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8- 65866

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	§ 01/01/2009	AND ENDING 12	2/31/2009
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: COMPA	SS POINT RESEARCH & TRA	ADING, LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU 1775 I STREET, SUITE 800	JSINESS: (Do not use P.O. I	3ox No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
	(No. and Street)	,	
WASHINGTON	DC	200	006
(City)	(State)	(Z	Cip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF SCOTT DREYER	PERSON TO CONTACT IN		ORT (202) 540-7301 (Area Code – Telephone Numbe
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFI		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT RUBIO CPA, PC	whose opinion is contained i	n this Report*	
	(Name – if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	
2120 POWERS FERRY RD, SUITE 350	ATLANTA	GA	30339
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:	•		
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in U	nited States or any of its posse	essions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, SCOTT DREYER		, swea	r (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial COMPASS POINT RESEARCH & TRADING, LLC			
of DECEMBER 31	, 20 09	, are true and correct.	I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, pri classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	incipal officer		
		Signatur	re Company
Madue Pelie ain A Notary Public	_	Title	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	ity or Partners nated to Clain Requirements ontrol Require lanation of the rve Requirement naudited State	ns of Creditors. Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 ements Under Rule 15c3- Computation of Net Capi ents Under Exhibit A of I ements of Financial Cond	-3. ital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Rule 15c3-3. iition with respect to methods of
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain	n portions of t	his filing, see section 240).17a-5(e)(3).
District of Columbia, 00			

District of Columbia: SS Subscribed and Sworn to before me, in my presence,

Notary Public, D.C.

My commission expires FEB. 28,

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC

Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2009
With
Independent Auditor's Report

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC, as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC, as of December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 21, 2010 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Pubis CPA, PC

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC BALANCE SHEET

DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

		2009
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,632,254
Securities owned		742,593
Accounts receivable – clearing broker		605,722
Other accounts receivable		140,639
Office furniture and equipment, net of accumulated		
depreciation of \$21,345		68,121
Deposit with clearing broker		500,000
Prepaid expenses		73,715
Other assets		10,841
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	3,773,885
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS'	EQI	UITY
LIABILITIES Assessment reveable and assessed expenses	\$	107,514
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued commissions	Ф	214,015
Deferred revenue		115,000
Other accrued liabilities		74,897
Other accrued machines		7 1,027
Total Liabilities		511,426
MEMBERS' EQUITY		3,262,459
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	<u>\$</u>	3,773,885

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

		2009
REVENUES	¢	0.526.672
Commissions	\$	9,536,672
Interest and dividend income		24,844
Total revenues		9,561,516
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Employee compensation and benefits		3,809,058
Clearing costs		941,636
Communications		50,095
Occupancy cost		135,612
Other operating expenses	_	1,043,468
Total expenses	,	5,979,869
NET INCOME	<u>\$</u> _	3,581,647

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:	\$ 3,581,647
Depreciation	16,333
Increase in securities owned	(755,237)
Increase in accounts receivable	(288,002)
Increase in accrued commissions	62,457
Increase in accounts payable and other accrued expenses	46,165
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets	(35,825)
Increase in deferred revenue	115,000
Increase in due to clearing broker	<u>74,897</u>
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2,817,435
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchase of office furniture and equipment	(37,140)
Decrease in clearing deposit	350,000
Booloupo in dicumb deposit	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	312,860
CACH ELONG EDOM EDIANGRIC A CTIVITIES.	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Member contributions	150,000
Member distributions	(1,847,050)
Member distributions	(1,047,050)
NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(1,697,050)
NET INCREASE IN CASH	1,433,245
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE: Beginning of year	199,009
End of year	<u>\$ 1,632,254</u>

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Total
Balance, December 31, 2008	\$ 1,377,862
Net income	3,581,647
Contributions from member	150,000
Member distributions	(1,847,050)
Balance, December 31, 2009	<u>\$ 3,262,459</u>

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: The Company is a registered broker dealer organized under the laws of the state of Delaware. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the securities commissions of appropriate states. The Company is a full service, fully disclosed, introducing broker-dealer.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its demand deposits in high credit quality financial institutions. Balances at times may exceed federally insured limits.

<u>Property and Equipment:</u> Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided by use of straight-line methods over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When items of property or equipment are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company is taxed as a partnership. Therefore the taxable income or losses of the Company flow through to its owners and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Estimates:</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

<u>Securities Transactions:</u> Customer's securities transactions are reported on a settlement date basis with related commission income and expenses reported on a trade date basis.

NOTE B - NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$2,857,351, which was \$2,757,351 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .18 to 1.0.

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

NOTE C — OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company's customers execute securities transactions through the Company. These activities may expose the Company to off balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

NOTE D - LEASES

The Company operates from office premises leased on a month to month basis. Rent expense for 2009 was approximately \$132,000.

NOTE E - LITIGATION

The Company is subject to claims and litigation in the normal course of business. There is no litigation in progress at December 31, 2009.

NOTE F - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET CREDIT RISK

As a securities broker, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for a diverse group of corporations and institutions. The Company's transactions are collateralized and are executed with and on behalf of institutional banks, including other brokers and dealers and other financial institutions.

The Company introduces all customer transactions in securities traded on U.S. securities markets to another firm on a fully disclosed basis. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to non-performance by customers or counter parties. The Company monitors clearance and settlement of all customer transactions on a daily basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with the non-performance of customers and counter parties in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to these securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair the customer's or counter party's ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company. In the event of non-performance the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at unfavorable market prices resulting in a loss to the Company. The Company does not anticipate non-performance by customers and counter parties in the above situations.

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

NOTE F – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET CREDIT RISK (CONTINUED)

The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers or counter parities to maintain collateral in compliance with regulatory requirements, clearing broker's guidelines and industry standards. The Company has a policy of reviewing the credit standing of each customer and counter party with which it conducts business.

NOTE G - RECEIVABLE FROM CLEARING BROKER AND CLEARANCE AGREEMENT

The Company has an agreement with a clearing broker to execute and clear, on a fully disclosed basis, customer accounts of the Company. In accordance with this agreement, the Company is required to maintain a deposit in cash or securities.

Amounts receivable from its clearing organization at December 31, 2009 consist of commissions receivable and funds on deposit in various accounts. The receivable is considered fully collectible at December 31, 2009 and no allowance is required.

NOTE I – FAIR VALUE

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

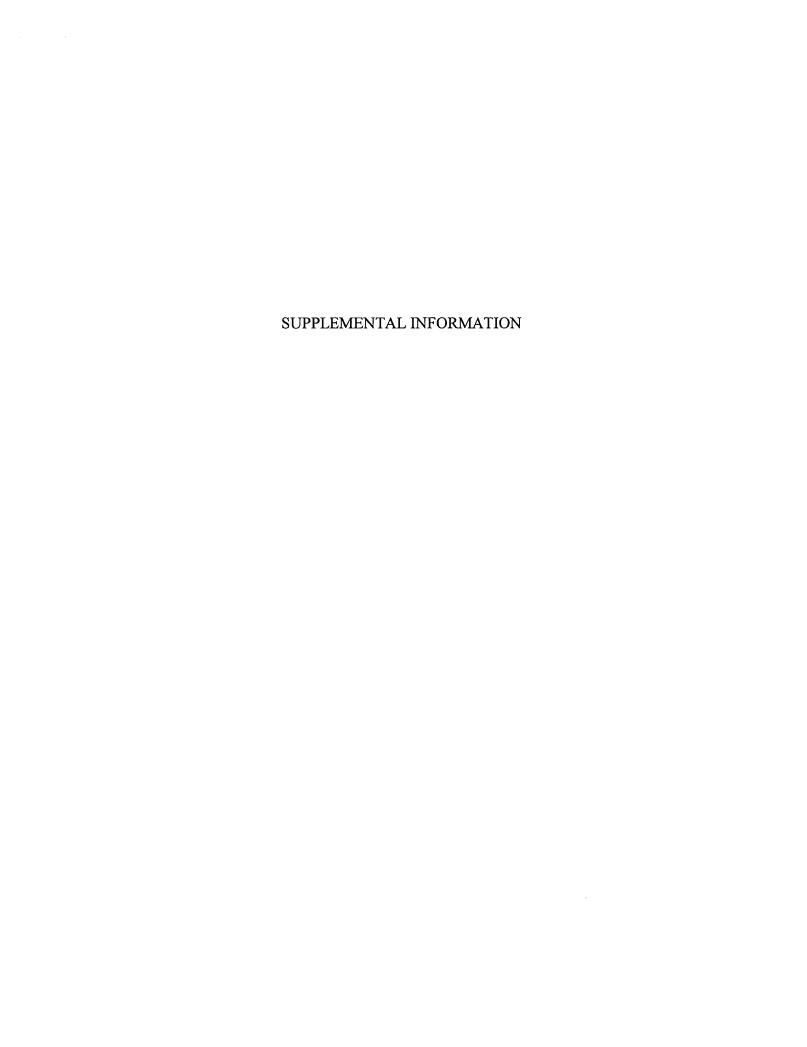
December 31, 2009

NOTE I – FAIR VALUE (CONTINUED)

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2009.

	Fair Value			
	Measurements			
	December 31, 2009		Level 2 Valuation	Level 3 Valuation
Investment securities Available for sale	\$ 742,593	\$ 742,59	93 \$ -	\$ -

Fair value of investment securities available for sale are determined by obtaining quoted prices on nationally recognized securities exchanges when available. If quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined using matrix pricing, which is a mathematical technique used widely in the industry to value debt securities without relying exclusively on quoted prices for the specific securities but rather by relying on the securities' relationship to other benchmark quoted securities.



SCHEDULE I COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

NET CAPITAL:

Total members' equity	\$3,262,459
Less nonallowable assets:	
Other receivables	(140,639)
Office equipment	(68,121)
Prepaid expenses	(73,715)
Other assets	(10,841)
	(293,316)
Net capital before haircuts	2,969,143
Less haircuts:	
Securities owned	(111,389)
Undue concentration	(403)
	(111,792)
Net capital	2,857,351
Minimum net capital required	100,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$2,757,351</u>
Aggregate indebtedness, liabilities less deferred revenue	<u>\$ 511,426</u>
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	\$ 34,095
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	18 to 1.0

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

The is no significant difference between net capital above and net capital as reported in FOCUS report, Part IIA.

COMPASS POINT RESEARCH AND TRADING, LLC

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the rule.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Members Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC, for the year ended December 31, 2009, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including test of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (3) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used for any other purpose.

February 21, 2010 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Rubio CPA, PC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

To the Members of Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC's management is responsible for the Compass Point Research and Trading, LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009, less revenues reported on the FOCUS reports for the period from January 1, 2009 to March 31, 2009, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7T for the period from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences;

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 21, 2010

RUBIO CPA, PC

Rubio CPA, PC

WORKING COPY

SIPC-7T

(29-REV 12/09)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION 805 15th St. N.W. Suite 800, Washington, D.C. 20005-2215 202-371-8300

Transitional Assessment Reconciliation

(29-REV 12/09)

SIPC-7T

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

	TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPO	MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR END	DINGS
1. Na purpo	me of Member, address, Designated Examining Authoses of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:	nority, 1934 Act registration no. and monti	n in which fiscal year ends for
1	 65866 FINRA DEC 11*11 OMPASS POINT RESEARCH & TRADING LI 775 I ST NW STE 800 VASHINGTON DC 20006-2418	Name and telephone number of p	il any corrections to n the form filed,
		respecting this form. Jonathan Self: (770) 263-73	300
<u> </u>			
2. A.	General Assessment [item 2e from page 2 (not les	s than \$150 minimum)]	\$ 17,791
В.	Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed including \$150 July 28, 2009 Date Paid	paid with 2009 SIPC-4 (exclude interest)	(5,684)
C	Less prior overpayment applied		()
D.	Assessment balance due or (overpayment)		
E.	Interest computed on late payment (see instruction	n E) fordays at 20% per annum	
F.	Total assessment balance and interest due (or ove	erpayment carried forward)	\$ 12,107
	PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	\$ 12,107	
Н.	Overpayment carried forward	\$()
3, Su 	bsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this	form (give name and 1934 Act registratio	n number):
perso that a	SIPC member submitting this form and the n by whom it is executed represent thereby all information contained herein is true, correct omplete.	COMPASS POINT RESEARC	
N-1-	the day of , 20 .	(Authorized	Signature)
This	form and the assessment payment is due 60 days period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 year		w//m
REVIEWER	Dates: Postmarked Received Re	eviewed	
E	Calculations Do	ocumentation	Forward Copy
	Exceptions:		
S	Disposition of exceptions:		

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT Amounts for the fiscal period

	and ending December , 20 09 Eliminate cents
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	7,496,328
Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	
Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	
. (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	332,953
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
Reimbursed out-of-pocket expenses	46,316
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. (ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities accounts	
(40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960). \$	676
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	379,946
Total deductions	7,116,382
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	17,791
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	(to page 1 but not less than