			OMB APPROVAL	
	Washington, D.C. 20549	ECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549		
10030932		DRTC Mail Proce Section	SEC FILE NUMBER	
10030332	FORM X-17A-5 PART III	APR 0620	1() 8 - 52551	
Information Ro Securit EPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEC	FACING PAGE equired of Brokers and Dealers Pu ies Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule GINNING	Vvashington, L rsuant to ¹ Sectio 17a-5 Thereum AND ENDING	on 17 of the	
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Abshier, Webb, Donn	elly & Baker, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLAC	No.)	FIRM ID. NO.		
2500 City West Blvd, S	uite 590			
	(No. and Street)		770040	
(City)	<u>Texas</u> (State)	······································	<u>770042</u> (Zip Code)	
AME AND TELEPHONE NUM	BER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN RI	EGARD TO THIS	REPORT	
Janice Webb-McCann			3-231-1402 rea Code - Telephone No.)	
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION		
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOU Phillip V. George, PL	JNTANT whose opinion is contained in t	his Report*		
	(Name – if individual, state last, first, middl	e name)		
(Address)	Flower Mound (City)	(State)	75022 (Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE: Certified Public A Public Accountant	ccountant	sions.		

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of Information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

_, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my Janice Webb-McCann I. knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc. , as of

09 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company , 20 December 31 nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE CYNTHIA G. DABELGOTT Notary Public, State of Texas Signature My Commission Expires April 18, 2010 ANAGING uncher I

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

(a) Facing page.

П

- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- П (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. П
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the П previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditor's report on the internal control as required by SEC rule 17a-5.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

ABSHIER, WEBB, DONNELLY & BAKER, INC.

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FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2009

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PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting, Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc. as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

htp V. Meorge Auc

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Flower Mound, Texas March 25, 2010

4421 Wanda Ln. Flower Mound, TX 75022-5446 (214) 358-5150 Fax (214) 358-0222 phil@pvgeorge.com

ABSHIER, WEBB, DONNELLY & BAKER, INC. Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2009

ASSETS

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Cash Restricted marketable securities Clearing deposit	\$ 5,290 368 25,000
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 30,658
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Payable to clearing broker/dealer	\$ 1,545
Stockholder's Equity	
 Preferred stock, \$1 par value, 500,000 shares authorized, none issued and outstanding Common stock, \$1 par value, 1,500,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit 	\$ 1,000 79,000 (50,887)
Total Stockholder's Equity	 29,113
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	 30,658

ABSHIER, WEBB, DONNELLY & BAKER, INC. Statement of Income Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenue

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Investment banking Securities commissions Management fees	\$	154,883 355,464 18,500
TOTAL REVENUE		528,847
Expenses		
Clearing and other charges Communications Occupancy and equipment costs Management fees to Parent Regulatory fees and expenses Professional fees Other expenses TOTAL EXPENSES Net loss before other loss		72,525 344 4,000 467,553 17,296 9,775 5,650 577,143 (48,296)
Other Loss		
Unrealized loss on restricted marketable securities	•••••	8,620
NET LOSS	\$	(56,916)

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ABSHIER, WEBB, DONNELLY & BAKER, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings/ (Accumulated Deficit)	Total
Balances at December 31, 2008	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 49,000	\$ 6,029	\$ 56,029
Additional paid-in capital contributed	-	-	30,000	-	30,000
Net loss				(56,916)	(56,916)
Balances at December 31, 2009	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 79,000	\$ (50,887)	\$ 29,113

· •

ABSHIER, WEBB, DONNELLY & BAKER, INC. Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities: Net loss Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	\$ (56,916)
used in operating activities: Unrealized loss on restricted marketable securities	8,620
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Decrease in commissions receivable	4,734
Decrease in management fee payable	(4,692)
Increase in payable to clearing broker/dealer	1,545
Net cash used in operating activities	(46,709)
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Additional paid-in capital contributed	30,000
Net decrease in cash	(16,709)
Cash at beginning of year	21,999
Cash at end of year	\$ 5,290

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:

There was no cash paid during the year for interest or income taxes.

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Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business:

Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc., (Company), is a Texas corporation and is a registered broker dealer maintaining its only office in Houston, Texas. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, LLC (Parent). The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company's customers are primarily individuals located in the state of Texas.

The Company operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Partnership does not hold customer funds or securities, but as an introducing broker or dealer, will clear all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis through a clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer. Under these exemptive provisions, the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession and Control Requirements are not required.

Significant Accounting Policies:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable are short-term in nature and accordingly are reported in the statement of financial condition at fair value or carrying amounts that approximate fair value. Marketable securities are held for investment purposes and are recorded at fair value in accordance with FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*.

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Restricted Marketable Securities

Restricted marketable securities are held for investment purposes and are recorded at fair value in accordance with FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*. The securities are restricted due to investment letter restrictions, but part of a class of publically traded securities. The increase or decrease in fair value is credited or charged to operations.

Investment Banking Fees

The Company recognizes investment banking fees when earned under the respective agreements.

Security Transactions

Security transactions and the related commission revenue and expense are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes

The Company has adopted financial reporting rules regarding recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Company has reviewed all open tax years and concluded that there is no impact on the Company's financial statements and no tax liability resulting from unrecognized tax benefits relating to uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. As of December 31, 2009, open Federal tax years include the tax years ended December 31, 2006 through December 31, 2008.

Note 2 - Transactions with Clearing Broker Dealer

The agreement with the clearing broker/dealer provides for clearing charges at a fixed rate multiplied by the number of tickets traded by the Company. The agreement also requires the Company to maintain a minimum of \$25,000 as a deposit in an account with the clearing broker/dealer.

Note 3 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$29,113 and \$5,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.05 to 1.

Note 4 - Restricted Marketable Securities/Fair Value of Financial Instruments

FASB ASC 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

In accordance with FASB ASC 820, the following table summarizes the valuation of the Company's investments by the fair value hierarchy levels as of December 31, 2009:

	Level 1	Lev	<u>el 2</u>	Level 3	J	<u>Total</u>
Restricted marketable securities	\$	\$	368 5	\$ _	\$	368

Note 4 - <u>Restricted Marketable Securities/Fair Value of Financial Instruments</u> (continued)

Cost and fair value of marketable securities at December 31, 2009, are as follows:

	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
Restricted marketable securities	\$ 21,513	\$ -	\$ 21,145	\$ 368

Note 5 - Income Taxes

The Company has a current year tax loss; therefore, there is no provision for current income taxes. The Company has a net operating loss carry forward of approximately \$60,000 available to offset future taxable income, which begins expiring in 2026. The net operating loss carryforward creates a deferred tax asset of approximately \$9,000, which is fully reserved with a valuation allowance, therefore, there is no deferred tax asset recognized in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions

The Company and its Parent are under common control and the existence of that control creates operating results and financial position significantly different than if the Companies were autonomous.

The Parent and the Company have entered into an office and administrative services agreement requiring the Parent to provide administrative services, office space, office equipment and supplies, payroll, marketing, sales, legal and accounting services and pay the other administrative and overhead expenses of the Company. The Agreement requires the Company to pay a proportional allocation services fee of the lesser of 75% of monthly gross revenues, or \$55,000, as base compensation for the proportional costs incurred by Service Company on behalf the Company, plus additional amounts for overhead expenses, as determined by the Parent. Fees totaled \$467,553 for the year ended December 31, 2009. The Agreement was not consummated on terms equivalent to arms length transactions.

The Company paid management fees to the Parent totaling \$18,500 for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Note 7 - Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

As discussed in Note 1, the Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully disclosed basis with its clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers of the Company and is responsible for execution, collection and payment of funds, and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker/dealer may charge any losses it incurs to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the credit worthiness of its customers and that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker/dealer.

The Company has restricted marketable securities and clearing deposit held by or due from the Company's clearing broker/dealer totaling \$25,368, or approximately 87%, of its total assets.

Note 8 - <u>Contingencies</u>

There are currently no asserted claims or legal proceedings against the Company, however, the nature of the Company's business subjects it to various claims, regulatory examinations, and other proceedings in the ordinary course of business. The ultimate outcome of any such action against the Company could have an adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company

Note 9 - Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 25, 2010, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

Schedule I

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ABSHIER, WEBB, DONNELLY & BAKER, INC. Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2009

Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$	29,113
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets:		-
Net Capital	\$	29,113
Aggregate indebtedness Payable to clearing broker/dealer	\$	1,545
Computation of basic net capital requirement Minimum net capital required (greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$	5,000
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	\$	24,113
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.0	05 to 1

Note: The above computation does not differ from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2009 as filed by Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, on Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)

Board of Directors Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13

2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph. Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those responsible for oversight of the company's financial reporting.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

hlp V. Som Pic

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Flower Mound, Texas March 25, 2010

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

Board of Directors Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc.'s management is responsible for the Abshier, Webb, Donnelly & Baker, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement record entries noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts for the period April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009 contained within the report on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7T for the period April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

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4421 Wanda Ln. Flower Mound, TX 75022-5446 (214) 358-5150 Fax (214) 358-0222 phil@pvgeorge.com

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Flower Mound, Texas March 25, 2010

SIP	C-7T SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION 805 15th St. N.W. Suite 800, Washington, D.C. 20005-2215 202-371-8300	SIPC-7T
<u>,</u>	(29-REV 12/09)	
(29·R	(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)	
	TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS	
1. Nan purpos	ne of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in whic ses of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:	
Γ	052551 FINRA DEC ABSHIER WEBB DONNELLY & BAKER INC 15*15 2500 CITYWEST BLVD STE 590	m filed.
	2500 CITYWEST BLVD STE 590 HOUSTON TX 77042-3054 Respecting this form.	contact
	Janice Webb-McCo	<u>xnn</u>
		363.00
	General Assessment [item 2e from page 2 (not less than \$150 minimum)]	221.00
Β.	Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed including \$150 paid with 2009 SIPC-4 (exclude interest) (
	Date Paid	35.00)
С.	Less prior overpayment applied	78.00
D.	Assessment balance due or (overpayment)	and the second
Ε.		0.00 78.00
F.	Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) \$	
G.	PAID WITH THIS FORM: Check enclosed, payable to SIPC Total (must be same as F above)	
Н.	. Overpayment carried forward \$()	
3. Su	ubsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration numb	er):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

Abshier	Webb	Donne	1142	K Bak	ér, In	2
-1	(Name of Corr	poration, Partners	hip ogfother	organization)		
\leq		(A. shadood Ci				
		(Authorized Si	çuatore)	1		

Forward Copy ____

Dated the 24 day of March , 20 10.

Received

Founding Managing Director

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

Documentation ____

Reviewed

IEWER	Dates: Postmarked
EV	Calculations
PC R	Exceptions:
SII	Disposition of exceptions:

l

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Item No.

- 2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)
- 2b. Additions:
- (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
 - (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
 - (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
 - (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
 - (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
 - (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
 - (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.
 - Total additions

2c. Deductions:

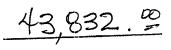
- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
- (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
- (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
- (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
- (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
- (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
- (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
- (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):
- (9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.

(ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).

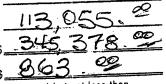
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

Total deductions

- 2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues
- 2e. General Assessment @ .0025



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(to page 1 but not less than PIED minimum

SIPC-7T	SECURITIES INVES 805 15th St. N.W. S	STOR PROTECTION CORPORA Suite 800, Washington, D.C. 20005-22 202-371-8300	SIPC-7T
(29-REV 12/09)	Transitiona	Il Assessment Reconciliation ons in your Working Capy before completing th	(29-REV 12/09)
		PC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR E	
a)			
 Name of Member, purposes of the audi 	address, Designated Examining A t requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:	uthority, 1934 Act registration no. and mo	
ABSHIER V	INRA DEC VEBB DONNELLY & BAKER INC 15*	Note: If any of the information requires correction, please e- form@sipc.org and so indicate 15	mail any corrections to
	VEST BLVD STE 590 TX 77042-3054	Name and telephone number respecting this form.	
		Janice Webb-	McCann
L		713-231-1402	6
2. A. General Asse	ssment [item 2e from page 2 (not	less than \$150 minimum)]	\$ 563.00
B. Less payment	And the second	50 paid with 2009 SIPC-4 (exclude interest	$(\underline{22}, \underline{00})$
	Paid		785.00
C. Less prior ov	erpayment applied		10 00
D. Assessment I	balance due or (overpayment)		18.00
E. Interest com	outed on late payment (see instruc	tion E) fordays at 20% per annum	0.00
F. Total assess	ment balance and interest due (or	overpayment carried forward)	\$00
G. PAID WITH T	HIS FORM:		
Check enclos Total (must b	sed, payable to SIPC be same as F above)	\$ 78.00	
H. Overpayment		\$(<u>0.00</u>)
3 Subsidiaries (S)	and predecessors (P) included in t	his form (give name and 1934 Act registr	ation number):
3. Subsidiaries (3)			
the second se			
person by whom it i	ubmitting this form and the s executed represent thereby contained herein is true, correct	Abshier Webb Dor Name of Corporation.	Partnership of other organization)
and complete.		(Author	orized Signature)
David the 24 da	y of <u>March</u> , 2010.	Founding Monagin	na Director
Dated the A Coa	y 01 <u>7.100</u>	/ J.	(tille)
This form and the for a period of not	assessment payment is due 60 c less than 6 years, the latest 2 y	lays after the end of the fiscal year. Re years in an easily accessible place.	
G Dates:		Deviewed	
Dates: Posti Posti Calculations _ Exceptions:	marked Received	Reviewed	Forward Conv
Calculations		Documentation	Forward Copy
Exceptions:			
Disposition of exceptions:			
210000000000	•		

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DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Item No.

. .

2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

- 2b. Additions:
 - (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
 - (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
 - (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
 - (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
 - (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
 - (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
 - (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

Total additions

2c. Deductions:

- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
- (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
- (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
- (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
- (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
- (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
- (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
- (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):
- (9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.

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(ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).

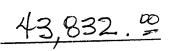
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

Total deductions

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

Amounts for the fiscal period beginning April 1, 2009 and ending 12.3(2000 Eliminate cents



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