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OMB Number: 3235-0123

Expires: February 28, 2010

Estimated average burden

hours per response.....12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 SEC Mail Processing

PART III

Section

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-66008

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Information required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

	HE PERIOD BEGINNING	1/1/2009 mm/dd/yy	AN	D ENDING	12/31/2009 mm/dd/yy
	A. REG	ISTRANT IDEN	TIFICATION	,	
NAME OF BRO	KER-DEALER: CCC	G Securities, LLC			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PI	RINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not us	e P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
120 East De La C	Guerra Street				Tittivi i.D. No.
		(No. and Street))		
Santa Barbara		CA	93101		
(City)		(State)	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TEXT	LEPHONE NUMBER OF I	PERSON TO CONT	ACT IN REGARD		ORT (805) 963-8771 ea Code – Telephone Number)
	B. ACC	OUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
	PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT & Associates, Certified Pub.	lic Accountants		rt*	
	(Na	nme – if individual, state l	ast, first, middle name)		
675 Ygnacio V	alley Road, Suite B-213,	Walnut Creek,	California	94596	
(Address)	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	(City)	(Sate)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:					
☑ Certified	d Public Accountant			•	(
☐ Public A	Accountant				
☐ Account	tant not resident in United S	tate or any of its pos	sessions.		
	F	OR OFFICIAL U	JSE ONLY	1971	

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

upporting sche or affirm) that	edules pe neither	ear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and ertaining to the firm of CCG Securities, LLC , as of 12/31/2009 , are true and correct. I further swear the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in olely as that of a customer, except as follows:
		alt ll
		Signature
		President Title
	Notar	See attached
	/ Notal	, a done
This r	report**	contains (check all applicable boxes):
\square	(a)	Facing page
	(b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
\square	(c)	Statement of Income (Loss).
\square	(d)	Statement of Cash Flows.
	(e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.
\square	(h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule
	(i)	15c3-3. Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule
ĪΣ	(1)	15c3-3.
$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net
		Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial
	()	Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
	(l)	An Oath or Affirmation.
	(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
$\overline{\square}$	(o)	

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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State of California

County of Santa Barbara

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 29 day of March

20 10 by Robert Hughes

proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

Margue Sums Kunge (Notary seal)



CCG Securities, LLC December 31, 2009

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675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 (925) 933-2626 Fax (925) 944-6333

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Member CCG Securities, LLC Santa Barbara, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of CCG Securities, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of income (loss) and cash flows, for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis in our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CCG Securities, LLC at December 31, 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I & II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Es With + Association

March 25, 2010

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

Assets		
Cash	\$	6,264
Prepaid expense		320
Total Assets	\$	6,584
Liabilities and Member's Equity		
Accounts payable	\$	1,500
Total Liabilities		1,500
Member's Equity	graph and have a graph and a g	5,084
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$	6,584

Statement of Income (Loss)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenue	
Interest income	\$ 30
Expenses	
Professional fees	17,500
Other operating expenses	2,151
Total Expenses	19,651
Net Loss	\$ (19,621)

Statement of Changes in Member's Equity

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

December 31, 2008	\$ 9,955
Capital contributions	14,750
Net loss	(19,621)
December 31, 2009	\$ 5,084

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	ø	(10 (21)
Net loss	\$	(19,621)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Prepaid expense		198
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable		900
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(18,523)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Capital contributions	Title of the second	14,750
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities		14,750
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(3,773)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		10,037
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	6,264

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

1. Organization

CCG Securities, LLC (the "Company") was organized as a California limited liability company on February 19, 2003. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Commerce and Capital Group, LLC and operates in Santa Barbara, California. The Company is a securities broker dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and engages in mergers and acquisitions and private placement advisory services on a fee basis.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Investment Banking Fees

Investment banking revenues are earned from providing merger and acquisitions and private placement advisory services. Revenue is recognized when earned either by fee contract or the success of a predetermined specified event and the income is reasonably determinable.

Cash and cash equivalents

The Company considers all demand deposits held in banks and certain highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, other than those held for sale in the ordinary course of business, to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

The Company considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible, and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided. Management reviews accounts receivable and, if amounts become uncollectible, they will be charged to operations when that determination is made.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities that represent financial instruments (none of which are held for trading purposes) approximate the carrying values of such amounts.

Income Taxes

The Company, a limited liability company, is taxed as a division of its sole member under the Internal Revenue Code and a similar state statute. In lieu of income taxes, the Company passes 100% of its taxable income and expenses to its sole member. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal or state income taxes is included in these financial statements. The Company is however, subject to the annual California LLC tax of \$800 and a California LLC fee based on gross revenue.

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

3. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the Company to maintain a minimum net capital equal to or greater than \$5,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceeding 15 to 1, both as defined.

At December 31, 2009, the Company was in net capital violation with \$4,764 of net capital, which was \$236 below the minimum net capital requirement.

4. Related Party Transaction

Commerce and Capital Group, LLC (CCG) is the Company's sole member. CCG provides office space and pays most overhead expenses for the Company. The Company's results of operations and financial position could differ significantly from those that would have been obtained if the entities were autonomous.

5. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 25, 2010, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.



Schedule I

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

As of December 31, 2009

Net Capital	··· ·
Total member's equity	\$ 5,084
Less: Non-allowable assets	
Prepaid expenses	320
Total non-allowable assets	 320
Net Capital	\$ 4,764
Net minimum capital requirement of 6 2/3 % of aggregate indebtedness of	
\$1,500 or \$5,000 whichever is greater	 5,000
Net Capital Deficit	\$ (236)

Reconciliation with Company's Net Capital Computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009

as of December 31, 2009	\$ 3,014
Increase in member's equity	1,750

Schedule II

Computation of Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i). All customer transactions are processed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(a)(2).

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i).

(925) 933-2626 Fax (925) 944-6333

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213 Walnut Creek, CA 94596

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control

To the Member CCG Securities, LLC Santa Barbara, CA

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of CCG Securities, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2009, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated March 25, 2010.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the FINRA, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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March 25, 2010

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