of the current post-effective amendment process can be significant. Due to the limited purpose for which the Fund proposes to use Rule 486(b), no erosion of investor protections would occur.

II. Discussion

Section 5(b)(1) of the Securities Act makes it unlawful for any person directly or indirectly to transmit, through interstate commerce, a prospectus relating to any security with respect to which a registration statement has been filed, unless the prospectus meets the requirements of Section 10 of the Securities Act. Similarly, Section 5(b)(2) of the Securities Act makes it unlawful for any person directly or indirectly to carry or cause to be carried any security for the purpose of sale or delivery, unless preceded or accompanied by a prospectus that meets the requirements of Section 10(a) of the Securities Act.

Section 10(a)(1) of the Securities Act, in pertinent part, states that a prospectus relating to a security (other than a security issued by a foreign issuer) shall contain the information contained in the issuer's registration statement. Section 10(a)(3) states that, notwithstanding Section 10(a)(1), a prospectus that is used more than nine months after the effective date of the registration statement must have information as of a date not more than sixteen months prior to such use, so far as the information is known to the user of the prospectus or can be furnished by the user of the prospectus without unreasonable effort or expense (a "10(a)(3) Prospectus").

¹ The Fund is not organized as an interval fund pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the Investment Company Act, and therefore Rule 486(b) is not currently available to the Fund.

Open-end management investment companies ("Open-end Funds"), unit investment trusts, and face-amount certificate companies are required by Section 24(e) of the Investment Company Act to use a 10(a)(3) Prospectus that does not vary from the latest prospectus filed as part of a post-effective amendment to the fund's registration statement. Open-end Funds satisfy this requirement by filing a post-effective amendment pursuant to Rule 485 under the Securities Act, which provides for automatic or immediate effectiveness. Notably, however, Section 24(e) does not apply to closed-end management investment companies, and there is no statutory requirement mandating that a closed-end fund make such a post-effective filing. Instead, Rule 415(a)(3) requires a registrant that is an investment company filing on Form N-2 (the registration statement utilized by closed-end funds) to furnish the undertakings required by Item 34.4 of Form N-2. Item 34.4 a of Form N-2 requires closed-end funds to undertake to file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to the registration statement: (1) to include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the 1933 Act.

The Fund has made this undertaking in its registration statement. As a consequence, the Fund currently is required to file a post-effective amendment on an annual basis to update its equity shelf registration statement with its audited financial statements in accordance with this undertaking, as well as to make any non-material updates. The Fund currently satisfies this undertaking by filing a post-effective amendment with the Commission pursuant to Section 8(c) of the Securities Act. Section 8(c) does not provide a mechanism for automatic effectiveness. A post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Section 8(c) must be declared effective by the Staff in order to take effect. This process subjects the filings to Staff review and comment, including for routine non-material amendments, which can be a lengthy process. Prior to the post-effective amendment being declared effective by the Staff, the Fund cannot issue shares of common stock pursuant to it, thereby potentially preventing the Fund from taking advantage of what may be an attractive market to raise assets for the benefit of Fund stockholders.

Closed-end funds that are operated as interval funds pursuant to Rule 23c-3 under the Investment Company Act are not subject to these delays. Rule 486(b) provides that a post-effective amendment to an effective registration statement, or a registration statement for additional shares of common stock, filed by a registered closed-end management investment company or business development company which makes periodic repurchase offers under Rule 23c-3 under the Investment Company Act ("Interval Funds") shall become immediately effective on the date it is filed, or on a later date designated by the registrant that is no more than 30 days after the filing is made; provided that the post-effective amendment or registration statement is filed solely: (i) to

² Rule 485(a) permits automatic effectiveness after the passage of a specified period of time. Rule 485(b) provides for immediate effectiveness of filings made for certain purposes, including, among other things, updating financial statements and making non-material changes.

³ See Section 24(e) of the Investment Company Act; L. Loss, J. Seligman & T. Paredes, 1 Securities Regulation 998-1000 (5th ed. 2014).

⁴ *But see supra* note 2 and accompanying text for a discussion of Rule 485, which provides for automatic and immediate effectiveness for Open-end Funds.

register additional shares of common stock for which a registration statement filed on Form N-2 is effective, (ii) to bring the financial statements up to date under Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act or Rule 3-18 of Regulation S-X, (iii) to designate a new effective date for a previously filed post-effective amendment or registration statement for additional shares under Rule 486(a), which has not yet become effective, (iv) to disclose or update the information required by Item 9c of Form N-2,⁵ (v) to make any non-material changes the registrant deems appropriate, and (vi) for any other purpose the Commission shall approve.

In the adopting release for Rule 486, the Commission stated that "[t]he initial proposal of Rule 486 recognized that closed-end interval funds may need continuously effective registration statements and would benefit if certain filings could become effective automatically." The Fund believes that this line of reasoning should be extended to it as a closed-end fund that is conducting offerings pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(x).

Recently, your office has concurred with this approach.⁷ In the Prior No-Action Letters, the Staff granted no-action assurances to many closed-end fund complexes that were engaged in delayed or continuous offerings pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(x). In the letters, the Staff agreed not to recommend enforcement action to the Commission under Sections 5 and 6(a) of the Securities Act based on the representation that the respective fund's board of directors approved the fund's delayed or continuous offerings, the representation that each fund's post-effective amendments would comply with the conditions of Rule 486(b), and the representation that each fund would file a post-effective amendment containing a prospectus pursuant to Section 8(c) of the Securities Act prior to any offering of its common stock at a price below net asset value.

Your office has stated that, "[i]n light of the very fact specific nature" of the requests, this relief is limited on its face to the addressees of the no-action letters. Your office has also stated, however, that it "is willing to consider similar requests from other registered closed-end management investment companies."

We submit that the facts presented by the Fund in this request are similar to those presented in the Prior No-Action Letters. As was the case with each of the funds in the Prior No-Action Letters, the Board, including a majority of its Independent Board Members, has concluded that

⁵ We note that Form N-2 does not have, and has never had, an "Item 9c." Based upon a review of the administrative history of Rule 486, we believe that this should be a reference to Item 9.1.c. of Form N-2, which relates to information regarding individual portfolio managers. Accordingly the Fund plans to treat the reference to "Item 9c" as a reference to Item 9.1.c. of Form N-2.

⁶ Post-Effective Amendments to Investment Company Registration Statements, SEC Rel. No. 33-7083 (Aug. 17, 1994).

⁷ The staff has granted over 20 no-action assurances to closed-end fund complexes concurring with this approach since 2010. *See, e.g., Nuveen California Select Tax-Free Income Portfolio*, SEC Staff No-Action Letter (Nov. 21, 2017), *PIMCO Dynamic Income Fund* (Dec. 12, 2017) and *PIMCO Corporate & Income Opportunity Fund and PIMCO Income Opportunity Fund* (Sep. 13, 2018). These and previous similar no-action assurances are collectively referred to as the "Prior No-Action Letters."

the continued ability to raise capital through the public offering of additional shares of common stock on a delayed and continuous basis would benefit the Fund and its stockholders. In addition, the Board has concluded that a continuously effective equity shelf registration statement would be beneficial to the Fund, its stockholders and potential investors. In furtherance of these conclusions, the Fund has an effective registration statement on file with the Commission pursuant to which the Fund may issue shares of common stock on a delayed and continuous basis in accordance with Rule 415(a)(1)(x) under the Securities Act and the positions of the Commission staff in the Nuveen I and Pilgrim letters.

As is the case with Interval Funds, the Fund and its common stockholders would also benefit from having a continuously effective registration statement. The ability to utilize Rule 486(b) under the Securities Act would have significant benefits for the Fund and its investors:

- The Fund would have the ability to raise capital as the opportunity arises;
- The Fund could reduce the expenses it presently incurs as part of the registration statement review and comment process, thus benefiting stockholders; and
- Investors could have faster access to important information about the Fund including its updated financial information.

In addition, because the ability to rely on Rule 486(b) would only permit the Fund to update its financial statements, or to make non-material changes to its registration statement, the Fund believes that the public policy of protecting investors would be safeguarded. The Fund represents that each filing made in reliance on the requested relief would be made in compliance with the conditions of Rule 486(b), and that the Fund will file a post-effective amendment containing a prospectus pursuant to Section 8(c) of the Securities Act prior to any offering of its common stock at a price below net asset value per share. In relying on the requested relief to sell shares of common stock, the Fund will sell newly issued shares of common stock at a price no lower than the sum of the Fund's net asset value per share of common stock plus any per share commission or underwriting discount.

The Fund would utilize Rule 486(b) to file post-effective amendments only to: (1) bring the financial statements of the Fund up to date under Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act or Rule 3-18 of Regulation S-X; (2) update the information required by Item 9.1.c of Form N-2; or

⁸ Additionally, pursuant to Rule 415(a)(5) under the Securities Act, shelf registration statements, including the Fund's registration statement, have a maximum lifespan of three years, meaning that limits on the Fund's ability to file automatically effective post-effective amendments would remain in place.

⁹ See Pilgrim.

(3) make any non-material changes the registrant deems appropriate. 10

III. Conclusion

In light of the forgoing, we seek your assurances that the Staff will deem the Fund to have complied with its undertaking provided in response to Item 34.4.a of Form N-2, and will not recommend enforcement action against the Fund to the Commission under Section 5(b) or Section 6(a) of the Securities Act if the Fund utilizes Rule 486(b) of the Securities Act, under the circumstances set forth above.

The Fund acknowledges that the Staff may withdraw any assurance granted in response to this letter if the Staff finds that the Fund is misusing Rule 486(b), or for any other reason. Please contact me by telephone at 312-701-7055 or by email at https://doi.or/10.1001/nat/10

Very truly yours,

Lawrence R. Hamilton

Lawrence R. Hamilton

cc: William J. Renahan, Esq., DNP Select Income Fund Inc.

Adam D. Kanter, Esq., Mayer Brown LLP Philip J. Niehoff, Esq., Mayer Brown LLP

¹⁰ The Fund would not seek to use a filing made in accordance with Rule 486(b) to register additional securities without first obtaining relief from Rule 413 under the Securities Act.