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# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT Section PART III

FEB 2 4 2010

SEC FILE NUMBER 49186

**FACING PAGE** 

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2009 AND EN	DING	ber 31, 2009
	·MM/DD/YY	MM/	DD/YY
A. REGIST	TRANT IDENTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Brinson Pat	rick Securities Corporation	OFF	ICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	-	FIRM I.D. NO.
1515 Broadway,	11th floor (No and Street)		
New York	NY	10036	5
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSO Todd Wyche	ON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO		12.453.5000
		(Area Cod	e - Telephone Number
B. ACCOU	NTANT IDENTIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	e opinion is contained in this Repor	<b>1</b> *	
Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public	Accountants		
(Nar	nc – ıf ındıvıdual, state last, first, mıddle na	me)	
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northridge	CA	91324
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			`
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its possessions.		
FO	R OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

## OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Todd Wyche	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	tatement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation	, as
of <u>December 31, 2009</u>	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, princ	pal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follow	
State of DUD, Youth	
County of 11/11/1 Grand	non-viginaliza
Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) to before me	
this / day of Febouary, 20/1),	
	Signature
by Am	Name: Vicetor
proved to me on the basis of satisfactory	Title Title
evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me	
fulan Jeecelf	ANGELA M. FERNANDEZ Notary Public, State of New York
Notary Public	Qualified in Bronx County
	No. 01FE6161092
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	My Commission Expires Feb. 20, 2011
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
<ul><li>☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss)</li><li>☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Cash Flows</li></ul>	
(d) Statement of Changes in Cash Hows  Z (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(c) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinal	ed to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Re	quirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Con	trol Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explan	nation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve	Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	adited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.  (I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
<ul><li>☑ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.</li><li>☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.</li></ul>	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	ound to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (11) vishore apparent mil manarias managinates vi	

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation (the Company) as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 23, 2010

# Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2009

#### **Assets**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	398,505
Receivables from clearing organization	•	6,434
Deposit with clearing organization		103,785
Property and equipment, net		37,925
Prepaid expense		23,317
Other assets		12,357
Total assets	\$	582,323
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	77,235
Employee compensation and benefits payable		66,575
Income taxes payable	<del></del>	1,400
Total liabilities		145,210
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, no par value, 200 shares authorized,		
60 shares issued and outstanding		155,000
Additional paid-in capital		939,650
Accumulated deficit		(657,537)
Total stockholder's equity	<del></del>	437,113
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	582,323

# **Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation** Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

## Revenues

Commissions	\$	1,123,093 35,206
Other income	_	33,200
Total revenues		1,158,299
Expenses		
Employee compensation and benefits		682,609
Commissions, trading fees and floor brokerage		112,911
Communication and data processing		54,007
Occupancy and equipment rental		75,737
Professional fees		183,000
Other operating expenses		161,318
Total expenses	-	1,269,582
Net income (loss) before income tax provision		(111,283)
Income tax provision		8,000
Net income (loss)	\$	(119,283)

# **Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation** Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	_	Common Stock		dditional Paid-in Capital	Ac	cumulated Deficit		Total
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$	155,000	\$	939,650	\$	(538,254)	\$	556,396
Net income (loss)		-				(119,283)	<del></del>	(119,283)
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$	155,000	\$_	939,650	\$	(657,537)	\$	437,113

# Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)			\$ (119,283)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	\$	21,308	
(Increase) decrease in assets:			
Receivables from clearing organization		37,877	
Deposit with clearing organization		108	
Prepaid expense		(17,949)	
Other assets		4,975	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(95,957)	
Employee compensation and benefits payable		48,438	
Income taxes payable		600	
Total adjustments			 (600)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating a	ectiv	ities	(119,883)
Cash flow from investing activities		(0.114)	
Purchase of property and equipment		(9,114)	
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing a	ctivi	ties	(9,114)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing a	ctiv	ities	 -
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			(128,997)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			 527,502
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			\$ 398,505
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$	-	
Income taxes	\$	18,395	

# Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of New York on February 8, 1996. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer that sales securities on behalf of its clients.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Receivables from clearing organization represent commissions earned on security transactions. These receivables are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with related commission income and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

Advertising costs are expenses as incurred. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company charged \$19,682, to other operating expenses.

# Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

The Company has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1361-1379 of the Internal Revenue Code. Subchapter S of the Code provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements.

### Note 2: RECEIVABLES FROM CLEARING ORGANIZATION

Pursuant to the clearing agreement, the Company introduces all of its securities transactions to clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. Customers' money balances and security positions are carried on the books of the clearing brokers. In accordance with the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers for losses, if any, which the clearing brokers may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing brokers monitor collateral on the customers' accounts. As of December 31, 2009, the receivables from clearing organization of \$6,434 are pursuant to these clearance agreements.

#### Note 3: DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company has a brokerage agreement with Penson Financial Services Inc ("Clearing Broker") to carry its account and the accounts of its clients as customers of the Clearing Broker. This Clearing Broker has custody of the Company's cash balances which serve as collateral for any amounts due to the Clearing Broker as well as collateral for securities sold short or securities purchased on margin. Interest is paid monthly on these cash deposits at the average overnight repurchase rate. The balance at December 31, 2009 was \$103,785.

# Note 4: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment are recorded net of accumulated depreciation and summarized by major classifications as follows:

# Note 4: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET (Continued)

(Continued)		Useful Life
Computer and equipment	\$ 106,585	5
Furniture and fixtures	2,022	7
	108,607	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(70,682)	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 37,925	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$21,308.

#### **Note 5: INCOME TAXES**

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is included in these financial statements. All tax effects of the Company's income or loss are passed through to the shareholder individually. However, the Company is subject to the New York State and City taxes and various state minimum franchise taxes. As of December 31, 2009, the total income tax provisions comprise of the following:

**Amount** 

	A	mount
New York state tax	\$	1,000
New York city tax		5,000
Other state franchise taxes		2,000
	\$	8,000

#### **Note 6: OCCUPANCY**

The Company entered into a short-term operating agreement for two office spaces in New York and San Diego. For the year ended December 31, 2009, occupancy included the followings:

	 Mount
Office space	\$ 56,425
Storage and equipment rental	5,390
Surchages	8,233
Conference and answering services	 5,689
	\$ 75,73.7

#### Note 7: PROFIT SHARING PLAN

The Company has an employee benefit plan ("Plan") under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code ("Code") covering substantially all of its employee. Participants may contribute up to 15% of annual compensation, but not in excess of the maximum allowed under the Code. The employer's matching contribution shall be determined by the employer with respect to each plan year. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company did not make any contributions to the Plan.

#### Note 8: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

#### **Note 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### Contingencies

The Company maintains several bank accounts at financial institutions. These accounts are insured either by the Federal Deposit Insurance Commission ("FDIC"), up to \$250,000, or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), up to \$500,000. At times during the year ended December 31, 2009, cash balances held in financial institutions were in excess of the FDIC and SIPC's insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management believes that it has placed its cash on deposit with financial institutions which are financially stable.

## Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued a new professional standard in June of 2009 which resulted in a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. The new professional standard, issued as ASC 105 ("ASC 105"), establishes the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification or ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of GAAP for SEC registrants. Existing GAAP was not intended to be changed as a result of the Codification, and accordingly the change did not impact the financial statements of the Company.

# Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

For the year ending December 31, 2009, various accounting pronouncements or interpretations by the Financial Accounting Standards Board were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") /Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") topics for the year

SFAS/ASC No.	<u>Title</u>	<b>Effective Date</b>
SFAS 141(R)/ ASC 805	Business Combinations	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 157/ ASC 820	Fair Value Measurements	After November 15, 2008
SFAS 161/ ASC 815	Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 165/ ASC 855	Subsequent Events	After June 15, 2009
SFAS 166*/ ASC 860	Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 140	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 167*/ ASC 810	Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 168/ ASC 105	The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of FASB Statement 162	After September 15, 2009
*Currently being	g processed for inclusion in the Codification	

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material

impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

## Note 11: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$361,438 which was \$351,757 in excess of its required net capital of \$9,681; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$145,210) to net capital was 0.4 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

# Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2009

Computation of net capital

Minimum net capital requirements

6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness Minimum dollar net capital required

Net capital required (greater of above)

Excess net capital

Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital

Common stock	\$ 155,000	)	
Additional paid-in capital	939,650		
Accumulated deficit	(657,537		
Accumulated deficit	(00.3)	2	
Total stockholder's equity		\$	437,113
Less: Non-allowable assets			
Property and equipment, net	(37,925	i)	
Prepaid expense	(23,317		
Other assets	(12,357)	)	
Total non-allowable assets			(73,599)
Net capital before haircuts			363,514
Less: Haircuts on securities			
Haircut on money markets	(2,076)	<u>)</u> )	
Total haircuts on securities		<del></del>	(2,076)
Net Capital			361,438
Computation of net capital requirements			

9,681

5,000

0.4:1

\$

(9,681)

351,757

\$

\$

# Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2009

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

# Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2009

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation

Supplementary Accountant's Report

on Internal Accounting Control

Report Pursuant to 17a-5

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009



Board of Directors Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 23, 2010 Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation
Report on the SIPC Annual Assessment
Pursuant to rule 17a-5 (e) 4
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009



Board of Directors Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (e) (4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1954, we have performed the following procedures with respect to the accompanying schedule (Form SIPC-7T) of Securities Investor Protection Corporation assessments and payments of Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation ("the Company") for the year ended December 31, 2009. Our procedures were performed solely to assist the Company in complying with Rule 17a-5 (e) (4), and our report is not to be used for any other purpose. The procedures we performed are as follows:

- 1. Compared listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursements records entries;
- 2. Compared amounts reported on the unaudited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009, with the amounts reported in General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T);
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations in the Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting adjustments; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was computed.

Because the above procedures do not constitute an examination made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we do not express an opinion on the schedule referred to above.

In connection with the procedures referred to above, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the amounts shown on the Form SIPC-7T were not determined in accordance with applicable instructions and forms. This report relates only to schedules referred to above and does not extend to any financial statements of Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California February 23, 2010

# Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation Schedule of Securities Investor Protection Corporation Assessments and Payments For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	A	Amount		
Total assessment	\$	2,606		
SIPC-4 general assessment Payment made on November 27, 2009		(231)		
SIPC-7T general assessment Payment made on February 23, 2010		(2,375)		
Total assessment balance (overpaymment carried forward)	\$	_		

Brinson Patrick Securities Corporation
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009