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SEC FILE NUMBER

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5** PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NING 01/01/09	AND ENDING 12/31/	09
	MM/DD/YY	1	MM/DD/YY
A	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
	MPREHENSIVE PROGRAMS, INC. B/A CPI CAPITAL, INC.	0	FFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE	APPAPER ENFIONABLED: SZENIZUB TO DV DUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY	TATOLA	FIRM I.D. NO.
513 CENTENNIAL BLVD.	mission Expires 1,23,2014	NUMBER OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	12.15
	(No. and Street)	emoJ	
VOORHEES	NEW JERSEY	08043	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Coo	ie)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS REPORT	
GARY DEVICCI		(856) 874-1250
		(Area	Code – Telephone Number
. B	. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
WITHUMSMITH+BROWN, PC	TANT whose opinion is contained in the state last, first (Name - if individual, state last, first)		
5 VAUGHN DRIVE	PRINCETON	NEW JERSEY	08540
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accou	ntant	SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE	COMMISSION
☐ Public Accountant		SECURITIES AND CANAGE	D
☐ Accountant not residen	t in United States or any of its possess	ions.	110
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	
		BRANCH OF RELIES	RATIONS
		03 EXAMINATIO	NS

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι, _	GA	GARY DEVICCI	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of	
my	knov	knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and suppo	rting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
	CO	COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAMS, INC. D/B/A CPI CAPITAL,	INC. , as	ŝ
of	DE	DECEMBER 31 , 20 09 , are to	rue and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that	
		ther the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or direct	tor has any proprietary interest in any account	
cla	ssifie	ssified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:		
			Signature	
		PRESI		
		MICHELLE F. KRIL	Title	
(NOTARY PUBLIC OF NEW JERS	EY	
-		Notary Public Commission Expires 7/23/20	14	
_		is report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):		
XI XI		(a) Facing Page.(b) Statement of Financial Condition.		
	` '	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).		
	٠,	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.		
X		(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole	Proprietors' Capital	
	. ,	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Cre	• •	
X		(g) Computation of Net Capital.		
		(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuan	t to Rule 15c3-3.	
		(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements U		
X		(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Comput		
	0,	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Und		
	(k)	•		f
	` '	consolidation.	•	
X	(1)	(l) An Oath or Affirmation.		
X		() I) I I		
	(n)	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found	d to have existed since the date of the previous aud	lit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAMS, INC. D/B/A CPI CAPITAL

Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

With Independent Auditors' Report

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WithumSmith+Brown, PC Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

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Additional Offices in New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Florida, and Colorado

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors, Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and the related statement of income, change in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in pages 9, 10 and 15 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Princeton, New Jersey February 23, 2010

Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2009

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Commissions and other fees receivable Due from parent Property and equipment-net	\$	89,743 26,534 52,442 258,171 50
	\$	426,940
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities		
Accrued commissions payable to agents Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ —	35,398 4,580
Total liabilities		39,978
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, no par; authorized 1,000 shares		
authorized, 100 shares issued and outstanding		100
Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings		50,000 336,862
Total stockholder's equity		386,962
Total stockholder a equity		300,902
	<u>\$</u>	426,940

Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital Statement of Income Year Ended December 31, 2009

Commissions and fees Interest and other income

1,054,679

783

1,053,896

Expenses

Revenues

Commission expense	732,911
Employee compensation and benefits	142,161
Regulatory and clearing fees	38,754
Other operating expenses	65,447
Management fees	20,000
	-

999,273

Net income \$ 55,406

Comprehensive Programs, Inc.
D/B/A CPI Capital
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

			Retained	Earnings
		Additional	Paid	Capital
			non	Amount
			Common	Shares
09				
, 20				
Year Ended December 31				

55,406 \$ 386,962

55,406 336,862

\$ 331,556

281,456

↔

Total

December 31, 2008	100	₩	100	↔	50,000	•
Net income December 31, 2009	100	⇔	100	ω	20,000	1 07
The Notes to Einandial Statements are an integral part of this statement	p integral part of this statement					

Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2009

Reconciliation of net income to net cash used in		
operating activities	\$	55.406
Net income	Ψ	00,.00
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Changes in:		(20)
Restricted cash		(20)
Commissions and other fees receivable		(9,278)
Due from parent		(61,306)
Other assets		650
Accrued commissions payable to agents		6,549
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		365
Net cash used in operating activities		(7,634)
Cash and cash equivalents		o= o==
Beginning of year		97,377
End of year	\$	89,743

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting policies followed by the Company in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements are summarized below.

Nature of Business Operations

The Company is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA). The Company brokers securities transactions for investment: mutual funds (61%), variable life insurance (3%), annuity products (28%), and provides investment advisory services (8%). The percentages represent share of total commission revenue for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The Company is a 100% owned subsidiary of Comprehensive Insurance Programs, Inc. whose principal business activity is brokering insurance products that do not have an investment aspect.

Cash equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of certificates of deposit maturing within six months.

Revenue Recognition

Investment advisory fees calculated as a percentage of assets under management are recognized ratably over the term of the contract. These fees are collected by a custodian and remitted to the Company. Fees for financial planning services calculated on an hourly basis are recognized as the services are provided. Fees received in advance and not yet earned are recorded as unearned fees on the statement of financial condition. Commissions are recognized as income based on the trade date of the transaction.

Commissions Receivables

Commissions receivable represent amounts due from the Company's clearing firm, and other mutual fund companies, for securities transactions that were traded prior to the year end. Commissions receivable are stated at the full amount of the commissions and other servicing fees charged to its customers to broker securities transactions. The Company considers commissions receivable to be substantially all collectible. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required at December 31, 2009.

Equipment

Equipment is stated at cost. Depreciation of equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the equipment, generally five years. Assets are evaluated for impairment annually. Management has determined that there is no impairment at December 31, 2009.

Income taxes

The Company has elected S corporation status, for federal and state purposes. Earnings and losses are included in the income tax return of the stockholder and taxed depending on its tax situation. Accordingly, the Company does not incur income tax obligations, and the financial statements do not include a provision for income taxes.

The Company adopted the application of "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" for its fiscal year beginning January 1, 2009. Upon adoption of this accounting pronouncement, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits. Furthermore, the Company had no unrecognized tax benefits at December 31, 2009.

The Company files tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and New Jersey. The Company has no open years prior to December 31, 2006.

Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Concentrations

At December 31, 2009, commissions receivable from one mutual fund company represented 41% of total commission and other fees receivable. Three broker/dealer representatives received approximately 83% of total commission expenses during the year.

The Company maintains its cash balances in several accounts at one financial institution. Accounts at the institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. Balances in the accounts at times exceed the insurable limit. Since the Company maintains its cash balances at a high quality credit institution, it does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on its cash balances.

2. Related Party Transactions

The Company and its parent make non-interest bearing advances to each other for working capital purposes, as required. The amount due from its parent was \$258,171 at December 31, 2009. The parent provides certain services to the Company for which it is charged management fees of \$20,000 for the year ended December 31, 2009. The parent charged the Company for a portion of certain shared operating expenses such as rent, telephone and office expenses. These charges amounted to \$55,980 for the year ended December 31, 2009. The parent reimbursed the Company for postage charges and commission expenses which amounted to \$187,286 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

3. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15-c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. As of December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$88,636, which was \$38,636 in excess of the required net capital of \$50,000. The company's net capital ratio was .45 to 1 at December 31, 2009.

4. Restricted Cash

The Company maintains a depository account with its clearing brokers, in the amount of \$26,534 at December 31, 2009 pursuant to its clearing agreements.

5. Retirement Plan

The Company has a defined contribution 401(k) plan. Substantially all employees are eligible to participate. The Company's contribution amounted to \$-0- for the year ended December 31, 2009.

6. Regulation

The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the SEC. The securities industry in the United States is subject to extensive regulation under both federal and state laws. The SEC is the federal agency responsible for the administration of the federal securities laws. Much of the regulation of broker-dealers has been delegated to self-regulatory organizations, such as the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), which has been designated by the SEC as the Company's primary regulator. These self-regulatory organizations adopt rules, subject to approval by the SEC, that govern the industry and conduct periodic

Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2009

examinations of the Company's operations. The primary purpose of these requirements is to enhance the protection of customer assets. These laws and regulatory requirements subject the Company to standards of solvency with respect to capital requirements, financial reporting requirements, record keeping and business practices.

Securities firms are also subject to regulation by state securities administrators in those states in which they conduct business.

7. Loss Contingency

The Company has received notification from FINRA that some customers, of a former representative of the Company, have filed formal complaints alleging the Company was responsible for investment losses to their accounts. The complaints are currently under review by FINRA.

As of the date of the report, certain customers have requested mediation with the Company. The range of loss, if any, cannot be estimated by management.

8. Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events through February 23, 2010, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based on this evaluation, the Company has determined that no subsequent events have occurred, which require disclosure in the financial statements.



Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital Schedule of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission Year Ended December 31, 2009

Net Capital Total stockholder's equity	\$	386,962
Deductions and/or charges:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Restricted cash		26,534
Commissions and other fees receivable		7,538
12b-1 receivables from broker-dealers		6,033
Equipment, net		50
Due from parent		258,171
Buo II o III paro III		298,326
Net Capital	\$	88,636
Aggregated Indebtedness		
Accrued commissions payable to agents	\$	35,398
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		4,580
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	39,978
Total aggregate indebtedness		
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement		
Minimum net capital required of 6-2/3 percent of aggregate indebtedness of \$39,978	\$	50,000
or \$50,000, whichever is greater		
Excess net capital	<u>\$</u>	38,636
	œ	04 600
Excess net capital at 1,000 percent	<u>»</u>	84.638
Ratio: aggregate indebtedness to net capital		.45 to1

No material differences exist between the above computation and the computation included in the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17A-5 Part IIA filing.

Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital Other Information December 31, 2009

1. Computation for determination of reserve requirements under Rule 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the SEC Rule 15c3-3 and, therefore is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Account" for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers."

2. Information relating to the possession or control requirements under SEC Rule 15c3-3

The Company has complied with the exemptive requirements of SEC Rule 15c3-3 and did not maintain possession or control of any customer funds or securities as of December 31, 2009.



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Independent Auditors' Report Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(g)(1) For a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from Rule 15c3-3

To the Board of Directors, Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are



safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transaction are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of CPI Capital to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross checks generally included in an internal control and that; alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

mik+B-R

Princeton, NJ February 23, 2010



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Additional Offices in New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Florida, and Colorado

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation Required by SEC Rule 17a-5(e)(4)

To the Board of Directors, Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the period from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Comprehensive Programs, Inc. D/B/A CPI Capital (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating The Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement records, noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009, less revenues reported on the FOCUS reports for the period from January 1, 2009 to March 31, 2009 as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7T for the period from April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed noting no differences.



We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Princeton, New Jersey February 23, 2010

Comprehensive Programs, Inc.

Schedule of Assessment and Payments to the Securities Investors Payment Corporation (SIPC) - Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(e)(4)

For the Period April 1, 2009 through December 31, 2009

General assessment		\$	2,056
Less			
Payments made with SIPC-4 and SIPC-6:	450		
December 29, 2008	150		
July 22, 2009	532		
January 27, 2010	1,374		2,056
Total assessment balance due		\$	<u></u>
Determination of SIPC net operating revenues and general assessment			
Total revenue (Focus Line 12/Part IIA Line 9)		<u>\$</u>	822,521
General assessment @ .0025		\$	2,056