Administrative Proceeding Tracking System (APTS)/Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) System

PRIVACY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (PIA)



February 1, 2022

Office of the Secretary

Privacy Impact Assessment
Administrative Proceeding Tracking System (APTS) Administrative Law Judge (ALJ)
Section I: System Overview

1.1	Name of Project or System				
	Adn	ninistrative Proceeding Tr	racking System (APTS)/Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) System		
1.2	Is t	he system internally or ϵ	externally hosted?		
	\boxtimes	Internally Hosted (SEC)			
		Externally hosted (Contr	ractor		
		or other agency/organiza	ation):		
1.3	Rea	son for completing PIA			
		New project or system			
	\boxtimes	This is an existing system	m undergoing an update		
		First developed:	1/1/1998		
		Last updated:	3/30/2007		
		Description of update:			
			System and Administrative Law Judges Case Tracking System (ALJCTS).		
1.4	_		employ any of the following technologies?		
		Electronic Data Wareho	use (EDW)		
	☐ Social Media				
	☐ Mobile Application (or GPS)				
		Cloud Computing Service	ces		
		www.sec.gov Web Porta	al		
	None of the Above				

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Section 2: Authority and Purpose of Collection

2.1 Describe the project and its purpose or function in the SEC's IT environment.

APTS-ALJ, is the case tracking system used by the Office of the Secretary (OS) and Office of Administrative Law Judges (OALJ) to manage Administrative Proceeding (AP) cases and track receipt, issuance, and service of documents. The system enables the OS staff to enter case information and related information such as participant (name, address, phone, fax, and email), service of orders, and receipt of filings. Issuance of orders and receipt of filings are considered "events" in the system. Office of General Counsel Adjudications (ADJ) and Office of General Counsel Appellate (Appellate) users may view information in the system.

APTS-ALJ includes two modules. The APTS module is used to manage AP cases; which includes creating, searching, updating, and closing existing cases. In addition, the APTS module processes the assignment of cases to other SEC Offices. The ALJ module maintains records on AP cases assigned to the Office of Administrative Law Judges (OALJ).

2.2 What specific legal authorities, arrangements, and/or agreements allow the information to be collected?

This system is covered by the following authorities: 5 U.S.C. § 556; 15. U.S.C. §§ 78d, 78d-1; Pub. L. 87-592, 76 Stat. 394; 17 CFR 200.30-9.200.30-10; 17 CFR 201.100-900; 17 CFR 201.1100-1106; 15 U.S.C. 77h(e), 77u, 78v, 78o(b), 80a-40, and 80b-12; the Commission's Rules of Practice, 17 CFR 201.100-900, and the Commission's Rules of Fair Fund and Disgorgement Plans.

2.3	Does the project use or collect Social Security numbers (SSNs)? This includes truncated SSNs.
	⊠ No
	□ Yes
	If yes, provide the purpose of collection:
	If yes, provide the legal authority:
2.4	Do you retrieve data in the system by using a personal identifier?
	□ No
	☐ Yes, a SORN is in progress
2.5	Is the information covered by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA)?
	⊠ No
	☐ Yes
2.6	Considering the purpose of the collection, what privacy risks were identified and how were those risks mitigated?

The purpose of the collection is to facilitate creating, searching, updating, and closing existing AP cases. The privacy risk identified is inadvertent disclosure of case information. To mitigate this risk system users are assigned specific roles that provide system access and privileges as needed to perform specific job duties.

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Section 3: Data Collection, Minimization, and Retention

3.1	Wh	at information is collected, maintai				
		The system does not collect, mainta	iin, u	se, or disseminate information al	bout i	ndividuals.
	Ide	ntifying Numbers				
		Social Security Number		Alien Registration		Financial Accounts
		Taxpayer ID		Driver's License Number		Financial Transactions
		Employee ID		Passport Information		Vehicle Identifiers
	\boxtimes	File/Case ID		Credit Card Number		Employer ID
		Other:				
		ieral Personal Data				
	\boxtimes	Name		Date of Birth		Marriage Records
		Maiden Name		Place of Birth		Financial Information
		Alias	\boxtimes	Home Address		Medical Information
		Gender	\boxtimes	Telephone Number		Military Service
		Age	\boxtimes	Email Address		Mother's Maiden Name
		Race/Ethnicity		Education Records		Health Plan Numbers
		Civil or Criminal History	\boxtimes	Zip Code		
		Other:		-		
	Wo	rk-Related Data				
		Occupation	\boxtimes	Telephone Number		Salary
		Job Title	\boxtimes	Email Address		Work History
	\boxtimes	Work Address		Certificate/License Number		Business Associates
		PIV Card Information		Fax Number		
		Other:				
	Dis	tinguishing Features/Biometrics				
		Fingerprints		Photographs		Genetic Information
		Voice Recording/Signature		Video Recordings		
		Other:				
	Sys	tem Administration/Audit Data				
	\boxtimes	User ID	\boxtimes	Date/Time of Access	\boxtimes	ID Files Accessed
		IP Address		Queries Run		Contents of Files
		Other:				
3.2	Wh	y is the PII listed in Question 3.1 c	ollec	ted, used, shared, or maintaine	ed by	the system or project?
		information is collected, used, shared			ALJ to	o contact participants
	inve	olved in administrative cases and pro	ceed	ings.		
2.2	XX/L	ose information may be collected,	neod	shared or maintained by the	gygto	m?
3.3	×v II	SEC Employees	useu	, shared, or maintained by the	syste	ш.
		* *	attorr	neys and judges assigned to a cas	ee.	
		SEC Federal Contractors	attori	icy's and judges assigned to a cas	···	
	Ш	Purpose:				
		Interns				
		Purpose:				
	\boxtimes	Members of the Public				
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Collection of information on applicants, respondents, petitioners, and attorneys to enable the Purpose: SEC to forward legal notices to members of the public. ☐ Employee Family Members Purpose: ☐ Former Employees Purpose: Job Applicants Purpose: □ Vendors Purpose: ☐ Other: Purpose: What mechanisms are in place to minimize the use of PII for testing, training, and research efforts? 3.4 PII is not used for training and research efforts. In order to test the migration of data, an approved Authority to Test (ATT) was obtained authorizing use of PII. The PII was masked. 3.5 Has a retention schedule been established by the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)? No. Yes. The data retention schedule used is General Records Schedule (GRS) 4.1, Item 010 Tracking and Control *Records* with corresponding disposition authority DAA-GRS2013-00020016. 3.6 What are the procedures for identification and disposition at the end of the retention period? The system stores tracking information for cases while they are pending appeal and after they have been resolved by decision or settlement. Records are identified and disposed in accordance with procedures defined in GRS 4.1 schedule referenced in Section 3.5. 3.7 Will the system monitor members of the public, employees, and/or contractors? \boxtimes N/A Members of the Public Purpose: □ Employees Purpose: □ Contractors Purpose: Considering the type of information collected, what privacy risks were identified and how were those 3.8 risks mitigated?

There is a potential risk of inadvertent disclosure of PII contained in APTS-ALJ case records. This risk is mitigated by ensuring access to the system is restricted to authorized users assigned specific roles. Users can

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only access the system if they are a member of specific collaborative platform groups, whose membership is managed by OS and ALJ site owners.

Section 4: Openness and Transparency

4.1	Wh	at forms of privacy notice were provided to the individuals prior to collection of data? <i>Check all that</i> ly.	
		Privacy Act Statement	
		System of Records Notice <u>SEC-08</u> - Administrative Law Judge, Case Tracking System <u>SEC-14</u> - Administrative Proceeding Files.	
		Privacy Impact Assessment Date of Last Update:	
		Web Privacy Policy	
		Other notice: Information is collected by Enforcement (ENF) Division or provided to the SEC by the individuals in a filing as discussed in Section 6.2. If collected by ENF, notice to individuals is provided by ENF. Notice was not provided.	
4.2	Considering the method(s) of notice provided, what privacy risks were identified regarding adequate notice and how were these risks mitigated?		
	the	officient notice of the routine uses of the data collected is an identified privacy risk. This risk is mitigated by published SORNs, <u>SEC-08</u> and <u>SEC-14</u> and this privacy impact assessment (PIA). These documents are lished on the SEC's website to provide notice of how the SEC uses the information collected by the system.	
		Section 5: Limits on Uses and Sharing of Information	
5.1	Wh	at types of methods are used to analyze the data?	
		Data is aggregated to report on case volume and resolution metrics.	
5.2	Wil	l internal organizations have access to the data?	
		No Yes Organizations: OS, OALJ, Appellate, ADJ	
5.3	Des	cribe the risk to privacy from internal sharing and describe how the risks are mitigated.	

A potential privacy risk associated with internal sharing is that PII could be inadvertently disclosed to persons who do not have a need to access case proceedings information to perform their official duties. Access control is implemented to restrict system access to individuals and offices who need such information to perform their job duties.

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5.4	Will external organizations have access to the data?
	⊠ No
	□ Yes
	Organizations: N/A
5.5	Describe the risk to privacy from external sharing and describe how the risks are mitigated.
	There is no risk to privacy because there is no external sharing of information from the system.
	Section 6: Data Quality and Integrity
6.1	Is the information collected directly from the individual or from another source?
	 ☑ Directly from the individual. ☑ Other The Commission (usually based on a recommendation by ENF) officially initiates
	source(s): administrative proceedings with an order instituting proceedings. That order may contain
	individual names and allegations, but it usually does not contain any PII. Enforcement
	may collect data during an investigation, such an individual's address, which it then
	provides to OS to effectuate legal notice. Enforcement provides OS with the participant's
	contact information via the Office of the Secretary Content Automation Resource (OSCAR) system. For Self-Regulatory Organization (SRO) cases, participants provide
	their contact information to the SEC in a filing.
6.2	What methods will be used to collect the data?
	Information in APTS-ALJ is received from OSCAR, emailed to OS by ENF, or is provided by the individuals
	themselves in previous filings with the SEC. Per Rule 102(d), information is collected from Respondents or
	their filing representative to keep information updated in Administrative Proceedings. Per Rule 420(c) for SRO
	appeals, the applicant provides information in their initial filing. Filings are submitted by mail or courier, hand
	delivered, facsimile submission, or emailed to APfilings@sec.gov
6.3	How will the data collected from individuals, or derived by the system, be checked for accuracy and
	completeness?
	OS users manually verify the data matches the information provided. Users submit filings outside of the system, and APTS users then update any pertinent information in the system when received. The ALJ system reflects
	these changes automatically.
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6.4	Does the project or system process, or access, PII in any other SEC system?
	⊠ No
	\square Yes.
	System(s):
6.5	Consider the sources of the data and methods of collection and discuss the privacy risk for this system
	related to data quality and integrity? How are these risks mitigated?

The identified privacy risk is potentially inaccurate or outdated information resident within the system. This risk is mitigated by collecting information directly from the source. Additional information can be submitted to

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correct any inaccuracies, and certain authorized users can perform manual updates or corrections to records if requested.

Section 7: Individual Participation

7.1 What opportunities are available for individuals to consent to uses, decline to provide information, or opt out of the project? If no opportunities are available to consent, decline or opt out, please explain.

Information in the system pertains to individuals involved in legal proceedings with the SEC and is essential for the SEC to proceed with a case. Due to the legal nature of the system, participants are not able to opt-out of having their information collected.

7.2 What procedures will allow individuals to access their information?

Individuals seeking notification of and access to any record contained in this system of records may submit a request in writing to the FOIA/PA Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-2736.

7.3 Can individuals amend information about themselves in the system? If so, how?

Individuals seeking to correct records contained in this system of records, or seeking to contest its content, may submit a request in writing to the FOIA/PA Officer, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE., Washington, DC 20549-2736.

7.4 Discuss the privacy risks related to individual participation and redress. How were these risks mitigated?

The primary risks are lack of access to information and inability to seek redress and correction. Legal notices for ongoing cases may be sent by the SEC to associated parties with incorrect addresses on file. This risk is mitigated by providing individual access or correction of the records as expressly permitted by the Privacy Act and provided by the FOIA.

	Section 8: Security
8.1	Can the system be accessed outside of a connected SEC network?
	⊠ No
	□ Yes
	If yes, is secured authentication required? No Yes Not Applicable
	Is the session encrypted?
8.2	Does the project or system involve online collection of personal data?
	⊠ No
	□ Yes
	Public
	URL:
8.3	Does the site have a posted privacy notice?
	□ No
	□ Yes
	⊠ N/A

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Section 9: Accountability and Auditing

9.1	Describe what privacy training is provided to users, either generally or specifically relevant to the system
	or project.

All SEC staff and contractors receive initial and annual privacy awareness training, which outlines roles and responsibilities for proper handling and protection of PII. SEC Rules of the Road ensure that employees and contractors are aware of their security-related responsibilities and how to fulfill them.

9.2	Does the system generate reports that contain information on individuals?
	□ No
	⊠ Yes
	Ad-hoc reports may be created. For Reporting purposes information is shared internally within SEC using
	email. No reports are shared externally.
9.3	Do contracts for the system include Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) and other applicable clauses
	ensuring adherence to the privacy provisions and practices?
	□ No
	□ Yes
9.4	Does the system employ audit logging or event logging?
	□ No
	⊠ Yes
0.5	
9.5	Given the sensitivity of the PII in the system, manner of use, and established safeguards, describe the

Although access to this system is limited only to authorized SEC staff, the expected residual risk related to access, given the PII in the system, can include the inadvertent handling or misuse of data. To mitigate this risk, user accounts for employees are synched with SEC's Active Directory and system privileges are granted based on defined roles.