

UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	NG01/01/09	AND ENDING	12/31/09
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. I	REGISTRANT IDENTIF	TCATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Inter	rcarolina Financia	l Services, Inc.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF I	BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
3300 Battleground Avenue	e, Suite 400		
	(No. and Street)		
Greensboro	NC	. 2	7410
(City)	(State)	(Z	ip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Joseph E. Navolanic	F PERSON TO CONTACT IN 336-288-6890	REGARD TO THIS REP	ORT
		(Area Code – Telephone Number
B. A	CCOUNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	SEC Mail Process
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN	T whose opinion is contained	in this Report*	Section
Breslow Starling Frost W	arner Boger Hiatt,	PLLC	MAR OT ZUW
	(Name - if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	10000
Post Office Box 10345	Greensboro	NC	Washington, DC 21904
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
	Inited States or any of its poss	essions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	DNLY	
	,		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Joseph E. Navolanic , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Intercarolina Financial Services, Inc.
of December 31 , 20 09 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:
as follows.
La lacia & and
Signature
Signature
TRESIDEN/
NOTARY PUBLIC
CARE ALLEATER TUESON ANNE HUNTER NELSON
GUILFORD COUNTY, NC
等的有效性的 Company Compan
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):
(a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
 (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
图 (g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(1) information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 1563-3
(1) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Puls 1503, 1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-1 and the
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
[X] (I) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date. Six
- () independent Address report on internal accounting control
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Independent Auditors' Report

February 15, 2010

To the Stockholders Intercarolina Financial Services, Inc. Greensboro, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Intercarolina Financial Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in subordinated borrowings, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Intercarolina Financial Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules on pages 11 and 12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Breslow Starling Frost Warner Boger Hiatt, PLCC

Certified Public Accountants

Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 26,908
Deposit with Clearing Organizations	15,000
Accounts Receivable:	
Commissions - Clearing Broker	18,207
Commissions and Fees - Mutual Fund and Annuity Companies	123,269
Stockholders and Brokers	15,347
Securities Owned:	
Not Readily Marketable, at Estimated Fair Value	1,700
Prepaid Items	6,905
Furniture and Equipment at Cost, Net of Accumulated	
Depreciation of \$32,753	 8,007
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 215,343
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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Commissions Payable	\$	115,372
Accounts Payable, Accrued Expenses and Other Liabilities	<u> </u>	31,394
TOTAL LIABILITIES		146,766
Stockholders' Equity		
Common Stock (\$1 par Value, 100,000 Shares Authorized,		
1,338 Shares Issued and Outstanding)		1,338
Additional Paid-in Capital		48,518
Retained Earnings		18,721
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u> </u>	68,577
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$	215,343

Statement of Income For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenues	
Commissions and Fees	\$ 2,185,890
Interest	295
	0400405
TOTAL REVENUES	2,186,185
Expenses	
Commissions	1,822,962
Officers' Salaries	50,330
Employees' Compensation	116,515
Payroll Taxes and Fringe Benefits	34,927
Occupancy	33,166
Regulatory and Exchange Fees	12,085
Office	35,083
Legal and Accounting	15,100
Taxes and Licenses	2,727
Other	28,834
Less Amounts Allocated to Brokers	(105,689)
	1
TOTAL EXPENSES	2,046,040
NET INCOME	\$ 140,145

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholders' Equity	
Stockholders' Equity January 1, 2009	\$ 1,338	\$ 48,518	\$ 37,049	\$ 86,905	
Net Income	0	0	140,145	140,145	
Dividends Paid	0	0	(158,473)	(158,473)	
Stockholders' Equity December 31, 2009	\$ 1,338	\$ 48,518	\$ 18,721	\$ 68,577	

Statement of Changes in Subordinated Borrowings For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Balance, January 1, 2009	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Increases (Decreases), 2009	
Balance, December 31, 2009	<u> </u>

Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Cash Flow from Operating Activities:	
Net Income	\$ 140,145
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	1,208
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Assets:	
Receivables from Clearing Broker and Mutual Fund and	
Annuity Companies	(19,840)
Other Receivables	(1,717)
Prepaid Items	136
Decrease in Operating Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	43,318
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	163,250
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Stockholder Loans - Net	(8,452)
	(0,132)_
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	(8,452)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:	
Dividends Paid	(158,473)
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	(158,473)
Net Decrease in Cash	(3,675)
Cash at Beginning of Year	30,583
Cash at End of Year	\$ 26,908
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Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:	
Cash paid for:	
Interest	\$ 156

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2009

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and Operations - Intercarolina Financial Services, Inc., "The Company" was incorporated on September 16, 1986 under the laws of North Carolina. The Company operates as a fully disclosed brokerage firm that clears stocks, options, and municipal security trades through a clearing broker. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company's primary office is located in Greensboro, North Carolina. The Company also maintains branch offices in North and South Carolina.

Accounting Records - The Company maintains its records on the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Securities Transactions</u> - Commission revenues from securities transactions are recognized on a trade-date basis.

<u>Bad Debts</u> - Management considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible therefore no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

<u>Furniture and Equipment</u> – Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, primarily 5-10 years, using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense was \$1,208 in 2009.

<u>Commissions</u> - Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

<u>Investment Advisory Income</u> - Investment advisory fees are received quarterly but are recognized as earned on a pro rata basis over the term of the contract.

<u>Cash</u> - For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash includes cash on deposit with federally insured commercial banks, cash on deposit with clearing brokers, and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> - The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(Continued)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2009

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Income Taxes</u> - The Company has elected to be taxed under the provisions of Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code. Under this election, the Company's federal and state taxable income or loss is passed through to the individual stockholders. Therefore, no provision or liability for income tax has been included in these financial statements.

In accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 740, the Company has no significant unrecognized tax benefits and is no longer subject to income tax examinations by taxing authorities for years before 2006.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> - The amount associated with compensated absences has not been accrued because it cannot be reasonably estimated.

<u>Deposits Held In Financial Institutions</u> - The Company maintains its cash balances in two financial institutions located in Greensboro, North Carolina. The balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per institution. From time to time, the Company's deposits may exceed these limits.

NOTE 2 - Securities Owned

Not Readily Marketable - The Company has an investment representing less than 1% of the issued common stock of an untraded company. This investment is valued at management's estimate of fair value.

NOTE 3 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company leases its Greensboro office and a copier under operating-lease agreements. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2009 was \$28,306. At December 2009, future minimum lease obligations are as follows:

2010	26,049
2011	25,528
	24,624
2013	18,738
Total future minimum	
lease payments <u>\$</u>	94,939

NOTE 4 - Related-Party Transactions

The Company has made unsecured non-interest-bearing advances to stockholders of \$12,036 as of December 31, 2009.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2009

NOTE 5 - Retirement Plan

The Company maintains a Savings Incentive Match Plan for Employees of Small Employers. The Company did not contribute to the plan in 2009.

NOTE 6 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$36,079, which was \$26,290 in excess of its required net capital of \$9,789. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 4.07 to 1 at December 31, 2009.

Computation of Net Capital Requirement Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2009

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Total stockholders' equity qualified for Net Capital Subordinated Borrowings	\$	68,577 0
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		68,577
Deductions and/or Charges:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Net variable annuity commissions receivable over 30 days		539
Receivables from stockholders and brokers		15,347
Securities not readily marketable		1,700
Property and equipment, net		8,007
Prepaid Items		6,905
		32,498
일본 [14] 목표현 그는 얼마를 하는 것이 되는 것이 되었다.		
Net Capital		36,079
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Total aggregate indebtedness included in		
Statement of Financial Condition	\$	146,766
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		4.07
Computation of Net Capital Requirement		
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$	9,789
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$	5,000

Computation of Net Capital Requirement Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of December 31, 2009

Exemptive Provision Under Rule 15c3-3

An exemption from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed under section (K)(2)(B). All customer transactions are cleared through National Financial Services, LLC on a fully disclosed basis.

Reconciliation of Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 with Company's Computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009)

Net Capital, as reported in Company's Part II FOCUS report: (unaudited)	\$ [43,353
Rent deposit not deducted in Company's initial calculation		5,000
Audit Adjustments: Commissions earned at December 31, 2009 but not received until January 2010 and other receivable and		
payable adjustments net of related commission payable		2,274
Net Capital, as reported on previous page	\$	36,079

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC. RULE 15c3-3

To the Stockholders
INTERCAROLINA FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.
Greensboro, North Carolina

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Intercarolina Financial Services, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment of securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purpose in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2009 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bies (cw Starling Frost Warner Boger Hiatt, PLCC

Greensboro, North Carolina February 15, 2010

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

To the Stockholders
INTERCAROLINA FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.
Greensboro, North Carolina

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Intercarolina Financial Services, Inc. ("the Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement records entries including the Company's general ledger and check register noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009 less revenues reported on the FOCUS reports for the period from January 01, 2009 to March 31, 2009 to the Company's financial statements and general ledger, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7T for the period from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009 noting no differences except that the Company's SIPC 6 was prepared using an incorrect cutoff resulting in overpayment of the Company's general assessment by approximately \$600;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers to the Company's general ledger and supporting underlying documentation noting no differences except the deductions reported on SIPC 7T were overstated by approximately \$35,000 causing an understatement of the Company's assessment of approximately \$90;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers to the Company's general ledger and underlying documentation supporting the adjustments noting no differences other than those mentioned above;
- 5. Item not applicable.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Breslew Starling Frost Warner Boger Hiatt, PLCC

Greensboro, North Carolina February 15, 2010

Greensboro, North Carolina

Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

Certified Public Accountants

Greensboro, North Carolina

December 31, 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Annual Audited Report Form X-17A-5, Part III (Facing Page) and Oath or Affirmation	1
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Statement of Financial Condition	3
Statement of Income	4
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	5
Statement of Changes in Subordinated Borrowings	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8 - 10
Computation of Net Capital Requirement Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	11 - 12
Computation of Net Capital Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness	
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement Exemptive Provision Under Rule 15c3-3	
Reconciliation of Computation of Net Capital With Company's Computation	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure	13 - 14
Independent Auditors' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation	15 - 16