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Information Required o Washington DC Securities Excha	FACING PAGE f Brokers and Dealers 1	Pursuant to Sect	ion 17 of the
Washington DU Securities Excha	inge Act of 1934 and Ru	le 17a-5 Thereu	nder
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2015	AND ENDING	December 31, 2015
_	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REC	GISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: March Cap	ital Corporation		OFFICIAL USE ONI
DDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.	
2 N. LaSalle St., Ste. 2300	,		
2 14. Laballe St., Ste. 2500	(No. and Street)		
Chicago	IL		60602-3975
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P	ERSON TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THIS R	(312) 640-0480
Richard J. Rice			(Area Code – Telephone Num
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in	this Report*	
Jesser, Ravid, Jason, Basso and Farber,	-	·	
	(Name – if individual, state last, fi	rst. middle name)	
150 North Wacker Drive, Suite 3100	Chicago	IL	60606
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
I Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in Uni	ited States or any of its posse	ssions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

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I, Richard J. Rice	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	cial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
March Capital Corporation	, a s
of December 31	, 2015 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, p	principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as for	
OFFICIAL SEAL	
MABEL MARTINEZ	Chillane
Notary Public - State of Illinois	Signature
My Commission Expires. 01/20/2020	Chief Executive Officer
	Title
MALL ATA	
Mul Many	
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes	s):
(a) Facing Page.	
 (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). 	
 (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condit 	ion.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Ec	
 (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subor (g) Computation of Net Capital. 	dinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	e Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or	Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	planation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the serve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	•
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
 (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A copy of the review Report of Independent Regi 	istered Public Accounting Firm on Management's Claim of Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3.
(ii) A copy of the review Report of Independent Reg.	stored i done Accounting i fill of Management's Chain of Exemption from 520 faite 1969 5.
** For conditions of confidential treatment of certa	ain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



150 N. Wacker Drive, Suite 3100 Chicago, IL 60606

OFFICE: (312) 782-4710 FAX: (312) 782-4711

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Stockholder March Capital Corporation Chicago, IL

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of March Capital Corporation (the Company) as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of operations, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The supplemental information presented in Schedule I and Schedule II has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of the Company's financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the supplemental information reconciles to the financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the supplemental information. In forming our opinion on the supplemental information, we evaluated whether the supplemental information, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5. In our opinion, the supplemental information to the financial statements as a whole.

Vena, Reid, Joson, Basso and Farler, UP

Chicago, IL

February 26, 2016

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2015

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 110,217
Prepaid expenses	298
Due from stockholder, net	44,367

\$ 154,882

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:

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Accounts payable Accrued Illinois replacement tax Subordinated Ioan	\$	95,650 1,515 50,000	
			\$ 147,165
Stockholder's Equity:			
Common stock, \$10 par value, 200 shares authorized; 100 shares issued		1,000	
Additional paid-in capital		6,217	
Retained earnings	<u></u>	500	
			7,717
			\$ 154,882

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

\$ 1,067,351

OPERATING EXPENSES:

4

Commissions	\$ 895,705	
Bank charges	1,138	
Communications	6,303	
Dues and subscriptions	1,495	
Insurance	936	
Meals and entertainment	2,610	
Office expense	5,752	
Outside services	19,036	
Transportation	1,215	
Postage and delivery	110	
Professional fees	28,663	
Regulatory and other fees, net	3,020	
Taxes and licenses	309	
Training	20	
Travel	720	
Other expenses	3,171	
Interest expense	7,500	
		977,703
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		89,648
INCOME TAX EXPENSE		2,034
NET INCOME		\$ 87,614

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

Subordinated loan, beginning of year	\$ 50,000
Issuance of new subordinated loans	-
Repayments of subordinated loans	
Subordinated loan, end of year	\$ 50,000

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	Comm No. of Shares	on Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, beginning of year	100	\$ 1,000	\$ 6,217	\$ 100	\$ 7,317
Net income				87,614	87,614
Stockholder distributions				(87,214)	(87,214)
Balance, end of year	100	\$ 1,000	\$ 6,217	\$ 500	\$ 7,717

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

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Net income		\$	87,614
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Assets - decrease (increase): Decrease in prepaid expenses Decrease in due from stockholder, net Liabilities - increase (decrease): Increase in accounts payable Increase in accrued Illinois replacement tax	\$ 1,090 1,611 95,650 1,046		
	 1,040		00 007
Net cash provided by operating activities			99,397
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Stockholder distributions			(87,214)
NET INCREASE IN CASH			99,797
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR			10,420
CASH, END OF YEAR		\$	110,217

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:

Cash paid during the year for Illinois replacement tax	\$ 886
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ 7,500

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Nature of Operations:

March Capital Corporation (the Company) is an Illinois corporation, formed by the sole stockholder on September 5, 1990. On June 2, 1989, the Company became registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company's principal place of business is in Illinois. The Company is also registered as a broker-dealer in thirteen states including the State of Illinois.

The Company's purpose of operating as a broker-dealer is to raise capital from thirdparty investors in new or existing collective investment vehicles. The Company's revenue consists primarily of fees and commissions for raising funds invested in private placements and offerings devoted to business financings, sales, mergers and acquisition services, and start-up and early stage business ventures.

The Company does not hold customer funds or securities and, accordingly, operates under the provisions of Paragraph k(2)(ii) of SEC Rule 15c3-3 whereby it is exempt from the remaining provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) provide that the broker/dealer carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers. The Company does not have any customers as defined by Rule 15c3-3(a)(1). Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirements of the provisions of Rule 15c3-3(e) (The Customer Protection Rule), based on the exemptions provided in Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), and does not maintain any "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers." The Company is considered a non-clearing and non-carrying firm.

- 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:
 - a. Basis of Presentation and Accounting:

The Company follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the FASB), to ensure consistent reporting of financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, as required by GAAP.

b. Revenue Recognition and Principal Transaction Revenues:

The Company earns revenue through retainer fees, managed fees, and success fees.

- Retainer Fees: For certain engagements, clients will pay a one-time or a monthly non-refundable retainer fee as specified in the executed contract agreement. Retainer fees are recognized as revenue in the periods to which they apply, as provided by the contract.
- **Managed Fund Fees:** Managed fund fees are received quarterly, but are recognized as earned on a pro-rata basis over the term of the contract.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued:

b. Revenue Recognition and Principal Transaction Revenues- continued:

• **Success Fees:** Success fee revenue is recognized at the time the transaction is completed and the income is reasonably determinable, as defined under the terms of each engagement.

c. Use of Estimates:

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The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

d. Financial Instruments:

The Company's financial instruments are cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and subordinated debt, for which recorded values approximate fair values based on their short-term nature, and are categorized as Level 1 assets and liabilities within the fair value hierarchy. See Note 4.

e. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company presently maintains cash in a bank checking account insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC): current coverage limited to \$250,000. At times throughout the year, the Company's cash in financial institutions may exceed FDIC insurance limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company defines cash equivalents as short-term, highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

f. Accounts Receivable:

The Company extends credit to its customers and generally requires no collateral. As such, the Company is susceptible to credit risk from its customers. Management closely monitors outstanding balances and maintains prudent credit and collection policies to minimize risk. After a transaction is complete, a customer has a set time to pay the balance owed as defined by their contract.

Accounts receivable are stated at the amounts the Company expects to collect. Thus, no allowance has been established for bad debts. Any amounts determined to be uncollectible are charged to bad debt expense when that determination is made. This method is not in accordance with United States generally accepted accounting principles. However, the Company's collection history has been favorable, and bad

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued:

f. Accounts Receivable - continued:

debts on these receivables have been relatively immaterial.

Management believes that, based on industry practice and collection history, the balance of commissions and fees receivable at December 31, 2015 (if any) is collectible in full, and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

g. Accounts Payable:

Commissions are payable to Registered Representatives (RR's) and recognized in the financial statements as success fees collected by the Company. Upon receipt of the funds, the Company pays the RR's their percentage, as provided in their respective contracts. Payment is due to RR's within five days of the Company's receipt of the funds, unless otherwise stipulated.

h. Income Taxes:

Since the Company has elected to be taxed as an "S Corporation", there is no federal income tax at the corporate level. Income flows through and is taxed to the sole stockholder. The Company is subject to Illinois replacement tax, and a provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements. For the year ended December 31, 2015, management has determined that there are no material uncertain income tax positions. The Company files income tax returns in U.S. federal and State of Illinois jurisdictions. The current and prior three tax years generally remain subject to examination by U.S. federal and respective state tax authorities.

i. Management's Review of Subsequent Period:

Management has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through February 26, 2016, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. Subordinated Debt:

At December 31, 2015, the Company had a \$50,000 note payable to an unaffiliated third party under a subordination agreement effective November 10, 2014. The note provides for interest at 15%, payable quarterly, with a stated maturity of November 9, 2015. Without action of the Company or the lender, the maturity date of the note shall be extended an additional year unless on or before the date seven months preceding the scheduled maturity date, the lender shall notify the Company that the Scheduled Maturity Date shall not be extended. No such action has been taken by either party as of December 31, 2015.

3. Subordinated Debt – continued:

The subordinated debt is treated as net capital under the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid.

Subordinated debt is valued at principal plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value. See Notes 2d and 4.

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the input to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market.

Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The Company utilizes valuation techniques to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Fair value measurement techniques used by the Company are consistent with the market, income and cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820. Inputs are broadly defined as assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- <u>Level 1</u>. Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. The types of investments included in Level 1 include listed securities.
- Level 2. Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. The Level 2 inputs taken into consideration by the Company are quotes received from outside brokers, maturity of securities, values of underlying securities, etc. Investments which are generally included in this category include corporate bonds and loans, less liquid and restricted equity securities and certain over-the-counter derivatives. A significant adjustment to a Level 2 input could result in the Level 2 measurement becoming a Level 3 measurement.
- <u>Level 3.</u> Inputs are unobservable for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstances and may require significant management judgment or estimation. Investments that are included in this category generally include equity and debt positions in private companies.

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments – continued:

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the investment. See Note 2d.

5. Net Capital Requirements:

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The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Under this Rule, the Company is required to maintain "minimum net capital" equivalent to \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of "aggregate indebtedness," whichever is greater, as these terms are defined. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had net capital of \$13,052, which was \$6,574 in excess of its required net capital of \$6,478. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 7.44 to 1 at December 31, 2015.

The Company had a net capital deficiency of \$3,024 commencing on February 20, 2015 through March 6, 2015. The deficiency was disclosed by management to the SEC and FINRA. This deficiency was an isolated incident during 2015 that was discovered during the Company's annual audit. It resulted from the payment of normal business expenses and was restored to an excess balance by the receipt of a monthly retainer of \$14,990, which resulted in a net capital balance of \$16,966 and excess net capital of approximately \$12,000. No sales of securities took place during the period of the deficiency.

6. Significant Clients:

Four clients accounted for approximately 76% of total revenue for the year ended December 31, 2015. There was no balance due at December 31, 2015 from these clients.

7. Due from Stockholder:

The unsecured balance is non-interest bearing with no stated maturity.

8. Commitments and Contingencies:

Currently, management is unaware of any claims or legal proceedings against the Company; however, the nature of the Company's business subjects it to various claims, regulatory examinations, and other proceedings in the ordinary course of business. The eventual outcome of any such action against the Company could have an adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company.

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SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL FOR BROKERS AND DEALERS PURSUANT TO RULE 15C3-1 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

DECEMBER 31, 2015

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity, end of year Add: Subordinated Ioan	\$ 7,717 50,000
Deductions for non-allowable assets:	
Prepaid expenses Due from stockholder, net	 (298) (44,367)
NET CAPITAL	13,052
Minimum capital requirement	 6,478
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ 6,574
NET CAPITAL LESS 10% OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$ 3,336
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses, as applicable	\$ 97,165

Ratio:	Aggregate indebtedness	7.44
	to net capital	to 1

Note: The above information on this schedule is in agreement, in all material respects, with the unaudited FOCUS report, Part II, filed by the Company as of December 31, 2015.

SCHEDULE II

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS PURSUANT TO RULE 15C3-3 UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2015

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15C3-3

Although the Compnay is not exempt from Rule 15c3-3, it does not transact business in securities with, or for, other than members of a national securities exchange and does not carry margin accounts, credit balances or securities for any person defined as a customer pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(4). Accordingly, there are no amounts reportable under these sections.

INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15C3-3

Although the Compnay is not exempt from Rule 15c3-3, it does not transact business in securities with, or for, other than members of a national securities exchange and does not carry margin accounts, credit balances or securities for any person defined as a customer pursuant to Rule 17a-5(c)(4). Accordingly, there are no amounts reportable under these sections.



150 N. Wacker Drive, Suite 3100 Chicago, IL 60606

OFFICE: (312) 782-4710 FAX: (312) 782-4711

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON MANAGEMENT'S CLAIM OF EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15C 3-3

The Stockholder March Capital Corporation Chicago, IL

We have reviewed management's statements included in the accompanying Management's Claim of Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3, in which: (1) March Capital Corporation (the Company) identified the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. §15c3-3(k) under which the Company claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3: (2)(ii) (the "exemptive provisions") and (2) the Company stated that the Company met the identified exemptive provisions throughout the most recent fiscal year without exception. The Company's management is responsible for compliance with the exemptive provisions and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, accordingly, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about the Company's compliance with the exemptive provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the provisions set forth in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yena Reid Joson Basso and Farler UP

Chicago, IL

February 26, 2016

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION 2 N. LaSalle Street Suite 2300 Chicago, IL 60602-3975

MANAGEMENT'S CLAIM OF EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15C3-3

Jesser, Ravid, Jason, Basso and Farber, LLP 150 N. Wacker Dr. Suite 3100 Chicago, IL 60606

In accordance with the requirements set forth in Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), the management of March Capital Corporation (the Company) has asserted that the Company was in compliance with the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2015, by making the following statements to our independent registered public accounting firm as part of their review procedures:

- Because the Company did not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, the Company was exempt from the requirements of the SEC's Customer Protection Rule under paragraph (k)(2)(ii).
- 2. The Company has met the requirements of the exemptive provisions referred to in the previous statement for the year ended December 31, 2015, without exception.
- 3. The Company has disclosed any regulatory examinations or correspondence with the SEC or its designated examining authority related to its compliance with the exemptive provisions.
- 4. All subsequent events through the date of the report of independent registered public accounting firm that could have a material effect on the Company's assertions have been disclosed.
- 5. The Company has designed and implemented effective controls in order to maintain its compliance with the exemptive provisions.
- 6. The Company actively monitors its compliance with the exemptive provisions.

This report is to be filed with the Company's annual audited financial statements, and is intended solely for the information and use of the SEC in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the SEC.

Richard Rice, Chief Executive Officer

March Capital Corporation

February 26, 2016



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

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