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SECURITIES AND FXCHANGE COMMISSION RECEIVED

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DIVISION OF MARKET REGULATION

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM X-17A-5
PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	G_01/01/09	AND ENDING_12/	31/09
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. R	EGISTRANT IDENTII	FICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: BLOCK	KELLY COMPANY		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF E	USINESS: (Do not use P.O	. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
304 NORTH BROAD STREET			•
	(No. and Street)		
MONROE	GA	300	555
(City)	(State)	(Z	ip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF EUGENE KELLY, JR.	PERSON TO CONTACT II		770-267-8100
			Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. A.	CCOUNTANT IDENTI	FICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN	T whose opinion is containe	d in this Report*	
GOLDMAN & COMPANY, CPAS, P.C.	- · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
	(Name – if individual, state la	st, first, middle name)	
316 ALEXANDER ST. S.E., STE. #4	MARIETTA	GA	30060
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
✓ Certified Public Accountant	•		
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in U	Jnited States or any of its po	essessions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

AB 610

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Ι, _	١	EUGENE KELLY, JR.		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best	of
my	kno	wledge and belief the accompanying financ	ial statement ar	nd supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
		BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		as
of _	DE	CEMBER 31	, 20 <u>09</u>	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) the	at
neit	her	the company nor any partner, proprietor, p	rincipal officer	or director has any proprietary interest in any accoun	t
clas	sific	ed solely as that of a customer, except as fol	llows:		
					
			<u>-</u> .		
	•				
			_	Signature	
				Signature	
			_		
				Title	
		Notary Public			
		Industry I dollo			
		port ** contains (check all applicable boxes	s):		
		Facing Page.			
		Statement of Financial Condition.			
旦	٠,	Statement of Income (Loss).			
		Statement of Cash Flows.			
		Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Eq			
		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subord	linated to Clain	ns of Creditors.	
		Computation of Net Capital.	- .		
		Computation for Determination of Reserve			
		Information Relating to the Possession or			
V	(I)			Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the	;
	۸.	Computation for Determination of the Res			
	(K)	A Reconciliation between the audited and consolidation.	unaudited State	ments of Financial Condition with respect to methods	of
V	ΔŊ	An Oath or Affirmation.			
_	• •	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.			
币			ies found to exis	at or found to have existed since the date of the previous	udit
片		Independent Auditor's Report on internal accounting		-	
		conditions of confidential treatment of certa			

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY

(A Georgia S Corporation)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2009

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INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board Block-Kelly Company Monroe, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Financial Condition of Block-Kelly Company(an S Corporation company) as of December 31, 2009, and the related Statement of Income, Changes of Shareholder's Equity and Cash Flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Block-Kelly Company as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Holder Hongy (MSPC Goldman & Company, CPAs, PC

Marietta, Georgia February 28, 2010

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

	Decembe	r 31, 2009
ASSETS		
Cash & Cash Equivalents	\$	278,735
Cash segregated in compliance with federal & other regulations		95,921
Receivable from broker, dealer and clearing organization: Omnibus Account, includible in "Formula for Reserve Requirement" Other		112,881 26,834
Securities owned, at market value:		
Other Asset		1,165
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment, Less Accumulated Depreciation of \$17,423		-
TOTAL ASSETS	•	515,536
TOTAL ASSETS	J.	313,330
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Payable to Customers: Securities Accounts, including free credit balances	\$	111,223
Accrued Expenses & Other Liabilities		8,658
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	119,881

Exhibit A

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

Continued

SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (EXHIBIT C)	<u>December 31, 20</u>	
Common Stock - \$10 Par Value, 1,000 Shares Authorized, 1,000 Shares Issued and Outstanding	\$	10,000
Additional Paid-In Capital		356,000
Retained Earnings		29,656
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		395,656
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	515,536

	Year Ended December 31, 2009	
REVENUE		
Commissions on Securities:		
On listed stocks traded 3rd market	\$	75,281
Other Securities		69,999
Interest on investments		7,678
Total Revenue		152,957
COSTS AND EXPENSES		
Employee Compensation & Benefits		23,273
Salaries & other employment costs of stockholder		22,528
Communication & Data Processing		2,199
Floor brokerage, exchange & clearing fees	•	15,476
Occupancy Costs		35,911
Other General and Administrative		17,635
Total Costs and Expenses		117,022
NET INCOME	\$	35,935

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

	Common Shares		Stock Amount	Paid-In <u>Capital</u>	_	Retained Carnings	Sh	nareholder's Equity
BALANCE -								
December 31, 2008	1,000	\$	10,000	\$ 356,000	\$	32,570	\$	398,570
2009 NET INCOME(LOSS) (Exhibit B)		0	0	0		35,935		35,935
Distribution Paid in 2009	·	0	0	 0		(38,850)		(38,850)
BALANCE - December 31, 2009	1,000	\$	10,000	\$ 356,000	\$	29,655	\$	395,655

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Decem	ber 31, 2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	
Net Profit	\$	35,935
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Profit (Loss) to		
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities:		
(Increase) Decrease in Operating Assets:		
Accounts Receivable from brokers or dealers		(97,533)
Cash & securities segregated under federal & other regulations		(73,051)
Other Changes		2,558
Increase (Decrease) in Operating Liabilities:		
Accrued Expenses		(355)
Payable to Customers		92,440
NET CASH (USED) BY		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(40,007)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY		
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from the sale of long term investments		77,301
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		77,301
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Distribution Paid		(38,850)
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(38,850)
(DECREASE) IN CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS		(1,556)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING		
OF YEAR		280,291
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR		
The state of the s	\$	278,735

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2009

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

- A. The Company was formed January 25, 1982, primarily for the purpose of qualifying and operating as a broker-dealer of securities. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the Georgia and Texas Securities Commissions. Pursuant to the registration, the Company must maintain a minimum net capital requirement of the greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$250,000 and is authorized to hold securities or funds for its customers. The Company retails corporate equity, debt and mutual fund securities. The Company is a non exchange member that arranges for transactions in listed securities though an exchange member. The Company maintains an omnibus account with a clearing broker for the purpose of trading securities on behalf of its customers.
- B. Property is recorded at cost and is depreciated over a five year estimated useful life using the straight line method for book purposes. Maintenance and repairs are charged to income, and renewals and betterments are capitalized.
- C. Customer securities transactions and related commission income and expenses are recorded on trade date.
- D. Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, money market accounts, and short term investments with maturities of less than 90 days. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than ninety days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business. The Company's segregates cash under federal and other regulations. The Company segregated \$95,921 for the benefit of its customers under rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Act of 1934. This segregated cash is not included in cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows.
- E. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U. S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- F. The Company has elected to be taxed under subchapter S of the internal revenue code. A corporation making this election is generally not subject to income tax, such ordinarily being the responsibility of its Company's shareholder. Accordingly, no provision has been made for income taxes in these financial statements.

2. COMMITMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTONS

The Company leases its office facilities from its stockholder which expires July 1, 2010. Office rent expense under related party lease was \$30,000 for 2009. The Company also leases an automobile under the terms of an operating lease, which expires in February 2010, the amount of lease expense was \$9,567 in 2009. Minimum future lease payments are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Other</u>	Related Party	<u>Total</u>
2010	\$ 1,021	\$ 15,000	\$16,021

3. CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various activities in with counterparties. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not excess 15 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$391,697, which was \$141,697 is in excess of its required net of \$250,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.31 to 1.

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 (Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) As of December 31, 2009

TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY FROM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	\$ 395,655
LESS NON-ALLOWABLE ASSETS	
Other Assets Subtotal Non Allowable Assets	(1,165) (1,165)
Less: Haircut on Money Market	(\$2,794)
NET CAPITAL	\$ 391,696

Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31 2009

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported in Part II A of Form X-17A-5 and net capital as reported above.

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS AND BASIC CAPITAL REQUIREMENT (Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934) As of December 31, 2009

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

brokers that carry customer accounts.

Payable to Customers Accrued Expenses & Other	\$	111,223 8,658
TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS (AI)	\$	119,881
RATIO - Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital		0.306055
BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT		
Net Capital (Schedule 1)	_\$	391,696
Minimum Net Capital Requirement (See note A below)		250,000
Minimum capital required from above		250,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	_\$_	141,696
Note A: Minimum capital requirement per Rule 15c3-1 is \$250,000 for		

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

As of December 31, 2009

Credit Balances:		
Free Credit balances & other credit balances in customers' security accounts	\$	107,098
Other		4,125
Total Credit Items		111,223
Debit Balances:		
Other Omnibus account		111,223
Reserve Computation:		
Excess of total debits over total credits		-
Excess of total credits over total debits		
Required Deposit		•
105% of excess of total credits over total debits		
100/002 0110000 01 100010 0101 10001 100010		
Amount held in reserve banks	-	95,921
Reconciliation with Company's computation included in II of Form X-17A-5		
as of December 31, 2009:		
Excess as reported in Company's II FOCUS Report (unaudited)		-
Excess as reported in above computation		=
Difference		-

BLOCK-KELLY COMPANY INFORMATION FOR POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15C-3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

MARKET VALUATION:

1. Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities not in the		
respondents' possession or control as of the report dated (for which		
instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the report		
date) but which the required action was not taken by respondents within the	•	
time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3.	\$	None
A. Number of items		0
2. Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities for which		
instructions to reduce possession or control had not been issued as of the		
report date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from		
normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3.	<u>\$</u>	None
A. Number of items		0

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1)

To the Board Block-Kelly Company Monroe, Georgia

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Block-Kelly Company, for the year ended December 31, 2009, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including attests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company carries securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customers' securities, we reviewed the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- 3. Making periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debts) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by rule 15c3-3e.
- 4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgment by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practice and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practice and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected or corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration on internal control was for the limited purpose described in the paragraphs 1-2 above and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any weaknesses involving internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the first and second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2009 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Goldman & Company, CPAs, PC

Solston care

February 28, 2010