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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III
FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

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MISSION RECEIVED
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OMB APPROVAL	
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SEC FIRM NUMBER
8-44523

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 07/01/09 AND ENDING 06/30/10
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Continental Investors Services, Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1330 Broadway Street

(No. and Street)

Longview

(City)

WA

(State)

98632

(Zip Code)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

CF & Co., L.L.P.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

8750 N. Central Expressway, Suite 300

(Address)

Dallas

(City)

TX

(State)

75231

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

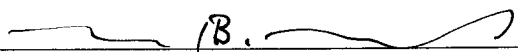
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)


MM

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Max B. Kamp, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Continental Investors Services, Inc., as of June 30, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:


Signature

President
Title


Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditor's report on internal control

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.

REPORT PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)

YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2010

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.

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CF & Co., L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
& CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Board of Directors
Continental Investors Services, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Continental Investors Services, Inc., as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Continental Investors Services, Inc., as of June 30, 2010 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

CF & Co., L.L.P.
CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas
August 9, 2010

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Statement of Financial Condition
June 30, 2010

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 130,767
Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	2,731,574
Securities owned	4,727,730
Furniture and equipment at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$81,408	239
Other assets	<u>190</u>
	<u>\$ 7,590,500</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 119,082
Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations	4,927,630
Federal income taxes payable	<u>89,495</u>
	<u>5,136,207</u>
Stockholders' equity	
Common stock - no par value, 200,000 shares authorized, 71,401 issued and 33,866 outstanding	691,570
Treasury stock, 37,535 shares, at cost	(1,080,790)
Retained earnings	<u>2,843,513</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>2,454,293</u>
	<u>\$ 7,590,500</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.

Statement of Income

For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Revenues	
Securities commissions	\$ 3,588,942
Sale of investment company shares	393,731
Gains or (losses) on firm securities trading accounts	(219,538)
Interest income	<u>457,419</u>
	<u>4,220,554</u>
Expenses	
Commissions	2,678,164
Employee compensation and benefits	432,748
Commissions and clearance paid to all other brokers	192,083
Communications	108,457
Losses in error account and bad debts	616
Occupancy and equipment costs	58,290
Promotional expenses	35,722
Interest expense	179,856
Regulatory fees and expenses	39,803
Other expenses	<u>33,972</u>
	<u>3,759,711</u>
Net income before taxes	460,843
Federal income tax benefit (expense)	<u>(167,485)</u>
Net Income	<u>\$ 293,358</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Treasury Stock</u>		<u>Retained</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Earnings</u>	
Balances at June 30, 2009	71,401	\$ 691,570	37,035	\$(1,047,895)	\$ 2,550,155	\$ 2,193,830
Purchase of treasury stock			500	(32,895)		(32,895)
Net income					293,358	293,358
Balances at June 30, 2010	<u>71,401</u>	<u>\$ 691,570</u>	<u>37,535</u>	<u>\$(1,080,790)</u>	<u>\$ 2,843,513</u>	<u>\$ 2,454,293</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated
to Claims of General Creditors
For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Balance at June 30, 2009	\$ -0-
Increases	-0-
Decreases	<u>-0-</u>
Balance at June 30, 2010	<u>\$ -0-</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.

Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended June 30, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ 293,358
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations	(534,058)
Increase in securities owned at market value	(92,632)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	16,271
Increase in payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations	285,392
Decrease in securities sold not yet purchased	(13,995)
Increase in Federal income taxes payable	<u>10,595</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>(35,069)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>-0-</u>
Cash flows from financing activities	
Purchase of treasury stock	<u>(32,895)</u>
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	<u>(32,895)</u>
Net decrease in cash	(67,964)
Cash at beginning of year	<u>198,731</u>
Cash at end of year	<u>\$ 130,767</u>
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information	
Cash paid for:	
Interest	<u>\$ 179,856</u>
Income taxes	<u>\$ 156,890</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Continental Investors Services, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company is a Washington state corporation. The Company renders broker-dealer services in principally debt related securities both as agent and principal to its customers. The Company operates under (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), which provides that all funds and securities belonging to the Company's customers would be handled by a clearing broker-dealer. The Company's customers are located throughout the United States.

Security transactions (and related commission revenue and expense) are recorded on a trade date basis.

Securities owned and securities sold not yet purchased are recorded at quoted market value. Securities and investments which are not readily marketable are carried at fair value as determined by management of the Company. Unrealized gains and losses are credited or charged to operations. The Company's securities are being held by the clearing broker-dealer. Should the clearing broker-dealer fail to deliver securities to the Company, the Company may be required to purchase identical securities on the open market.

Securities sold not yet purchased represent an obligation of the Company to deliver specified equity securities at a predetermined price. The Company is obligated to acquire the securities at prevalent market prices in the future to satisfy this obligation.

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Total advertising expense for the year ended June 30, 2010 was \$1,179 and is reflected in promotional costs.

Compensated absences have not been accrued because the amount cannot be reasonably estimated.

The Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement No. 168, *The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* ("SFAS 168") (FASB ASC 105-10). SFAS 168 replaces all previously issued accounting standards and establishes the *FASB Accounting Standards Codification* ("FASB ASC" or the "Codification") as the source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP").

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

SFAS 168 is effective for all annual periods ending after September 15, 2009. The FASB ASC is not intended to change existing U.S. GAAP. The adoption of this pronouncement only resulted in changes to the Company's financial statement disclosure references. As such, the adoption of this pronouncement had no effect on the Company's financial statements.

In May 2009, the FASB issued Statement No. 165, *Subsequent Events* ("SFAS 165"), included in the Codification under FASB ASC 855, which establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events occurring after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued. SFAS 165 also requires entities to disclose the date through which it has evaluated subsequent events and the basis for that date. The Company adopted SFAS 165 for its year ended June 30, 2010. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

See Note 11 for more information regarding the Company's evaluation of subsequent events.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due. The provision for federal income taxes differs from the expected amount using statutory rates because certain expenses included in the determination of net income are nondeductible for tax reporting purposes.

Furniture and equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is recorded using an accelerated method over the useful lives of the assets.

Treasury stock is accounted for using the cost method.

The Company has a share-based director, officer and employee compensation plan. The Company accounts for employee and qualifying director shares-based payments using the fair value method. The fair value of the Company's stock options is based on the value of the Company's common stock, as determined by management, on the date of grant using the Black Scholes option pricing model.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the Company uses various methods including market, income and cost approaches. Based on approaches, the Company often

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

utilizes certain assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk and or the risks inherent in the inputs to the valuation technique. These inputs can be readily observable, market corroborated, or generally unobservable inputs. The Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Based on the observability of the inputs used in the valuation techniques the Company is required to provide the following information according to the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy ranks the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

Level 1 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in active exchange markets, such as the New York Stock Exchange. Level 1 also includes U.S. Treasury and federal agency securities and federal agency mortgage-backed securities, which are traded by dealers or brokers in active markets. Valuations are obtained from readily available pricing sources for market transactions involving identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 - Valuations for assets and liabilities traded in less active dealer or broker markets. Valuations are obtained from third party pricing services for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Valuations for assets and liabilities that are derived from other valuation methodologies, including option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques, and not based on market exchange, dealer, or broker traded transactions. Level 3 valuations incorporate certain assumptions and projections in determining the fair value assigned to such assets or liabilities.

For the year ended June 30, 2010, the application of valuation techniques applied to similar assets and liabilities has been consistent. The fair value of investments are deemed to be Level 1 and 2, see Note 4.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2010

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At June 30, 2010, the Company had net capital of approximately \$1,584,227 and net capital requirements of \$250,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .13 to 1. The Securities and Exchange Commission permits a ratio of no greater than 15 to 1.

Note 3 - Possession or Control Requirements

The Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities. There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of (SEC) Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) by promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts.

Note 4 - Securities Owned

Securities owned represent trading and investment securities at fair value and at June 30, 2010 consist of the following (presented based upon classification in fair value hierarchy):

	Securities Owned		
	Level 1	Level 2	Total
Equities	\$ 25,562	\$ --	\$ 25,562
Mutual Funds	543	--	543
Corporate Bonds	--	765,812	765,812
Municipal Bonds	--	3,935,813	3,935,813
	<u>\$ 26,105</u>	<u>\$ 4,701,625</u>	<u>\$ 4,727,730</u>

Note 5 - Related Party Transactions

The Company's office building is leased from an officer of the Company. Rent paid under this lease for the year ended June 30, 2010 was \$29,400 and is included in occupancy and equipment costs.

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Note 6 - Concentration Risk

At June 30, 2010 and other various times during the year, the Company had cash balances in excess of federally insured limits of \$250,000.

The Company has a substantial investment in non-investment grade, non-convertible debt securities (some of which are in default).

Note 7 - Payable to Clearing Broker

The payable to clearing broker represents the amount due for unsettled trading securities owned. Interest is charged on this payable at the prevailing margin rate, which was 4.59% at June 30, 2010.

Note 8 - Commitment and Contingencies

Included in the Company's clearing agreement with its clearing broker-dealer, is an indemnification clause. This clause relates to instances where the Company's customers fail to settle security transactions. In the event this occurs, the Company will indemnify the clearing broker-dealer to the extent of the net loss on the unsettled trade. At June 30, 2010, management of the Company had not been notified by the clearing broker-dealer, nor were they otherwise aware, of any potential losses relating to this indemnification.

Note 9 - Pension Plans

The Company has a SAR-SEP pension plan covering substantially all employees. The Company may contribute amounts as determined by the Board of Directors. The Company made contributions totaling \$16,425 during the year ended June 30, 2010.

Note 10 - Income Taxes

On December 30, 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Staff Position ("FSP") No. FIN 48-3 (FASB ASC 740), "*Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Entities*," which permitted the Company to defer the implementation of FASB Interpretation No. 48, "*Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*" (FASB ASC 740) until its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2009. FASB ASC 740 clarifies that management is expected to evaluate an income tax position taken, or expected to be taken, for likelihood of realization, before recording any amounts for such position in the

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2010

Note 10 - Income Taxes, continued

financial statements. FASB ASC 740 also requires expanded disclosure with respect to income tax positions taken that are not certain to be realized. The Company adopted FASB ASC 740 for its year ended June 30, 2010. The adoption did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Note 11 - Subsequent Events

In preparing the accompanying financial statements, the Company has evaluated events that have occurred after June 30, 2010, through August 9, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During this period, the Company did not have any material subsequent events.

Supplemental Information
Pursuant to Rule 17a-5
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
as of
June 30, 2010

Schedule I

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of June 30, 2010

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital	\$ 2,454,293
Add: Other deductions or allowable credits	<u>-0-</u>
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	2,454,293
Deduction and/or charges:	
Non allowable assets:	
Furniture and equipment	(239)
Other assets	<u>(190)</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	2,453,864
Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to rule 15c3-1(f)):	
Exempt securities	(761,486)
Debt securities	(104,225)
Other securities	(3,872)
Undue concentration	<u>(54)</u>
Net capital	<u>\$ 1,584,227</u>

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 119,082
Federal income taxes payable	<u>89,495</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 208,577</u>

Schedule I (continued)

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of June 30, 2010

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$ 13,912</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	<u>\$ 250,000</u>
Net capital requirement (greater of above two minimum requirement amounts)	<u>\$ 250,000</u>
Net capital in excess of required minimum	<u>\$1,334,227</u>
Excess net capital at 1000%	<u>\$1,563,369</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.13 to 1</u>

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

The following serves to reconcile the differences in the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 from the Company's computation.

Net capital, as reported in the Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS report	\$1,480,226
Differences due to adjustments for:	
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses	54,523
Decrease in federal income taxes payable	<u>49,478</u>
Net capital per audited report	<u>\$1,584,227</u>

Schedule II

CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES, INC.
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under
Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission
As of June 30, 2010

EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS

The Company has claimed an exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), in which all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Company's clearing firm: Southwest Securities, Inc.

Independent Auditor's Report

On Internal Control

Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

For the Year Ended

June 30, 2010



CF & Co., L.L.P.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
& CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL
CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

The Board of Directors
Continental Investors Services, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Continental Investors Services, Inc. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial

statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all material weaknesses have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CF & Co. 220
CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas
August 9, 2010

Independent Auditor's Report
On The SIPC Annual Assessment
Required By SEC Rule 17a-5
Year Ended June 30, 2010



CF & Co., L.L.P.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
& CONSULTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SIPC ANNUAL
ASSESSMENT REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder
Continental Investors Services, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended June 30, 2010, which were agreed to by Continental Investors Services, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Continental Investors Services, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. Management is responsible for Continental Investors Services, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursements records entries (cash disbursements journal) noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended June 30, 2010 with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended June 30, 2010 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

CF & Co., L.L.P.
CF & Co., L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas
August 9, 2010

SIPC-7

(32-REV 6/10)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION
P.O. Box 92185 Washington, D.C. 20090-2185
202-371-8300

General Assessment Reconciliation

SIPC-7

(32-REV 6/10)

For the fiscal year ended 6-30, 20 10
(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

044523 FINRA JUN
CONTINENTAL INVESTORS SERVICES INC
PO BOX 888
LONGVIEW WA 98632-7552

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

Debra Millard
(360) 423-5110

- 2. A. General Assessment [item 2e from page 2 (not less than \$150 minimum)] \$ 8,572.34
- B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest) (5,982.-)
1-26-2010
Date Paid
- C. Less prior overpayment applied (_____)
- D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment) _____
- E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum _____
- F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) \$ 2,590.34
- G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
Total (must be same as F above) \$ 2,590.34
- H. Overpayment carried forward \$(_____)

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

Continental Investors Services, Inc.
(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

Debra A. Millard
(Authorized Signature)

Dated the 26th day of July, 20 10

CFO
(Title)

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed

Calculations _____ Documentation _____ Forward Copy _____

Exceptions: _____

Disposition of exceptions: _____

**DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT**

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning 7-1, 2009
and ending 6-30, 2010
Eliminate cents

Item No.

2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

\$ 4,220,554

2b. Additions:

- (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
- (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
- (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
- (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
- (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

Total additions

2c. Deductions:

- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
- (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
- (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
- (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
- (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
- (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
- (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
- (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):

393,731

192,083

25,950

(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.

\$ 179,856

(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).

\$ _____

Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

Total deductions

179,856

791,620

\$ 3,428,934

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

\$ 8,572.34

(to page 1 but not less than \$150 minimum)