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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2016 AND ENDING MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER DEALER: Lloyds Securities Inc. OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM ID. NO ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 1095 Avenue of the Americas (No. And Street) New York NY 10036 (City) (Zip Code) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT Michael Glynn 212 - 751 - 4422 (Area Code - Telephone Number) B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report * Pricewaterhouse Coopers, LLP (Name - if individual state last, first, middle name) 300 Madison Avenue New York 10016 (Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code) CHECK ONE: ☑ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant ☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of it possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι, _	Ross H	loughton	, swear (or affirm) that, to the		
best	of my	knowledge and belief the accompanying finan	cial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of		
T10	yas Sec	curities Inc.	, as of		
Dec	ember	31, 2016 , are true	and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company		
nor	any par	tner, proprietor, principal officer or director ha	as any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that		
		•	, pp,,,		
or a	custon	er, except as follows:			
		No Exceptions.			
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	\sim		XVV)		
	/4		Signature		
	//		Chief Financial and Operations Officer		
		V. X(u)	Title		
igspace	AUV	any			
		Notary Public			
			COURTENAY S. WOOD		
This	report	** contains (check all applicable boxes):	NOTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF NEW YORK		
$ \overline{\mathbf{A}} $	(a)	Facing page.	No. 02W06310959		
	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.	Qualified in Kings County My Commission Expires September 08, 1015		
	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).	My Commission Expires September 00, 1910		
	(d)	Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.			
	☐ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.				
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinate			
	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.			
	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Req	uirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.		
	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or Contr			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.				
	(k)		dited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of		
	• •	consolidation.			
$ \overline{\mathbf{A}} $	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.			
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.			
	(n)		ound to exist or found to have existed since the date of previous audit.		
	(o)	Supplemental Independent Auditors' Report on			

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Lloyds Securities Inc. Index December 31, 2016

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Management of Lloyds Securities Inc.:

In our opinion, the accompanying statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lloyds Securities Inc. (the "Company") at December 31, 2016 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit. We conducted our audit of this statement of financial condition in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Pricewaterhouse Caopers LLP
March 10, 2017

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 335,487,304
Receivable from affiliates	7,448,288
Fees receivable	7,368,361
Deferred tax asset	2,980,744
Prepaid federal and state taxes	2,443,941
Other assets	1,599,764_
Total assets	357,328,402
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	
Liabilities	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	8,193,271_
Total liabilities	8,193,271
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)	
Stockholder's equity	
Common stock - \$0.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized,	
10 shares issued and outstanding	-
Additional paid-in-capital	260,600,000
Retained earnings	88,535,131
Total stockholder's equity	349,135,131
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 357,328,402

1. Organization and Description of the Business

Lloyds Securities Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation incorporated on March 11, 2010, is wholly owned by Lloyds America Securities Corporation, (the "Parent"). The ultimate parent of the Company is Lloyds Banking Group plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom. The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

The Company's business activities include investment banking and institutional sales with respect to U.S. and foreign debt securities and loans. The Company clears its U.S. transactions through a third-party clearing broker. International transactions are cleared through its affiliate and other third parties.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The U.S. dollar is the functional currency of the Company. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position at December 31, 2016 have been made.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company defines cash equivalents as short-term interest bearing investments with maturities at the time of purchase of three months or less, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company categorizes the financial instruments carried at fair value on its Statement of Financial Condition based on a three-level hierarchy. This hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical financial instruments (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable valuation inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure a financial instrument cross different levels of the hierarchy, categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Refer to Note 9 for details of valuation techniques and significant inputs to valuation models.

Securities Transactions

All securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes

A current tax liability or asset is recognized for the estimated taxes payable or refundable on tax returns for the current year. A deferred tax liability or asset is recognized for the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences and tax loss carryforwards. The measurement of current and deferred tax liabilities and assets is based on provisions of the enacted tax law; the effects of future changes in tax laws or rates are not anticipated. The measurement of deferred tax assets is reduced, if necessary, by the amount of any tax benefits that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realized.

Valuation allowances are established for deferred tax assets when it is deemed more likely than not that such assets will not be realized.

The separate return method is used by the Company to compute its current and deferred tax items reported in the financial statements. Under this method, the Company is assumed to file separate income tax returns in all jurisdictions, and thereby paying the applicable taxes to or receiving the appropriate refunds from its parent where applicable. Any amounts due to or due from its parents are reported as inter-company payable or receivable.

Uncertain tax positions, if any, are evaluated in accordance with ASC 740-10-25, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes", which prescribes a comprehensive model for the financial statement recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of income tax uncertainties with respect to positions taken or expected to be taken in income tax returns. The Company would recognize interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in accrued expenses and other liabilities in the Statement of Financial Condition.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default is affected by the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty. As of December 31, 2016, six uninsured short-term interest bearing. Certificates of Deposit and one Treasury Bill represented 97% of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and one financial institution represented 36% of the Company's fees receivable balance. As of December 31, 2016, the Company has cash and cash equivalents and fees receivable in the amount of \$335,487,304 and \$7,368,361, respectively. Management does not believe there is a significant risk with respect to such deposits and receivable balance.

3. Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital.

The Company has elected to use the alternative method, permitted by Rule 15c3-1, which requires that the Company maintains minimum net capital, as defined by the SEC and FINRA. At December 31, 2016, the Company had net capital of \$328,191,944 which was \$327,941,944 in excess of the required net capital of \$250,000.

The Company operates as an introducing broker by clearing all transactions with and for customers through its foreign affiliate or its U.S. clearing broker and claims exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3 under sections (k)(2)(i) and (2)(ii).

4. Other Assets and Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities

The Company's other assets are comprised of the following:

Receivable from clearing broker	\$ 940,896
Interest receivable	269,376
Deposit with clearing broker	250,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets	 139,492
Total	\$ 1,599,764

The Company's accrued expenses and other liabilities are comprised of the following:

Payable to affiliates	\$ 3,955,867
Accrued compensation	3,697,234
Accrued other expenses	540,170
Total	\$ 8,193,271

5. Income Taxes

The Company files a U.S. federal tax return on a consolidated basis with the Parent. Any federal tax receivable and payable among the members in the federal consolidated group, are settled through a tax sharing agreement. The Company is a member of a combined group in filing various state and local income tax returns, where Lloyds Bank plc is the Parent Company. Any taxes receivable and payable, as well as any net operating loss benefits used, among members in the combined group, are settled through a tax sharing agreement.

The components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2016, are as follows:

Deferred tax assets		
Start-up costs	\$	687,867
Employee benefit plans		2,248,993
Other		43,884
Total deferred tax asset		2,980,744
Deferred tax liabilities	_	
Net deferred tax asset	\$	2,980,744

Management has evaluated the realizability of the deferred tax asset and has concluded that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will be realized. No valuation allowance has been recorded at December 31, 2016.

As of December 31, 2016, the Company has concluded that there are no material uncertain tax positions. Additionally, it is the belief of management that the total amount of uncertain tax positions, if any, will not materially change over the next 12 months.

The Federal income tax return for 2014 and 2015, and the state and local income tax returns for 2013, 2014 and 2015 are open for examination by the tax authorities. The IRS audit of the 2013 Federal consolidated income tax return is currently in progress. There is no interest or penalties recorded at December 31, 2016.

6. Employee Benefit Plans

As of December 31, 2016, the Company expects a total of \$1,783,434 of additional liabilities to be accrued over an average of 3 years associated with the compensation deferral program and the share-based compensation.

401(K) Plan

The Company participates in a defined contribution 401(k) plan ("the Plan") sponsored by Lloyds Bank plc in which substantially all employees are eligible to participate. Under the terms of the Plan, the Company is required to make contributions to the Plan equal to 100% of the contributions made by each Company participant, up to certain limits.

Compensation Deferral Program

The Company's ultimate parent, Lloyds Banking Group plc, implemented a cash bonus deferral program in March 2010. Under the Company's compensation deferral program, a portion of the employees' estimated compensation over a certain threshold amount is deferred and is expected to vest over an average of 3 years. An individual with a deferral must be an employee of the Company on vesting date to receive payment.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company's ultimate parent, Lloyds Banking Group plc, provides share-based compensation to senior employees through a number of schemes; these are all in relation to shares in the Company's ultimate parent. The awards are made on the basis that the shares and options will be released or exercised subject to the rules of the plans and to the extent that the respective performance objectives and conditions are satisfied. The value of the employee services received in exchange for equity instruments granted under these plans is recognized as an increase in the Company's liability to the Company's ultimate parent, over the vesting period of the instruments.

7. Commitments and Contingencies

Financial Instruments With Off-Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company is involved in the execution and settlement of various securities transactions. The Company introduces all of its customer domestic transactions, which are not reflected in these financial statements, to a clearing broker, who clears such transactions on a "fully disclosed" basis. Pursuant to the terms of the agreement with the clearing broker, the clearing broker may charge the Company for counterparty nonperformance. The Company has the right to pursue collection or performance from the counterparties who do not perform under their contractual obligations.

As the right to charge the Company has no maximum amount and applies to all trades executed through the clearing broker, the Company believes there is no maximum amount assignable to this right. At December 31, 2016, the Company has recorded no liabilities with regard to the right, as it does not currently expect the final outcome of any such matter to have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

Litigation

The Company may be named as defendant in legal actions, such as lawsuits and arbitrations seeking compensatory and other damages. Reserves for legal actions are established as appropriate for potential losses that are both probable and reasonably estimable. As of December 31, 2016, management is aware of no such actions that would be reasonably expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial statements.

8. Related Party Transactions

The Company is wholly owned by the Parent. The ultimate parent of the Company is Lloyds Banking Group plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.

The Company enters into certain transactions and service arrangements with its affiliates, some of which are subject to service level agreements. All of these affiliates are beneficially owned by the ultimate parent, Lloyds Banking Group plc.

The Company entered into a subordinated agreement with Lloyds Bank plc for a \$100,000,000 committed revolving credit facility. The commitment fee is 35 basis points. The subordinated borrowings are available in computing net capital under the SEC's uniform net capital rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid. There were no withdrawals during 2016 and as of December 31, 2016.

The company also has access to uncommitted lines of credit from Lloyds Bank plc to support general corporate purposes. Lloyds Bank plc has discretion as to whether or not to make a loan under the line of credit and is required to approve the funded amount and terms prior to funding. There were no withdrawals during 2016 and as of December 31, 2016.

The following table sets forth the Company's related party assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2016:

Assets

Receivable from affiliates	\$ 7,448,288
Total assets	7,448,288
Liabilities	
	2 201 170
Payable to affiliates	2,301,170
Federal, state and local income tax payable to affiliates	1,654,697
Total liabilities	\$ 3,955,867

9. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company categorizes the financial instruments carried at fair value based on a three-level hierarchy.

The fair value hierarchy can be summarized as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in active markets, valuation of these products does not entail a significant degree of judgment. Securities classified as Level 1 securities of the fair value hierarchy consist of \$300,038,000 of Certificates of Deposit (CDs) and a \$24,975,000 U.S. Government Treasury Bill, with maturity dates from the time of purchase of three months or less, included under cash and cash equivalents and whose values are based on quoted market prices.
- Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable either directly or indirectly. During 2016 and as of December 31, 2016, the Company did not hold any financial instruments that met the definition of Level 2.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. During 2016 and as of December 31, 2016, the Company did not hold any financial instruments that met the definition of Level 3.

The following table summarizes by level the fair value hierarchy assets for cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2016.

	Level 1	Le	vel 2	Le	vel 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents CDs U.S. Government Treasury Bill	\$ 300,038,000 \$ 24,975,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 300,038,000 24,975,000
Total	\$ 325,013,000	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 325,013,000

ASC 825, Financial Instruments, requires the disclosure of the fair value of financial instruments, including assets and liabilities recognized on the Statement of Financial Condition. Management estimates that the fair value of the financial instruments recognized on the Statement of Financial Condition (including receivables, payables and accrued expenses) approximates the carrying value because of the short maturity of the instruments.

10. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the balance sheet date December 31, 2016, through March 10, 2017, and has determined that except as set forth below, there are no subsequent events that require disclosure under ASC 855.

Effective January 1, 2017 the Loan Markets team of the Company transferred to Lloyds Bank plc New York Branch, an affiliate entity. The team provides loan syndication advisory and distribution services to Lloyds Bank plc and its lending counterparties. All employees of the unit became employees of Lloyds Bank plc New York Branch effective January 1, 2017.