	NO ACT	11-16-10
SEC	UNITED STATES CURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549-4561	
DIVISION OF CORPORATION FINANCE		
	Received SEC December 8, 2010	10013779
John Chevedden *** FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16 ***	DEC 0 8 2010 Act	e e caractería e constante e constante de la deservador de la deservador de la deservador de la deservador de s
Re: AmerisourceBergen Corp Incoming letter dated Nor	i Liephic.	- 8 2-8-10

Dear Mr. Chevedden:

cc:

This is in response to your letter dated November 16, 2010 concerning the shareholder proposal submitted to AmerisourceBergen by Kenneth Steiner. On November 15, 2010, we issued our response expressing our informal view that AmerisourceBergen could exclude the proposal from its proxy materials for its upcoming annual meeting.

We received your letter after we issued our response. After reviewing the information contained in your letter, we find no basis to reconsider our position.

Sincerely,

Gregory S. Belliston Special Counsel Pe

John G. Chou Senior Vice President, General Counsel & Secretary AmerisourceBergen Corporation 1300 Morris Drive Chesterbrook, PA 19087

## JOHN CHEVEDDEN

## \*\*\* FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16 \*\*\*

November 16, 2010

Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance Securities and Exchange Commission 100 F Street, NE Washington, DC 20549

## #2 Kenneth Steiner's Rule 14a-8 Proposal AmerisourceBergen Corporation (ABC) Declassification Topic

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This responds to the October 25, 2010 request (and Nov. 12, 2010 supplement) to block this rule 14a-8 proposal.

The rule 14a-8 proposal calls for a complete phase-in of a declassified board within one-year. The company plans to take 3-years.

If the company took more than one-year to phase in this proposal it could add unproductive conflict among the directors for a 3-year period. Directors with 3-year terms could be more casual in their deliberations because they would not stand for election immediately while directors with one-years terms would be under more immediate pressure.

It could work out to the detriment of the company that the company's most qualified directors would have one year-terms first and that the company's least qualified directors would have one-years terms last.

It is not fair to shareholders that, in order to attain the benefits of a declassified board, they would have to suffer through a potential increase in friction and confusion among the directors for 3-years. The company has no support for its opinion about the potential increased friction and confusion among directors and the potential for the least qualified directors to wield more influence than the most qualified directors. Imagine what it would be like if the U.S House of Representatives took 3 election cycles to transition to a longer or shorter term of office.

Proposals for a one-year declassification and three-year declassification are easily distinguishable. And with the decrease in retail voting, shareholders, if any, who could potentially be confused are probably not planning to vote anyway.

The company appears to claim that its plan is to reduce shareholder confusion by increasing director confusion and friction.

This is to request that the Securities and Exchange Commission allow this resolution to stand and be voted upon in the 2011 proxy.

Sincerely, John Chevedden

cc: Kenneth Steiner Kathy Gaddes <KGaddes@amerisourcebergen.com>