		~		
	UNU	FED STATES		OMB Number:
	SECURITIES AND		MISSION	OMB Number: 3235-01
	Washin	igton, D.C. 20549		Expires: April 30, 20 Estimated average burden
				Estimated average burden mars per response
10031956	ANNUAL A	UDITED REPO	RT 🧹	AUG 2 7 2010
	FOR	M X-17A-5		
	P	ART III	·	SEC FILE NUMBE
	•			× 193
	TA.	CING PAGE		
Informat	tion Required of Brokers		ant to Section 1	7 of the
	ecurities Exchange Act o			
REPORT FOR THE PE	RIOD BEGINNING	7/1/2009 MM/DD/YY	AND ENI	DING <u>6/30/2010</u> MM/DD/YY
		MINE/DD/YY		
	A. REGISTRA	NT IDENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
NAME OF BROKER-DE	ALFR		Г	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
MANUE OF BROKER'DE			-	OFFICIAL USE ONLI
	Keystone	Capital Corporation		FIRM I.D. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPA	L PLACE OF BUSINESS	S: (Do not use P.O. B	ox No.)	
		nino del Rio South	-	
		o. and Street)		
	•	iego, CA 92108		
(City)	Ball Di	(State)	. (	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHON	E NUMBER OF PERSON	N TO CONTACT IN		
Alfred E. Monaha	<u>n</u>			9) 283-3550
	•		(Area Co	de - Telephone No.)
	B. ACCOUNTA	NT IDENTIFICA	TION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC	C ACCOUNTANT whose	opinion is contained i	n this Report*	
		& FARRINGTON		
n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n		ul, state last, first, middle i	name)	
	11770 Bernardo Plaza Cou			
(Address)	(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:	ic Accountant			·
Public Account				
	ot resident in United States	s or any of its possess	ions.	
	-			
	FOR OFFI	CIAL USE ONLY		

SEC 1410 (3-91)

Valetter

.....

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

by

## **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I, Alfred E. Monahan, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Keystone Capital Corporation, as of June 30, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

		None
•		
		<u>Ulfred E- Maraben</u> Signature
		Signature
		' CFO
		Title
	Sa	ndrad. Booth
-/		Notary Public SANDRA L. BOOTH
		COMM. # 1821345
		rt ** contains (check all applicable boxes):
$\square$	• /	Facing page.
$\checkmark$	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
$\mathbf{\nabla}$	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).
$\square$	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.
Ø	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
Ø	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
Ø	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.
	(h)	Computation of Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(i)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under
	(j)	Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under
		Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
-	(1)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with
	(k)	
<b>1</b> 71	(1)	respect to methods of consolidation.
Ø	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation. A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
Ø		A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the
$\square$	(n)	date of the previous audit.
		date of the previous audit.

\*\* For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

## **Table of Contents**

	Pages
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Audited Financial Statements:	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	4
Statement of Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-7
Other Financial Information:	
Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1	8
Independent Auditor's Supplementary Report on Internal Control Structure Required by Rule 17a-5	9-10
SIPC Supplemental Report	11
Determination of "SIPC Net Operating Revenues" General Assessment And Schedule of Payments Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(e)(4)	12

11770 Bernardo Plaza Court • Suite 210 San Diego, CA 92128-2424 (858) 487-8518 • Fax (858) 487-6794 borosfarrington@msn.com

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

#### Board of Directors Keystone Capital Corporation

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Keystone Capital Corporation as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Keystone Capital Corporation at June 30, 2010 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedule of computation of net capital pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bores & Fannigton APC

BOROS & FARRINGTON APC San Diego, California August 20, 2010

## **Statement of Financial Condition**

June 30, 2010

#### ASSETS

Cash	\$ 93,244
Deposit with clearing organization	24,532
Cash and cash equivalents	117,776
Commissions receivable	3,147
Other assets	286
Total assets	<u>\$121,209</u>

## LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$101,401
Loan from stockholder	<u> </u>
Total liabilities	109,726
Stockholders' equity	
Common stock, 1,000 shares authorized;	
350 shares issued and outstanding	3,500
Paid-in capital	82,961
Accumulated deficit	<u>(74,978</u> )
Total stockholders' equity	11,483
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$121,209</u>

See notes to financial statements.

## **Statement of Operations**

## Year Ended June 30, 2010

1.23125

Revenues	
Commissions	\$594,419
Reimbursed expenses	43,456
Interest	240
Other income	1,696
Total revenues	639,811
Expenses	
Commissions and clearing charges	557,343
Taxes, licenses, and registrations	34,637
Outside services	12,096
Occupancy	9,304
Travel and subsistence	6,630
Communications	5,517
Continuing education	5,000
Supplies	3,668
Marketing	3,617
Insurance	3,325
Interest	1,187
Other	2,247
Total expenses	644,571
Loss before taxes	(4,760)
Income taxes	(800)
Net loss	<u>\$ (5,560</u> )

See notes to financial statements.

# Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

## Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Common Stock	Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$3,500	\$77,961	\$(69,418)	\$ 12,043
Capital contribution	-	5,000	-	5,000
Net loss	-		(5,560)	<u>(5,560</u> )
Balance, end of year	<u>\$3,500</u>	<u>\$82,961</u>	<u>\$(74,978</u> )	<u>\$11,483</u>

## Statement of Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors Year Ended June 30, 2010

Balance, beginning of year	\$	-
Increases		-
Decreases		-
Balance, end of year	<u>\$</u>	-

See notes to financial statements.

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

## Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities	\$	(5,560)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Commissions receivable		16,192
Other assets		(286)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		83,626
Net cash from operating activities		93,972
Cash flows from financing activities		
Loan from stockholder		(6,750)
Capital contribution		5,000
Net cash from financing activities		(1,750)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		91,222
Cash and cash equivalents		
Beginning of year	_	26,554
End of year	<u>\$</u>	<u>117,776</u>

See notes to financial statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

#### 1. THE COMPANY AND ITS SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

**The Company.** Keystone Capital Corporation (the "Company") is a registered brokerdealer licensed by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation. The Company provides broker-dealer services as an introducing brokerdealer clearing customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Accounting Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

*Revenue Recognition.* Security transactions and the related commission revenue and expense are recorded on a settlement date basis.

**Income Taxes.** The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes whereby deferred tax asset and liability account balances are calculated at the balance sheet date using the current tax laws and rates in effect.

*Financial Instruments*. The carrying values reflected in the statement of financial condition at June 30, 2010 reasonably approximate the fair values for financial instruments. In making such assessment, the Company has utilized discounted cash flow analyses, estimates, and quoted market prices as appropriate. No allowance for potential credit losses was considered necessary at June 30, 2010.

#### 2. SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES

During fiscal 2010, the Company had no liabilities that were subordinated to the claims of general creditors.

#### 3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During fiscal 2010, the Company paid an affiliate approximately \$8,000 for the use of facilities and administrative assistance.

#### 4. INCOME TAXES

As of June 30, 2010, the Company had a net operating loss carryforward ("NOL") of approximately \$75,000 which may be available to reduce future taxable income subject to any limitations arising from changes in Company ownership. The NOL expires through 2025. The Company has not recognized any deferred tax assets or liabilities because future utilization of the NOL is uncertain and timing differences are insignificant.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 5. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital (as defined) and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (as defined) not exceeding 15 to 1.

At June 30, 2010, the Company had a ratio of 9.8 to 1. The basic concept of the Rule is liquidity, its object being to require a broker-dealer in securities to have at all times sufficient liquid assets to cover its current indebtedness. At June 30, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$11,197 which was \$3,882 in excess of the amount required by the SEC.

## 6. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

The Company relies on Section K (2) (ii) of the Securities Exchange Rule 15c3-3 to exempt them from the provisions of these rules.

#### 7. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

As discussed in Note 1, the Company does not hold customer segregated cash or securities balances. Transactions are processed by a clearing firm on a fully disclosed basis. In conjunction with this arrangement, the Company is contingently liable for any unsecured debit balances in the customer accounts introduced by the Company. These customer activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet credit risk in the event the introduced customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations. The Company seeks to control such credit risk by monitoring its exposure to the risk of loss daily, on an account-by-account basis. At June 30, 2010, the Company was not responsible for any unsecured debits and did not have any open positions in its trading accounts.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

### Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1

## June 30, 2010

	Audited Financial Statements	FOCUS X-17A-5 Part IIA	Differences
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 11,483	\$ 20,708	\$ (9,225)
Less non-allowable assets Other assets	286		(286)
Net capital	<u>\$ 11,197</u>	<u>\$ 20,708</u>	<u>\$ (9,511</u> )
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$109,726</u>	<u>\$ 98,475</u>	<u>\$ 11,251</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>9.8</u>	<u>4.8</u>	
Minimum net capital required	<u>\$7,315</u>	<u>\$6,565</u>	

Note: The differences result primarily from audit adjustments to accrue commissions receivable, accounts payable, and payable.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

Keystone Capital Corporation:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary schedules of Keystone Capital Corporation (the "Company") for the year ended June 30, 2010, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control. Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company including functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the control environment and accounting system and their operation that we consider to be a material weakness as defined above.

We understand that the practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bores & Farmington APC

BOROS & FARRINGTON APC San Diego, California August 20, 2010

#### Keystone Capital Corporation:

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying General Assessment Reconciliation Report (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended June 30, 2010, which were agreed to by Keystone Capital Corporation (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported for the year ended June 30, 2010, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended June 30, 2010 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boras & Farington APC

Boros & Farrington APC San Diego, California August 20, 2010

#### Determination of "SIPC Net Operating Revenues" General Assessment And Schedule of Payments Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(e)(4)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Total revenue	\$639,811
Deductions	
Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end	
investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment	
advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or	
insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in	
security futures	(41,808)
Other revenues not related to the securities business	
Reimbursed expenses	(43,456)
SIPC net operating revenues	<u>\$554,547</u>
General assessment @ .0025	\$ 1,386
Less payments	
July 23, 2010	<u>(1,390</u> )
Overpayment	<u>\$4</u>



Financial Statements And Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2010