

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549-4561

Received SEC

JAN 2 3 2012

Washington, DC 20549

January 23, 2012

12025202

Mark Brooks
Utility Workers Union of America
markbrooks@uwua.net

Re:

Sempra Energy

Incoming letter dated January 12, 2012

Act:	1434
Section:	
Rule:	140-8
Public	110-8
Availability:	1-23-12

Dear Mr. Brooks:

This is in response to your letter dated January 12, 2012 concerning the shareholder proposal submitted to Sempra by Utility Workers Union of America. On January 12, 2012, we issued our response expressing our informal view that Sempra could exclude the proposal from its proxy materials for its upcoming annual meeting.

We received your letter after we issued our response. After reviewing the information contained in the letter, we find no basis to reconsider our position.

Copies of all of the correspondence on which this response is based will be made available on our website at http://www.sec.gov/divisions/corpfin/cf-noaction/14a-8.shtml. For your reference, a brief discussion of the Division's informal procedures regarding shareholder proposals is also available at the same website address.

Sincerely,

Ted Yu Senior Special Counsel

cc:

Amy Goodman

Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP AGoodman@gibsondunn.com

From: Sent: Mark Brooks [markbrooks@uwua.net] Thursday, January 12, 2012 9:39 PM

To:

shareholderproposals

Cc:

agoodman@gibsondunn.com; Mike Langford; Gary Ruffner

Subject:

Sempra Energy Shareholder Proposal

Attachments:

FBI_memoranda_Sempra.pdf

January 12, 2012

Via U.S Mail and shareholderproposals@sec.gov

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Division of Corporation Finance Office of Chief Counsel 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, DC 20549

Re:

Sempra Energy Shareholder Proposal

Dear Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am writing on behalf of Utility Workers Union of America ("UWUA") in further response to the no-action request filed by Sempra Energy in this matter.

On January 12, 2012, the *Wall Street Journal* published an article summarizing the investigation by the Department of Justice into recent claims by a former Sempra official that "the company had regularly required him to approve bribes to Mexican officials for a range of services." The *Washington Post* published an article today on the same subject. [2]

In addition, the Federal Bureau of Investigation's internal memoranda concerning that investigation – which are cited in our shareholder proposal – are now publicly available at the FBI's website. [3] We are including copies of these documents for your additional information.

These articles underscore the fact that issues concerning foreign corrupt practices – at U.S. corporations operating overseas in general and at Sempra in particular – now clearly transcend day-to-day business matters and raise significant policy issues that are appropriate for shareholder consideration. This is certainly true regardless of the ultimate outcome of the FBI's investigation into Sempra Energy.

We therefore urge the Staff to reject Sempra's request for a no-action determination. Please let me know if I can provide additional information concerning our position in this matter.

Sincerely,

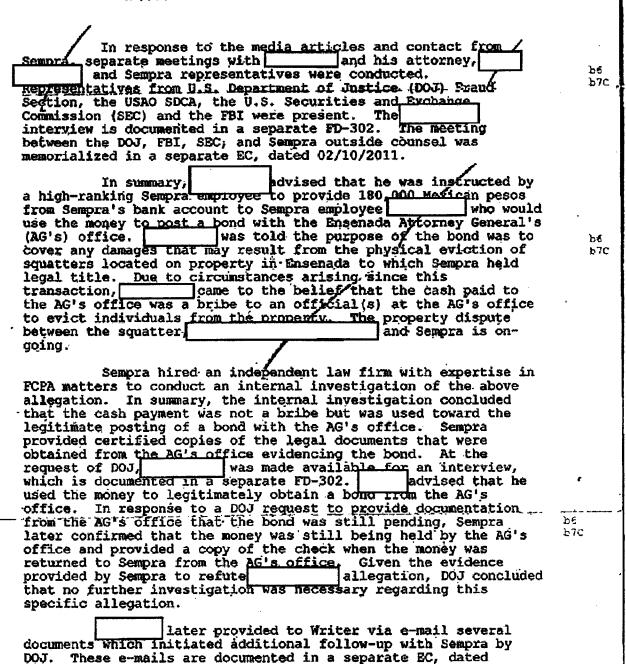
Mark Brooks

cc: Amy Goodman, Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher LLP
D. Michael Langford, UWUA National President
Gary M. Ruffner, UWUA National Secretary-Treasurer

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE Date: 03/15/2011
To: San Diego Criminal Investigative Attn: SSA
From: San Diego Squad WC3 Contact: SA
Approved By:
Drafted By: ecrif
Case ID #: 205-SD-72665 (Pending)
Title: SEMPRA ENERGY; FOREIGN CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT
Symopsis: To initiate a full investigation of captioned matter.
Details: It is respectfully requested that FBI San Diego Division (FBISD) authorize the opening of a full investigation pertaining to the above-captioned matter, and assign it to Writer and Special Agent (SA)
SUMMARY OF ALLEGATION AND PREDICATION:
In November 2010, the San Diego Union Tribune (SDUT) and several other media outlets reported on a "whistleblower" complaint filed by former tempra Energy (Sempra or the Company) employee
for raising questions concerning illegitimate expenditures that "boiled down to" bribes of Mexican government officials, as well as expenditures for the construction of a lavish corporate retreat that was paid for with utility ratepayer funds.
Subsequently, the United States Attorney's Office (USAO) for the Southern District of California (SDCA) was contacted by representatives of Sempra regarding the claims.
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705-50-7266571 23/1/h

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-7265, 03/15/2011



To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 03/15/2011

02/28/2011. As a result, DOJ requested that Sempra outside counsel: (1) conduct an investigation of any cash transactions in Mexico over the last four years; (2) conduct an investigation of any charitable or political donations exceeding \$25,000 made by Sempra to Mexican officials or entities over the last four years, to include specifically the transactions associated with a fire station given by Sempra as a charitable donation to Tijuana; (3) conduct an inquiry into the allegations that Sempra offered cash to members of the Navajo Nation Council to vote in favor of a Sempra resolution; (4) conduct a review of consultants and agents hired in Mexico over the last four years.

Sempra outside counsel assembled responses to all of the above inquiries, which are documented in a separate EC, dated 02/17/2011. Based on Sempra's responses, it was determined that further investigation was warranted concerning a trust (Ensenada Trust or the Trust) established by Sempra for charitable donations to the Ensenada community. According to Sempra outside counsel, the primary purpose for establishing the Trust was to engender goodwill amongst Ensenada community members. Between 2004 and present, Sempra donated over \$7 million to the Ensenada Trust. Currently \$1.8 million of the total \$7 million has been designated or spent. The Trust is overseen by two boards, one of which includes two Sempra employees and local citizens. In response to questions from DOJ, Sempra outside counsel was unable to provide immediate answers concerning oversight of the Ensenada Trust, to include whether an independent audit of the fund is regularly conducted, if due diligence is performed on donation recipients, and the names of board members, to include whether any public officials have served as board members, and whether those board members are paid a salary. Sempra outside counsel agreed to research these issues and provide answers to DOJ's questions. Sempra outside counsel has been unable to provide such responses as of the date of this EC.

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An internal Sempra accounting memorandum provided to Writer by dated February 11, 2005, appears to refute Sempra outside counsel's explanation for the initiation of the Trust and raised additional concerns regarding Sempra's accounting treatment of the Company's contributions to the trust The memorandum was written by

of Sempra LNG at the/time the memorandum was written and current of Sempra LNG. The memorandum states that the Ensenada Trust was established at the request of Ensenada Mayor Jorge Catalan and the amount contributed to the trast, \$7 million, was mutually agreed upon by

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Sempra and Mayor Catalan. The memorandum further states that "As a result [of the trust agreement], on August 12, 2003 the Land Use permit was signed by the Mayor." The land use permit was required for Semora to build an LNG plant in Ensenada. The Trust formed the Advisory Council and Technical Committee and Mayor Catalan became the President of the Technical Committee. memo states that subsequent to a \$500,000 initial contribution to the Trust, Sempra's final permit, the construction license, was signed by the head of the Ensenada City Urban Development Agency, who reported directly to Mayor Catalan. The memo further states, "...after the construction license was issued, Sempra contributed the second payment of \$500,000 USD to the Trust... When Mayor Cesar Mancillas was elected in 2004 to replace Catalan, Mancillas became President of the Trust's Technical Committee. The memo finally states, "During Q4 2005, subject to no unplanned permitting impediments [emphasis added], Sempra will contribute \$5,000,000 USD to the Trust." The memo concluded that the establishment and funding of the trust was a cost associated with developing the LNG facility and such cost should be capitalized as part of the plant.

The statements in the above-described memorandum made by the CFO of the organization clearly indicate the existence of a guid pro quo arrangement with regard to the establishment and incremental funding of the Trust in exchange for key permits required from the city of Ensenada to build the Sempra LNG plant. It can be assumed that no "unplanned permitting impediments" were experienced by Sempra since the LNG plant was constructed and is fully operational today, and the Trust was fully funded for \$7 million. Additionally, the Company has been unable to provide evidence that key controls are in place to maintain oversight of the Trust and the designation of charitable contributions made from the Trust. According to the FBI's 2008 FCPA Targeting Assessment, Mexico ranked as the third-highest "at-risk" country for corruption by the Conference Group's survey, and the energy sector had the most FCPA actions taken against it from 2000 through 2006.

STATEMENT THAT REQUISITE LEVEL OF PREDICATION EXISTS:

Based upon the above-described information, to include the clear indication of a quid pro quo arrangement regarding the Ensenada Trust as documented internally by Sempra LNG's CFO, the apparent lack of controls over distributions from the Trust, and the risk factors related to the country in which Sempra took these actions as well as the business sector in which the Company

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To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD- , 03/15/2011

operates, there are ample facts and indicators which reflect that Sempra and its business executives may have engaged in criminal activity so as to justify the opening of a full investigation.

STATEMENT OF THE AUTHORIZED PURPOSE:

A full investigation will be conducted in order to determine whether a federal crime has occurred, to identify, locate, and apprehend co-conspirators, and to obtain evidence necessary for prosecution.

FEDERAL VIOLATION:

The above facts and circumstances indicate that the captioned subject and individuals employed by the subject participated in violations of 15 U.S.C. \$\$ 78dd-1, the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act.

INITIAL INVESTIGATIVE STRATEGY:

The initial investigative strategy consists of identifying those documents and other evidence indicating that Sempra employees had knowledge of and concealed a scheme to bribe Mexican officials, identifying and interviewing witnesses to the criminal conduct, and interviewing the individuals identified as subjects.

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PROSECUTORIAL OPINION:

DOJ Fraud Section Deputy Chief	and
Assistant United States Attorney (Southern District of	•
California) are currently the assigned prosecu	
this matter, and have been involved in all meetings to da	te with
Sempra representatives and witnesses. Both and	
have agreed to prosecute any meritorious case that is dev	e loped
through the investigation of this matter.	

(Rev. 95-01-2008)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION	
Precedence: ROUTINE Date: 02/10/2013	L
To: San Diego	
From: San Diego Squad WC3 Contact: SA	
Approved By:	b6
Drafted By: ecpaps	b7c
Case ID #: SD 205-0 (Pending)	
Title: FOREIGN CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT OF 1977; ZERO FILE	
Synopsis: To document investigative activity regarding FCPA allegations against Sempra Energy.	8
Enclosure(s): FD-302 of FD-302 of	Pop
Details: In November 2010, the San Diego Union Tribune (SDU and several other media outlets reported on a "whistleblower complaint filed by former Sempra Energy (Sempra or the Compa employee The complaint alleged mostly that was rised by Sempra for raising questions concerning	ny) be bro
rilegiculate expenditures that "boiled down to" bribes of Me government officials, as well as expenditures for the construction of a lavish corporate retreat that was paid for	xican
utility ratepayer funds. Copies of First Amended Complaint and the SDUT articles are maintained in the lA sec of the zero file. Subsequently, the United States Attorney	tion
Office for the Southern District of California was contacted representatives of Sempra regarding the claims.	
In response to the media articles and contact from Sempra, separate meetings with and his attorney, and Sempra representatives were held on 01/25/2011. interview is documented in the enclosed FD-302. The following is a summary of the 01/25/2011 meeting between the Department of Justice (DOJ), the U.S. Securities and Exchang Commission (SEC), and Sempra outside counsel. Present at the	The b6 b7c
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-50-205-0; 12-205-50-72665; 4.

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/10/2011

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meeting were: PBI Special Agents and and	
SEC attorneys and	
Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA DOJ Deputy	
Chief (Fraud Section) Attorneys and of Jones Day Law firm representing Sempra,	4
and Attorneys and Baker & McKenzie, Baker & McKenzie was hired by Sempra to conduct an internal	•
investigation of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) b7	
allegation.	
presented the results of Baker & McKenzie's	
internal investigation, which ultimately concluded that	
2010 "Reduction in Force" program. Sempra attempted to relocate	
within the Company, but was unable to identify a	
position for him.	
FCPA allegation against the company	
concerned a cash transaction in which was involved to	
execute the eviction of a squatter on property in Ensenada Mexico	
to which Sempra held legal title. Sempra had initiated a legal proceeding in Mexico, known as a "Despoio." or dispossession,	
proceeding against the squatter, and was	
informed by the Ensenada Attorney General's (AG's) Office that a	
bond would be required to cover any damages that may result from	
the physical eviction of the squatters. Several options existed	
for posting the bond, including a cash deposit, mortgage, pledge,	
trust, personal bond or corporate bond. Sempra was notified on	
or about 09/13/2006 that a small bond would be required for the	5
nespojo and that the execution order would take blace between	-
3:00am and 5:00am on 09/15/2006. Since Sempra was given only one day to post the bond, Sempra's only option was to pay cash to	
post the bond since every other method would have required more	
than one day to obtain.	
	-
was instructed to withdraw 180,000 Mexican	
pesos from Sempra's bank account and give the cash to Sempra	
employee who would post the bond with the Ensenada AG's	
office. Was a government affairs attorney in Mexico. Coincidentarry, was scheduled to be	
did as instructed and pesos	
110M Sempra Energy's Energia Costa Azur Dank account at BBVA	
Bancomer. brovided a cony of the check evidencing the	
withdrawal of cash by When arrived at	
office on 09/14/2006 to retrieve the cash, offered	

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/10/2011

	all 180,000 pesos; however, told only 100,000 pesos	
	was required for the bond. instructed to take	
	120,000 pesos in case more money was required. provided a	_
	120,000 pesos III case more money was required.	•
	copy of the receipt signed byevidencing the exchange of	
	120.000 pesos. Also present at office was	
L	who signed as a witness on the receipt, along with	
	took the 120,000 pesos and went to the Ensenada	
_	AG'S Office, where he paid 100,000 pesos for the bond.	
	received a certified copy of the receipt. later	
	accompanied the members of the AG's office to the property	•
	whereupon the eviction was effected at approximately 3:00am on	
		Ъ6
	09/15/2006. Immediately went from the eviction site to his	b7C
	rehearsal dinner and was married on Saturday, 09/16/2006.	
	was unable to take his honeymoon trip to Italy due to his	
	involvement with the eviction and the subsequent	
	media and legal fallout. The Company purchased first class plane	
	tickets to Italy for and his wife, which the Company termed	•
	a "spot" bonus, so that could take his honeymoon trip at a	•
	later date.	_
	tatet date.	
	manifest the following agreementing of the 190 000	
	provided the following accounting of the 180,000	
	pesos withdrawn from the Bancomer bank account:	
	Returned to 60,000	
	Bond payment 100,000	
	Tolls 390	
	Sundry supplies 5,228	
	Returned to company 14,382	
	Total 180,000	
	The sundry supplies were purchased by at Home Depot for	
	the company's security force that stayed at the property to take	
	custody of it and to ensure the squatters did not return. A	
	wassiak fan thasa murahagas was not available	
	receidt for these duichases was not avallable.	
	receipt for these purchases was not available.	
	· ·	••
	provided copies of the documents that were	 be
	provided copies of the documents that were obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The	 b€ b70
	provided copies of the documents that were obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email	
!	obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email to Sempra corporate executives confirming that	
	obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email to Sempra corporate executives confirming that had delivered the cash to and had just left	
	provided copies of the documents that were obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email to Sempra corporate executives confirming that had delivered the cash to and had just left his office was time-stamped after 10:00pm.	
	provided copies of the documents that were obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email to Sempra corporate executives confirming that had delivered the cash to and had just left his office was time-stamped after 10:00pm. speculated that the reason for the time discrepancy was eitner that the Ensenada	
	provided copies of the documents that were obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email to Sempra corporate executives confirming that had delivered the cash to and had just left his office was time-stamped after 10:00pm. speculated that the reason for the time discrepancy was eitner that the Ensenada	
	obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email from to Sempra corporate executives confirming that had delivered the cash to and had just left his office was time-stamped after 10:00pm. speculated that the reason for the time discrepancy was either that the Ensenada AG's office mistakenly wrote 20:30 on the bond when the accurate	
	provided copies of the documents that were obtained from the Ensenada AG's office evidencing the bond. The document listed its time of issuance as "20:30" hours. An email to Sempra corporate executives confirming that had delivered the cash to and had just left his office was time-stamped after 10:00pm. speculated that the reason for the time discrepancy was eitner that the Ensenada	

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/10/2011

_ T the Off war Sallandan bhis businessian until	
In the 3.5 years following this transaction until was laid off, never voiced concerns about this	
transaction to anyone Within the company. Sempra has a code of	
conduct and a stand-alone FCPA compliance policy.	
signed Sarbanes-Oxley certifications and FCPA certifications	
every year and navor reported this incident as a possible FCPA	
violation. held quarterly meetings with a . Sempra in-house attorney responsible for CPA compliance, as part	. b6
of a Mexican litigation review. never once voiced any	.50 57C
concerns to regarding potential FCPA violations.	
never raised any concerns about FCPA violations at his regular	
Controller meetings, which were attended by approximately 12	
individuals. Not until received notice that he would be	Ъ6
laid off from the Company did he ask a question about the cash	Ъ7C
transaction that had occurred in Mexico with regard to the bond. At that time, asked a subordinate to email company	
documents to his personal email account regarding the	
transaction.	
on-going complaint against the Company has	
evolved from a wrongful termination suit with regard to age	
discrimination, to an allegation that a corporate structure built in Ensenada, Casa Azul, was paid for with rate payer money, to an	
allegation of bribing a foreign official. Sempra's first contact	
with a attorney after was laid off stated that	
was entitled to some monetary relief, but made no	þ 6
mention of FCPA violations. has had three different	b?c
attorneys to date in his on-going complaint against the Company.	•
In summary, internal investigation concluded	
In summary, internal investigation concluded that is a disgruntled ex-employee who wants to extract	
money from the Company by whatever means necessary, and that the	
allegations of an FCPA violation are without merit. The cash was	
used toward the legitimate posting of a bond with the Ensenada	
AG's office and was not a bribe. All documents provided by	
are maintained in the 1A section of the zero file.	
did not conduct any interviews of individuals	
within the Ensenada AG's office, primarily due to safety	
concerns. complaint did not name the person within	
the AG's office who was bribed and furthermore	
works at the AG's officeis known to	
associate with cartel members and attorney, who	
represents many cartel members, is known as "El Diablo."	

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To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/10/2011

Based upon the presentation provided by was asked to make available for an interview. Was interviewed on 02/03/2011, as documented in the enclosed FD-302. Following the interview, was asked to provide documentation from the Ensenada AG's office that the 100,000 peso bond is still pending. On 02/05/2011, Writer received two e-mails from forwarded two emails from One email related to the construction of a fire station in Tijuana paid for The payment of these expenses by Sempra and donated to Tijuana. circumvented the traditional approval process. The second email related to payments from Semora to the niece of affairs cabinet minister. These parmonts also circumvented the traditional approval process. also stated in his email that he had given an interview to Channel 10 news regarding our meeting with emails and attachments are maintained in the A section of the zero file. Media articleś published on 02/06/2011 regarding meeting with government investigators are maintained in the 1A section of the zero file. Writer located a web link in the comments section of the on-line articles to a document from Navajo Nation to the Speaker of the Navajo Nation Council. The Letter is dated 11/08/2010 and its purpose is to veto Resolution No. CO-42-10, which granted Sempra and a piping company (non-Navajo entities) exclusive rights to a wind project on the reservation. Certain Navajo laws were disregarded in approving the resolution; furthermore, the letter states that reports were received that Sempra and the piping company representatives offered certain elected officials cash for their vote in favor of the resolution. In addition, Council Delegate stated on the floor of the Navajo Nation Council that on 09/23/2010 he was offered "campaign funds" by Sempra to "vote green." A copy of this letter is maintainedin the 1A section of the zero file. Based upon the foregoing information and that and DOJ Deputy documented in the enclosed FD-302s, AUSA concluded that insufficient evidence existed for criminal prosecution in this matter as it relates to the FCPA allegation against Sempra. However, given this and other similar allegations of misconduct concerning Sempra's business operations, Sempra was requested to undertake the following actions during a telephone call with on 02/10/2011:

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To: San Diego From: San Diego

Re: SD 205-0, 02/10/2011

- 1. Obtain evidence from the Ensenada AG's office that the 100,000 peso bond is still pending;
- Conduct an investigation of any cash transactions in Mexico over the last four years;
- 3. Conduct an investigation of any charitable or political donations exceeding \$25,000 made by Sempra to Mexican officials or entities over the last four years, to include specifically the transactions associated with a fire station given by Sempra as a charitable donation to Tijuana;

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- 4. Conduct an inquiry into the allegations that Sempra offered cash to members of the Navajo Nation Council to vote in favor of the Sempra resolution;
- 5. Conduct a review of consultants and agents hired in Mexico over the last four years.

advised that he would relay our requests to Sempra and provide a response. Results of the aforementioned actions, once received, will be reported in a separate communication.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence:	ROUTINE	Date:	02/17/2011	•
To: San Dieg	io			b 6
	ego nad WC3 ntaot: SA			b 70
Approved By:				
Drafted By:	ss ff			
Case ID #: SD	205-0 (Pending) 13			
Title: FOREI ZERO	IGN CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT OF 19 FILE	977;		_/
	o document investigative activi against Sempra Energy (Sempra o			(1,2/3) (1,6,7)
Reference: S	SD 205-0 Serial 12			188
	Wednesday, 02/16/2011, a meeti participants: FBI Special Age U.S Securities and Exchan	ents	and	l .
attorneys	and	As	ssistant Unite	:d
States Attorn	ney (AUSA)		Justice (DOJ) corneys	-
and	of Jones Day La			
Sempra, and	Controller for Semon	ra Liqui	fied Natural	
Gas (LNG) ib	Mexico. The meeting took place	ce as a	result of	
Sempra's resp	conse to information requested legations of Sempra's misconduc	by the	DOJ and SEC	•
	ll on Thursday, 02/10/2011, as			
referenced se	erial. and provi	iđëd a þ	cortfolio of	
documents to	support Sempra's responses.	Referenc	ces to these	b6
	ll be made throughout. All doo be maintained in the 1A section			b7C
that Sempra of Council to vo	e first matter presented address of fered cash to members of the ote in favor of a resolution graphts to a wind project on a Navastated that the Foreign Co	Navajo ranting vajo res	Nation (NN) Sempra servation in	of
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205-50-72665; 5 -SD 205-0; 3

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/17/2011

1977 (FCPA) would have no jurisdiction in this matter for these three reasons: 1.) the FCPA applies to foreign sovereignties, and although Native American reservations are dependent political communities, they are ultimately under the sovereignty of the U.S.; 2.) in legislative history, the FCPA was established to address concerns with business conducted with foreign countries; and 3.) a separate statute within Title 18, United States Code

(USC) 666 covers bribes with Native American tribes.	
from 2008 to 2010, Sempra partnered with Intermational	
Piping Products, Inc. (IPP) to negotiate a lease agreement for a Navajo Wind project on Gray Mountain with the NN be	
Navajo Wind project on Gray Mountain with the Mil	б
Arizons Chapter Council On 06/03/2010	7C
aggressed a letter to of the NN,	
expressing Sempra's decision to discontinue efforts to negotiate	
the wind project proposal due to "lack of satisfactory progress"	
(Tab A-1). In August of 2010, the NN Council informed Sempra and	
IPP that circumstances surrounding the wind project had changed	
and encouraged both parties to attend a NN Resources Committee	
meeting on 09/23/2010. IPP Agent who lived on	
the Navajo Nation reservation, accepted the invitation; however,	
no Sempra employees attended. During this meeting, Resolution	
No. CO-42-10 reestablished negotiations for the wind project.	
between Sempra, IPP and the NN. On 10/21/2010, the Navajo Tribal	
Council met to vote on the above resolution. NN Council Delegate	
announced that he would not vote on the resolution	
because he had been offered campaign funds at the 09/23/2010	
meeting to "vote green." Attending NN members admonished	
not to make this allegation simply because he was on the losing	
end of a favorable vote. The resolution subsequently passed.	
On 11/08/2010. as a result ofbribery allegation	
and other concerns. laddressed a memorandum to	_
stating that he veroed b	-
the context a decision to hedociace a rease areas and riv	7C
(Tab A-2). followed with a letter to on	
11/12/2010, which expressed that Sempra stood firm on their	
decision to cease negotiations on the wind project, that Sempra	
took the bribery accusation seriously, and that consequently,	
Sempra initiated an independent review of the allegation (Tab A-	
3).	
The NN and Rules Office (NNERO) interviewed	
on 11/16/2010 regarding his allegation. On 11/18/2010. NN	
Council Delegate provided a memorandum to	
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To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/17/2011

asking that the NN Council override veto of Resolution No. CO-42-10. Claimed that neither Sempra nor IPP solicited by the solicited provide proof of his accusation at the recorded 11/10/2010 meeting (Tab A-4). Was unable to provide any proof. The NNERO notified In a memorandum dated 11/20/2010, that they would not initiate an investigation of the allegation because could not provide substantive information relative to the person's name and whether the person was a NN elected official or employee (Tab A-5). On 11/22/2010, the NNERO also notified in a memorandum that they would not investigate his allegation without both the subject and personal matter jurisdiction (Tab A-6).
In a faxed letter dated 12/17/2010. consultant and former advised that he had spoken to several members of the NN government and some council delegates to learn that no one took seriously when he made the public bribery allegation. NNERO interview, plaimed he was approached by a man he had never seen before and could not identify by name when offered a campaign donation to vote green. Stated that the NN was not planning to file any charges against Sempra (Tab A-7). On 12/18/2010, provided a signed declaration
(Tab A-8, document retained by NNERO formally notified Sempra by way of a letter addressed to that they had interviewed and without further information, would not be able to investigate the bribery allegation (Tab A-9). In conclusion, sent a letter to dated 12/30/2010, stating that sempra was surprised to learn of allegation, asked why did not report the alleged bribe when it supposedly occurred in September, and requested that send details of the allegation to Sempra in writing.
advised that Sempra hired and in Arizona to conduct an independent review or the allegation which was still ongoing. The DOJ requested that inquire with as to why the investigation had not been closed based upon the outcome of the NNERO probe.

The second matter presented addressed concerns surrounding transactions associated with a fire station given by Sempra as a charitable donation to the City of Tijuana.

To: San Diego From: San Diego.

Re: SD 205-0, 02/17/2011

In 2007, a subsidiary of Sempra Pipelines and Storage (P&S) responsible/for laying pipeline, TGN, began construction of pipelines crossing through populated areas of Tiddans. As an act of medwill to build community support, suggested Sempra construct a new. Hire station in Tijuana. On 02/12/2007 a Semora Funding Request Form was drafted and approved by (Tab B-1). The estimated amount of the project was US\$452,675. A subsequent donation agreement between TGN and Tijuana was drafted and signed (Tab B-2). On 08/20/2007, a contract was executed between TGN and contractor) for construction of the fire station (Tab B-3). funds for construction went to the contractor. Section 36.1 of the contract (unofficially translated in Tab B-4) addressed FCPA rules stating that the contractor agreed to comply with and enforce the law against corrupt practices committed abroad. Construction of the fire station was completed and the City of Tijuana issued a receipt of donation to TGN in the amount of MX\$5.784,143.06 on 11/30/2007 (Tab B-5) issued for tax purposes. presented photographs of the fully constructed fire station and ribbon cutting ceremony. For further clarification, DOJ Deputy Chief requested that Sempra undertake the following actions as they relate to the fire station donation:

- 1. Locate relevant permits on file for the P&S Community Relations Department.
- 2. Provide the approval process for this type of donation.
- Determine use of consultants/agents in building of the fire station.

The third matter presented addressed charitable donations and political contributions over \$25,000 paid in Mexico between 2007 and present. provided an Excel spreadsheet of all charitable donations within the parameters above as well as Sempra's Corporate Giving Policy revised on 10/01/2010. No political contributions have been paid since it is illegal for foreign companies to make contributions to Mexican officials per Article 77 of the Mexican Federal Electoral Code.

Charitable donations by Sempra are made in one of three ways: either 1.) directly to a charitable organization; 2.) to

To: San Diego From: San Diego

Re: SD 205-0, 02/17/2011

the International Community Foundation Grant, an organization similar to United Way, which distributes funds to other charities; or 3.) to the Ensenada Trust created by Sempra to support long term needs and priorities of the community of Ensenada.

Between 2004 and present, Sempra donated over \$7 million to the Ensenada Trust. Currently \$1.8 million has been designated or spent and \$5.2 million remains in the trust. The trust is overseen by two boards, one of which includes two Sempra employees and local citizens. provided color images of a wooden basketball court with the Sempra logo, which Sempra donated to the Boys and Girls Club of Mexico as well as a classroom of computers.

Due to the nature of the trust and its potential for being a "slush fund," requested that Sempra address the following concerns:

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- 1. Are there independent auditors of the trust fund?
- 2. Was the \$1.8 million spent audited?
- 3. How often is the trust audited?
- 4. Is there due diligence on direct donations?
- 5. Provide the names of all board members since the trust's inception and whether they are public officials.
- 6. Are board members compensated?

The fourth matter presented addressed consultants and agents used by Sempra over the past four years.

Sempra LNG Controller since April 2010, was present to discuss his knowledge of the vendor approval and audit process. Between the three subsidiaries, LNG, Generation and P&S, there are approximately 2,800 vendors, to include consultants and agents. Of that total, 50 vendors alone provide services and supplies to the Ensenada LNG (Energia Costa Azul or ECA) plant. All vendors have a tax identification number, which Sempra uses when it reports to the government payments made to that vendor.

The 2005 procurement process involved a written contract which included an engagement letter. The consultant and

To: San Diego From: San Diego

Re: SD 205-0, 02/17/2011

counter party would sign the contract. If the vendor was a sole source, a form was signed by a supervisor one level above. There was no follow-up to inspect the books and records of vendors Sempra used. Once a vendor was approved, a purchase request for that vendor was signed by a supervisor and procurement representative. Any request over \$50,000 required legal review. Before payment was made to the vendor for products or services received, a certification by the receiver was needed. There have been no red flags found in the procurement process, but any vendor concerns would come to the attention of the Controller. To knowledge, Sempra does not maintain "due diligence" files on its vendors in Mexico.

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briefly discussed his knowledge for seven (7) years. They traveled together and attended the annual FCPA training for Controllers. mever voiced any During balance sneet reviews, the bond FCPA concerns to paid to the <u>Ense**hada Attorney** General's (AG) Offi</u>ce for the eviction of the bond in the never came up. became aware of quarrer of 2010 when the controller of that Mexico informed asked that the bond documents be sent to his personal email account. confronted San Diego office about the request. in responded that he wanted to cover himself and havefor his records. asked if something was wrong with the transaction, but received no direct response from result of this request. was not surprised when filed a lawsuit. review of the bond transaction revealed that it had been properly accounted for, all documentation was available, and the money could be traced back to the bank stated that When became Controller of LNG, he scrubbed the accounting records to find and fix errors.

The fifth matter presented addressed the question of
whether the MX\$100,000 bond paid to the Ensenada AG's Office in
2006 was still pending. provided a copy of a certified
document issued by the AG's office dated 02/10/2011 advising that
the MX\$100,000 was being reimbursed and was on its way back to
Sempra asked to know the status of the DOJ and SEC's
investigation of the bond allegation. He expressed that the
negative media attention being generated from and and
accus prions were embarrassing to Sempra and beeded to
be put to bed. advised that there did not seem to be
any need to further investigate the matter and that

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To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/17/2011

would determine the appropriate means by which to formally decline the investigation only as it related to the bond allegation.

/	
In conclusion, stated that the FBI should	
investigate the individuals he believed were involved in the	
situation. The first individual.	
18 8	
to the property near Ensenada and	
would get 55% of monies paid by Sempra. The six hour	
confrontation at the LNG plant by the local Ensenada_police_force	
on 02/11/2011 was created, paid for, and arranged by	
stated that the license plates on	
march the vehicle's registrations and his	
with Mexico license plates is equipped to	
	b€
	b7c
and suspending entities. has a relationship and travels	
with the Mayor of Ensenada. Immigration, Customs and Enforcement	
(ICE) were investigating but the investigation is	
currently on hold.	
The second individual is	
and claims to be	
business, has/a	
address. advised that was sending phony press	
releases to stock analysts to manipulate stock trading; however,	
there is no evidence that takes a nosition on Sempra	
stock,	

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

,	•	
Precedence: ROUTINE	Date: 02/28/2011	
To: San Diego	•	-
From: San Diego Squad WC3 Contact: SA		
Approved By:	•	bé
Drafted By:		67€
Case ID #: SD 205-0 (Pending)		
Title: FOREIGN CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT	OF 1977;	
Synopsis: To document the receipt of attorney representing	documents from	
Reference: SD 205-0 Serials 12, 13	·/	
Details: On 02/11/2011 through 02/12/series of e-mails from 1320 Columbia Street, Suite 200, Sany D	Dego. CA WITH OFFICE	96 97C
telephone (619) 702-8623. cellular fall		
a whistleblower complainan	represents t against Sempra Energy, as	-
documented in referenced seriar 12.		
Attached to the first e-mail were two additional documents related bribes made by Sempra to Mexican office	to potential and alleged sials. One attachment was a	
Sempra internal accounting memo, dated to the "File", entitled "Account.	ing for the Energia Gosta	
Azul Trust Agreement." The memo discuse Ensenada Trust and the company's reason	ning for capitalizing the	
expenses for the trust as they were did developing the company's liquefied nature	ural das (LNG) facility.	
The second attachment included a series personnel discussing the building of a	s of e-mails between Sempra	
Sempra financed the entire cost of the	fire station. Semora	
provided a presentation to Writer and a Department of Justice and the U.S. Second	representatives of the U.S. b6 b70 urities and Exchange	:
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	SA	
	205-50-72665; 6	

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: SD 205-0, 02/28/2011

Commission to answer, in part, the allegations stated above, as documented in referenced serial 13.

stating that the mayor of Ensenada and police "stormed" the ING facility in Ensenada, claiming that Sempra acquired permits illegally. On 02/12/2011, sent Writer another e-mail stating that the Sempra CEO "dumped" 8 million shares of Sempra stock on the same day that the LNG facility was raided.

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All documents detailed above will be maintained in the 1A section of the zero file.

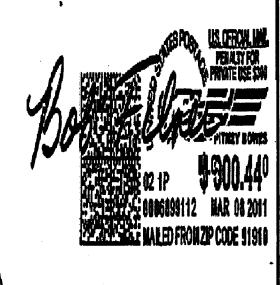
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WASHINGTON, DC 20515-0551

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HIGHWAY AND TIMHGIP

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333 F Street, Suite A Chela Vida, Califorda 91910 Teli (619) 422-5963 Fam (619) 423-7250 1901 Aberory Road, Suter D Baperial, California 92251 Thi: (769) 355-8800 Pari (769) 355-8802

DEMONSTRATION NO.	websilet www.house.gov/filmer
	· March 1, 2011
Acting Agent-In-Charge	
Federal Bureau of Investigation	
9797 Acro Drive	b 6
San Diego, CA 92123	b 7C
5	
Dear	•
I recently met with	and his attorney to discuss ongoing allegations of
	any, Sempra Energy. Specifically, discussed
	of the Federal Corrupt Practices Act.
	•
informed me that he ha	ad met with lawyers from the U.S. Department of Justice and
the U.S. Securities and Exchange C	ommission, along with special agents with the Federal
Bureau of Investigation. Separately,	, I met with a member of the Mexican Congress
	nilar stories frand and bribery committed in Mexico hy
Sempra Energy. Additionally, I hav	e learned that San Diego
has called for a federal investigation	n into Sempra Energy's business dealings in Mexico.
on your investigation of Sempra En	al investigations my office has conducted, I request an update ergy and urge you to continue with the investigation until all ted any federal laws have been brought to justice.
If I can be of any assistance, please (619) 422-5963.	feel free to contact me or Jessica Gomez of my staff at
BF/ig	Sincerely, BOB FILNER Member of Congress
2568864	SH

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MAR 09 2011

FBI - SAN DIEGO

0805501.00 (Rev. 05-01-2006)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: R	COUTINE	Date:	03/10/2011	
To: San Diego	.			
	ego ad WC3 caet: SA			Ъ6
Approved By:	K			ъ7С
Drafted By:	ss g/k			
Case ID #: 20	05-SD-72665 (Pending)			1
Title: FOREIG ZERO I	EN CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT OF	1977;	123	\langle
Synopsis: To allegations as	document investigative act gainst Sempra Energy (Sempr	ivity rega a or the (arding FCPA Company).	<i>)</i>
Reference: 20	05-SD-72665 Serial 5			
Details: On the following	Wednesday, 03/10/2011, a me participants: FBI Special U.S. Securities and Ex	Agents	and	
attorneys	and		ssistant United	
States Attorne	ey (AUSA) Depar		Justice (DOJ)	
Deputy Chief	Fraud Sections		d Attorneys	
	and of Jo	nes Day la	aw firm	
representing	Sempra. The meeting took p	Tace as a	tottom nb to	
the 02/16/2013	l meeting between the DOJ,	SEC and Se	empra (see	
rererenced ser	rial 5), during which the D formation regarding Sempra'	e allement	acts of	b6
misconduct.	advised that Sempra	was not p	repared to	b70
	a's Ensenada Trust nor Semp	ra's use	o £	-
agents/vendor:	s in Mexico. All documents	provided	during this	
meeting will !	be maintained in the 1A sec	tion of the	he case file.	
Rega	arding the MX\$100,000 bond	being ret	urned by the	
Ensenada Atto	rnev General's (AGY Office,	p	rovided	
	showing that a check had b	een issue	d to Sempra's	
power of atto	rney,		n 03/01/2011.	
advise	d that the money had been o	eposited	into the Energia	
Costa Azul (E	CA) account and furnished a	CODY OF		
	UNCLASSIFIED		\ hels	⊅6

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To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 03/10/2011

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check, number 0037149, and the Judicial Power of the State of	
Baja California document verifying the return.	
in Amirina on outcomal	•
investigator hired by Sempra to investigate the Navajo Nation	
bribe allegation, rendered his final investigate the havajo hatton	
advised that attorney, clerked for	•
for one year, followed by, a second year of clerking	
in the 9th District. served as an AUSA in the Arizona	
District for four (4) years. interviewed complainant,	ъ6
last week. had	b7c
a complete change of recollection/ row his previous claim that a	
Sempra or International Piping Products. Inc. (IPP) employee	
offered him a bribe to "vote green." stated that it was a	
group of six (6) to eight (8) Chapter Navajo Nation	
members that approached him and offered to help him with his	
campaign if he voted in favor of the proposed Sempra/IPP wind	
project. stated he was offered no money.	
As part of his investigation, reviewed all of	
Sempra's expenses related to the wind project negotiations	
between 01/01/2007 and 12/31/2010. All receipts for these	
expenses were legitimate. A review of Sempra's political action	
committee (PAC) revealed that no payments were made to any Navajo	
Nation members. interviewed all Sempra and IPP	₽ 6
employees who would have attended the negotiation meetings and	Ъ7 С
all denied making any payments to or others. A review of	
 electronic communications, sorted by word/phrase, exposed no 	,
indication of a plan to influence Navajo officials. was an	
outspoken critic of the wind project from the very beginning.	
investigation concluded that no evidence existed to	
support facts that Sempra had violated any law.	
At referenced meeting on 02/16/2011, the DOJ asked	
- Sempra to provide the following as they pertained to the	
construction and donation of a fire station to the City of	 . , .
Tijuana: 1.) Pipelines and Storage (P&S) Community Relations	
Department permits; 2.) Sempra's donation approval process; and	
3.) the use of agents/consultants in building of the fire	
station.	
advised that the sole purpose for donating the	
fire station to Tijuana was to build community relations. Sempra	
believed it would be beneficial for Tijuana to have a fully	
functional fire station in the event of a worst case scenario gas	
- Dineline emergency). Sembra Diniiciv admitted to finding the	

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 03/10/2011

station. The donation had nothing to do with the process of obtaining permits for pipeline construction in Tijuana; therefore, it was never a quid pro quo, but rather an "in kind donation."

Permits and approvals were necessary to build the fire station. for construction of the fire station, had been a Sempra employee for The formal internal approval was signed on 02/14/2007 by Sempra	ъб ъ7с
formal packet to for approval. The permit for	
construction of the fire station was granted from the City of	
Tijuana on 08/24/2006. Funds to construct the fire station were derived from the TGN business unit, not the Community Relations	
Department. advised that since Sempra always complied	
with guidelines, there was never an uncertainty that the pipeline permit would be granted.	ьб ъ70
Sempra employed and paid only three vendors in the construction of the fire station. The first, was	
hired to and paid a total of	
The second. was hired as the	
and paid a total of approximately The	
third,	
of approximately work by all three vendors was	
completed pursuant to signed contracts with anti-bribery Foreign	
Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) provisions. Invoices from the	
vendors were submitted to TGN with backup, supporting documents	
were approved by management one level above and payments to vendors were made in seven (7) installments.	
to vendors were made in seven (/) instariments.	
attorney,provided	
SA with a news article and an email between and and	
Sempra Energy The article	
stated that three months after its dedication, the \$600,000 fire station built and donated by Sempra to the City of Tijuana, sat	Ъб
abandoned, vandalized, and without electricity. Photographs	₽7¢
attached to the article show a graffiti-covered building. In the	
related email, dated 02/22/2008, asked if the	
donated fire station had been abandoned. stated that the	•
City of Tijuana had abandoned it and that Sampra was "going to see about possibly getting it back." AUSA asked to	
explain the allegation that the fire station had been vacated.	

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 03/10/2011

stated that a week before its dedication, the building har vandalized; however, it was cleaned up, and is fully operating today.)d
and SEC stating that Sempra was no longer being investigated in relation to the bond allegation. would be willing to provide this; however, the letter would state that despite the closure of bond allegation, Sempra was continuing to voluntarily provide other information to the DOJ and SEC. requested that the declination letter be provided no later than 03/24/2011, since Sempra was scheduled that an investor call on that date and the issue of the bond allegation would likely come up.	te
agreed to meet again once Sempra was able to provide information related to the Ensenada Trust and the use of agents/vendors in Mexico.	f

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence:	ROUTINE	. D	ațe:	05/10/2011		
To: San Die	go					
	piego quad WG3 ontaot: SA					ь6
Approved By:						ъ7С
Drafted By:		ecpul				
Case ID #:	205-SD-72665	(Pending)		•		
Title: SEME FORE	Pra energy; Sign corrupt p	RACTICES ACT				
		vestigative activity a Energy (Sempra or				
Day law firm Attorney (AU	SA)	at review by Assistand and FBI Special Ac	t Uni		(c)	
and	the	f a charitable trust		ion letter	945	
		community. Sempra wa				
		ustice to retain a c				b6 Ъ7С
induity reas) walve any at Ording notenti	torney/client privil al violations of the	lege 1 Fore	n the on-going ion Corrupt		
Practices Ac	t (FCPA) by S	empra in Mexico.				
proposed tru	st's operation	ed 03/26/2004, provi g rules and provided	l an o	pinion as to		
1		onstitute a violation based on the trust!				
noting that		cifically mention pr				
benefits to	family member	s of the trust member	ers an	d government		
that the tr	ind require ai	l actions to be in o danger of violating	: the	ance with fura, provisions of		
FCPA. The 1	letter further	asserted that all n	ajor	project		
permits, ind	pluding land u	se permits, required	l to b	e issued by the		
City of Ense	inada had aire	ady been issued, thu of the trust was con	stinge	minating any		
		mits by the City.		alan ana		

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205-50-72665,11

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To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 05/10/2011

AUSA inquired of Coates whether the assertion regarding the acquisition of permits was true at the time the opinion fetter was issued. Coates confirmed that any additional permits Sempra needed to acquire to complete construction of the liquified natural gas plant in Ensenada at the time of issuance of the opinion letter were construction permits issued with little discretion by the City, or were project permits issued by federal or state entities.

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All copies of the opinion letter were returned to Coates. Coates inquired as to the status of the declination letter previously requested by Sempra, to which responded that he would need to address the request further with his office management. AUSA proposed a conference call on 05/16/2011 to follow-up on any outstanding issues.

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(Rev. 05-01-2008)

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Precedence: ROUTINE	Date:	05/10/2011
To: San Diego		•
From: San Diego Squad WC3 Contact: SA		b6 b7c
Approved By:		 .
Drafted By:	ecpt	. •
Case ID #: 205-SD-72665	(Pending)	
Title: SEMPRA ENERGY; FOREIGN CORRUPT	PRACTICES ACT	(x)
	nvestigative activity regar ra Energy (Sempra or the Co	
participants: FBI Special	and Exchange Commission (SE	C) attorney b6
(AUSA) Depar (Franc Section)	phone), Assistant United St tment of Justice (DOJ) Depu	ty Chief
and	of Jones Day law	firm
Ensenada Trust (the Trus	tne purpose of discussing S t) and Sempra's use of agen rovided during this meeting tion of the case file.	ts/vendors in

Ensenada Trust

Sempra enacted the Trust for the purpose ofestablishing good corporate citizenship in Ensenada due to
Sempra's intentions to build a liquified natural gas (LNG)
facility in the area. Prior to establishing the Trust, Sempra
obtained an outside counsel opinion from Winston and Strawn, LLP
specifically for the purpose of determining whether the terms of
the Trust would violate the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA).
HSBC Bank, headquartered in London, is the trustee. The funding
of the Trust followed the following schedule:

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205-50-72665/12

Unclassified

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 05/10/2011

- \$500,000 when Trust certified charitable (07/24/2004)
- . \$5 million at start of construction of the LNG plant
- \$1 million at start of commercial operations of LNG plant

The operation of the Trust is controlled by two committees: the Technical Committee which controls the operations, and the Advisory Council which has input regarding the charitable gifts made from the Trust. Eligible projects are divided into two categories: Municipal, which pertain to the City of Ensenada (e.g. public security, academic, environmental), and Community, which are projects proposed by non-profit organizations with no ties to the City of Ensenada (e.g. hospitals, research, academic, promoting economic development).

Any entity requesting money from the trust must prepare a letter to the Technical Committee. The letter includes a description of the project, a proposed budget, justification, a list of organizations, shareholders, partners and members involved, and at least two bids if the proposal is for a project. Beneficiaries of the Trust must have resided in Ensenada for a minimum of five years, have no connection to any past or present Ensenada official, and cannot be related to members of the Technical Committee. Additionally, The Trust Rules of Operation specifically state that the donation must conform to FCPA regulations. Donations cannot be used for payroll, can never be in the form of cash, and the Trust cannot be the employer of anyone associated with the project. The beneficiary cannot be a person, place of religious worship, agency or institution not legally constituted, or a political party or association.

The Technical Committee is composed of the following five members:

President - current Mayor of Ensenada Treasurer - employee of the Trustor (Sempra's subsidiary Energia Costa Azul)

Secretary - employee of the Trustor

Member - Representative from the Advisory Council

Member - Citizen of Ensenada

The members of the Technical Committee are not compensated. Donations less than \$50,000 must be approved by a majority vote of the technical committee. Donations exceeding \$50,000 can only be approved with a unanimous vote. Ensenada mayors are elected to a three year term, and are limited to one term. Over the past five years, three different Mayors have served as the President

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 05/10/2011

of the Technical Committee; however, the first President attended two to three meetings and then appointed a representative, while the second and third Presidents never attended a meeting and appointed a representative to attend. The current mayor is "at war" with the LNG plant, having recently attempted to shut it down by force with municipal police, and has never sent a representative to attend the Technical Committee meetings.

The purpose of the Advisory Council is to review proposed donations/projects. The Advisory Council is composed of the following seven members, all of whom must have lived in Ensenada for a minimum of five years:

2 private sector (private citizens)

1 government sector (Director of Urban Development)

1 academic sector

1 health sector (Director of City Medical Services)

1 economic sector (Director of Ensenada Economic Development Council)

1 conservation sector

The members of the Advisory Council are selected by the President, Secretary and Treasurer of the Technical Committee, and are not compensated. Approval of donations is obtained by majority vote of the Advisory Council.

Jones Day provided a listing of technical committee and advisory council members from 2004 to present, noting which individuals were city officials. Jones Day also provided a flow chart describing the Trust donation process, noting that the application goes to the Technical Committee for initial review, and if approved, goes to the Advisory Council for final approval. All donations to the City of Ensenada have been in-kind, and the check went directly to the supplier of the equipment and not to the City. Jones Day provided a listing of the Trust donations since its inception, noting total donations of US\$3,859,552.74.

Jones Day selected two of the largest donations, one municipal and one community donation, and provided examples of the documentation maintained by the Trust regarding the donation and approval process. Jones Day did not release these documents to the custody of the U.S. Government.

The example community donation related to a 09/2007 2,750,000 pesos direct donation to the Universidad Autonoma de Baja California (UABC) for culinary school equipment and

To: San Diego From: San Diego Re: 205-SD-72665, 05/10/2011

improvements. Examples of the documents provided related to this community donation included separate evaluations, comments and rankings from each of the Advisory Council and Technical Committee members, minutes from the meetings, request for matching funds from state and federal governments to maximize the impact of the donation, donation receipt, requests for bids on equipment, and invoices of the equipment purchased. The bidding process in this instance was not performed by the Trust members, but rather by the beneficiary. For donations where the bidding process was overseen by the Trust members, the lowest bidder was awarded the project.

The example municipal donation related to a 09/2008
4,849,754 peace in-kind donation to the City of Ensenada for 26 patrol cars with radio equipment and a Dodge hatchback. Examples of the documents provided by Jones Day to support this donation included the donation request from the Municipal Secretary of Public Safety, the donation application, Ensenada City Council records, supplier quotes, Technical Committee meeting minutes a letter from the Mayor to the Secretary of the Trust, stating that the equipment was urgently needed and requesting the Trust make it a priority, a letter from the Secretary of the Trust informing the Mayor that the Trust had decided to purchase the listed equipment, Ensenada City Council agreement to accept the offered donation of police equipment, purchase order and invoices for 26 patrol cars, and a donation receipt from the City of Ensenada. No direct benefit was received by Ensenada officials related to this donation.

Sempra accounted for the monetary funding of the trust for book purposes by capitalizing them as part of the LNG plant. The donations were deducted for tax purposes. The accounting treatment was done in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) in Mexico, and was reviewed and approved by Deloitte & Touche in the United States and Mexico. The \$7 million that was capitalized is immaterial in relation to the total \$1 billion investment in the LNG plant.

stated that in Jones Day's review of the Ensenada Trust, no evidence was uncovered to indicate there was a quid pro quo relationship between the funding of the Trust and any approvals needed from the City of Ensenada for the construction of the LNG plant, nor was any evidence discovered of payments to government officials or their relatives. The only relationship that existed between the funding of the Trust and the building of the plant was that Sempra would not have invested in a Trust for

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the benefit of Ensenada if it did not intend on building a plant there.

A yearly audit of the Trust in accordance with Mexico GAAP is conducted. No audit findings have resulted from the yearly audits to date. In 2010, an ECA employee and Secretary of the Technical Committee, requested an administrative audit be conducted to ensure that all appropriate documentation was in place. As a result of the administrative audit, a corrective checklist was implemented to ensure that all documentation will be translated and maintained at one location. In addition, conducted an audit one month ago and found no discrepancies.

Jones Day provided a copy of the Trust Rules of Operation. Chapter V, Paragraph 22, specifically states that beneficiaries must conform to the requirements of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Law or the Anti-Corruption Law of the United States.

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In a 09/2006 address to a seminar on "Fracta Marketa Security, and Transparency,"

gave a presentation entitled, "Cash,

Corruption, and Competition in Large Infrastructure Markets."

During the presentation, noted Sempra's strict adherence to FCPA regulations and its "Inst say No" policy regarding international corruption. also mentioned the Trust as part of Sempra's community outreach program and noted Sempra's "significant effort to acknowledge the politicians who had licensed the LNG project and thus arranged for the community trust and its funding. They could claim credit for the trust, but of course they could not distribute the funds to themselves or to their relatives or connected parties."

Mexican Agents

Sempra has contracted with approximately 60 agents in Mexicosince 2007. Forty of the sixty agents were law firms or lawyers. The lawyers were contracted to interact with government officials or negotiate property, labor, or compensation matters, or conduct other litigation. The non-legal agents were contracted for matters involving environmental issues, customs, permitting, and land acquisition rights of way. Sempra has also contracted with 3800 vendors related to construction, maintenance and similar matters, who would not be considered agents for purposes of the FCPA.

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Sempra's subsidiaries in Mexico, which include Sempra Generation, Sempra Pipelines and Storage, and Energia Costa Azul, relate to infrastructure projects in Mexico and are not in the business of obtaining or acquiring government contracts. These companies construct and operate assets for the purpose of štoring and distributing energy. The last facilities constructed were the LNG plant (of Energia Costa Azul) and the TGN2 pipeline (of Sempra Pipelines and Storage), which were completed in 2008.

Sempra employs due diligence and vetting procedures in its selection of foreign agents. A policy binder previously provided by Jones Day provided a detailed explanation of those procedures on pages four through six of Exhibit D. Tab 7 of that binder provided the Global Vendor Policies and Procedures.

Examples of documentation maintained on foreign agents include:

- Identification form containing background information on the agent and a check box concerning interactions with government officials
- FCPA schedule
- · List of references
- Formal background checks
- Contract (includes FCPA provisions)
- Training received
- Some may require an FCPA certificate that is certified every three years
- Informal risk assessment based on the type of work the agent will perform and general reputation of the agent

Sempra's employees in Mexico received in-person FCPA training in 2007 and 2008. The training will be administered again in the last month of 2011. Employees must certify compliance with FCPA provisions every year. The company also provides an anonymous ethics/compliance hotline.

As an example of how seriously Sempra takes FCPA compliance, Jones Day related a story concerning the results of a routine internal audit in 2008. The audit identified payments made to a community relations director in Mexico. As a result, the FCPA internal counsel was notified. Internal counsel interviewed six individuals and confirmed that the payments were related to informational brochures on a pipeline construction that would be placed near certain residential areas. The employees went doorto-door in those neighborhoods to distribute the brochures and

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address any concerns of the residents regarding the construction. Internal counsel obtained examples of the brochures and maintained them as part of his investigative file. No contact was made with any government officials in connection with the community relations campaign and all employees involved were asked to sign FCPA compliance certificates. Internal counsel prepared a memorandum documenting the interviews and results of the investigation.

As a result of the on-going inquiry of the Department of Justice (DOJ), Sempra is in the process of hiring a full-time paralegal who will have responsibility for FCPA compliance.

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	renewed his request that the DOJ investigate	Dic	
	Sempra has information that is funding a campaign		
	against Sempra, and is associated with drug dealers and involved		
	with numerous Mexican officials. Prior to the attempted shut-		
	down of the LNG plan by the Ensenada Mayor on 02/11/2011, a		
	lawyer for threatened that the equivalent of a		
	"Nagasaki bomb" would be dropped on the LNG plant. Sempra		
	recently heard that the same attorney had made a similar threat.		
	Semora believes the Ensemada Mayor is "in the pockets" of		
	The group is growing increasingly desperate		
	for a return on its investment in the case.		
Γ	recently told a third party that he figured out a way to		
L	"take down" Sempra for \$2 billion. is believed to be a		
	very dangerous man. Sempra is seriously concerned about these		
	threats, and is contemplating expressing these concerns to U.S.		
	political officials and senior law enforcement officials.		
	VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VII		
	At the conclusion of the meeting, requested a copy of		
	the Winston and Strawn opinion letter on the Trust.		
_	-advised_that he would ask his client if the letter could be made		
	available. requested that DOJ provide a declination		
	letter, similar to the one previously provided on the Ensenada		_
	bond, regarding all matters subject to this inquiry.		
	advised that he would consult with his management and provide a	•	
	response.		

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U.S. Department of Justice

Laura E. Duffy United States Attorney Southern District of California

Eric J. Beste Assistant United States Assorney Tel; (619) 557-5104 Fex: (619) 557-7055 Il: Eric Besteldusdol.cov

Son Diego County Office Profesal Office Building 840 Front Street, Boom 6793 Son Diego, Golfornia 92101-8893

3.16 Industry Way
State C
Imperial, Cultifornia 92251-7501

June 1, 2011

Jones Day 12265 El Camino Real, Suite 200 San Diego, CA 92130

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Rc: Sempra Energy

The Department of Justice, Criminal Division, Fraud Section and the U.S. Attorney's Office for the Southern District of California ("the Department") received an allegation of a possible violation of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, 15 U.S.C. §§ 78dd-1, et seq., by Sempra Energy and Sempra LNG ("Sempra"), and their agents, in connection with real estate litigation and an eviction proceeding in Mexico. This litigation and eviction concerned property adjacent to Sempra's Costa Azul LNG plant near Ensenada, Mexico. On behalf of your client, you have provided certain information to the Department and made employees of your client available for interviews. As we have discussed, our investigation and the information made available to us to date has led the Department to conclude that it presently does not intend to take any enforcement action against Sempra or its agents based on this specific allegation. If, however, additional information or evidence is made available to us in the future, we may reopen our inquiry.

Very truly yours,

LAURA E. DUFFY
United States Attorney
Chief Fraud Section Criminal Division

Assistant United States Attorney
Deputy Chief, Fraud Section, Criminal Division

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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. Precedence: ROUTINE	Date: 06/15/2011
To: San Diego	b6 b7C
Criminal Investigativ	Attn: SSA ICU
From: San Diego Squad WC3 Contact: SA	•
Approved By:	
Drafted By: C:	eapful .
Case ID #: 205-SD-72665 (P	ending) 14
Title: SEMPRA ENERGY; FOREIGN CORRUPT PR	ACTICES ACT
Synopsis: Close case.	(Secretary by 10%
Details: FBI San Diego Di investigation in 03/2011 p based on the following:	vision (FBISD) opened a full ertaining to the above-captioned matter
SUMMARY OF A	LEGATION AND PREDICATION:
and several other media ou complaint filed by former employee originally established to natural gas (LNG) plant in The complaint alleged most for raising questions concuboiled down to bribes of as expenditures for the coretreat that was paid for Subsequently, the United S	Mexican government officials, as well instruction of a lavish corporate with utility ratepayer funds. Sates Attorney's Office (USAO) for the brnia (SDCA) was contacted by segarding the claims.
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In response to the media articles and contact from Sempra, separate meetings with and his attorney, and Sempra representatives were conducted.	
Representatives from U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) Fraud	
Section, the USAO SDCA, the U.S. Securitles and Exchange	b€
Commission (SEC) and the FBI were present. The	67 C
interview is documented in a separate FD-302. The meeting	
between the DOJ, FBI, SEC, and Sempra outside counsel was	
memorialized in a separate EC, dated 02/10/2011.	
In summary,advised that he was instructed by a high-ranking Sempra employee to provide 180,000 Mexican pesos	
from Sempra's bank account to Sempra employee who would	
use the money to post a bond with the Ensenada Attorney General's	
(AG's) office. was told the purpose of the bond was to	
cover any damages that may result from the physical eviction of	
squatters located on property in Ehsenada to which Sempra held	
legal title. <u>Due to circumstances arising since this</u>	
transaction, came to the belief that the cash paid to	
transaction, came to the belief that the cash paid to the AG's office was a bribe to an official(s) at the AG's office	
to evict individuals from the property the property dispute	
between the squatter, and Sempra is on-	
going.	
Sempra hired an independent law firm with expertise in	
FCPA matters to conduct an internal investigation of the above allegation. In summary, the internal investigation concluded	
that the cash payment was not a bribe but was used toward the	
legitimate posting of a bond with the AG's office. Sempra	
provided certified copies of the legal documents that were	
obtained from the AG's office evidencing the bond. At the	
request of DOJ, was made available for an interview,	
which is documented in a separate FD-302. advised that he	
used the money to legitimately obtain a bond rrom the AG's	
office. In response to a bod request to provide documentation	
from the AG's office that the bond was still pending; Sempra	
later confirmed that the money was still being held by the AG's	
office and provided a copy of the check when the money was	
returned to Sempra from the AG's office. Given the evidence	
provided by Sempra to refuteallegation, DOJ concluded that no further investigation was necessary regarding this	
specific allegation. At Sempra's request, DOJ provided two	
separate declination letters related to this specific allegation,	
which are maintained in the case file.	

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later provided to Writer via e-mail several
documents which initiated additional follow-up with Sempra by
DOJ. These e-mails are documented in a separate EC, dated
02/28/2011. As a result, DOJ requested that Sempra outside
counsel: (1) conduct an investigation of any cash transactions
in Mexico over the last four years; (2) conduct an investigation
of any charitable or political donations exceeding \$25,000 made
by Sempra to Mexican officials or entities over the last four
years, to include specifically the transactions associated with a
fire station given by Sempra as a charitable donation to Tijuana;
(3) conduct an inquiry into the allegations that Sempra offered
cash to members of the Navajo Nation Council to vote in favor of
a Sempra resolution; (4) conduct a review of consultants and
agents hired in Mexico over the last four years.

Sempra outside counsel assembled responses to all of the above inquiries, which are documented in a separate EC, dated 02/17/2011. Based on Sempra's responses, it was determined that further investigation was warranted concerning a trust (Ensenada Trust or the Trust) established by Sempra for charitable donations to the Ensenada community. According to Sempra outside counsel, the primary purpose for establishing the Trust was to engender goodwill amongst Ensenada community members. Between 2004 and present, Sempra donated over \$7 million to the Ensenada Trust. Currently \$1.8 million of the total \$7 million has been designated or spent. The Trust is overseen by two boards, one of which includes two Sempra employees and local citizens. In response to questions from DOJ, Sempra outside counsel was unable to provide immediate answers concerning oversight of the Ensenada Trust, to include whether an independent audit of the fund is regularly conducted, if due diligence is performed on donation recipients, and the names of board members, to include whether any public officials have served as board members, and whether those board members are paid a salary. Sempra outside counsel agreed to research these issues and provide answers to DOJ's questions.

An internal Sempra accounting memorandum provided to Writer by ______ dated February 11, 2005, appears to refute Sempra outside counsel's explanation for the initiation of the Trust and raised additional concerns regarding Sempra's accounting treatment of the Company's contributions to the trust. The memorandum was written by ______ of Sempra LNG at the time the memorandum was written and current Chief Executive Officer of Sempra LNG. The memorandum states that the Ensenada Trust was established at the

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request of Ensenada and the amount contributed to the trust. \$7 million, was mutually agreed upon by Sempra and The memorandum further states that "As a result [of the trust agreement], on August 12, 2003 the Land Use permit was signed by the The land use permit was required for Sempra to build an LNG plant in Ensenada. The Trust formed the Advisory Council and Technical Committee and pf the Technical Committee. The
memo states that subsequent to a \$500,000 initial contribution to
the Trust, Sempra's final permit, the construction license, was
signed by the head of the Ensenada City Urban Development Agency,
who reported directly to The memo further states,
"after the construction recense was issued, Sempra contributed
the second payment of \$500,000 USD to the Trust" When
finally states, "During Q4 2005, subject to no unplanned
normitting impediments Compre will contribute \$5,000,000 HSD to

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finally states, "During Q4 2005, subject to no unplanned permitting impediments, Sempra will contribute \$5,000,000 USD to the Trust." The memo concluded that the establishment and funding of the trust was a cost associated with developing the LNG facility and such cost should be capitalized as part of the plant.

SUMMARY OF INVESTIGATION:

On 04/29/2011, Sempra outside counsel provided a presentation concerning the Ensenada Trust, which is documented in detail in a separate EC. Prior to enacting the Trust, Sempra obtained an opinion letter from an independent law firm specifically for the purpose of determining whether the terms of the Trust would violate any provision of the FCPA. The opinion letter concluded that, based on the Trust's operating rules, noting that the rules specifically mention prohibitions of benefits to family members of the trust members and government officials, and require all actions to be in compliance with FCPA, the Trust was not in danger of violating the provisions of FCPA: The letter further asserted that all major project permits, including land use permits, required to be issued by the City of Ensenada had already been issued, thus eliminating any concern that the funding of the Trust was contingent upon the granting of essential permits by the City. Sempra confirmed that any additional permits required to complete construction of the liquified natural gas plant in Ensenada at the time of issuance of the opinion letter were construction permits issued with little discretion by the city of Ensenada, or were project permits issued by federal or state entities and not the City.

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Furthermore, Sempra counsel addressed the various means of oversight of the Trust, to include the selection of trust committee members, review of donations, controls over the selection process and distribution of funds, and audits of the trust, such that it appeared that the trust was created, funded, and operated in a legitimate manner. Sempra counsel stated that in its review of the trust, no evidence was uncovered to indicate there was a quid pro quo relationship between the funding of the Trust and any approvals needed from the City of Ensenada for the construction of the LNG plant, nor was any evidence discovered of payments to government officials or their relatives.

CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing information, DOJ concluded that no additional investigation was warranted as all allegations had been adequately addressed by Sempra, and no enforcement action was necessary. However, should additional information or evidence become available to indicate otherwise, the inquiry may be renewed.

As no additional investigation is deemed necessary at this time. San Diego requests that this full investigation be closed.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

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