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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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Section

FACING PAGE MAR 3 1 2017
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereundern DC

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/16	AND ENDING 1	NG 42/31/16			
MM/DD/YY			MM/DD/YY			
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION				
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: WestPa	erk Capital, Inc.		OFFICI	AL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)			FIRM I.D. NO.			
1900 Avenue of the Stars, Suite	310					
	(No. and Street)	21, 1				
Los Angeles	CA		90067			
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Richard Repperpert	PERSON TO CONTACT IN I	REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT (310) 203-2902			
			(Area Code - '	Celephone Number)		
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION				
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in	n this Report*				
Dave Banerjee, CPA, An Accoun	ntancy Corp.					
,	(Name - if individual, state lass, j	irst, middle name)				
21860 Burbank Blvd., Suite	150 Woodland Hills	CA		91367		
(Address)	(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)		
CHECK ONE:						
Certified Public Accountant						
Public Accountant	1					
	nited States or any of its posse	ssions.				
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY				

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the apinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Richard Reppeport	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompany WestPark Capital, inc.	ying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December, 31	, 20 16 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner,	roprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer,	xcept as follows:
	3.0
	Signapere RICHARD RAPPAPORT
	CEO
	Title
\ \ \ \.	ze attached Acknowledgment
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all appli	rable boxes?
(a) Pacing Page.	able toxas.
(b) Statement of Financial Conditi	n.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Finan	
	olders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	lies Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital,	of December Description and December Description 12-4-7
	of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 1503-3. session or Control Requirements Under Rule 1503-3.
	ropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	adited and unaudited Statements of Pinancial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	•
(i) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplement	al Report.
(n) A report describing any material	inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

A notary public or other officer completing this certificate document to which this certificate is attached, and not the	ate verifies only the identity of the individual who signed the he truthfulness, accuracy, or validity of that document.			
State of California)				
County of Los Angeles)				
On03/24/2017 before me,Man	rk Poliner, Notary Public ,			
Date	Here Insert Name and Title of the Officer			
personally appeared Richard Rappaport				
	Name(s) of Signer(s)			
subscribed to the within instrument and acknow	r evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are pledged to me that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), cted, executed the instrument.			
MARK POLINER Notary Public - California	I certify under PENALTY OF PERJURY under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing paragraph is true and correct.			
	WITNESS my hand and official seal.			
My Comm. Expires Sep 5, 2020				
	Signature			
	Signature of Notary Public			
Place Notary Seal Above	TIONAL			
Though this section is optional, completing this	information can deter alteration of the document or sometimes form to an unintended document.			
Description of Attached Document Title or Type of Document: Annual Audited Report				
Document Date:Number of Pages:				
Signer(s) Other Than Named Above:				
Capacity(les) Claimed by Signer(s)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Signer's Name: Corporate Officer — Title(s):	Signer's Name:			
□ Partner - □ Limited □ General	☐ Partner — ☐ Limited ☐ General			
☐ Individual ☐ Attorney In Fact	☐ Individual ☐ Attorney in Fact			
☐ Trustee ☐ Guardian or Conservator	☐ Trustee ☐ Guardian or Conservator			
☐ Other: ☐ Other: ☐ Signer Is Representing: Signer Is Representing:				
	a.S. a. in ticking and initial			

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders of WestPark Capital, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of WestPark Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2016. This financial statement is the responsibility of WestPark Capital, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of WestPark Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2016, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Dave Banerjee CPA, An Accountancy Corp.

Woodland Hills, California

Dan Laui.

March 30, 2017

WestPark Capital, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition

ASSETS		<u>2016</u>
Cash & cash equivalents	\$	278,809
Deposit with clearing broker		70,109
Due from parent (Note 3)		79,300
Accounts receivable:		
Clearing broker		651,337
Employees, net of allowance of \$456,977		479,073
Other		278,242
Available for Sale Securities at Market value (Note 5)		304,037
Furniture and equipment, at cost net of accumulated depreciation		
of \$437,044 Other assets		143,095
Other assets		118,977
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	2,402,979
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities:	_	
Accounts payable	\$	472,787
Commissions payable		538,665
Total Current Liabilities		1,011,452
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 3 and 6)		
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Note 2)		
Preferred stock, no par value; 20,000 shares authorized		
none issued		
Common stock, no par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized		
8,800 shares issued and outstanding		
Additional Paid in Capital		7,972,169
Retained Deficit		(6,580,642)
Total shareholders' equity		1,391,527
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$	2,402,979

NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

WestPark Capital, Inc. (the "Company") is a Colorado corporation formed on October 17, 1995. The Company currently operates as a registered securities broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of WestPark Capital Financial Services, LLC ("Parent").

The Company, under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) is exempt from the reserve and possession or requirements of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not carry or clear customer accounts. Accordingly, all customer transactions are executed and cleared on behalf of the Company by its clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's agreement with its clearing broker provides that as clearing broker, that firm will make and keep such records of the transactions effected and cleared in the customer accounts as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"). It also performs all services customarily incident thereto, including the preparation and distribution of customer's confirmation and statements and maintenance margin requirements under the Act and the rules of the Self Regulatory Organizations of which the Company is a member.

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition

Securities owned by the Company (substantially common stock) are recorded at fair value and related changes in fair value are reflected in income. The Company records securities transactions and related revenue and expenses on a trade date basis.

The Company values its securities in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification 820 - Fair Value Measurements ("ASC 820"). Under ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition (continued)

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and blockage discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for securities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods or market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

The Company values investments in securities that are freely tradable and are listed on a national securities exchange or reported on the NASDAQ national market at their last sales price as of the last business day of the year.

Securities Valuation and Revenue Recognition (concluded)

Many cash and over-the-counter (OTC) contracts have bid-and-ask prices that can be observed in the marketplace. Bid prices reflect the highest price that the marketplace participants are willing to pay for an asset. Ask prices represent the lowest price that the marketplace participants are willing to accept for an asset. For securities whose inputs are based on bid-ask prices, the Company's valuation policies require that fair value be within the bid-ask range. The Company's policy for securities traded in the OTC markets and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at their last reported "bid" price for securities held long and the "asked" price if held short. These securities are included in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy for active markets and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy for thinly traded markets.

Restricted securities of publicly traded companies are valued at the fair value of the public company's publicly traded securities less a discount. The Company discounts the unrestricted fair values based upon various factors such as the length of the restriction period and the underlying stability of the public company. These securities are included in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of Cash and Cash Equivalents, the Company considers money market funds with a weighted average maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with ASC Topic 740-10, "Accounting for Income Taxes". Under the asset and liability method of FASB ASC Topic 740-10, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

Income Taxes (continued)

The Company is required to determine whether a tax position is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by the applicable taxing authority, including resolution of any tax related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Company files an income tax return in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and may file income tax returns in various U.S. states. The Company is not subject to income tax return examinations by major taxing authorities for years before 2012. The tax benefit recognized is measured as the largest amount of benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. De-recognition of a tax benefit previously recognized results in the Company recording a tax liability that reduces net assets. However, the Company's conclusions regarding this policy may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of and changes to tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof. No interest expense or penalties have been recognized as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016.

NOTE 2: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Act, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined, in such provision. At December 31, 2016, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$434,264 and \$100,000 respectively. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 3.03 to 1. According to Rule 15c3-1, the Company's net capital ratio shall not exceed 15 to 1.

NOTE 3: COMMITMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases its facilities and certain equipment under operating leases expiring through 2021 in New York, Florida, and California. One of the Company's office leases is in the name of the Parent but is paid by the Company and is included in the following schedule. Future minimum lease payments under the non-cancelable leases with initial terms greater than one year as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

Year	Total lease Amount			
2017	\$782,038			
2018	\$800,445			
2019	\$809,945			
2020	\$756,601			
2021	\$580,624			

Total rental expense including utilities for the year ended December 31, 2016 was \$793,791 for the above leases.

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the Company advanced \$79,300 to its Parent. The amount due is non-interest bearing and due on demand.

NOTE 4: INCOME TAXES

The Company's income tax fiscal year end is June 30, 2012, at which time it had a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$3,016,953 of which \$1,779,568 was available until June 30, 2021 and \$1,237,385 expiring through June 30, 2032. Net loss for financial reporting purposes differs from taxable income primarily due to temporary differences relating to depreciation and unrealized losses. For the twelve months ended December 31, 2016, the Company has a taxable income of approximately \$270,129.

The Company is deficient in filing its tax returns for income tax fiscal year ending June 30, 2013; June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015. The impact of any penalties for late filing has been deemed not material for the fair presentation of the financial statements.

NOTE 5: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's assets recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820. See Note 1 for a discussion of the Company's policies.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value as of December 31, 2016:

	Act For id	Quoted Prices in Active Markets For identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Balance as of December 31, 2016	
Assets									
Cash Securities owned, at fair value	\$	278,809	\$	304,037	\$	-	\$	278,709 304,037	

The Company did not measure at fair value on a recurring basis any of its assets and liabilities using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) during the year ended December 31, 2016.

The Company valued Marketable Securities at Level 2 because the market for these securities is relatively inactive and volume of trades is low. The Company primarily owns securities in smaller public companies that are thinly traded. Therefore, determining fair values requires substantial judgment.

Securities traded in an active market are marked-to-market using the quoted market price of the stock and are classified as Level 2 inputs because they are thinly traded. Securities that do not have an active market are measured using unobservable inputs, and are classified as Level 3 inputs.

Unrealized holding gains and losses on available-for-sale securities are excluded from earnings and are reported as a separate component of other comprehensive income (loss) until realized. Realized gains and losses from the sale if available-for-sale securities are determined on a specific identification basis.

NOTE 6: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities through its clearing broker involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various clients' securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk. In the event a client fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the obligation.

The Company owns securities that are valued at the December 31, 2016 quoted market price. The Company may incur a loss if the market value decreases subsequent to December 31, 2016. The Company bears the risk of financial failure by its clearing broker. If the clearing broker should cease doing business, the amounts due from this clearing broker could be subject to forfeiture.

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, deposits with clearing brokers, receivables, other assets, commission payable, accounts payable and accrued expenses and due to parent are carried at amounts that approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of those instruments. Securities owned are valued as described in Note 1.

The Company does not have cash in financial institutions in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000.

The Company is involved in various disputes arising in the normal course of business, some of which are large and indeterminable in amount. Management, after review and discussion with counsel, believes the Company has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself in these matters, but it is not feasible to predict the final outcomes at the present time.

During 2016 the Law firm of Cozen O'Connor filed a lawsuit against WestPark Capital and at least five other individuals and entities related to WestPark Capital claiming they were owed unpaid legal fees. Cozen is suing WestPark Capital specifically for a total of \$82,699 and the related parties for additional amounts. WestPark was not a party to any fee agreement with Cozen and WestPark Capital believes it has substantial and meritorious defenses to any claim that it is responsible for any legal fees allegedly owed to Cozen. According to WestPark Capital's in-house attorney there is no factual basis for any legal theory here that would support a

finding that WestPark Capital is responsible for any legal fees allegedly owed to Cozen and WestPark plans to ask the court to dismiss the case against it. WestPark believes it is more likely than not that it can successfully defend against this claim and that no additional liability will be incurred as a result.

NOTE 7: OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of Security Deposits of \$109,038 and Prepaid Expenses of \$9,939.

NOTE 8: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has performed an evaluation of subsequent events through the date the financial statements were issued as of March 30, 2017.

WestPark Capital, Inc.

Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)
For the Year Ended December 31, 2016