

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549-4561

January 9, 2012

Elizabeth A. Ising Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP shareholderproposals@gibsondunn.com

Re:

Johnson & Johnson

Incoming letter dated December 22, 2011

Dear Ms. Ising:

This is in response to your letter dated December 22, 2011 concerning the shareholder proposal submitted to Johnson & Johnson by Human Life International. Copies of all of the correspondence on which this response is based will be made available on our website at http://www.sec.gov/divisions/corpfin/cf-noaction/14a-8.shtml. For your reference, a brief discussion of the Division's informal procedures regarding shareholder proposals is also available at the same website address.

Sincerely,

Ted Yu Senior Special Counsel

Enclosure

cc:

Father Shenan J. Boquet Human Life International 4 Family Life Lane Front Royal, VA 22630

Response of the Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance

Re: Johnson & Johnson

Incoming letter dated December 22, 2011

The proposal relates to the company's equal employment opportunity policy.

There appears to be some basis for your view that Johnson & Johnson may exclude the proposal under rule 14a-8(f). Rule 14a-8(b) requires a proponent to provide a written statement that the proponent intends to hold its company stock through the date of the shareholder meeting. It appears that the proponent failed to provide this statement within 14 calendar days from the date the proponent received Johnson & Johnson's request under rule 14a-8(f). Accordingly, we will not recommend enforcement action to the Commission if Johnson & Johnson omits the proposal from its proxy materials in reliance on rules 14a-8(b) and 14a-8(f).

Sincerely,

Matt S. McNair Attorney-Adviser

DIVISION OF CORPORATION FINANCE INFORMAL PROCEDURES REGARDING SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

The Division of Corporation Finance believes that its responsibility with respect to matters arising under Rule 14a-8 [17 CFR 240.14a-8], as with other matters under the proxy rules, is to aid those who must comply with the rule by offering informal advice and suggestions and to determine, initially, whether or not it may be appropriate in a particular matter to recommend enforcement action to the Commission. In connection with a shareholder proposal under Rule 14a-8, the Division's staff considers the information furnished to it by the Company in support of its intention to exclude the proposals from the Company's proxy materials, as well as any information furnished by the proponent or the proponent's representative.

Although Rule 14a-8(k) does not require any communications from shareholders to the Commission's staff, the staff will always consider information concerning alleged violations of the statutes administered by the Commission, including argument as to whether or not activities proposed to be taken would be violative of the statute or rule involved. The receipt by the staff of such information, however, should not be construed as changing the staff's informal procedures and proxy review into a formal or adversary procedure.

It is important to note that the staff's and Commission's no-action responses to Rule 14a-8(j) submissions reflect only informal views. The determinations reached in these no-action letters do not and cannot adjudicate the merits of a company's position with respect to the proposal. Only a court such as a U.S. District Court can decide whether a company is obligated to include shareholder proposals in its proxy materials. Accordingly a discretionary determination not to recommend or take Commission enforcement action, does not preclude a proponent, or any shareholder of a company, from pursuing any rights he or she may have against the company in court, should the management omit the proposal from the company's proxy material.

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP

1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036-5306 Tel 202.955.8500 www.gibsondunn.com

Elizabeth A. Ising Direct: +1 202.955.8287 Fax: +1 202.530.9631 Elsing@gibsondunn.com

Client: 45016-01913

December 22, 2011

VIA E-MAIL

Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549

Re: Johnson & Johnson

Shareholder Proposal of Human Life International

Exchange Act of 1934—Rule 14a-8

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter is to inform you that our client, Johnson & Johnson (the "Company"), intends to omit from its proxy statement and form of proxy for its 2012 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (collectively, the "2012 Proxy Materials") a shareholder proposal (the "Proposal") and statements in support thereof relating to an amendment to the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy that the Company received from Human Life International (the "Proponent").

Pursuant to Rule 14a-8(j), we have:

- filed this letter with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") no later than eighty (80) calendar days before the Company intends to file its definitive 2012 Proxy Materials with the Commission; and
- concurrently sent copies of this correspondence to the Proponent.

Rule 14a-8(k) and Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14D (Nov. 7, 2008) ("SLB 14D") provide that shareholder proponents are required to send companies a copy of any correspondence that the proponents elect to submit to the Commission or the staff of the Division of Corporation Finance (the "Staff"). Accordingly, we are taking this opportunity to inform the Proponent that if it elects to submit additional correspondence to the Commission or the Staff with respect to the Proposal, a copy of that correspondence should be furnished concurrently to the undersigned on behalf of the Company pursuant to Rule 14a-8(k) and SLB 14D.

Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance December 22, 2011 Page 2

BASIS FOR EXCLUSION

We hereby respectfully request that the Staff concur in our view that the Proposal may be excluded from the 2012 Proxy Materials pursuant to Rule 14a-8(b) and Rule 14a-8(f)(1) because the Proponent failed to provide a statement of intent to hold the requisite shares through the date of the 2012 Annual Meeting. The Proposal and related correspondence from the Proponent is attached to this letter as Exhibit A.

BACKGROUND

The Proponent submitted the Proposal to the Company in a letter dated November 11, 2011, which the company received on November 14, 2011. The Proponent's submission contained two procedural deficiencies: (1) it did not provide verification of the Proponent's ownership of the requisite number of Company shares from the record owner of those shares; and (2) it did not include a statement of the Proponent's intention to hold the requisite number of Company shares through the date of the 2012 Annual Meeting of Shareholders.

Accordingly, in a letter dated November 16, 2011, which was sent on that day via overnight delivery within 14 days of the date the Company received the Proposal, the Company notified the Proponent of the procedural deficiencies as required by Rule 14a-8(f) (the "Deficiency Notice"). In the Deficiency Notice, attached hereto as <u>Exhibit B</u>, the Company clearly informed the Proponent of the requirements of Rule 14a-8 and how it could cure the procedural deficiencies. Specifically, the Deficiency Notice stated:

- that the Proponent must submit verification of the Proponent's ownership of the requisite number of Company shares from the record owner of those shares;
- that the Proponent must submit a written statement of its intent to hold the requisite number of Company shares through the date of the Company's Annual Meeting under Rule 14a-8(b)¹; and
- that the Proponent's response had to be postmarked or transmitted electronically no later than 14 calendar days from the date the Proponent received the Deficiency Notice.

The exact language used was, "In addition, please also confirm to us in a written statement, within 14 days of your receipt of this letter, that you intend to continue to hold the securities through, April 26, 2012, the date of the Annual Meeting, as required by paragraph (b)(2) of the Rule." See page 2 of Exhibit B.

Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance December 22, 2011 Page 3

The Deficiency Notice also included a copy of Rule 14a-8 and Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14F (Oct. 18, 2011). The Company's records confirm delivery of the Deficiency Notice to the Proponent at 10:50 a.m. on November 17, 2011. See Exhibit C.

The Company received the Proponent's response to the Deficiency Notice on December 1, 2011. However, the Proponent's response did not include the requested written statement confirming the Proponent's intent to hold the shares through the date of the Company's 2012 Annual Meeting. *See* Exhibit D. As of the date of this letter, the Proponent has not provided any such statement.

ANALYSIS

The Proposal May Be Excluded Under Rule 14a-8(b) And Rule 14a 8(f)(1) Because The Proponent Failed To Provide A Statement Of Intent To Hold The Requisite Shares Through The Date Of The 2012 Annual Meeting.

The Company may exclude the Proposal under Rule 14a-8(f)(1) because the Proponent did not substantiate its eligibility to submit the Proposal under Rule 14a-8(b). Rule 14a-8(b)(1) provides, in part, that "[i]n order to be eligible to submit a proposal . . . [a shareholder] must continue to hold [at least \$2,000 in market value, or 1%, of the company's] securities through the date of the meeting." Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14 (Jul. 13, 2001) ("SLB 14") specifies that a shareholder is responsible for providing the company with a written statement that he or she intends to continue holding the requisite number of shares through the date of the shareholder meeting. See Section C.1.d., SLB 14. SLB 14 states:

Should a shareholder provide the company with a written statement that he or she intends to continue holding the securities through the date of the shareholder meeting?

Yes. The shareholder must provide this written statement regardless of the method the shareholder uses to prove that he or she continuously owned the securities for a period of one year as of the time the shareholder submits the proposal.

The Staff has consistently concurred in the exclusion of shareholder proposals submitted by proponents who, as here, have failed to provide the requisite written statement of intent to continue holding the requisite amount of shares through the date of the shareholder meeting at which the proposal will be voted on by shareholders. For example, in *International Business Machines Corp.* (avail. Dec. 28, 2010), the Staff concurred that the company could exclude a shareholder proposal where the proponents failed to provide a written statement of

Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance December 22, 2011 Page 4

intent to hold their securities in response to the company's deficiency notice. See also Rite Aid Corp. (Kornelakis) (avail. Mar. 26, 2009); Exelon Corp. (avail. Feb. 23, 2009); Fortune Brands, Inc. (avail. Feb. 12, 2009, recon. denied Apr. 7, 2009); Sempra Energy (avail. Jan. 21, 2009); Washington Mutual, Inc. (avail. Dec. 31, 2007); Sempra Energy (avail. Dec. 28, 2006); SBC Communications Inc. (avail. Jan. 2, 2004); IVAX Corp. (avail. Mar. 20, 2003); Avaya, Inc. (avail. July 19, 2002); Exxon Mobil Corp. (avail. Jan. 16, 2001); McDonnell Douglas Corp. (avail. Feb. 4, 1997) (in each case the Staff concurred in the exclusion of a shareholder proposal where the proponents did not provide a written statement of intent to hold the requisite number of company shares through the date of the meeting at which the proposal would be voted on by shareholders).

As with the proposals cited above, the Proponent has failed to provide the Company with a written statement of its intent to hold the requisite amount of Company shares through the date of the 2012 Annual Meeting as required by Rule 14a-8(b) despite the Company's clear and timely Deficiency Notice. Accordingly, we ask that the Staff concur that the Company may exclude the Proposal under Rule 14a-8(b) and Rule 14a-8(f)(1).

CONCLUSION

Based upon the foregoing analysis, we respectfully request that the Staff concur that it will take no action if the Company excludes the Proposal from its 2012 Proxy Materials.

We would be happy to provide you with any additional information and answer any questions that you may have regarding this subject. Correspondence regarding this letter should be sent to shareholderproposals@gibsondunn.com. If we can be of any further assistance in this matter, please do not hesitate to call me at (202) 955-8287 or Douglas K. Chia, the Company's Assistant General Counsel and Corporate Secretary, at (732) 524-3292.

Sincerely

Elizabeth A. Ising(

Enclosures

cc: Douglas K. Chia

Father Shenan J. Boquet

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EXHIBIT A



Board of Directors Patricka Pittus Balnbridge, MA, Cheirmen Rev. Barrabas Laubach, OSB, STM Rev. James Farlaglia Rev. Jerry J. Pokorsky Lisa Jenkins Cahlil, M.D. Skuarl W. Nolan Jr., Esq. Francis X. Dennehy, M.D.

Msgr. Ignacio Barreiro-Carámbula, JD, STD Interim President Interim President
John Martin, Executive Vice President
Lori R. Hunt, Secretary
Amy Shenk, Treasurer

Chaptain Rev. Frenk Papa, S.O.L.T.

HLI Rome Office Joseph Meaney
Acting Executive Director

HLI Miami-Hispanic Division agaly Liaguno Executive Director

Regional Coordinators Regional Coordinators Ligaya Acosta, PhD, Asia Joannes Bucher, Europe Emil Hagamu, Eastern Africa George Winker, Western Africa Raymond de Souza, Portuguese-speaking

International Advisors Jose Cardinal Fraire Falcae, Brazil Ricardo Cardinal Vidal, Philippines Archbishop John Onalyskan, Nigeria Rev. Karol Melssner, OSB, MD, Poland Rev. Msgr. Milchel Schooyans, PhD, Belgium Deacon John Poinier, Canada Rudolf Ehmann, MD, Switzerland

USA Advisors Judie Brown Rev. Johany Hunter Rabbi Yehuda Levin Joseph Scheidler

Costa Rica

Croalia (2)

Cuba Curacao

HLI Affiliates and Associate Puerlo Rico Rep of Congo Romania France Argenlina (2) Australia Germany Russia (2) Rwanda Berbados Belarus Belgium Honduras Serbia Hong Kong Hungary India (8) Indonesia (2) Belize Singapore Slovakla Benin Bolivia Brazil Spain Srl Lanka Brunel Cameroon Central African Republic Chile Jamaica St. Lucia St. Vincent Swaziland Switzerland Lalvia Tanzania Colombia Tanzania-

Lithuania (3)

Malawi Malaysia

Zanziba

Thalland

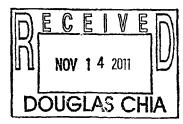
Togo Trinidad & Czech Republic (2) Democratic Mexico Tobago Uganda (2) Mongolia Mynamar Nepal Nicaragua Ukraine (4) United Arab Emirates Rep of Congo Dominica Panama (2) Uruguay (2) Venezuela Rep East Timor Paraguay (2)

Peru Philippine Ecuador El Salvador Portugal

November 11, 2011

Mr. Douglas Chia Secretary Johnson & Johnson One Johnson & Johnson Plaza New Brunswick, New Jersey 08933

Dear Mr. Chia:



We are the owner of 300 shares of Johnson & Johnson common stock. We have owned these shares continuously for over one year and at the next annual meeting of our company will present the following resolution.

Resolved: The Shareholders request Johnson & Johnson to amend its Equal Employment Opportunity Policy to explicitly include the prohibition of discrimination based on the health status of an applicant.

Statement: Our current Equal Employment Opportunity Policy list a number of factors where discrimination is strictly prohibited. Some of these areas reflect federal laws while others do not. By including a prohibition against discrimination because of health status in our employment policy, we reassure applicants who may have publicly disclosed serious health related issues; their application will be given serious consideration regardless of such disclosure.

This is important in the case of AIDS or breast cancer where people with these diseases have publicly disclosed their condition in order to better educate the public. In the example of breast cancer, it is especially important because Johnson & Johnson manufactures a number of oral contraceptives. A meta-analysis done by Dr. Christopher Kahlenborn was published in the respected journal, Mayo Clinic Proceeding (October 2006.) This analysis noted that 21 out of 23 recent studies demonstrated a 44% combined increased risk of premenopausal breast cancer if women took oral contraceptives prior to their first term pregnancy. This result was significant at the 99% confidence level (i.e., one of the highest levels of statistical certainty in the medical field).

A change in our employment policy would make clear to courageous women with breast cancer and people with other diseases they need not fear decreased employment prospects from our company should they decide to make their afflictions more public.

Fr. Shenan Boque President

SJB/lah

Sincerely

EXHIBIT B

Johnson-Johnson

DOUGLAS K. CHIA ASSISTANT GENERAL COUNSEL CORPORATE SECRETARY ONE JOHNSON & JOHNSON PLAZA NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ 08933-0026 (732) 524-2392 FAX: (732) 524-2185 DCHIA@ITS.JNJ.COM

November 16, 2011

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Father Shenan J. Boquet President Human Life International 4 Family Life Lane Front Royal, VA 22630

Dear Father Boquet:

This letter acknowledges receipt by Johnson & Johnson (the "Company") on November 14, 2011 of the shareholder proposal submitted by you regarding a proposed amendment to the Company's Equal Employment Opportunity Policy under Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Rule"), for consideration at the Company's 2012 Annual Meeting of Shareholders (the "Proposal"). Please be advised that you must comply with all aspects of the Rule with respect to your shareholder proposal. The Proposal contains certain procedural deficiencies, which Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regulations require us to bring to the your attention.

The Company's stock records do not indicate that you are the record owner of Company shares, and to date, we have not received proof that you have satisfied the Rule's ownership requirements. To remedy this defect, please furnish to us, within 14 days of your receipt of this letter, sufficient proof that you, Human Life International, have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market value, or 1%, of Johnson & Johnson securities entitled to be voted on the Proposal at the 2012 Annual Meeting for at least one year as of the date you submitted the Proposal, as required by paragraph (b)(1) of the Rule. As explained in paragraph (b) of the Rule, sufficient proof may be in the form of:

- a written statement from the "record" holder of your shares (usually a broker
 or a bank) verifying that, as of the date the Proposal was submitted, you
 continuously held the requisite number of Company shares for at least one
 year; or
- if you have filed with the SEC a Schedule 13D, Schedule 13G, Form 3, Form 4 or Form 5, or amendments to those documents or updated forms, reflecting your ownership of the requisite number of shares as of or before the date on which the one-year eligibility period begins, a copy of the schedule and/or

form, and any subsequent amendments reporting a change in your ownership level and a written statement that you continuously held the requisite number of Company shares for the one-year period.

If you plan to use a written statement from the "record" holder of your shares as your proof of ownership, please note that most large U.S. brokers and banks deposit their customers' securities with, and hold those securities through, the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), a registered clearing agency that acts as a security depository. (DTC is also known through the account name of Cede & Co.) Under SEC Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14F, only DTC participants are viewed as "record" holders of securities that are deposited at DTC. You can confirm whether a particular broker or bank is a DTC participant by asking your broker or bank or by checking DTC's participant list, which is currently available on the Internet at:

http://www.dtcc.com/downloads/membership/directories/dtc/alpha.pdf.

Shareholders need to obtain proof of ownership from the DTC participant through which their securities are held, as follows:

- If your broker or bank is a DTC participant, then you need to submit a written statement from your broker or bank verifying that, as of the date the Proposal was submitted, you continuously held the requisite number of Company shares for at least one year.
- If your broker or bank is not on the DTC participant list, you will need to obtain a proof of ownership from the DTC participant through which your shares are held verifying that, as of the date the Proposal was submitted, you continuously held the requisite number of Company shares for at least one year. You should be able to find who this DTC participant is by asking your broker or bank. If your broker is an introducing broker, you may also be able to learn the identity and telephone number of the DTC participant through your account statements, because the clearing broker identified on your account statements will generally be a DTC participant. If the DTC participant knows your broker or bank's holdings, but does not know your holdings, you can satisfy paragraph (b)(2)(i) of the Rule by obtaining and submitting two proof of ownership statements verifying that, as of the date the Proposal was submitted, the required amount of securities was continuously held for at least one year - one from your broker or bank confirming your ownership, and the other from the DTC participant confirming your broker or bank's ownership.

In addition, please also confirm to us in a written statement, within 14 days of your receipt of this letter, that you intend to continue to hold the securities through, April 26, 2012, the date of the Annual Meeting, as required by paragraph (b)(2) of the Rule.

The SEC's rules require that any response to this letter be postmarked or transmitted electronically no later than 14 calendar days from the date you receive this letter. Please address any response to me at Johnson & Johnson, One Johnson & Johnson

Plaza, New Brunswick, NJ 08933, Attention: Corporate Secretary. Alternatively, you may send your response to me via facsimile at (732) 524-2185 or via e-mail at dchia@its.inj.com. For your convenience, a copy of the Rule and SEC Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14F is enclosed.

In the interim, you should feel free to contact either my colleague, Lacey Elberg, Assistant Corporate Secretary, at (732) 524-6082 or me at (732) 524-3292 if you wish to discuss the Proposal or have any questions or concerns that we can help to address.

Very truly yours,

Douglas K. Chia

cc: L. P. Elberg, Esq.

Enclosures

This section addresses when a company must include a shareholder's proposel in its proxy statement and identify the proposal in its form of proxy when the company holds an annual or special meeting of shareholders. In summary, in order to have your shareholder proposal included on a company's proxy card, and included along with any supporting statement in its proxy statement, you must be eligible and follow certain procedures. Under a few specific circumstances, the company is permitted to exclude your proposal, but only after submitting its reasons to the Commission. We structured this section in a question—and—answer format so that it is easier to understand. The references to "you" are to a shareholder seeking to submit the proposal.

- a. Question 1: What is a proposal? A shareholder proposal is your recommendation or requirement that the company and/or its board of directors take action, which you intend to present at a meeting of the company's shareholders. Your proposal should state as clearly as possible the course of action that you believe the company should follow. If your proposal is placed on the company's proxy card, the company must also provide in the form of proxy means for shareholders to specify by boxes a choice between approval or disapproval, or abstention. Unless otherwise indicated, the word "proposal" as used in this section refers both to your proposal, and to your corresponding statement in support of your proposal (if any).
- b. Question 2: Who is eligible to submit a proposal, and how do I demonstrate to the company that I am eligible?
 - In order to be eligible to submit a proposal, you must have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market value, or
 of the company's securities entitled to be voted on the proposal at the meeting for at least one year by the date you submit the proposal. You must continue to hold those securities through the date of the meeting.
 - 2. If you are the registered holder of your securities, which means that your name appears in the company's records as a shareholder, the company can verify your eligibility on its own, although you will still have to provide the company with a written statement that you intend to continue to hold the securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders. However, if like many shareholders you are not a registered holder, the company likely does not know that you are a shareholder, or how many shares you own. In this case, at the time you submit your proposal, you must prove your eligibility to the company in one of two ways:
 - i. The first way is to submit to the company a written statement from the "record" holder of your securibles (usually a broker or bank) verifying that, at the time you submitted your proposel, you continuously held the securities for at least one year. You must also include your own written statement that you intend to continue to hold the securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders; or
 - II. The second way to prove ownership applies only if you have filed a Schedule 13D, Schedule 13G, Form 3, Form 4 and/or Form 5, or amendments to those documents or updated forms, reflecting your ownership of the shares as of or before the date on which the one-year eligibility period begins. If you have filed one of these documents with the SEC, you may demonstrate your eligibility by submitting to the company:

- A copy of the schedule and/or form, and any subsequent amendments reporting a change in your ownership level;
- B. Your written statement that you continuously held the required number of shares for the oneyear period as of the date of the statement; and
- C. Your written statement that you intend to continue ownership of the shares through the date of the company's annual or special meeting.
- c. Question 3: How many proposals may I submit: Each shareholder may submit no more than one proposal to a company for a particular shareholders' meeting.
- d. Question 4: How long can my proposal be? The proposal, including any accompanying supporting statement, may not exceed 500 words.
- e. Question 5: What is the deadline for submitting a proposat?
 - 1. If you are submitting your proposal for the company's annual meeting, you can in most cases find the deadline in last year's proxy statement. However, if the company did not hold an annual meeting last year, or has changed the date of its meeting for this year more than 30 days from last year's meeting, you can usually find the deadline in one of the company's quarterly reports on Form 10- Q or 10-QSB, or in shareholder reports of investment companies under Rule 30d-1 of the investment Company Act of 1940. [Editor's note: This section was redesignated as Rule 30e-1. See 66 FR 3734, 3759, Jan. 16, 2001.] In order to avoid controversy, shareholders should submit their proposals by means, including electronic means, that permit them to prove the date of delivery.
 - 2. The deadline is calculated in the following manner if the proposal is submitted for a regularly scheduled annual meeting. The proposal must be received at the company's principal executive offices not less than 120 calendar days before the date of the company's proxy statement released to shareholders in connection with the previous year's annual meeting. However, if the company did not hold an annual meeting the previous year, or if the date of this year's annual meeting has been changed by more than 30 days from the date of the previous year's meeting, then the deadline is a reasonable time before the company begins to print and sends its proxy materials.
 - If you are submitting your proposal for a meeting of shareholders other than a regularly scheduled annual meeting, the deadline is a reasonable time before the company begins to print and sends its proxy materials.
- f. Question 6: What if I fall to follow one of the eligibility or procedural requirements explained in answers to Questions 1 through 4 of this section?
 - 1. The company may exclude your proposal, but only after it has notified you of the problem, and you have failed adequately to correct it. Within 14 catendar days of receiving your proposal, the company must notify you in writing of any procedural or eligibility deficiencies, as well as of the time frame for your response. Your response must be postmarked, or transmitted electronically, no later than 14 days from the date you received the company's notification. A company need not provide you such notice of a deficiency if the deficiency cannot be remedied,

such as if you fail to submit a proposal by the company's property determined deadline. If the company intends to exclude the proposal, it will later have to make a submission under Rule 14a-8 and provide you with a copy under Question 10 below. Rule 14a-8(i).

- If you fail in your promise to hold the required number of securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders, then the company will be permitted to exclude all of your proposals from its proxy materials for any meeting held in the following two calendar years.
- g. Question 7: Who has the burden of persuading the Commission or its staff that my proposal can be excluded? Except as otherwise noted, the burden is on the company to demonstrate that it is entitled to exclude a proposal.
- h. Question 8: Must I appear personally at the chareholders' meeting to present the proposal?
 - 1. Either you, or your representative who is qualified under state law to present the proposal on your behalf, must attend the meeting to present the proposal. Whether you attend the meeting yourself or send a qualified representative to the meeting in your place, you should make sure that you, or your representative, follow the proper state law procedures for attending the meeting end/or presenting your proposal.
 - If the company holds its shareholder meeting in whole or in part via electronic media, and the company permits
 you or your representative to present your proposal via such media, then you may appear through electronic media
 rather than travelling to the meeting to appear in person.
 - 3. If you or your qualified representative fall to appear and present the proposal, without good cause, the company will be permitted to exclude all of your proposals from its proxy materials for any meetings held in the following two calendar years.
- L. Question 9: If I have compiled with the procedural requirements, on what other bases may a company rely to exclude my proposal?
 - Improper under state law: If the proposal is not a proper subject for action by shareholders under the laws of the jurisdiction of the company's organization;

Note to paragraph (i)(1)

Depending on the subject matter, some proposals are not considered proper under state law if they would be binding on the company if approved by shareholders. In our experience, most proposals that are cast as recommendations or requests that the board of directors take specified action are proper under state law.

Accordingly, we will assume that a proposal drafted as a recommendation or suggestion is proper unless the company demonstrates otherwise.

Including Rule 14a-9, which prohibits materially false or misleading statements in proxy soliciting materials; 4. Personal grievance; special interest: if the proposal relates to the redress of a personal claim or grievance against the company or any other person, or if it is designed to result in a benefit to you, or to further a personal interest, which is not shared by the other shareholders at large; 5. Relevance: If the proposal relates to operations which account for less than 5 percent of the company's total assets at the end of its most recent fiscal year, and for less than 5 percent of its net earning sand gross sales for its most recent fiscal year, and is not otherwise significantly related to the company's business; 6. Absence of power/authority: If the company would lack the power or authority to implement the proposal; 7. Management functions: If the proposal deals with a matter relating to the company's ordinary business operations; 8. Relates to election: If the proposal I. Would disqualify a nominee who is standing for election; II. Would remove a director from office before his or her term expired; III. Questions the competence, business judgment, or character of one or more nominees or directors; or v. Seeks to include a specific individual in the company's proxy materials for election to the board of directors; or v. Otherwise could affect the outcome of the upcoming election of directors.	Note to paragraph (I)(2): We will not apply this basis for exclusion to permit exclusion of a proposal on grounds that it would violate foreign law if compliance with the foreign law could result in a violation of any state or toderal law. 3. Violation of proxy rules: If the proposal or supporting statement is contrary to any of the Commission's proxy rules, including Rule 14a-9, which prohibits materially false or misleading statements in proxy soliciting materials; 4. Personal grievence; special interest: If the proposal relates to the redress of a personal cisim or grievance against the company or any other person, or if it is designed to result in a benefit to you, or to further a personal interest, which is not shared by the other shareholders at large; 5. Relevance: If the proposal relates to operations which account for less than 5 percent of its net cerning sand gross sales for its most recent fiscal year, and is not otherwise significantly related to the company's business; 6. Absence of power/authority: If the company would lack the power or authority to implement the proposal; 7. Management functions: If the proposal deals with a matter relating to the company's ordinary business operations; 8. Relates to election: If the proposal 1. Would disquality a nominee who is standing for election; 11. Would remove a director from office before his or her term expired; 12. 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submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.	submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.	submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.	submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.	submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.	submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.	9.	Conflicts with company's proposal: If the proposal directly conflicts with one of the company's own proposals to be
							submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.

Note to	paragra	ph	(i)(9)
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Note to paragraph (i)(9): A company's submission to the Commission under this section should specify the points of conflict with the company's proposal.

10. Substantially implemented: If the company has already substantially implemented the proposal;

Note to paragraph (i)(10)

Note to paragraph (i)(10): A company may exclude a shareholder proposal that would provide an advisory vote or seek future advisory votes to approve the compensation of executives as disclosed pursuant to item 402 of Regulation S-K (§229,402 of this chapter) or any successor to item 402 (a "say-on-pay votes") or that relates to the frequency of say-on-pay votes, provided that in the most recent shareholder vote required by §240,14a-21(b) of this chapter a single year (i.e., one, two, or three years) received approval of a majority of votes cast on the matter and the company has adopted a policy on the frequency of say-on-pay votes that is consistent with the choice of the majority of votes cast in the most recent shareholder vote required by §240,14a-21(b) of this chapter.

- Duplication: If the proposal substantially duplicates another proposal previously submitted to the company by another proponent that will be included in the company's proxy materials for the same meeting;
- 12. Resubmissions: If the proposal deals with substantially the same subject matter as another proposal or proposals that has or have been previously included in the company's proxy materials within the preceding 5 calendar years, a company may exclude it from its proxy materials for any meeting held within 3 calendar years of the last time it was included if the proposal received;
 - i. Less than 3% of the vote if proposed once within the preceding 5 calendar years;
 - Less than 6% of the vote on its last submission to shareholders if proposed twice previously within the preceding 5 calendar years; or
 - iii. Less than 10% of the vote on its last submission to shareholders if proposed three times or more previously within the preceding 5 calendar years; and
- 13. Specific amount of dividends: If the proposal relates to specific amounts of cash or stock dividends.
- j. Question 10: What procedures must the company follow if it intends to exclude my proposal?

- 1. If the company Intends to exclude a proposal from its proxy materials, it must file its reasons with the Commission no later than 80 calendar days before it files its definitive proxy statement and form of proxy with the Commission. The company must simultaneously provide you with a copy of its submission. The Commission staff may permit the company to make its submission later than 80 days before the company files its definitive proxy statement and form of proxy, if the company demonstrates good cause for missing the deadline.
- 2. The company must file six paper copies of the following:
 -). The proposal;
 - II. An explanation of why the company believes that it may exclude the proposel, which should, if possible, refer to the most recent applicable authority, such as prior Division letters issued under the rule; and
 - iii. A supporting opinion of counsel when such reasons are based on matters of state or foreign law.
- k. Question 11: May I submit my own statement to the Commission responding to the company's arguments?

Yes, you may submit a response, but it is not required. You should try to submit any response to us, with a copy to the company, as soon as possible after the company makes its submission. This way, the Commission stelf will have time to consider fully your submission before it issues its response. You should submit six paper copies of your response.

- I. Question 12: If the company includes my shareholder proposal in its proxy materials, what information about me must it include along with the proposal itself?
 - 1. The company's proxy statement must include your name and address, as well as the number of the company's voting securities that you hold. However, instead of providing that Information, the company may instead include a statement that it will provide the information to shareholders promptly upon receiving an oral or written request.
 - 2. The company is not responsible for the contents of your proposal or supporting statement.
- m. Question 13: What can I do If the company includes in its proxy statement reasons why it believes shareholders should not vote in favor of my proposal, and I disagree with some of its statements?
 - The company may elect to include in its proxy statement reasons why it believes shareholders should vote against
 your proposal. The company is allowed to make arguments reflecting its own point of view, just as you may
 express your own point of view in your proposal's supporting statement.
 - 2. However, if you believe that the company's opposition to your proposal contains materially false or misleading statements that may violate our anti- fraud rule, Rule 14a-9, you should promptly send to the Commission staff and the company a letter explaining the reasons for your view, along with a copy of the company's statements opposing your proposal. To the extent possible, your letter should include specific factual information demonstrating

the inaccuracy of the company's claims. Time permitting, you may wish to try to work out your differences with the company by yourself before contacting the Commission staff.

- 3. We require the company to send you a copy of its statements opposing your proposal before it sends its proxy materials, so that you may bring to our attention any materially false or misleading statements, under the following timeframes:
 - If our no-action response requires that you make revisions to your proposal or supporting statement as a condition to requiring the company to include it in its proxy materials, then the company must provide you with a copy of its opposition statements no later than 5 calendar days after the company receives a copy of your revised proposal; or
 - In all other cases, the company must provide you with a copy of its opposition statements no later than 30 calendar days before its files definitive copies of its proxy statement and form of proxy under Rule



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U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission

Division of Corporation Finance Securities and Exchange Commission

Shareholder Proposals

Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14F (CF)

Action: Publication of CF Staff Legal Bulletin

Date: October 18, 2011

Summary: This staff legal bulletin provides information for companies and shareholders regarding Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Supplementary Information: The statements in this bulletin represent the views of the Division of Corporation Finance (the "Division"). This bulletin is not a rule, regulation or statement of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). Further, the Commission has neither approved nor disapproved its content.

Contacts: For further Information, please contact the Division's Office of Chief Counsel by calling (202) 551-3500 or by submitting a web-based request form at https://tts.sec.gov/cgi-bin/corp_fin_interpretive.

A. The purpose of this bulletin

This bulletin is part of a continuing effort by the Division to provide guidance on important issues arising under Exchange Act Rule 14a-8. Specifically, this bulletin contains information regarding:

- Brokers and banks that constitute "record" holders under Rule 14a-8 (b)(2)(i) for purposes of verifying whether a beneficial owner is eligible to submit a proposal under Rule 14a-8;
- Common errors shareholders can avoid when submitting proof of ownership to companies;
- · The submission of revised proposals;
- Procedures for withdrawing no-action requests regarding proposals submitted by multiple proponents; and
- The Division's new process for transmitting Rule 14a-8 no-action responses by email.

You can find additional guidance regarding Rule 14a-8 in the following

bulletins that are available on the Commission's website: <u>SLB No. 14</u>, <u>SLB No. 14B</u>, <u>SLB No. 14B</u>, <u>SLB No. 14D</u> and <u>SLB No. 14E</u>.

B. The types of brokers and banks that constitute "record" holders under Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i) for purposes of verifying whether a beneficial owner is eligible to submit a proposal under Rule 14a-8

1. Eligibility to submit a proposal under Rule 14a-8

To be eligible to submit a shareholder proposal, a shareholder must have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market value, or 1%, of the company's securitles entitled to be voted on the proposal at the shareholder meeting for at least one year as of the date the shareholder submits the proposal. The shareholder must also continue to hold the required amount of securitles through the date of the meeting and must provide the company with a written statement of intent to do so. 1

The steps that a shareholder must take to verify his or her eligibility to submit a proposal depend on how the shareholder owns the securities. There are two types of security holders in the U.S.: registered owners and beneficial owners. Registered owners have a direct relationship with the issuer because their ownership of shares is listed on the records maintained by the issuer or its transfer agent. If a shareholder is a registered owner, the company can independently confirm that the shareholder's holdings satisfy Rule 14a-8(b)'s eligibility requirement.

The vast majority of investors in shares issued by U.S. companies, however, are beneficial owners, which means that they hold their securities in book-entry form through a securities intermediary, such as a broker or a bank. Beneficial owners are sometimes referred to as "street name" holders. Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i) provides that a beneficial owner can provide proof of ownership to support his or her eligibility to submit a proposal by submitting a written statement "from the 'record' holder of [the] securities (usually a broker or bank)," verifying that, at the time the proposal was submitted, the shareholder held the required amount of securities continuously for at least one year.³

2. The role of the Depository Trust Company

Most large U.S. brokers and banks deposit their customers' securities with, and hold those securities through, the Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), a registered clearing agency acting as a securities depository. Such brokers and banks are often referred to as "participants" in DTC.⁴ The names of these DTC participants, however, do not appear as the registered owners of the securities deposited with DTC on the list of shareholders maintained by the company or, more typically, by its transfer agent. Rather, DTC's nominee, Cede & Co., appears on the shareholder list as the sole registered owner of securities deposited with DTC by the DTC participants. A company can request from DTC a "securities position listing" as of a specified date, which identifies the DTC participants having a position in the company's securities and the number of securities held by each DTC participant on that date.⁵

3. Brokers and banks that constitute "record" holders under Rule

14a-8(b)(2)(i) for purposes of verifying whether a beneficial owner is eligible to submit a proposal under Rule 14a-8

In The Hain Celestial Group, Inc. (Oct. 1, 2008), we took the position that an introducing broker could be considered a "record" holder for purposes of Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i). An introducing broker is a broker that engages in sales and other activities involving customer contact, such as opening customer accounts and accepting customer orders, but is not permitted to maintain custody of customer funds and securities. 5 Instead, an introducing broker engages another broker, known as a "clearing broker," to hold custody of client funds and securities, to clear and execute customer trades, and to handle other functions such as issuing confirmations of customer trades and customer account statements. Clearing brokers generally are DTC participants; introducing brokers generally are not. As introducing brokers generally are not DTC participants, and therefore typically do not appear on DTC's securities position listing, Haln Celestial has required companies to accept proof of ownership letters from brokers in cases where, unlike the positions of registered owners and brokers and banks that are DTC participants, the company is unable to verify the positions against its own or its transfer agent's records or against DTC's securities position listing.

In light of questions we have received following two recent court cases relating to proof of ownership under Rule 14a-8^Z and in light of the Commission's discussion of registered and beneficial owners in the Proxy Mechanics Concept Release, we have reconsidered our views as to what types of brokers and banks should be considered "record" holders under Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i). Because of the transparency of DTC participants' positions in a company's securities, we will take the view going forward that, for Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i) purposes, only DTC participants should be viewed as "record" holders of securities that are deposited at DTC. As a result, we will no longer follow *Hain Celestial*.

We believe that taking this approach as to who constitutes a "record" holder for purposes of Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i) will provide greater certainty to beneficial owners and companies. We also note that this approach is consistent with Exchange Act Rule 12g5-1 and a 1988 staff no-action letter addressing that rule, under which brokers and banks that are DTC participants are considered to be the record holders of securities on deposit with DTC when calculating the number of record holders for purposes of Sections 12(g) and 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Companies have occasionally expressed the view that, because DTC's nominee, Cede & Co., appears on the shareholder list as the sole registered owner of securities deposited with DTC by the DTC participants, only DTC or Cede & Co. should be viewed as the "record" holder of the securities held on deposit at DTC for purposes of Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i). We have never interpreted the rule to require a shareholder to obtain a proof of ownership letter from DTC or Cede & Co., and nothing in this guidance should be construed as changing that view.

How can a shareholder determine whether his or her broker or bank is a DTC participant?

Shareholders and companies can confirm whether a particular broker or bank is a DTC participant by checking DTC's participant list, which is currently available on the Internet at http://www.dtcc.com/downloads/membership/directories/dtc/alpha.pdf.

What if a shareholder's broker or bank is not on DTC's participant list?

The shareholder will need to obtain proof of ownership from the DTC participant through which the securities are held. The shareholder should be able to find out who this DTC participant is by asking the shareholder's broker or bank.⁹

If the DTC participant knows the shareholder's broker or bank's holdings, but does not know the shareholder's holdings, a shareholder could satisfy Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(i) by obtaining and submitting two proof of ownership statements verifying that, at the time the proposal was submitted, the required amount of securities were continuously held for at least one year – one from the shareholder's broker or bank confirming the shareholder's ownership, and the other from the DTC participant confirming the broker or bank's ownership.

How will the staff process no-action requests that argue for exclusion on the basis that the shareholder's proof of ownership is not from a DTC participant?

The staff will grant no-action relief to a company on the basis that the shareholder's proof of ownership is not from a DTC participant only if the company's notice of defect describes the required proof of ownership in a manner that is consistent with the guidance contained in this bulletin. Under Rule 14a-8(f)(1), the shareholder will have an opportunity to obtain the requisite proof of ownership after receiving the notice of defect.

C. Common errors shareholders can avoid when submitting proof of ownership to companies

In this section, we describe two common errors shareholders make when submitting proof of ownership for purposes of Rule 14a-8(b)(2), and we provide guidance on how to avoid these errors.

First, Rule 14a-8(b) requires a shareholder to provide proof of ownership that he or she has "continuously held at least \$2,000 in market value, or 1%, of the company's securities entitled to be voted on the proposal at the meeting for at least one year by the date you submit the proposal" (emphasis added). We note that many proof of ownership letters do not satisfy this requirement because they do not verify the shareholder's beneficial ownership for the entire one-year period preceding and including the date the proposal is submitted. In some cases, the letter speaks as of a date before the date the proposal is submitted, thereby leaving a gap between the date of the verification and the date the proposal is submitted. In other cases, the letter speaks as of a date after the date the proposal was submitted but covers a period of only one year, thus falling to verify the shareholder's beneficial ownership over the required full

one-year period preceding the date of the proposal's submission.

Second, many letters fail to confirm continuous ownership of the securities. This can occur when a broker or bank submits a letter that confirms the shareholder's beneficial ownership only as of a specified date but omits any reference to continuous ownership for a one-year period.

We recognize that the requirements of Rule 14a-8(b) are highly prescriptive and can cause inconvenience for shareholders when submitting proposals. Although our administration of Rule 14a-8(b) is constrained by the terms of the rule, we believe that shareholders can avoid the two errors highlighted above by arranging to have their broker or bank provide the required verification of ownership as of the date they plan to submit the proposal using the following format:

"As of [date the proposal is submitted], [name of shareholder] held, and has held continuously for at least one year, [number of securities] shares of [company name] [class of securities]."11

As discussed above, a shareholder may also need to provide a separate written statement from the DTC participant through which the shareholder's securities are held if the shareholder's broker or bank is not a DTC participant.

D. The submission of revised proposals

On occasion, a shareholder will revise a proposal after submitting it to a company. This section addresses questions we have received regarding revisions to a proposal or supporting statement.

1. A shareholder submits a timely proposal. The shareholder then submits a revised proposal before the company's deadline for receiving proposals. Must the company accept the revisions?

Yes. In this situation, we believe the revised proposal serves as a replacement of the initial proposal. By submitting a revised proposal, the shareholder has effectively withdrawn the initial proposal. Therefore, the shareholder is not in violation of the one-proposal limitation in Rule 14a-8 (c). 12 If the company Intends to submit a no-action request, it must do so with respect to the revised proposal.

We recognize that in Question and Answer E.2 of SLB No. 14, we indicated that if a shareholder makes revisions to a proposal before the company submits its no-action request, the company can choose whether to accept the revisions. However, this guidance has led some companies to believe that, in cases where shareholders attempt to make changes to an initial proposal, the company is free to Ignore such revisions even if the revised proposal is submitted before the company's deadline for receiving shareholder proposals. We are revising our guidance on this issue to make clear that a company may not ignore a revised proposal in this situation.¹³

2. A shareholder submits a timely proposal. After the deadline for receiving proposals, the shareholder submits a revised proposal. Must the company accept the revisions?

No. If a shareholder submits revisions to a proposal after the deadline for receiving proposals under Rule 14a-8(e), the company is not required to accept the revisions. However, if the company does not accept the revisions, it must treat the revised proposal as a second proposal and submit a notice stating its intention to exclude the revised proposal, as required by Rule 14a-8(j). The company's notice may cite Rule 14a-8(e) as the reason for excluding the revised proposal. If the company does not accept the revisions and intends to exclude the initial proposal, it would also need to submit its reasons for excluding the initial proposal.

3. If a shareholder submits a revised proposal, as of which date must the shareholder prove his or her share ownership?

A shareholder must prove ownership as of the date the original proposal is submitted. When the Commission has discussed revisions to proposals, ¹⁴ it has not suggested that a revision triggers a requirement to provide proof of ownership a second time. As outlined in Rule 14a-8(b), proving ownership includes providing a written statement that the shareholder intends to continue to hold the securities through the date of the shareholder meeting. Rule 14a-8(f)(2) provides that if the shareholder "fails in [his or her] promise to hold the required number of securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders, then the company will be permitted to exclude all of [the same shareholder's] proposals from its proxy materials for any meeting held in the following two calendar years." With these provisions in mind, we do not interpret Rule 14a-8 as requiring additional proof of ownership when a shareholder submits a revised proposal. ¹⁵

E. Procedures for withdrawing no-action requests for proposals submitted by multiple proponents

We have previously addressed the requirements for withdrawing a Rule 14a-8 no-action request in SLB Nos. 14 and 14C. SLB No. 14 notes that a company should include with a withdrawal letter documentation demonstrating that a shareholder has withdrawn the proposal. In cases where a proposal submitted by multiple shareholders is withdrawn, SLB No. 14C states that, if each shareholder has designated a lead individual to act on its behalf and the company is able to demonstrate that the individual is authorized to act on behalf of all of the proponents, the company need only provide a letter from that lead individual indicating that the lead individual is withdrawing the proposal on behalf of all of the proponents.

Because there is no relief granted by the staff in cases where a no-action request is withdrawn following the withdrawal of the related proposal, we recognize that the threshold for withdrawing a no-action request need not be overly burdensome. Going forward, we will process a withdrawal request if the company provides a letter from the lead filer that includes a representation that the lead filer is authorized to withdraw the proposal on behalf of each proponent identified in the company's no-action request. ¹⁶

F. Use of email to transmit our Rule 14a-8 no-action responses to companies and proponents

To date, the Division has transmitted copies of our Rule 14a-8 no-action responses, including copies of the correspondence we have received in connection with such requests, by U.S. mail to companies and proponents.

We also post our response and the related correspondence to the Commission's website shortly after issuance of our response.

In order to accelerate delivery of staff responses to companies and proponents, and to reduce our copying and postage costs, going forward, we intend to transmit our Rule 14a-8 no-action responses by email to companies and proponents. We therefore encourage both companies and proponents to include email contact information in any correspondence to each other and to us. We will use U.S. mail to transmit our no-action response to any company or proponent for which we do not have email contact information.

Given the availability of our responses and the related correspondence on the Commission's website and the requirement under Rule 14a-8 for companies and proponents to copy each other on correspondence submitted to the Commission, we believe it is unnecessary to transmit copies of the related correspondence along with our no-action response. Therefore, we intend to transmit only our staff response and not the correspondence we receive from the parties. We will continue to post to the Commission's website copies of this correspondence at the same time that we post our staff no-action response.

¹ See Rule 14a-8(b).

² For an explanation of the types of share ownership in the U.S., see Concept Release on U.S. Proxy System, Release No. 34-62495 (July 14. 2010) [75 FR 42982] ("Proxy Mechanics Concept Release"), at Section II.A. The term "beneficial owner" does not have a uniform meaning under the federal securities laws. It has a different meaning in this bulletin as compared to "beneficial owner" and "beneficial ownership" in Sections 13 and 16 of the Exchange Act. Our use of the term in this bulletin is not intended to suggest that registered owners are not beneficial owners for purposes of those Exchange Act provisions. See Proposed Amendments to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Relating to Proposals by Security Holders, Release No. 34-12598 (July 7, 1976) [41 FR 29982], at n.2 ("The term 'beneficial owner' when used in the context of the proxy rules, and in light of the purposes of those rules, may be interpreted to have a broader meaning than it would for certain other purpose[s] under the federal securities laws, such as reporting pursuant to the Williams Act.").

³ If a shareholder has filed a Schedule 13D, Schedule 13G, Form 3, Form 4 or Form 5 reflecting ownership of the required amount of shares, the shareholder may instead prove ownership by submitting a copy of such filings and providing the additional information that is described in Rule 14a-8(b)(2)(ii).

⁴ DTC holds the deposited securities in "fungible bulk," meaning that there are no specifically identifiable shares directly owned by the DTC participants. Rather, each DTC participant holds a pro rata interest or position in the aggregate number of shares of a particular issuer held at DTC. Correspondingly, each customer of a DTC participant – such as an individual investor – owns a pro rata interest in the shares in which the DTC

participant has a pro rata Interest. See Proxy Mechanics Concept Release, at Section II.B.2.a.

- $\frac{6}{5}$ See Net Capital Rule, Release No. 34-31511 (Nov. 24, 1992) [57 FR 56973] ("Net Capital Rule Release"), at Section II.C.
- ² See KBR Inc. v. Chevedden, Civil Action No. H-11-0196, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 36431, 2011 WL 1463611 (S.D. Tex. Apr. 4, 2011); Apache Corp. v. Chevedden, 696 F. Supp. 2d 723 (S.D. Tex. 2010). In both cases, the court concluded that a securities intermediary was not a record holder for purposes of Rule 14a-8(b) because it did not appear on a list of the company's non-objecting beneficial owners or on any DTC securities position listing, nor was the intermediary a DTC participant.
- § Techne Corp. (Sept. 20, 1988).
- ⁹ In addition, if the shareholder's broker is an introducing broker, the shareholder's account statements should include the clearing broker's identity and telephone number. See Net Capital Rule Release, at Section II.C.(iii). The clearing broker will generally be a DTC participant.
- ¹⁰ For purposes of Rule 14a-8(b), the submission date of a proposal will generally precede the company's receipt date of the proposal, absent the use of electronic or other means of same-day delivery.
- 11 This format is acceptable for purposes of Rule 14a-8(b), but it is not mandatory or exclusive.
- ¹² As such, it is not appropriate for a company to send a notice of defect for multiple proposals under Rule 14a-8(c) upon receiving a revised proposal.
- 13 This position will apply to all proposals submitted after an initial proposal but before the company's deadline for receiving proposals, regardless of whether they are explicitly labeled as "revisions" to an initial proposal, unless the shareholder affirmatively indicates an Intent to submit a second, additional proposal for inclusion in the company's proxy materials. In that case, the company must send the shareholder a notice of defect pursuant to Rule 14a-8(f)(1) if it intends to exclude either proposal from its proxy materials in reliance on Rule 14a-8(c). In light of this guidance, with respect to proposals or revisions received before a company's deadline for submission, we will no longer follow Layne Christensen Co. (Mar. 21, 2011) and other prior staff no-action letters in which we took the view that a proposal would violate the Rule 14a-8(c) one-proposal limitation if such proposal is submitted to a company after the company has either submitted a Rule 14a-8 no-action request to exclude an earlier proposal submitted by the same proponent or notified the proponent that the earlier proposal was excludable under the rule.
- ¹⁴ See, e.g., Adoption of Amendments Relating to Proposals by Security Holders, Release No. 34-12999 (Nov. 22, 1976) [41 FR 52994].

⁵ See Exchange Act Rule 17Ad-8.

 15 Because the relevant date for proving ownership under Rule 14a-8(b) is the date the proposal is submitted, a proponent who does not adequately prove ownership in connection with a proposal is not permitted to submit another proposal for the same meeting on a later date.

16 Nothing in this staff position has any effect on the status of any shareholder proposal that is not withdrawn by the proponent or its authorized representative.

http://www.sec.gov/interps/legal/cfslb14f.htm

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Modifled: 10/18/2011

EXHIBIT D

Thomas Strobhar Financial

3183 Beaver Vii Drive, Ste. A Beavercreek, Ohio 45434

December 1, 2011

Ms. Lacy Elberg
Assistant Corporate Secretary
Johnson & Johnson
One Johnson & Johnson Plaza
New Brunswick, NJ 08933

Dear Ms. Elberg:

This is in response to a letter from Douglass Chia to Father Shenan Boquet, President of Human Life International, dated November 16, 2011. The letter asked for proof of continuous ownership of 300 shares of Johnson & Johnson referred to in the recent shareholder resolution Human Life International filed.

Enclosed is a disclosure form noting I am a Principal with G.A. Repple & Company, a Registered Broker/Dealer. National Financial Services (NFS), a division of Fidelity Investments, and DTC member provides Brokerage Clearing Services for G.A. Repple & Company.

Human Life International is a customer of G.A. Repple & Company and I am the individual broker assisting them with their account.

Also enclosed is Open Lots page Issued by National Financial Services regarding the account of Human Life International. Open Lots are positions they currently have. As noted, 300 shares of Johnson & Johnson were acquired on August, 26, 2009.

Human Life International has continuously owned 300 shares of Johnson & Johnson for over a year.

Sincerely,

Thomas Strobhar

www.strobharfinancial.com
Phone: (937) 306-1402 (888) 438-0800 Fax: (937) 912-0134

tstrobhar@gareppleinyestments.com

PAGE 2/4 * RCVD AT 12/1/2011 2:51:04 PM [Central Standard Time] * SVR:HAFAX01/11 * DNIS:5309631 * CSID: * DURATION (mm-ss):01-14

CLIENT DISCLOSURE

Financial planning encompasses many areas that are regulated in different ways by different agencies. The agencies and states with which we are registered require that, prior to your initial transaction with us, we furnish you with this explanation when you do business with us.

As independent financial planners, we are able to do business with those service providers that we believe will generate the best value to the consumer. We are able to maintain objectivity in our dealings with you by being able to offer you the widest possible range of available products and services.

THE FOLLOWING FINANCIAL PLANNING BERVICES MAY BE OFFERED AT THIS LOGATION:

INVESTMENT ADVICE:

G. A. Repple & Company, Registered Investment Advisor 101 Normandy Road, Casselberry, FL (407) 339-9090 Regulated by the SEC (Securities & Exchange Commission) Investment Advisor Supervisor. Glenn Allen Repple Associated Person: Thomas C. Strobhar

INVESTMENT SECURITIES:

G.A. Repple & Company, Registered Broker/Dealer, Member FINRA & SIPC 101 Normandy Road, Casselberry, FL 32707, (407) 339-9090 Regulated by FINRA, State of Florida Division of Securities and Other States. Registered Securities Principal, Home Office Supervisor, Philip Van Staden

Name of Supervisor: Philip Van Staden
Supervisor Phone: 417-239-9090
Office of Supervision: 101 Normandy Road
Casselberry, FL 32707

Securities Principal: Thomas C. Strobbay

Brokerage Clearing Services

1. National Financial Services Corporation (Member NYSE/SIPC, A Fidelity Investments & Company); 82 Devonshire St., L4D, Boston, MA 02109

INSURANCE & ANNUITY PROGRAMS:

LICENSED INSURANCE AGENT: Thomas C. Stobhar

Licensed & Regulated by State of Ohio & Michigan Department of Insurance

This company is not registered as a securities design of investment edviser with any state or federal agency and therefore may not be subject to protections afforded by such registration.

Page 33 redacted for the following reason:

*** FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16 ***

NATIONAL FINANCIAL

Services LLC

200 Liberty Street One World Financial Center New York, NY 10281

December 1, 2011

JOHNSON & JOHNSON
J&J WORLD HEADQUARTERS
ONE J&J PLAZA, WH2132906-6506
NEW BRUNSWICK, NJ 08933

To Whom It May Concern:

This letter certifies that

HUMAN LIFE INTERNATIONAL INC 4 FAMILY LIFE FRONT ROYAL, VA 22630

is currently the beneficial owner of 300 shares of JOHNSON & JOHNSON.

HUMAN LIFE INTERNATIONAL INC has held the position continuously with National Financial Services, LLC (DTC participant #226) SINCE 08/26/2009.

Sincerely,

Sean Cole, Manager