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	UNITED STATES ES AND EXCHANGE COMM Washington, D.C. 20549 JAL AUDITED REP FORM X-17A-5/A PART III	MISSION OMB Nur Expires of Estimates	B APPROVAL nber: 3235-0123 October 31, 2004 Chierage burden no. 12.00
Information Required of B Securities Exchang	FACING PAGE rokers and Dealers Purs e Act of 1934 and Rule 1		
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	October 1, 2008 A		nber 30, 2009
A. REGIS	TRANT IDENTIFICAT	ION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Equibond			ICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE 1801 Century Park East	Suite 1470	).)	FIRM I.D. NO.
	(No and Street)		000.57
Los Angeles (City)	California (State)	(Zip Code)	90067
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS Jay Lustig	ON TO CONTACT IN REGA	RD TO THIS REPORT (310) 260-6000	
B ACCOL	JNTANT IDENTIFICAT		e – Telephone Number)
D. ACCOL			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who Breard & Associates Inc., Certified Pu	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Report*	
(Na	me – if individual, state last, first, mi	ddle name)	
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northridge	California	91324
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Z1p Code)
CHECK ONE:			
<ul><li>Certified Public Accountant</li><li>Public Accountant</li></ul>			
Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its possession	S.	
FO	R OFFICIAL USE ONLY		······································
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\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

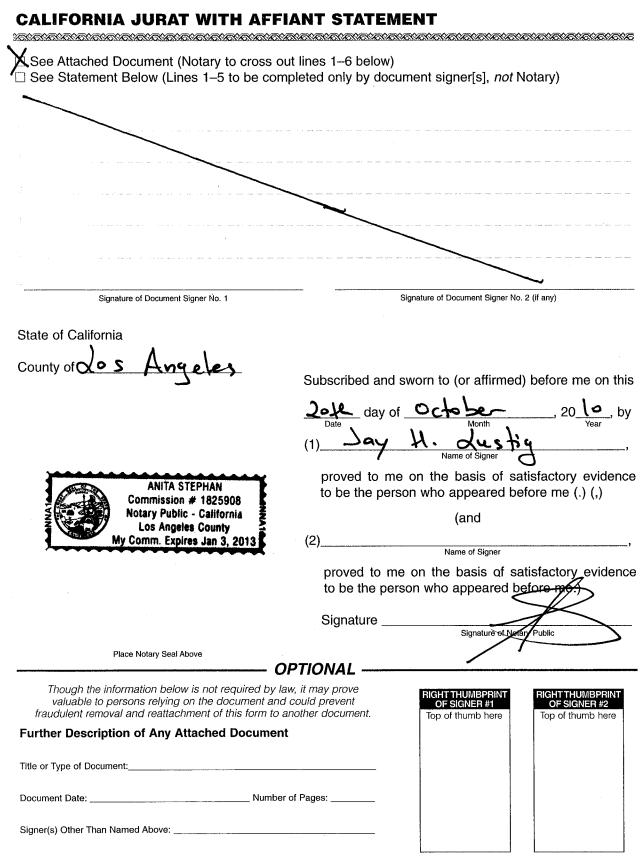
#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

1. J	ay Lustig	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					hat, to the des	1 01
my know	wledge and b quibond, ]	elief the accomp	anying financia	l statement and			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, as
of	Sentem	her 30	200	8				ar (or affirm)	
neither	the company	nor any partner	, proprietor, pri	ncipal officer	or director h	as any propr	ietary interes	st in any accou	int
classifie	-d solely as t	hat of a custome	r, except as foll	ows:					
<u>Ulusonn</u>									
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	. <u></u>			n dia 1999 - 1999 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1	1	1	<u> </u>		
of	- <u>-</u>	or affirmed) to _by on the basis of	person	ally known_	T	Signatur Signatur Title	- m M	5	
		ry Public				• • • • •			
🛛 (a)	) Facing Pag	ains (check all ag e. of Financial Con		):	с. С.				

- ☑ (c) Statement of Income (Loss)
- (d) Statement of Changes in Cash Flows
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- 🖾 (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.

(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Equibond, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Equibond, Inc. (the Company) as of September 30, 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As explained in Note 7 to the financial statements, subsequent to the issuance of the financial statements the Company became aware that the net inventory and investment gains (losses) should be presented to reflect gains (losses) from riskless and proprietary transactions separately, rather than being combined. The corrected presentation has no material effect on the Company's results from operations. In our original report dated November 25, 2009, we expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements, as expressed herein, remains unqualified.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Equibond, Inc. as of September 30, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Brond & Ossailes me

Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants Northridge, California November 25, 2009, except for the Statement of Operations and Notes 4 and 7, for which the date is November 11, 2010.

# Equibond, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition September 30, 2009

#### Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	96,751
Receivables from clearing organization		41,361
Deposit with clearing organization		107,867
Marketable securities, at market value		23,665
Property and equipment, net		22,746
Deferred tax asset		98,441
Deposits		6,276
Other assets		600
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	397,707

## Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

# Liabilities

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Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 21,000
Commissions payable	16,150
Employee compensation and benefits payable	6,509
Payable to clearing organizations	1,020
Deferred taxes payable	 3,079
Total liabilities	47,758

# **Commitments and contingencies**

# Stockholder's equity

Common stock, no par value, 100,000 shares authorized,	
5,000 shares issued and outstanding	50,000
Additional paid-in capital	647,000
Accumulated deficit	(347,051)
Total stockholder's equity	349,949
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 397,707</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## Equibond, Inc. **Statement of Operations** For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

## Revenues

Commissions	\$	10,319
Net investment gains (losses) - proprietary		2,468,231
Net investment gains (losses) - riskless		1,226,393
Interest		55,111
Other income		5,761
Total revenues		3,765,815
Expenses		
Employee compensation and benefits		573,261
Commissions and floor brokerage		2,892,624
Communications		109,372
Interest		22,778
Occupancy expense		86,244
Other tax		19,894
Other operating expenses		160,861
Total expenses		3,865,034
Net income (loss) before income tax provision		(99,219)
Income tax provision (benefit)	B	(55,979)

(43,240)

\$

Net income (loss)

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.* -2-

# Equibond, Inc. Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

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			A	dditional				
	C	ommon	]	Paid-in	Ac	cumulated		
		Stock		Capital		Deficit		Total
Balance at September 30, 2008	\$	50,000	\$	647,000	\$	(303,811)	\$	393,189
Net income (loss)						(43,240)		(43,240)
Balance at September 30, 2009	<u>\$</u>	50,000	<u>\$</u>	647,000	<u>\$</u>	(347,051)	<u>\$</u>	349,949

# Equibond, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

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Cash flow from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)			\$	(43,240)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation expense	\$	10,576		
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Receivables from clearing organization		23,065		
Deposit with clearing organization		45,902		
Marketable securities, at market value		27,956		
Receivable - other		30,000		
Deferred tax asset		(56,065)		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Commissions payable		11,329		
Employee compensation and benefits payable		(389)		
Payable to clearing organizations		(6,439)		
Deferred taxes payable		(715)		
Total adjustments				85,220
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating	activ	ities		41,980
Cash flow from investing activities				
Purchase of property and equipment		(3,730)		
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing a	nctivi	ties		(3,730)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing	activ	ities		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents				38,250
· · · · -				-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year			·,	58,501
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year			\$	96,751
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest	\$	22,778		
Income taxes	\$	800		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

Equibond, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of California on September 19, 1994. In April, 1995, the Company registered as a broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer, which provides several classes of services. These classes include retailing of Corporate OTC equities, Corporate debt securities and trading on its own account. The Company is also authorized as muncipal securities broker and option writer. The Company does not hold customer funds and/or securities. The Company has over 280 clients.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Receivables from clearing organization represent commissions earned on security transactions. These receivable are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtfull accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

# Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis with related commission income and expenses also recorded on a trade date basis.

The Company has adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" (SFAS 115). As such, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. Realized gains or losses from the sale of marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of historical cost. Unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of recorded cost, with the change in fair value during the period included in income.

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

The Company accounts for its income taxes using the Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." This statement requires the establishment of a deferred tax asset or liability to recognize the future tax effects of transactions that have not been recognized for tax purposes, including taxable and deductible temporary differences as well as net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized as a result of the changes in the assets and liabilities during the year.

Current income taxes are provided for estimated taxes payable or refundable based on tax returns. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences in the basis of assets and liabilities for financial and tax reporting purposes. Measurement of current and deferred tax assets and liabilities is based on provisions of enacted federal and state tax laws.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. These changes had no material impact on previously reported results of operations or stockholder's equity.

#### Note 2: RECEIVABLES FROM CLEARING ORGANIZATION

Pursuant to the clearing agreement, the Company introduces all of its securities transactions to clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. Customers' money balances and security positions are carried on the books of the clearing brokers. In accordance with the clearance agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers for losses, if any, which the clearing brokers may sustain from carrying securities transactions introduced by the Company. In accordance with industry practice and regulatory requirements, the Company and the clearing brokers monitor collateral on the customers' accounts. As of September 30, 2009, the receivables from clearing organization of \$41,361 are pursuant to these clearance agreements.

#### Note 3: DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company has a brokerage agreement with Wedbush Inc. ("Clearing Broker") to carry its account accounts of its customer of the Clearing Broker. This Clearing Broker has custody of the Company's cash and securities balances which serve as collateral for any amounts due to the Clearing Broker as well as collateral for securities sold short or securities purchased on margin. Interest is paid monthly on the cash balance at the average overnight repurchase rate.

Balance at September 30, 2009 consists of the following:

Treasury bills Total	\$ 106,027
Treasury bills	 106,027
Cash	\$ 1,840

#### Note 4: MARKETABLE SECURITIES, AT MARKET VALUE

Marketable securities, at market value consist of restricted corporate stocks. As discussed in Note 1, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. The accounting for the mark-to-market on proprietary trading is included in the Statement of Operations as net investment gains of \$2,468,231.

Marketable securities consist of the following, at quoted market value:

Equities	\$	9,715
Bonds		13,950
Total	<u>\$</u>	23,665

#### Note 5: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment are recorded net of accumulated depreciation and summarized by major classifications as follows:

classifications as follows.		
		Useful Life
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 102,612	7
Machinery and equipment	 124,215	7
	226,827	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (204,081)	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 22,746	

Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2009, was \$10,576.

## Note 6: INCOME TAXES

The provision for income tax expense (benefit) comprises of the following:

	Cı	ırrent	 Deferred	 Total
Federal	\$	-	\$ (38,040)	\$ (38,040)
State	<u></u>	800	 (18,739)	 (17,939)
Total income tax expense (benefit)		800	 (56,779)	\$ (55,979)

The Company has available at September 30, 2009, certain federal and state net operating losses (NOLs), which can be carried forward to offset future taxaxble income. The Federal NOLs expires in 20 years and the states NOLs expire in three (3) to five (5) years. The Federal NOLs produce a deferred tax asset of approximately \$62,333 and the states NOLs produce a deferred tax asset of approximately \$17, 398.

## Note 7: CHANGE IN PRESENTATION OF STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

The accompanying Statement of Operations for September 30, 2009 has been restated to reflect the presentation of the net inventory and investment gains (losses) separated between proprietary and riskless pursuant to Rule 9-04 of the SEC Regulation S-X. There is no effect on the net income for the year ended September 30, 2009.

#### Note 8: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company's sole shareholder owns 100% JHL Holdings Company. In addition, the Company's sole shareholder and JHL Holdings Company are the only two members of Equibond, LLC ("Equibond"). Prophecy Partners, LP ("Prophecy") is a hedge fund managed by Equibond. Both the Company's sole shareholder and Equibond are limited partners of Prophecy. Prophecy has a customer account with the Company. For the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company earned \$439,987 from trades executed for the Prophecy Account.

For the year ended September 30, 2009, the Company paid \$1,643,527 to Prophecy as a commission rebate, which is included in commissions on the Statement of Operations.

#### Note 9: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counter-parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

#### Note 10: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### *Commitments*

The Company entered into a lease agreement for office space under a non-cancellable lease which commenced March 10, 2005, which was expires April 30, 2010 per the amended agreement. This lease contains provisions for rent escalation based on increases in certain costs incurred by the lessor.

At September 30, 2009, the minimum annual payments are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	
2010	\$ 52,300
2011 & thereafter	 _
	\$ 52,300

Rent expense for the year ended September 30, 2009, was \$77,541.

The Company has a rent deferral amount of \$8,365, which is due at the end of the lease term. However, this amount will be due immediately if the Company defaults on the terms of the lease agreement.

#### Note 11: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

For the year ending September 30, 2009, various accounting pronouncements or interpretations by the Financial Accounting Standards Board were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following Financial Interpretation ("FIN") and Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") for the year to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

<u>Statement No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<b>Effective Date</b>
FIN 48	Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 141(R)	Business Combinations	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 157	Fair Value Measurements	After December 15, 2007
SFAS 160	Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements – an amendment of ARB No. 51	After December 15, 2007
SFAS 161	Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133	After December 15, 2008

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

## Note 12: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on September 30, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$217,373 which was \$117,373 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$43,964) to net capital was 0.2 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

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# Note 13: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a difference of \$6,496 between the computation of net capital under net capital SEC. Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule		\$	210,877
Adjustments:			
Accumulated deficit	\$ 6,491		
Haircuts & undue concentration	 5		
Total adjustments		<b></b>	6,496
Net capital per audited statements		\$	217,373

## Equibond, Inc. Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of September 30, 2009

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Computation of net capital		
Common stock	\$ 50,00	0
Additional paid-in capital	647,00	0
Accumulated deficit	(347,05	1)
Total stockholder's equity		\$ 349,949
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Property and equipment, net	(22,74	6)
Deferred tax asset	(98,44	1)
Deposits	(6,27	6)
Other assets	(60	<u>0</u> )
Total non-allowable assets		(128,063)
Net capital before haircuts		221,886
Less: Haircuts and undue concentration		
Haircut on marketable securities	(1,45	7)
Haircut on treasury securities	(1,59	0)
Haircut on debt securities	(83	7)
Undue concentration	(62	.9)
Total haircuts & undue concentration		(4,513)
Net Capital		217,373
Computation of net capital requirements		
Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 2,93	
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 100,00	<u>10</u>
Net capital required (greater of above)		(100,000)
Excess net capital		<u>\$ 117,373</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.2	: 1

There was a difference of \$6,496 between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated September 30, 2009. See Note 13.

See independent auditor's report -12-

## Equibond, Inc. Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of September 30, 2009

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A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Equibond, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule  $15c_{3-3}(k)(2)(ii)$ .

## Equibond, Inc. Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of September 30, 2009

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Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Equibond, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

Equibond, Inc. Supplementary Accountant's Report on Internal Accounting Control Report Pursuant to 17a-5 For the Year Ended September 30, 2009

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Board of Directors Equibond, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Equibond, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at September 30, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Breard + concretes me

Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

#### Northridge, California

November 25, 2009, except for the Statement of Operations and Notes 4 and 7, for which the date is November 11, 2010.