		COMMISSION	OMB APPROVAL 1B Number: 3235-0 oires: February 28, 2 timated average burden		
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	FACING PAGE ired of Brokers and Dealers Exchange Act of 1934 and R		f the		
EPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	IG 01/01/2009 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	12/31/2009 MM/DD/YY		
Α	. REGISTRANT IDENTI	FICATION			
AME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONL		
DIAMOND CARTER TRADING,	L.L.C.		FIRM I.D. NO.		
DDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF E	BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	ox No.)			
120 Broadway, Suite 2010-04					
New York	(No. and Street) New York	1027	-		
(City)	(State)				
AME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER O	F PERSON TO CONTACT IN I				
John Diamond	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(212) 490-3113 (Area Code – Telephone Number)		
В	. ACCOUNTANT IDENT	IFCATION			
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN MaloneBailey LLP, Certified Pu (Name – If individual, state last, first, middle name)	NT whose opinion is contained in a line of the second seco	this Report*			
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN MaloneBailey LLP, Certified Pu (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) 15 Maiden Lane, Suite 1003	VT whose opinion is contained ir		10038 (Zip Code)		
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN MaloneBailey LLP, Certified Pu (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name) 15 Maiden Lane, Suite 1003 (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	NT whose opinion is contained in Iblic Accounting Firm New York (City)	this Report* New York (State)			
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN MaloneBailey LLP, Certified Pu (Name - If individual, state last, first, middle name) 15 Maiden Lane, Suite 1003 (Address) CHECK ONE: CHECK ONE: Public Accountant	NT whose opinion is contained in Iblic Accounting Firm New York (City) ant	this Report* New York (State)			

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, John Diamond , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of

, as

, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that

my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of

Diamond Carter Trading, L.L.C.

of December 31

, 20 **09**

neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Signature DIERDRE STEINHAUS AINBINDER **Managing Member** Notary Public, State of New York No. 01AI4899711 Title Qualified in Nassau County Commission Expires July 6, 20 Notary Public This report** contains (check all applicable boxes): Facing page. 🛛 (a) (b) Statement of Financial Condition. Statement of Income (Loss). **X** (c) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (d) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. (e) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. \prod (f) (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of (k) consolidation. \square (1) An Oath or Affirmation. X (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

DECEMBER 31, 2009

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MALONEBAILEY LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Diamond Carter Trading, LLC New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Diamond Carter Trading, LLC as of December 31, 2009. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Diamond Carter Trading, LLC as of December 31, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Malone Barleyrit

MaloneBailey LLP U Certified Public Accounting Firm New York, New York www.malonebailey.com March 29, 2010

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4) Securities long at market (Note 3) Due from clearing broker (Note 4) Prepaid expenses JBO investment	\$ 31,045 128,700,852 79,030,420 6,613 10,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market (Note 3) Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 131,396,997 <u>38,937</u> <u>131,435,934</u>
Members' Equity	76,342,996
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009

NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Diamond Carter Trading, LLC (the "Company") is registered as a securities broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the NYSE AMEX Equities Exchange.

The Company is engaged in the activity of trading securities and futures.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

All short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various investment and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

At December 31, 2009 the Company's clearing brokers held assets of \$207,731,272 on behalf of the Company.

Additionally, cash balances are held principally at two financial institutions and exceed the \$250,000 insurable limit. The Company believes it mitigates its risk by investing in or through major financial institutions. Recoverability is dependent upon the performance of the institution.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and related income and expenses are recorded on the books on a trade date basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recent accounting pronouncements to have any material impact on its financial condition or results of operations.

Translation of Foreign Currencies

The Company's foreign currency brokerage account is translated at year end rates of exchange by the clearing broker. Transactions during the year are recorded at their U.S. dollar equivalent at the time the transaction occurs. Any currency gain or loss is included in the gain or loss of the completed transaction.

NOTE 3- FAIR VALUE OF INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is an estimate of the exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants (i.e., the exit price at the measurement date). Fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction cost. Fair value measurement under generally accepted accounting principles provides for the use of a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted market prices that are observable, either directly or indirectly, and reasonably available. Observable inputs reflect the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability and are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs reflect the assumptions that the Company develops based on available information about what market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009

NOTE 3- FAIR VALUE OF INSTRUMENTS (continued)

An asset or liability's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Availability of observable inputs can vary and is affected by a variety of factors. The Company uses judgment in determining the fair value of assets and liabilities and Level 3 assets and liabilities involve greater judgment than Level 1 and Level 2 assets or liabilities.

The following are the Company's investments owned and securities sold short by level within the fair value hierarchy at December 31, 2009.

	Assets Marketable securities	\$_	<u>Fair Value</u> 128,700,852	Fair Value <u>Hierarchy</u> Level 1
	<u>Liabilities</u> Marketable securities sold short	\$_	131,396,997	Level 1
NOTE 4-	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash (at clearing broker) Money Market (at clearing broker) Cash - Checking			\$ 5,564,415 73,466,005 <u>31,045</u> 79,061,465

NOTE 5- INCOME TAXES

No provisions for federal and state income taxes are made in the financial statements as these taxes are the responsibility of the members under this form of organization.

NOTE 6- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company leases office space from its clearing broker on a month to month basis. Rent expense for the year ending December 31, 2009 was \$69,675.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009

NOTE 7- NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This Rule requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital may not exceed 15 to 1, and equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company's net capital was \$62,038,110 which was \$61,938,110 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's debt to debt-equity ratio was 0.0009 to 1.

NOTE 8- OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

Pursuant to a clearance agreement, the Company clears its futures transactions through a clearing broker. Under certain conditions as defined in the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses, if any, which the clearing broker may sustain from carrying securities transactions initiated by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing broker monitor collateral on the securities transactions introduced by the Company.

NOTE 9- GUARANTEES

FASB ASC 460-10, Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FASB ASC 460-10 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or non occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. FASB ASC 460-10 also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under the indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2009

NOTE 9- GUARANTEES (continued)

The Company provides representations and warranties to counterparties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and occasionally indemnifies them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some counterparties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications generally are standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the consolidated financial statements for these indemnifications.

NOTE 10- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 29, 2010, the date that its financial statements were ready to be issued. The Company believes that there are no subsequent events requiring further disclosure.