

SEC Wan Frommer Section

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/1/2009	AND ENDING _	12/31/2009
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURI TIE	5	·
	1) (1)	· <	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
	U' Clooke, Henry	γ, J,	FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	USINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	. 0 .	
14-30 COLLEGE POINT BC	ULEVARD		
	(No. and Street)		
COLLEGE POINT	NY		11356
(City)	(State)	-	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF	PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD T	O THIS REPORT	
HENRY O'TOOLE			718 358-2281
			(Area Code Telephone No.)
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	Twhose opinion is contained in this Repor	rt*	
WEISBERG, MOLE', KRANTZ & GOL	DFARB LLP		
	(Name if individual. state last. first. middle n	name)	
185 CROSSWAYS PARK DRIVE	WOODBURY	NY	11797
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant			
Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any of its possessions		
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Υ.	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

COURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	HENRY J. O'TOOLE , swear (or affirm) that, to the
be	st of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
_	O'TOOLE INSURANCE & SECURITIES , as of
	31-Dec 20 09, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
	r any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of
a c	customer, except as follows:
_	NONE
_	
	26,001
	Signature Signature
	<u>OWNER</u>
	Title
	Jeanne E. Gaebler JEANNE E GAEBLER
	Notary Public State of New York
	No. 01@A869364
	Qualified in Research County Commission Expires Aug. 25, 20 / Ø
Th	is report** contains (check all applicable boxes):
	(a) Facing page.
k	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
X	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
X	(d) Statement of Cash Flows
XXXXXIX	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
Π	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	(g) Computation of Net Capital.
	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
Ħ	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
Ĭ	(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
L	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
X	(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con-
	solidation.
X	(I) An Oath or Affirmation.
X X X	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
لئا	(w) trickout appearance and annual an

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

AN INDIVIDUAL PROPRIETORSHIP

Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

O'Toole Insurance & Securities

Table of Contents
December 31, 2009

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Computations of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	8
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from Rule 15c3-3	9-10



Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Proprietor of O'Toole Insurance & Securities

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of O'Toole Insurance & Securities (an individual proprietorship) as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in sole proprietor's capital and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of O'Toole Insurance & Securities as of December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Westing, Mole; Keant & Goldfeth, LLP

Woodbury, New York

January 13, 2010

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 168,404
Securities owned	 209,895
Total assets	\$ 378,299
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 3,500
Total liabilities	\$ 3,500
Sole Proprietor's Capital	\$ 374,799
Total liabilities and sole proprietor's capital	\$ 378,299

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

REVENUES

Commissions	\$ 35,558
Unrealized profit on investments	 72,552
Total Revenues	\$ 108,110
EXPENSES	
Regulatory fees and expenses	\$ 442
Professional fees	850
General, administrative & other	837
Total Expenses	\$ 2,129
Net profit from operations	105,981
Interest Income	 2,032
Net Profit	\$ 108,013

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SOLE PROPRIETOR'S CAPITAL

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Balance at January 1, 2009	\$ 301,/86
Capital contributed	-
Distribution to sole proprietor	(35,000)
Net income	 108,013
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 374,799

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	\$ 108,013
operating activities: Unrealized gain on investments	(72,552)
Cash flow from changes in assets and liabilities: None	(72,332)
None	
Total adjustments	 (72,552)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 35,461
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES None	 · -
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Distribution to sole proprietor	\$ (35,000)
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (35,000)
Net change in cash	\$ 461
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 167,943
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 168,404
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURES:	
Interest paid	\$ · <u>-</u>
Income taxes paid	\$

O'Toole Insurance & Securities

Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2009

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Operations

O'Toole Insurance & Securities ("the Company"), an individual proprietorship, is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

Revenue Recognition

The Company receives commissions based on customer transactions and fees from the sale of investment products – primarily mutual funds.

Use of Estimates and Subsequent Events

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred through January 13, 2010, which is the date the financial statements were issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in banks, and short-term, highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are reflected at the closing price on the day of valuation with the resulting unrealized gains or losses reflected in net profit for the year. At December 31, 2009, investment securities owned, valued at \$209,895 consisted mainly of uninsured mutual funds.

O'Toole Insurance & Securities

Notes to Financial Statement December 31, 2009

NOTE 2 – NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$100,,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$343,315 which was \$243,315 in excess of its required net capital. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was .01 to 1.

NOTE 3 – REGULATION

The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the SEC. The securities industry in the United States is subject to extensive regulation under both federal and state laws. The SEC is the federal agency responsible for the administration of the federal securities laws. Much of the regulation of broker/dealers has been delegated to self-regulatory organizations, such as the FINRA, which had been designated by the SEC as the Company's primary regulator. These self-regulatory organizations adopt rules, subject to approval by the SEC, that govern the industry and conduct periodic examinations of the Company's operations. The primary purpose of these requirements is to enhance the protection of customer assets. These laws and regulatory requirements subject the Company to standards of solvency with respect to capital requirements, financial reporting requirements, record keeping and business practices.

NOTE 4 - CREDIT & OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

The Company does not have uninsured bank balances that exceed FDIC insured limits and does not hold any financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk.

NOTE 5 – CUSTOMER PROTECTION RULE

The company had no items reportable as customers' fully paid securities: (1) not in the Company's possession or control as of the audit date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the audit date) but for which the required action was not taken by the Company within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3 or (2) for which instructions to reduce to possession or control has not been issued as of the audit date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3.

The company is exempt from SEC rule 15c3-3 pursuant to the exemptive provisions under sub-paragraph (k)(2)(i) and, therefore, is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers".

Supplementary Information

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

NET CAPITAL		
Total sole proprietor's capital	\$	374,799
Deduct sole proprietor's capital not allowable for net capital		-
Total member's equity qualified for net capital	\$	374,799
Additions: none		
Deductions:		
Non-allowable assets	\$	_
Total deductions	\$	-
	Φ.	274 700
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	\$	374,799
Haircuts on securities		(31,484)
Net capital	\$	343,315
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Items included in statement of financial condition		
Accrued expenses and other payables	\$	3,500
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	3,500
COMPLETATION OF DAGIGNET CARRYAL DEGLEDENCENTS		
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS	ф	222
Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness) (A)	\$	233
Minimum dollar net capital requirement for reporting broker or dealer (B)	\$	100,000
Net capital requirement (greater of (A) or (B))	\$	100,000
Excess net capital	\$	243,315
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$	342,965
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital (percentage)		.01 to 1
	•	
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION		
(Included in Part II A of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009)	Φ	242 215
Net capital as reported in Company's Part II A (unaudited) FOCUS report	\$	343,315
No Differences		
Net capital per above	\$	343,315
The suprime per moore	<u> </u>	2 13,515

Weisberg, Molé, Krantz & Goldfarb, LLP Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

To the Proprietor of O'Toole Insurance & Securities

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of O'Toole Insurance & Securities (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entities ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practical in an organization the size of O'Toole Insurance & Securities, to achieve all the divisions of duties and crosschecks generally included in an internal control environment and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance and direct involvement by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of Management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Wushing, Mole', Many + Moloful, Lep Woodbury, New York

January 13, 2010

SIPC-7T

(29-REV 12/09)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION 805 15th St. N.W. Suite 800, Washington, D.C. 20005-2215 202-371-8300

Transitional Assessment Reconciliation

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

SIPC-7T (29-REV 12/09)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

015522 FINRA DEC HENRY J O'TOOLS 10*10 1430 COLLEGE POINT BLVD	Note: If any of the information si requires correction, please e-ma form@sipc.org and so indicate o	il any corrections to
COLLEGE POINT NY 11356-1720	Name and telephone number of prespecting this form.	person to contact
	HENRY O Toole 7	18 358-2281
2. A. General Assessment (Item 2e from page 2 (not	less than \$150 minimum)]	s <u>/50</u>
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed including \$1	150 paid with 2009 SIPC-4 (exclude interest)	(
Dafe Paid C. Less prior overpayment applied		(
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)		
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruc	ction E) fordays at 20% per annum	<u> </u>
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (cr	overpayment carried forward)	\$ 1800
G PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	\$ 180 O	-
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$(<i>O</i>)
3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in t	his form (give name and 1934 Act registratio	n number):
The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.		ANCE YSECURITIES Aship of other organization)
Dated the <u>15 day of TON</u> , 20 <u>10</u> .	OC.	I Signature)
This form and the assessment payment is due 60 d for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 ye	ays after the end of the fiscal year. Retain	
Dates: Postmarked Received Calculations Exceptions:	Reviewed	
Calculations	Documentation	Forward Copy
Exceptions:		
Disposition of exceptions:		

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

	Amounts for the fiscal period beginning April 1, 2009 and ending \(\frac{1}{2}\), 2009 Eliminate cents
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	<u> 35,559</u>
2b. Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	****
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	
Total additions	<i>O</i>
Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annulties, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	·
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	·
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 18(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13. Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	
(ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	,
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	
Total deductions	
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	<u> </u>
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ <u>88.90</u>
	(to page 1 but not less than

O'Toole Insurance & Securities

December 31, 2009

Financial Statements

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Weishers, Mole, Kranntz & Goldfant, ILIP