		UNITED STATES CURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549 NNUAL AUDITED REPORT Mail Pre-			MB APPROVAL umber: 3235-0123 April 30, 2013 ed average burden
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		FORM X-17A	-5		SEC FILE NUMBER
		PART III	NNV 26	2010	8 -40771
		FACING PAGE	Washingic	m, DC	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Information Red Securitie	quired of E es Exchang	rokers and Dealer	s Pursuant to Secti Rule 17a-5 Thereu	on 17 o nder	f the
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEG	INNING	10/01/09	AND ENDING	09/	30/10
		MM/DD/YY		М	M/DD/YY
	A. REGIS	STRANT IDENTIF	ICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: s	TERNE AGEE C	LEARING, INC.		OF	FICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLAC	E OF BUSIN	ESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	-	FIRM I.D. NO.
800 SHADES CREEK PARKWAY, SUI			2 ••••••	L	
		(No. and Street)	,		
BIRMINGHAM		AL		35209	
(City)		(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMB	ER OF PERS	SON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT	
JENNIFER COLEMAN				(205) 38	
	B ACCO	UNTANT IDENTI	RICATION	(Area Co	ode – Telephone Number)
	D. ACCO				·····
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOU kpmg llp	NTANT who	se opinion is contained	in this Report*		
	(N	ame – if individual, state las	t, first, middle name)		,
420 20TH STREET NORTH, SUITE 1	800	BIRMINGHAM	AL		35203
(Address)		(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:					
	ountant				
Public Accountant					
	ent in United	States or any of its pos	sessions.		
	F	OR OFFICIAL USE	UNLT		

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

AB 12/08

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

We, C. Fred Wagstaff, III and Brian K. Barze, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of our knowledge and belief the accompanying financial stat supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc., as of September 30, 2010, are true and correct. We further swear that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, or director has any proprietary interests in any account classifier customer.

Signature Treasurer and Chief Financial Officer

Signature Assistant Treasurer

Notary Public ARGE

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: Sept 27/ 2014 BONDED THRU NOTARY PUBLIC UNDERWRITERS CONTENTS OF REPORT

This report contains (check all applicable boxes)

X (a) Facing page

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- (b) Statement of Financial Condition
 - (c) Statement of Income
 - (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition
 - (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
 - (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors
 - (g) Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
 - (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Broker-Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
 - (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3
 - (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3–3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3–3
 - (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to m methods of consolidation
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation
 - (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report
 - (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.



Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

(With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm)



KPMG LLP Suite 1800 420 20th Street North Birmingham, AL 35203-3207

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc., (a wholly owned subsidiary of Sterne Agee Group, Inc.) (the Company) as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements of financial condition are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements of financial condition based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statements of financial condition are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statements of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as auditing the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statements of financial condition referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc. as of September 30, 2010 and 2009, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LIP

November 24, 2010

Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

Assets	 2010	2009
Cash and cash equivalents Due from Parent Securities owned, at fair value	\$ 1,625,513 1,715,525 5,829	1,024,951 1,800,000 6,315
Furniture and equipment (less accumulated depreciation of \$89,819 in 2010 and \$95,445 in 2009) Other assets	 9,052 56,876	11,454 443,201
Total assets	\$ 3,412,795	3,285,921
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Due to affiliates, net Other liabilities	\$ 83,080 66,390	205,982 96,575
Total liabilities	 149,470	302,557
Commitments and contingencies (note 4)		
 Stockholder's equity: Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 40,000 shares, no shares issued and outstanding Common stock, \$0.01 par value. Authorized 60,000 shares, 2,500 shares issued and outstanding both in 2010 and 2009 Additional paid-in capital 	 25 467,410	 25 467,410
Retained earnings	 2,795,890	2,515,929
Total stockholder's equity	 3,263,325	2,983,364
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 3,412,795	3,285,921

See accompanying notes to statements of financial condition.

2

Notes to Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Description of Business and Principles of Consolidation

Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc. (the Company), a wholly owned subsidiary of Sterne Agee Group, Inc. (SA Group or the Parent), is a registered broker dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). Its principal business activities include the clearance of securities transactions for institutional and retail customers introduced by nonaffiliated registered broker dealers, as well as the execution of securities transactions for nonaffiliated broker dealers. All securities transactions are settled through a clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company contracts with Sterne, Agee & Leach, Inc. (SAL), an affiliate of the Company, to serve as the clearing and carrying broker, to clear and perform the majority of other back office operations, and to maintain and preserve all books and records required by applicable provisions of law and applicable rules of the SEC. Under the terms of the Company's agreement, the Company has ultimate responsibility for any loss, liability, damage, cost, or expense incurred as a result of the failure of any account to make timely payment for the securities purchased or timely and good delivery of securities sold on the account, although management expects no losses under this agreement.

(b) Use of Estimates in Financial Statements

The accounting principles used in preparing the statements of financial condition conform with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and with general practices followed by brokers and dealers in the securities industry. These principles and practices require management to make estimates and assumptions about future events. On an ongoing basis, the Company evaluates its estimates and assumptions, including those related to fair value measurements, income taxes, and contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions are based on management's best estimates and judgments. Management adjusts such estimates and assumptions when facts and circumstances dictate. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and the current economic environment and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Fair value measurements, deferred income taxes, and contingent liabilities are potentially subject to material changes in the near term. Actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

(d) Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation and amortization are provided on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Sterne Agee Group, Inc.)

Notes to Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

(e) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated the effects of events or transactions through the date of this filing that have occurred subsequent to period end September 30, 2010. The Company does not believe there are any material subsequent events that would require further recognition or disclosure.

(f) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Changes

ASC 805 – On October 1, 2009, the Company adopted Accounting Standards Codifications (ASC) 805, *Business Combinations*. ASC 805 generally requires an acquirer to recognize the identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed, contingent purchase consideration and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree at fair value on the date of acquisition. It also requires an acquirer to expense most transaction and restructuring costs as incurred, rather than include such items in the cost of the acquired entity. For the Company, ASC 805 applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after October 1, 2009. The adoption of ASC 805 did not have a material impact on the Company's statements of financial condition.

ASC 810 – In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued new guidance requiring noncontrolling interests to be treated as a separate component of equity, not as a liability or other item outside of permanent equity. This new guidance is applicable to the accounting for noncontrolling interests and transactions with noncontrolling interest holders in consolidated financial statements and is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Accordingly, this new pronouncement was adopted as of October 1, 2009 without material effect on the statements of financial condition.

Accounting Changes Issued Not Currently Effective

ASC 820-10 and ASU 2010-06 – In September 2006, the FASB issued new standards on fair value measurements as codified in ASC 820-10. This standard establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles, clarifies the definition of fair value within that framework, and expands disclosures about the use of fair value measurement. This standard emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, as opposed to a transaction-specific measurement. This standard was adopted at the beginning of fiscal 2009 for financial assets and liabilities, without material impact on the statements of financial condition. The Company will adopt this standard at the beginning of fiscal 2011 for nonfinancial assets and liabilities and does not expect it to have a material effect on its statements of financial condition.

ASC 810-10-65-2 – In June 2009, the FASB issued, *Transition Related to FASB Statement No. 167, Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)*, representing new guidance regarding the accounting for transfers of financial assets, as an amendment of previously issued guidance. This new guidance eliminates the Qualified Special Purpose Entity (QSPE) concept, creates more stringent conditions for reporting a transfer of a portion of a financial asset as a sale, clarifies the derecognition criteria, revises how retained interests are initially measured, and removes the guaranteed mortgage securitization recharacterization provisions. This new guidance requires additional year-end disclosures and is not effective until October 1, 2010, and for subsequent reporting periods

(Continued)

Notes to Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

thereafter. Early adoption is prohibited. The Company does not anticipate the implementation of this guidance to have a material impact on its statements of financial condition.

ASC 810-10 – In June 2009, the FASB issued new guidance amending the existing pronouncement related to the consolidation of variable interest entities. This new guidance requires reporting entities to evaluate former QSPE's for consolidation, changes the approach to determine a variable interest entity's primary beneficiary from a quantitative assessment to a qualitative assessment designed to identify a controlling financial interest, and increases the frequency of required assessments to determine whether the Company may be the primary beneficiary of any variable interest entities to which it is a party. This new guidance is not effective until October 1, 2010 and earlier adoption is prohibited. The Company does not anticipate the implementation of this guidance to have a material impact on its statements of financial condition.

(g) Reclassification

Certain amounts in the 2009 statement of financial condition have been reclassified to conform to the 2010 presentation.

(2) Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and which requires a ratio of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, of not more than 15 times net capital, as defined. At September 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company had net capital of \$1,236,999 and \$723,762, respectively, which amounts were \$1,186,999 and \$673,762 in excess of required net capital, respectively.

The Company claims an exemption from the provisions of the SEC's Customer Protection-Reserves and Custody of Securities Rule (Rule 15c3-3) pursuant to Section (k)(2)(ii) of that Rule.

(3) Fair Value Disclosure

The definition of fair value focuses on exit price (i.e., the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date), not the entry price (i.e., the price that would be paid to acquire the asset or received to assume the liability at the measurement date). Accordingly, fair value is a market-based measurement; not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, the fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following three-level valuation hierarchy is used for disclosure of fair value measurements and is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels are defined as follows:

• Level 1 – inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

(Continued)

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Sterne Agee Group, Inc.)

Notes to Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities measured at fair value, as well as the general classification of such assets and liabilities pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Exchange Traded Equity Securities – Exchange traded equity securities are generally quoted prices from the exchange. To the extent these securities are actively traded, valuation adjustments are not applied and they are categorized in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2010

	_	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:					
Securities owned, at fair value:					
Common stock	\$	5,829			5,829

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2009

	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Total
Assets:				
Securities owned, at fair value:				
Common stock	\$ 6,315		_	6,315

(Continued)

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Sterne Agee Group, Inc.)

Notes to Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value

Some of the Company's financial instruments are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis but nevertheless are recorded at amounts that approximate fair value due to their liquid or short-term nature. Such financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, due from parent, and payables from affiliates and others.

(4) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company, in its capacity as a broker dealer, is subject to litigation and various claims, as well as examination by regulatory agencies. Based upon defenses available and after consultation with legal counsel, the Company's management expects that the ultimate resolution of these and other matters will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position.

(5) Related-Party Transactions

SA Group provides management, consulting, and financial services to the Company for a fee. Such services include, but are not necessarily limited to, advice and assistance concerning any and all aspects of the operation, planning, and financing of the Company.

SAL and SA Group provide office space, communications, and clearing services to the Company in the normal course of operations.

SAL serves as the custodian for the Company for securities, cash, and other property owned by or in the fiduciary accounts.

Additionally, SAL, in its capacity as the clearing firm for the Company, charges clearing fees for such services.

(6) Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return filed by SA Group. Federal income taxes are calculated as if the companies filed on a separate-return basis, and the amount of current tax or benefit calculated is either remitted to or received from the Parent. The amount of current and deferred taxes payable or refundable is recognized as of the date of the statements of financial condition, utilizing currently enacted tax laws and rates.

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Sterne Agee Group, Inc.)

Notes to Statements of Financial Condition

September 30, 2010 and 2009

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined under the asset-liability method-based on the differing bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and income tax reporting purposes using enacted tax rates in effect for the applicable tax periods. In accordance with ASC 740, Accounting for Income Taxes, the Company has recorded the following:

	 2010	2009
Deferred tax assets: Fixed assets Deferred compensation	\$ 3,731 10,020	2,742
Total deferred tax assets	13,751	2,742
Deferred tax liabilities: Prepaid expenses	 (7,434)	
Net deferred tax asset	\$ 6,317	2,742

Management has concluded that the realization of the deferred tax asset is more likely than not; accordingly, there was no valuation allowance during either 2010 or 2009.

On October 1, 2009, the Company adopted the accounting standard on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, which addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Management evaluated the Company's tax positions and concluded that the Company had taken no significant uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the statements of financial condition to comply with the provisions of this guidance. With few exceptions, the Company's tax returns for tax years prior to 2006 are no longer subject to income tax examinations by the U.S. federal, state, or local tax authorities.

8

SEC Mail Processing Section



KPMG LLP Suite 1800 420 20th Street North Birmingham, AL 35203-3207

NOV 262010

Washington, DC 112

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc. 800 Shades Creek Parkway Birmingham, Alabama 35209

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended September 30, 2010, which were agreed to by Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc.'s management is responsible for Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement records entries which included agreement of the amount to the journal entry and the cash disbursement check, noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended September 30, 2010, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7T for the year ended September 30, 2010, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers which included the Form X-17A-5 for the 3 month periods ended September 30, 2010, June 30, 2010, March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009, noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers which included the Form X-17A-5 for the 3 month periods ended September 30, 2010, June 30, 2010, March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009 supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of payment, and did not note any overpayment applied to the current assessment, with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed.



We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

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This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

November 24, 2010

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SIPC-7	
(33-REV 7/10)	

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Disposition of exceptions:

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185 202-371-8300 **General Assessment Reconciliation**



For the fiscal year ended <u>September 30</u>, 20 <u>10</u> (Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

		040771 FINRA SEP STERNE AGEE CLEARING INC 800 SHADES CREEK PKWY STE 550 BIRMINGHAM AL 35209-4598		Note: If any of requires correc form@sipc.org Name and tele respecting this	ction, please e and so indica phone number	-mail any cor te on the form	n filed.
				Dwight	Lloyd	205-38	0-1736
2.	A.	General Assessment (item 2e from page 2)				\$	6557
	В.	Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest) <u>4/29/2010</u> Date Paid				(3314
	C.	Less prior overpayment applied				(
	D.	Assessment balance due or (overpayment)					3243
	Ε.	Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E)	for	days at 20%	per annum	÷	
	F.	Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpa	yment c	arried forward)		\$	3243
	G.	PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	\$	3,2	43		
	H.	Overpayment carried forward	\$(_.)	

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

person by w	rmation contained	this form and the I represent thereby herein is true, corre	ect <u>Ste</u>	erne AGEE Clearing INC. (Name of Corporation, Partneyship or other organization)
Dated the	2.2 day of Nour	mber , 20/0	• .	(Authorized Signature)
Dated the				(T(4)-)
This form a	nd the assessme	nt payment is due		(Title) Id of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this fo y accessible place.
This form a	nd the assessme	nt payment is due	60 days after the end	d of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this fo

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

-0

AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT	
	Amounts for the fiscal period beginning $10 - 01$, 2009 and ending $9 - 30$, 2009 Eliminate cents
Item No. 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	s <u>7,953,518</u>
 2b. Additions: (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above. 	
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	N
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	486
Total additions	486
 2c. Deductions: (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products. 	139,465
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	5, 191, 111
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	·
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	·
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.(See Instruction C):	
 (9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. 	
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	
Total deductions	5,331,242
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$ 2,622,762
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ 6,557
	(to page 1, line 2.A.)

sterne agee	CMT PLAZA, 813 SHADES CREEK PARKWAY, SUITE 100B BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA 35209	REGIONS ALABAMA	<u>81-373</u> 622
Custom	er#	DATE 11/22/2010	AMOUNT \$ **********3,243.00
Pay To the Order Of	Three thousand two hundred forty-three and xx / 100 Dollars SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORP P. O. BOX 92185 WASHINGTON, DC 20090-2185		STERNE, AGEE & LEACH, INC. RES REQUIRED FOR AMOUNTS OVER \$2,500 tures Required on Checks Over \$2,500
	USA	- [°] ıkığ 9 6 1d	DUPLICATE

VOID AFTER 90 DAYS

STERNE, AGEE & LEACH, INC.

VENDOR: S011 REMIT TO: SECURI	TIES INVEST	001 FOR PROTECT	ION CORP	CHECK: COMMENT:	0000207130	DATE	: 11/22/2010
VENDOR INVOICE		VOUCHER	COMMENT		AMOUNT	DISCOUNT	NET AMOUNT
112210SAC	11/22/2010	0000051713	SEMI-ANNUAL SIPC ASSESSE	MEN	3,243.00	0.00	3,243.00
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KPMG LLP Suite 1800 420 20th Street North Birmingham, AL 35203-3207 SEC Mail Processing Section

NOV 2 6 2010 Washington, DC

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Sterne Agee Clearing, Inc. (the Company), a wholly owned subsidiary of Sterne Agee Group, Inc. as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate debits and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at September 30, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

November 24, 2010