

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-1XA-54-7-29 PART 111

SEC FILE NUMBER 48648

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 173-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNIN	G 01/01/09	AND ENDING	12/31/09
	MM/DD/YY	_	MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
A&M Securities, LLC ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)). Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
2475 Northwinds Parkway, Sui	te 200		
	(No. and Street)		
Alpharetta	GA		30004
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF	F PERSON TO CONTACT I	N REGARD TO T	HIS REPORT
Hugh Albritton III			70) 753-6166
ATTENDED TO A STATE OF THE STAT		(Area	a Code – Telephone Number)
B. ACC	COUNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTAN	T whose opinion is containe	ed in the Report*	
Rubio CPA, PC			
(Name -	if individual, state last, first, mi	ddle name)	
2120 Powers Ferry Road, Suite	350 Atlanta	Georgi	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	ECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
CHECK ONE:		l	RECEIVED
Certified Public Accountant			
Public Accountant			APR 2 9 2010
Accountant not resident in U	United States or any of its	possessions.	BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS
F	OR OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	02 EXAMINATIONS
			5 (2000)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Hug	h Albritton III	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my l	knowledg	ge and belief the accompanying	g financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	A&I	M Securities, LLC	, as
			2000
of		December 31	, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neitl	her the co	ompany nor any partner, propri	etor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
clas	sified sol	ely as that of a customer, excep	ot as follows:
			2
			Signature Signature
		July	O
		$\leq_{\pi}/_{\!\!\! s}$	President and CEU
	$\overline{}$		Title
	pa	n & Hoster.	ENBLIC ZE
	0	Notary Public	23. 2012
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1 1113	s report	** contains (check all applic	adio alo aces).
	(a)	Facing Page.	
	(b)	Statement of Financial Con	ndition.
	(c)		
	(d)		
	(e)	-	tockholders' Equity or Partners" or Sole Proprietors" Capital.
			iabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	(g)		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ation of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. e Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(i) (j)	•	g appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under
			outation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit
		A of Rule 15c3-3.	utation for Botte minutes of the Robert Carolina and Carolina and Samuel
	☐ (k)		the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with
		respect to methods of cons	
	(1)	An Oath or Affirmation.	
) A copy of the SIPC Supple	emental Report.
			aterial inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the
	_	date of the previous audit.	

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17z-5(e)(3).

A&M SECURITIES, LLC
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended
December 31, 2009
With
Independent Auditor's Report

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339

Office: 770 690-8995 Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members A&M Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of A&M Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of A&M Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedules I, II and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

April 23, 2010 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Pulis CPA, PC

A&M SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from clearing broker dealer Clearing deposit with broker dealer		162,992 32,443 25,000
Office furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$32,829 Securities owned at fair value Other assets		2,124 9,910 22,293
Total Assets	\$	254,762
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses Commissions payable	\$	2,130 19,875
Total Liabilities		22,005
MEMBERS' EQUITY		232,757
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	<u>\$</u>	254,762

A&M SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

REVENUES Commissions Interest Unrealized (loss) on securities owned	\$ 386,383 27 (2,445)
Total revenues	383,965
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES Employee compensation and benefits Clearing fees Communications Occupancy Other operating expenses	203,874 71,398 4,220 26,640
Total expenses	413,543
NET (LOSS)	<u>\$ (29,578)</u>

A&M SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	 2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	\$ (29,578)
used in operations: Unrealized depreciation of securities owned Depreciation Decrease in receivable from clearing broker and dealer Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses Decrease in commissions payable	 2,445 449 5,525 65 (3,366)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 (24,460)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(24,460)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BALANCE: Beginning of year	 187,452
End of year	\$ 162,992

A&M SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Balance, December 31, 2008	\$ 262,335
Net loss	 (29,578)
Balance, December 31, 2009	\$ (232,757)

A&M SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

NOTE A — SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Description of Business: A&M Securities, LLC (the "Company"), a limited liability company, is a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

The Company provides securities brokerage services to major institutions.

The Company is a fully-disclosed, introducing broker/dealer that clears all transactions with an outside clearing agency that carries all accounts.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents deposits in high credit quality financial institutions. Balances at times may exceed federally insured limits.

<u>Property and Equipment:</u> Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided by use of straight-line methods over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

<u>Income Taxes:</u> The Company is taxed as a partnership. Therefore the income or losses of the Company flow through to its members and no income taxes are recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48, Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes (FASB ASC 740-10). Under this Interpretation, the Company is required to evaluate each of its tax positions to determine if they are more likely than not to be sustained if the taxing authority examines the respective position. A tax position includes an entity's status, including its status as a pass-through entity, and the decision not to file a tax return. The Company has evaluated each of its tax positions and has determined that no provision or liability for income taxes is necessary.

<u>Estimates:</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

Revenue Recognition: Customers' securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis, that is not materially different than trade date basis.

A&M SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

NOTE B — CONCENTRATIONS

All commission revenues earned during 2009 were earned from two customers.

NOTE C — NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital of \$206,853, which was \$201,853 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000 and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .11 to 1.0.

NOTE D - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET CREDIT RISK

As a securities broker, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for governmental institutions. The Company's transactions are collateralized and are executed with and on behalf of its customers, including other brokers and dealers and other financial institutions.

The Company introduces all customer transactions in securities traded on U.S. securities markets to another firm on a fully disclosed basis. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to non-performance by customers or counter parties. The Company monitors clearance and settlement of all customer transactions on a daily basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with the non-performance of customers and counter parties in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to these securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair the customer's or counter party's ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company. In the event of non-performance the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at unfavorable market prices resulting in a loss to the Company. The Company does not anticipate non-performance by customers and counter parties in the above situations.

The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers or counter parties to maintain collateral in compliance with regulatory requirements, clearing broker's guidelines and industry standards. The Company has a policy of reviewing the credit standing of each customer and counter party with which it conducts business.

A&M SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

NOTE F - RECEIVABLE FROM CLEARING BROKER AND CLEARANCE AGREEMENT

The Company has an agreement with a clearing broker to execute and clear, on a fully disclosed basis, customer accounts of the Company. In accordance with this agreement the Company is required to maintain a deposit in cash or securities.

Amounts receivable from its clearing organization at December 31, 2009 consist of commissions receivable and funds on deposit in various accounts. The receivable is considered fully collectible at December 31, 2009 and no allowance is required.

NOTE G - LEASE AGREEMENT

The Company leases office space under a month-to-month lease. Rent expenses for 2009 was approximately \$27,000.

NOTE H - OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of various pieces of collectible art that are recorded at cost. No depreciation has been recorded due to the lack of determinable economic life. The cost of this art at December 31, 2009 was \$22,293.

NOTE I - SECURITIES OWNED

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

A&M SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

NOTE I – SECURITIES OWNED (CONTINUED)

• Level 3 are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for securities owned as of December 31, 2009.

	Fair Value <u>Measurements</u>	Level 1 Valuation		Level 3 Valuation
Common stock, publicly traded	<u>\$ 9,910</u>	<u>\$ 9,910</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>



SCHEDULE I A&M SECURITIES, LLC

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

NET CAPITAL:

Total members' equity	\$	232,757
Less nonallowable assets: Office furniture and equipment Other assets		(2,124) (22,293)
Net capital before haircuts		208,340
Less haircuts	-	(1,487)
Net capital Minimum net capital required		206,853 5,000
Excess net capital	<u>\$</u>	201,853
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>	22,005
Net capital based on aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$</u>	1,467
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		11%

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported in Part A of Form X-17a-5 and net capital as reported above.

A&M SECURITIES, LLC

SCHEDULE II COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the rule.

SCHEDULE III
INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the rule.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Members A&M Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of A&M Securities, LLC, for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control structure over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purposes of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by A&M Securities, LLC, that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2009 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the division of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and that alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

April 23, 2010 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

Pholis CPF, PC