



16012318

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: March 31, 2016 Estimated average burden

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT COSSING hours per response..... 12.00 **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

FEB 29 2016

SEC

SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 67793

FACING PAGE

Washington DC

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING		01/01/15 MM/DD/YY	AND EN	NDING	12/31/15
					MM/DD/YY
A.	REGISTE	RANT IDENTIF	FICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	Miura (Capital, LLC			OFFICIAL USE OF
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS	S: (Do not use P.O.	. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO
1110 Brickell	Ave, Sui	te 515			
		(No. and Street)			
Miami		FL		33131	37
(City)		(State)		(Zij	Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER (OF PERSON	TO CONTACT I	N REGARD TO	O THIS REPO	RT /
-				(A	rea Code - Telephone Nu
В. А	ACCOUN	TANT IDENTI	FICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA Morrison, Brown, Argiz, &	Farra, LL				
					33131
1450 Brickell Avenue suite		-Miami, (City)	FL-	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:					
Certified Public Accounta	int				
☐ Public Accountant					
☐ Accountant not resident in	United Sta	ites or any of its po	ssessions.		
	FOR	OFFICIAL USE	ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

l, _		Maud M. Bleus			, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	kno	wledge and belief the accompanying financial s	tateme	nt and	supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
		Miura Capital, LLC			, as
of		December 31	, 20	15	are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
nei	ther				r director has any proprietary interest in any account
		ed solely as that of a customer, except as follow			meres in any account
		,			
					11/2/3/-
					Mucy Helis
					Signature
					(101000
		1 . 1	,		Title
	./ 	DOLL ZA	, /	11 1	. ,
_			6//	0	
		Notary Public			
Th	is re	port ** contains (check all applicable boxes):			MICHAEL MIRANDA
		Facing Page.		\triangle	MY COMMISSION # EE 177672
		Statement of Financial Condition.	1		EXPIRES: July 9, 2016 Sonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters
돲	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).	200	-	
		Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.			
		Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	or Par	iners'	or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinat	ted to (Claims	s of Creditors.
		Computation of Net Capital.			
봈	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Re-	quirem	ents P	ursuant to Rule 15e3-3.
Ľ,	()	Information Relating to the Possession or Com	trol Re	quiren	nents Under Rule 15c3-3.
X	(1)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explana	ation o	f the C	Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
П	(1.)	Computation for Determination of the Reserve	Requi	remen	its Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
L	(K)	consolidation.	idited	Statem	nents of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
D	m	An Oath or Affirmation.			
		A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.			
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies for	ound to	exist o	or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

TΛ		ΛE.	CON	TEN	ITC.

REPORT OF IND	EPENDE	INT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM	1 - 2	
FINANCIAL STAT	EMENTS	S:		
Statement of	of Financ	ial Condition	3	
Statement of	of Operat	tions	4	
Statement of	of Chang	es in Member's Equity	5	
Statement of	of Cash F	Flows	6	
Notes to Fir	nancial S	tatements	7 - 14	
SUPPLEMENTAL	INFORM	MATION:	15	
SCHEDULE	E I -	Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission as of December 31, 2015	16	
SCHEDULE	E II -	Reconciliation of Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission to Company's Corresponding Unaudited Form X-17a-5, Part II Filing as of December 31, 2015	16	
SCHEDUL	E III -	Subordinated Borrowings	17	
INFORMATION R	EGARDI	NG COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 15C3-3:	18	
Report of Ir	depende	ent Registered Public Accounting Firm	19	
		nder Rule 17a-5(d)(4) I Exchange Commission	20	
Requireme	nts and li	ption from the Computation for Determination of Reserve information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission as of December 31, 2015	21	
INFORMATION CORPORATION		DING SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION MENT:	22	
		untant's Agreed-Upon Procedures Report on ment and Payments (Form SIPC-7)	23-24	
Schedule o	SIPC G	eneral Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)	25	



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Member
Miura Capital, LLC
(Formerly Murex Capital, LLC)
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.)

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Miura Capital, LLC (formerly Murex Capital, LLC) (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.) (the "Company") as of December 31, 2015 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of Miura Capital, LLC's (formerly Murex Capital, LLC) management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial condition of Miura Capital, LLC (formerly Murex Capital, LLC) (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.) as of December 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As noted in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company is part of an affiliated group of companies and has extensive transactions with the Parent and its affiliates. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

An Independent Member of Baker Tilly International

To the Member Miura Capital, LLC (Formerly Murex Capital, LLC) (A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.) Page 2

The supplemental information contained in Schedule I, II and III has been subjected to audit procedures performed in conjunction with the audit of Miura Capital, LLC's (formerly Murex Capital, LLC) financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of Miura Capital, LLC's management. Our audit procedures included determining whether the supplemental information reconciles to the financial statements or the underlying accounting and other records, as applicable, and performing procedures to test the completeness and accuracy of the information presented in the supplemental information. In forming our opinion on the supplemental information, we evaluated whether the supplemental information, including its form and content, is presented in conformity with 17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Miami, Florida

February 26, 2016

Monison, Brown, Aigiz & Fana

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2015

ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2013		
Cash	\$	1,456,494
Cash at clearing organization		95,781
Deposit with clearing organization		100,000
Receivable from clearing organization		149,945
Securities owned, at fair value		3,558,762
Prepaid expenses and other assets		33,599
Furniture and equipment, net		160,554
Deferred tax asset		73,052
Deposits	•	134,856
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	5,763,043
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	124,614
Income tax payable		377,858
TOTAL LIABILITIES		502,472
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTES 10 AND 11)		
MEMBER'S EQUITY		5,260,571
TOTAL LIABILITIES & MEMBER'S EQUITY	_\$	5,763,043

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

REVENUES	
Commissions	\$ 3,309,580
Interest income	150,063
Fee income	838,899
Other income	67,951
TOTAL REVENUES	4,366,493
EXPENSES	
Salaries, commissions and employee benefits	1,799,678
General and administrative	542,409
Clearing charges	340,890
Occupancy	257,796
Professional fees	178,305
Depreciation	35,044
License and registration	27,668
Interest expense	19,054
TOTAL EXPENSES	3,200,844
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX EXPENSE	1,165,649
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	360,501
NET INCOME	\$ 805,148

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

	 IEMBER'S CAPITAL	DÈFIC	CUMULATED IT) RETAINED ARNINGS	N	IEMBER'S EQUITY
BALANCES, JANUARY 1, 2015	\$ 6,129,940	\$	(174,517)	\$	5,955,423
NET INCOME	-		805, 148		805,148
MEMBER'S DRAW	(869,369)		(630,631)		(1,500,000)
BALANCES, DECEMBER 31, 2015	\$ 5,260,571	\$	-	\$	5,260,571

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net income	\$ 805,148
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	(== ===)
Deferred income taxes	(73,052)
Loss on disposal of assets	12,726
Depreciation	35,044
Deferred rent	6,258
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(76,952)
Cash at clearing organization	(8,280)
Receivable from clearing organization Securities owned, at fair value	(1,461,822)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(4,328)
Deposits	(52,607)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(15,441)
Income tax payable	333,147
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	(1,305,307)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(500, 159)
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Additions to fumiture and equipment	(50,716)
CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	
Member's draw	(1,500,000)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(2,050,875)
CASH, AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,507,369
CASH, AT END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,456,494</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:	
Cash paid during the year for:	
Interest	\$ 19,054
Income taxes	\$ 100,406

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

1. ORGANIZATION

Operations

Miura Capital, LLC (the "Company") was organized in the State of Florida in 2007. On July 1, 2015, Murex Capital, LLC filed Articles of Amendments to change its name to Miura Capital, LLC. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as a broker-dealer and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L. ("the Parent"), a Barbados company.

The Company has extensive transactions with the Parent and its affiliates. Because of this relationship, it is possible that the terms of these transactions are not the same as those that would result from transactions among other unrelated parties.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting policies and reporting practices of the Company conform to the predominant practices in the brokerdealer industry and are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cash

The Company considers cash to include highly liquid investments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at December 31, 2015 and revenues and expenses during the year then ended. The actual outcome of the estimates could differ from the estimates made in the preparation of the financial statements.

Furniture and Equipment, Net

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of these assets is computed over their estimated useful lives, 3 to 7 years, on the straight-line method. Repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Expenditures that increase the value or productive capacity of assets are capitalized. When furniture and equipment are retired, sold, or otherwise disposed of, the asset's carrying amount and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in operations.

Clearing Arrangements

The Company has a clearing agreement with Pershing, LLC ("Pershing") to provide execution and clearing services on behalf of its customers on a fully disclosed basis. All customer records and accounts are maintained by Pershing. At December 31, 2015, the Company maintains cash in the clearing organization amounting to \$95,781. Pursuant to the clearing agreement, the Company is required to maintain a deposit of \$100,000 in the clearing organization. At December 31, 2015, the Company had a \$149,945 receivable from the clearing organization.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2015

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES (CONTINUED)

Income Taxes

The Company elected to be treated as a corporation for federal income tax purposes. Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company recognizes and measures tax positions taken or expected to be taken in its tax return based on their technical merit and assesses the likelihood that the positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. Interest and penalties on tax liabilities, if any, would be recorded in expenses.

Government and Other Regulation

The Company's business is subject to significant regulation by various governmental agencies and self-regulatory organizations. Such regulation includes, among other things, periodic examinations by these regulatory bodies to determine whether the Company is conducting and reporting its operations in accordance with the applicable requirements of these organizations.

Securities Transactions

Revenues for executing customer securities transactions and associated expenses are recorded as earned and incurred, on a trade date basis. Proprietary security transactions are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Securities owned are valued at fair value. Unrealized appreciation or depreciation is reflected in income currently.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair values of financial instruments are estimated using relevant market information and other assumptions, as more fully disclosed in Note 12. Fair value estimates involve uncertainties and matters of significant judgment regarding interest rates, credit risk, prepayments, and other factors, especially in the absence of broad markets for particular instruments. Changes in assumptions or in market conditions could significantly affect the estimates.

Rent

Minimum rent, including fixed escalations, is recorded on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The lease term commences when the Company takes possession of the leased premises and in most cases ends upon expiration of the initial non-cancelable term. When a lease provides for fixed escalations of the minimum rental payments during the lease term, the difference between the recorded straight-line rent and the amount payable under the lease is recognized as deferred rent obligation.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 26, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PRACTICES (CONTINUED)

New Pronouncements

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standard Board ("FASB") issued an accounting standard update which affects the revenue recognition of entities that enter into either (1) certain contracts to transfer goods or services to customers or (2) certain contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets. The update indicates an entity should recognize revenue in an amount that reflects the consideration the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for the goods or services transferred by the entity. The update is to be applied to the beginning of the year of implementation or retrospectively and is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017 and in interim periods in that reporting period. Early application is permitted for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company is currently evaluating the effect the update will have on its financial statements.

3. FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Furniture and equipment, net, are summarized as follows at December 31, 2015:

Office equipment	\$	134,574
Furniture and fixtures	•	122,521
		257,095
Less accumulated depreciation	-	(96,541)
	\$	160,554

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$35,044.

4. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires that the Company maintain "Net Capital" equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 6-2/3% of "Aggregate Indebtedness," as defined. At December 31, 2015, the Company had net capital of \$4,613,649 which was \$4,513,649 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital should not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2015, the ratio of "Aggregate Indebtedness" to "Net Capital" was 0.11 to 1.

5. SECURITIES OWNED, AT FAIR VALUE

Securities owned, at fair value, consist of the following at December 31, 2015:

United States corporate bonds

3.558,762

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2015

6. RELATED PARTIES

Revenue

During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company generated \$275,844 of its revenue from transactions with affiliated entities.

7. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes is as follows for the year ended December 31, 2015:

Current tax provision: Federal State	\$ 378,175 55,378
Defermed the conscious	 433,553
Deferred tax provision: Federal State	 (73,052)
	 (73,052)
Total	\$ 360,501

The actual income tax expense for 2015 differs from the statutory tax expense for the year (computed by applying the U.S. federal corporate tax rate of 34% to income before provision for income tax expense) as follows:

	 2015	Tax Rate
Current:	 	
Federal taxes at statutory rate	\$ 396,899	34.00%
State income taxes, net of federal tax benefit	41,715	3.57%
Florida net operating loss	(3,404)	(0.29%)
Valuation allowance	(73,052)	0.00%
Other, net	 (1,657)	(6.39%)
Total	 360,501	30.89%

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

7. INCOME TAXES (CONTINUED)

The Company's deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows as of December 31, 2015:

Deferred tax assets (liabilities):

Start-up costs Unrealized loss on securities	90,737
Deferred rent	 13,670
	\$ 73,052

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considered whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income, and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based on these criteria, management has concluded that it is more likely than not that the deferred tax asset will be realized.

The U.S. Federal jurisdiction and Florida is the major tax jurisdictions where the Company files income tax returns. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. Federal or State examinations by tax authorities for years before 2012.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company did not have any unrecognized tax benefits as a result of tax positions taken during a prior period or during the current period. No interest or penalties have been recorded as a result of tax uncertainties.

8. MEMBER'S CAPITAL

The Company operates under an operating agreement ("Agreement") with a perpetual term, unless terminated under provisions of the Agreement. Membership capital is non-interest bearing and members are not entitled to withdraw or demand capital amounts, unless as provided for in the Agreement. Profit and losses are allocated principally based on each members pro rata share of total capital.

9. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company participates in a deferred contribution 401(k) plan which covers substantially all of its full-time employees. The plan includes employee contributions and matching contributions by the Company subject to certain limitations. The Company's matching contributions along with other employee benefits were \$186,966 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Operating Lease

The Company is required to make payments under a non-cancelable operating lease for office space in New York through April 2018. As of April 2015, the Company subleased this office space under a non-cancelable operating lease through its remaining term. Additionally, during June 2015, the Company entered into two additional non-cancelable lease agreements for office space in New York and Miami through June and May 2020, respectively.

At December 31, 2015, future minimum commitments under the non-cancelable leases are approximately as follows:

Year ending December 31,

2016	\$	285,000
2017		298,000
2018		250,000
2019	•	174,000
2020		65,000
	\$	1,072,000

Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$257,796.

Annual lease payments due to the Company are approximately as follows:

Year ending December 31,

2016	\$ 149,000
2017	153,000
2018	 92,000
	\$ 394,000

Rental income for the year ended December 31, 2015 was \$84,895.

Litigation

The Company is exposed to various asserted and unasserted potential claims encountered in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

11. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company encounters economic risk, mainly comprised of credit risk and market risk. Credit risk arises from the customer securities activities which are transacted on either cash or margin basis. These transactions may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses which customers may incur. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill those obligations. In connection with its clearing arrangements, the Company is required to guarantee the performance of its customers in meeting their contracted obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2015

11. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

Concentrations of credit risk arise when a number of customers are engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic or other conditions. A significant amount of the Company's business activity is conducted through its related parties with customers located in Latin America. Accordingly, the Company's operations are susceptible to changes in the economies of these countries.

As a securities broker and dealer, the Company is engaged in various brokerage and trading activities with domestic and international investors. The Company attempts to minimize credit risk associated with these activities by monitoring customer credit exposure and collateral values on a daily basis and requiring additional collateral to be deposited with or returned to the Company when necessary. The credit risk is also minimized by the careful monitoring of customer accounts by the clearing firm.

At various times during the year, the Company has maintained deposits with other financial institutions in excess of amounts received. The exposure to the Company from these transactions is solely dependent upon daily balances and the financial strength of the respective institutions.

12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value Measurements

The FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"), Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, provides a framework for measuring falr value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the FASB ASC are described as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:
 - quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets:
 - inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

• Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2015

12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

Determination of Fair Value

The Company maintains policies and procedures to value its financial instruments using the highest level and most relevant data available. In addition, management reviews valuations, including independent price validation, for certain instruments.

The following describes the valuation methodologies the Company uses to measure different financial instruments at fair value, including an indication of the level in the fair value hierarchy in which each instrument is generally classified.

For many financial instruments, fair value is based on independent sources such as quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. To the extent certain financial instruments trade infrequently or are not marketable, they may not have readily determinable fair values. In these instances, the Company estimates fair value using various pricing models and available information that management deems most relevant. Among the factors considered by the Company in determining the fair value of financial instruments are discounted anticipated cash flows, the cost, terms and liquidity of the instrument, the financial condition, operating results and credit ratings of the issuer or underlying company, the quoted market price of publicly traded securities with similar quality and yield, and other factors generally pertinent to the valuation of financial instruments.

Corporate bonds. Corporate bonds are valued based on quoted market prices. All US corporate bonds trade in active markets and are classified within Level 2.

Foreign corporate bonds. Foreign corporate bonds are valued based on quoted market prices. All foreign corporate bonds trade in active markets and are classified within Level 2.

Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The following table presents the Company's financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2015, for each fair value hierarchy level.

	December 31, 2015							
	Le	vel 1		Level 2	Le	vel 3		Total
Assets: Foreign corporate bonds	¢		æ	579,450	\$		¢	E70 4E0
*	Ψ	•	\$	•	Ð	-	\$	579,450
Corporate bonds	\$	-		2,979,312 3,558,762	\$	-		2,979,312 3,558,762

The Company does not have any financial assets or liabilities that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis as of December 31, 2015.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

CREDITS:	
Member's equity	\$ 5,260,571
DEBITS:	
Prepaid expenses and other assets	33,599
Deferred tax asset	73,052
Furniture and equipment, net	160,554
Deposits	134,856
	402,061
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS ON SECURITITES	\$ 4,858,510
HAIRCUTS ON SECURITIES	244,861
NET CAPITAL	\$ 4,613,649
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	
6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$502,472	
or \$100,000, whichever is greater	100,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ 4,513,649
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
TO NET CAPITAL	0.11 to 1
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and income tax payable	\$ 502,472

SCHEDULE II

RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION TO COMPANY'S CORRESPONDING UNAUDITED FORM X-17a-5, PART II FILING AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

	· ·
NET CAPITAL PER COMPUTATION	\$ 4,613,649
Adjustments	(2)
NET CAPITAL PER COMPUTATION INCLUDED	
IN THE COMPANY'S AMENDED UNAUDITED FORM X-17A-5,	
PART II FILING	\$ 4,613,647

See Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.

SCHEDULE III
SUBORDINATED BORROWINGS
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

As of December 31, 2015 and during the year then ended, the Company did not have any subordinated borrowings.

INFORMATION REGARDING COMPALIANCE WITH RULE 15C3-3



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Members
Miura Capital, LLC
(Formerly Murex Capital, LLC)
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.)

We have reviewed management's statements, included in the accompanying Exemption Report under Rule 17a-5(d)(4) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, in which (1) Miura Capital, LLC (formerly Murex Capital, LLC) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.) identified the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. §15c3-3(k) under which Miura Capital, LLC claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. §240.15c3-3: paragraph (k)(2)(ii) (the "exemption provision") and (2) Miura Capital, LLC stated that Miura Capital, LLC met the identified exemption provisions throughout the most recent fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 without exception. Miura Capital, LLC's management is responsible for compliance with the exemption provisions and its statements.

Our review was conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) and, accordingly, included inquiries and other required procedures to obtain evidence about Miura Capital, LLC's (a wholly-owned subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.) compliance with the exemption provisions. A review is substantially less in scope than an examination, the objective of which is the expression of an opinion on management's statements. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our review, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to management's statements referred to above for them to be fairly stated, in all material respects, based on the provisions set forth in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Miami, Florida February 26, 2016

monison, Brown, Aigiz & Fana

An Independent Member of Baker Tilly International

Exemption Report Under Rule 17a-5(d)(4) of the Securities and Exchange Commission December 31, 2015

Miura Capital, LLC (formerly Murex Capital, LLC) (the "Company") is a registered broker-dealer subject to Rule 17a-5 promulgated by Securities and Exchange Commission (17 C.F.R. §240.17a-5, "Reports to be made by certain brokers and dealers"). This Exemption Report was prepared as required by 17 C.F.R. § 240.17a-5(d)(1) and (4). To the best of its knowledge and belief, the Company states the following:

- (1) The Company claimed an exemption from 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3 under the following provisions of 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3 (k)(2)(ii) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015.
- (2) The Company met the identified exemption provisions in 17 C.F.R. § 240.15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) throughout the most recent fiscal year, January 1, 2015 to December 31, 2015 without exception.

Miura Capital, LLC

I, Maud Bleus, affirm that, to my best knowledge and belief; this Exemption Report is true and correct.

Chief Financial Officer

February 26, 2016

STATEMENT ON EXEMPTION FROM THE COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 under (k) (2) (ii) because all customer transactions are cleared through a clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. During the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company did not hold customers' funds or securities.

INFORMATION REGARDING SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION ASSESSEMENTS

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT AND PAYMENTS (FORM SIPC-7)

DECEMBER 31, 2015



INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT AND PAYMENTS (FORM SIPC-7)

To the member of Miura Capital, LLC (Formerly Murex Capital, LLC) (A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of MWM Holdings, S.R.L.)

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2015, which were agreed to by Miura Capital, LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Miura Capital, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of Form SIPC-7. Miura Capital, LLC's management is responsible for the Miura Capital, LLC.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

 Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries and copies of checks, noting no differences;

Check Date	Check number	<u>Payee</u>	Ar	mount
July 30, 2015	1741	SIPC	\$	5,288
February 22, 2016	1983	SIPC	\$	5,399

- Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17a-5 for the year ended December 31, 2015, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2015, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with focus reports, general ledger and financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the focus reports for the year ended December 31, 2015, supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone than these specified parties.

Miami. Florida

Monison. Brown, Aigiz & Fana

February 26, 2016

MIURA CAPITAL, LLC (FORMERLY MUREX CAPITAL, LLC) (a Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of MWM Holdings S.R.L.) SIPC General Assessment Reconciliation Year Ended December 31, 2015

Total Revenues	\$ 4, 366, 4 93
Less: Interest expense Net gain from securities investments	42,598 19,054
Net Operating Revenue	4 ,304,841
Times: General assessment rate	0.0025
General Assessment	10,762
Less: Payment made with SIPC-6 Overpayment Applied	5,288 75
Balance Due	\$ 5.399

See Independent Accountant's Agreed-Upon Procedures Report On Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2015