Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 1   REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING		
A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Regent Capital Group, Inc.	Irma 20, 2010	)
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Regent Capital Group, Inc.	ENDING	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Regent Capital Group, Inc.	N UNRECRETATIO	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	OFFICIAL USE ONL	<u>.</u> Y
	FIRM ID. NO.	nionininini Nilitionenenenen
4035 E. Thousand Oaks, Blvd., Suite 240		
(No. and Street)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Westlake Village CA	91362	
(City)	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD	D TO THIS REPORT	
Stanley Mroz	(760) 340-1945	
	(Area Code - Telephone No.)	
B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION	DN and a second second	600-218-10-19-200-
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants	port*	
(Name — if individual, state last, first, middle name)	····	
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170 Northridge (Address) (City)	California 91324 (State) Zup C	
CHECK ONE: X Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.	tjak	*
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

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\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (3-91)

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Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

#### **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

Louie Ucciferri Ι.

, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Regent Capital Group, Inc. , as of

2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company June 30 nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of a customer, except as follows:

CALIFORNIA State of

County of

Subscribed and sworn (or affirmed) to before me this  $\underline{\mathcal{U}}$  day of  $\underline{\mathcal{A}\mathcal{VG}}$ , 20 10 byLoui F UCC, FEAD i proved to me on the basis

of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who

Relat (L.

**ROBERT A. BROOKS** 

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COMM. #1735565

TARY PUBLIC - CALIFORNIA LOS ANGELES COUNTY Comm. Expires Apr. 28, 2011

This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes);

- $\boxtimes$  (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.  $\mathbf{X}$
- ☑ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Cash Flows
- 🛛 (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- $\mathbf{X}$ (g) Computation of Net Capital
- X (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- X (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- 🛛 (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\* For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Regent Capital Group, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Regent Capital Group, Inc. (the Company) as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Regent Capital Group, Inc. as of June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

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Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California August 26, 2010

9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170, Northridge, California 91324 *phone* 818.886.0940 *fax* 818.886.1924 *web* www.baicpa.com LOS ANGELES NEW YORK OAKLAND

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## **Regent Capital Group, Inc. Statement of Financial Condition** June 30, 2010

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#### Assets

Cash	\$	121,692
Property and equipment, net		7,232
Deposits		2,833
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	131,757
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	6,106
Commissions payable		104,866
Total liabilities		110,972
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, no par value, 50,000,000 shares authorized,		
10,000,000 shares issued and outstanding		10,000
Additional paid-in capital		176,599
Accumulated deficit		(165,814)
Total stockholder's equity		20,785
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	131,757

## Regent Capital Group, Inc. **Statement of Operations** For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

### Revenues

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Commissions Other income	\$	1,228,637 99,872
Total revenues		1,328,509
Expenses		
Employee compensation and benefits		416,133
Commissions and floor brokerage		1,102,354
Occupancy and equipment rental		65,385
Taxes, licenses, & fees		776
Reimbursed expenses		(417,586)
Other operating expenses		243,727
Total expenses		1,410,789
Net income (loss) before income tax provision		(82,280)
Income tax provision		1,060
Net income (loss)	<u>\$</u>	(83,340)

## **Regent Capital Group, Inc.** Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

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			Ad	lditional					
		Common Stock		Paid-in Capital		Accumulated Deficit		Total	
Balance at June 30, 2009	\$	10,000	\$	91,599	\$	(82,474)	\$	19,125	
Contributions to paid-in capital		-		85,000		-		85,000	
Net income (loss)	<del></del>	<b></b>			<u> </u>	(83,340)		(83,340)	
Balance at June 30, 2010	\$	10,000	<u>\$</u>	176,599	<u>\$</u>	(165,814)	<u>\$</u>	20,785	

## Regent Capital Group, Inc. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

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Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net income (loss)			\$ (83,340)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net			
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation expense	\$ 2,2	261	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,3	324	
Commissions payable	104,8	866	
Income taxes payable	 (:	5 <u>55</u> )	
Total adjustments			 108,896
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities			25,556
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Purchase of property and equipment	 (8	831)	
Net cash provided by (used in) in investing activities			(831)
Cash flow from financing activities:			
Proceeds from contribution of additional paid-in capital	 85,	000	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities			 85,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash			109,725
Cash at beginning of year			 11,967
Cash at end of year			\$ 121,692
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest	\$	-	
Income taxes	\$	800	

### Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

Regent Capital Group, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in the State of California on February 20, 2003. The Company is a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer, which provides several classes of services, including the sale of real estate private placements. Revenues also include fees earned from providing financial consulting services. Advisory fees generally consist of retainers that are paid after letters of engagement are signed for services, as well as success fees upon the closing of transactions in which the Company participated.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Commission revenues and expenses are recorded when incurred, usually at the closing of escrow on real estate private placements. Generally, retainer fees for contracted services are due on a periodic basis during the estimated contract term. The Company recognizes nonrefundable retainer fees when received. A success fee is recognized when earned at the closing of a transaction in which the Company participated. Reimbursable out-of-pocket expenses are recorded as incurred.

The Company recognizes its advisory fees when earned, usually after completion of the assignment or upon invoicing of non-refundable retainers or fee payments, in accordance with written terms of its engagement agreements.

# Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and equipment are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

The Company has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1361-1379 of the Internal Revenue Code. Subchapter S of the Code provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum franchise tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimun franchise fee of \$800.

### Note 2: PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment are recorded net of accumulated depreciation and summarized by major classifications as follows:

			Useful Life
Machinery and equipment	\$	4,247	5
Furniture and fixtures		9,662	7
		13,909	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(6,677)	
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	7,232	

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2010, was \$2,261.

### Note 3: INCOME TAXES

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As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is included in these financial statements. The tax provision provided is the California minimum franchise tax of \$800.

#### Note 4: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counter-parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

#### Note 5: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Contingencies

The Company maintains several bank accounts at financial institutions. These accounts are insured either by the Federal Deposit Insurance Commission ("FDIC"), up to \$250,000, or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), up to \$500,000. At times during the year ended June 30, 2010, cash balances held in financial institutions were in excess of the FDIC and SIPC's insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management believes that it has placed its cash on deposit with financial institutions which are financially stable.

#### Going-Concern

The Company has incurred substantial operating losses in consecutive years and was able to maintain operations via additional paid-in capital from its shareholder. To provide needed liquidity, the shareholder will continue to capitalize the Company to fund its continuing operations. Management has a plan to be more of a going concern and is exploring new lines of business.

#### Note 6: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") issued a new professional standard in June of 2009 which resulted in a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. The new professional standard, issued as ASC 105 ("ASC 105"), establishes the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification or ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") issued under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of GAAP for SEC registrants. Existing GAAP was not intended to be changed as a result of the Codification, and accordingly the change did not impact the financial statements of the Company.

# Note 6: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

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For the year ending December 31, 2009, various accounting pronouncements or interpretations by the Financial Accounting Standards Board were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") /Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") topics for the year to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

Statement No.	<u>Title</u>	Effective Date
SFAS 141(R)/ ASC 805	Business Combinations	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 157/ ASC 820	Fair Value Measurements	After November 15, 2008
SFAS 161/ ASC 815	Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities – an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 133	After December 15, 2008
SFAS 165/ ASC 855	Subsequent Events	After June 15, 2009
SFAS 166*/ ASC 860	Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 140	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 167*/ ASC 810	Amendments to FASB Interpretation No. 46(R)	After November 15, 2009
SFAS 168/ ASC 105	The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles – a replacement of FASB Statement 162	After September 15, 2009

\*Currently being processed for inclusion in the Codification

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Note 7: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on June 30, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$10,720 which was \$3,322 in excess of its required net capital of \$7,398; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$110,972) to net capital was 10.35 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

## Regent Capital Group, Inc. Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of June 30, 2010

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Computation of net capital		
Common stock	\$ 10,000	
Additional paid-in capital	176,599	
Accumulated deficit	(165,814)	
Total stockholder's equity		\$ 20,785
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Property and equipment, net	(7,232)	
Deposits	(2,833)	
Total non-allowable assets		 (10,065)
Net capital		10,720
Computation of net capital requirements		
Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 7,398	
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 5,000	
Net capital required (greater of above)		 (7,398)
Excess net capital		\$ 3,322
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	10.35 : 1	

There was no material difference between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated June 30, 2010.

## Regent Capital Group, Inc. Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of June 30, 2010

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A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Regent Capital Group, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

## Regent Capital Group, Inc. Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of June 30, 2010

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Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Regent Capital Group, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

Regent Capital Group, Inc. Supplementary Accountant's Report on Internal Accounting Control Report Pursuant to 17a-5 For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

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Board of Directors Regent Capital Group, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Regent Capital Group, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph. Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California August 26, 2010 Regent Capital Group, Inc. Report on the SIPC Annual Assessment Pursuant to rule 17a-5 (e) 4 For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

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Board of Directors Regent Capital Group, Inc.

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (e) (4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1954, we have performed the following procedures with respect to the accompanying schedule (Form SIPC-7) of Securities Investor Protection Corporation assessments and payments of Regent Capital Group, Inc. ("the Company") for the year ended June 30, 2010. Our procedures were performed solely to assist the Company in complying with Rule 17a-5 (e) (4), and our report is not to be used for any other purpose. The procedures we performed are as follows:

- 1. Compared listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursements records entries;
- 2. Compared amounts reported on the unaudited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended June 30, 2010, with the amounts reported in General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7);
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations in the Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting adjustments; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was computed.

Because the above procedures do not constitute an examination made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we do not express an opinion on the schedule referred to above.

In connection with the procedures referred to above, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the amounts shown on the Form SIPC-7 were not determined in accordance with applicable instructions and forms. This report relates only to schedules referred to above and does not extend to any financial statements of Regent Capital Group, Inc. taken as a whole.

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Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

Northridge, California August 26, 2010

9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170, Northridge, California 91324 *A phone* 818.886.0940 *fax* 818.886.1924 *web* www.baicpa.com

Los Angeles New York Oakland

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## Regent Capital Group, Inc. Schedule of Securities Investor Protection Corporation Assessments and Payments For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	Amount			
Total assessment	\$	4,365		
SIPC-6 general assessment Payment made on February 25, 2010		(668)		
SIPC-7 general assessment Payment made on February 8, 2010				
Total assessment balance (overpaymment carried forward)	<u>\$</u>	3,697		

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