



**UNITED STATES CURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION** Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART III** 

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**FACING PAGE** Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the curities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN	ING_08/01/2009	AND ENDING 07/31	/2010
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A	REGISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: World Capital Brokerage, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)			FIRM I.D. NO.
110 Sixteenth Street, Suite 1400			
	(No. and Street)		
Denver	Colorado	86	0202
(City)	(State)	(Zi	p Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Timothy E. Taggart	OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN	. 3	ORT 03-626-0600 Area Code – Telephone Number)
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFE	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT.	ANT whose opinion is contained i	n this Report*	
Tait, Weller and Baker LLP			<u> </u>
	(Name - if individual, state last,	first, middle name)	
1818 Market Street, Suite 2400	Philadelphia	PA	19103
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
▼ Certified Public Account	tant		
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident	in United States or any of its poss	essions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	
		·	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Timothy E. Taggart	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accomp	anying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
World Capital Brokerage, Inc.	, as
of July 31st	, 2010 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner	proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer	, except as follows:
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	119
	Signature
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	Title
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Notary Public	
Notary Public	
my conversion expire This report ** contains (check all app	5 11/14/2010
	olicable boxes):
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Cond	ition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Fin	
	ckholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
	pilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	San - C.D company on the Division of the Di
	on of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	ppropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	on of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	e audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	s addition and unaddition statements of rmanetal Condition with respect to methods of
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(n) A copy of the SIPC Supplem	ental Report.
	ial inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

(SEC I.D. No. 8-6805)

Statement of Financial Condition as of July 31, 2010

Filed in accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) as a PUBLIC DOCUMENT.

### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Board of Directors World Capital Brokerage, Inc. Denver, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of World Capital Brokerage, Inc. (the "Company") as of July 31, 2010 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of World Capital Brokerage, Inc. as of July 31, 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania September 24, 2010

Tast Willer Cha LLP

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION JULY 31, 2010

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Cash and cash equivalents Investment securities, at market value (note 2) Deposits with clearing organizations Commissions receivable (note 5) Account receivable - affiliate Other assets Income tax receivable	\$	461,625 2,601,096 25,000 87,661 8,625 10,979 3,310
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	3,198,296
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities: Accounts payable affiliate Commissions payable Accounts payable Income taxes payable Deferred Tax Liability		6,086 27,958 5,826 25,515 419,702
Total liabilities		485,087
Commitments and contingencies (note 4)		
Stockholder's equity: Common stock, \$1 par value; 50,000 shares authorized; 24,500 shares issued and outstanding Retained earnings Total stockholder's equity		24,500 2,688,709 2,713,209
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	3,198,296

See accompanying notes to statement of financial condition.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JULY 31, 2010

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### BASIS OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements include the accounts of World Capital Brokerage, Inc. (formerly American Growth Fund Sponsors, Inc.) (the Company), a wholly owned subsidiary of AGF Holdings, Inc. (the Parent). The Company is a Colorado corporation and a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The primary functions of the Company are to underwrite the shares of American Growth Fund, Inc. (the Fund), a diversified open-end investment company, and to function as a broker-dealer of securities. Significant accounting policies followed by the Company are:

### **INVESTMENT SECURITIES**

Security transactions and related revenue and expense are recorded on a trade date basis. In accordance with financial reporting requirements for broker/dealers, the Company's investment securities are recorded at market value based upon quotes from brokers. Changes in unrealized appreciation or depreciation are included in revenue. Realized gains and losses are computed using the specific identification method.

#### **COMMISSIONS**

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-data basis as securities transactions occur.

### **INCOME TAXES**

The Company and the Parent account for income taxes using the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. The Company files consolidated federal and state income tax returns with the Parent. An informal tax sharing agreement currently exists between the Company and the Parent. Under such agreement the tax expense or benefit recorded by the Company, including the tax effects of related assets and liabilities of affiliates, is computed as if the Company filed separate stand-alone tax returns. Such amounts are limited to tax expense or benefit recorded on a consolidated basis for the Parent. The Company's method of accounting for income taxes conforms to "Accounting For Income Taxes". This method requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the financial reporting basis and tax basis of assets and liabilities.

The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. Management of the Company has reviewed the tax positions for the open tax years ending July 31, 2007 through July 31, 2010 and has determined that there are no significant uncertain tax positions that would require recognition in the financial statements.

### **CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK**

From time to time the Company had cash balances on deposits with banks in excess of the federally insured limits. The Company believes its risk of loss is limited due to the high credit quality of such bank.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JULY 31, 2010

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### 3. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

At July 31, 2009 the Company's investment securities having an aggregate cost basis of \$1,452,585 and a market value of \$2,026,350. During the year ended July 31, 2009, the company sold marketable equity securities having a cost basis of \$107,421 for \$75,255, resulting in a realized loss of approximately \$32,166.

The Company follows a fair value hierarchy that distinguishes market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs) and the Company's own market assumptions (unobservable inputs). These inputs are used in determining the value of the Company's investments and are summarized in the following fair value hierarchy.

Level 1 – quoted prices in active markets for identical securities,

Level 2 – other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc), and

Level 3 – significant unobservable inputs (including the Fund's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments).

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

The following is a summary of the inputs used, as of July 31, 2010, in valuing the Company's assets carried at fair value:

Equity	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Chemical	\$945,000	\$0	\$0	\$945,000
Hotel/Gaming	484,500	0	0	484,500
Petroleum	364,000	0	0	364,000
Pharmacy	361,440	0	0	361,440
U.S. Treasury Bond	173,594	0	0	173,594
Insurance	103,122	0	0	103,122
Medical Supplies	89,720	0	0	89,720
Electronics	62,875	0	0	62,875
Entertainment	16,845	0	0	16,845
Total Equity	\$2,601,096	0	0	\$2,601,096

There were no significant movements between Levels 1 and 2 during the year.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JULY 31, 2010

### 3. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The Company, the Parent and Investment Research Corporation (IRC), the investment advisor for the Fund, are controlled by the same individual. Certain officers and directors of the Company are also officers and directors of the Fund and IRC. As principal underwriter for the Fund, the Company received gross underwriting commissions of \$106,391 for the year ended July 31, 2009. The Company received \$18,750 from IRC for distribution services.

The Company shares office space and certain employees with the Fund and IRC. Costs related thereto and certain other costs are allocated among the affiliates on a basis determined by management.

During fiscal 2009, the company received \$78,558 from related parties for management services provided.

#### 4. MINIMUM NET CAPITAL

Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company, as a registered securities broker/dealer, is required to maintain a minimum net capital of the greater of \$250,000 or 6 2/3% of "aggregate indebtedness," as defined in such rule. At July 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$2,525,669 which was \$2,275,669 in excess of its required net capital of \$250,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at July 31, 2010 was 0.03 to 1.

### 5. COMMISSIONS RECEIVABLE

Commissions paid to broker/dealers through deferred sales charges, for the sale of Fund shares, are recorded as commissions receivable. The Company receives from the Fund a monthly distribution fee based on the Fund's daily net assets. Commissions receivable are recovered through the receipt of the distribution fee and redemption charges, if any, related to Fund shares subject to contingent deferred sales charges.

#### 6. INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes consists of the following:

Current	
Federal	\$ 25,515
State	5,261
	30,776
Deferred	
Federal	184,928
State	<u>26,405</u>
	211,303

Total

The deferred tax liability results from unrealized appreciation of investments.

### 7. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date these financial statements were issued. There were no events or transactions that occurred during the period that materially impacted the amounts or disclosures in the Company's financial statements.

### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

**Board of Directors** World Capital Brokerage, Inc. Denver, Colorado

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of World Capital Brokerage, Inc. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13, or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls. A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of a company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at July 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

at Willer Shen LLP

September 24, 2010