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	on Required of Brol	FACING PAGE kers and Dealers Pursu act of 1934 and Rule 1		
REPORT FOR THE PERIO	d beginning	ily 1, 2009 мм/dd/үү	and ending _	June 30, 2010
	A. REGIS	TRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEAL	ER: Ni Advisors			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL	PLACE OF BUSINE	SS. Mo not use P.O. Boy	No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
5858 Horton Street, Su		S. (DO NOT USE 1.0. DOX	1.0.7	
Emonyville		(No. and Street) California		94608-2025
Emeryville		(State)		(Zip Code)
	Les Let Moiary Pub	N TO CONTACT IN R	EGARD TO THE	S REPORT
Stephen R KoncadeM 2016	My Comm (xp	Ę		(415) 453-4132
				(Area Code Telephone No.)
	B. ACCOU	INTANT IDENTIFIC	ATION	
		opinion is contained in t	his Report*	
<b>INDEPENDENT PUBLIC</b> A Breard & Associates, In		-		
	c. Certified Public A	-	ame)	
Breard & Associates, In 9221 Corbin Avenue,	c. Certified Public A	Accountants f individual, state last, first, muddle n Northridge	Californi	
Breard & Associates, In 9221 Corbin Avenue, S (Address) CHECK ONE: X Certified Public Public Accounts	nc. Certified Public A (Name – ) Suite 170 Accountant ant	Accountants If individual, state last, first, muddle n	Californi (State)	a 91324 Zıp Code)

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (3-91)

Botential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid CMD control number.

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#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Sui-Hock Goy</u>, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Ni Advisors \_\_\_\_\_\_, as of

June 30, \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of a customer, except as follows:

State of Oglefrenning	
State of Control of A Control o	
S day of AMPo, 2010	S_: Hoch Cy
by per proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s)	President
who appeared before me.	Title
	MAN FOU LUI Commission # 1888946 Notary Public - California
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	Alameda County My Comm. Expires May 10, 2014
<ul> <li>(a) Facing page.</li> <li>(b) Statement of Financial Condition.</li> </ul>	

- $\boxtimes$  (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition: Cash Flows
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital
- ⋈ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- □ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- $\boxtimes$  (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- $\square$  (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

State of California	ax }	$/ \cap$
County of	ATT I	NA DI
On $\sqrt{-1-10}$ before me, $\sqrt{-10}$	Man tou Lui /	OLRNY TUBLE
Date /	Here Insert Name and Title of the C	Officer
personally appeared	Name(s) of Signer(s)	
	who proved to me on the	hasis of satisfactory
	evidence to be the person(s)	
	subscribed to the within instrum	
	to me that he/she/they exe	
MAN FOU LUI	his/her/their authorized capac his/her/their signature(s) on	
Commission # 1888946	person(s), or the entity upon	behalf of which the
Notary Public - California	person(s) acted, executed the	instrument.
My Comm. Expires May 10, 2014	I certify under PENALTY OF	DED ILIDV under the
	laws of the State of Californ	
	paragraph is true and correct.	in the second second
	(WITNESS my hand and official	l seal.
Place Notary Seal Above	Signature:	Notary Public
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Though the information below is not required and could prevent fraudulent remu	d by law, it may prove valuable to persons rely oval and reattachment of this form to another	ving on the document document.
Description of Attached Document		
Title or Type of Document:		
Document Date:	Number of F	ages:
Signer(s) Other Than Named Above:		
Capacity(ies) Claimed by Signer(s)		
Signer's Name:	Signer's Name:	- 24 million
Corporate Officer — Title(s):	Corporate Officer — Title(	s):
Individual     RIGHT THU     OF SIG	JMBPRINT 🗌 Individual	RIGHT THUMBPRINT OF SIGNER
Partner —      Limited      General Top of thu		
Attorney in Fact	Attorney in Fact	
	Trustee	
Trustee		
<ul><li>Trustee</li><li>Guardian or Conservator</li></ul>	Guardian or Conservator	
	Guardian or Conservator     Other:	

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors NI ADVISORS:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of NI ADVISORS (the Company) as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NI ADVISORS as of June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Brand + comiles fre.

Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

Oakland, California August 25, 2010

9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170, Northridge, California 91324 phone 818.886.0940 fax 818.886.1924 web www.baicpa.com

LOS ANGELES NEW YORK OAKLAND

## **NI ADVISORS Statement of Financial Condition** June 30, 2010

#### Assets

Cash Commissions receivable Advances to officer Property and equipment, net Other assets <b>Total assets</b>	\$ <u>\$</u>	23,488 5,564 25,000 934 6,937 61,923
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	6,782
Total liabilities		6,782
Stockholder's equity		
Additional paid-in capital		186,700
Accumulated deficit		(131,559)
Total stockholder's equity		55,141
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	61,923

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.* -1-

## **NI ADVISORS Statement of Operations** For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

#### Revenues

Commission and concession Advisory	\$ 164,937 112,520
Rent	16,020
Total revenues	293,477
Expenses	
Compensation and benefits	204,234
Clearing charges	1,200
Occupancy	37,223
Promotional	25,665
Communications	8,807
Professional services and other	 21,205
Total expenses	 298,334
Net income (loss) before income tax provision	(4,857)
Income tax provision	 800
Net income (loss)	\$ (5,657)

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.* -2-

## NI ADVISORS Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

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	Additional							
	Common Paid-in Stock Capital		]	Paid-in	Accumulated			
				Deficit	Total			
Balance at June 30, 2009	\$	-	\$	176,700	\$	(125,902)	\$	50,798
Proceeds from paid-in capital		-		10,000		-		10,000
Net income (loss)				<u> </u>		(5,657)	<u></u>	(5,657)
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	186,700	<u>\$</u>	(131,559)	\$	55,141

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.* -3-

## **NI ADVISORS**

## Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)		\$ (5,657)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	\$ 319	
Amortization expense	970	
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Commissions receivable	\$ (1,223)	
Other assets	1,909	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,071)	
Total adjustments		 904
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(4,753)
Cash flow from investing activities		
Purchase of property and equipment	 (945)	
Net cash provided by (used in) in investing activities		(945)
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from additional paid-in capital	 10,000	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		 10,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash		4,302
Cash at beginning of year		 19,186
Cash at end of year		\$ 23,488
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$ -	
Income taxes	\$ 800	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-4-

### Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

NI ADVISORS (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of California on January 1, 2005. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer, which provides several classes of services, including engaging in the business as a mutual fund retailer.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Commissions receivable are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

The Company receives fees in accordance with the terms stipulated in its enagaement contracts. Fees are recognized as earned. The Company also receives success fees when transactions are completed. Success fees are recognized when earned, the Company has no further continuing obligations, and collection is reasonably assured.

During the year ended June, 30, 2010, one of the Company's representatives produced 50% of total Company revenue for the year.

# Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

The Company accounts for its income taxes in accordance with FASB ASC 740, Income Taxes. This standard requires the establishment of a deferred tax asset or liability to recognize the future tax effects of transactions that have not been recognized for tax purposes, including taxable and deductible temporary differences, as well as net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax expenses or benefits are recognized as a result of the changes in the assets and liabilities during the year.

Current income taxes are provided for estimated taxes payable or refundable based on tax returns. Deferred income taxes are recognized for the estimated future tax effects attributable to temporary differences in the basis of assets and liabilities for financial and tax reporting purposes. Measurement of current and deferred tax assets and liabilities is based on provisions of enacted federal and state tax laws.

#### Note 2: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment are recorded net of accumulated depreciation and summarized by major classifications as follows:

		Useful Life
Furniture and fixtures	\$ 945	7
Equipment	 922	5
	1,867	
Less: accumulated depreciation	 (933)	
Property and equipment, net	\$ 934	

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$319.

#### Note 3: INCOME TAXES

The provision for income tax expense (benefit) is composed of the following:

	Cu	irrent	Defe	rred	 Total
Federal	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
State		800		-	 800
Total income tax expense (benefit)		800	50	-	\$ 800

The income tax provision indicated above consists of the California Franchise Tax Board minimum tax of \$800. The Company has available at June 30, 2010, unused Federal net operating losses, which may be applied against future taxable income or carried back to offset previous taxable income, resulting in a deferred tax asset of approximately \$849. The net operating loss begins to expire in the year 2030.

A 100% valuation allowance has been established against this benefit since management cannot determine if it is more likely than not that the asset will be realized.

#### Note 4: ADVANCES TO OFFICER

The Company advanced to one of its employees \$25,000 during 2009. This balance is non-collateralized, non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

#### Note 5: OCCUPANCY & RENTAL INCOME

The Company entered into a 3-year lease agreement during 2010 which will expire on December 31, 2012. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$28,677. The lease provision allows the Company to sublease the office space to various renters. The rental income from the sublease for the year ending June 30, 2010, was \$16,020 and is included in other income on the Statement of Operations.

#### Note 6: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counter-parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

#### Note 7: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued a new professional standard in June of 2009 which resulted in a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. The new professional standard, issued as ASC 105 ("ASC 105"), establishes the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification or ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of GAAP for SEC registrants. Existing GAAP was not intended to be changed as a result of the Codification, and accordingly the change did not impact the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ending June 30, 2010, various accounting pronouncements or interpretations by the Financial Accounting Standards Board were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") /Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") topics for the year to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

<u>Statement No.</u>	Title	Effective Date
SFAS 141(R)/ ASC 805	Business Combinations	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 157/ ASC 820	Fair Value Measurements	After November 15, 2008
SFAS 161/ ASC 815	Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 165/ ASC 855	Subsequent Events	After June 15, 2009
SFAS 166*/ ASC 860	Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 140	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 167*/ ASC 810	Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 168/ ASC 105	The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of FASB Statement 162	After September 15, 2009

\*Currently being processed for inclusion in the Codification

## Note 7: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Note 8: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on June 30, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$20,695 which was \$15,695 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$6,782) to net capital was 0.33 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

## NI ADVISORS Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of June 30, 2010

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Computation of net capital		
Additional paid-in capital	186,700	
Accumulated deficit	(131,559)	
Total stockholder's equity		\$ 55,141
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Advances to officer	(25,000)	
Property and equipment, net	(934)	
AR non-allowable	(1,575)	
Other assets	(6,937)	
Total non-allowable assets		 (34,446)
Net capital		20,695
Computation of net capital requirements		
Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 452	
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 5,000	
Net capital required (greater of above)		(5,000)
Excess net capital		\$ 15,695
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.33 : 1	

There was no material difference between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated June 30, 2010.

## NI ADVISORS Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of June 30, 2010

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to NI ADVISORS as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule  $15c_{3-3}(k)(2)(ii)$ .

See independent auditor's report -11-

## NI ADVISORS Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of June 30, 2010

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to NI ADVISORS as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

## NI ADVISORS

Supplementary Accountant's Report on Internal Accounting Control Report Pursuant to 17a-5 For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

## BREARD & ASSOCIATES, INC. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Directors NI ADVISORS:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of NI ADVISORS (the Company), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170, Northridge, California 91324 phone 818.886.0940 fax 818.886.1924 web www.baicpa.com Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Brendt associate, Fir.

Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

Oakland, California August 25, 2010