

Mail Processing Section

SECU



IMISSION

3235-0123 OMB Number:

OMB APPROVAL

Expires: April 30, 2013 Estimated average burden hours per response . . . 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER

8 - 67859

AUG 2 6 2010

Washington, DC 121

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING _		ENDING	6/30/10		
	MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY				
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
Nobles & Richards, Inc.		FIRM ID. NO.			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	ox No.)	FIRM ID. NO.		
801 East Plano Parkway, Suite 22	0.				
	(No. and Street)				
Plano	Texas		75074		
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)		
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	countant identify whose opinion is contained in				
Phillip V. George, PLLC					
(Nan	ne – if individual, state last, first, mid	ldle name)			
4421 Wanda Lane	Flower Mound	Texas	75022		
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)		
CHECK ONE:					
Certified Public Accountant					
□ Public Accountant		!			
☐ Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any or its poss	essions.			
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Υ			

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Ilor	nka Nobles , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
knowle	dge a	and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Nol	bles & Richards, Inc, as of
		e 30, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
		ner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that o
a custon	ner,	except as follows:
		NONE
		1. (01.6)
	Milling	N/ Mus V lobes
		KRISTEN RENAE MOREHEAD Notary Public, State of Texas Signature
	X	My Commission Expires
	PHILIPPEN N	August 05, 2012 President
		Title
Knia	tor	n Renae Morehead
· pco	<u>/\/\/\</u>	Notary Public
This re	port*	* contains (check all applicable boxes):
	(a)	Facing page.
	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).
		Statement of Cash Flows.
	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.
	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
		Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(i)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and
	•	the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods
		of consolidation.
	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. *
		A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the
	` '	previous audit.
	(o)	Independent auditor's report on the internal control as required by SEC rule 17a-5.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

^{* -} The Company is exempt from the filing of the SIPC Supplemental Report as net operating revenues are less than \$500,000.

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2010

CONTENTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT		
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Statement of financial condition	2	
Statement of income	3	
Statement of changes in stockholders' equity	4	
Statement of cash flows	5	
Notes to financial statements	6 – 8	
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE		
I. Computation of net capital and aggregate indebtedness pursuant to Rule 15c3-1	9	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL	10 – 11	

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Nobles & Richards, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Nobles & Richards, Inc. as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nobles & Richards, Inc. as of June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

July V. Maone Fre

Flower Mound, Texas July 27, 2010

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Statement of Financial Condition June 30, 2010

ASSETS

Cash Accounts receivable Employee advances	\$ 31,115 6,243 3,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 40,358
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Income taxes payable - federal	\$ 1,185 1,302
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,487
Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	1,000 30,000 6,871
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	37,871
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 40,358

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC.

Statement of Income Year Ended June 30, 2010

Revenue

Investment banking revenues Reimbursed expenses Other income	\$ 176,000 20,187 13,600
TOTAL REVENUE	209,787
Expenses	
Compensation and related costs	\$ 150,814
Regulatory fees	33,368
Professional fees	3,250
Occupancy and equipment	9,832
Other expenses	 2,378
TOTAL EXPENSES	 199,642
Income before provision for income taxes	10,145
Income taxes - federal	 1,302
NET INCOME	\$ 8,843

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Common Shares		ommon Stock	F	dditional Paid-in Capital	Ea (Acc	etained arnings/ cumulated Deficit)		Total
Balances at June 30, 2009	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	30,000	\$	(1,972)	\$	29,028
Net income			-		-		8,843		8,843
Balances at June 30, 2010	1,000	_\$	1,000	\$_	30,000	_\$_	6,871	\$_	37,871

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income	\$ 8,843
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Changes in assets and liabilities	(= = 1 =)
Increase in accounts receivable	(6,243)
Increase in employee advances	(3,000)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,132
Increase in income taxes payable - federal	 1,302
Net cash provided by operating activities	 2,034
Net change in cash	2,034
Cash at beginning of year	 29,081
Cash at end of year	\$ 31,115
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:	
Cash paid during the year for:	
Interest	 -
Income taxes	\$ -

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business:

Nobles & Richards, Inc. (the Company), a Texas corporation, was incorporated in October 2007. The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company provides products, licensing and compliance services to its registered representatives, all of whom are independent contractors. As independent contractors, the Company's registered representatives, or the issuer whose securities they are placing, are responsible for all of their expenses of licensing and operations, and reimburse the Company for these and other expenses incurred by the Company on their behalf.

The Company operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(i) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Company does not hold customer funds or securities, but will limit its business to the selling of oil and gas interests, tax shelters or limited partnerships in primary distributions, and private placements of securities. Under these exemptive provisions, the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession and Control Requirements are not required.

Significant Accounting Policies:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial asset and liability amounts reported in the statement of financial condition are short-term in nature and approximate fair value.

Investment Banking Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue on the sale of interests in private placement offerings in the period in which customer subscriptions to such offerings are funded, upon the Company reaching the minimum subscription requirements of such offerings.

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

The Company has adopted financial reporting rules regarding recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Company has reviewed all open tax years and concluded that there is no impact on the Company's financial statements and no tax liability resulting from unrecognized tax benefits relating to uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. As of June 30, 2010, open Federal tax years include the tax years ended June 30, 2008 through June 30, 2009.

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At June 30, 2010, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$28,628 and \$5,000, respectively. Its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at June 30, 2010 was .087 to 1.

Note 3 - Commitments and Contingencies

Office Lease

The Company leases office space for \$800 per month on a month-to-month basis. Rent expense totaled \$9,600 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Contingencies

The nature of the Company's business subjects it to various claims, regulatory examinations, and other proceedings in the ordinary course of business. The ultimate outcome of any such action against the Company could have an adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company.

Note 4 - Related Party Transactions

The Company sub leases office space to a shareholder for \$400 a month on a month-to-month lease. Sub lease revenue totaled \$4,800 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5 - Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated the Company's events and transactions that occurred subsequent to June 30, 2010, through July 27, 2010, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

There were no events or transactions that occurred during this period that materially impacted the amounts or disclosures in the Company's financial statements.

Schedule I

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 June 30, 2010

Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital	\$	37,871
Deductions and/or charges		
Non-allowable assets:		6,243
Accounts receivable Employee advances		3,000
Total deductions and/or charges		9,243
Net Capital	\$	28,628
Aggregate indebtedness		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	1,185
Income taxes payable - federal		1,302
Total aggregate indebtedness		2,487
Computation of basic net capital requirement		
Minimum net capital required (greater of \$5,000 or	Φ	5 000
6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	<u> </u>	5,000
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	\$	23,628
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		

Note: The above computation does not differ from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of June 30, 2010 as filed by Nobles & Richards, Inc. on Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)

Board of Directors Nobles & Richards, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Nobles & Richards, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

holy V. Seorge ALC

Flower Mound, Texas July 27, 2010