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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2009 A	ND ENDING	December 3	<u>51, 2009</u>
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/Y	(
A. R	EGISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	TION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:				
Devenir, LLC				
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BI	USINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box 1	No.)	FIRM ID	. NO.
7701 France Avenue South, Suite 670				
	(No. and Street)			
Minneapolis	Minnesota		55435	
(city)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF	PERSON TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS	REPORT	
Eric Remjeske			(952) 345-030	0
		(#	Area Code—Telephor	ie No.)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in this	s Report*		
Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LL				
—	Name—if individual, state last, first, middle nan	ne)	PO MAN	
2501 Wayzata Boulevard	Minneapolis	Minne	EC Mail	55405
(Address)	(City)	(State)	Secricit	Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		MA	i u i suiti	
Certified Public Accountant				
		Was	hington, DC	
Public Accountant Accountant not resident in Unit	ed States or any of its possessions.	•	106 -	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Eric Remjeske ______, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Devenir, LLC ______, as of

<u>December 31</u>, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of a customer, except as follows:

Signature 1ITL This report** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. $\overline{\mathbf{A}}$ (c) Statement of Income (Loss) \square (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition/Cash Flows. $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (g) Computation of Net Capital $\overline{\Lambda}$ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. 1 1 (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$ Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-solidation. (1) An Oath or Affirmation. \checkmark (m)A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. (o) Report on internal control required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a broker-dealer claiming an exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3. $\overline{\mathbf{V}}$

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors and Member Devenir, LLC Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Devenir, LLC (a whollyowned subsidiary) as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Devenir, LLC as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

February 23, 2010

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Accounting & Auditing | Tax | Private Investment Banking | Actuarial & Benefits Consulting | Valuation & Litigation Leadership Group | Entrepreneurial Services | China Strategies | LBL Technology Partners

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2009

ASSETS

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CASH	\$	7,026
CLEARING ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		1,041
CLEARING ACCOUNT DEPOSIT		25,000
PREPAID EXPENSES		150
	\$	33,217
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY		
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES	\$	807
MEMBER'S EQUITY	_	32,410
	\$_	33,217

See notes to financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS Year Ended December 31, 2009

REVENUE Investment banking fees Asset management commissions Realized and unrealized loss on investments Interest income		\$ 25,113 307,153 (50,081) <u>200</u> 282,385
OPERATING EXPENSES Employee compensation and benefits Rent Licenses and permits Clearance fees Communications and data processing Professional services Interest Other expense	\$ 159,431 35,249 12,922 30,252 4,174 33,830 6 77,261	353,125
NET LOSS		\$ <u>(70,740</u>)

 ${\bf v}_{i} = {\bf v}_{i}$

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Member's Equity
BALANCE – DECEMBER 31, 2008	\$ 103,150
Net loss	(70,740)
BALANCE – DECEMBER 31, 2009	\$ <u>32,410</u>

See notes to financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended December 31, 2009

OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$ (70,740)
Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by operating activities: Proceeds from sale of investments Investments given to employee for compensation Realized and unrealized loss on investments Changes in operating assets and liabilities: Clearing accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued expenses Net cash provided by operating activities and increase in cash	\$ 3,059 2,140 (2,248)	8,309 15,145 50,081 <u>-2,951</u> 5,746
CASH Beginning of year		1,280
End of year		\$

See notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies -

Description of Business

Devenir, LLC (Company) is a "fully disclosed introducing" broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board (MSRB) and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Devenir Group, LLC (Parent).

The Company is engaged in a single line of business which engages in the following types of services, as agreed to with FINRA:

- Broker retailing corporate debt and equity securities
- Retail mutual funds
- Broker U.S. Government securities and sell municipal securities in the secondary markets
- Investment advisory services
- Private placement of securities

Securities transactions are cleared by Pershing, LLC (Pershing) as the Company's clearing broker.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition

Investment banking fees are earned from providing private placement, merger and acquisition, divesture services, and financial advisory services. These fees are recognized when the related services are completed and the income is reasonably determinable.

Commissions and related clearing expenses for securities transactions are recorded on a settlement-date basis.

Investments, Fair Value and the Fair Value Option

The Company adopted the fair value option provision under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). This GAAP provides entities the option to measure certain financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in earnings each period. GAAP permits an irrevocable fair value option election on an instrument-by-instrument basis at initial recognition.

The Company defines fair value under GAAP as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

(continued)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – (continued)

Income Taxes

Income or loss of the Company is allocated to the member for income tax purposes. Therefore, no provision for income taxes is presented in these financial statements.

2. Off-Balance Sheet Risk –

The Company clears all transactions for its customers on a fully disclosed basis with Pershing, a clearing broker, who carries all the customer accounts and maintains the related records. The Company is liable to Pershing for the transactions of the Company's customers. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the other parties are unable to fulfill their contractual obligations. A \$25,000 clearing account was established to ensure the performance of obligations under the agreement.

3. Investments -

The Company owns shares in a nonpublic investment. Management has recorded the fair value of the investment at \$0, using Level 3 of GAAP's fair value hierarchy.

The loss on investments consists of \$36,506 of unrealized losses and \$13,575 of realized losses.

4. Net Capital Requirement and Exemption –

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Net capital and the related net capital ratio fluctuate on a daily basis; however, at December 31, 2009, the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.03 to 1 and net capital was \$32,260, which exceeded the minimum capital requirement by \$27,260.

The Company operates under the provisions of paragraphs (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission since all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. Therefore, the Company is exempt from the remaining provisions of the rule.

5. Lease Commitments –

The Company operates in space leased on a month-to-month basis and furnished by its Parent. The Parent charges the Company for use of the office space and the communications system at 75% of the Parent's cost. Rent expense was \$35,249 for 2009.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. Related Party Transactions –

The Parent company is the sole owner of the Company and is responsible for maintaining net capital requirements.

The Company has an expense sharing agreement with its Parent for the use of certain property and provides for the performance of certain services based on agreed upon expense allocations. The agreement is for one year with renewal options. Expenses under the agreement were \$282,595, consisting primarily of compensation, occupancy, and professional services.

Effective January 1, 2008, the Parent adopted a SIMPLE IRA Plan for its eligible employees. Any Plan contributions are intended to be considered as part of the expense sharing agreement.

7. Concentration –

The Company earned approximately 12% of its 2009 fees and commissions from one customer.

8. Subsequent Events –

Subsequent events have been reviewed through February 23, 2010, the date at which the financial statements were available for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Board of Directors and Member Devenir, LLC Minneapolis, Minnesota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Devenir, LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated February 23, 2010. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

February 23, 2010

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COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL December 31, 2009

NET CAPITAL Member's equity	\$ 32,410
Deductions for nonallowable assets: Prepaid expenses	(150)
NET CAPITAL	\$32,260
BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS Net capital Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$5,000, whichever is greater)	\$ 32,260 5,000
Excess net capital	\$27,260
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$807
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	.03
RECONCILING ITEMS TO THE COMPANY'S COMPUTATION INCLUDED IN PART II OF FORM X-17a-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009 Net capital as reported by the Company Prepaid expense as a nonallowable asset	\$ 32,410 (150)
NET CAPITAL	\$32,260

See independent auditor's report on supplementary information.

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Lurie Besikof Lapidus – & Company, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Board of Directors and Member Devenir, LLC Minneapolis, Minnesota

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Devenir, LLC (Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives.

Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and Member, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

Lurie Besikof Lapidus & Company, LLP

February 23, 2010

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

December 31, 2009