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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2015	AND ENDING_	12/31/2015
	MM/DD/Y Y		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: SUSQUE	HANNA FINANCIAL	GROUP, LLLP	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	NESS: (Do not use P.O. I	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
401 CITY AVENUE, SUITE 22	0		
	(No. and Street)		
BALA CYNWYD	PA		19004
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER BRIAN SULLIVAN	SON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT 610-617-2635
			(Area Code - Telephone Number)
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT wh	ose opinion is contained	in this Report*	
EISNERAMPER LLP	•	•	
(l	Name – if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	
750 THIRD AVENUE	NEW YORK	NY	10017
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			1/
☑ Certified Public Accountant			\mathcal{N}
☐ Public Accountant			all
☐ Accountant not resident in Unite	d States or any of its poss	essions.	9 (
F	OR OFFICIAL USE C	NLY	
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^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	В	RIAN SULLIVAN		. sv	wear (or affirm) that, to the b	est of
	kno	wledge and belief the accompanying	g financial statement ar			
		QUEHANNA FINANCIAL GROUP, LLL		11- 3	1	, as
of		DECEMBER 31		. are true and corre	ect. I further swear (or affire	
		the company nor any partner, propr			· ·	
		ed solely as that of a customer, exce		or allowed has any p	roprioury intorest in any acc	, ount
Oic	JUILLY	ed solely as that of a dustomer, exec	pt as follows.			
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,	/		 	REASURER		
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+	_	Notary Public	Celeste A. Stellabott, Not	ary Public	•	
		Notary Fublic	Lower Merion Twp., Montgor	nery County	·	
Th	is rei	port ** contains (check all applicant	My Commission Expires Fel	ION OF NOTARIES		
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$		Facing Page.	ELIDERA LINA			
\square		Statement of Financial Condition.				
	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).				
	(d)	Statement of Changes in Financial	Condition.			
	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockhold	lers' Equity or Partners	' or Sole Proprietors'	' Capital.	
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities	Subordinated to Clain	s of Creditors.	•	
	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.				
	(h)	Computation for Determination of	Reserve Requirements	Pursuant to Rule 15c	:3-3.	
	(i)	Information Relating to the Possess	sion or Control Require	ements Under Rule 1:	5c3-3.	
	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropr	riate explanation of the	Computation of Net C	Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and	d the
		Computation for Determination of				
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audit	ted and unaudited State	ments of Financial C	ondition with respect to metl	hods of
		consolidation.				
$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$		An Oath or Affirmation.				
	` '	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental I				
	(n)	A report describing any material inac	dequacies found to exist	t or found to have exis	ted since the date of the previo	ous audit

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

SUSQUEHANNA FINANCIAL GROUP, LLLP (a limited liability limited partnership)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2015



Eisner Amper LLP 750 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017-2703 T 212.949.8700 F 212.891.4100

www.eisneramper.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Partners Susquehanna Financial Group, LLLP

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Susquehanna Financial Group, LLLP (the "Entity") as of December 31, 2015. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Entity's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Susquehanna Financial Group, LLLP as of December 31, 2015, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Eisner Amper LLP

New York, New York
February 25, 2016

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2015

(dollars in thousands)

Other assets

ASSETS

Cash	\$	108
Cash segregated under federal and other regulations		1,500
Receivable from clearing brokers	:	335,624
Bond interest receivable		3,578
Securities owned - at fair value	:	392,125
Securities borrowed	1	668,056
Accrued trading receivables		7,715
Receivable from affiliates		20
Commission receivable		9,550

Total assets <u>\$ 1,420,388</u>

LIABILITIES AND PARTNERS' CAPITAL

Fixed assets (net of accumulated depreciation of \$4,603)

Payable to clearing broker	\$ 422
Bond interest payable	3,001
Securities sold, not yet purchased - at fair value	390,929
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	102,157
Securities loaned	641,759
Accrued trading payables	4,418
Payable to affiliates	13,786
Accrued compensation	29,314
Guaranteed payments to partners	1,197
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	 1,398

Total liabilities 1,188,381

Partners' capital 232,007

Total liabilities and partners' capital \$\frac{\\$1,420,388}{\}\$

1,968

144

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE A - ORGANIZATION

Susquehanna Financial Group, LLLP (the "Entity") is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The Entity's designated examining regulatory authority is the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. The Entity generally acts as an introducing broker and trades for its own account as a market-maker on the principal United States securities exchanges. The Entity is owned 99.9% by SFG Holding, LLC and 0.1% by SFG Partner, LLC.

NOTE B - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Entity records purchases and sales of securities, commissions and related expenses on a trade-date basis.

Interest income and expense are recorded on the accrual basis.

Dividend income and dividends on securities sold, not yet purchased, are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The Entity maintains cash in a deposit account which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.

Depreciation of fixed assets is computed using the double-declining-balance method over the estimated useful life of the assets.

Repurchase and resale agreements are accounted for as collateralized financing transactions and are carried at the amounts at which the securities will be reacquired or resold as specified in the respective agreements, plus accrued interest. The Entity continually monitors the fair value of the underlying securities as compared with the related receivable and payable, including accrued interest, and requests or pays additional collateral where deemed appropriate.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into United States dollar amounts at the period-end exchange rates. Purchases and sales of financial instruments that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated into United States dollar amounts at the prevailing rates of exchange on the transaction date.

This financial statement has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which require the use of estimates by management.

NOTE C - CASH SEGREGATED UNDER FEDERAL AND OTHER REGULATIONS

Cash of \$1,500 has been segregated in a special reserve bank account for the benefit of customers in accordance with the Entity's exemption under Section k(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3.

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Entity measures its financial instruments in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification Section for Fair Value Measurements. This codification section clarifies the definition of fair value financial reporting, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and requires additional disclosures about the use of fair value measurements. Fair Value Measurements establishes a fair value hierarchy and specifies that a valuation technique used to measure fair value shall maximize the use

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The objective of a fair value measurement is to determine the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (an exit price). Accordingly, the fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under Fair Value Measurements are described below:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical, unrestricted assets or liabilities that the Entity has the ability to access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 Inputs that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability (other than quoted prices for the specific asset or liability in an active market), including quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in an active market, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in a nonactive market, inputs other than quoted prices, and inputs derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or otherwise; and
- Level 3 Prices, inputs or exotic modeling techniques which are both significant to the fair value measurement and unobservable (supported by little or no market activity).

As required by the Codification Section for Fair Value Measurements, financial instruments are classified within the level of the lowest significant input considered in determining fair value. Financial instruments classified within Level 3 whose fair value measurement considers several inputs may include Level 1 or Level 2 inputs as components of the overall fair value measurement.

The tables that follow set forth information about the level within the fair value hierarchy at which the Entity's financial instruments are measured at December 31, 2015:

Assets measured at fair value:

Description	_ Totals		Active N Identic	Prices in larkets for al Assets vel 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	
Equities: Market Maker Debt Securities:	\$	9	\$	7	\$	2
Corporate Government (Foreign,	30	2,800	19	9,669		103,131
Treasury)	8	9,316		713		88,603

The amounts presented in the above table include a net amount for those instances where the Entity holds the long and short positions for the same security symbols in different accounts.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE D - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Liabilities measured at fair value:

Description	Totals	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Liabilities (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		
Equities: Arbitrage	\$ 1,979	\$ 1.979			
Debt Securities:	\$ 1,979	\$ 1,979			
Corporate Government (Foreign,	352,170	295,670	\$ 56,500		
Treasury)	36,780		36,780		

The amounts presented in the above table include a net amount for those instances where the Entity holds the long and short positions for the same security symbols in different accounts.

Equity securities owned, and equity securities sold, not yet purchased, traded on a national securities exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the year. Debt securities are generally valued using broker or dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources on the last business day of the year.

The following table represents a reconciliation of activity for the Level 3 financial instruments:

Description	Warrants
Beginning balance as of January 1, 2015 Sales Net loss from principal transactions	\$ 1,807 (1,496) (311)
Ending balance as of December 31, 2015	<u>\$</u>

NOTE E - OFFSETTING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

In connection with its securities borrowed, securities loaned, securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase, the Entity generally enters into netting agreements and collateral agreements with its counterparties. These agreements provide the Entity with the right, in the event of a default by the counterparty (such as bankruptcy or a failure to pay or perform), to net a counterparty's rights and obligations under the agreement and to liquidate and set off collateral against any net amount owed by the counterparty. The enforceability of the netting agreement is taken into account in the Entity's risk management practices and

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE E - OFFSETTING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

application of counterparty credit limits. The following table presents information about the offsetting of derivative instruments and related collateral amounts.

Description	-	Gross Amounts of Recognized Assets	Gross Amounts Offset in the Statement of Financial Condition		Net Amounts of Assets Presented in the Statement of Financial Condition		
Securities borrowed Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$	1,512,993 5,149	\$	(844,937) (5,149)	\$	668,056 -	
Description	R	Gross mounts of ecognized Liabilities	O St	ess Amounts ffset in the catement of cial Condition	Liabi in 1	t Amounts of lities Presented the Statement of Financial Condition	
Securities loaned Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$	1,486,696 107,306	\$	(844,937) (5,149)	\$	641,759 102,157	

The financial instruments purchased or sold in resale and repurchase agreements consist of U.S. government obligations. The resale and repurchase agreements have either no stated maturity or are overnight obligations and are presented under securities purchased under agreements to resell and securities sold under agreements to repurchase, respectively, on the statement of financial condition. The financial instruments borrowed and loaned in securities lending transactions consist of equity securities. The securities lending transactions have either no stated maturity or term maturity dates and the collateral associated with these transactions is presented under securities borrowed and securities loaned on the statement of financial condition.

The following table shows the collateral associated with securities loaned by maturity date:

	Securities	
	Loa	ned (Gross)
No stated maturity and overnight 2-30 days	\$	1,484,588 2,108
	\$	1,486,696

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE F - SECURITIES OWNED AND SECURITIES SOLD, NOT YET PURCHASED

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, are summarized as follows:

	Securities Owned	Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased		
Equity securities Debt securities	\$ 9 <u>392,116</u>	\$ 1,979 <u>388,950</u>		
	<u>\$ 392,125</u>	<u>\$ 390,929</u>		

NOTE G - SECURITIES BORROWED AND SECURITIES LOANED

Securities borrowed and securities loaned are recorded as collateralized financing based upon the amount of cash collateral advanced or received. Securities borrowed transactions require the Entity to deposit cash with the lender. With respect to securities loaned, the Entity receives collateral in the form of cash.

The amount of collateral required to be deposited for securities borrowed, or received for securities loaned, is an amount generally in excess of market value of the applicable securities borrowed or loaned. The Entity monitors the market value of securities borrowed and loaned, with additional collateral obtained, or excess collateral refunded, when deemed appropriate.

Credit risk represents the potential loss that would occur if counterparties related to repurchase agreements and security lending transactions fail to perform pursuant to the terms of their obligations. In addition to its financial instruments and related transactions, the Entity is subject to credit risk to the extent a custodian or broker with whom it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations.

NOTE H - RECEIVABLE FROM AND PAYABLE TO CLEARING BROKERS AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The clearing and depository operations for the Entity's securities transactions are primarily provided by Merrill Lynch Professional Clearing Corp. and JPMorgan Chase & Co.

At December 31, 2015, substantially all of the securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, and the amounts receivable from and payable to clearing brokers reflected in the statement of financial condition are securities positions with and amounts due from and to these clearing brokers.

The Entity has agreed to indemnify Merrill Lynch Professional Clearing Corp. for losses that it may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Entity. As of December 31, 2015, there were no unsecured amounts owed to the clearing broker by these customers.

NOTE I - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Entity is affiliated through common ownership with Susquehanna International Group, LLP ("SIG"), Susquehanna Technology Management, Inc. ("STMI"), Susquehanna Business Development, Inc., SIG Brokerage, LP, Susquehanna Investment Management Consulting (Shanghai) Co, Ltd., Susquehanna Investment Management Consulting (Beijing Branch) Co, Ltd., Global Execution Brokers, LP and Waves Licensing, LLC.

SIG acts as a common payment agent for the Entity and various affiliates for various direct and indirect operating expenses. The Entity pays for the indirect costs at an amount agreed upon between the Entity and SIG based on

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE I - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

allocations determined at SIG's discretion. Included in payable to affiliates is \$8,952 related to these direct and indirect operating costs.

STMI provides administrative and technology services to the Entity and various affiliates. The Entity pays a monthly management fee for these services based on allocations determined at STMI's discretion. Included in payable to affiliates is \$675 related to these services.

Susquehanna Business Development, Inc. performs marketing services for the Entity and various affiliates. Included in payable to affiliates is \$291 related to these services as of December 31, 2015.

SIG Brokerage, LP executes trades for the Entity and, in turn, receives commissions at various rates plus a surcharge. Included in payable to affiliates is \$13 related to these services.

Susquehanna Investment Management Consulting (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. provides consulting services to the Entity. Included in payable to affiliates is \$293 related to these services.

Susquehanna Investment Management Consulting (Beijing Branch) Co., Ltd. provides consulting services to the Entity. Included in payable to affiliates is \$96 related to these services.

The Entity executes trades for various affiliates for which it receives commissions at various rates.

The Entity has an execution services agreement with Global Execution Brokers, LP. Under this agreement, Global Execution Brokers, LP executes orders for the Entity on various exchanges for which the Entity pays a monthly fee of \$500, or such other amount as agreed upon by the Entity and Global Execution Brokers, LP. No payable exists as of December 31, 2015.

The Entity has a licensing agreement with Waves Licensing, LLC. The agreement allows the Entity to utilize Waves Licensing, LLC's intellectual property and research and development, of which Waves Licensing, LLC is the exclusive owner. As consideration for the license, the Entity pays an annual licensing fee equal to a percentage of the Entity's net trading profits, if any, as defined in the licensing agreement. Included in payable to affiliates is licensing fees to Waves Licensing, LLC amounting to \$2,947.

Guaranteed payments are calculated based on a certain class of partners' contributed capital.

Because of their short-term nature, the fair values of the payable to and receivable from affiliates approximate their carrying amounts.

The Entity and various other entities are under common ownership and control. As a result, management can exercise its discretion when determining which entity will engage in new or current business activities and/or trade new products. Therefore, the financial position presented herein may not necessarily be indicative of that which would be obtained had these entities operated autonomously.

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Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE J- COMMITMENTS

The Entity is obligated under various non-cancelable leases for office space expiring through December 2021. These leases contain provisions for escalations based on certain costs incurred by the lessor. The future aggregate minimum rentals under these leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	
2016	\$ 651
2017	764
2018	779
2019	793
2020	807
Thereafter	 108
	\$ 3.902

Annual rent charges arising from lease commitments may be allocated to affiliates at management's discretion.

NOTE K - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK

In the normal course of its business, the Entity trades various financial instruments and enters into various financial transactions where the risk of potential loss due to market risk, interest rate risk, currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and other risks could exceed the related amounts recorded. In general, the Entity hedges its positions to mitigate these risks based on certain models. These models take into consideration the types of risks mentioned above in an attempt to identify arbitrage opportunities associated with various types of financial instruments held by the Entity. Losses may occur when the underlying assumptions on which the Entity's trading is based are not completely representative of actual market conditions. The success of any trading activity is influenced by general economic conditions that may affect the level and volatility of equity prices, credit spreads and interest rates for both equity and interest rate sensitive instruments. Unexpected volatility or illiquidity in relevant markets could adversely affect the Entity's operating results.

Market risk represents the potential loss that can be caused by increases or decreases in the fair value of financial instruments resulting from market fluctuations.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of fixed income or rate sensitive financial instruments will increase or decrease because of changes in interest rates. Generally, the value of fixed income securities will change inversely with changes in interest rates. As interest rates rise, the fair value of fixed income securities tends to decrease. Conversely, as interest rates fall, the fair value of fixed income securities tends to increase. This risk is generally greater for long-term securities than for short-term securities.

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Financial instruments that are denominated in a non-U.S. currency are subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation and political developments.

Credit risk represents the potential loss that would occur if counterparties fail to perform pursuant to the terms of their obligations. In addition to its financial instruments and related transactions, the Entity is subject to credit risk to the extent a custodian or broker with whom it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE K - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk is the risk stemming from the lack of marketability of a position that cannot be bought or sold quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss.

While the use of certain forms of leverage, including margin borrowing and derivative instruments, can substantially improve the return on invested capital; such use may also increase the adverse impact to which the portfolio of the Entity may be subject.

Short selling, or the sale of securities not owned by the Entity, exposes the Entity to the risk of loss in an amount greater than the initial proceeds. Such losses can increase rapidly, and in the case of equities, without effective limit. The Entity limits the risk associated with the short selling of equities by hedging with other financial instruments.

The Entity purchases and sells options on securities.

The seller of a call option which is covered (e.g., the seller has a long position in the underlying instrument) assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying instrument below the value of the underlying instrument, less the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying instrument above the exercise price of the option. The seller of an uncovered call option assumes the risk of a theoretically unlimited increase in the market price of the underlying instrument above the exercise price of the option. The buyer of a call option assumes the risk of losing its entire investment in the call option. If the buyer of the call sells short the underlying instrument, the loss on the call will be offset, in whole or in part, by any gain on the short sale of the underlying instrument.

The seller of a put option which is covered (e.g., the seller has a short position in the underlying instrument) assumes the risk of an increase in the market price of the underlying instrument above the sales price (in establishing the short position) of the underlying instrument, plus the premium received, and gives up the opportunity for gain on the underlying instrument below the exercise price of the option. The seller of an uncovered put option assumes the risk of a decline in the market price of the underlying instrument below the exercise price of the option. The buyer of a put option assumes the risk of losing its entire investment in the put option. If the buyer of the put holds the underlying instrument, the loss on the put will be offset, in whole or in part, by any gain on the underlying instrument.

The Entity may buy or sell "high yield" bonds which are rated in the lower rating categories by the various credit rating agencies (or in comparable non-rated securities). Securities in the lower rating categories are subject to greater risk of loss of principal and interest than higher-rated securities and are generally considered to be predominantly speculative with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. They are also generally considered to be subject to greater risk than securities with higher ratings in the case of deterioration of general economic conditions. Because investors generally perceive that there are greater risks associated with the lower-rated securities, the yields and prices of such securities may tend to fluctuate more than those for higher-rated securities. Adverse publicity and investor perceptions about lower-rated securities, whether or not based on fundamental analysis, may be a contributing factor in a decrease in the value and liquidity of such lower-rated securities.

NOTE L - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Derivative financial instruments may be used to manage market risk and to take an active long or short position in the market. Should interest rates or credit spreads move unexpectedly, anticipated benefits may not be achieved and a loss realized. Furthermore, the use of derivative financial instruments involves the risk of imperfect correlation in movements in the price of the instruments, interest rates and the underlying assets.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2015 (dollars in thousands)

NOTE L - DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Derivatives used for risk management include options, warrants and rights. The following table sets forth the fair value of the Entity's derivative financial instruments by major product type on a gross basis as of December 31, 2015:

	Approximate Annual Volume (Contracts) *	As:	Fair Value Assets Liabilities			Statement of Financial Condition Location
Options	49	\$	-	\$	-	
Warrants	821		-		-	
Rights	5		-		-	

Approximate annual volume of contracts shown is in thousands.

NOTE M - INCOME TAXES

No provision for federal income taxes has been made because the Entity is a partnership and, therefore, is not subject to federal income taxes. The Entity is currently not subject to state or local income taxes.

At December 31, 2015, management has determined that there are no material uncertain income tax positions.

The Entity is no longer subject to federal, state, or local tax examinations by taxing authorities for tax years before 2009 and presently is associated with open federal examinations for tax years 2009 and 2010, as well as being associated with open state examinations with the state of California for tax years 2009 through 2011. Any resulting adjustments pursuant to the examinations would be reportable by the Entity's partners on their respective tax returns.

NOTE N - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

As a registered broker-dealer, the Entity is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. The Entity computes its net capital under the alternative method permitted by the rule, which requires it to maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of the greater of \$250 or an amount determinable based on the market price and number of securities in which the Entity is a market-maker, not to exceed \$1,000. As of December 31, 2015, the Entity had net capital of \$96,429, which exceeded its requirement of \$1,000 by \$95,429.

NOTE O - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to year end, a partner made a capital contribution of \$15,000 and a capital withdrawal of \$25,000.