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OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
Expires:	February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden	
hours per response.....	12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III**

CM

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 66826

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/09 AND ENDING 12/31/09  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

**A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION**

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

111 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD, 20TH FLOOR  
(No. and Street)  
CHICAGO IL 60604  
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

CHERYL POSTON  
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

SEC Mail Processing  
Section

**B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION**

MAR 07 2010

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

Washington, DC  
110

RAVID & BERNSTEIN LLP  
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

230 WEST MONROE STREET, SUITE 330 CHICAGO IL 60606  
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

**CHECK ONE:**

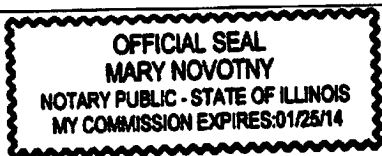
- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

<b>FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY</b>

*\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)*

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, FRED GOLDMAN, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



[Signature]  
Signature  
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
Title

[Signature]  
Notary Public

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- X (a) Facing Page.
- X (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- X (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- X (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- X (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- X (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- X (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- X (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- X (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\* For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT  
ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Members  
Compass Professional Services, LLC  
Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Compass Professional Services, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of operations and changes in members' capital, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

*Ravid & Bernstein LLP*

February 25, 2010

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 92,339
Due from clearing organization	1,578,968
Accounts receivable	443,068
U.S. Treasury bills	<u>1,674,695</u>
	<u>\$ 3,789,070</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL

Liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 154,105
Accrued expenses	<u>44,552</u>
	198,657
Members' Capital	<u>3,590,413</u>
	<u>\$ 3,789,070</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC  
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN MEMBERS' CAPITAL  
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

REVENUES:		
Commission income	\$ 2,377,687	
Rebates and fees, net	464,629	
Interest and dividend income	<u>21,131</u>	
		\$ 2,863,447
EXPENSES:		
Payroll	1,363,756	
Exchange and floor costs	276,398	
Interest expense	70,336	
Office expenses	221,736	
Administrative expenses	220,780	
Professional fees	<u>14,361</u>	
		<u>2,167,367</u>
NET INCOME		696,080
MEMBERS' CAPITAL, BEGINNING OF YEAR		3,694,333
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		-
CAPITAL WITHDRAWALS		<u>(800,000)</u>
MEMBERS' CAPITAL, END OF YEAR		<u><u>\$ 3,590,413</u></u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

OPERATIONS:

Net income	\$ 696,080	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:		
Increase in balance due from clearing company	(968,165)	
Decrease in accounts receivable	532,732	
Decrease in marketable securities	695,810	
Decrease in accounts payable	(155,700)	
Decrease in accrued expenses	<u>(110,850)</u>	
Net cash provided by operations		\$ 689,907

FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Capital withdrawals	<u>(800,000)</u>	
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(110,093)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>202,432</u>
CASH, END OF YEAR		<u>\$ 92,339</u>

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE:

Cash paid during the year for interest	<u>\$ 70,336</u>
--	------------------

See Notes to Financial Statements.

## COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Organization:

Compass Professional Services, LLC (the Company) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Equitec Group, LLC (the Parent). The Company was organized under the Illinois Limited Liability Company Act under its original name, Equitec Compass, LLC, on December 3, 2004. It changed its name to Compass Professional Services, LLC, on May 18, 2005, and began operations in July 2005. Prior to July 2005, Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC, an affiliated company, owned this operation. The Company is in the business of executing option transactions on the below-listed exchanges.

The Company is a member of the following option exchanges: the Boston Options Exchange (BOX), the International Securities Exchange (ISE), the NYSE Arca Options, the NASDAQ OMX PHLX, the CBOE Stock Exchange (CBSX), the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE) and the NYSE AMEX Options, as well as a member of the Options Clearing Corp. (OCC). The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), and is also registered as a Futures Commission Merchant (FCM) and also reports to the National Futures Association (NFA).

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies:

The Company maintains its cash in accounts at banks and other financial institutions which may be insured by government agencies up to specified limits. The accounts, at times, exceeded insured limits, but the Company has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

U.S. Treasury bills are pledged to the Company's clearing organization, and are valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market value. See Note 4.

The Company is not liable for federal income taxes as the members recognize the Company's income or loss on their personal tax returns. Accordingly, no provision or benefit for federal income taxes has been made in these financial statements. However, the Company is subject to Illinois Replacement Tax. The FASB provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, disclosed and presented in the financial statements. This requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions will "more-likely-than-not" be sustained "when challenged" or "when examined" by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold would be recorded as a tax expense or benefit and liability or asset in the current year. For the year ended December 31, 2009, management has determined that there are no material uncertain income tax positions.

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Related Party Transactions:

The Company had the following transactions with its Parent company, Equitec Group, LLC:

a) Loans Payable:

The loans were short-term in nature and payable on demand, with interest at the published prime rate (prime) minus 1.5%. Interest paid on these loans during 2009 totaled \$336. All loans were repaid in full during 2009.

b) Interest on Capital:

Interest expense includes \$70,000 paid during 2009 on capital accounts, determined by applying an interest rate of prime minus 1.5% to a capital base of \$4,000,000.

c) Payroll:

The Company's payroll function is handled exclusively by its Parent. Reimbursements are made to the Parent based on the Company's share of payroll-related expenses.

The Company had the following transactions with its affiliated companies, Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC and Compass Professional Services East, LLC:

a) Office Rent:

The Company paid \$38,922 in rent to Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC in 2009.

b) Cash Transfers:

The Company often collects money and/or makes payments on behalf of Compass Professional Services East, LLC. Cash is subsequently transferred between the two companies to satisfy amounts owed or due.

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

FASB ASC 820 (formerly FAS 157) defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that



COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments – continued:

are consistent with the market, income, or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.

Substantially all of the Company's assets are considered financial instruments, and are either reflected at fair values, or are short-term or replaceable on demand. Therefore, their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

At December 31, 2009, financial instruments, at fair value, categorized by their respective valuation levels were as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
U.S. T-bills, at fair value	\$ 1,674,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,674,695

Amounts payable to the various exchanges and clearing broker are collateralized by securities owned and on deposit with the clearing broker.

5. Net Capital Requirements:

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. (The rule of the applicable exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash distributions paid if the resulting ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "minimum net capital" equivalent to \$500,000 or 6 2/3% of "aggregate indebtedness," whichever is greater, as these terms are defined. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$3,278,016, which is \$2,778,016 in excess of its required capital.

6. Principal Transaction Revenues:

During 2009, the Company's principal transaction revenues consisted substantially of commission income and rebates/fees totaling \$2,842,316.

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C 3-1  
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2009

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total members' capital, end of year	\$ 3,590,413
Less:	
Non-allowable assets	(223,897)
Other deductions and/or charges	(88,000)
Haircuts on securities	<u>(500)</u>
NET CAPITAL	3,278,016
Minimum capital requirement	<u>500,000</u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	<u>\$ 2,778,016</u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL AT 1000%	<u>\$ 3,271,273</u>

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 67,431</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to Net Capital	2.06% to 1

Note: There are no material differences between the preceding computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

The Members  
Compass Professional Services, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Compass Professional Services, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control), including control activities for safeguarding securities, as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, or
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the CBOE, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Ravid & Bernstein LLP*

February 25, 2010

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COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND  
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND  
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND  
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND  
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

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COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

FORM SIPC-7T: TRANSITIONAL ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION  
(With Accountants' Report Thereon)

NINE MONTHS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES  
RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

The Members  
Compass Professional Services, LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the nine months ended December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Compass Professional Services, LLC (the Company) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., SIPC, and other examining authorities, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement records, noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7T for the nine months ended December 31, 2009, noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed, noting no differences (if applicable).

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.



This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Ravid & Bernstein LLP*

February 25, 2010

**SIPC-7T**

(29-REV 12/09)

**SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION**  
805 15th St. N.W. Suite 800, Washington, D.C. 20005-2215  
202-371-8300

**Transitional Assessment Reconciliation**

**SIPC-7T**

(29-REV 12/09)

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

**TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS**

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC  
111 W. JACKSON BLVD., 20TH FL  
CHICAGO, IL 60604  
EXAMINING AUTHORITY: CBOE  
SEC REG. NUMBER: 0-66826  
FISCAL YEAR ENDED: 12/31/2009

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.  
CHERYL POSTON (312) 692-5078

- 2. A. General Assessment [Item 2e from page 2 (not less than \$150 minimum)] \$ 4,951.18
- B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed including \$150 paid with 2009 SIPC-4 (exclude interest) ( 1,710.55 )  
1/26/09 & 7/28/09
- Date Paid
- C. Less prior overpayment applied ( \_\_\_\_\_ )
- D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment) 3,240.63
- E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for \_\_\_\_\_ days at 20% per annum \_\_\_\_\_
- F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) \$ 3,240.63
- G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:  
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC  
Total (must be same as F above) \$ 3,240.63
- H. Overpayment carried forward \$( \_\_\_\_\_ )

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC

(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

*Cheryl Poston*

(Authorized Signature)

Assistant Controller

(Title)

Dated the 25 day of FEBRUARY, 2010.

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed

Calculations \_\_\_\_\_ Documentation \_\_\_\_\_ Forward Copy \_\_\_\_\_

Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

**DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"  
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT**

Amounts for the fiscal period  
beginning April 1, 2009  
and ending DEC. 31, 2009  
Eliminate cents

<b>Item No.</b>		
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)		\$ 1,953,519.00
<b>2b. Additions:</b>		
(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.		_____
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.		_____
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.		_____
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining Item 2a.		52,739.73
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.		_____
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.		_____
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.		52,739.73
<b>Total additions</b>		_____
<b>2c. Deductions:</b>		
(1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.		_____
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.		_____
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.		_____
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.		_____
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.		_____
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.		12,867.98
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).		_____
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):		_____
<hr/>		
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	\$ 12,917.47	_____
(ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	\$ _____	_____
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)		12,917.47
<b>Total deductions</b>		25,785.45
<b>2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues</b>		\$ 1,980,473.28
<b>2e. General Assessment @ .0025</b>		\$ 4,951.18

(to page 1 but not less than \$150 minimum)