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		UNITED STATES AND EXCHANGE CO <sup>7</sup> ashington, D.C. 20549	OMMISSION	OMB Number: Expires: Estimated average hours per response	
	ANNU		ORT	SEC FILI	E NUMBER
10032822		FORM X-17A-5 PART III		8	48506
	-	FACING PAGE okers and Dealers Pu Act of 1934 and Rule		' of the	
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD F	BEGINNING	11/01/09 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	<u>10/31/1</u> MM/DD/Y	
	A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFICA	ATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER				OFFICIAL	USE ONLY
Douglas Scott Securities, In ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PI		SS: (Do not use P.O. Box	No.)	FIRM	ID. NO.
101 West Renner Rd., Suit	e 480				
		(No. and Street)			
Richardson (City)		(State)		75082 (Zip Code)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NAME AND TELEPHONE N	JMBER OF PERSO		EGARD TO THIS REF		
	B. ACCO	DUNTANT IDENTIFIC	ATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACC CF & Co., L.L.P.	COUNTANT whos	e opinion is contained in t	this Report*		
	(Name – i	f individual, state last, first, middl	e name)		
8750 N. Central Expresswa	y, Suite 300	Dallas	TX		75231
(Address) CHECK ONE: X Certified Public Public Accounta Accountant not	nt	(City)		IVED 5 2010	(Zip Code)
		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY			
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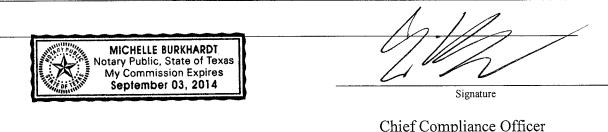
\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of I, Eric Keltner my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Douglas Scott Securities, Inc. , as of , 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company October 31

nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Title

This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- XIXIXIXIXIXIXIXIX (a) Facing page.
  - (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows
- Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital. (e)
- Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (f)
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. (i)
- A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the (j) Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- X X (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
  - (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
  - (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- X (o) Independent auditor's report on internal control

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

# **DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC.**

REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)

YEAR ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2010

# DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC.

## CONTENTS

PAGE

INDEPENDENT AU	JDITOR'S REPORT		1
STATEMENT OF F	INANCIAL CONDITION		2
STATEMENT OF I	NCOME		3
STATEMENT OF C	HANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		4
	HANGES IN LIABILITIES ED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS		5
STATEMENT OF C	ASH FLOWS	·	6
NOTES TO THE FI	NANCIAL STATEMENTS		7 - 11
SUPPORTING SCH	EDULES		
Schedule I:	Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission		13 - 14
Schedule II:	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission		15
	JDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL QUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5		17 - 18
	JDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5		20 - 22



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Directors Douglas Scott Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Douglas Scott Securities, Inc., as of October 31, 2010, and the related statement of income, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Douglas Scott Securities, Inc. as of October 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

H\$6,11

CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas December 9, 2010

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## DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Financial Condition October 31, 2010

5

## ASSETS

Cash	\$	47,828
Advances to employees		11,758
Federal income tax receivable - current		9,064
	<u>\$</u>	68,650
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Liabilities Accrued liabilities	<u>\$</u>	89
Stockholders' equity Common stock, 100,000 shares authorized with \$.01 par value, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding		<u> </u>
Additional paid in capital		20,890
Retained earnings		47,661
Total stockholders' equity		68,561
	<u>\$</u>	68,650

## DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Income For the Year Ended October 31, 2010

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<b>Revenues</b> Profits from underwriting and selling groups Reimbursement income Realized loss on securities	\$ 290,364 367,220 (1,997) <u>655,587</u>
Expenses Salaries and compensation Communications Occupancy and equipment costs Promotional Regulatory fees and expenses Other expenses	563,745 8,276 2,846 237 36,607 <u>34,053</u>
Net income before income taxes	<u>    645,764</u> 9,823
Federal income tax current Federal income tax deferred	(2,691) <u>7,498</u>
Net Income	<u>\$ 14,630</u>

## DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended October 31, 2010

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	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings	Total
Balances at October 31, 2009	\$ 10	\$ 20,890	\$ 33,031	\$ 53,931
Net income			14,630	14,630
Balances at October 31, 2010	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>\$ 20,890</u>	<u>\$ 47,661</u>	<u>\$ 68,561</u>

DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors For the Year Ended October 31, 2010

Balance, at October 31, 2009	\$	-0-
Increases		-0-
Decreases		-0-
Balance, at October 31, 2010	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Page 5

## DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended October 31, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities	\$	14,630
Increase in advances to employees		(7,657)
Increase in federal income tax receivable - current		(2) (5)
Decrease in accrued liabilities		<u>(5</u> )
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		6,966
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b> Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		-0-
Cash flows from financing activities Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		-0-
Net increase in cash		6,966
Cash at beginning of year		40,862
Cash	<u>\$</u>	47,828
Supplemental schedule of cash flow information		
Cash paid during the year for:		

Interest	<u>\$</u>	-0-
Income taxes	<u>\$</u>	-0-

#### Note 1 - Accounting Policies Followed by the Company

Douglas Scott Securities, Inc., (the "Company"), is a direct participation brokerdealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i). The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). Substantially all the Company's underwriting revenues of is generated through the sale of oil and gas development programs for Hill Country Exploration, Inc., ("Affiliate") and Hill Country Wind Exploration, Inc. The Company's customers are located throughout the United States.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Security transactions are recorded on a trade date basis. Securities are carried at market value and securities not readily marketable are carried at fair value as determined by management of the Company. The increase or decrease in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation of securities is credited or charged to operations.

Compensated absences have not been accrued because the amount cannot be reasonably estimated.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due. The provision for federal income taxes differs from the expected amount using statutory rates because certain expenses included in the determination of net income are non-deductible for tax reporting purposes.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* ("SFAS 168") (FASB ASC 105-10). SFAS 168 replaces all previously issued accounting standards and establishes the *FASB Accounting Standards Codification* ("FASB ASC" or the "Codification") as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. SFAS 168 is effective for all annual periods ending after September 15, 2009.

The FASB ASC is not intended to change existing U.S. GAAP. The adoption of

#### Note 1 - <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>, continued

this pronouncement only resulted in changes to the Company's financial statement disclosure references. As such, the adoption of this pronouncement had no effect on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued Statement No. 165, *Subsequent Events* ("SFAS 165"), included in the Codification under FASB ASC 855, which establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events occurring after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued. SFAS 165 also requires entities to disclose the date through which it has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for that date. The Company adopted SFAS 165 for its year ended October 31, 2010. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

See Note 8 for more information regarding the Company's evaluation of subsequent events.

#### Note 2 - Fair Value Disclosures

#### Fair Value Measurements

Effective November 1, 2009, the Company adopted SFAS 157 (FASB ACS 820) Fair Value Measurements, which provides a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles. FASB ASC 820 applies to all financial instruments that are being measures and reported on a fair value basis.

As defined in FASB ASC 820, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Company uses various methods including market, income and cost approaches. Based on these approaches, the Company often utilizes certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and or the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. The Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques the Company is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

#### Note 2 -Fair Value Disclosures, continued

#### Fair Value Measurements, continued

Level 1 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in active exchange markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Level 1 also includes U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities and federal agency mortgage-backed securities, which are traded by dealers or brokers in active markets. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in less active dealer or broker markets. Valuations are obtained from third party pricing services for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The level two securities consisted of corporate debt obligations.

Level 3 - Valuations for assets and liabilities that are derived from other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker traded transactions. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets or liabilities

For the year ended October 31, 2010, the application of valuation techniques applied to similar assets and liabilities has been consistent. The fair values of all securities owned are deemed to be Level 1. Prior to year-end, the Company sold its marketable securities. The proceeds are shown as a realized loss of \$1,997 on the statement of income.

#### Note 3 -Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At October 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of approximately \$47,739 and net capital requirements of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .002 to 1. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

#### Possession or Control Requirements

The Company holds no customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

Note 4 -

#### Note 5 - Income Tax

On December 30, 2008, the FASB issued staff position ("FSP") No. FIN48-3 (FASB ASC 740), *Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Entities,* which permitted the Company to defer the implementation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes* (FASB ASC 740) until its fiscal year beginning November 1, 2009. FASB ASC 740 clarifies that management is expected to evaluate an income tax position taken, or expected to be taken, for likelihood of realization, before recording any amounts for such position in the financial statements. FASB ASC 740 also requires expanded disclosure with respect to income tax positions taken that are not certain to be realized. The Company adopted FASB ASC 740 for its year ended October 31, 2010. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Management evaluates income tax positions based on a predetermined threshold of whether the positions taken will be sustained on examination. Uncertain tax positions are reduced by a liability for a contingent loss that is recorded either when the threshold is no longer met or when it becomes probable that a payment will be made to the taxing authority.

The tax benefit from the net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$21,381 has not been reported in these financial statements because the Company believes there is at least a 50% chance that the carryforwards will expire unused. Accordingly, the tax benefit has been offset by a valuation allowance of the same amount. The following reflects the changes in the tax benefit:

	Deferred		Deferred
	Tax Asset	Current	Tax Asset
	October 31,	Period	October 31,
	2010	Changes	2010
Federal	\$ 10,705	\$ 7,498	\$ 3,207
Valuation allowance	(10,705)	(7,498)	(3,207)
Amount per balance sheet	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$ -0-</u>	<u>\$0-</u>

This operating loss carryforward will expire as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30,	
2029	\$ 17,931
2028	3,447
	<u>\$ 21,381</u>

## Note 5 - <u>Income Tax, continued</u>

The Company's 2008, 2009 and 2010 corporation returns filed with the Internal Revenue Service remain open to examination. The current year tax benefit represents a reduction in prior year valuation allowances.

### Note 6 - <u>Related Party Transactions</u>

During the year ended October 31, 2010, the Company received commission and due diligence income in the amount of \$63,139 from its oil and gas affiliate and \$227,225 from its wind exploration affiliate. The Company and its Affiliates are under common control and the existence of that control creates operating results and financial position significantly different than if the companies were autonomous.

The Company has a reimbursement agreement with Affiliate in which the Company receives reimbursements for certain out of pocket costs. The Company received reimbursements during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2010. Under an exclusive marketing agreement, the Affiliate provides the Company various general and administrative expenses, such as, telephone service, office supplies, equipment servicing and maintenance, etc. For the year ended October 31, 2010 the Company recorded \$367,220 in reimbursement income related to the agreement.

The Company is economically dependent on its affiliate.

#### Note 7 - 401(k) Plan

The Company maintains a profit sharing/401(k) plan covering all eligible employees. The Company has elected not to make any profit sharing plan contribution for the current fiscal year. The Company does not make matching contributions to the 401(k) plan.

#### Note 8 - <u>Subsequent Events</u>

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the Company has reviewed events that have occurred after October 31, 2010 through December 9, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During this period, the Company did not have any material subsequent events.

# Supplementary Information

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Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of

October 31, 2010

## Schedule I

## DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of October 31, 2010

## COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

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Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital		\$ 68,561
Add: Other deductions or allowable credits		
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		68,561
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets: Advances to employees Federal income tax receivable - current	\$ 11,758 9,064	(20,822)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		47,739
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to rule 15c3-1(f))		
Net capital		<u>\$ 47,739</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		
Items included in statement of financial condition Accrued expense		<u>\$ 89</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness		<u>\$ 89</u>

# Schedule I (continued)

## DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of October 31, 2010

# COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$6</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	<u>\$                                    </u>
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$ 42,739</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$ 47,730</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.002 to 1</u>

## **RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION**

There were no material differences in the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation.

#### Schedule II

## DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of October 31, 2010

## **EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS**

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(i), in which the Company is a direct participation broker-dealer.

Independent Auditor's Report

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On Internal Control

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Year Ended October 31, 2010



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Board of Directors Douglas Scott Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental information of Douglas Scott Securities, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended October 31, 2010 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

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A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at October 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas December 9, 2010 Independent Auditor's Report On The SIPC Annual Assessment Required By SEC Rule 17a-5 Year Ended October 31, 2010



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

Board of Directors Douglas Scott Securities, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended October 31, 2010, which were agreed to by Douglas Scott Securities, Inc.'s, and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Douglas Scott Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. Management is responsible for Douglas Scott Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements records entries (cash disbursements journal) noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended October 31, 2010 with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended October 31, 2010 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Offle, ut

CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas December 9, 2010 8750 N. Central Expressway, Suite 300 • Dallas, Texas 75231-6436 • Phone: 972-387-4300 • 800-834-8586 • Fax 972-960-2810 • www.cfllp.com

SIPC-7	-7 SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300				SIPC-7
(33-REV 7/10)	G	eneral Assessmen			(33-REV 7/10)
	(Read carefully the	e instructions in your Worl	<mark>(ダ/3)</mark> , 20 <u>1</u> king Copy before completing RS WITH FISCAL YEAR	y this Form)	<b>Leggen</b> ,
1. Name of Mem purposes of the	ber, address, Designated Exa audit requirement of SEC Rul	imining Authorily, 1934 e 17a-5:	Act registration no. and	month in which fiscal y	ear ends for
8-048506 FINRA OCT DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES INC 101 WEST RENNER RD STE 480 RICHARDSON, TX 75082 DOUGLAS SCOTT SECURITIES, INC, RECEIVED ON Name and telephone number of person to		ase e-mail any correcti ndicate on the form file	ons to d.		
		OCT 2 1 2010	respecting this form.		
2: A. General	Assessment (item 2e from pag	REVIEWED BY <u>ERIC KELTNER</u> je 2)	·	`	.00
_ 61	ment made with SIPC-6 filed (e <b>30/16</b> Date Paid	xclude interest)		( <u> </u>	5.52
	or overpayment applied			( <b>(</b>	
D. Assessm	ent balance due or (overpaym	ient)		(375	.52)
E. Interest (	computed on late payment (se	e instruction E) for	days at 20% per annu		
F. Total ass	sessment balance and interes	t due (or overpayment e	carried forward)	<u>\$_{375</u>	.52)
Check er	TH THIS FORM: nclosed, payable to SIPC usl be same as F above)	\$_			
H. <sup>°</sup> Overpayı	ment carried forward	\$(	375.52	)	
3. Subsidiaries	(S) and predecessors (P) incl	uded in this form (give	name and 1934 Act regi	stration number):	

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

Dated the 24th day of Norember, 20 10.

Douglas S Jecui: fies .Λc Partnership or other organization) horized Signature) Vice E ive O, CFO les.

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

<u>6</u>	Dates:					
2		Postmarked	Received	Reviewed		
REVIE	Calculations			Documentation		Forward Copy
Ja	Exception	ons:				
S	Disposit	ion of exceptions:				

#### DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT Amounts for the fiscal period

#### Item No.

2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

- 2b. Additions
  - (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except loreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
  - (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
  - (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
  - (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
  - (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
  - (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
  - (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

#### Total additions

#### 2c. Deductions:

- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
- (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
- (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
- (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
- (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
- (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
- (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
- (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):

revenues pulseant to attached BPM, 657,583.90 DPP related

- (9) (1) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.
  - (ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).

Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

Total deductions

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

83.90  $O \cdot O O$ (to page 1, line 2.A.)

beginning	VΖĭ	11000	2009
and ending			
Eli	min	ate c	ents
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