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PART III

SEC TM

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	07/01/09	AND ENDING _	06/30/10
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Vista Securities, Inc.			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINE	SS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.)	
9400 N. Central Expressway, Suite 1625			
	(No. and Street)		
Dallas	TX		75231
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
B. ACCO	DUNTANT IDENTIFIC		Area Code – Telephone No.)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whos	e opinion is contained in	this Report*	
CF & Co., L.L.P.			
(Name – ii	f individual, state last, first, mide	dle name)	
8750 N. Central Expressway, Suite 300	Dallas	TX	75231
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United S	tates or any of its posses	sions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Y	

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Robert G	. Hughes	, swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my kno	owledge and belief the accompanying financia	al statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the
firm of Vista S	Securities, Inc.	, as of June 30 , 2010, are true and
correct. I furth	ner swear (or affirm) that neither the company etary interest in any account classified solely a	nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director as that of a customer, except as follows:
		
		RleA 6 Hypn
		Signature
		Chief Financial Officer Title
	- Jungher	GINT PL
/	Notary Public	ALONSO GIANCARLO REBAZA My Commission Expires November 2, 2010
	eport** contains (check all applicable boxes):	Som or The
	Facing page. Statement of Financial Condition.	
X (c)	Statement of Income (Loss).	
X (d)	Statement of Cash Flows	
X (e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or parts	ners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
X (f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to C	laims of Creditors.
X (g)	Computation of Net Capital.	Discount to Dula 15a2 2
X (h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requiremental Information Relating to the Possession or control Requiremental Regular Republic Repu	uirements Under Rule 15c3-3
X (i) X (j)	A Reconciliation including appropriate explanation	n, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and th
_	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requir	rements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited solidation.	d Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of con
X (l)	An Oath or Affirmation.	
X (1) X (m	n) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	it as found to have existed since the data of the previous oudit
(n)	 A report describing any material inadequacies found t Independent auditor's report on internal control 	so exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

VISTA SECURITIES, INC.

REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

VISTA SECURITIES, INC.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder Vista Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Vista Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Vista Securities, Inc. as of June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

C7 # 60.) P. CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas August 17, 2010

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Financial Condition June 30, 2010

ASSETS

Cash	\$	1,562
Receivable from brokers-dealers and clearing organizations		994,457
Securities owned		5,886,053
Property and equipment net of accumulated depreciation of \$17,959		6,350
Other assets		27,166
	<u>\$</u>	6,915,588
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	12,899
Payable to brokers-dealers and clearing organizations		5,736,126
Bonus payable		90,000
Federal income tax payable		7,020
Shareholder's loan payable		220,000
		6,066,045
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors – related party		625,000
		6,691,045
Stockholder's equity Common stock, 1,000,000 shares authorized with no		
par value, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding		1,000
Additional paid in capital		120,100
Retained earnings		103,443
Total stockholder's equity		224,543
	\$	6,915,588

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Income For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Revenues Gains or losses on firm securities trading accounts Interest income Other income	\$ 1,487,184 146,294 1 1,633,479
Expenses Commissions and clearance paid to other brokers Employee compensation and benefits Communications Occupancy and equipment costs Promotional costs Interest expense Regulatory fees and expenses Other expenses	127,790 1,176,960 59,766 20,953 26,086 83,015 8,919 19,527
Income before income taxes	110,463
Provisions for federal income taxes	(7,020)
Net income	<u>\$ 103,443</u>

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

		Common Stock		dditional Paid in Capital		etained arnings	_	Total
Balances at June 30, 2009	\$	1,000	\$	120,100	\$	34,235	\$	155,335
Dividends paid						(34,235)		(34,235)
Contributions								
Net income			_			103,443	_	103,443
Balances at June 30, 2010	<u>\$</u>	1,000	<u>\$</u>	120,100	<u>\$</u>	103,443	<u>\$</u>	224,543

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Balance, at June 30, 2009	\$ 325,000
Increases	300,000
Decreases	
Balance, at June 30, 2010	\$ 625,000

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$	103,443
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Change in assets and liabilities		
Increase in receivable from brokers-dealers and		
clearing organizations		(445,078)
Increase in securities owned		(4,874,433)
Increase in other assets		(21,313)
Increase in payable to brokers-dealers and clearing organizations		4,765,742
Increase in bonus payable		84,000
Increase in accounts payable		3,993
Decrease in state income tax payable		(4,300)
Increase in federal income tax payable		7,020
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(380,926)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Property and equipment purchases	_	(4,194)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		(4,194)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Dividends paid		(34,235)
Increase in shareholders loans payable		120,000
Increase in liabilities subordinated to claims of		
general creditors – related party	,	300,000
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities		385,765
Net increase in cash		645
Cash at beginning of year	_	917
Cash at end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,562

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Supplemental schedule of cash flow information

Cash paid during the year

Iı	nterest	\$	83,015
Iı	ncome taxes	<u>\$</u>	6,702

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Vista Securities, Inc. (the "Company") operates as a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), which provides that all the funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company is a Texas corporation. Substantially all of the Company's revenues are derived from the trading of debt securities for its own account.

Purchases and sales of securities and commission revenue and expense are recorded on a trade date basis.

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, are carried at quoted market value. Securities owned not readily marketable are carried at estimated fair value as determined by management of the Company. Securities not readily marketable include: (a) securities for which there is no independent publicly quoted market; (b) securities which cannot be publicly offered or sold unless registration has been affected under the Securities Act of 1933; or (c) securities which cannot be offered or sold immediately because of other restrictions or conditions. The increase/decrease in net unrealized appreciation or depreciation of securities is credited or charged to operations. The Company's securities are being held by the clearing broker-dealer. Should the clearing broker-dealer fail to deliver securities to the Company, the Company may be required to purchase identical securities on the open market.

Compensated absences have not been accrued because the amount cannot be reasonably estimated.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due. The provision for federal income taxes differs from the expected amount using statutory rates because certain income and expenses included in the determination of net income are non-deductible or non-taxable for tax reporting purposes.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 168, The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("SFAS 168") (FASB ASC 105-10). SFAS 168 replaces all previously issued accounting standards and establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("FASB ASC" or the "Codification") as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP. SFAS 168 is effective for all annual periods ending after September 15, 2009.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

The FASB ASC is not intended to change existing U.S. GAAP. The adoption of this pronouncement only resulted in changes to the Company's financial statement disclosure references. As such, the adoption of this pronouncement had no effect on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued Statement No. 165, Subsequent Events ("SFAS 165"), included in the Codification under FASB ASC 855, which establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events occurring after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued. SFAS 165 also requires entities to disclose the date through which it has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for that date. The Company adopted SFAS 165 for its year ended June 30, 2010. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

See Note 12 for more information regarding the Company's evaluation of subsequent events.

Depreciation is computed using accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Fair Value Disclosures

Fair Value Measurements

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted SFAS 157 (FASB ACS 820) Fair Value Measurements, which provides a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles. FASB ASC 820 applies to all financial instruments that are being measured and reported on a fair value basis.

As defined in FASB ASC 820, fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Company uses various methods including market, income and cost approaches. Based on these approaches, the Company often utilizes certain assumptions that market participants

Note 2 - Fair Value Disclosures, continued

would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and or the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. The Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques the Company is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in active exchange markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Level 1 also includes U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities and federal agency mortgage-backed securities, which are traded by dealers or brokers in active markets. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in less active dealer or broker markets. Valuations are obtained from third party pricing services for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Valuations for assets and liabilities that are derived from other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker traded transactions. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets or liabilities

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the application of valuation techniques applied to similar assets and liabilities has been consistent. The fair value of all securities owned are deemed to be Level 2 investments at June 30, 2010. See note 9.

Note 3 - <u>Net Capital Requirements</u>

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At June 30, 2010, the Company had net capital of approximately \$444,336 and net capital requirements of \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .74 to 1. The SEC permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

Note 4 - <u>Possession or Control Requirements</u>

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts.

Note 5 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment and related accumulated depreciation are as follows.

		Accumulated	
	Cost	<u>Depreciation</u>	Net_
Property and equipment	<u>\$ 24,309</u>	\$ (17,959)	<u>\$ 6,350</u>

Note 6 - Shareholder's Loan Payable

The Company has two loans from its sole Shareholder that earns interest at 3% and matures on August 29, 2010 and November 6, 2010.

Note 7 - Payable to Clearing Broker

The payable to clearing broker represents the amount due for unsettled trading securities owned. Interest is charged on this payable at the prevailing margin, rate which was 4.59% at June 30, 2010.

Note 8 - <u>Subordinated Borrowings – Related Party</u>

Borrowings under subordination agreements at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Subordinated note to stockholder – 4%, due December 31, 2011	\$ 125,000
Subordinated note to stockholder – 4%, due June 30, 2011	100,000
Subordinated note to stockholder – 4% due January 31, 2011	100,000
Subordinated note to stockholder 3% due May 31, 2013	150,000

Note 8 - Subordinated Borrowings - Related Party, continued

Subordinated note to stockholder

3% due May 31, 2013

150,000

\$ 625,000

The subordinated borrowings are covered by agreements approved by FINRA and are thus available in computing net capital under the SEC's uniform net capital rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid. Interest paid and accrued to the related party was \$17,575 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Note 9 - Securities Owned

Securities owned represent trading and investment securities at fair value and at June 30, 2010 consist of the following (presented based upon classification in fair value hierarchy):

		Se	curit	ies Owned
	evel 1	 Level 2		Total
Municipal Bonds	\$ 	\$ 5,886,053	\$	5,886,053
	\$ 	\$ 5,886,053	_\$	5,886,053

Note 10 - Lease Commitments

The Company leases office space under long-term non-cancelable leases. Minimum lease payment under the leases at June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2011	\$ 14,420
2012	1,205
	\$ 15,625

Rental expense for the year ended June 30, 2010 was \$18,717 and is reflected in occupancy and equipment costs.

Note 11 - Federal Income Taxes

The provision for federal income taxes consists of the following:

Income tax before carryforwards	\$	7,985
Benefit from utilization of net operating		
loss carryforward of \$6,436	_	<u>(965</u>)
Provision for federal income taxes	<u>\$</u>	7,020

The following reflects the change in deferred tax benefit:

	Tax	eferred Asset 30, 2009	P	urrent eriod anges	Tax	ferred Asset 0, 2010
Federal Valuation allowance	\$	965 (965)	\$	(965) 965	\$	-0- -0-
Amount per balance sheet	<u>\$</u>	-0-	<u>\$</u>	-0-	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u>

On December 30, 2008, the FASB issued staff position ("FSP") No. FIN48-3 (FASB ASC 740), Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Entities, which permitted the Company to defer the implementation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FASB ASC 740) until its fiscal year beginning April 1, 2009. FASB ASC 740 clarifies that management is expected to evaluate an income tax position taken, or expected to be taken, for likelihood of realization, before recording any amounts for such position in the financial statements. FASB ASC 740 also requires expanded disclosure with respect to income tax positions taken that are not certain to be realized. The Company adopted FASB ASC 740 for its year ended June 30, 2010. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Income taxes exceed the amount expected when applying statutory tax rates to income before taxes because various expenses, primarily meals and entertainment and club dues, are not fully deductible for income tax purposes, and deduction of a portion of charitable contributions has been deferred in accordance with tax rules and regulations.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the Company has reviewed events that have occurred after June 30, 2010 through August 17, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During this period, the Company did not have any material subsequent events.

Note 13 - Commitment and Contingencies

Included in the Company's clearing agreement with its clearing broker-dealer, is an indemnification clause. This clause relates to instances where the Company's customers fail to settle security transactions. In the event this occurs, the Company will indemnify the clearing broker-dealer to the extent of the net loss on the unsettled trade. At June 30, 2010, management of the Company had not been notified by the clearing broker-dealer, nor were they otherwise aware, of any potential losses relating to this indemnification.

Supplementary Information

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of June 30, 2010

Schedule I

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of June 30, 2010

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital		\$	224,543
Add: Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors			625,000
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities			849,543
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets: Property and equipment, net Other assets	\$ 6,350 <u>27,166</u>		(33,516)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions			816,027
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to rule 15c3-1(f)) Exempted securities Other securities	\$ 371,535 156	Φ.	(371,691)
Net capital		<u>\$</u>	444,336
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS			
Items included in the statement of financial condition			
Accounts payable Bonus payable Shareholder loan payable Federal income tax payable		\$	12,899 90,000 220,000 7,020
Total aggregate indebtedness		\$	329,919

Schedule I (continued)

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of June 30, 2010

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$</u>	22,006
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	<u>\$</u>	100,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	<u>\$</u>	100,000
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$</u>	344,336
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$</u>	411,344
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital		.74 to 1

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

The differences in the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation is as follows:

Net capital per Company's unaudited Focus Report Decrease in State income taxes payable	\$	453,757 15,300
Decrease in Federal income taxes payable Increase in bonus accrual Misc. Rounding		280 (25,000) (1)
Net Capital per audited report	<u>\$</u>	444,336

Schedule II

VISTA SECURITIES, INC. Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission As of June 30, 2010

EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Company's clearing firm: Southwest Securities, Inc.

On Internal Control

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Year Ended June 30, 2010



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder Vista Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Vista Securities, Inc. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

C7 \$ 60.22. CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas August 17, 2010 Independent Auditor's Report

On The SIPC Annual Assessment

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Year Ended June 30, 2010



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder Vista Securities, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended June 30, 2010, which were agreed to by Vista Securities, Inc., and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Vista Securities, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. Management is responsible for Vista Securities, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements records entries (cash disbursements journal) noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended June 30, 2010 with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended June 30, 2010 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

C7 \$ 60.22. CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas August 17, 2010 (32-REV 6/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

For the fiscal year ended <u>June 36</u>, 20 10 (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

(32-REV 6/10)

051025 FINRA JUN VISTA SECURITIES INC 9400 N CENTRAL EXPY STE 1625 DALLAS TX 75231-5041	Note: if any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed. Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.			
A. General Assessment [item 2e from page 2 (not	less than \$150 minimum)]	s 3717		
B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude into	erest)	(
Date Paid		1		
C. Less prior overpayment applied		1945		
D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	·	(113		
E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruct	tion E) fordays at 20% per annum	. 0.15		
F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or a	overpayment carried forward)	\$ 1945		
G. PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC	1000			
Total (must be same as F above)	\$ 1945.00	_		
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$ 1973.00			
H. Overpayment carried forward	\$() ion number):		
H. Overpayment carried forward Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in the establishment of the submitting this form and the rson by whom it is executed represent thereby at all information contained herein is true, correct	\$(
H. Overpayment carried forward Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in the estate of the submitting this form and the estate of the	\$(inership or other organization)		
H. Overpayment carried forward Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in the establishment of the submitting this form and the rson by whom it is executed represent thereby at all information contained herein is true, correct d complete.	\$(
H. Overpayment carried forward Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in the establishment of the son by whom it is executed represent thereby at all information contained herein is true, correct d complete. ted the day of, 20	\$(inership or other organization) od Signature)		
H. Overpayment carried forward Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in the establishment of the submitting this form and the rson by whom it is executed represent thereby at all information contained herein is true, correct d complete. ted the day of, 20 is form and the assessment payment is due 60 day a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 yes. Dates:	\$(inership or other organization) od Signature)		

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

		beginning 7/1, 20 0 and ending 6/3 2000
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)		Eliminate cents \$ 1.633,478
2b. Additions:		1) 0 / 1 / 10
(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries predecessors not included above.	(except foreign subsidiaries) and	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading a	accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in tradin	g accounts.	58,112
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item	2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwr	iting or distribution of securities.	
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees a profit from management of or participation in underwriting or	and legal fees deducted in determining net r distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.		
Total additions		1,691,590
Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered ope investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the advisory services rendered to registered investment compan accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	e business of insurance, from investment	·
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.		
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SI securities transactions.	PC members in connection with	121,844
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicita	ation.	
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.		
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper from issuance date.	in (i) certificates of deposit and that mature nine months or less	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurre related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section	d in connection with other revenue n 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the se (See Instruction C);	ecurities business.	
	·	
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	# 83,015	
(ii) 40% of margin interest sarned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	\$	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)		83,015
Total deductions		204.859
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$	1,486,731
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$	3717
		(to page 1 but not less than \$150 minimum)