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SECURITIES AND EACHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORTSEC **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

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**FACING PAGE** 

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuantito Section 7 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 The eunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2015	AND ENDING_	12/31/2015
,	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGIS	TRANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: ROCKPORT	VENTURE SECURITI	ES, LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	ESS: (Do not use P.O.)	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
215 MORRIS AVENUE, SECOND FLOOR,			
	(No. and Street)		
SPRING LAKE	NJ		07762
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS MARK BOSLAND, 732-359-7109	SON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT
			(Area Code - Telephone Number
B. ACCOL	UNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
VAN DUYNE, BRUNO & CO., P.A.  (Na	ame – if individual, state last		· ·
18 HOOK MOUNTAIN ROAD	PINE BROOK	NJ	07058
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its pos	sessions.	
F	OR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)



#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	MARK BOSLAND	, swear (or af	firm) that, to the best of
my k	nowledge and belief the accompanying finan-	cial statement and supporting schedules pertain	ing to the firm of
R	OCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC	., 0	, as
of	DECEMBER 31	, 20 15 , are true and correct. I furth	er swear (or affirm) that
neith		principal officer or director has any proprietary	
	ified solely as that of a customer, except as for		,,
0.400	area sorely as that of a castomer, except as re	M10 110.	
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		1-1/2	
		10/132	
		Signature	
		MANAGRE	
		ORLANDO PAZ	
		ID # 2373142	
	Notary Public	NOTARY PUBLIC	
	M	STATE OF NEW JERSEY by Commission Expires May 14, 2018	
	report ** contains (check all applicable boxe	s):	يُّ مستون ما مستون ما مستون
	<ul><li>a) Facing Page.</li><li>b) Statement of Financial Condition.</li></ul>		
,	c) Statement of Income (Loss).		
	d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condit	ion.	
		quity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.	
	f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subor	dinated to Claims of Creditors.	
	g) Computation of Net Capital.		
	h) Computation for Determination of Reserv		
	i) Information Relating to the Possession or		dan Dula 15a2 1 and the
□ (		planation of the Computation of Net Capital Und serve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15	
		unaudited Statements of Financial Condition w	
_ ,	consolidation.	unaudited statements of I manetal condition in	Till respect to memous es
<b>X</b> (	l) An Oath or Affirmation.		
☒ (	m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.		
	n) A report describing any material inadequac	ies found to exist or found to have existed since th	he date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

#### ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES



Date: 2/19/16

#### **EXEMPTION REPORT**

Rockport Venture Securities, LLC ("The Firm"), to the best knowledge and belief, claim to meet the exemption requirements under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission:

- i) That the Firm has met the exemption under section (k)(2)ii, who, as introducing broker or dealer, clears all transactions with and or for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer, and who promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker or dealer which carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to the requirements of Section 240.17a-3 and 240.17a-4 of this chapter, as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker or dealer.
- ii) That the Firm met the identified exemption provisions in Section 240.15c3-3(k)ii throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception.

Mark Bosland Managing Member

Mark G. Bosland Managing Director Rockport Venture Partners 215 Morris Ave, suite 7 Spring Lake, NJ 07762

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# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS)

**December 31, 2015** 

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

# **December 31, 2015**

	<u>PAGE</u>
Independent auditors' report	1 - 2
Financial statements	
Statement of financial condition	3
Statement of income	4
Statement of changes in member's equity	5
Statement of cash flows	6
Notes to financial statements	7 - 12
Supplementary information - other legal and regulatory requirements	
Statement of net capital pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1	13
Independent Auditors' Report – Exemption Report	14



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC (a Delaware Single Member LLC), which comprise the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) pursuant to SEA Rule 17a-5(g). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

18 Hook Mountain Road, P.O. Box 896, Pine Brook, NJ 07058 Tel: (973) 808-1445 Fax: (973) 808-1613 Email: info@vb-cpa.com 312 Shrewsbury Avenue, Red Bank, NJ 07701 Tel: (732) 741-1075

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information contained in the statements of net capital pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1 and the exemption report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Van Duyne, Bruns & 6

February 4, 2016

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2015

# **ASSETS**

Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	102,507
Prepaid expenses		6,686
Total current assets		109,193
Property and equipment		
Computer equipment		32,003
Furniture and fixtures		15,807
		47,810
Less: accumulated depreciation		(41,740)
Net property and equipment		6,070
Total assets	\$	115,263
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	13,500
Accrued expenses	Ψ	5,500
rioridad oxponises		3,500
Total liabilities		19,000
Member's equity		96,263
Total liabilities and member's equity	_\$_	115,263

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF INCOME

# For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

Fee income	 815,000
Operating expenses	
Bank fees	954
Charitable contributions	2,365
Consulting fees	161,875
Depreciation	3,627
Dues and subscriptions	509
Filing fees	350
FINRA fees	4,450
Meals and entertainment	16,051
Office supplies	1,368
Outside services	75,188
Payments to member	413,887
Postage	707
Professional fees	38,739
Rent	8,900
Repairs and maintenance	215

Total operating expenses	788,000
--------------------------	---------

Income before income tax 27,000

Income taxes - state 5,787

Net income \$ 21,213

Telecommunications

Website subscription service

Travel

Revenue

19,970

19,760

19,085

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

Balance at beginning of year - January 1, 2015	\$	75,050
Net income - December 31, 2015	. <del></del>	21,213
Member's equity - December 31, 2015	\$	96,263

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Net income	\$	21,213
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
flows provided by operating activities		
Depreciation		3,627
Changes in operating assets and liabilites:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		4,670
Increase in prepaid expenses		(3,685)
Increase in accounts payable		8,810
Net cash provided by operating activities		34,635
Net increase in cash		34,635
		-
Cash at January 1, 2015		67,872
Cash at December 31, 2015	•	102,507
Casil at December 31, 2013	φ	102,507
Cumulamontal disaloguma		
Supplemental disclosures  Cook poid disciple the cook for income topics	<b>o</b>	5 707
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	<u> </u>	5,787

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC (The Company) is presented to assist in understanding the Company's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

#### Nature of operations

The Company was organized on May 18, 2001 and commenced active operations on November 6, 2001. Its principal business activity is to provide private placement services for companies located throughout the United States and Europe. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Rockport Venture Partners, LLC.

#### Method of accounting

The books for accounting reflect transactions on the accrual method of accounting.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist primarily of cash on deposit, certificates of deposit, money market accounts, and investment grade commercial paper that are readily convertible into cash and purchased with original maturities of three months or less.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from outstanding balances. Management provides for probable uncollectible amounts through a charge to earnings and a credit to a valuation allowance based on its assessment of the current status of individual accounts. Balances that are still outstanding after management has used reasonable collection efforts are written off through a charge to the valuation allowance and a credit to trade accounts receivable. Accounts receivable have been reviewed by management and it has been determined that there is no requirement for an allowance for doubtful accounts receivable at December 31, 2015.

#### Property, plant, and equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are recorded at cost. Expenditures for major additions and improvements are capitalized, and minor replacements, maintenance, and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. When property and equipment are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations for the respective period. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets using the straight-line method for financial statement purposes. The Company uses other depreciation methods (generally accelerated) for tax purposes where appropriate. The estimated useful lives for property, plant and equipment are 5-7 years.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Statement of cash flows

The Company is in compliance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 230, Statement of Cash Flows, and has adopted the indirect method of presenting its statement of cash flows.

#### Income taxes

The Company and its parent, Rockport Venture Partners, LLC, have elected to be taxed as a partnership and, accordingly, do not pay income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the members of Rockport Venture Partners, LLC are liable for individual income taxes on their proportionate share of the Company's taxable income.

The Company has adopted the provisions of FASB ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes." The standard prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and disclosures required. Under this standard, an entity may only recognize or continue to recognize tax positions that meet a "more likely than not" threshold. The Company has determined that there are no material uncertain tax positions that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The Company is generally subject to potential examination by taxing jurisdictions for the prior three years.

#### Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments are cash and cash equivalents, prepaid expenses, accounts payable and accrued expenses. The recorded values of cash and cash equivalents and accrued expenses approximate their fair values based on their short-term nature.

#### Revenue recognition

Placement fees are recognized on a trade date basis.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 - Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses at December 31, 2015 are summarized as follows:

2015

Prepaid FINRA fees

\$ 6,686

#### Note 3 - Property, Plant & Equipment

Depreciation expense of property, plant, and equipment amounted to \$3,627 for December 31, 2015, and is included in operating expenses on the statement of income.

#### Note 4 – Commitments

The Company leases office space in New Jersey. Rather than signing a formal lease agreement, the lease is based on a month-to-month agreement, in which the Company has the right to terminate this lease at any time, as does the landlord. The monthly rent expense remains the same, as based on the lease agreement.

Rent expense amounted to \$8,900 for the year ended December 31, 2015, and is included in operating expenses on the statement of income.

#### Note 5 - Concentrations of Credit Risk

At times during the year, the Company maintained balances in bank accounts which exceeded the federally insured limit of \$250,000. These balances fluctuated during the year. Management monitors regularly the financial condition of the banking institutions along with their balances of cash and cash equivalents and tries to keep the risk to a minimum.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, approximately 79% of the Company's revenues were from one customer.

#### Note 6 – Net Capital Requirement

As a registered broker-dealer and member firm of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., the Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. It computes its net capital under the aggregate indebtedness method, which requires that minimum net capital be equal to the greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined. At December 31, 2015, the Company had net capital of \$89,577 which exceeded its required net capital by \$84,577.

#### Note 7 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years.

ASU 2015-03 Interest – Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30) - The FASB received feedback about having different balance sheet presentation for debt issuance costs and debt discount and premiums. The presentation of debt issuance costs conflicts with the International Financial Reporting Standards and conflicts with FASB Concepts Statement No. 6, Elements of Financial Statements. Currently, debt issuance costs are recognized as a deferred charge, but on the International Financial Reporting Standards, the costs are deducted from the carrying value of the liability. FASB Concepts Statement No. 6 also states that debt issuance costs cannot be an asset since they provide no future economic benefit.

The FASB has released the amendment to debt issuance costs to simplify this presentation. The amendment provides that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts.

For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.

ASU 2015-02 Consolidation (Topic 810) - The measurements in which a reporting entity needs to evaluate with consolidation with another entity have been revised to ensure companies can provide useful information to end users. The amendments subject the entities to reevaluate under the revised consolidation model. Specifically, the amendments: 1. Modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities (VIEs) or voting interest entities. 2. Eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership. 3. Affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships. 4. Provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds.

The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

#### Note 7 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

ASU 2015-01 Income Statement – Extraordinary and Unusual Items (Subtopic 225-20) - This amendment is eliminating the concept of extraordinary items, as defined in Subtopic 225-20. The criteria of an extraordinary item is that the item has to be unusual and infrequent in nature. An entity no longer has to separately classify, present, and disclose extraordinary events and transactions.

The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015.

#### Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 4, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION STATEMENT OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO SEC RULE 15c3-1 December 31, 2015

Net capital, member's equity		<b>\$</b>	96,263
Less nonallowable assets			6,686
Net capital			89,577
Aggregate indebtedness			19,000
Computed minimum net capital required (6.67% of aggregate indebtedness)			1,267
Minimum net capital required (under SEC Rule 15c3-1)			5,000
Excess net capital (\$89,577 - \$5,000)		_\$_	84,577
Percent of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	\$ 19,000 89,577		21%

There are no material differences between the computation of net capital presented above and the computation of net capital in the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5, Part II-A filing as of December 31, 2015.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### Exemption Report

We have reviewed management's statements, included in the accompanying computation for determination of reserve requirements and information relating to possession and control requirements under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission, in which (1) Rockport Venture Securities identified the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. § 15c3-3(k) under which Rockport Venture Securities, LLC claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), who, as an introducing broker or dealer, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer, and who promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker or dealer which carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to the requirements of §§ 240.17a-3 and 240.17a-4, as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker or dealer and (2) Rockport Venture Securities, LLC stated that Rockport Venture Securities, LLC met the identified exemption provisions throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception. Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's management is responsible for compliance with the exemption provisions and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, accordingly, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's compliance with the exemption provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the conditions set forth in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Pine Brook, NJ

February 4, 2016

Van Duyne, Brows & W

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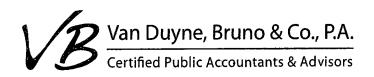
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# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

**December 31, 2015** 



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Member of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(e) (4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the following procedures with respect to the accompanying schedule of Securities Investor Protection Corporation Assessment and Payment of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC for the year ended December 31, 2015. Our procedures were performed solely to assist the Company in complying with Rule 17a-5(e) (4) and, accordingly, our report is not to be used for any other purpose. The procedures we performed were as follows:

(1) Compared listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursement record entries

Because the above procedures do not constitute an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we do not express an opinion on the schedule referred to above.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, SIPC-6 and SIPC-7 reports were filed by the Company, as is required and was done so in a timely manner.

Van Drugge, Brus & Co February 4, 2016

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

This summary of significant accounting policies of Rockport Venture Securities, LLC (The Company) is presented to assist in understanding the Company's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the Company's management, who are responsible for their integrity and objectivity.

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# Property, plant, and equipment

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#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### Statement of cash flows

The Company is in compliance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 230, Statement of Cash Flows, and has adopted the indirect method of presenting its statement of cash flows.

#### **Income taxes**

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The Company has adopted the provisions of FASB ASC 740-10, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes." The standard prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return and disclosures required. Under this standard, an entity may only recognize or continue to recognize tax positions that meet a "more likely than not" threshold. The Company has determined that there are no material uncertain tax positions that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The Company is generally subject to potential examination by taxing jurisdictions for the prior three years.

#### Financial instruments

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#### Revenue recognition

Placement fees are recognized on a trade date basis.

#### Use of estimates

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<u>2015</u>

Prepaid FINRA fees

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#### Note 6 - Net Capital Requirement

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#### Note 7 - Recent accounting pronouncements

ASU 2015-16 – Business Combinations (Topic 805) - The amendment in this update allows for simplification in accounting for adjustments made to provisional amounts. The amendment eliminates the retrospective period for these provisional amounts. It requires that the acquirer of record, in the same period's financial statements, the effect on earnings of changes in depreciation, amortization, or other income effects, if any, as a result of the change to the provisional amounts, calculated as if the accounting had been completed at the acquisition date.

The entity should present this information separately on the face of the income statement or make a disclosure in the footnotes, the portion of the amount recorded in current-period earnings by line item that would have been recorded in previous reporting periods if the adjustment to the provisional amounts had been recognized as of the acquisition date.

For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

ASU 2015-11 Inventory (Topic 330) - The amendments affect an entity who measures inventory using the first-in, first-out method or the average cost method. The amendments in this update do not affect inventory being measured using the last-in, first-out or the retail inventory method. The entity should measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The definition of net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. This update was adopted to more closely align with the inventory measurements adopted in International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

ASU 2015-07 Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) - Currently, a reporting entity, as a practical expedient, is permitted to measure the fair value of certain investments using the net asset value per share of the investment. Investments valued using the practical expedient are categorized within the fair value hierarchy on the basis of whether the investment is redeemable with the investee at net asset value on the measurement date, never redeemable with the investee at net asset value, or redeemable with the investee at net asset value at a future date. For investments that are redeemable with the investee at a future date, a reporting entity must take into account the length of time until those investments become redeemable to determine the classification within the fair value hierarchy.

The amendment now removes the requirement to categorize these investments within the fair value hierarchy. The amendment also removes the requirement to make certain disclosures for these investments.

#### Note 7 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those fiscal years.

ASU 2015-03 Interest – Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30) - The FASB received feedback about having different balance sheet presentation for debt issuance costs and debt discount and premiums. The presentation of debt issuance costs conflicts with the International Financial Reporting Standards and conflicts with FASB Concepts Statement No. 6, Elements of Financial Statements. Currently, debt issuance costs are recognized as a deferred charge, but on the International Financial Reporting Standards, the costs are deducted from the carrying value of the liability. FASB Concepts Statement No. 6 also states that debt issuance costs cannot be an asset since they provide no future economic benefit.

The FASB has released the amendment to debt issuance costs to simplify this presentation. The amendment provides that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts.

For public business entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016.

ASU 2015-02 Consolidation (Topic 810) - The measurements in which a reporting entity needs to evaluate with consolidation with another entity have been revised to ensure companies can provide useful information to end users. The amendments subject the entities to reevaluate under the revised consolidation model. Specifically, the amendments: 1. Modify the evaluation of whether limited partnerships and similar legal entities are variable interest entities (VIEs) or voting interest entities. 2. Eliminate the presumption that a general partner should consolidate a limited partnership. 3. Affect the consolidation analysis of reporting entities that are involved with VIEs, particularly those that have fee arrangements and related party relationships. 4. Provide a scope exception from consolidation guidance for reporting entities with interests in legal entities that are required to comply with or operate in accordance with requirements that are similar to those in Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 for registered money market funds.

The amendments in this Update are effective for public business entities for fiscal years, and for interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015. For all other entities, the amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, and for interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017.

#### Note 7 - Recent Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

ASU 2015-01 Income Statement – Extraordinary and Unusual Items (Subtopic 225-20) - This amendment is eliminating the concept of extraordinary items, as defined in Subtopic 225-20. The criteria of an extraordinary item is that the item has to be unusual and infrequent in nature. An entity no longer has to separately classify, present, and disclose extraordinary events and transactions.

The amendments in this Update are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2015.

#### Note 8 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 4, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC

# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT ON THE ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

**December 31, 2015** 



# INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT ON THE ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

To the Member of Rockport Venture Securities LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period from January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015, which were agreed to by Rockport Venture Securities, LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Payment Form (Form SIPC - 6) and the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's management is responsible for the Rockport Venture Securities, LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-6 with respective cash disbursement records entries as per exhibit I to this report noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries as per exhibit I to this report noting no differences;
- 3. Compared the total revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2015 less revenues reported on the FOCUS reports for the period from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015 as per exhibit II to this report with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-6 for the period from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015 noting no differences;
- 4. Compared the total revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2015 with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the period from January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2015 noting no differences;

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- 5. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-6 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 6. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 7. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-6 and in the related schedules and working papers as per exhibit III to this report supporting the adjustments noting no differences;
- 8. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers as per exhibit III to this report supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Van Dyne, Brus & Co February 4, 2016

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC EXHIBIT I

# For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

Payments per Form SIPC - 6	\$	-
Payments for SIPC dues per the cash disbursements journal:		
Difference	\$	
Payments per Form SIPC - 7	\$	-
Payments for SIPC dues per the cash disbursements journal:		
Difference	 \$	<u>-</u>

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC EXHIBIT II

# For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

Total revenue per audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2015	\$ 860,000
Less: revenue per FOCUS report for the period July 1, 2015 - December 31, 2015	(710,000) 150,000
Total revenue per Form SIPC-6	 150,000
Difference	 -
Total revenue per audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2015	\$ 860,000
Total revenue per Form SIPC-7	 860,000
Difference	\$ 

# ROCKPORT VENTURE SECURITIES, LLC EXHIBIT III

# For The Year Ended December 31, 2015

Total revenue per Form SIPC 6	\$ 150,000
Less: commissions, floor brokerage, and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions net gain from securities in investment accounts total interest and dividend expense	(113,000)
	37,000
Assessment rate	0.0025
Assessment	\$ 93
Total variance man Form SIDC 7	\$ 860.000
Total revenue per Form SIPC 7	\$ 860,000
Less: commissions, floor brokerage, and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions net gain from securities in investment accounts total interest and dividend expense	(827,105)
	32,895
Assessment rate	0.0025
Assessment	\$ 82