

10035446

\_\_\_ COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0122 Expires: February 28, 2010 Estimated everage burden hours per response....12.00

#### ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART 111

CM

SEC FILE NUMBER

43804

#### **FACING PAGE**

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	MPABOLAA OTATARA	AND ENDING	MM/DD/YY	
A. REGISTI	RANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	and to the second s	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
Europa Securities, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		Box No.)	FIRM LD. NO.	
3801 E. Florida Avenue Suit	e 400	Legography dys mericalisma ing retirm des alegtics (spin-test-resemblished signific	Program Burgan and was proceedings from the force of the control of a configuration considerable force.	
Denver	(No. and Street)	8	<b>102</b> 10	
(City)	(Siste)	E STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	Zip Code)	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose	FANT IDENTIFIC c opinion is contained	policie est policie policie proceso policie si establica de la companya de la companya de la companya de la co	etti Tillian yöseyndeji neskitalaja kalantiitiin neskinesta kuusuvayske vin	
Rubio CPA, PC (Name - if individ	uol, state kast, first, middi	e name)	iddingalagaa saa kaan yaan ah oo oo ay oo alka moonida moonida tarkada ah oo aan da calaan far oo ah oo ah oo a	
120 Powers Ferry Road, Suite 350 (Addess)	Atlanta (Cby)	Georgia (Sae)	30339 (Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:			প্রতি ক্রমেন	
Certified Public Accountant			Mail Color	
Public Accountant				
Accountant not resident in United S	minus material strategic special control of the second second second second second second second second second	a principality in international control of the cont		
FOR OF	FICIAL USE ONLY	us garios dimensiona consistencia con co	200 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
			Will Will Brown	
j. Barran sagaran sana inan inan agalamin panan inan inan ang manan barran panan inan inan inan inan inan inan i	to communication the company of the contraction of	(1) Andrews of the section of the s	A Bina him o hiquari/seta men albahinggan a zu daak waz etz	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the apinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02) unless the

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid GMB control number.

\$ 3-17

### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I, _	Al	Reeves	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
knowl	edge an	nd belief the accompanying	financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Eur	opa Securities, LLC	, as
of _	<del>-</del>	December 31	, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neithe	r the co	mpany nor any partner, prop	rietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classif	ied sole	ely as that of a customer, exce	ept as follows:
		,	•
	3	OPHELIA OWE	NS / / / / / / /
	1	MY COMMISSION # DI EXPIRES: February	956958
	. 1	Bonded Thru Notary Public	Underwriters
	•		
			Title
	N	Notary Public	STATE OF TIRCIAGO
Thio -	onout *	* contains (check all appli	cable hoves): O. The foregoing insuranced was recognized and herore may this
1 1115 1	eport .	Contains (check all appli	
<u> </u>	(a)	Facing Page.	who is (personally known to the) or (who has produced FID IV LIC) as identification) and who did did not take an
	<b>(</b> b)	Statement of Financial Co	ondition.
>		Statement of Income (Los	
2	(d)	Statement of Changes in	
<u> </u>	(e) (f)	Statement of Changes in	Stockholders' Equity or Partners" or Sole Proprietors" Capital.  Notary Public  Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
5		Computation of Net Capi	
Ē		Computation for Determi	nation of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
5		Information Relating to the	ne Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(j)	A Reconciliation, includi	ng appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under
			putation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit
_	<b>-</b>	A of Rule 15c3-3.	d 12.1 and an added Statements of Financial Condition with
L	」 (k)	A Reconciliation between respect to methods of con	the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with
F	<b>a</b> (b)	An Oath or Affirmation.	sonuation.
<b>≥</b>		A copy of the SIPC Supp	lemental Report.
F			naterial inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the
<u> </u>	· ` ′	date of the previous audit	

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17z-5(e)(3).

EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2009
With
Independent Auditor's Report

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member Europa Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Europa Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Europa Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 25, 2010 Atlanta, Georgia

#### EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2009

### **ASSETS**

		2009
Cash and cash equivalents Clearing deposit		10,429 1,514
Office equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$520 Other assets		4,684 1,695
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	18,322
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S	EQUIT	Ϋ́
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,434
Total Liabilities		2,434
MEMBER'S EQUITY	<u></u>	15,888
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$	18,322

# EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		2009
REVENUES Commissions and fees Interest and dividend income		19,498 <u>67</u>
Total revenues		19,565
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Commissions and clearance fees Communications Occupancy Other operating expenses		14,896 2,341 1,058 76,099
Total expenses	<u> </u>	94,394
NET LOSS	<u>\$</u>	<u>(74,829</u> )

# EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	s.e.mi	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:  Net loss  Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	\$	(74,829)
used in operations:  Decrease in accounts receivable		1,587
Decrease in other assets		2,898
Decrease in clearing deposit		28,487
Decrease in accounts payable		(10,201)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(52,058)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of office equipment		(3,231)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<del></del>	(3,231)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Member's contributions	<del></del>	13,000
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		13,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(42,289)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE: Beginning of year		52,718
End of year	<u>\$</u>	10,429

## EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Balance, December 31, 2008 \$ 77,717

Member's Contribution 13,000

Net loss \$ (74,829)

Balance, December 31, 2009 <u>\$ 15.888</u>

#### EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

## NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: Europa Securities, LLC (the "Company"), a Delaware Limited Liability Company organized in September 1995, is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents deposits in high credit quality financial institutions. Balances at times may exceed federally insured limits.

Office Equipment: Office equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided by use of straight-line methods over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company is taxed as a partnership. Therefore the income or losses of the Company flow through to its members and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Estimates:</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

### NOTE B --- NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$9,506, which was \$4,506 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .26 to 1.0.

## EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

#### NOTE C --- OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company's customers execute securities transactions through the Company. These activities may expose the Company to off balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

#### NOTE D - CLEARANCE AGREEMENT

The Company had an agreement with a clearing broker to execute and clear, on a fully disclosed basis, customer accounts of the Company. In accordance with this agreement, the Company was required to maintain a deposit in cash or securities. The Company ceased clearing securities transactions during 2009 and the remaining balance of the clearing deposit is expected to be refunded.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### SCHEDULE I EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC

### COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

NET CAPITAL:	m 15 000
Total member's equity	<u>\$ 15,888</u>
Less non-allowable assets: Other assets Office equipment	(1,695) (4,684) (6,379)
Net capital before haircuts	9,509
Less haircuts:	
Money market assets	3
Net capital Minimum net capital required	9,506 5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 4,506</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 2,434</u>
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 162</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.26 to 1.0</u>

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported in Part A of Form X-17a-5 and net capital as reported above.

#### **EUROPA SECURITIES, LLC**

# SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III
INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(i) of the rule.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Managing Member Europa Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Europa Securities, LLC, for the year ended December 31, 2009, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including test of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Europa Securities, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (3) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

### Page 3

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used for any other purpose.

February 25, 2010 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC