

SECU J.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING $_$	01/01/09	AND ENDING _	12	/31/09
	MM/DD/YY			MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:				OFFICIAL USE ONLY
First London Securities Corpora				
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not us	e P.O. Box No.)		FIRM ID. NO.
2603 Fairmount St.				
	(No. and Stree	•		
Dallas	Texas			75201
(City) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	(State) RSON TO CONT	ACT IN REGARD 1	O THIS	(Zîp Code) REPORT
Douglas R. Nichols			(21	4) 220-0690
			(Are	a Code - Telephone No.)
B. ACC	OUNTANT IDI	ENTIFICATION		
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT W KILLMAN, MURRELL & COMP. (Name -			<u></u> *	
1931 E. 37th St. Ste. 7 Ode		-	exas	79762
(Address)	(City)		ate)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:				
Certified Public Accountant				
☐ Public Accountant				
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ted States or any o	of its possessions.		
	FOR OFFICIAL	USE ONLY		
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that	the annual report b	e covered by the opini	on of an i	ndenendent public

accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of Information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

	s R. Nichols , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and				
	elief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of				
	st London Securities Corporation , as of				
	cember 31, 20, 09, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the				
company no solely as tha	or any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified at of a customer, except as follows:				
sololy as the	a of a customer, except as follows.				
	NONE				
-					
	Signature				
	Prosident				
	Title				
all	in landar -				
	Olotary Public				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
This report	** contains (check all applicable boxes)				
	Facing page. 03/03/2012				
	Statement of Financial Condition.				
, -	Statement of Income (Loss).				
	Statement of Cash Flows.				
	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.				
	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. Computation of Net Capital.				
	Computation of Net Capital. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.				
	Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.				
	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1				
	and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.				
☐ (k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to				
	methods of consolidation.				
	An Oath or Affirmation.) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.				
	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the				
ب (۱۱)	previous audit.				
(0)	Independent auditor's report on the internal control as required by SEC rule 17a-5.				

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

^{*-} The Company is exempt from the filing of the SIPC Supplemental Report as net operating revenues are less than \$500,000.

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2009

FIRST LONDON SECURITIES CORPORATION INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder First London Securities Corporation Dallas, Texas

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of First London Securities Corporation as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of (loss), stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First London Securities Corporation as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Killman, Munil & Company, P.C.

Odessa, Texas March 30, 2010

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash	DOLLED	
	\$	35,849
Clearing deposit		459,826
Receivable from clearing broker/dealer		7,705
Dividends & other receivable		10,724
Marketable securities		351,477
Receivable from related parties		19,881
Rent deposit		14.785
TOTAL ASSETS	•	
	₽	900,247
LIABILITIES AND ST	TOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	15 021
Payable to clearing broker/dealer	•	15,931
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	<u>351,477</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_367,408
	*	307,406
Stockholder's Equity		
Common stock-Class A, no par value, 1,000,000 shares	authorized	
142,500 shares issued and outstanding		133,150
Common stock-Class B, no par value, 1,000,000 shares	authorized	133,130
785,271 shares issued and outstanding		785,271
Additional paid-in-capital		,
Retained (deficit)		142,516
,	AF-MALL	(528,098)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		532,839
		- JULOJ
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLD	ER'S EQUITY \$	900,247

STATEMENT OF (LOSS) YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

REVENUE

Securities commissions	\$	136,712
Net gain on firm securities trading accounts	4	-
Consulting income		218,646
Other income		27,500
Dividend income		10,677
Interest income		47,319
		<u> 454</u>
TOTAL REVENUE		
		<u>441.308</u>
EXPENSES		
Compensation and related costs		100.004
Clearing charges		109,824
Professional fees		77,838
Fees paid to related party		21,535
Other expenses		175,000
F		99,459
TOTAL EXPENSES		483,656
No. / Company of the		
Net (Loss) Before Provision For Income Taxes		(42,348)
Income (taxes) benefit		24.884
		- 1.00 T
NET (LOSS)	\$	(17,464)

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

	Class A Shares	Common Amount	<u>Class B</u> Shares	Common Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2008	142,500	\$ 133,150	785,271	\$785,271	\$ 142,516	\$ 1,906,423	\$2,967,360
Dividends	_	_		_	_	(2,417,057)	(2,417,057)
Net (loss) Balance at		-			_	(17,464)	(17,464)
December 31, 2009	<u> 142,500</u>	\$ 133,150	785,271	\$785,271	\$ 142.516	\$ (528.098)	\$ 532.830

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities		
Net (loss)	\$	(17,464)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	₩	(17,404)
Clearing deposit		136,350
Marketable securities		208,176
Receivable from clearing broker/dealer		(608)
Dividends & other receivable		(10,724)
Receivable from related parties		(73,025)
•		(13,023)
Investments		(30,000)
Payable to clearing broker/dealer		(208,176)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities		13,850
Franchise taxes liability		(8,582)
·	*******	10000
Net cash provided by operating activities		9,797
Increase in cash		9,797
Cash at beginning of year	***************************************	26,052
Cash at end of year	\$	35.849
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest paid		^
	3	-0-
Income taxes paid	<u> </u>	0-
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Receivable from related parties	\$	1,462,030
Investments	*	955,027
Dividends		•
		(2,417,057)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business:

First London Securities Corporation (the "Company") was organized in November 1991 as a Texas corporation. The Company is a subsidiary of DGN Securities Corporation (the "Parent"). The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company operates as an introducing broker and forwards all transactions and customer accounts to First Southwest Company who carries such accounts on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's customers consist primarily of individuals located in the State of Texas.

Significant accounting policies:

Basis of Accounting:

The Company operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Company does not hold customer funds or securities, but as an introducing broker or dealer, clears all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis through a clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer. Under these exemptive provisions, the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession and Control Requirements are not required.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management makes use of accounting estimates in the preparation of these financial statements. The major estimates are valuation of securities owned, net realizable value of unsecured receivables. The methods used in making accounting estimates are believed by management to be reasonable and have been consistently applied. Actual results could differ from estimates used.

Fair Value:

The Company has a number of financial instruments, which are primarily held for trading purposes. The Company estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2009, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying value for its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of financial condition. The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment is necessarily required in interpreting market data to develop the estimate of fair value and, accordingly, the estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange.

Marketable Securities:

Marketable securities are held for trading purposes and are carried at fair value. The increase or decrease in fair value is credited or charged to operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Changes In Accounting Principles

The Company measured it available-for-sale securities at fair value in accordance with FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures. This codification specifies a valuation hierarchy based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions. These two types of inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets;
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in
 markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs and significant value drivers
 are observable in active markets; and
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant values drivers are unobservable.

This hierarchy requires the Company to minimize the use of unobservable inputs and to use observable market date, if available, when estimating fair value. Fair value measurements at December 31, 2008 using:

December 31, Total	Active Markets For Identical (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3
2009 <u>\$ 351,477</u> <u>\$</u>	351,477	\$ <u> </u>	\$ -

Investments:

The Company's investments are carried at the lower of cost or market.

Security Transactions:

Securities transactions and the related commission revenue and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Tax Calculation:

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return with its parent company. Income tax expense is computed as if the Company filed a separate return. The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740, Accounting for Income Taxes. Under the liability method, deferred income taxes are determined based upon enacted tax laws and rates applied to the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities. The Company has reviewed all open tax years and concluded that there is no impact on the Company's financial statements and no tax liability resulting from unrecognized tax benefits relating to uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return.

Compensated Absences:

Employees of the Company receive paid vacation and personal days off, depending on length of service and other factors. It is impracticable to estimate the amount of compensation for future absences and, accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The Company policy is to recognize the costs of compensated absences when actually paid to employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 2. TRANSACTIONS WITH CLEARING BROKERS/DEALER

The Company's clearing broker/dealer is a national United States clearing broker/dealer. The agreement with the clearing broker/dealer provides for clearing charges at a fixed rate multiplied by the number of tickets traded by the Company. The agreement also requires the Company to maintain a minimum of \$100,000 as a deposit in an account with the clearing broker/dealer.

NOTE 3. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes applicable to current operations consists of the following:

Federal & State Tax Benefit at the	i	Benefit (z)
statutory rate of 34%	\$	14,398
Meals & Entertainment & Depreciation		(776)
Dividend exclusion		11,262
Total federal income tax benefit	\$	24,884

NOTE 4. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's (SEC) Uniform Net Capital Rule (15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1).

At December 31, 2009, the Company's total net capital as defined by rule 15c3-1 was as follows:

			Ratio of
D : 1			Aggregate Indebtedness
Required	Actual	<u>Excess</u>	to Net Capital
\$100 <u>,000</u>	<u>\$_340,041</u>	\$ 240,041	. <u>0466 to 1</u>

NOTE 5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases various quotation equipment for an initial term of one year at a rate of \$985 per month. Unless terminated by written notice, the term of the agreement is automatically extended for successive additional periods of one year.

The Company occupies office space leased from 2603 Fairmount Investors (a related party). In 2009, \$22,000 was paid in office rent which is included in the accompanying statement of income as other expenses. The term of the lease was amended to expire on December 31, 2011.

The remaining future commitment is as follows:

2010	\$ 26,000
2010	24,000
Total	\$ 50,000

Due to the nature of its business, the Company is party to various claims, legal actions, and complaints arising in the ordinary course of business. At December 31, 2009, all such claims or legal actions were of such amount or nature that management believes any adverse outcome would not have a material impact on the Company.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 6. CREDIT CONCENTRATION AND OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK

The Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully disclosed basis with its clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers of the Company and is responsible for execution, collection and payment of funds, and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker/dealer may charge any losses it incurs to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the credit worthiness of its customers and that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker/dealer.

The Company has cash deposits, clearing deposit, marketable securities due from and held by its clearing broker/dealer and trade and receivables from clearing broker/dealer totaling \$819,008 or approximately 91% of total assets at December 31, 2009. The Company also has a payable to clearing broker/dealer totaling \$351,477 or approximately 96% of total liabilities due to the same clearing broker/dealer.

NOTE 7. MARKETABLE SECURITIES

Marketable securities consist of trading securities at fair value, as follows:

Corporate Stocks

\$ 351.477

The following corporate stocks represent 96% of marketable securities:

These stocks (before haircuts) are a material part of the net capital computation. A decline in market value could reduce net capital. Such reduction in net capital could be significant. These stocks are traded on the NASDAQ and over the counter bulletin board.

NOTE 8. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company and several other related companies are under common control and the existence of that control could create operating results and financial position significantly different than if the companies were autonomous.

The Company paid no management fees to Parent in accordance with a Management and Advisory Services Agreement. The previous agreement expired December 31, 2008.

The Company occupies office space leased from 2603 Fairmount Investors (a related party). The Company paid \$2,000 a month for eleven months in 2009.

Payments were made to Douglas R. Nichols ("DRN"), president and securities principal of the Company for consulting fees during the year ending December 31, 2009 totaling \$175,000.

DRN is responsible for 99% of the commission and trading revenue during the year ending December 31, 2009.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

NOTE 9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 30, 2010, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

SCHEDULE I

FIRST LONDON SECURITIES CORPORATION (A SUBSIDIARY OF DGN SECURITIES) COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL AND AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 DECEMBER 31, 2009

Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$528.098
Deductions and/or charges	
Non-allowable assets:	
Receivables from related parties	40.004
Rental deposit	19,881
Other receivable	14,785
	1.000
Total non-allowable assets	87.44
	35,666
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	100.100
	492,432
Haircuts on Securities:	
Blockage	
Marketable securities	82,474
Undue concentration	41,836
	28,081
Net Capital	
	\$340,041
Aggregate indebtedness	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	_
t / Service accepted Harmines	\$1 <u>0.073</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	
6 6 minutes	\$10,073
Computation of basic net requirement	
Minimum net capital required (greater of \$100,000 or	
6 2/3 % of aggregate indebtedness)	
- 282-Pare meroconices)	\$100,000
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	_
t and a summitted tedintement	\$ 240.041
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	
99 - 9	0466 to 1

SCHEDULE II

FIRST LONDON SECURITIES CORPORATION (A SUBSIDIARY OF DGN SECURITIES) RECONCILIATION OF THE COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL WITH THAT OF THE REGISTRANT AS FILED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17a-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

Net capital as reported by Registrant in Part IIA of Fo. as of December 31, 2009 (unaudited)	rm X-17a-5	\$ 254,009
Audit adjustments: Allowable Assets –		,
Increase in marketable securities for haircuts	86,032	
Non-allowable Assets – Decrease in related party receivables Decrease in other assets Increase in other receivable	1,056,171 1,336,003 (1,000)	
Other – Decrease in retained earnings	(2,391,174)	
Net capital as computed on Schedule I		\$ 86 <u>,032</u> 340,041

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)

Board of Directors First London Securities Corporation Dallas, Texas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First London Securities Corporation (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those responsible for oversight of the Company's financial reporting.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KILLMAN, MURRELL & COMPANY, P.C.

Klhum, Murulle of Carpers. P.C.

Odessa, Texas March 30, 2010