| 10035369 | UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III | | OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: February 28, 2010 Estimated average burden hours per response 12.00 SEC FILE NUMBER 8-4 2 0 3 6 | | |
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| | FACING PAGE equired of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant ties Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 | | | | |
| REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BE | | NDING | 12/31/09 | | |
| | MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
| NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: | | | OFFICIAL USE ONLY | | |
| | | | FIRM I.D. NO. | | |
| ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLA One Rockefeller F | CE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) | | FINM I.D. NO. | | |
| | (No. and Street) | | | | |
| New York | NY | | 10020 | | |
| | (State) | | (Zip Code) | | |
| NAME AND TELEPHONE NUM John Rancich | MBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD T | O THIS R | 212-407-4604 | | |
| · | | r | (Area Code – Telephone Number | | |
| | B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION | | | | |
| INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCO KPMG LLP | OUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Repo | ort* | | | |
| | (Name – if individual, state last, first, middle n | ame) | | | |
| 345 Park Avenue | New York | NY | 10154 | | |
| (Address) | (City) | (State) | | | |
| CHECK ONE: | Accountant | SEC | URITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISS RECEIVED | | |
| Public Accountan | | | MAR 1 2010 | | |
| Accountant not re | sident in United States or any of its possessions. | BRANCH OF REGISTRATION | | | |
| | FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY | | AND 04 EXAMINATIONS | | |
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of John Rancich 1. my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of GAM Services Inc. , as 2009 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that December 31 of neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows: State of New York County of New York Sworn to before me this day of / DAVID'P Signature . BRIGNONI Notary Public, State of New York Treasurer , Chief Operating Officer No. 02BR6172401 Qualified in New York County Commission Expires 08/06/2011 Title Notary mbli This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). □ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. 🔀 (I) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. **For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

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Supplemental Report on Internal Control

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

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KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154-0102

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholder GAM Services Inc. and Subsidiary:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statement of financial condition of GAM Services Inc. and Subsidiary (the Company) as of December 31, 2009 that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This consolidated statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of GAM Services Inc. and Subsidiary as of December 31, 2009 in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

February 24, 2010

Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

Assets

| Cash and cash equivalents Due from parent company - net Other assets | \$ | 1,500,700 15,900 41,300 |
|---|----------|-------------------------------|
| Total assets | \$ | 1,557,900 |
| Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity | | |
| Liabilities: Accrued expenses | \$ | 55,000 |
| Total liabilities | <u> </u> | |
| Stockholder's equity: Common stock, par value \$1 per share. Authorized 3,000 shares; issued and outstanding 100 shares Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings | _ | 100 659,600 843,200 |
| Total stockholder's equity | | 1,502,900 |
| Total liabilities and stockholder's equity | \$ _ | 1,557,900 |
| | | |

See accompanying notes to consolidated statement of financial condition.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

(1) Organization

GAM Services Inc. (the Company), a Delaware corporation, was organized on October 3, 1989. The Company's business involves the private placement of unregistered funds (the Funds). The Company is a registered limited purpose broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC). The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of GAM USA Inc. (the Parent) which is owned by GAM Group AG. The Company's ultimate parent is GAM Holding Ltd., a Swiss holding company.

The Company owns all of the outstanding common stock of GAM Funding Inc. (GAM Funding). GAM Funding is a Delaware corporation which was organized in April 1998.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") has become the exclusive reference of authoritative U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under authority of federal laws are also sources of authoritative GAAP for SEC registrants. The ASC has superseded all existing non-SEC accounting and reporting standards. The Company's consolidated statement of financial condition is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which may require the use of management estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated statement of financial condition and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The consolidated statement of financial condition includes the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, GAM Funding. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers money market funds and other short term investments with maturities at acquisition of less than three months to be cash equivalents.

(c) Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal and combined state and local tax returns of the Parent. The Company computes its federal, state, and local income taxes on a separate entity basis and is subject to the utilization of tax attributes in the Parent's consolidated income tax provision. Current and deferred tax liabilities and assets are settled with the Parent on a current basis.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

(d) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial instruments, which consist of cash and accounts receivable, are reported at their carrying amounts which approximate fair value given the short term nature of these items.

(3) Income Taxes

Pursuant to a tax sharing arrangement with the Parent, which allows for current treatment of all temporary differences, the Company treats such differences as current.

On December 31, 2009, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Codification 740-10-25, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (ASC 740-10-25). ASC 740-10-25 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions and prescribes guidance related to the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. ASC 740-10-25 also requires recognition in the consolidated statement of financial condition of the impact of a tax position, if that position is more likely than not to be sustained upon an examination, based on the technical merits of the position. As of December 31, 2009, the Company had no uncertain tax positions that ASC 740-10-25 required be recognized or disclosed in the statement of financial condition. The following is the major tax jurisdiction for the Company and the earliest tax year subject to examination: United States – 2008.

(4) Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 (the Rule), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The Rule also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. The Company computes its net capital under the aggregate indebtedness standard permitted by the Rule. The Company's minimum net capital requirement is the greater of 6-2/3% of the aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or \$25,000. In addition, certain advances, payments of dividends and other equity withdrawals are subject to certain provisions of the Rule. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital, as defined, of \$972,700 exceeding the requirements by \$947,700. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 6% at December 31, 2009.

(5) Concentration of Credit Risk

Substantially all of the Company's cash and cash equivalents are on deposit with a major financial institution.

(6) Related Party Transactions

The Company shares certain administrative expenses with its Parent. These administrative expenses are allocated to the Company pursuant to an expense sharing agreement between the parties.

The Company earned revenue for acting as the selling and private placement agent for the Funds pursuant to a service agreement between the Company and the Parent. Included in Due from parent company - net at December 31, 2009 is an accrued receivable of \$196,500 related to these services.

Notes to Consolidated Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

Included in Due from parent company-net at December 31, 2009 is a payable of \$180,600 representing amounts pursuant to the tax sharing agreement and the expense sharing agreement.

(7) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events after the consolidated statement of financial condition date through February 24, 2010, the date on which the consolidated statement of financial condition was issued. The Company has no material events to report.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

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KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154-0102

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Stockholder GAM Services Inc. and Subsidiary:

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated statement of financial condition of GAM Services Inc. and Subsidiary (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated statement of financial condition, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of the consolidated statement of financial condition in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

KPMG LLP, a U.S. limited liability partnership, is the U.S. member firm of KPMG international, a Swiss cooperative.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's consolidated statement of financial condition will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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February 24, 2010