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# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN	NING_01/01/2019 ANI	<sub>D ENDING</sub> 12/31/2019	
	MM/DD/YY	MM/DI	
A	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATIO	N	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Haz	zlett, Burt & Watson, Inc.	OFFIC	IAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIF	RM I.D. NO.
1300 Chapline Street			
	(No. and Street)	,	
Wheeling	WV	26003	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Timothy M. Bidwell	OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGAR	D TO THIS REPORT (304) 233	-3312
		(Area Code –	Telephone Number
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	ON	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT Dixon Hughes Goodman Ll	FANT whose opinion is contained in this Re	eport*	
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, midd	lle name) Mail Processing	
One James Center, 901 E Cary S	St., Ste 1000 Richmond	VAection	23219
(Address)	(City)	(State) 0 9 2020	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Account	ntant	Washington DC 415	
Public Accountant  Accountant not resident	t in United States or any of its possessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Timothy M. Bidwell		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc.	al statement an	nd supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of , as
of December 31	, 20_19	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, pr classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:		or director has any proprietary interest in any account
OFFICIAL SEAL NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA MICHELLE L THEISS 1300 Chapline Street, Wheeling, WV 26003 My Commission Expires August 1, 2021		Signature  Executive Vice President
Muchalle Music  Notary Public  This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes)	-	Title
<ul> <li>✓ (a) Facing Page.</li> <li>✓ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.</li> <li>✓ (c) Statement of Income (Loss) or, if there is of Comprehensive Income (as defined in §5.</li> <li>✓ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Conditition</li> <li>✓ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Eq.</li> <li>✓ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Suborce</li> <li>✓ (g) Computation of Net Capital.</li> <li>✓ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserved</li> <li>✓ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or the statement of the statement of the Possession or the statem</li></ul>	other comprehe 210.1-02 of Re on. uity or Partner dinated to Clain e Requirements Control Requir	rs' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. ms of Creditors.  s Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. rements Under Rule 15c3-3. e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
<ul> <li>(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and consolidation.</li> <li>✓ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.</li> <li>✓ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.</li> </ul>	unaudited Stat	tements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of ist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

## HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC.

Wheeling, West Virginia

(S.E.C. I.D. No. 8-17737)

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

December 31, 2019 and 2018
And
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

# HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC. Wheeling, West Virginia

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2019 and 2018

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# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and Board of Directors of Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc.

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, the related statements of operations, changes in shareholder equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that are filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and the related notes to the financial statements and supplemental information. In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2019 and 2018, and the results of its operations and its cash flows of the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audit included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audit also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Auditor's Report on Supplemental Information

The supplemental information contained in Schedules 1 and 2 has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of the Company's financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the supplemental information reconciles to the financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the supplemental information. In forming our opinion on the supplemental information, we evaluated whether the supplemental information, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2013.

Richmond, Virginia February 27, 2020

# HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2019 and 2018

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
ASSETS		440.640
Cash and cash equivalents due from financial institutions	\$ 396,421	\$ 442,642
Cash in money market fund	2,276,660	2,318,368
Total cash and cash equivalents	2,673,081	2,761,010
Deposits with clearing organizations	80,000	80,000
Due from clearing firm	19,696	41,406
Firm trading account, at fair value	37,044	42,283
Receivable from officers and employees	72,000	2 217
Due from affiliates	3,408	3,317
Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements		
at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$591,245		05 100
and \$546,409, respectively	122,525	85,128
Real estate and improvements at cost,		
less accumulated depreciation of \$278,987 and	222 (22	255 041
\$251,994, respectively	320,623	255,941
Advisory fee receivable	1,906,256	1,544,433
Right of Use asset	116,789	122 621
Other assets	129,313	132,621
	\$5,480,735	\$ 4,946,139
LIABILITIES		0.510.050
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 2,492,118	\$ 2,513,259
Lease liability	116,789	
	2,608,907_	2,513,259
SHAREHOLDER EQUITY		
Capital stock, \$1.6667 par value, 250,000 shares authorized:		
205,500 shares issued; 203,500 shares outstanding	339,173	339,173
Less – Treasury stock, 2,000 shares at cost	(3,333)	(3,333)
Capital in excess of par value	1,200,754	1,200,754
Retained earnings	1,335,234	896,286
Retained earnings	2,871,828	2,432,880
	2,0/1,020	29 12 29 000
	\$5,480,735	\$4,946,139

# HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS Years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

REVENUES		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Commissions on security transactions	\$	1,048,408	\$	1,265,352
Investment advisory revenues		7,492,191		6,643,364
Miscellaneous fees and other income		373,017		679,002
Insurance and annuities		213,674		291,853
Realized gain on firm trading and investments, net		29,618		54,176
Unrealized gain on firm trading & investments, net		195		273
Interest and dividends		41,141		17,456_
Interest and dividends		9,198,244	_	8,951,476
			٠	
EXPENSES				0.526.020
Employee compensation and benefits		2,678,376		2,536,932
Commissions		4,082,481		3,632,414
Communications and data processing		283,514		279,894
Interest		1,434		719
Rent and maintenance		288,461		265,948
Depreciation		71,829		65,886
Clearing and execution charges		188,650		186,465
General, administrative and other expenses	-	564,551	-	1,655,763
		8,159,296	-	8,624,021
Net Income	\$ ,	1,038,948	\$ :	327,455
Earnings per share based upon net income	\$	5.11	\$	1.61

## HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER EQUITY Years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

								Capital in			
	<u>Capita</u>	1 Sto	<u>ock</u>		Treas	sury	Stock	Excess of		Retained	
	<u>Shares</u>		<u>Dollars</u>		Shares		<u>Dollars</u>	Par Value		<b>Earnings</b>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at January 1, 2018	203,500	\$	339,173		2,000	\$	(3,333)	\$ 400,754	\$	568,831	\$ 1,305,425
Net Income	-				_		-			327,455	327,455
Paid in capital received	-	_		_	-	-		800,000		us	800,000
Balance at December 31, 2018	203,500		339,173		2,000		(3,333)	1,200,754		896,286	2,432,880
Net Income	-				_		-	-		1,038,948	1,038,948
Distributions to shareholder		_		_	-	-				(600,000)	(600,000)
Balance at December 31, 2019	203,500	\$ _	339,173	_	2,000	\$	(3,333)	\$ 1,200,754	\$ _	1,335,234	\$ 2,871,828

# HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018

		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net Income	\$	1,038,948	\$ 327,455
Depreciation		71,830	65,886
Change in assets and liabilities			
Due from clearing firm		21,710	28,797
Due from affiliates		(91)	2,612
Firm trading account		5,239	(42,283)
Investment securities, net		-	-
Receivable from officers and employees		(72,000)	60,000
Advisory fees receivable		(361,823)	115,628
Other assets		3,308	(32,207)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(21,141)	867,530
Net cash provided by operating activities		685,980	1,393,418
Cash flows from investing activities			(00,000)
Capital expenditures		(173,909)	(83,838)
Net cash used by investing activities		(173,909)	(83,838)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Cash distributions to shareholder		(600,000)	PH
Paid in capital received			800,000
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	S	(600,000)	800,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(87,929)	2,109,580
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2,761,010	651,430
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	2,673,081	\$ 2,761,010

# NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). In May 2006, the Company formed Security Capital Management ("SCM"). This division of the Company is registered with the SEC as an Investment Advisor. SCM provides investment management services under an investment advisor model. The Company is a West Virginia S Corporation that is a wholly owned subsidiary of HB&W, Inc.

The Company is a fully-disclosed introducing broker. The Company has contracted with National Financial Services ("NFS") to execute and clear all customer trades, as well as for the purpose of carrying the securities positions of the customers, along with any corresponding margin balances. Per the agreement with NFS, the Company does not reflect any receivables or liabilities for customer accounts in its financial statements.

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: Cash and cash equivalents include cash and deposits due from financial institutions with maturities fewer than 90 days and money market mutual funds.

Security transaction accounting: Firm securities transactions affected in the firm investment account are recorded on a trade date basis. Proprietary securities transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis. Customers' securities transactions and related commission revenue and expense are recorded on a trade date basis as well.

<u>Firm trading and investment accounts</u>: Firm trading and investment accounts are recorded at fair value. Changes in fair value on the firm trading and investment accounts are reflected in the results of operations along with dividend or interest income from such securities.

<u>Depreciation</u>: Depreciation on real estate and improvements, furniture, leasehold improvements and equipment is provided using various methods over their estimated useful lives of five to thirty-nine years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is shorter.

<u>Income tax</u>: The Company has elected by unanimous consent to be taxed under the provisions of Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Under those provisions, the Company does not pay Federal or State corporate income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, all taxable income flows through to the shareholder, HB&W, Inc.

A tax position is recognized as a benefit only if it is "more likely than not" that the tax position would be sustained in a tax examination, with a tax examination being presumed to occur. The amount recognized is the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized on examination. For tax positions not meeting the "more likely than not" test, no tax benefit is recorded. The Company has determined that it does not have any material unrecognized tax benefits or obligations as of December 31, 2019.

The Company is subject to income tax of the state of West Virginia. The Company recognizes interest and/or penalties related to income tax matters in General, administrative and other expenses

#### Revenues:

Adoption of ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers – On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted ASC Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("Topic 606") using the modified retrospective method

(Continued) 6.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

applied to those contracts which were not completed as of January 1, 2018. Results for reporting periods beginning after January 1, 2018 are presented under Topic 606, while prior period amounts are not adjusted and continue to be reported in accordance with historical accounting under Topic 605. There was no impact to retained earnings as of January 1, 2018, or to revenue for the year ended December 31, 2018, after adopting Topic 606, as revenue recognition and timing of revenue did not change as a result of implementing Topic 606.

Revenue Recognition – Revenues are recognized when control of the promised services is transferred to customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to be entitled to in exchange for those services. Revenues are analyzed to determine whether the Company is the principal (i.e., reports revenues on a gross basis) or agent (i.e., reports revenues on a net basis) in the contract. Principal or agent designations depend primarily on the control an entity has over the product or service before control is transferred to a customer. The indicators of which party exercises control include primary responsibility over performance obligations, inventory risk before the good or service is transferred and discretion in establishing the price.

The Company has elected the practical expedient to recognize revenues earned over time based on the amounts the Company has the right to invoice the customer. This expedient has been applied in our evaluation of distribution and marketing revenue earned from commission revenue and insurance and annuity revenue, advisory service fees, and miscellaneous fees and other income recognized over time.

Commission Revenue – Commission revenue represents sales commissions generated by advisors for their clients' purchases and sales of securities on exchanges and over-the-counter, as well as purchases of other investment products. The Company views the selling, distribution and marketing, or any combination thereof, of investment products to such clients as a single performance obligation to the product sponsors.

The Company is the principal for commission revenue, as it is responsible for the execution of the clients' purchases and sales, and maintains relationships with the product sponsors. Accordingly, total commission revenues are reported on a gross basis

The Company generates two types of commission revenue: sales-based commission revenue that is recognized at the point of sale on the settlement date and trailing commission revenue that is recognized over time as earned. Sales-based commission revenue varies by investment product and is based on a percentage of an investment product's current market value at the time of purchase. Trailing commission revenue is generally based on a percentage of the current market value of clients' investment holdings in trail-eligible assets, and is recognized over the period during which services, such as on-going support, are performed. As trailing commission revenue is based on the market value of clients' investment holdings, this variable consideration is constrained until the market value is determinable.

The following table presents our sales-based and trailing commission revenues disaggregated by product category as of December 31:

	2019	2018
Sales-based		
Listed Equities	\$ 167,138	\$ 183,431
Over The Counter	113,002	102,093
Closed End Mutual Funds	62,316	84,522

(Continued) 7.

# NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

	2019	2018
Sales-based (continued)		
Mutual Funds	35,094	49,417
Unit Investment Trusts	28,260	22,605
Master Limited Partnerships	13,358	17,812
Other	1,583	5,795
Total sales-based revenue	\$ 420,751	\$ 465,675
Trailing		
Mutual Fund Trails	\$ 453,548	\$ 519,242
Money Market Trails	174,109	280,435
Total trailing revenue	\$ 627,657	\$ 799,677
Total commission revenue	\$1,048,408	\$1,265,352

Investment Advisory Revenues – Investment advisory revenues represent fees charged to advisory client accounts on the Company's corporate advisory platform. The Company provides ongoing investment advice, custodial services (through its clearing provider, National Financials Services), and brokerage and execution services on transactions, and performs administrative services. This series of performance obligations transfers control of the services to the client over time as the services are performed. This revenue is recognized ratably over time to match the continued delivery of the performance obligations to the client over the life of the contract. The investment advisory revenue generated from the Company's corporate advisory platform is based on a percentage of the market value of the eligible assets in client advisory accounts. Revenue is billed quarterly based on actual or expected market value of clients' advisory accounts at period ends. As the last measurement date under the investment advisory contracts for revenue earned from investment advisory fees was December 31 of each year, there were no constraints on calculating consideration earned under the contracts. The majority of investment advisory revenues are billed quarterly in arrears.

The Company provides investment advisory services to clients on its corporate advisory platform through the advisor. The Company is the principal in these arrangements and recognizes advisory revenue on a gross basis, as the Company is responsible for satisfying the performance obligations, and has control over determining the fees.

Insurance and Annuities Revenue – Insurance and annuities revenue represents sales commissions generated by advisors for their clients' purchases of insurance and annuity products. The Company generates two types of insurance and annuities revenue: sales-based revenue that is recognized at the point of sale on the settlement date and trailing insurance and annuities revenue that is recognized over time as earned. Sales-based revenue varies by insurance product and is based on a percentage of the product's value at the time of purchase. Trailing insurance and annuities revenue is generally based on a percentage of the current value of underlying investment holdings, or as a percentage of renewable premiums, and are recognized over the period during which services, such as on-going support, are performed. When trailing revenues are based on underlying current market values, this variable consideration is constrained until the market value is determinable. The Company views the selling, distribution and marketing, or any combination thereof, of insurance and annuity products as single performance obligations to the product sponsors.

# NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company is the principal for insurance and annuity revenue, as it is responsible for the execution of the clients' transactions, and maintains relationships with the product sponsors. Advisors assist the Company in performing its obligations. Accordingly, total insurance and annuity revenues are reported on a gross basis.

The following table presents our sales-based and trailing insurance and annuities revenues disaggregated by product category as of December 31:

2019			2018
\$	7,591	\$	50,914
	15,702		17,514
\$	23,293	\$	68,428
\$	33,147	\$	28,157
	157,234		195,268
\$	190,381	\$	223,425
\$	213,674	\$	291,853
	\$	\$ 7,591 15,702 \$ 23,293 \$ 33,147 157,234 \$ 190,381	\$ 7,591 \$ 15,702 \$ \$ 23,293 \$ \$ \$ 157,234 \$ \$ 190,381 \$ \$

Interest and Dividends – Interest and dividend revenue is comprised of earnings received on investment and inventory securities, as well as cash and money market positions, held by the Company in the ordinary course of business. Interest and dividend revenue will vary with the nature, performance, and maturity of the underlying securities. This revenue is not in scope for Topic 606 as it is not generated from contracts with customers.

Miscellaneous Fees and Other Income – Miscellaneous fees and other income are primarily derived from transaction and clearance fees, margin interest, and account maintenance and servicing fees. Miscellaneous fees and other income are recognized at the point-in-time that a service is performed, or are recognized over time as the Company satisfies its performance obligations. Recognition varies from point-in-time to over time depending on whether the service is provided once at an identifiable point-in-time or if the service is provided continually over the contract life. Miscellaneous fees and other income are fees that are fixed, and are based upon agreed upon rate schedules.

The following table sets forth transaction and fee revenue disaggregated by recognition pattern as of December 31:

	2019	2018
Miscellaneous fees and other income		
Point-in-time <sub>(1)</sub>	\$ 274,607	\$ 572,131
Over time <sub>(2)</sub>	98,410	106,871
Total miscellaneous fees and other income	\$ 373,017	\$ 679,002

- (1) Miscellaneous fees and other income recognized point-in-time includes revenue such as transaction and clearance, margin interest, and other miscellaneous revenues.
- (2) Miscellaneous fees and other income recognized over time includes revenue such as annual account maintenance and annual IRA service fees.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Company is the principal and recognizes transaction and fee revenue on a gross basis as it is primarily responsible for delivering the respective services being provided, which is demonstrated by the Company's ability to control the fee amounts charged to customers.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

Leases: On January 1, 2019, the Company adopted ASU 2016-02, Leases ("Topic 842"), and subsequent related ASUs. The new leasing standard modifies the accounting, presentation, and disclosures for both lessees and lessors. The Company elected the modified retrospective transition option which allows for application of the Topic 842 guidance at the adoption date. Therefore, comparative prior period financial information was not adjusted and will continue to be reported under the previous accounting guidance of ASC 840, Leases ("ASC 840"). No cumulative-effect adjustment to retained earnings as of January 1, 2019 was necessary as a result of adopting the new standard. The Company elected the "package of practical expedients" permitted under the transition guidance which allows the Company not to reassess its prior conclusions regarding lease identification, lease classification of existing leases, and treatment of initial direct costs on existing leases. Any lease arrangements and significant modifications entered into subsequent to the adoption date are accounted for in accordance with the new standard.

Topic 842 requires recognition of operating leases on the consolidated balance sheets as Right of Use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities. ROU assets represent our right to use underlying assets for the lease terms and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the leases. ROU assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the estimated present value of lease payments over the lease term. We use our estimated incremental borrowing rate in determining the present value of lease payments for operating leases.

For operating leases, the Company recognized lease liabilities, with corresponding ROU assets, based on the present value of unpaid lease payments for existing operating leases longer than twelve months as of January 1, 2019. As a result, the Company recognized ROU assets in the amount of \$116,789 and corresponding lease liabilities in the amount of \$116,789 of December 31, 2019. The December 31, 2019 incremental borrowing rates determined on a collateralized basis for the remaining lease terms were utilized when determining the present value of lease payments.

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: The company evaluated the effect subsequent events would have on the financial statements through February 27, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

#### NOTE 3 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share are calculated based upon the weighted average number of shares issued and outstanding during 2019 and 2018. The weighted average number of shares for the years ended 2019 and 2018 was 203,500.

(Continued) 10.

#### **NOTE 4 – OPERATING LEASES**

The Company leases certain properties under operating leases. Certain leases include one or more options to renew, with renewal terms that can extend the lease term up to 3 additional years. The exercise of lease renewal options is at our sole discretion. When it is reasonably certain that we will exercise our option to renew or extend the lease term, that option is included in estimating the value of the ROU asset and a lease liability. At December 31, 2019, we did not have any leases that had not yet commenced for which we had created a ROU asset and a lease liability. Our lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. Most of our lease agreements include periodic rate adjustments for inflation. The depreciable life of ROU assets and leasehold improvements are limited to the shorter of the useful life or the expected lease term. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheets; we recognize lease expenses for these leases over the lease term. Rent expense for 2019 and 2018 was \$85,467 and \$84,929 respectively.

The following tables present supplemental balance sheet information related to operating leases. ROU assets are included in other assets and lease liabilities are included in other liabilities.

Supplemental Balance Sheet Information: December 31, 2019

ROU assets	\$ 116,789
Lease liabilities	\$ 116,789
Weighted-average remaining lease terms	15 months
Weighted-average discount rate	4.75%

The following schedule summarized aggregate future minimum lease payments under these operating leases at December 31, 2019:

2020	\$ 81,541
2021	35,248
Thereafter	
	\$ <u>116,789</u>

## NOTE 5 – NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company is subject to regulatory capital requirements set forth by the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule, which requires that "aggregate indebtedness" shall not exceed fifteen times "net capital" as defined by the Rule and "net capital", shall at least be \$250,000. At December 31, 2019, the Company had net capital of \$2,049,510, which was \$1,799,510 in excess of its required minimum net capital of \$250,000. At December 31, 2018, the Company had net capital of \$1,883,861, which was \$1,633,861 in excess of its required minimum net capital of \$250,000. The Company's percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 121.6% and 133.4% at December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

#### **NOTE 6 – EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

The Company has a discretionary, trusteed profit sharing 401(k) plan covering substantially all employees who have attained age 21 and one year of service. The plan is funded through contributions of both employee and employer. The 401(k) provision of the plan was implemented during 2004 and called for a mandatory 3% safe harbor employer contribution of all eligible employee earnings. The safe harbor contribution expensed for 2019 was \$130,317 and \$128,362 for 2018, and is included in the Company's total contribution. The Company's total related expense was \$268,378 for 2019 and \$262,162 for 2018.

#### **NOTE 7 – SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS**

The Company maintains a credit facility with WesBanco Bank. The facility permits the Company to borrow amounts up to \$500,000. The interest rate on borrowings under this credit facility is a fluctuating rate equal to a minimum of 4.75% at December 31, 2019. This credit facility does not expire. There were no borrowings outstanding on this credit facility at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The Company maintains its proprietary trading accounts with its clearing broker. These accounts hold the Company's securities inventory and are collateralized by deposits totaling \$75,000 at December 31, 2019 and 2018, as well as all the Company's securities inventory. The Company may borrow up to an agreed-upon percentage of the value of the collateral as specified in the clearing agreements. The accounts bear interest at a rate of 5.75% percent at December 31, 2019. Interest expense related to these accounts was \$0 and \$0 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. The Company had no short term borrowings outstanding under these agreements at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### NOTE 8 - FIRM TRADING AND INVESTMENT ACCOUNTS

The statements of financial condition reflect the fair value of marketable securities and not readily marketable securities in the firm trading and investment accounts. The related amortized cost and fair value are as follows as of December 31, 2019:

	Firm
	<u>Trading</u>
Amortized cost:	
Certificate of deposits	\$ 36,849
Total amortized cost:	36,849
Fair value:	
Certificate of deposits	37,044
Total fair value	37,044
Unrealized gains	\$ 195

#### **NOTE 9 - FAIR VALUE**

Fair Value Measurements (ASC 820-10) defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by ASC 820-10, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3: Are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

Investment Securities: The fair values for investment securities are determined by quoted market prices, if available (Level 1). For securities where quoted prices are not available, fair values are calculated based on market prices of similar securities (Level 2). For securities where quoted prices or market prices of similar securities are not available, fair values are calculated using discounted cash flows or other market indicators (Level 3).

There have been no changes in the methodologies used at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

#### Fair Value Measurements on a Recurring Basis As of December 31, 2019

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value
Firm trading account  Certificate of Deposits	\$ \$	37,044 \$ 37,044 \$	\$		37,044 37,044

#### NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During 1999, a West Virginia Corporation, HB&W, Inc. was formed to serve as a holding company for Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. and Security National Trust Company. Security National Trust Company is a national non-depository bank that provides trust and custodial services. Both Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. and Security National Trust Company are 100% owned subsidiaries of HB&W, Inc.

#### NOTE 10 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. advances funds to HB&W, Inc. as needed on an interest free basis. This amount is payable on demand. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. is owed \$0 and \$0 from HB&W, Inc.

In addition, Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. periodically provides brokerage, clerical, computer support and miscellaneous services, under a support services agreement, at cost, and leases office space to Security National Trust Company ("SNTC") in the Wheeling, West Virginia office. The terms of the lease required SNTC to pay \$33,900 per year for the period January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019. During the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 the Company paid, and was reimbursed, \$962,197 and \$967,477, respectively, of expenses under this agreement. SNTC also pays the Company referral fees for Trust business it introduces. The referral fees paid by SNTC to the Company were \$26,076 and \$35,890 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, the Company is owed \$3,408 and \$3,317 from SNTC.

Security National Trust Company acts as Trustee and Custodian of the Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. Profit Sharing 401(k) Plan, which Plan has been adopted by both companies for substantially all of its employees. Security National Trust Company charges the standard and customary fees for providing these services. During 2019, the Company paid SNTC \$27,733 for these services, and \$26,901 in 2018.

#### NOTE 11 - CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's securities transactions are performed by its clearing firm pursuant to a clearance agreement. At December 31, 2019 and 2018, all of the securities owned, which are presented on the accompanying Statement of Financial Condition, are held by the clearing firm, who is the custodian. The clearing firm is a member of a nationally recognized exchange. Included on the balance sheet at December 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company has \$2,276,660 and \$2,318,368 included in cash and cash equivalents; \$75,000 and \$75,000 included in deposits with clearing organizations; and \$19,696 and \$41,406 as a receivable from clearing firm. The Company consistently monitors the credit worthiness of the clearing firm to mitigate the Company's exposure to credit risk.

The Company currently maintains operations in Wheeling and Vienna, West Virginia, Barnesville, Ohio and in Lancaster, Pennsylvania. At these locations the Company engages in various trading and brokerage activities whose counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty with which it conducts business.

In the normal course of its business, the Company is contingently liable to its clearing brokers/dealers for margin requirements of customer margin securities transactions, the failure to deliver securities sold or nonpayment of securities purchased by a customer.

(Continued) 14.

#### NOTE 12 – DEPOSITS WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Included in the statements of financial condition in the line titled, "Deposits with Clearing Organizations" are deposits with clearing organizations in the amount of \$80,000, consisting of \$80,000 in cash as of December 31, 2019 and \$80,000, consisting of \$80,000 in cash as of December 31, 2018.

#### **NOTE 13 – RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The Company may have significant investments in various securities. Investments in these securities may be exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with these investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of these securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES**

The Company accrues for estimated loss contingencies related to legal and regulatory matters when available information indicates that it is probable a liability had been incurred and the Company can reasonably estimate the amount of that loss. However, actual results may differ from those estimates.

On March 8, 2018, pursuant to a routine regulatory examination, the SEC Office of Compliance Inspections and Examinations raised concerns with the Company that certain ticket charges related to the management of investment advisory accounts may not have been appropriately disclosed to the clients incurring these fees. The Company has engaged legal counsel, with respect to this matter, and continues to work through counsel, with the SEC, to resolve their concerns. The Company estimates that the resolution of this matter will result in refunding portions of these charges collected during the period under review. As of December 31, 2019, and 2018, the Company has recorded an estimated liability in the amount of approximately \$650,000 and \$775,000, respectively, for purposes of settling this matter.

# HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC. SCHEDULE 1 - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 As of December 31, 2019

DEDUCTIONS AND/OR CHARGES  Non-allowable assets:  Receivables from non-customers  Receivable from affiliate  Furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements, and real estate  Prepaid expenses and other assets  Other deductions and/or charges  7,000  4,408  443,148  955	NET CAPITAL	ф	0.071.000
Non-allowable assets:  Receivables from non-customers  Receivable from affiliate  Furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements, and real estate  Prepaid expenses and other assets  Other deductions and/or charges  5,000  443,148  955	TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	2,871,828
Receivables from non-customers 5,000 Receivable from affiliate 3,408 Furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements, and real estate 443,148 Prepaid expenses and other assets 325,116 Other deductions and/or charges 95	DEDUCTIONS AND/OR CHARGES		
Receivable from affiliate 3,408 Furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements, and real estate 443,148 Prepaid expenses and other assets 325,116 Other deductions and/or charges 95	Non-allowable assets:		
Furniture, equipment, leasehold improvements, and real estate  Prepaid expenses and other assets  Other deductions and/or charges  443,148  325,116  95			•
Prepaid expenses and other assets Other deductions and/or charges  325,116			•
Other deductions and/or charges95			•
	<u> </u>		•
	<u> </u>	•••	776,767
Total non-allowable assets	l otal non-allowable assets		770,707
Net capital before haircuts on security positions 2,095,061	Net capital before haircuts on security positions		2,095,061
HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES	*		
Money market and cash equivalents 45,551	Money market and cash equivalents		
Total haircuts 45,551	Total haircuts	<del></del>	
NET CAPITAL <u>\$ 2,049,510</u>	NET CAPITAL		2,049,510
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses\$ 2,492,118	Accounts payable and accrued expenses		
Total aggregate indebtedness \$ 2,492,118	Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	2,492,118
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT		
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED (6-2/3% OF AGGREGATE			
Indebtedness or \$250,000 minimum) \$ 250,000		\$	250,000
		Φ.	1 500 510
EXCESS NET CAPITAL \$ 1,799,510	EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$	1,799,510
EXCESS NET CAPITAL OF 1000%		<b>*</b>	
(net capital in excess of 120% of minimum net capital required) \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	(net capital in excess of 120% of minimum net capital required)	<u>\$</u>	1,749,510
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO	PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO		
NET CAPITAL 121.60%			121.60%

The above computations do not differ materially from the Company's computations, as shown in its FOCUS Reports Form X-17A5, Part II-A, dated December 31, 2019.

# HAZLETT, BURT & WATSON, INC. SCHEDULE 2 - STATEMENT REGARDING RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 As of December 31, 2019

Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. is exempt under Rule 15c3-3-k(2)(ii) from the requirement to make computations for the determination of reserve requirements for the exclusive benefit of customers.

# Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc.



Serving the Individual and Institutional Investor for Over 130 Years 1300 Chapline Street Wheeling, WV 26003 (304) 233-3312 ♦ (800) 537-8985 Fax: (304) 233-3870 www.hazlettburt.com

Wealth Management for Today's Investors



# Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. Exemption Report As of December 31, 2019

Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc. (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer subject to Rule 17a-5 promulgated by the Securities and Exchange Commission (17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5, "Reports to be made by certain brokers and dealer"). This Exemption Report was prepared as required by 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5(d)(1) and (4). To the best of its knowledge and belief, the Company states the following:

The Company claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3 under the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3(k)(ii):

The Company, as an introducing broker or dealer, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer, and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker or dealer which carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to the requirements of §§240.17a-3 and 240.17a-4

Further, the Company met the identified exemption provisions throughout the most recent year from January 1, 2019 through December 31, 2019 without exception.

Hazlett, Burt & Watson, Inc.

I, Timothy M. Bidwell, swear (or affirm) that, to the best knowledge and belief, this Exemption Report is true and correct.

By:

Title:

Executive Vice President

February 27, 2020



# **Exemption Review Report Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Shareholders adn Board of Directors Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. Wheeling, West Virginia

We have reviewed management's statements, included in the accompanying Exemption Report, in which (1) Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. identified the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. §15c3-3(k) under which Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3: Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) (the "exemption provisions") and (2) Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. stated that Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. met the identified exemption provisions throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception. Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc.'s management is responsible for compliance with the exemption provisions and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, accordingly, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc.'s compliance with the exemption provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the provisions set forth in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

Richmond, Virginia February 27, 2020



# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Applying Agreed Upon Procedures

Board of Directors Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. Wheeling, West Virginia

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and with the SIPC Series 600 Rules, we have performed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") with respect to the accompanying General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) of Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2019, solely to assist you and SIPC in evaluating Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- Compared the Total Revenue amounts reported on the Annual Audited Report Form X-17A-5 Part III for the year ended December 31, 2019, with the Total Revenue amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2019 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Recalculated the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dixon Hughes Goodman LLP

Richmond, Virginia February 27, 2020

Report to the Board of Directors Hazlett, Burt, and Watson, Inc.

(36-REV 12/18)

# SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

## **General Assessment Reconciliation**

(36-REV 12/18)

For the fiscal year ended 12/31/2019 (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH	FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS
1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act regis	stration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for
8*8*****1387****************************	Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.  Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.
2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)  B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest)  O7-26-2019  Date Paid  C. Less prior overpayment applied  D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	\$ 12,351 5,845 6,506
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) fordays	at 20% per annum
	(a C O ) a
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried for	orwaro) •
G. PAYMENT: √ the box Check mailed to P.O. Box ☑ Funds Wired □ ACH □ Total (must be same as F above)  H. Overpayment carried forward  \$(	nd 1934 Act registration number):
The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.	(Name observeration Fartnership or other organization)
Dated the 7+h day of February, 20 20. Ex	ec. V. P. & CFO
This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily acc	the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form essible place.
Dates:	
Calculations Documentation	Forward Copy
Exceptions:	
Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed  Calculations Documentation  Exceptions: Disposition of exceptions:	•

# DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning 1/1/2019 and ending 12/31/2019

Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	\$ 9,298,244
<ul><li>2b. Additions:</li><li>(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) at predecessors not included above.</li></ul>	nd
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities	98.
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	ermining net
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	
<ul> <li>2c. Deductions:         <ul> <li>(1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company sep accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	investment
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection wi securitles transactions.	284,470
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	195
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	113
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit a (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or l from issuance date.	10, 412
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other re related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	venue
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
Real Estate Rental Income (Deductions in excess of \$100,000 require documentation)	33,900
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.  (ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	1 <u>34</u> 999
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	33.099
Total deductions	1,064.393
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	8,233,851
2e. General Assessment @ .0015	12.351
For Appropriate Vagoggament & 10010	(to page 1, line 2.A.)