





NITED STATES

ND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

aington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5

OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

PART III

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INDE	PENE	DENT PUBL	IC ACCOU	JNTANT	whose opinion	on is contain	ed in this Report'	k	-	
BDO	US	A								
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700	N.	Pearl,	Suite	200,	Dallas,	Texas	75201-286	7		
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>Catherine Rademacher</u>	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statemed U.S. Global Brokerage, Inc.	ent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of June 30, 2010 , 20 neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requi (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	Claims of Creditors. nents Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. equirements Under Rule 15c3-3. If the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements (and supplemental material) Year Ended June 30, 2010



Financial Statements (and supplemental material) Year Ended June 30, 2010

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700 North Pearl, Suite 2000 Dallas, TX 75201

Independent Accountants' Report

Board of Directors U.S. Global Brokerage, Inc. San Antonio, Texas

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of U.S. Global Brokerage. Inc. (the Company), a wholly owned subsidiary of U.S. Global Investors, Inc., as of June 30, 2010, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that the Company is filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of U.S. Global Brokerage, Inc. at June 30, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. These schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BDO USA, LLP

Dallas, Texas August 23, 2010

Financial Statements

Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2010		
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	865,490
Accounts receivable from affiliates		8,300,995
Distribution fees receivable		423,668
Prepaid expenses and other assets	·	223,630
Total assets		9,813,783
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	793,284
Total liabilities		793,284
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholder's equity:		
Common stock, par value \$1.00 per share;		
1,000 shares authorized, issued and outstanding		1,000
Additional paid-in capital		28,789,964
Accumulated deficit		(19,770,465)
Total stockholder's equity		9,020,499
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$	9,813,783

Statement of Operations

Year ended June 30, 2010	

Revenues	
Interest and dividend income	\$ 94
Distribution fees and other income	5,292,629
	5,292,723
Expenses	
General and administrative	 6,947,004
Loss before income taxes	(1,654,281)
Income tax expense	
Net loss	\$ (1,654,281)

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total Stockholder's Equity
Balance at June 30, 2009 \$	1,000 \$	22,089,964	\$ (18,116,184) \$	3,974,780
Capital contributions		6,700,000		6,700,000
Net loss			(1,654,281)	(1,654,281)
Balance at June 30, 2010 \$	1,000 \$	28,789,964	(19,770,465) \$	9,020,499

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2010	
Operating Activities	
Net loss	\$ (1,654,281)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Distribution fees receivable	(43,636)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(88,490)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 261,139
Total adjustments	129,013
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,525,268)
Financing Activities	
Accounts receivable from affiliates	(5,174,672)
Capital contributions	6,700,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	 1,525,328
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	60
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	865,430
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 865,490

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Organization and Nature of Business

U.S. Global Brokerage, Inc. (USGB or the Company), a wholly owned subsidiary of U.S. Global Investors, Inc. (USGI), is registered as a limited business broker-dealer under Rule 15c3-3(k)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). Accordingly, the Company operates under the exemptive provisions of Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

USGB was organized for the purpose of acting as underwriter for U.S. Global Investors Funds (USGIF) mutual fund shares (the Funds) and for the purpose of distributing promotional materials regarding the Funds. USGB is responsible for the promotional and marketing expenses of USGIF.

USGI and USGB have an Administrative Services and Expense Sharing Agreement for the purpose of delineating which expenses will be borne directly by USGB and which expenses will be borne by USGI, and as such actual results could differ from those reported in the absence of this arrangement. Accordingly, USGI provides sufficient capital for the Company to operate. Either company may terminate this agreement by providing ninety days notice to the other. Neither company has any intention to terminate the agreement since they are related parties.

USGB is an integral part of the parent company (USGI) and is completely dependent on USGI to provide the necessary capital and liquidity for its operations. USGB was not intended to operate as a standalone company; it is a limited purpose broker dealer with no customers, customer accounts or customer assets, and does not transact business with customers.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and consisted of \$865,490 in USGIF money market mutual funds on June 30, 2010.

Cash and cash equivalents are held in funds advised by USGI. The funds are neither insured nor guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or any other government agency.

Distribution Fees

USGB is paid a fee at an annual rate of 0.25 percent of the average daily net assets of each of the Investor-class nine equity funds. The distribution fees receivable balance at June 30, 2010, was \$423,668.

Notes to Financial Statements

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their respective fair values as they are short-term in nature.

Revenues

The Company records revenues during the period for which services were rendered.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising and sales promotion costs as they are incurred. Net advertising and sales promotion expenditures were \$4,856,452 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 and are included in general and administrative expenses on the Statement of Operations.

Income Taxes

The Company utilizes ASC 740 - Income Taxes (formerly Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes), to account for income taxes. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes, and the amounts used for income tax purposes using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse.

The Company is included in the consolidated federal tax returns filed by USGI. Since the Company is a member of a consolidated group, the Company has elected under ASC 740-10-30-27 to use the separate return method to allocate the current and deferred tax expense for a group that files a consolidated return. As such, the Company has a deferred tax asset related to current and prior year losses. The Company has recorded a valuation allowance for the deferred tax asset related to current and prior year losses as they do not meet the more likely than not criteria for realization of the deferred tax asset on a separate return basis. There are no other items that would give rise to a deferred asset or liability.

Notes to Financial Statements

3. Net Capital Requirements

USGB is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends be paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At June 30, 2010, USGB had net capital of \$478,564, which was \$425,678 in excess of its required net capital of \$52,886. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 1.66 to 1.

4. Transactions with Related Parties

At June 30, 2010, the Company had receivables of \$4,321,867 from United Shareholder Services, Inc. (USSI) and \$3,979,128 from USGI. USSI is a wholly owned subsidiary of USGI. The balances are non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayments.

5. Additional Paid-In Capital

USGB's parent, USGI, made capital contributions to USGB totaling \$6,700,000 for the year ended June 30, 2010.

6. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through August 23, 2010, the date of issuance of these financial statements. No events have occurred that would materially affect the financial statements.

Supplemental Material

Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

June 30, 2010		
Computation of Net Capital		
Total stockholder's equity	\$ 9,0	020,499
Deductions:		
Accounts receivable from affiliates	8,3	300,995
Prepaid expenses and other assets		223,630
Haircut on money market funds		17,310
Total deductions	8,5	541,935
Net capital	\$ 4	178,564
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirements		
Minimum net capital required	\$	52,886
Excess of net capital	\$ 4	25,678
Excess net capital at 1,000% (net capital less 10% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$ 3	99,236
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness	3 3	77,230
computation of Aggregate indeptedness		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 7	93,284
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 7	93,284
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	1.	66 to 1

Reconciliation with Company's Computation

There were no material differences between net capital reported in the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 for the quarter ended June 30, 2010, and the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010.

Schedule II - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

June 30, 2010

The Company handled no customer securities or accounts during the year ended June 30, 2010, and accordingly, is not subject to the requirements under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 and is exempt from the Reserve Requirement of computation according to the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)(1). The Company is also exempt from the Rule 15c3-3 as it relates to Possession and Control requirements under the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision.

Supplemental Report



Tel: 214-969-7007 Fax: 214-953-0722 www.bdo.com

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

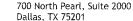
Board of Directors U.S. Global Brokerage, Inc. San Antonio, Texas

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of U.S. Global Brokerage, Inc. (the Company), a wholly owned subsidiary of U.S. Global Investors, Inc., as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion of effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- 3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.





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Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2010 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BDO USA, LLP

Dallas, Texas August 23, 2010