



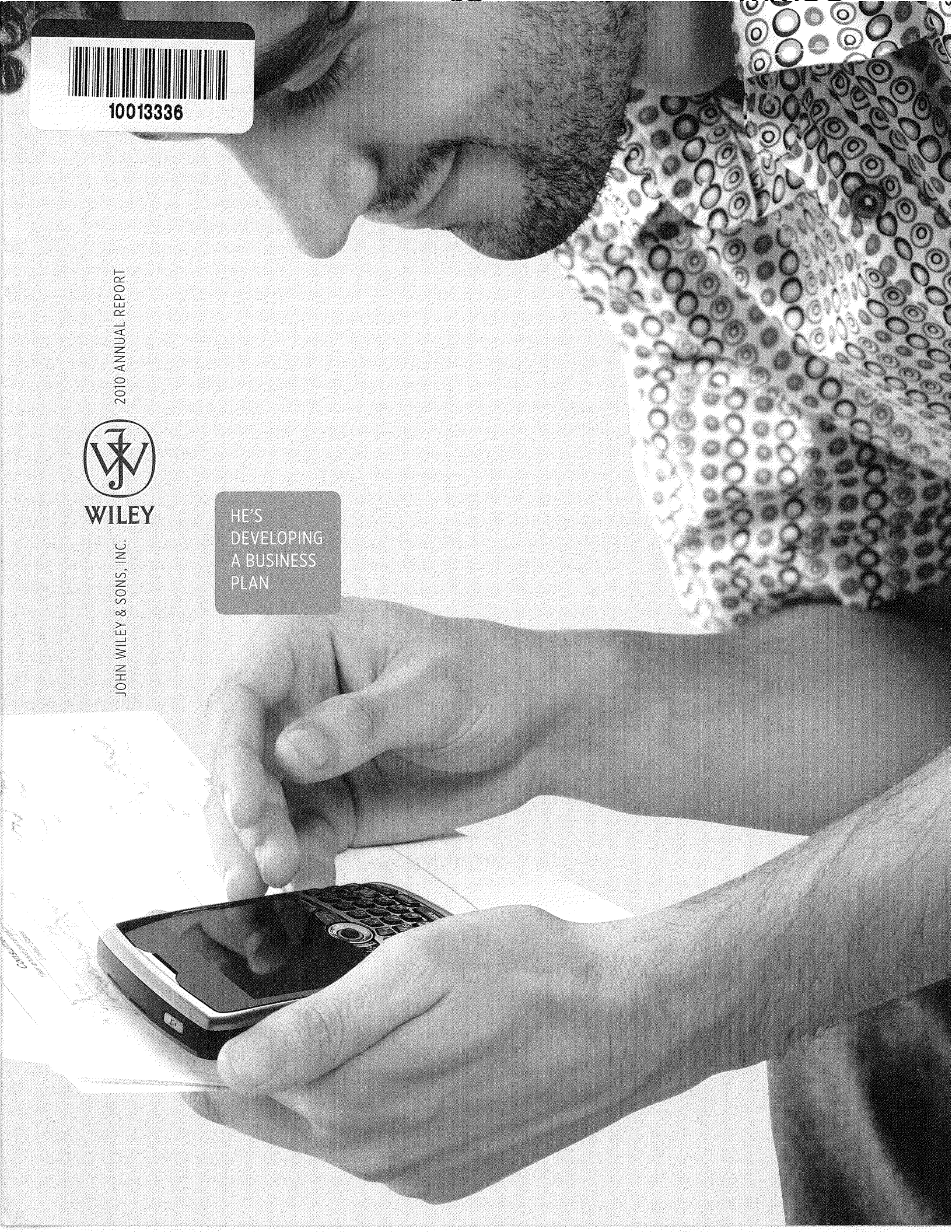
2010 ANNUAL REPORT



WILEY

JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC.

HE'S
DEVELOPING
A BUSINESS
PLAN

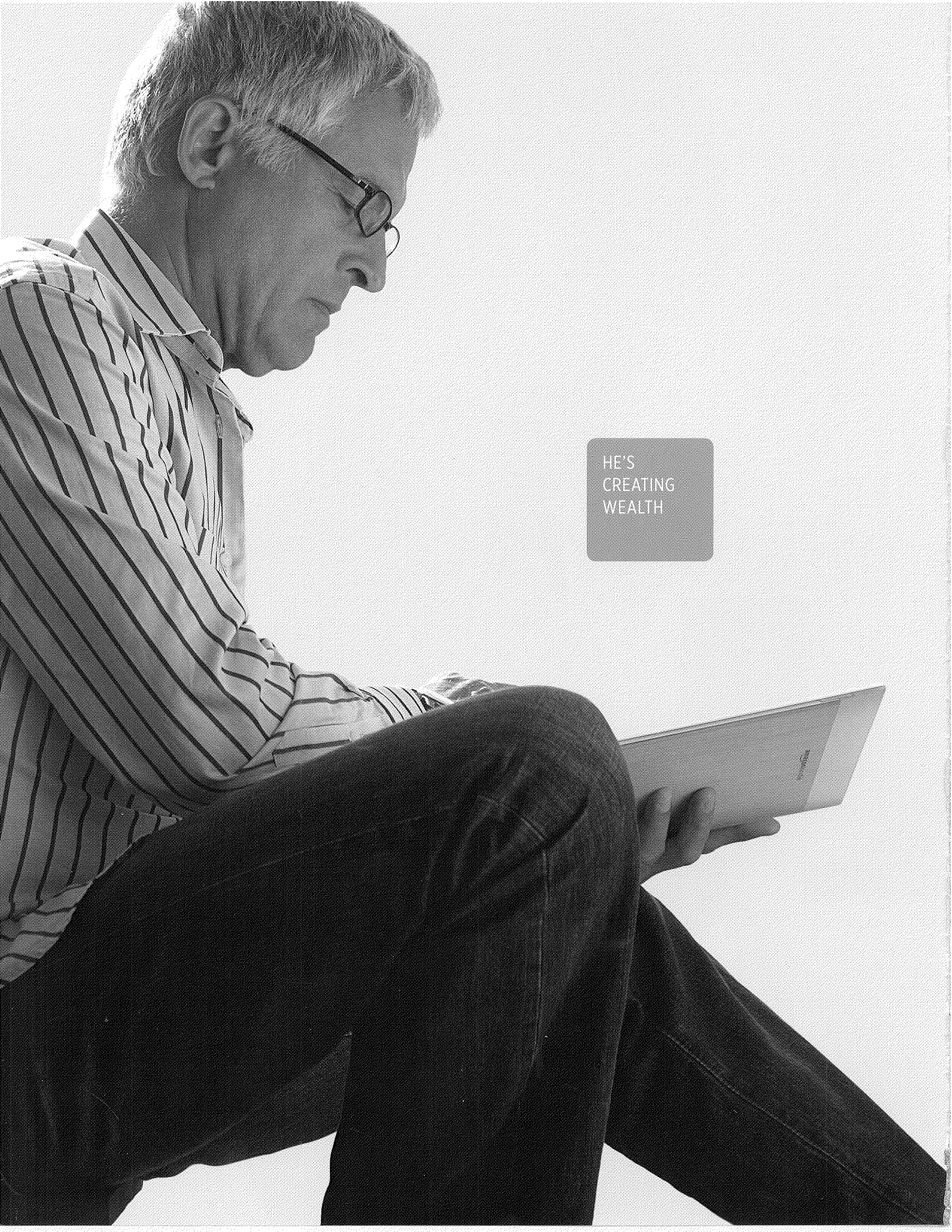


SHE'S
ADVANCING
HER CAREER





SHE'S
FINDING
A CURE



HE'S
CREATING
WEALTH

HE'S
TEACHING
A CLASS



New technologies enable Wiley to:

- + Deliver content anytime and anywhere.
- + Create transformative ways for people to interact with content.
- + Address different learning styles.
- + Engage with authors, readers, and partners.

Yet the core of what we do remains unchanged. We:

- + Facilitate teaching and learning.
- + Refine content into finished works.
- + Add credibility.
- + Promote scholarly discourse.
- + Validate research.
- + Help authors connect with readers.
- + Transform information into knowledge and understanding.

WHAT WE DO

Among publishers, Wiley's collection of content is unique. No other publisher in the world has leading positions in scientific, technical, medical, and scholarly; professional and trade; and higher education publishing. No other publisher in the world has published more than 400 Nobel laureates. No other commercial publisher in North America has been in existence for more than two centuries.

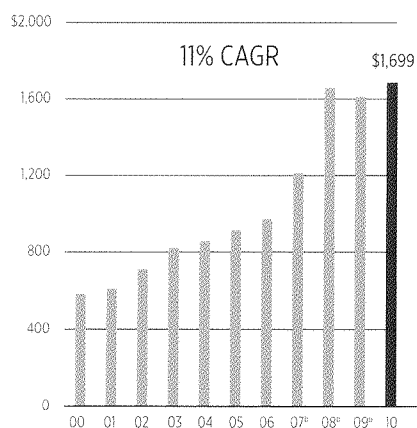
Our publications inspire and enable people to renew their knowledge constantly. Professionals, academics, students, and consumers trust us to connect them with content that promotes a deeper level of understanding across a wide range of subjects. More than two centuries of enduring experience have helped us understand what people want and need to know, and how they find and use that knowledge to discover and rediscover the world around us.

The Wiley initiatives described throughout this annual report illustrate how we are leveraging our content, our knowledge, our capabilities, and our relationships to make a difference in our customers' lives, more than ever before.

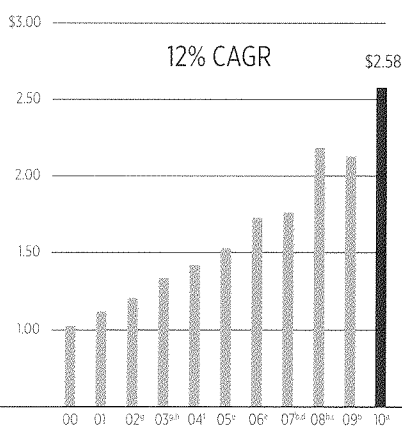
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

For the fiscal year ended April 30	2010	2009	CHANGE	
			Excluding FX	Including FX
REVENUE	\$ 1,699,062,000	\$ 1,611,390,000	4%	5%
OPERATING INCOME				
ADJUSTED ^a	\$ 257,710,000	\$ 218,478,000	7%	18%
GAAP	\$ 242,592,000	\$ 218,478,000	18%	11%
NET INCOME				
ADJUSTED ^a	\$ 154,174,000	\$ 128,258,000	6%	20%
GAAP	\$ 143,543,000	\$ 128,258,000	(2%)	12%
EARNINGS PER DILUTED SHARE				
ADJUSTED ^a	\$ 2.58	\$ 2.15	6%	20%
GAAP	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.15	(2%)	12%
RETURN ON EQUITY				
ADJUSTED ^a	25%	22%		
GAAP	23%	21%		
DIVIDENDS PER SHARE				
CLASS A COMMON	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.52	N/A	8%
CLASS B COMMON	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.52	N/A	8%

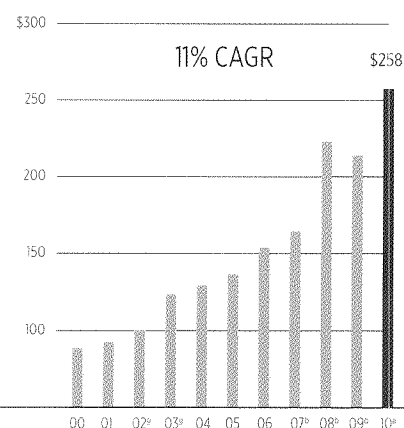
Revenue (\$ Millions)



Earnings per Diluted Share (Adjusted)



Operating Income (\$ Millions; adjusted)



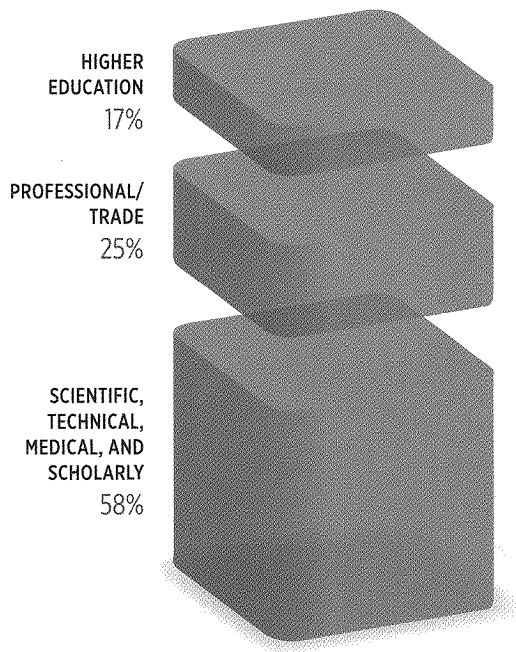
a. In fiscal year 2010, the Company recognized intangible asset impairment and restructuring charges principally related to Grif Verlag, a 828 German language controlled circulation magazine business acquired in 2002, of \$15.1 million (\$10.6 million after taxes), or \$0.17 per diluted share.

b. Includes the results of Blackwell Publishing (Holdings) Ltd. ("Blackwell"), which was acquired on February 2, 2007.

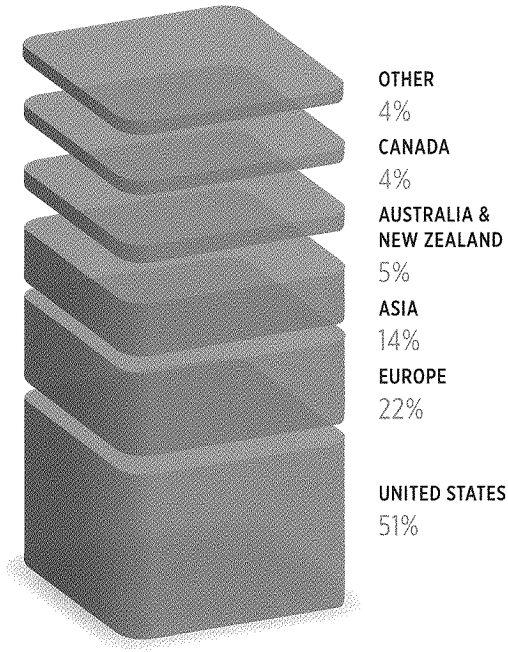
c. The adjusted amounts reported for fiscal year 2008 exclude tax benefits of \$18.7 million or \$0.31 per diluted share associated with new tax legislation enacted in the United Kingdom and Germany that reduced the corporate income tax rates to 28% and 29%, respectively. The benefits recognized by the Company reflect the adjustments required to restate all applicable deferred tax balances at the new tax rates.

d. The adjusted amount reported for fiscal year 2007 excludes a \$5.5 million tax benefit or \$0.09 per diluted share due to the resolution and settlement of certain tax matters with authorities in the U.S. and abroad.

e. The adjusted amount for fiscal year 2005 excludes a \$0.12 per diluted share tax charge associated with the repatriation of \$94 million of dividends under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. The adjusted amount for fiscal year 2006 excludes a \$0.12 per diluted share tax credit associated with the reversal of the 2005 tax charge.

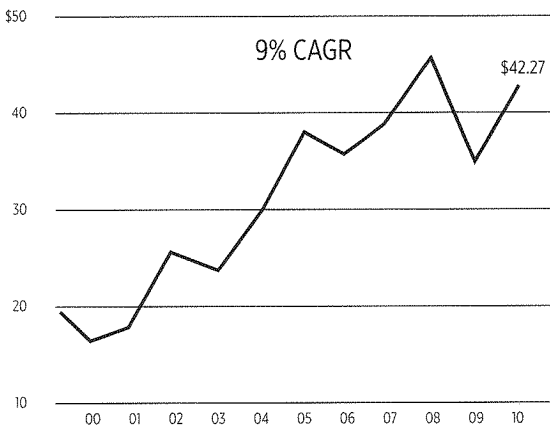


2010 REVENUE
BY CORE BUSINESS

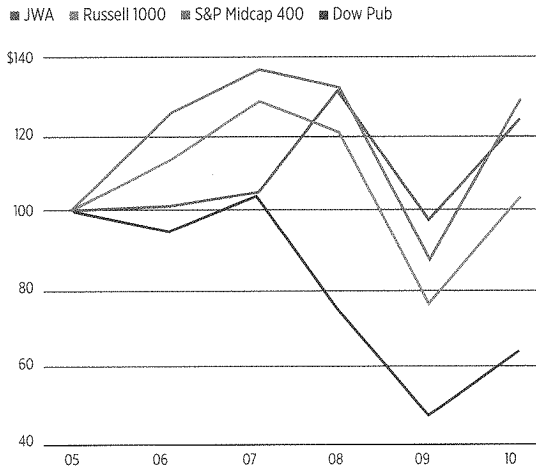


2010 REVENUE
BY LOCATION OF CUSTOMER

Stock Price (NYSE:JWA; 4/30 closing)



Cumulative Total Return (Indexed)



The above graph provides an indicator of the cumulative total return to shareholders of the Company's Class A Common Stock as compared with the cumulative total return on the Russell 1000, the Standard & Poors Midcap 400™, and the Dow Jones Publishing Index™ for the period from April 30, 2005, to April 30, 2010. The Company has elected to use the Russell 1000 Index and the Standard & Poors Midcap 400 Index as its broad equity market indices because it is currently included in those indices. Cumulative total return assumes \$100 invested on April 30, 2005, and reinvestment of dividends throughout the period.

f. The adjusted amount reported for fiscal year 2004 excludes a net tax benefit of \$3 million or \$0.05 per diluted share, related to the resolution of certain state and federal tax matters and an adjustment to accrued foreign taxes.

g. Fiscal year 2002 and 2003 results exclude \$12.3 million (\$0.12 per diluted share) and \$2.5 million (\$0.02 per diluted share), respectively, of operating costs associated with the relocation of the Company's headquarters.

h. The adjusted amount reported for fiscal year 2003 excludes a nonrecurring tax benefit of \$12 million, equal to \$0.19 per diluted share, resulting from a corporate reorganization that enabled the Company to increase the tax-deductible net asset basis of certain European subsidiaries.

NOTE: The Company's management evaluates its operating performance excluding unusual and/or nonrecurring events. Management believes excluding such events provides a more effective and comparable measure of performance and a more balanced view of the underlying dynamics of the Company's business. Since adjusted operating income and adjusted earnings per share are not measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, they should not be considered as a substitute for other GAAP measures, including operating income and earnings per share, as an indicator of operating performance.

Throughout this report, references to amounts "excluding foreign exchange" and "currency neutral" exclude both foreign currency translation effects and transactional gains and losses.

CAGR - Compound Annual Growth Rate FX - Foreign Exchange GAAP - U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles



TO OUR SHAREHOLDERS

Wiley's performance during fiscal year 2010 tells a compelling story about the quality of our content and its value to our customers; the effective execution of Wiley's digital strategy and new business models; and the strength of our Company's culture. In a challenging environment, we gained market share, increased earnings, generated record operating cash flow, and reduced debt significantly. Our accomplishments and initiatives speak not only to how Wiley is keeping pace with rapidly changing communications technologies, but how we are helping to define new ways to put content to use.

FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2010

We are pleased to report fiscal year 2010 revenue advanced 5% to \$1.7 billion, or 4% on a currency neutral basis. Adjusted EPS for the full year increased 20%, or 6% on a currency neutral basis and excluding pre-tax asset impairment and restructuring charges of approximately \$15 million, or \$0.17 per share.

Scientific, Technical, Medical, and Scholarly (STMS) had a good year in a tough market. We added many new journal customers, a testament to our global reach, opportunities in emerging markets, and the quality of the Wiley offering. In Professional/Trade (P/T), nearly every publishing category showed solid growth, with particular strength in the Americas and EMEA. In Higher Education, we outperformed the industry in a strong market, reflecting the strength of our frontlist, increased penetration in community colleges and for-profit universities, and continued revenue growth from WileyPLUS and other digital content.

LEFT TO RIGHT

Stephen M. Smith

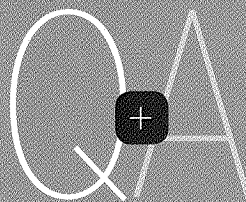
Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

William J. Pesce

President and Chief Executive Officer

Peter Booth Wiley

Chairman, Board of Directors



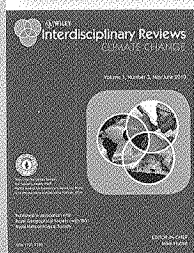
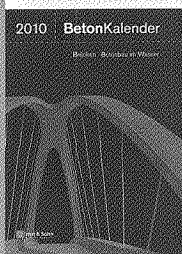
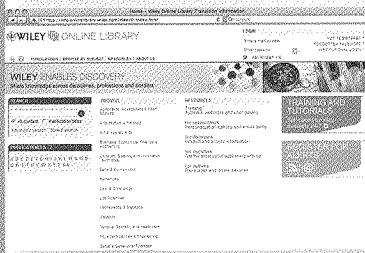
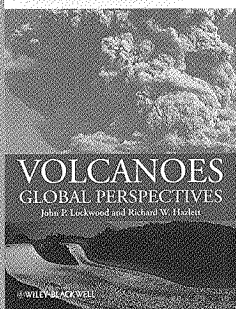
WHAT ENCOURAGES A GLOBAL EXCHANGE OF IDEAS AND INFORMATION?

A THIS SUMMER, Wiley Online Library launched as one of the world's broadest and deepest multidisciplinary collections of online resources covering life, health, and physical sciences; the social sciences; and the humanities. Designed with extensive input from scholars, society partners, and librarians around the world, Wiley Online Library delivers access to more than 4 million articles from 1,500 journals, 8,000 books, and hundreds of reference works, laboratory protocols, and databases. With a clean and simple interface offering intuitive navigation, enhanced discoverability, expanded functionalities, and a range of personalization options, Wiley Online Library makes it easy to discover, read, download, and cite current journal and book content, EarlyView articles, backfiles, related material, and supporting data. Journal and society communities can share news, information, and events on specially customized journal home pages, and librarians can alert readers to all content licensed by their institutions with special icons. Wiley Online Library has replaced Wiley InterScience, which had served the world's scientific and scholarly communities since 1997.

A SCIENTIFIC COMMUNITIES require innovation to tackle increasingly complex problems, and Wiley's STMS business is providing many new approaches. The pioneering Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews (WIREs) series was joint winner of the R.R. Hawkins Award at this year's American Publishers Awards for Professional & Scholarly Excellence, the first e-product to be so honored. Our MaterialsViews.com news service provides busy scientists with concise summaries of key papers from the materials science, chemistry, and physics literature. The Compass online interdisciplinary journal series recently hosted its first Interdisciplinary Virtual Conference; bringing together scientists from around the world without the time, expense, and inconvenience of global travel, the event was termed "the gold standard in the field"

by one participant. Essential Evidence Plus is an electronic resource that guides clinicians making critical care decisions, recently enhanced with clinical evidence from top medical authorities integrated with cutting-edge tools and related content.

A ASIA IS EMERGING as a vital research center, and Wiley is there, publishing content and disseminating it around the world. We recently launched the Chinese-language WileyChina.com, helping to bring the world's best scientific and scholarly content to China and the best Chinese research to a global audience. With one-third of the papers in top Wiley materials science journals now originating in China, in December 2009 we launched a Chinese-language version of the popular MaterialsViews.com news service. *Chemistry - An Asian Journal* increased its Impact Factor by 80% in 2009, jumping up 12 ranks.



Reaching a record level of \$419 million, cash flow from operations was 23% over fiscal year 2009 and 49% over fiscal year 2008. Fiscal year 2010 includes approximately \$31 million of discretionary accelerated pension funding. Approximately \$37 million of operating cash flow was due to delayed cash collections from fiscal year 2009. The Company reduced net debt by \$224 million to \$495 million. In fiscal year 2010, Wiley increased its dividend for the sixteenth consecutive year.

Impairment and Restructuring Charges

During the year, the Company recorded a \$14.3 million, \$0.17 per share, impairment and restructuring charge principally related to the Company's B2B German-language, controlled circulation magazine business (GIT Verlag). Other restructuring charges include \$0.8 million in the fourth quarter related to offshoring certain marketing and content management activities to Singapore. The charges related to offshoring are expected to be fully recovered from reduced operating expenses within 18 months of implementation.

LEADERSHIP DEVELOPMENT

While driving strong financial results, we have begun to implement carefully developed plans for the next generation of Wiley leadership. In May, Steve Miron succeeded Eric Swanson as Senior Vice President, STMS. Steve joined us 17 years

ago and has served as Regional Manager for Taiwan and Korea; Vice President and Managing Director of Wiley Asia; leader of global STM book publishing; and Vice President and Managing Director of the global STMS Physical Sciences business. In August, Mark Allin was named Senior Vice President, P/T, succeeding Stephen Kippur. Mark joined Wiley in 2000; three years later, he relocated to Asia to lead our business in that region. His role as Vice President and Managing Director of Wiley Asia provided him with experience across all three Wiley businesses.

THREE GLOBAL BUSINESSES

Scientific, Technical, Medical, and Scholarly (STMS)

The largest of our three businesses, STMS serves the world's research and scholarly communities and is the largest publisher globally for professional and scholarly societies. STMS programs encompass journals, books, major reference works, databases, and laboratory manuals, offered in print and electronically. Wiley Online Library hosts one of the world's broadest and deepest multidisciplinary collections of online resources covering life, health, and physical sciences; the social sciences; and the humanities. It provides access to more than 4 million articles from 1,500 journals, 8,000 books, and hundreds of reference works, laboratory protocols, and databases.

Global STMS revenue for fiscal year 2010 advanced 2% to \$987 million, but was flat on a currency neutral basis. Higher revenue from rights, individual articles, and The Cochrane Library offset lower revenue from advertising, journal

subscriptions (partially due to production scheduling), and individual member subscriptions. The improvement in rights income principally relates to a legal settlement of approximately \$2 million. Excluding the transfer to Higher Education of books with sales of \$4 million, STMS book revenue increased 2% over prior year.

Direct contribution to profit for the full year rose 2%, but was flat on a currency neutral basis and excluding \$15 million in restructuring and impairment charges, mostly due to the write-down of GIT Verlag, a B2B German-language, controlled circulation magazine business. Lower journal production costs, the effect of outsourcing initiatives, the completion of Blackwell-related integration activities, and expense control were offset by increased costs associated with new business and a \$2 million bad debt recovery in the prior year.

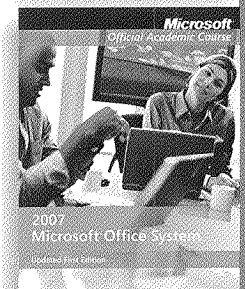
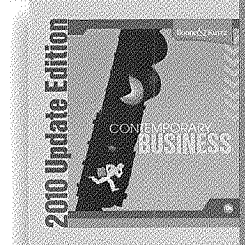
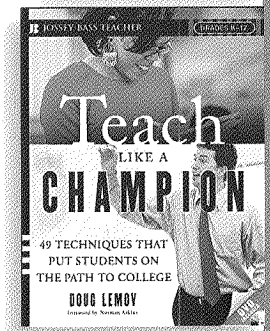
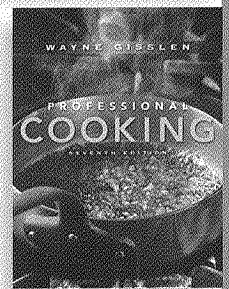
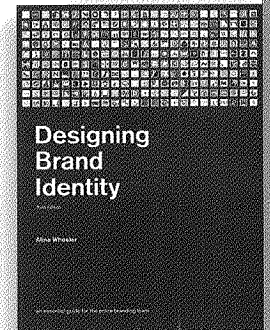
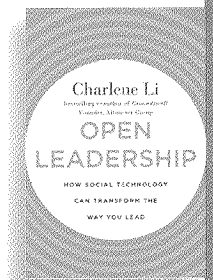
The renowned quality of our combined Wiley-Blackwell content resulted in significant new and renewed business worldwide. As of April 30, 2010, calendar year 2010 journal subscription billings were up 3 to 4% over prior year on a currency neutral basis, with approximately 95% of expected business closed. Online book revenue grew 44% in fiscal year 2010 to \$6 million, as institutional library customers purchased more digital books individually or through license subscriptions, similar to journal licenses. Society relationships continued to strengthen and grow, with 31 new journals and 90 renewals/extensions added, and only two not renewed, during the fiscal year.

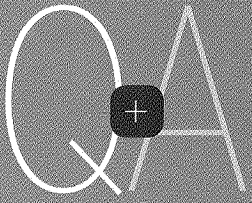
Wiley achieved an important milestone in our migration from print to digital when we launched our new online service replacing Wiley InterScience in summer 2010. Wiley Online Library combines a clean and simple interface, intuitive navigation, enhanced discoverability, expanded functionalities, and a range of personalization options.

Professional/Trade (P/T)

Wiley's P/T business serves professionals and consumers alike, producing books, subscription content, and information services, in all media. Our portfolio of global brands includes For Dummies, Frommer's, Betty Crocker, Pillsbury, Better Homes and Gardens, Family Circle, CliffsNotes, Webster's New World, J.K. Lasser, Jossey-Bass, Pfeiffer, Sybex, Weight Watchers, and Bloomberg Press®.

Global P/T bounced back nicely from a difficult fiscal year 2009 with revenue of \$430 million, up 7% over the prior year or 6% on a currency neutral basis. Growth was driven by consumer, business, technology, psychology, and education sales and by new publishing relationships with the Graduate Management Admission Council® (GMAC®) and the Meredith Corporation (Better Homes and Gardens). North America exhibited the most growth, followed by EMEA. Direct contribution to profit was up 12% to \$100 million, or 11% on a currency neutral basis, mainly due to top-line results and prudent expense management, partially offset by higher performance-based incentive accruals.



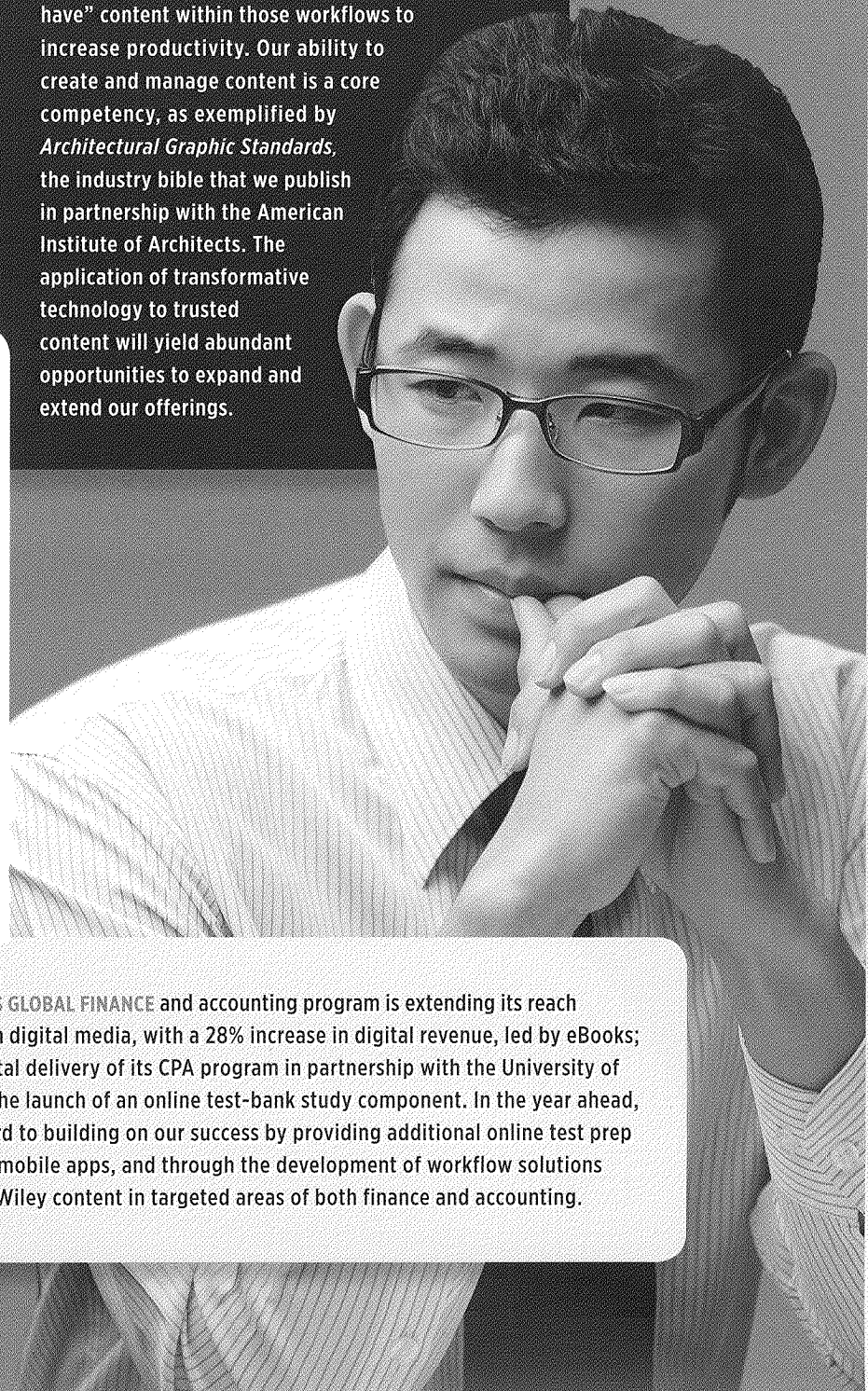


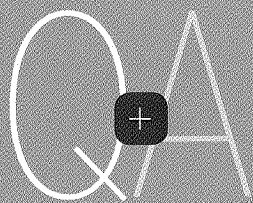
HOW DO PROFESSIONALS DEVELOP THEIR SKILLS AND ADVANCE THEIR CAREERS?

A ECONOMIC CHALLENGES around the world have highlighted the need for verifiable skills, particularly in the IT industry, where there is a persistent shortage of qualified applicants. The value of technical and professional certification is widely understood, and our Sybex imprint is highly regarded for its top-quality exam prep texts, review guides, and assessment software. In addition, as Microsoft's exclusive publishing partner for all Microsoft Official Academic Course (MOAC) materials, we provide colleges with a comprehensive workforce readiness program with significant student and instructor print and online materials. Since assuming the MOAC program in October 2006, we have nearly doubled the business, with 29% growth in the past year.

A PRACTITIONERS IN ARCHITECTURE, engineering, and construction (AEC) are employing powerful software tools to render buildings in rich three-dimensional representations, integrating the full cycle of building design, construction, and maintenance and allowing unprecedented levels of coordination among AEC professionals. Wiley has conducted an in-depth investigation into the workflows that have arisen to support these new technologies, the results of which are shaping a long-term digital strategy to embed our "must-have" content within those workflows to increase productivity. Our ability to create and manage content is a core competency, as exemplified by *Architectural Graphic Standards*, the industry bible that we publish in partnership with the American Institute of Architects. The application of transformative technology to trusted content will yield abundant opportunities to expand and extend our offerings.

A WILEY'S GLOBAL FINANCE and accounting program is extending its reach through digital media, with a 28% increase in digital revenue, led by eBooks; expanded digital delivery of its CPA program in partnership with the University of Phoenix; and the launch of an online test-bank study component. In the year ahead, we look forward to building on our success by providing additional online test prep programs and mobile apps, and through the development of workflow solutions incorporating Wiley content in targeted areas of both finance and accounting.



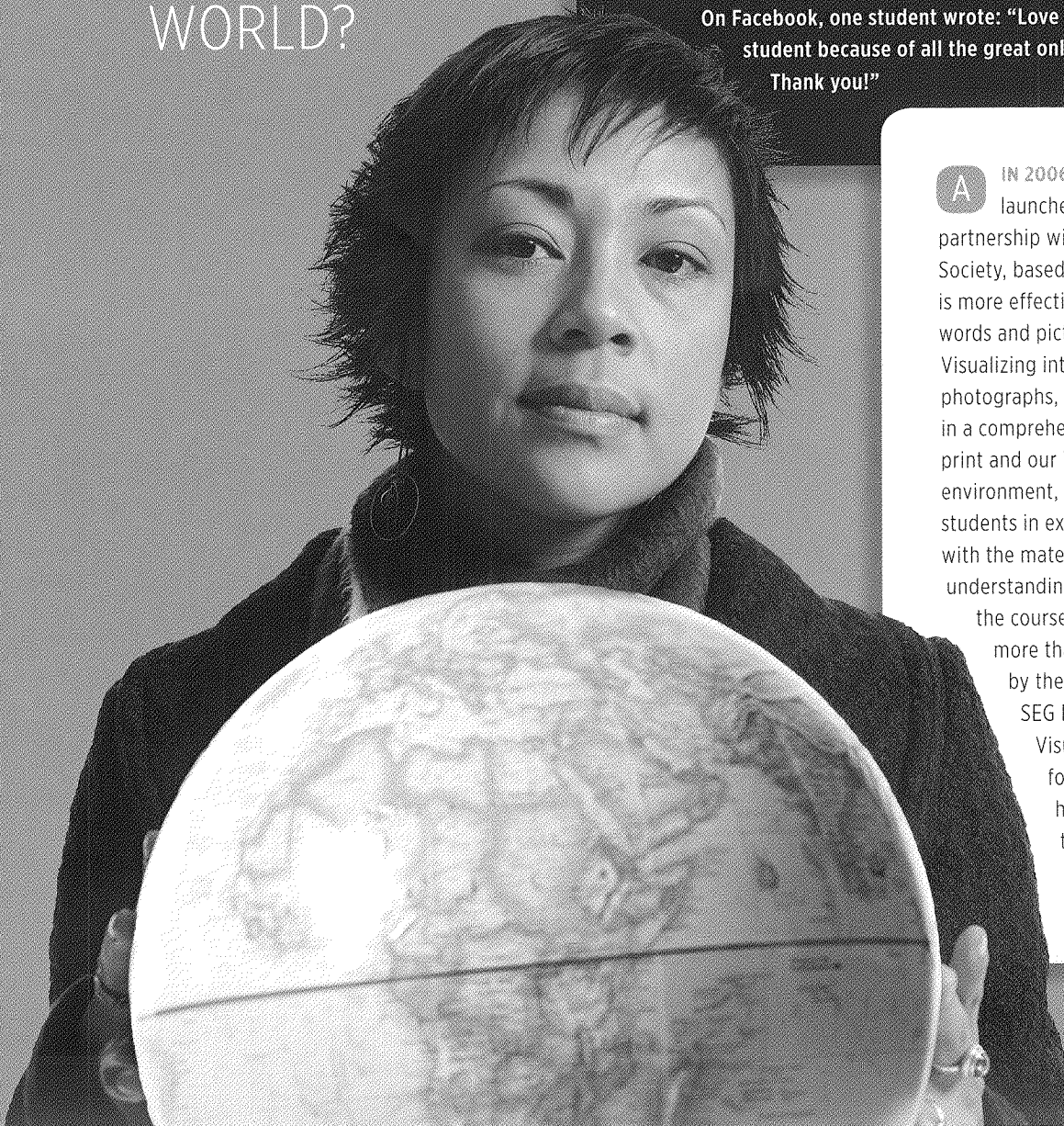


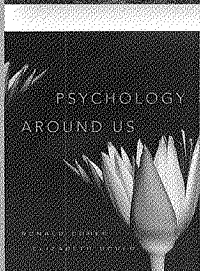
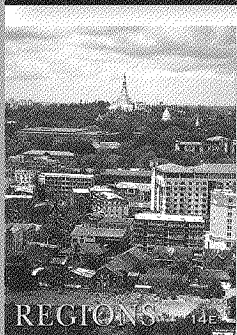
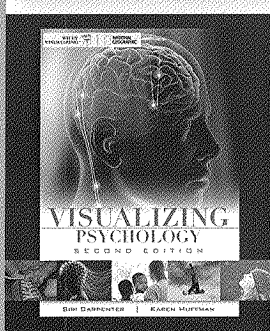
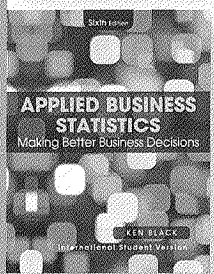
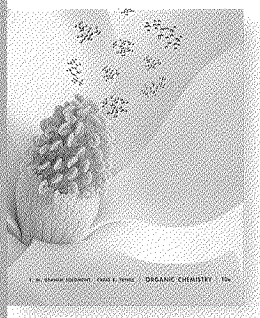
WHAT DO WE DO TO ENHANCE TEACHING AND LEARNING AROUND THE WORLD?

A OVER THE PAST YEAR, more students and professors around the world have embraced WileyPLUS, with a 42% increase in sales over prior year. We now have millions of customers in more than 20 countries. Integrating digital texts with online interactive resources through an effective, research-based approach, WileyPLUS assists instructors in creating learning opportunities while providing students with a framework within which to develop their skills and gain confidence. One instructor documented a 17% increase in student success through WileyPLUS, based on grades, pass-fail levels, and course completion rates. She noted that failing students achieved success after addressing issues revealed by the WileyPLUS learning style assessment tool. Instructors have also told us that students using WileyPLUS ask more conceptual questions and are more engaged. Students say that WileyPLUS makes studying more rewarding because it removes uncertainty by providing immediate feedback on their progress. Of the students whom we surveyed, 75% agreed that WileyPLUS had either a “positive” or “very positive” impact on their grade.

On Facebook, one student wrote: “Love WileyPLUS! ‘A’ student because of all the great online study tools. Thank you!”

A IN 2006, Higher Education launched the Visualizing program in partnership with the National Geographic Society, based on the idea that learning is more effective and engaging through words and pictures than words alone. Wiley Visualizing integrates text and pedagogy, photographs, illustrations, maps, and media in a comprehensive presentation through print and our WileyPLUS online learning environment, which actively engages students in exploring concepts, interacting with the material, and assessing their understanding as they progress through the course. In a fall 2009 U.S. study of more than 1,200 students conducted by the independent research firm SEG Research, those using Wiley Visualizing textbooks were found to be more engaged, have higher retention through the course, and earn better grades than those using competing textbooks.





Full-year sales of eBooks were up 93% to \$7 million, and we recently signed an eBook agreement with Apple. P/T's online advertising and Web site business thrived in fiscal year 2010. CliffsNotes.com advertising revenue grew by 28% over prior year, and Dummies.com recorded its highest-ever monthly traffic count: 4 million users during the month of March. Digital technologies are allowing us to develop flexible business models and customize content to meet our customers' specific needs.

Wiley is continuing to forge important new partnerships to drive growth. In March 2010, Wiley was selected as the exclusive global publisher of Bloomberg® and Bloomberg Business Week® branded books to be marketed as "Bloomberg Press®, a Wiley imprint." In addition, Wiley was named an official licensee by the London Organising Committee of the Olympic and Paralympic Games to publish London 2012 books through a partnership that builds on our agreements related to the Vancouver Winter Olympics and Beijing Summer Olympics.

Higher Education

Wiley Higher Education's mission is to help teachers teach and students learn. Higher Education serves teachers; undergraduate, graduate, and advanced placement students; and lifelong learners worldwide, as well as secondary school students in Australia. We publish educational materials in all media,

notably through WileyPLUS, our integrated online suite of teaching and learning resources. Wiley publishes materials in the sciences, engineering, mathematics, business/accounting, geography, computer science, statistics, education, psychology, and modern languages.

For the full year, global Higher Education revenue was up 18% compared to prior year, or 15% on a currency neutral basis. There was double-digit growth in all regions and in nearly every category, notably business and accounting, mathematics and statistics, social sciences, and Microsoft Official Academic Course materials. Full-year results include revenue of \$3 million from books previously reported in STMS and \$1 million from books previously reported in P/T. Excluding these books, Higher Education growth was 13% on a currency neutral basis. Direct contribution to profit in the full year increased 29%, or 25% on a currency neutral basis, primarily due to top-line growth and gross margin improvement. Digital revenue and manufacturing efficiencies resulted in meaningful gross margin improvement for the second consecutive year.

The continuing growth of WileyPLUS is indicated by the 42% increase in global revenue to \$31 million. WileyPLUS now accounts for 11% of global Higher Education sales. Digital-only sales (not packaged with a print textbook) grew 55% to \$10 million, accounting for 36% of WileyPLUS sales.

Wiley signed a partnership agreement with Reaction Explorer to bring new capabilities to WileyPLUS. Reaction Explorer will enable students to predict the results of arbitrary organic chemistry reactions and achieve a higher level of understanding of the intricacies of organic chemistry reactions, syntheses, and mechanisms.

With 650 titles now available as eBooks through CourseSmart, Higher Education's eBook program gained ground during the year. In the Australian secondary school market, the number of registered users of the JacarandaPLUS eBook solution grew from 13,000 in April 2009 to 85,000 in April 2010.

Global Higher Education revenue generated by products and services other than traditional print textbooks—products that cannot be resold as used books, such as WileyPLUS, digital content sales to institutions, custom publishing, binder editions, and eBooks—grew 37% this year to \$61 million, and now accounts for 22% of total Higher Education revenue.

OUTLOOK

While we are mindful of the volatility in markets around the world, we believe the ongoing shift towards knowledge-based economies, the robust demand for outcomes-based learning, and investments in research and development bode well for Wiley. By optimizing our investments in enabling technology, accelerating our migration from print to digital business models, ensuring a competitive cost structure, and building on our culture of collaboration and enduring partnerships,

we are strengthening Wiley's position as a company that delivers value to shareholders, customers, authors, clients, and colleagues.

In fiscal year 2011, we are projecting mid-single-digit revenue growth on a currency neutral basis. Growth in operating income is expected to be partially offset by a higher effective tax rate and an increase in shares outstanding. Excluding the effect of foreign exchange, we are projecting EPS growth of approximately 10% from fiscal year 2010 adjusted EPS of \$2.58. These projections are based on average exchange rates that were in effect in the last fiscal year. Since then, the U.S. dollar has strengthened significantly, which will have an unfavorable effect on Wiley's reported results.

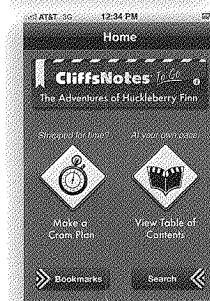
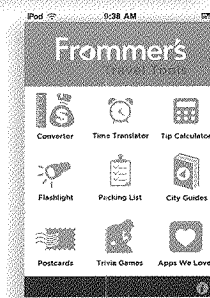
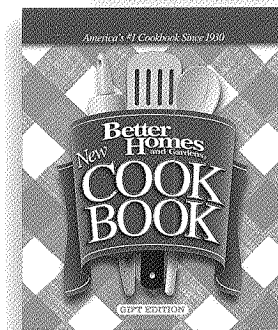
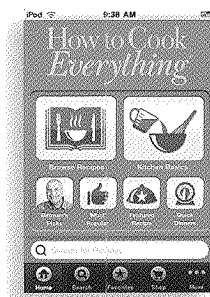
In April, Wiley earned a place on several "Best Places to Work" lists, including recognition of our Company's operations in New Jersey, Indianapolis, and San Francisco. We are proud of this recognition and grateful to our colleagues who embrace Wiley's culture, which is built on a solid foundation of trust, ethics, and integrity.

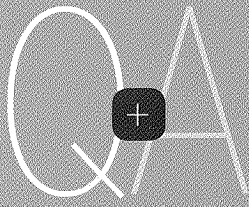
William J. Pesce

William J. Pesce
President and Chief Executive Officer

Peter Booth Wiley

Peter Booth Wiley
Chairman, Board of Directors





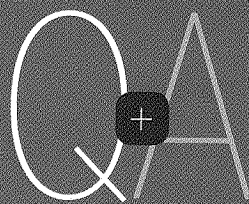
HOW DO WE DELIVER KNOWLEDGE WHENEVER AND WHEREVER PEOPLE NEED IT?

A THE eBOOK MARKET

continues its explosive growth as the Apple iPad, the Barnes & Noble Nook, and the Borders Kobo eReader join the Amazon Kindle, each with its own associated online bookstore. We welcome the proliferation of devices and formats being made available to our customers and the new opportunities for partnership in delivering our content through them. In June 2010, Wiley signed an eBook agreement with Apple. We also released our first three enhanced eBooks—*Windows 7 For Dummies*, *Knitting For Dummies*, and *Rose's Heavenly Cakes*—incorporating audio and video in ways that demonstrate the medium's tremendous potential to enhance the reader's experience.

A WE ARE TAKING advantage of new communications technologies to bring people the know-how they need in their daily lives. Home cooks can consult the *How to Cook Everything on the Go* app (based on the bestselling Mark Bittman cookbook) in the kitchen or the supermarket aisle, on their iPhones, iPads, and iPod touches. The *Frommer's Travel Tools* app includes a tip calculator, currency converter, and packing list, along with several other tools and links to Frommer's guidebook content. In the recent U.K. general election, undecided voters had the interactive *Election Quiz 2010 For Dummies* app to guide them. We have launched more than 70 such apps, including several CliffsNotes study guides and a range of test prep tools, the majority of which generate revenue through licensing agreements.





WHY MUST WE PROTECT INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS?

A IN 1858, Abraham Lincoln praised intellectual property law for adding “the fuel of interest to the fire of genius”—that is, creating the incentive of compensation for people to share their ideas and providing them with recourse against piracy. His succinct formulation is an abiding truth, and Wiley has a long track record of protecting the copyright of our valuable content and the livelihood of our authors from infringement in all its forms, often in collaboration with other publishers. For example, in February, Wiley was one of six publishers to obtain an injunction in a German court against Swiss-based Rapidshare AG, an Internet file-hosting service with a business model that encouraged the unauthorized uploading of content. The other publishers involved were Bedford, Freeman and Worth Publishing Group, LLC, a subsidiary of Macmillan; Cengage Learning Inc.; Elsevier Inc.; The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.; and Pearson Education, Inc. The Rapidshare decision sends a clear message that the legitimate interests of authors and publishers are not fair game for pirates. Wiley is providing more access to more content by more people than at any other time in its 203-year history. Unauthorized access, enabled by pirates and other parties, is stealing. It is unfair to authors and publishers and, ultimately, detrimental to a knowledge-based society. Wiley is committed to a comprehensive strategy of copyright enforcement.



THE WILEY VISION

John Wiley & Sons, Inc., aspires to be a valued and respected provider of products and services that make important contributions to advances in knowledge and understanding around the world, a role that is essential to progress in a healthy and prosperous society. While fulfilling this role, we strive to build lasting, collaborative relationships with all our stakeholders. We are dedicated to sustaining Wiley's performance-driven culture, which requires our unwavering commitment to the highest standard of ethical behavior and integrity in everything we do.

MISSION

Wiley's mission is to be a global information and education company providing content and services to professionals, researchers, educators, students, lifelong learners, and consumers worldwide.

Wiley is dedicated to serving our customers' needs while generating attractive intellectual and financial rewards for all our stakeholders—authors, customers, clients, colleagues, and shareholders.

VALUES

Founded in 1807, during the presidency of Thomas Jefferson, Wiley has evolved into one of the world's most respected publishing companies. We strongly believe in the enduring value of collaborative relationships, built on a solid foundation of trust and integrity. We strive to be the very best at all that we do, which strengthens our competitive position and results in consistently strong performance.

Wiley's strength is based on the efforts and accomplishments of a diverse group of people who are distinguished by their integrity, creativity, talent, initiative, and dedication.

- + *We are responsible to our customers*, who rely on the quality of our products and services to meet their needs. Service must be prompt and efficient, and prices should be reasonable.
- + *We are responsible to our authors and partners*, who collaborate with us to create high-quality products and services, and who deserve appropriate recognition and compensation for their efforts.
- + *We are responsible to our colleagues*, whom we respect as human beings first, professionals second. We must provide a reasonable sense of security, pleasant and safe working conditions, fair compensation and benefit programs, and opportunities for professional growth.
- + *We are responsible to our shareholders*, who should realize a fair return on their investments.

Investors can rely on a highly capable leadership team and an independent Board of Directors distinguished by their commitment to effective governance, ethical behavior, and integrity in all that we do.

- + *We are responsible to the communities in which we work*. These communities should benefit from our good citizenship, including our support of educational and cultural organizations.

GOALS AND STRATEGIES

Wiley's goal is to become the most successful company in the markets in which we compete.

Successful means:

- + revenue growth that results in market share gains;
- + strong profitability, cash flow, and return on investment;
- + innovation that serves the needs of our customers;
- + an attractive place to work that supports our performance-driven culture.

Achieving this will require:

- + becoming a more global, externally focused company that provides outstanding customer experiences with our products and services;
- + providing more access to more content than ever in pursuit of our vision of *All Wiley, All the Time, Anywhere*;
- + enhancing existing capabilities and developing new ones internally or through acquisition;
- + optimizing our investments in enabling technology and accelerating our migration from print to digital business models;
- + ensuring a competitive cost base and an efficient product and business development process;
- + building on our culture of collaboration and our ability to foster long-term partnerships to deliver value to authors, customers, clients, colleagues, and shareholders.

ON CORPORATE CITIZENSHIP

At Wiley, we have long understood that we are an integral part of the communities in which we live and work, as well as those we serve, and that our responsibility to them is an essential element of our mission. Two years ago, we established the Wiley Corporate Citizenship Initiative to provide a framework for us to evaluate our social and environmental policies and practices and set new goals that are fully integrated with our business strategies. Over the past year, we have extended and refocused our corporate citizenship activities.

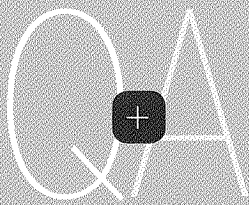
- + **Providing access to those in need.** Wiley was a founding member of and participates in United Nations partnerships to make online scientific content available free or at nominal cost to researchers in developing countries. In the wake of the Haitian earthquake, we made several of our health science journals available free to health workers there, and we opened the Cochrane Collaboration's Evidence Aid project to major health organizations to provide up-to-date evidence on relevant medical interventions. We are also a founding partner of an Evidence Aid Web site that will inform planners and policy makers as well as emergency responders.
- + **Giving to local communities.** We added local charitable committees in Ames, Iowa; Indianapolis, Indiana; Malden, Massachusetts; and San Francisco, California. Among our noteworthy global initiatives has been Wiley Asia's work with the Mitrataa Foundation to sponsor an education center for Nepalese girls, which has included organizing charity events and hosting an online auction of Nepalese crafts to raise additional funds.
- + **Reducing our carbon footprint.** We undertook a global project to measure the carbon impact of shipping books and journals, a major contributor to our carbon footprint. The results will inform our goals for reduction. Our Paper Task Force has studied our use of sustainably produced paper and is developing goals for future use.
- + **Inspiring others.** We are pleased to have stimulated a higher level of engagement among colleagues and stakeholders alike. We have adopted a vendor code of ethics, which will help us ensure that our supply chain conforms to the standards we set for ourselves.

We look forward to further expanding our activities in the year ahead. For more on our progress and our goals for 2011, please visit www.wiley.com/go/citizenship.

"In dreams begins responsibility"

– W.B. YEATS

Respect for the environment and our global community is a fundamental Wiley value. In 2008, we formed the Global Citizenship Council to develop and implement a unified global citizenship program that is fully integrated into Wiley's business strategies; drives change in our social, environmental, and ethical management practices; and brings to light the Company's exemplary values and policies. Since launching the initiative, we have focused on sharing our content with those in need, enhancing community philanthropy, reducing our carbon impact, creating global guidelines and best practices for paper use, establishing a vendor code of ethics, and engaging our stakeholders in our efforts.



HOW DO WE DELIVER VITAL INFORMATION TO THE DEVELOPING WORLD?

A WILEY WAS AMONG the original six publishers who joined with the United Nations World Health Organization and two major universities in 2001 to launch Research4Life, bringing researchers in developing countries free or low-cost access to online journals in the areas of health, agriculture, the environment, and related subjects. In October 2009, we expanded our offerings to include 80% of our journals—a total of 1,200, up from approximately 750—bringing those researchers significantly greater resources in finding local solutions to local problems. We have also recently instituted a provision whereby all licensees of our online research content may extend their access privileges to emergency workers and members of the academic community who are displaced by a natural disaster. Following the earthquake in Haiti, we provided health workers with free access to several of our health science journals as part of the National Library of Medicine's Emergency Access Initiative. We also provided free access to The Cochrane Library through Cochrane Evidence Aid, providing evidence reviews and topical evidence summaries for wound, fracture, and trauma treatments, among others. The Cochrane Library was the third-most-accessed publication in the Emergency Access Initiative.



FISCAL YEAR 2010 HIGHLIGHTS

GLOBAL STMS revenue was essentially flat on a currency neutral basis. Higher revenue from global rights, individual articles, and The Cochrane Library offset lower revenue from advertising, journal subscriptions (partially due to production scheduling), and individual member subscriptions.

CONTINUED to strengthen society relationships, with 31 new journals signed in fiscal year 2010, 90 journal contracts renewed or extended, and only two journal contracts not renewed.

PARTNERED with the Australian Psychological Society to publish three flagship journals: *Australian Journal of Psychology*, *Australian Psychologist*, and *Clinical Psychologist*.

ADDED more than 300 new journal subscription customers/institutions.

LAUNCHED Wiley Online Library in summer 2010, replacing Wiley InterScience. Wiley Online Library hosts one of the world's broadest and deepest multidisciplinary collections of online resources covering life, health, and physical sciences; the social sciences; and the humanities. It provides access to more than 4 million articles from 1,500 journals, 8,000 books, and hundreds of reference works, laboratory protocols, and databases.

LAUNCHED WileyChina.com, a Chinese-language site featuring general information about Wiley's presence in China as well as specific details about core content of particular interest to the Chinese community.

SCIENTIFIC, TECHNICAL, MEDICAL, AND SCHOLARLY

Providing must-have
content and services
to researchers and
practitioners in research-
based professions

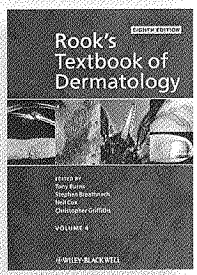
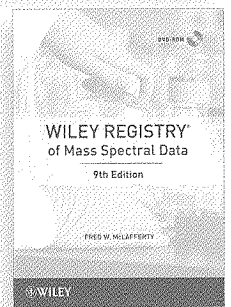
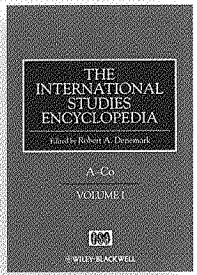
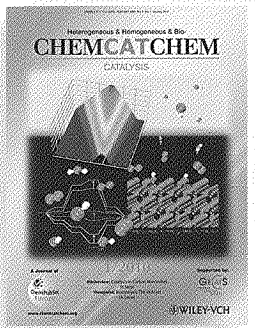
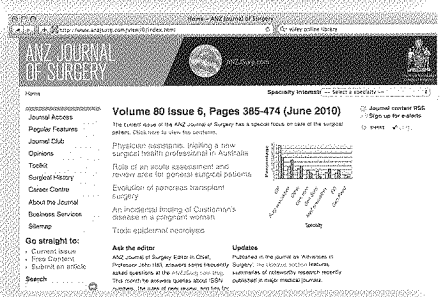
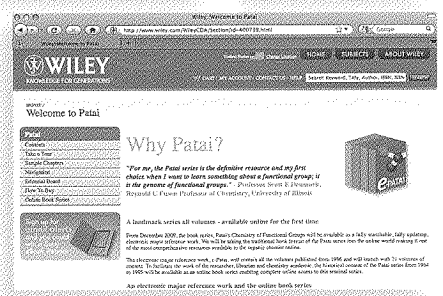
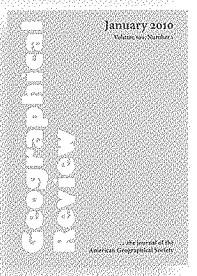
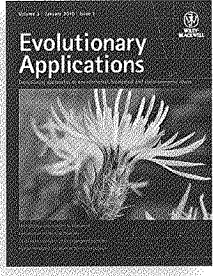
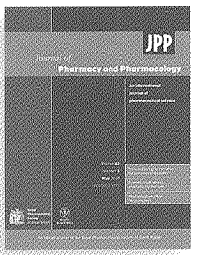
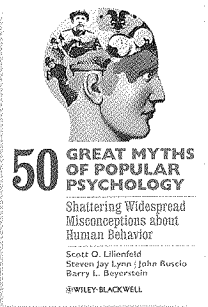
SIGNED an agreement with Chemical Industry Press of Beijing, China, to publish a co-branded Wiley-CIP imprint. The collaboration will focus on a series of English-language advanced textbooks and reference books for a global readership of postgraduates, researchers, and practitioners in engineering, materials science, and chemistry, with the potential to expand into other areas.

SIGNED a licensing agreement giving 60 million Internet users in India access to The Cochrane Library's internationally renowned collection of evidence-based healthcare databases, used by clinicians around the world to make informed decisions about treatments.

AS PART of a new agreement with Universitätsbibliothek Johann Christian Senckenberg in Frankfurt, The Cochrane Library is now available to more than 650,000 students and faculty at 47 universities in Germany.

LAUNCHED Essential Evidence, a new resource tool added to the online, evidence-based Essential Evidence Plus, to help clinicians make diagnoses, chart treatment plans, and determine prognoses.

SIGNED an agreement with Scrivener Publishing to co-publish and distribute their engineering books globally. The program will publish 15-20 books per year, targeted at researchers in the technical and applied sciences.



STRATEGIES

ACCELERATE online migration of business by launching Wiley Online Library, developing improved functionality for online products, enriching content, and other means.

STRENGTHEN presence in emerging markets, such as China, the Middle East, Latin America, and India.

BUILD long-term partnerships with libraries, societies, authors, research funding organizations, and other key constituencies.

FOSTER performance-based culture that enables development and innovation.

IMPROVE productivity and reduce costs to finance investments in enabling technology and new products and services.

STRENGTHEN brands and enhance public profile to reinforce our position as the leading publisher for global research and scholarly communities and the largest publisher for professional and scholarly societies.

GROW online advertising business.

BUILD expertise and bolster leadership in communities we serve.

ACCELERATE revenue and margin growth through cross-business collaboration.

PRODUCTS

Journals, encyclopedias, books, databases, and laboratory manuals in the life sciences, health sciences, physical sciences, social sciences, humanities, engineering, dentistry, veterinary science, nursing, and other research-based professions, delivered in print and online.

CUSTOMERS

Academic, corporate, government, and public libraries; researchers, clinicians; engineers and technologists; scholarly and professional societies; students; and professors worldwide.

DISTRIBUTION

Multiple channels including libraries, library consortia, subscription agents, bookstores, online booksellers, and direct sales to customers.

BRANDS/FRANCHISES

Wiley, Wiley ACerS, Wiley AIChE, Wiley-Blackwell, Wiley-Dunod, Wiley-IEEE Press, Wiley-OSA, Wiley-RMS, Wiley-TMS, Wiley-VCH, Arnold, Blackwell Publishing, Blackwell Reference Online, BMJ Books, BPS-Blackwell, Compass, Current Protocols, Ernst & Sohn, Essential Evidence Plus, Five-Minute Veterinary Consult, GIT Verlag, IFT Press, ISTE, PharmaFile, The Cochrane Library, UKVet, Verlag Helvetica Chimica Acta, WIREs (Wiley Interdisciplinary Reviews).

PUBLISHING CENTERS

Australia, Germany, Singapore, U.K., U.S.

FISCAL YEAR 2010 HIGHLIGHTS

GLOBAL P/T revenue grew 6% on a currency neutral basis, driven by consumer, business, technology, psychology, and education sales and by new publishing relationships with GMAC® and Meredith (Better Homes and Gardens).

BECAME the exclusive global publisher of Bloomberg® and Bloomberg BusinessWeek® branded books to be marketed as “Bloomberg Press®,” a Wiley imprint. The content will be published in print, eBook, and digital formats.

SIGNED eBook agreements with Apple, Barnes and Noble (Nook), EBooks.com, and Ingram Digital, adding to existing agreements with Amazon (Kindle), Sony (eReader), and Mobipocket.

THROUGH an alliance with LibreDigital, developed the capability to sell eBooks in bulk, enabling volume sales in e-only or print-plus-electronic combinations based on a variety of access models.

FOLLOWING on our success with the Vancouver Winter Olympics and the Beijing Summer Olympics, Wiley was named an official licensee by the London Organising Committee of the Olympic and Paralympic Games. We will publish 12 books, including the official commemorative book of the 2012 London Summer Olympics.

PROFESSIONAL/ TRADE

Making a difference
in the professional
and personal lives of
our target audiences

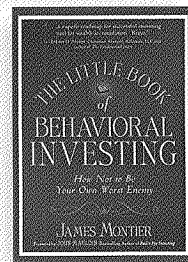
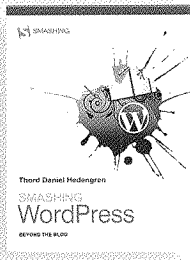
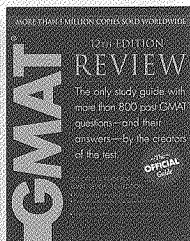
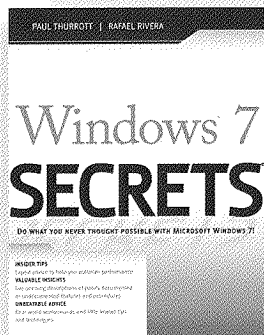
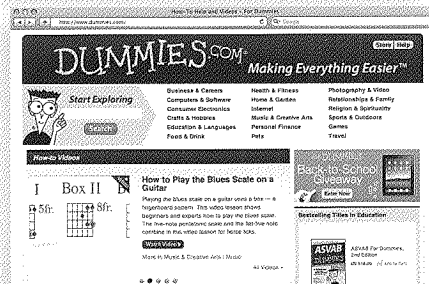
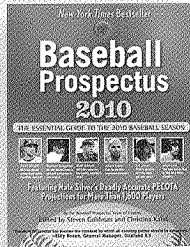
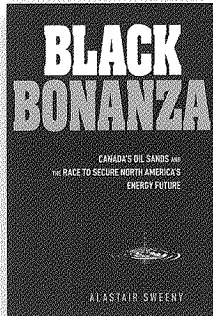
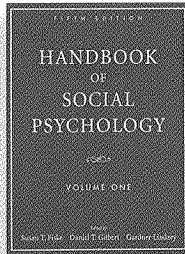
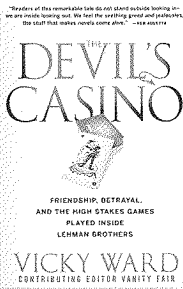
LAUNCHED CliffsNotes-to-Go, a literature notes application for the iPhone and iPod touch. The apps contain the full content of such popular classics as *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn* and *Macbeth*, plus audio summaries, interactive character maps, and other features.

DUMMIES.COM recorded its highest-ever monthly traffic count: 4 million users during March 2010.

FROMMER'S UNLIMITED launched Frommer's destination guides on Canada.com; unveiled destination guides on the U.K. meta search engine Travelsupermarket; created custom leisure and business events for a high-profile British Airways ad campaign microsite; launched an innovative trip planning tool with Eurostar; and integrated multilingual events content and weather charts into an Air France desktop widget.

CULINARY publishing's banner year, which included several bestsellers, was capped by Wiley books winning a number of prestigious awards, among them the International Association of Culinary Professionals cookbook of the year award for *Rose's Heavenly Cakes* and the James Beard award for cookbook of the year in the single-subject category for *Pasta Sfogliata*.

SIGNED an agreement with the Construction Specifications Institute to become the publisher of the CSI Professional Practice Guides, which align with CSI's certification program for architecture, engineering, and construction industry professionals.



STRATEGIES

INVEST in enabling technology to support digital product development in e-learning, branded community Web sites, and workflow-based products and services. We will continue to make our content available in the formats our customers demand, in print, across eBook platforms, via online delivery, and through mobile devices.

LEVERAGE digital delivery and tap social media to increase sales and improve marketing reach.

DEVELOP new, and enhance existing, franchises and alliances, building successful products into franchise programs.

DEVELOP and grow industry-leading brands, expanding reach through partnerships, electronic platforms, and B2B sales of products and services.

INCREASE revenue from custom, proprietary, and online accounts.

ACCELERATE revenue and margin growth through cross-business collaboration.

INCREASE market share and profitability through acquisitions.

EXTEND team-oriented culture globally, ensuring ownership of business models and effective coordination across locations.

PRODUCTS

Books, subscription content, and information services in all media. Subject areas include business, technology, architecture, cooking, psychology, education, travel, health, religion, consumer reference, pets, and general interest.

CUSTOMERS

Professionals, consumers, and students worldwide.

DISTRIBUTION

Multiple channels globally, including major chains and online booksellers, independent bookstores, libraries, colleges and universities, warehouse clubs, corporations, direct marketing, and Web sites.

BRANDS/FRANCHISES

Architectural Graphic Standards, Audel, Better Homes and Gardens, Betty Crocker, Bloomberg Press®, Capstone, CliffsNotes, Fisher Investments Press, For Dummies, Frommer's, Frommer's Unlimited, GMAT®, Howell Book House, J.K. Lasser, Jossey-Bass, Pfeiffer, Pillsbury, Sybex, Unofficial Guide, Visual, Webster's New World, Weight Watchers, Wiley Nautical, Wrightbooks, Wrox.

PUBLISHING CENTERS

Australia, Canada, Germany, Singapore, U.K., U.S.

FISCAL YEAR 2010 HIGHLIGHTS

GLOBAL Higher Education revenue increased 15% on a currency neutral basis. Drove double-digit growth in all regions and in nearly every subject category.

SALES of products other than traditional print textbooks—WileyPLUS, eBooks, digital content, Wiley Custom Select, and binder editions—now account for 22% of global Higher Education revenue. WileyPLUS sales grew 42% and represent over 11% of global Higher Education sales.

LAUNCHED pilot program with the National Geographic Society for custom initiative that will allow customers to combine NGS magazine articles and maps with Wiley geoscience books to create a more customized and engaging learning solution for instructors and students.

EMBEDDED Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tags in textbooks to track distribution and reduce supply of reimported, pirated, damaged, and comp copies; enforce returns policy; and improve customer experience by reducing shipping errors and the associated costs.

PARTNERED with Reaction Explorer, which uses expert system technology to predict the results of arbitrary organic chemistry reactions, to bring new capabilities to the online organic chemistry market. Students accessing Reaction Explorer through WileyPLUS will be able to achieve a higher level of understanding of the intricacies of organic chemistry reactions, syntheses, and mechanisms.

HIGHER EDUCATION

Helping
teachers teach
and students
learn

GREW the Microsoft Official Academic Course publishing program by 29%, partnering with Microsoft to provide colleges with a comprehensive workforce readiness program comprising print and online materials; since assuming responsibility for the program in 2006, Wiley has nearly doubled the business.

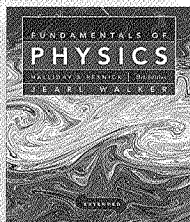
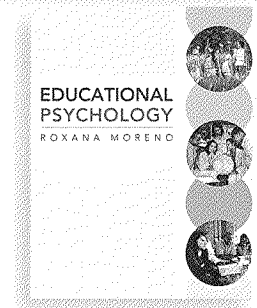
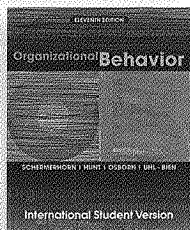
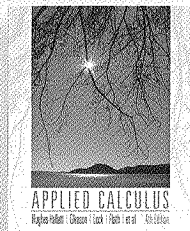
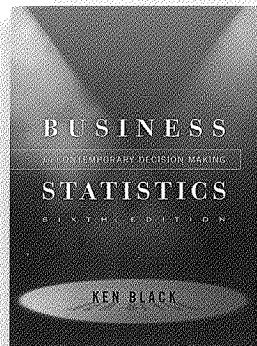
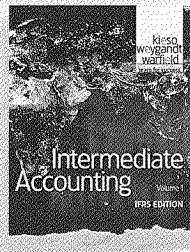
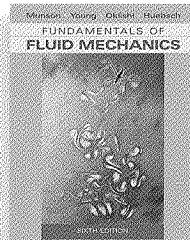
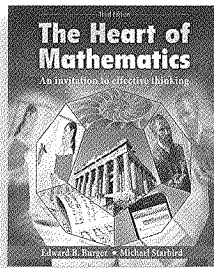
EXTENDED the Wiley Faculty Network to the global community of educators, hosting the first international virtual WFN Guest Lecture jointly with the Taiwan Accounting Association and launching a new Web site allowing faculty everywhere to engage with peers, Wiley authors, and Wiley products 24/7; hosted a virtual workshop for more than 250 community college instructors, distance learning coordinators, and administrators; served more than 20,000 instructors through peer-to-peer mentoring, virtual Guest Lectures, live workshops, and other events.

GAINED global digital rights for the Wiley Visualizing program, created in partnership with the National Geographic Society, bringing learners

around the world the ability to engage actively with an array of NGS photographs, maps, illustrations, media, and film. Visualizing eBooks and WileyPLUS courses integrate text with multimedia assets and assessments, providing multiple entry points to the content. An independent study in fall 2009 found that students using Wiley Visualizing textbooks were more engaged and performed better than those using competing textbooks.

REGISTERED users of Wiley's JacarandaPLUS eBook solution in Australia's secondary schools increased from 13,000 in April 2009 to 85,000 in April 2010.

COMMUNITY college business grew by 21%, with Wiley products and services providing vital support for the increasingly important role these career-oriented, two-year schools are playing in a shifting economy.



STRATEGIES

CREATE new revenue streams and business models through digital delivery and outcomes-based learning.

INVEST in WileyPLUS to enhance and extend teaching and learning solutions.

EXTEND marketing reach through new capabilities, including social networking.

OPTIMIZE institutional selling to offer customers our quality products at affordable price points.

INCREASE market share and profitability through acquisitions.

MAXIMIZE global Higher Education revenue and cost savings by coordinating (print and digital) publishing, production, and marketing activities globally.

ACCELERATE revenue and margin growth through cross-business collaboration.

PRODUCTS

Educational materials in all media for two- and four-year colleges and universities and for-profit career colleges, as well as for secondary schools in Australia and advanced placement classes in U.S. high schools.

CUSTOMERS

Undergraduate, graduate, and advanced placement students; educators; and lifelong learners worldwide, and secondary school students in Australia.

DISTRIBUTION

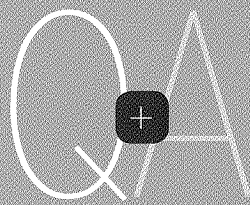
Multiple channels including college bookstores, online booksellers, and direct sales to customers.

BRANDS/FRANCHISES

Wiley, Wiley Custom Select, Wiley Desktop Editions, WileyFLEX, Wiley/Jossey-Bass, Wiley/MOAC, WileyPLUS, Wiley Visualizing, Business Extra Select, CATALYST, Jacaranda, Reaction Explorer.

PUBLISHING CENTERS

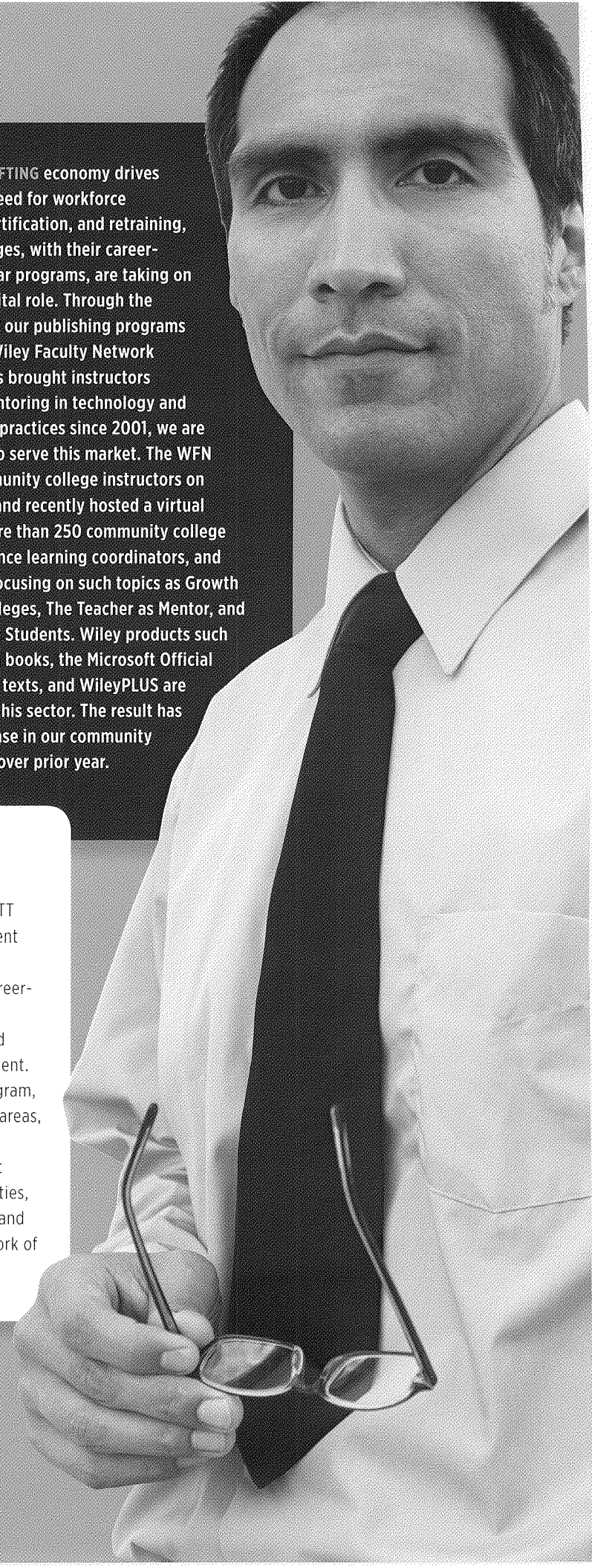
Australia, Canada, India, U.K., U.S.



HOW DO WE PARTNER WITH EDUCATORS TO SERVE A CHANGING SOCIETY?

A AS THE SHIFTING economy drives a strong need for workforce development, certification, and retraining, community colleges, with their career-oriented, two-year programs, are taking on an increasingly vital role. Through the strategic focus of our publishing programs and our unique Wiley Faculty Network (WFN), which has brought instructors peer-to-peer mentoring in technology and educational best practices since 2001, we are well positioned to serve this market. The WFN has several community college instructors on its mentor team and recently hosted a virtual workshop for more than 250 community college instructors, distance learning coordinators, and administrators, focusing on such topics as Growth Principles for Colleges, The Teacher as Mentor, and Engaging Diverse Students. Wiley products such as the Visualizing books, the Microsoft Official Academic Course texts, and WileyPLUS are ideally suited to this sector. The result has been a 21% increase in our community college business over prior year.

A THE WILEY BUSINESS SOLUTIONS GROUP provides for-profit institutions like the University of Phoenix, Laureate Education, Capella University, Kaplan University, ITT Technical Institute, Strayer University, Education Management Corporation, Career Education Corporation, and DeVry University with services and solutions aligned with their career-focused educational missions. Our offerings include custom content, professional development programs for faculty and administrators, and resources to promote student engagement. We also provide a full-service curriculum development program, for which we carry out market research in targeted subject areas, engage subject matter experts to create courses, and build instructional materials from new and existing Wiley content and media elements. As community colleges, state universities, and private institutions show increased interest in services and solutions that support the use of core Wiley content, the work of the BSG is providing us with a model for the future.



FORM 10-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended: April 30, 2010

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 (FEE REQUIRED)

For the transition period from to
Commission file number 1-11507

JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

NEW YORK

State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or
organization

13-5593032

I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ
Address of principal executive offices

07030

Zip Code

(201) 748-6000

Registrant's telephone number
including area code

Securities registered pursuant to Section
12(b) of the Act: Title of each class

Class A Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per
share
Class B Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per
share

Name of each exchange on which
registered

New York Stock Exchange

New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to
Section 12(g) of the Act:

None

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes No

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant, computed by reference to the closing price as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, October 31, 2009, was approximately \$1,565.6 million. The registrant has no non-voting common stock.

The number of shares outstanding of the registrant's Class A and Class B Common Stock as of May 31, 2010 was 50,533,570 and 9,582,095 respectively.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the registrant's definitive proxy statement for use in connection with its annual meeting of stockholders scheduled to be held on September 16, 2010, are incorporated by reference into Part III of this form 10-K.

JOHN WILEY AND SONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
FORM 10-K
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2010
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SIGNATURES

PART I

Item 1. Business

The Company, founded in 1807, was incorporated in the state of New York on January 15, 1904. (As used herein the term “Company” means John Wiley & Sons, Inc., and its subsidiaries and affiliated companies, unless the context indicates otherwise.)

The Company is a global publisher of print and electronic products, providing content and digital solutions to customers worldwide. Core businesses produce scientific, technical, medical and scholarly journals, encyclopedias, books, online products and services; professional and consumer books, subscription products, certification and training materials, online applications and websites; and educational materials in all media, including integrated online teaching and learning resources, for undergraduate, graduate and advanced placement students, educators, and lifelong learners worldwide as well as secondary school students in Australia. The Company takes full advantage of its content from all three core businesses in developing and cross-marketing products to its diverse customer base of professionals, consumers, researchers, students, and educators. The use of technology enables the Company to make its content more accessible to its customers around the world. The Company maintains publishing, marketing, and distribution centers in the United States, Canada, Europe, Asia, and Australia.

Further description of the Company’s business is incorporated herein by reference in the Management’s Discussion and Analysis section of this 10-K.

Employees

As of April 30, 2010, the Company employed approximately 5,100 people on a full-time equivalent basis worldwide.

Financial Information About Industry Segments

The note entitled “Segment Information” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Management’s Discussion and Analysis section of this 10-K, both listed in the attached index, are incorporated herein by reference.

Financial Information About Foreign and Domestic Operations and Export Sales

The note entitled “Segment Information” of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and the Management’s Discussion and Analysis section of this 10-K, both listed in the attached index, are incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

You should carefully consider all of the information set forth in this Form 10-K, including the following risk factors, before deciding to invest in any of the Company’s securities. The risks below are not the only ones the Company faces. Additional risks not currently known to the Company or that the Company presently deems immaterial may also impair its business operations. The Company’s business, financial condition, results of operations or prospects could be materially adversely affected by any of these risks.

Cautionary Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

This 10-K and our Annual Report to Shareholders for the year ending April 30, 2010 contain certain forward-looking statements concerning the Company's operations, performance and financial condition. In addition, the Company provides forward-looking statements in other materials released to the public as well as oral forward-looking information. Statements which contain the words anticipate, expect, believes, estimate, project, forecast, plan, outlook, intend and similar expressions constitute forward-looking statements that involve risk and uncertainties. Reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements, as actual results may differ materially from those in any forward-looking statements.

Any such forward-looking statements are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates that are inherently subject to uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, and are subject to change based on many important factors. Such factors include, but are not limited to (i) the level of investment in new technologies and products; (ii) subscriber renewal rates for the Company's journals; (iii) the financial stability and liquidity of journal subscription agents; (iv) the consolidation of book wholesalers and retail accounts; (v) the market position and financial stability of key retailers; (vi) the impact of the used-book market; (vii) worldwide economic and political conditions; and (viii) the Company's ability to protect its copyrights and other intellectual property worldwide (ix) other factors detailed from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any such forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Operating Costs and Expenses

The Company has a significant investment, and cost, in its employee base around the world. The Company offers competitive salaries and benefits in order to attract and retain the highly skilled workforce needed to sustain and develop new products and services required for growth. Employment and benefit costs are affected by competitive market conditions for qualified individuals, and factors such as healthcare, pension and retirement benefits costs. The Company is a large paper purchaser, and paper prices may fluctuate significantly from time-to-time. The Company attempts to moderate the exposure to fluctuations in price by entering into multi-year supply contracts and having alternative suppliers available. In general, however, any significant increase in the costs of goods and services provided to the Company may adversely affect the Company's costs of operation.

Protection of Intellectual Property Rights

Substantially all of the Company's publications are protected by copyright, held either in the Company's name, in the name of the author of the work, or in the name of the sponsoring professional society. Such copyrights protect the Company's exclusive right to publish the work in many countries abroad for specified periods, in most cases the author's life plus 70 years, but in any event a minimum of 50 years for works published after 1978. The ability of the Company to continue to achieve its expected results depends, in part, upon the Company's ability to protect its intellectual property rights. The Company's results may be adversely affected by lack of legal and/or technological protections for its intellectual property in some jurisdictions and markets.

The Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly ("STMS") publishing industry generates much of its revenue from paid customer subscriptions to print and online journal content. There is debate within the academic and government communities whether such journal content should be made available for free, immediately or following a period of embargo after publication. For instance, certain governments are considering

mandating that all publications containing information derived from government-funded research be made available to the public at no cost. These mandates have the potential to put pressure on subscription-based publications and favor business models funded by author fees or government and private subsidies. If such regulations are widely implemented, the Company's operating results could be adversely affected.

Maintaining the Company's Reputation

Professionals worldwide rely upon many of the Company's publications to perform their jobs. It is imperative that the Company consistently demonstrates its ability to maintain the integrity of the information included in its publications. Adverse publicity, whether or not valid, may reduce demand for the Company's publications.

Trade Concentration and Credit Risk

In the journal publishing business, subscriptions are primarily sourced through independent journal subscription agents who, acting as agents for library customers, facilitate ordering by consolidating the subscription orders/billings of each subscriber with various publishers. Cash is generally collected in advance from subscribers by the subscription agent and is remitted to the journal publisher, including the Company, generally prior to the commencement of the subscription. Although at fiscal year-end the Company had minimal credit risk exposure to these agents, future calendar-year subscription receipts from these agents are highly dependent on their financial condition and liquidity. Subscription agents account for approximately 24% of consolidated book and journal revenue and no one agent accounts for more than 10% of total consolidated revenue.

The Company's business is not dependent upon a single customer; however, the book industry is concentrated in national, regional, and online bookstore chains. Although no one book customer accounts for more than 8% of consolidated revenue, the top 10 book customers account for approximately 20% of total consolidated revenue and approximately 45% of accounts receivable, before reserves at April 30, 2010. Payments for the sale of subscription journals are predominantly collected in advance.

Changes in Regulation and Accounting Standards

The Company maintains publishing, marketing and distribution centers in Asia, Australia, Canada, Europe and the United States. The conduct of our business, including the sourcing of content, distribution, sales, marketing and advertising is subject to various laws and regulations administered by governments around the world. Changes in laws, regulations or government policies, including tax regulations and accounting standards, may adversely affect the Company's future financial results.

Introduction of New Technologies or Products

The Company must continue to invest in technological and other innovations and adapt in order to continue to add value to its products and services and remain competitive. There are uncertainties whenever developing new products and services, and it is often possible that such new products and services may not be launched or if launched, may not be profitable or as profitable as existing products and services.

In July 2010, the Company plans to launch a new online publishing platform Wiley Online Library. Wiley Online Library will host the vast majority of the Company's online content, replacing the current platform *Wiley Interscience*. All existing *Wiley Interscience* content and licensees will be transferred to Wiley Online Library. The new online service will include enhanced discoverability, expanded functionality and a range of

new personalization options. The Company has formal plans and procedures to effect the transformation. Any disruption to the online service during implementation or unforeseen issue could adversely impact results and the Company's reputation.

Competition for Market Share and Author and Society Relationships

The Company operates in highly competitive markets. Success and continued growth depends greatly on developing new products and the means to deliver them in an environment of rapid technological change. Attracting new authors and professional societies, while retaining our existing business relationships, are also critical to our success.

Introduction of Higher Education Textbook Rental Programs

The Company's Higher Education business publishes educational materials for two and four-year colleges and universities, for-profit career colleges, advanced placement classes and secondary schools in Australia. Due to a growing demand by students for less expensive textbooks, a growing number of college bookstores are offering textbook rental programs to students. In addition, there are a variety of online national textbook rental companies already offering textbooks on a rental basis. In many ways, the textbook rental business model is an adaptation of the used book model that has been in place in the higher education market for many years. Due to its recent introduction it is uncertain whether such textbook rental programs will have any impact on Wiley results.

Interest Rate and Foreign Exchange Risk

International-based revenues, as well as our substantial international net assets, expose the Company's results to foreign currency exchange rate volatility. Fiscal year 2010 revenue was recognized in the following currencies: approximately 55% U.S dollar; 28% British pound sterling; 8% Euro and 9% other currencies. In addition, our interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subject to risk from changes in interest rates. These risks and the measures we have taken to help contain them are discussed in the *Market Risk* section of this 10-K. For additional details, see Note 11 to our consolidated financial statements, *Debt and Available Credit Facilities*, in this 10-K. Those sections of our 2010 10-K are incorporated by reference. Notwithstanding our efforts to foresee and mitigate the effects of changes in fiscal circumstances, we cannot predict with certainty changes in currency and interest rates, inflation or other related factors affecting our business.

Risk of Doing Business in Developing and Emerging Markets

The Company sells its products to customers in the Middle East (including Iran and Syria), Africa (including Sudan), Cuba, and other developing markets where it does not have operating subsidiaries. The Company does not own any assets or liabilities in these markets except for trade receivables. Challenges and uncertainties associated with operating in developing markets may entail a relatively higher risk due to political instability, economic volatility, crime, terrorism, corruption, social and ethnic unrest, and other factors. While sales in these markets do not have a material effect on the Company's business results, adverse developments related to the risks associated with these markets may cause actual results to differ from historical and forecasted future operating results. Disruption in these markets could also trigger a decrease in consumer purchasing power, resulting in a reduced demand for our products.

Liquidity and Global Economic Conditions

The recent changes in global financial markets have not had, nor do we anticipate they will have, a significant impact on our liquidity. Due to our significant operating cash flow, financial assets, access to capital markets and available lines of credit and revolving credit agreements, we continue to believe that we have the ability to meet our financing needs for the foreseeable future. As market conditions change, we will continue to monitor our liquidity position. However, there can be no assurance that our liquidity or our results of operations will not be affected by recent and possible future changes in global financial markets and global economic conditions. Similar to other global businesses, we face the potential effects of the global economic recession. Unprecedented market conditions including illiquid credit markets, volatile equity markets, dramatic fluctuations in foreign currency rates and economic recession could affect future results.

Effects of Inflation and Cost Increases

The Company, from time to time, experiences cost increases reflecting, in part, general inflationary factors. There is no guarantee that the Company can increase selling prices or reduce costs to fully mitigate the effect of inflation on company costs.

Ability to Successfully Integrate Key Acquisitions

The Company's growth strategy includes title, imprint and business acquisitions which complement the Company's existing businesses; the development of new products and services; designing and implementing new methods of delivering products to our customers, and organic growth of existing brands and titles. Acquisitions may have a substantial impact on the Company's costs, revenues, cash flows, and financial position. Acquisitions involve risks and uncertainties, including difficulties in integrating acquired operations and in realizing expected opportunities; diversions of management resources and loss of key employees; challenges with respect to operating new businesses; debt incurred in financing such acquisitions; and other unanticipated problems and liabilities.

Attracting and Retaining Key Employees

The Company's success is highly dependent upon the retention of key employees globally. In addition, we are dependent upon our ability to continue to attract new employees with key skills to support the continued organic growth of the business.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None

Item 2. Properties

The Company occupies office, warehouse, and distribution facilities in various parts of the world, as listed below (excluding those locations with less than 10,000 square feet of floor area, none of which is considered material property). All of the buildings and the equipment owned or leased are believed to be in good condition and are generally fully utilized.

<u>Location</u>	<u>Purpose</u>	<u>Owned or Leased</u>	<u>Approx. Sq. Ft.</u>
United States:			
New Jersey	Corporate Headquarters	Leased	386,000
New Jersey	Warehouse	Leased	380,000
New Jersey	Office & Warehouse	Leased	185,000
Indiana	Office	Leased	123,000
Massachusetts	Office	Leased	43,000
California	Office	Leased	38,000
Iowa	Office & Warehouse	Owned	27,000
International:			
Australia	Office & Warehouse	Leased	93,000
	Office	Leased	33,000
	Office	Leased	26,000
Canada	Office & Warehouse	Leased	87,000
	Office	Leased	20,000
England	Warehouse	Leased	143,000
	Warehouse	Leased	85,000
	Office	Leased	63,000
	Office	Leased	17,000
	Office	Owned	49,000
	Office	Owned	21,000
Germany	Office	Leased	29,000
	Office	Leased	19,000
	Office	Owned	58,000
India	Office & Warehouse	Leased	16,000
Singapore	Office & Warehouse	Leased	67,000
	Office	Leased	15,000

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in routine litigation in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of all pending litigation will not have a material effect upon the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Item 4. [Removed and Reserved]

PART II

Item 5. **Market for the Company's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities**

The Quarterly Share Prices, Dividends, and Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities listed in the index on page 11 are incorporated herein by reference.

On September 17, 2009, 14,130 shares of restricted stock were granted to the Company's non-employee directors under the Company's 2009 Director Stock Plan. These shares were equal in value to 100 percent of the directors' annual total cash compensation, excluding the additional fees paid to committee chairmen and any expense reimbursements. These awards do not vest until the director retires from the Board of Directors and were made as partial compensation for the recipients' services as directors. On December 16, 2009, 30,000 shares of restricted stock were granted to William J. Pesce, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer in recognition of his role in reorganizing the company into three global lines of business and on selecting and developing successors for the three global lines of business. These issuances of shares were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), pursuant to the exemption under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act for transactions not involving any public offering. No underwriters participated in these transactions, and the Company did not receive any proceeds in connection with these transactions.

Item 6. **Selected Financial Data**

The Selected Financial Data listed in the index on page 11 is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 7. **Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations**

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Business, Financial Condition and Results of Operations listed in the index on page 11 are incorporated herein by reference.

Item 7A. **Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

The information appearing under the caption "Market Risk" in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations listed in the index on page 11 is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 8. **Financial Statements and Supplemental Data**

The Financial Statements and Supplemental Data listed in the index on page 11 is incorporated herein by reference.

JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC., AND SUBSIDIARIES
INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

The following financial statements and information appearing on the pages indicated are filed as part of this report:

	Page(s)
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Business, Financial Condition and Results of Operations	12-42
Results by Quarter	43
Quarterly Share Prices, Dividends, and Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	44
Selected Financial Data	45
Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting	46
Reports of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	47-48
Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of April 30, 2010 and 2009	49
Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended April 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008	50
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended April 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008	51
Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income for the years ended April 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008	52
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	53-77
Schedule II — Valuation and Qualifying Accounts for the years ended April 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008	78

Other schedules are omitted because of the absence of conditions under which they apply or because the information required is included in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Business, Financial Condition and Results of Operations

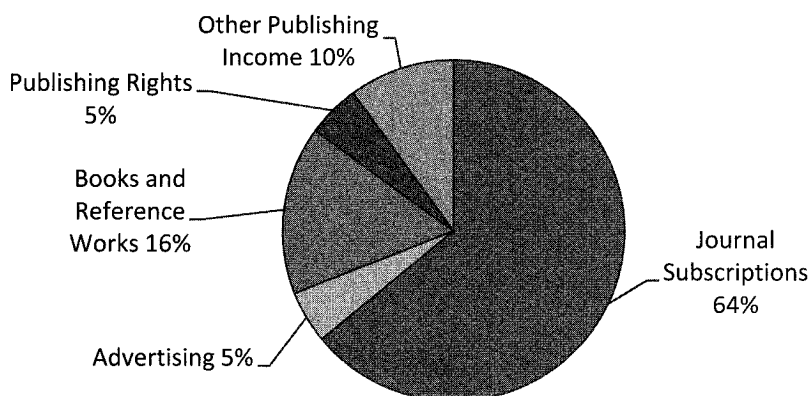
The Company is a global publisher of print and electronic products, providing content and digital solutions to customers worldwide. Core businesses produce scientific, technical, medical and scholarly journals, encyclopedias, books, online products and services; professional and consumer books, subscription products, certification and training materials, online applications and websites; and educational materials in all media, notably through WileyPLUS, the Company's integrated online learning environment, for undergraduate and graduate students, educators, and lifelong learners worldwide as well as secondary school students in Australia. The Company takes full advantage of its content from all three core businesses in developing and cross-marketing products to its diverse customer base of professionals, consumers, researchers, students, and educators. The use of technology enables the Company to make its content more accessible to its customers around the world. The Company maintains publishing, marketing, and distribution centers in the United States, Canada, Europe, Asia, and Australia.

Business growth comes from a combination of title, imprint and business acquisitions which complement the Company's existing businesses; from the development of new products and services; from designing and implementing new methods of delivering products to our customers; and from organic growth of existing brands and titles. The Company's revenue grew at a compound annual rate of 12% over the past five years, including the acquisition of Blackwell in February 2007.

Core Businesses

Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly (STMS):

The Company is one of the leading publishers for the scientific, technical, medical and scholarly communities worldwide, including academic, corporate, government, and public libraries; researchers; scientists; clinicians; engineers and technologists; scholarly and professional societies; and students and professors. STMS products include journals, books, major reference works, databases and laboratory manuals. STMS publishing areas include the physical sciences, health sciences, social science and humanities and life sciences. The Company's STMS products are sold and distributed globally, online and in print through multiple channels, including research libraries and library consortia, independent subscription agents, direct sales to professional society members, bookstores, online booksellers and other customers. Publishing centers include Australia, Germany, Singapore, the United Kingdom and the United States. STMS accounted for approximately 58% of total Company revenue in fiscal year 2010 and generated revenue growth at a compound annual rate of 20% over the past five years, including the acquisition of Blackwell in February 2007. The graph below presents STMS revenue by product type for fiscal year 2010:



Approximately 53% of journal subscription revenue is derived from publishing rights owned by the Company. Publishing alliances also play a major role in STMS's success. The Company publishes the journals of prestigious societies, including the American Cancer Society, the British Journal of Surgery Society, the Federation of European Biochemical Societies, The European Molecular Biology Organization, the American Anthropological Association and the German Chemical Society. Approximately 47% of journal subscription revenue is derived from publication rights which are owned by professional societies and published by the Company pursuant to a long-term contract or owned jointly with a professional society. These society alliances bring mutual benefit, with the societies gaining Wiley's publishing, marketing, sales and distribution expertise, while Wiley benefits from being affiliated with prestigious societies and their members.

STMS is a leading provider of evidence-based medicine (EBM). The *Cochrane Collaboration* database, a premier source of high-quality independent evidence to inform healthcare decision-making, provides the foundation for the Company's growing suite of EBM products designed to improve patient healthcare. EBM facilitates the effective management of patients through clinical expertise informed by best practice evidence that is derived from medical literature.

In late July 2010, the Company plans to launch *Wiley Online Library*, which will host the world's broadest and deepest multidisciplinary collection of online resources covering life, health and physical sciences, medicine, humanities and social science. Built on the latest technology and designed with extensive input from scholars around the world, *Wiley Online Library* will deliver seamless integrated access to over 4 million articles from 1,500 journals, 8,000 books, and hundreds of reference works, laboratory protocols and databases from John Wiley & Sons and key imprints including Wiley-Blackwell, Wiley-VCH and Jossey-Bass. Featuring a clean and simple interface, this new online service will combine intuitive navigation, enhanced discoverability, expanded functionalities and a range of personalization options. *Wiley Online Library* will completely replace *Wiley InterScience*, the Company's current online publishing platform for its scientific, technical, medical and scholarly content, previously introduced in 1999. All existing *Wiley InterScience* content and licensees will be transferred to the new site to enable seamless access for users and subscribers.

Access to *Wiley Online Library* and *Wiley InterScience* is sold through licenses with institutional and corporate libraries, consortia and other academic, government and corporate customers. The Company offers a range of licensing options including customized suites of journal publications for individual customer needs as well as subscriptions for individual journal and online book publications. Licenses are typically sold in durations of one to three years. The Company also provides fee-based access to its content through its *Article Select* and *PayPerView* programs which offer non-subscribed journal content, book chapters and major reference work articles.

Wiley Online Library and *Wiley InterScience* take advantage of technology to update content frequently and to add new features and resources on an ongoing basis to increase the productivity of scientists, professionals and students. Two examples are *EarlyView*, through which customers can access individual articles well in advance of print publication, and *MobileEditions*, which enables users to view tables of content and abstracts on wireless handheld devices and Web-enabled phones.

In 2008, the Company introduced its open access business model, *OnlineOpen*. Under this open access business model, the author, the author's funding agency, or the author's institution pays a fee to ensure that an article is made available globally via *Wiley InterScience* to all non-subscribers including the general public upon publication. The article is also deposited in the funding agency's preferred repository. In return for the service fee, the Company provides its customary publishing, editing and peer review and technology services.

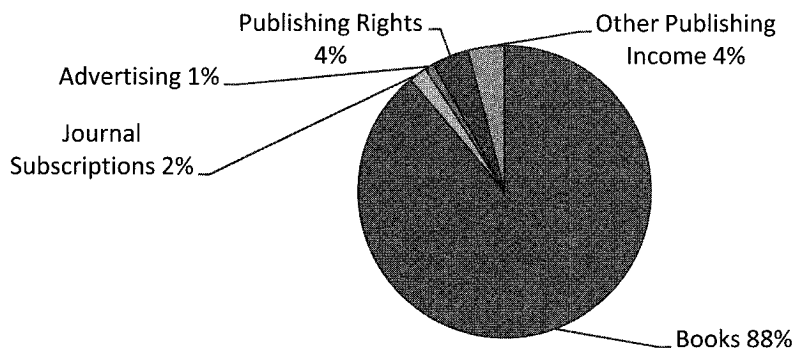
In 2005, the Company began a program to digitize its entire historical journal content, dating back to the 1800s. The Company's digitization of legacy content is designed to improve the research pathway and ensure content discovery is as seamless and efficient as possible. The backfile collection, which is available online through *Wiley InterScience*, spans three centuries of scientific research and comprise over 13.6 million pages – one of the largest archives of its kind issued by a single publisher. As of April 30, 2010 all of Wiley's and Blackwell's existing journal content is digitized and made available to customers.

The Company has been focused on reducing costs associated with the STMS business to finance investments in enabling technology and new businesses. The cost savings are principally the result of increased off-shoring and out-sourcing of certain functions and activities from high cost locations to Singapore and other countries in Asia. Significant portions of the STMS journals and books content management functions, in addition to certain customer support activities, have been off-shored as of the end of fiscal year 2010, with central marketing roles expected to be transferred during fiscal year 2011. In addition to cost savings, the off-shoring and out-sourcing of these functions has enabled the Company to focus its resources on value-added activities, such as process and service enhancements.

Significant Acquisitions: In February 2007, the Company acquired Blackwell Publishing (Holdings) Ltd. ("Blackwell"), a leading publisher of journals and books for the academic, research and professional markets focused on science, technology, medicine and social sciences and humanities. Headquartered in Oxford, England, Blackwell also maintained publishing locations in the United States, Asia, Australia, Denmark and Germany. Approximately 50% of Blackwell's annual revenue was derived from the United States. Blackwell employed approximately 1,000 individuals worldwide with just over half located in the United Kingdom. The acquisition of Blackwell enhanced Wiley's global position as a provider of content and services, expanded and added diversity to the journal portfolio, increased both print and online advertising revenue and added more professional society relationships.

Professional/Trade:

The Company's Professional/Trade business acquires, develops and publishes books, subscription products and information services in all media, in the subject areas of business, technology, architecture, cooking, psychology, education, travel, health, religion, consumer reference, pets and general interest. Products are developed for worldwide distribution through multiple channels, including major chains and online booksellers, independent bookstores, libraries, colleges and universities, warehouse clubs, corporations, direct marketing, and websites. The Company's Professional/Trade customers are professionals, consumers, and students worldwide. Publishing centers include Australia, Canada, Germany, Singapore, the United Kingdom and the United States. Professional/Trade publishing accounted for approximately 25% of total Company revenue in fiscal year 2010 and generated revenue growth at a compound annual rate of 3% over the past five years. The graph below presents P/T revenue by product type for fiscal year 2010:



Key revenue growth strategies of the Professional/Trade business include adding value to its content, developing its leading brands and franchises, and executing strategic acquisitions. The Company's leading Professional/Trade brands include the *For Dummies* series, the *Frommer's* and *Unofficial Guide* travel series, the *Bible* and *Visual* technology series, the *CliffsNotes* study guides, *Webster's New World* dictionaries, and *Betty Crocker* and *Weight Watchers* cookbooks.

Publishing alliances and franchise products are also central to the Company's strategy. The ability to bring together Wiley's product development, sales, marketing, distribution and technological capabilities with a partner's content and brand name recognition has been a driving factor in its success. Professional/Trade alliance partners include General Mills, the Culinary Institute of America, Bloomberg Press, the American Institute of Architects, the Graduate Management Admission Council, the Leader to Leader Institute, Fisher Investments, Meredith Corporation and Weight Watchers, among many others.

The Company promotes an active and growing Professional/Trade custom publishing program. Custom publications are typically used by organizations for internal promotional or incentive programs. Books that are specifically written for a customer or an existing Professional/Trade publication can be customized, such as having the cover art include custom imprint, messages or slogans. Of special note are customized *For Dummies* publications, which leverage the power of this well-known brand to meet the specific information needs of a wide range of organizations around the world.

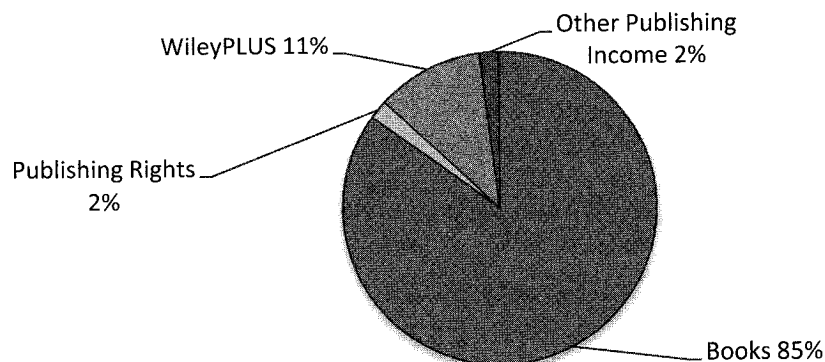
Higher Education:

The Company publishes educational materials in all media, for two and four-year colleges and universities, for-profit career colleges, advanced placement classes and secondary schools in Australia. Higher Education products focus on courses in business and accounting, sciences, engineering, computer science, mathematics, statistics, geography, hospitality and the culinary arts, education, psychology and modern languages.

Higher Education customers include undergraduate, graduate, and advanced placement students, educators, and lifelong learners worldwide as well as secondary school students in Australia. Product is delivered online and in print, principally through college bookstores, online booksellers, and websites. Higher Education accounted for approximately 17% of total Company revenue in fiscal year 2010 and generated revenue growth at a compound annual rate of 6% over the past five years.

Higher Education's mission is to help teachers teach and students learn. Our strategy is to provide value-added quality materials and services through textbooks, supplemental study aids, course and homework management tools and more, in print and electronic formats. The Higher Education website offers online learning materials with links to thousands of companion sub-sites to support and supplement textbooks.

Higher Education delivers high-quality online learning materials that offer more opportunities for customization and accommodate diverse learning styles. A prime example is *WileyPLUS*, the Company's integrated online learning environment focused on both teaching and learning. By offering an electronic version of a text along with additional integrated materials, custom content provided by the instructor, and administrative tools, *WileyPLUS* supports a full range of course-oriented activities, including online planning, presentations, study, homework, and testing. The graph below presents global Higher Education revenue by product type for fiscal year 2010:



The Company also provides the services of the Wiley Faculty Network, a peer-to-peer network of faculty/professors supporting the use of online course material tools and discipline-specific software in the classroom. The Company believes this unique, reliable, and accessible service gives the Company a competitive advantage.

Higher Education is also leveraging the internet in its sales and marketing efforts. The internet enhances the Company's ability to have direct contact with students and faculty at universities worldwide through the use of interactive electronic brochures and e-mail campaigns.

Publishing relationships are key to Higher Education's strategy. The ability to bring Wiley's product development, sales, marketing, distribution and technology with a partner's content and/or brand name has contributed to the Company's success. Alliance partners include Microsoft and National Geographic.

Publishing Operations

Journal Products:

The Company now publishes over 1,600 Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly and Professional/Trade journals. Journal subscription revenue and other related publishing income, such as advertising, backfile sales, the sale of publishing rights, journal reprints and individual article sales accounted for approximately 49% of the Company's consolidated fiscal year 2010 revenue. The journal portfolio includes titles owned by the Company, in which case they may or may not be sponsored by a professional society; titles owned jointly with a professional society; and titles owned by professional societies and published by the Company pursuant to long-term contract.

Societies that sponsor or own such journals generally receive a royalty and/or other consideration. The Company may procure editorial services from such societies on a pre negotiated fee basis. The Company also enters into agreements with outside independent editors of journals that state the duties of the editors, and the fees and expenses for their services. Contributors of journal articles transfer publication rights to the Company or a professional society, as applicable. Journal articles may be based on funded research through government

or charitable grants. In certain cases the terms of the grant may require the grantholder to make articles (either the published version or an earlier unedited version) available free of charge to the public, typically after an embargo period. The Company provides various services for a fee to enable the grantholder to comply.

The Company sells journal subscriptions directly through sales representatives; indirectly through independent subscription agents; through promotional campaigns; and through memberships in professional societies for those journals that are sponsored by societies. Journal subscriptions are primarily licensed through contracts for online content delivered through the Company's web-based platform, *WileyInterScience*. The Company plans to launch *Wiley Online Library* in late July 2010 which will replace *WileyInterScience*. Contracts are negotiated by the Company directly with customers or their subscription agents. Licenses range from one to three years in duration and typically cover calendar years.

Printed journals are generally mailed to subscribers directly from independent printers. The Company does not own or manage printing facilities. The print journal content is also available online. Subscription revenue is generally collected in advance, and deferred until the related issue is shipped or made available online at which time the revenue is earned.

Book Products:

Book products and book related publishing revenue, such as advertising revenue and the sale of publishing rights, accounted for approximately 51% of the Company's consolidated fiscal year 2010 revenue. Materials for book publications are obtained from authors throughout most of the world through the efforts of an editorial staff, outside editorial advisors, and advisory boards. Most materials originate with authors, or as a result of suggestion or solicitations by editors and advisors. The Company enters into agreements with authors that state the terms and conditions under which the materials will be published, the name in which the copyright will be registered, the basis for any royalties, and other matters. Most of the authors are compensated by royalties, which vary with the nature of the product and its anticipated potential profitability. The Company may make advance payments against future royalties to authors of certain publications. Royalty advances are reviewed for recoverability and a reserve for loss is maintained, if appropriate.

The Company continues to add new titles, revise existing titles, and discontinue the sale of others in the normal course of its business, also creating adaptations of original content for specific markets fulfilling customer demand. The Company's general practice is to revise its textbooks every three to five years, if warranted, and to revise other titles as appropriate. Subscription-based products are updated more frequently on a regular schedule. Approximately 30% of the Company's fiscal year 2010 U.S. book-publishing revenue was from titles published or revised in the current fiscal year.

Professional and consumer books are sold to bookstores and online booksellers serving the general public; wholesalers who supply such bookstores; warehouse clubs; college bookstores for their non-textbook requirements; individual practitioners; and research institutions, libraries (including public, professional, academic, and other special libraries), industrial organizations, and government agencies. The Company employs sales representatives who call upon independent bookstores, national and regional chain bookstores and wholesalers. Sales of professional and consumer books also result from direct mail campaigns, telemarketing, online access, advertising and reviews in periodicals. Trade sales to bookstores and wholesalers are generally made on a returnable basis with certain restrictions. The Company provides for estimated future returns on sales made during the year principally based on historical return experience and current market trends.

Adopted textbooks, related supplementary material, and online products such as *WileyPLUS*, are sold primarily to bookstores, including online bookstores, serving educational institutions. The Company employs sales representatives who call on faculty responsible for selecting books to be used in courses, and on the bookstores that serve such institutions and their students. Textbook sales are generally made on a returnable basis with certain restrictions. The textbook business is seasonal, with the majority of textbook sales occurring during the June through August and November through January periods. There is an active used textbook market, which adversely affects the sale of new textbooks.

Like most other publishers, the Company generally contracts with independent printers and binderies for their services. The Company purchases its paper from independent suppliers and printers. The fiscal year 2010 weighted average U.S. paper prices decreased approximately 8% from fiscal year 2009. Approximately 64% of the Company's paper inventory is held in the United States. Management believes that adequate printing and binding facilities, sources of paper and other required materials are available to it, and that it is not dependent upon any single supplier. Printed book products are distributed from both Company-operated warehouses and independent distributors.

The Company develops content in a digital format that can be used for online and print products, resulting in productivity and efficiency savings, as well as enabling the Company to offer customized publishing and print-on-demand products. Book content is increasingly being made available online through *Wiley InterScience*, *WileyPLUS* and other platforms, and in eBook formats through licenses with alliance partners. The Company also sponsors online communities of interest, both on its own and in partnership with others, to expand the market for its products.

The Company believes that the demand for new electronic technology products will continue to increase. Accordingly, to properly service its customers and to remain competitive, the Company has increased its expenditures related to such new technologies and anticipates it will continue to do so over the next several years.

The Company's online presence not only enables it to deliver content online, but also to sell more books. The growth of online booksellers benefits the Company because they provide unlimited virtual "shelf space" for the Company's entire backlist.

Marketing and distribution services are made available to other publishers under agency arrangements. The Company also engages in co-publishing of titles with international publishers and in publication of adaptations of works from other publishers for particular markets. The Company also receives licensing revenue from photocopies, reproductions, translations, and electronic uses of its content.

Advertising Revenue:

The Company generates advertising revenue from print and online journal subscription products; controlled circulation magazines which are issued free to a specific target audience; its online publishing platforms, *Wiley Online Library* and *Wiley InterScience*; and the websites of its consumer brands, including *Frommers.com*, *Dummies.com* and *Cliffsnotes.com*. These revenues accounted for approximately 3% of the Company's consolidated fiscal year 2010 revenue.

Advertisements are sold by the Company's sales representatives to advertising agencies representing the Company's target customers. Typical customers include worldwide pharmaceutical companies; equipment manufacturers and distributors servicing the pharmaceutical industry; and a variety of businesses targeting the Company's consumer brand customers. The Company's advertising growth strategy focuses on increasing the volume of advertising on its online publishing platforms; leveraging the brand recognition of its consumer titles in

all media; the development of new advertising products such as online video promotions or event sponsorship arrangements; and advertising in new and emerging technologies such as the mobile devices market (i.e. smart phone and *iPad* applications).

Global Operations

The Company's publications are sold throughout most of the world through operations located in Europe, Canada, Australia, Asia, and the United States. All operations market their indigenous publications, as well as publications produced by other parts of the Company. The Company also markets publications through independent agents as well as independent sales representatives in countries not served by the Company. John Wiley & Sons International Rights, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, sells reprint and translations rights worldwide. The Company publishes or licenses others to publish its products, which are distributed throughout the world in many languages. Approximately 45% of the Company's consolidated fiscal year 2010 revenue was derived from non-U.S. markets.

The global nature of the Company's business creates an exposure to foreign currency fluctuations relative to the U.S dollar. Each of the Company's geographic locations sell products worldwide in multiple currencies. Revenue and deferred revenue, although billed in multiple currencies are accounted for in the local currency of the selling location. Fiscal year 2010 revenue was recognized in the following currencies: approximately 55% U.S dollar; 28% British pound sterling; 8% Euro and 9% other currencies.

Competition and Economic Drivers within the Publishing Industry

The sectors of the publishing industry in which the Company is engaged are highly competitive. The principal competitive criteria for the publishing industry are considered to be the following: product quality, customer service, suitability of format and subject matter, author reputation, price, timely availability of both new titles and revisions of existing books, online availability of published information, and timely delivery of products to customers.

The Company is in the top rank of publishers of scientific, technical, medical and scholarly journals worldwide, a leading commercial research chemistry publisher; the leading society journal publisher; one of the leading publishers of university and college textbooks and related materials for the "hardside" disciplines, (i.e. sciences, engineering, and mathematics), and a leading publisher in its targeted professional/trade markets. The Company knows of no reliable industry statistics that would enable it to determine its share of the various international markets in which it operates.

Performance Measurements

The Company measures its performance based upon revenue, operating income, earnings per share and cash flow, excluding unusual or one-time events, and considering worldwide and regional economic and market conditions. The Company evaluates market share statistics for publishing programs in each of its businesses. STMS uses various reports to monitor competitor performance and industry financial metrics. Specifically for STMS journal titles, the ISI Impact Factor, published by the Institute for Scientific Information, is used as a key metric of a journal title's influence in scientific publishing. For Professional/Trade, the Company evaluates market share statistics published by BOOKSCAN, a statistical clearinghouse for book industry point of sale data in the United States. The statistics include survey data from all major retail outlets, online booksellers, mass merchandisers, small chain and independent retail outlets. For Higher Education, the Company subscribes to Management Practices Inc., which publishes customized comparative sales reports.

Results of Operations

Fiscal Year 2010 Summary Results

Revenue for fiscal year 2010 increased 5% to \$1,699.1 million, or 4% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. Excluding foreign exchange, Higher Education (“HE”) and Professional/Trade (“P/T”) experienced strong growth, while Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly (“STMS”) was flat with the prior year.

Gross profit margin for fiscal year 2010 of 68.6% was 0.6% higher than prior year, or 0.4% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange mainly due to increased sales of higher margin digital products.

Operating and administrative expenses for fiscal year 2010 of \$872.2 million were 4% higher than the prior year. The increase was mainly due to higher accrued performance-based incentive compensation costs; higher planned HE editorial and production costs to support business growth; increased technology spending; and a \$2.0 million bankruptcy recovery in the prior year activity. The increases in cost were partially offset by lower distribution costs; less Blackwell integration activity; and cost savings initiatives.

The Company performed a strategic review of certain non-core businesses within the STMS reporting segment. The review led the Company to consider alternatives for GIT Verlag, a business-to-business German-language controlled circulation magazine business, which was acquired by the Company in 2002. Based on the outlook for the print advertising business in German language publishing, the Company performed an impairment test on the intangible assets related to GIT Verlag. This test resulted in an \$11.5 million pre-tax impairment charge in fiscal year 2010. The Company also identified a similar decline in the financial outlook for three smaller business-to-business controlled circulation advertising magazines. An impairment test on the intangible assets associated with those magazines resulted an additional \$0.9 million pre-tax impairment charge in fiscal year 2010. After considering a variety of strategic alternatives for GIT Verlag, the Company implemented a restructuring plan in fiscal year 2010 to reduce certain staffing levels and the number of journals published by GIT Verlag. As a result, the Company recorded a pre-tax restructuring charge of approximately \$1.6 million within the STMS reporting segment during fiscal year 2010 for GIT Verlag severance-related costs.

The Company recorded severance costs of \$1.1 million related to offshoring and outsourcing certain central marketing and content management activities to Singapore and other countries in Asia. These charges are expected to be fully recovered within 18 months from implementation as a result of lower operating expenses. The impairment and restructuring charges described above, totaling \$15.1 million, or \$0.17 per share, are reflected in the Impairment and Restructuring Charges line item in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

Operating income for fiscal year 2010 increased 11% to \$242.6 million, or 7% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange and the impairment and restructuring charges. The 7% increase was mainly driven by HE and P/T revenue growth, margin improvement, cost savings initiatives, partially offset by higher performance-based compensation, editorial, production and technology costs to support growth.

Interest expense decreased \$16.1 million to \$32.3 million. Lower interest rates contributed approximately \$12.1 million towards the improvement, while lower average debt outstanding contributed approximately \$4.0 million. Losses on foreign currency transactions for fiscal years 2010 and 2009 were \$10.9 million and \$11.8 million, respectively. The foreign currency transaction losses for fiscal year 2010 were primarily due to the revaluation of U.S. dollar cash balances held by the Company’s non-U.S. locations. The losses incurred in fiscal year 2009 were primarily due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar in the prior year against U.S. dollar third party loans and intercompany payables maintained in non-U.S. locations during that period. Since these amounts were held

in U.S. dollars, the transaction loss did not represent an economic loss to the Company. Fiscal year 2009 included a favorable \$4.6 million (\$0.08 per share) insurance settlement reported as Interest Income and Other.

The effective tax rate for fiscal year 2010 was 28.3% compared to 22.0% in the prior year. The effective tax rate for fiscal year 2009 includes the reversal of a previously accrued income tax reserve of approximately \$3.2 million (\$0.05 per share) due to an income tax settlement with tax authorities in non-U.S. jurisdictions. The Company's effective tax rate for fiscal year 2009 excluding the reversal was approximately 24.0%. The increase in the effective tax rate excluding the reversal was principally due to lower foreign tax benefits and a non-taxable insurance receipt in the prior year.

Earnings per diluted share for fiscal years 2010 and 2009 was \$2.41 and \$2.15, respectively, while net income for the same periods was \$143.5 million and \$128.3 million, respectively. On a currency neutral basis and excluding the impairment and restructuring charges of approximately \$0.17 per share from the current year, earnings per diluted share increased 6%. Higher operating income and lower interest expense was partially offset by a prior year insurance receipt (\$0.08 per share), a prior year tax reserve reversal (\$0.05 per share) and lower foreign tax benefits.

Throughout this report, references to amounts "excluding foreign exchange", "currency neutral" and "performance basis" exclude both foreign currency translation effects and transactional gains and losses. Foreign currency translation effects are based on the change in average exchange rates for each reporting period multiplied by the current period's volume of activity in local currency for each non-U.S. location.

Fiscal Year 2010 Segment Results

As of May 1, 2009, the Company transferred management responsibilities and reporting for certain textbooks from the Professional/Trade segment to the Higher Education segment. All prior periods have been restated for comparability. These changes had no impact on the Company's consolidated revenue, net income or earnings per share.

Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly (STMS):

Dollars in thousands	2010	2009	% change	% change w/o FX (a)
Revenue	\$986,683	\$969,184	2%	0%
Direct Contribution	\$405,244	\$399,156	2%	0%
Contribution Margin	41.1%	41.2%		

(a) Adjusted to exclude fiscal year 2010 impairment and restructuring charges of \$15.1 million from direct contribution.

Global STMS revenue for fiscal year 2010 increased 2% to \$986.7 million, but was flat excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. Increased revenue from rights, individual articles and the *Cochrane Library*, were offset by lower revenue from business-to-business advertising, journal subscriptions (mainly due to production scheduling) and individual member subscriptions. The improvement in rights income principally relates to a legal settlement of approximately \$2.0 million.

Direct contribution to profit for fiscal year 2010 increased 2% to \$405.2 million, but was flat excluding the \$15.1 million asset impairment and restructuring charges recorded in fiscal year 2010 and the favorable impact of foreign exchange. Lower journal production costs, the completion of Blackwell-related integration activities and other cost savings initiatives were offset by increased costs associated with new business and a \$2.0 million

bad debt recovery in fiscal year 2009. Direct contribution margin declined 10 basis points to 41.1% and was flat with the prior year excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange and the asset impairment and restructuring charges.

Calendar Year 2010 Journals Update

Due to the fact that the majority of the Company's journal subscriptions are licensed on a calendar year basis, the Company also monitors and analyzes its journal subscription revenue on that basis. As of April 30, 2010, calendar year 2010 journal subscription billings increased 3% to 4% over prior year on a currency neutral basis, with approximately 95% of expected business closed. There was solid growth in Europe, Middle East, and Africa ("EMEA"), Asia-Pacific and Latin America and modest growth in the U.S. and Canada. Licensed journal business now accounts for 71% of the subscription business as compared to 60% at the same time last year. New licenses included journal subscriptions, backfiles, online books and ArticleSelect sales.

Journals

Journals revenue for fiscal year 2010 increased 2% to \$803.0 million, but was flat excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. Increased revenue from rights, individual articles and the *Cochrane Library*, were offset by lower revenue from business-to-business advertising, journal subscriptions (mainly due to production scheduling) and individual member subscriptions. The improvement in rights income principally relates to a legal settlement of approximately \$2.0 million.

Society Journal Activity

- 31 new signings
- 90 renewed/extended contracts
- 2 contracts not renewed

Key New Contracts

- *Journal of Midwifery and Women's Health* on behalf of the American College of Nurse Midwives
- *Australian Journal of Psychology*, *Australian Psychologist* and *Clinical Psychologist*, the three flagship journals of Australian Psychological Society
- *Legislative Studies Quarterly* on behalf of the Comparative Legislative Research Center at the University of Iowa
- *Allergy & Rhinology* on behalf of the American Academy of Otolaryngic Allergy and the American Rhinologic Society
- *Thoracic Cancer* on behalf of the Tianjin Lung Cancer Institute
- *The Bulletin of the Institute of Classical Studies (BICS)*, one of the world's most prestigious classics journals
- Four academic journals of the Royal Pharmaceutical Society of Great Britain, which were previously self-published (*Journal of Pharmacy and Pharmacology*, *International Journal of Pharmacy Practice*, *Focus on Alternative and Complementary Therapies*, and *Journal of Pharmaceutical Health Services Research*)
- *Equine Veterinary Journal* and *Equine Veterinary Education*, previously self-published by the British Equine Veterinary Association
- *Contemporary Accounting Research* and *Accounting Perspectives*, previously self-published by the Canadian Academic Accounting Association
- *Steel Research International* on behalf of the German Steel Makers Association

Books and Reference

Books and reference revenue for fiscal year 2010 declined 1% to \$172.6 million. The decrease is principally due to the transfer of certain books to HE in the current fiscal year which generated revenue of approximately \$3.6 million in fiscal year 2009. On a currency neutral basis and excluding the effect of the transfer, books and reference revenue increased 2% over prior year mainly due to increased revenue from licensing rights.

Wiley Online Library

In late July 2010, the Company plans to launch *Wiley Online Library*, which will host one of the world's broadest and deepest multidisciplinary collection of online resources covering life, health and physical sciences, medicine, humanities and social science. Built on the latest technology and designed with extensive input from scholars around the world, *Wiley Online Library* will deliver seamless integrated access to over 4 million articles from 1,500 journals, 8,000 books, and hundreds of reference works, laboratory protocols and databases from John Wiley & Sons and key imprints including Wiley-Blackwell, Wiley-VCH and Jossey-Bass. Featuring a clean and simple interface, this new online service will combine intuitive navigation, enhanced discoverability, expanded functionalities and a range of personalization options. Users will be able to discover, read, download and cite current journal and book content, EarlyView articles, backfiles, related materials and supporting data. *Wiley Online Library* will completely replace *Wiley InterScience*, the Company's current online publishing platform for its scientific, technical, medical and scholarly content, previously introduced in 1999. All existing *Wiley InterScience* content and licensees will be transferred to the new site to enable seamless access for users and subscribers.

Digital Update

- Online book revenue grew 44% in fiscal year 2010 to approximately \$6 million. There is a growing trend for institutional library customers to purchase digital books. Online books are sold individually or through subscriptions, similar to journal licenses.
- Wiley's Chinese language website launched in April. Designed to enhance customers' experience with tailored sections for librarians, authors, societies and industry partners, *wileychina.com* will feature general information about Wiley's presence in China, as well as specific details about core content of particular interest to the Chinese community. In addition, this site will include hyper-links and cross references to *wiley.com*, *Wiley InterScience* (and ultimately *Wiley Online Library*) and the *Press Room*, where all local news and events will be highlighted.
- The *Cochrane Library* is now available to more than 650,000 students and faculty at 47 universities in Germany as part of a new agreement with Universitätsbibliothek Johann Christian Senckenberg in Frankfurt. The agreement allows access for a period of ten years to the *Cochrane Library*, a collection of regularly updated evidence-based healthcare databases, including the highly regarded Cochrane Systematic Reviews. In addition, a national license agreement in India will provide about 60 million Internet users with access to *The Cochrane Library*.
- In April, Wiley announced that it will extend licensed electronic content to emergency workers, students, faculty and academic institutions affected by a local, national or global natural disaster. Under the Natural Disaster Access Clause, Wiley will allow a licensee to provide affected groups with electronic access to its licensed products via the licensee's secure network. Such an arrangement was put in place after Hurricane Katrina.
- *Essential Evidence*, a new product added to the online, evidence-based *Essential Evidence Plus*, was launched. This resource tool will help clinicians make diagnoses, chart treatment plans and determine prognoses. The product currently features approximately 700 structured medical topics with approximately 100 more in development.

New Alliances

- A co-publication agreement with Higher Education Press (HEP) in Beijing was signed in the fourth quarter. HEP is the second largest science and technology publisher in China.
- A books co-publishing agreement was signed with The Minerals, Metals & Materials Society. The society is closely affiliated with the American Ceramic Society (ACerS) and ASM International.
- An agreement was signed with the Royal Geographical Society for a book series. Wiley also publishes The Royal Geographical Society's *Geographical Journal*, *Area* and *Transactions of the Institute of British Geographers*.
- An agreement was signed with The American Geographical Society to co-publish both the *Geographical Review* and *FOCUS on Geography*. *Geographical Review* is a leading scholarly periodical.
- Through a partnership with the Australian Psychological Society, Wiley will publish three flagship journals – *Australian Journal of Psychology*, *Australian Psychologist* and *Clinical Psychologist*.
- An agreement was signed with Chemical Industry Press (Beijing, China) to publish a co-branded Wiley-CIP series imprint. The collaboration will focus on a series of English-language advanced textbooks and reference books for a global readership of post-graduates, researchers and practitioners in engineering, materials science and chemistry, with the potential to expand into other areas.
- An agreement was signed with Scrivener Publishing, an engineering book publisher, to co-publish and distribute their books globally. The program will publish 15-20 books per year. The target market includes researchers in the technical and applied sciences.

Acquisitions/Divestments

- Acquired *Microcirculation*, the journal of The Microcirculatory Society. The haematology/vascular medicine publication is in its sixteenth year.
- Acquired the *Israel Journal of Chemistry* from Laser Pages Publishing Ltd. Launched in 1951 as the *Bulletin of the Research Council of Israel, Section A*, it was re-launched in 1963 under its current name.
- Sold two journals to Maney Publishing: *Cochlear Implants International* and *Deafness & Education International*.
- Wiley acquired the publishing rights to *Topley & Wilson's Microbiology and Microbial Infections* from Hodder Education. Now in its 10th edition (having been first published in 1929), the 8-volume reference work is prominent in the fields of microbiology and infectious disease. Wiley will offer it to customers for the first time online in fiscal year 2010.

Journal Impact Factors

In July 2009, Wiley announced that 338 of its journals received top 10 rankings in their respective categories in the Thomson ISI® 2008 Journal Citation Report (JCR), a leading evaluator of journal influence and impact. Journals are ranked using a metric known as an "Impact Factor," which reflects the frequency that peer-reviewed journals are cited by researchers. Other highlights include:

- Wiley is at or near the top of its peers as measured by journal influence and impact. A total of 949 out of 1,450 Wiley journals were ranked in the JCR, which is up from 926 in the previous report. Wiley publications achieved thirty #1 rankings within the 227 categories. The Company's journals received the highest total Impact Factors of any publisher in 37 categories.
- Eight out of the thirty newly-listed Wiley journals are Asia-Pacific publications. Sixty-three Asia-Pacific journals are currently represented in the JCR, evidence of Wiley's expanding publishing program in this region.
- In chemistry and physical sciences, *Angewandte Chemie*, a journal of the German Chemical Society, increased its Impact Factor, strengthening its position as the leading chemistry journal that features primary research and review articles. *Medicinal Research Reviews* is ranked #1 in its category. Other #1 ranked journals in the physical sciences include *Mass Spectrometry Reviews* for the 10th

consecutive year; *Advanced Synthesis and Catalysis* for its 6th year; and *Communications on Pure and Applied Mathematics*.

- In technology and engineering, *International Journal of Circuit Theory and Applications* is the top circuit theory journal. *International Journal for Numerical Methods in Engineering* is #1 in numerical engineering.
- In medical sciences, the journal *CA–A Cancer Journal for Clinicians*, published on behalf of The American Cancer Society, was awarded the highest Impact Factor among all medical journals. In dentistry, *Periodontology 2000* is ranked #1 for the second year and *Journal of Clinical Periodontology* has risen to be ranked #2 (from #5 in 2007). *Addiction's* Impact Factor increased again and remains #1 in substance abuse in the social science index. *Addiction Biology* has taken the #1 spot in substance abuse in the science index. In nursing, *Birth* continues to rank first.
- In life sciences, *Aging Cell* increased its Impact Factor and is ranked #1 in geriatrics and gerontology. For the 5th consecutive year, *Ecology Letters* increased its Impact Factor and remains the highest ranking primary research journal in ecology. *Developmental Dynamics* remains the #1 journal in anatomy and morphology.
- In social sciences and humanities, Wiley published #1 ranked journals in nine categories, including *Addiction*, *Birth: Issues in Perinatal Care*, *Child Development*, *Criminology*, *Journal of Finance*, *Journal of Communication*, *Transactions of the Institute of British Geographers* and *Perspectives on Sexual & Reproductive Health*.

Professional/Trade (P/T):

Dollars in thousands	2010	2009	% change	% change w/o FX
Revenue	\$429,988	\$403,113	7%	6%
Direct Contribution	\$100,196	\$89,678	12%	11%
Contribution Margin	23.3%	22.2%		

Global P/T revenue for fiscal year 2010 increased 7% to \$430.0 million, or 6% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. The revenue growth was driven by higher consumer, business and technology sales and new titles acquired through the Meredith and GMAC agreements. The new agreements contributed approximately \$14.4 million to current period results. North America exhibited the most growth, followed by EMEA.

Direct contribution to profit for fiscal year 2010 increased 12% to \$100.2 million, or 11% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. The improvement reflected higher sales volumes and advertising and marketing cost savings, partially offset by higher performance-based incentive compensation. Direct contribution margin improved 110 basis points to 23.3%, or 90 basis points excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange.

Revenue by Category

- *Business* advanced 5%, led by social media and quick-to-market books.
- *Consumer* grew 16%, led by cooking (Meredith, Food Network TV, Weight Watchers) and the GMAC agreement.
- *Technology* was up 4%. Growth was attributed to Sybex certification and virtualization books, and the release of Windows 7.
- *Psychology* grew 15% for the year.
- *Architecture* was down 6% for the year.
- *Education* grew 6% for the year.

Online Initiatives/eBooks

- Fiscal year 2010 ebook revenue increased 93% to approximately \$7 million.
- Approximately 11,000 eBooks are now available on Kindle.

- *Frommer's Unlimited* launched *Frommer's* destination guides on Canada.com; unveiled destination guides on the UK meta search engine Travelsupermarket; created custom leisure and business events for a high-profile British Airways ad campaign microsite; launched an innovative trip planning tool with Eurostar; and integrated multilingual events content and weather charts into an Air France desktop widget.
- eBook agreements were signed with Barnes and Noble (Nook), EBooks.com, Ingram Digital and Scrollmotion (Apple's preferred eBook vendor). Existing agreements include Amazon (Kindle), Sony (eReader) and Mobipocket.
- P/T launched a *CliffsNotes* literature note application for the iPhone and iPod Touch, branded *CliffsNotes-to-Go*, which was produced on a fast-track schedule to coincide with a major Apple promotion. Five popular classics (*The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn*, *Macbeth*, *The Scarlet Letter*, *To Kill a Mockingbird*, and *Romeo and Juliet*) are available in the iTunes App Store. The apps contain the full content of the books plus audio summaries, interactive character maps, and a user defined "CramPlan" that allows students to access the most important components of the text based on the amount of time they have to study.
- Through an alliance with LibreDigital, Wiley now has the capability to sell ebooks in bulk, enabling volume sales in e-only or print plus electronic combinations based on a variety of access models.

Digital Advertising/Websites

- *Cliffsnotes.com* advertising revenue in fiscal year 2010 grew by 28% over prior year.
- *Dummies.com* reported an all-time record monthly traffic count of 4 million users in March.

New Alliances

- Wiley was named the exclusive global publisher of BLOOMBERG® and BLOOMBERG BUSINESSWEEK® branded books to be marketed as "BLOOMBERG PRESS®, a Wiley imprint." Wiley intends to publish the content in print, e-book and digital formats.
- Wiley has been named an official licensee by The London Organizing Committee of the Olympic Games and Paralympics Games. We will publish 12 books in non-fiction categories including illustrated reference, photographic and architecture and design books, including the official commemorative book.
- Publishing agreement signed with Facebook.com to produce "Official" branded Facebook instruction guides, *The Definitive Facebook Guides*. The series will be launched in fiscal year 2011.
- Wiley-Pfeiffer (HR development and management) signed an agreement with Korean Management Association to deliver products in Korea.
- Agreement signed with the Construction Specifications Institute (CSI) to become the publisher of the CSI Professional Practice Guides. These guides align with CSI's certification program for Architecture, Engineering and Construction industry professionals.
- The Great Place to Work® Institute and Wiley will collaborate on a training package and two books. The Institute has been developing the annual "FORTUNE 100 Best Companies to Work For" list for twenty years and is known around the world for its research-based models and accessible best practices.
- The Meredith (*Better Homes and Gardens*, *Food Network TV*, etc.) backlist boosted cookbook sales. There were 25 new Meredith books in the lifestyles, pets and education categories published in fiscal year 2010.
- Chatelaine, Canada's #1 women's magazine, will publish a major cookbook and personal finance guide in partnership with Wiley.

Notable New Books

Business

- Patrick Lencioni, *Getting Naked: A Business Fable about Shedding the Three Fears that Sabotage Client Loyalty*
- Chris Brogan, *Trust Agents*

- Erik Qualman, *Social Economics*
- Jon Gordon, *Training Camp*
- Bill George, *Seven lessons for Leading In A Crisis*
- Brian Halligan, *Inbound Marketing*

Finance

- Harry Markopolis, *No One Would Listen*
- Peter Schiff, *LoyaltyCrash Proof 2.0*
- John Bogle, *Common Sense of Mutual Funds, 10th Anniversary Edition*
- Ben Stein, *Little Book of Bulletproof Investing*
- Christine Richard, *Confidence Game*
- David Faber, *And Then The Roof Crashed In*

Psychology

- Irving Weiner, *Handbook of Social Psychology, Fifth Edition*
- *The Corsini Encyclopedia of Psychology, Fourth Edition*
- Bret A. Moore, *The Veterans and Active Duty Military Psychotherapy Treatment Planner*
- Sue, *Counseling the Culturally Diverse, Theory and Practice, Fifth Edition*
- Dattilo, *Therascribe Family Treatment Planner, Second Edition*

Consumer

- Doug Lemov, *Teach Like A Champion*
- Bob Sehlinger, *The Unofficial Guide to Walt Disney World: The Color Companion*
- John Brady, *Hero of the Pacific*
- Fred Kaplan, *1959, The Year Everything Changed*
- Brian Leaf, *Defining Twilight*
- Ellie Kreiger, *So Easy*
- Sandra Lee, *Weeknight Wonders*
- Rose Levy Beranbaum, *Rose's Heavenly Cakes*

Architecture

- *Architectural Graphic Standards for Residential Construction*
- Stein and Reynolds, *Mechanical and Electrical Equipment for Buildings , Tenth Edition*
- Edward Allen, *Forms and Forces*
- Frank Ching, *Building Codes Illustrated, Third Edition*

Technology

- Andy Rathbone, *Windows 7 For Dummies*
- Paul Thurott, *Windows 7 Secrets For Dummies*
- Dan Gookin, *Laptops For Dummies*
- Peter Weverka, *Office 2010 All-In-One For Dummies*
- Scott Lowe, *Mastering VMware VSphere4*
- Daniel Hedengren, *Smashing WordPress: Beyond The Blog*

Higher Education (HE):

Dollars in thousands	2010	2009	% change	% change w/o FX
Revenue	\$282,391	\$239,093	18%	15%
Direct Contribution	\$86,212	\$66,619	29%	25%
Contribution Margin	30.5%	27.9%		

Global HE revenue for fiscal year 2010 increased 18% to \$282.4 million, or 15% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. Double-digit growth was experienced in all regions and in nearly every subject category. The revenue growth includes approximately \$3.4 million from books previously reported in STMS and \$1.2

million from books previously reported in P/T. Excluding the effect of these transfers and favorable foreign exchange, HE revenue increased 13%.

Direct contribution to profit for fiscal year 2010 increased 29% to \$86.2 million, or 25% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. The improvement was driven by the top-line growth and improved margin due to increased sales of digital products, partially offset by higher costs to support business growth and higher performance-based compensation. Direct contribution margin improved 270 basis points to 30.5%, or 230 basis points excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange.

Revenue by Region

- *Americas* grew 16% to \$239.0 million.
- *EMEA* revenue increased 13% to \$23.5 million.
- *Asia-Pacific* revenue advanced 27% to \$60.7 million, or 13% on a currency neutral basis.

Revenue by Subject

- *Business and Accounting* exceeded prior year by 21%, driven mainly by a strong accounting frontlist.
- *Engineering and Computer Science* exceeded prior year by 8%. Top textbooks driving the growth include Munson: *Fluid Mechanics 6e*, Turban: *Information Management 7e* and Callister: *Materials Science 8e*.
- *Mathematics and Statistics* surpassed prior year by 27%. Driving the growth over prior year were Hughes Hallett: *Calculus 5e*, Anton: *Calculus 9e*, Boyce: *Elementary Differential Equations 9e* and Young: *College Algebra 2e*.
- *Sciences* surpassed prior year by 9%. Growth is attributed to Cutnell: *Physics 8e*, Jenkins: *Anatomy and Physiology 2e* and Tortora: *Introduction to the Human Body 8e*.
- *Social Sciences* exceeded prior year by 20%. The textbooks driving the growth include Huffman: *Psychology 9e*, deBlij: *Concepts Geography 14e*, Krings: *Abnormal Psychology 11e* and deBlij: *Human Geography 9e*.
- *MOAC* revenue exceeded prior year by 29%. The operating systems and server books continue to drive results.

WileyPLUS

- Global revenue for the full year grew 42% to 11% of global HE sales.
- Digital-only sales grew 55% to \$10 million, accounting for 36% of *WileyPLUS* sales. Digital-only is defined as *WileyPLUS* standalone (not packaged with a print textbook).

New Alliances

- Wiley is partnering with Reaction Explorer to bring new capabilities to the online organic chemistry market. Reaction Explorer uses expert system technology to predict the results of arbitrary organic chemistry reactions. By accessing Reaction Explorer through *WileyPLUS*, students will be able to achieve a higher level of understanding of the intricacies of organic chemistry reactions, syntheses and mechanisms.
- National Geographic Society (NGS): Pilot program signed for custom initiative that will allow customers to choose from over 100 additional pieces of NGS magazine articles and some maps. Customers can combine them with Wiley's Geosciences books to create a more customized and engaging learning solution for instructors and students.
- In May 2009, Wiley announced that it was expanding its alliance with Amazon to offer select Wiley textbooks for sale through the Kindle DX. A pilot program began in the first quarter.

RFID Project

- Many of Wiley's textbooks will now contain embedded Radio Frequency Identification (RFID) tags that will:
 - Increase bookstore sell-through by reducing the supply of reimported, pirated, hurt and comp copies;
 - Enhance business intelligence to enforce returns policy such as no-return agreements and returns attempted after our stated returns period;
 - Improve customer experience by reducing shipping errors. The presence of RFID hardware and systems in Wiley's distribution centers will enable us to validate the contents of shipments as they are fulfilled, thereby reducing shipping errors and the costs associated with correcting them.

Other Developments

- Institutional sales, particularly for-profit schools, continued to gain traction.
- In India, eight new contracts were signed and ten new books were published as part of the indigenous publishing and adaptation program.

Shared Services and Administrative Costs

Shared services and administrative costs for fiscal year 2010 increased 4% to \$349.1 million including and excluding the effect of foreign exchange. The increase was driven by higher accrued performance-based incentive compensation and higher contractor, software licensing and maintenance costs and depreciation due to increased technology investments including *Wiley Online Library*. The cost increases were partially offset by lower distribution costs and reduced spending following the completion of Blackwell integration. Technology investments are focused on next generation publishing platforms in HE and STMS and the related content technology, hosting and support.

Fiscal Year 2009 Summary Results

Revenue for fiscal year 2009 decreased 4% to \$1,611.4 million. Excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange revenue increased 3%. Growth in STMS journals, including an acquisition accounting adjustment that reduced fiscal year 2008 STMS revenue by approximately \$16.7 million, and growth in Higher Education were partially offset by a decline in P/T revenue due to weak market conditions.

Gross profit margin in fiscal year 2009 of 68.0% was 0.2% lower than the prior year as lower P/T sales volume and higher inventory obsolescence and royalty advance provisions were partially offset by favorable product mix and lower production costs in Higher Education. Operating and administrative expenses for fiscal year 2009 of \$839.6 million were 4% lower than the prior year, or increased 1% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. Lower accrued incentive compensation expense and marketing and advertising cost containment programs were more than offset by annual merit increases; higher editorial and distribution costs to support new Higher Education and STMS titles; and higher occupancy, facilities and depreciation costs related to business expansion.

Operating income for fiscal year 2009 decreased 3% to \$218.5 million, or improved 11% excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange. The improvement excluding foreign exchange was mainly due to revenue growth, including the acquisition accounting adjustment in fiscal year 2008. Interest expense decreased \$18.3 million to \$48.4 million. Lower interest rates contributed approximately \$10.8 million towards the improvement, while lower average outstanding debt contributed approximately \$7.5 million. Interest income and other increased \$0.3 million to \$6.2 million principally due to a \$4.6 million (\$0.08 per diluted share) non-recurring insurance receipt received in fiscal year 2009, partially offset by higher interest income in the prior year. Losses on foreign currency transactions for fiscal year 2009 and 2008 were \$11.8 million and \$2.9 million,

respectively. The increase in foreign currency transaction losses was mainly due to the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the British pound sterling on intercompany payables and U.S. dollar third party debt outstanding in the U.K.

The effective tax rates for fiscal years 2009 and 2008 were 22.0% and 8.7%, respectively. During fiscal year 2008, the Company recorded an \$18.7 million tax benefit associated with new tax legislation enacted in the United Kingdom (UK) and Germany that reduced the corporate income tax rates from approximately 30% to 28% and 39% to 29%, respectively. The benefits recognized by the Company reflect the adjustments required to restate all applicable deferred tax balances at the new income tax rates. The new tax rates were effective in Germany as of May 1, 2007 and in the UK as of April 1, 2008. The effective tax rate for fiscal year 2009 was 22.0% compared to 20.2% for fiscal year 2008, excluding the deferred tax benefits described above. The increase was mainly due to lower foreign tax benefits.

Earnings per diluted share and net income for fiscal year 2009 were \$2.15 and \$128.3 million, respectively. Reported earnings per diluted share and net income for fiscal year 2008 were \$2.49 and \$147.5 million, respectively. Adjusted to exclude the non-cash deferred tax benefits described above, earnings per diluted share and net income for fiscal year 2008 were \$2.17 and \$128.9 million, respectively. See Non-GAAP Financial Measures described below. Excluding the deferred tax benefits and the effect of foreign exchange transaction and translation losses of approximately \$0.50 per share, earnings per share increased 22% to \$2.15 per share.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures: The Company's management internally evaluates its operating performance excluding unusual and/or nonrecurring events. The Company believes excluding such events provides a more effective and comparable measure of current and future performance. We also believe that excluding the effects of the following tax benefits provides a more balanced view of the underlying dynamics of our business.

Deferred Tax Benefit on Changes in Statutory Tax Rates

The Company recorded an \$18.7 million tax benefit (\$15.6 million for Blackwell) associated with new tax legislation enacted in the United Kingdom (U.K.) and Germany that reduced the corporate income tax rates from approximately 30% to 28% and 39% to 29%, respectively. The benefits recognized by the Company reflect the adjustments required to restate all applicable deferred tax balances at the new income tax rates. These benefits have been adjusted below due to their infrequent non-recurring nature.

Since adjusted net income and adjusted earnings per share are not measures calculated in accordance with US GAAP, they should not be considered as a substitute for other US GAAP measures, including net income and earnings per share as indicators of operating performance. Accordingly, adjusted net income and adjusted earnings per diluted share are reconciled below to net income and earnings per share on a US GAAP basis, for fiscal years 2009 and 2008.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Disclosure

Net Income (in thousands)	For the Years Ended April 30,	
	2009	2008
As Reported	\$128,258	\$147,536
Deferred Tax Benefit on Changes in Statutory Rates	-	(18,663)
Adjusted	\$128,258	\$128,873

Earnings per Diluted Share	For the Years Ended April 30,	
	2009	2008
As Reported	\$2.15	\$2.49
Deferred Tax Benefit on Changes in Statutory Rates	-	(0.31)
Adjusted	\$2.15	\$2.17

Fiscal Year 2009 Segment Results

Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly (STMS):

Dollars in thousands	2009	2008	% change	% change w/o FX
Revenue	\$969,184	\$975,797	(1%)	9%
Direct Contribution	\$399,156	\$384,170	4%	14%
Contribution Margin	41.2%	39.4%		

Global STMS revenue for fiscal year 2009 of \$969.2 million declined 1% from prior year mainly due to unfavorable foreign exchange. Excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange revenue increased 9%. Increased revenue from journal subscription renewals, new business, price increases, global rights and STMS books was partially offset by lower sales of backfiles, reprints and custom publishing. Also contributing to the increase in journal subscriptions was a \$16.7 million acquisition accounting adjustment related to Blackwell that reduced revenue in fiscal year 2008. This adjustment contributed 2% to revenue growth excluding foreign exchange.

Direct contribution to profit for fiscal year 2009 grew 4% from prior year to \$399.2 million, or 14% excluding the unfavorable effect of foreign exchange. Direct contribution margin improved 180 basis points to 41.2%, or 41.1% excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange, mainly due to the prior year acquisition accounting adjustment, a \$2.0 million bad debt recovery and cost containment efforts, partially offset by higher performance compensation and other employment costs and editorial costs due to the addition of more society journals. Margins on professional society journals are lower than margins earned on Company owned journals.

STMS Journals

Journal revenue grew 8% excluding unfavorable foreign exchange and the fiscal year 2008 acquisition accounting adjustment related to Blackwell. All regions exhibited journal sales growth, excluding unfavorable foreign exchange. The performance is mainly attributed to renewals, new business, price increases and the acquisition accounting adjustment in fiscal year 2008. Subscription and pay-per-view revenue was up year-over-year, while backfile revenue fell due to the economic climate, particularly in the US.

Society Journal Activity

- 32 New signings
- 87 Renewed/extended contracts
- 9 Contracts not renewed

Key New Agreements

- A new journal launch for 2010 – the *Journal of Research Synthesis Methods* in association with the Society for Research Synthesis Methodology
- *Family and Consumer Science Research* on behalf of the American Association of Family and Consumer Sciences
- *Design Management Review* and *Design Management Journal* with the Design Management Institute
- The Institute of Development Studies at the University of Sussex, one of Europe's leading research institutions. The journal, *IDS Bulletin*, was previously self-published.
- The Economic Society of Australia for *Economic Papers*.
- *Asian Journal of Endoscopic Surgery*.

Key Journal Renewals

- *Economic Journal and Econometrics Journal* (Royal Economic Society)
- *Journal of Accounting Research* (Institute of Professional Accounting at the University of Chicago Booth School of Business)
- *Cancer Science* (Japanese Cancer Association)
- *ANZ Journal of Surgery* (Royal Australasian College of Surgeons)
- *International Journal of Urology* (Japanese Urological Association)
- *Journal of Neuroendocrinology* (European Neuroendocrine Association, the British Society for Neuroendocrinology and the International Neuroendocrine Federation)
- *Therapeutic Aphaeresis and Dialysis* (International Society for Aphaeresis, The Japanese Society for Aphaeresis and The Japanese Society for Dialysis Therapy)
- *Journal of Philosophy of Education* (Philosophy of Education Society of Great Britain)

Journal Licenses

Journal licenses, which represent approximately 60% of fiscal year 2009 journal subscription revenue, provide academic, government and corporate customers with online access to multiple journals. During fiscal year 2009, agreements were signed or renewed with universities, library consortia and government agencies in the US, Norway, Japan, China, Brazil, Canada, Greece, Chile, Denmark and India.

STMS Books and References

Book sales and other related income, which account for approximately 17% of fiscal year 2009 STMS revenue, were up 5% excluding unfavorable foreign exchange. The total number of books published increased slightly. Online book sales rose approximately 20% to \$10 million. During the fiscal year, Wiley acquired the Arnold statistics book program from Hodder Education. The acquisition, which includes over 50 titles, complements areas of strength in Wiley's statistics program, while providing growth opportunities.

Wiley InterScience

Wiley achieved an important milestone in the early part of fiscal year 2009 by migrating online journal content, customers and access licenses from Blackwell's *Synergy* platform to *Wiley InterScience*. The migration included approximately 29,000 customers, over two million licenses and nearly two million journal articles.

Professional/Trade (P/T):

Dollars in thousands	2009	2008	% change	% change w/o FX
Revenue	\$403,113	\$457,286	(12%)	(9%)
Direct Contribution	\$89,678	\$130,502	(31%)	(27%)
Contribution Margin	22.2%	28.5%		

Global P/T revenue for fiscal year 2009 decreased 12% to \$403.1 million, or 9% excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange. The decline in revenue was due to a weak retail environment particularly in the U.S., partially offset by modest growth in the European and Canadian markets. Also affecting the comparison to last year was the termination of a publishing agreement in the culinary/hospitality publishing program.

Direct contribution to profit decreased 31% to \$89.7 million, or 27% excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange. Direct contribution margin declined 630 basis points to 22.2%, or 560 basis points excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange. The decline reflects lower sales volume, higher inventory obsolescence and royalty advance provisions and a \$2.0 million bad debt recovery in the prior year, partially offset by cost containment efforts in advertising, sales and marketing and lower accrued incentive compensation.

Notable Alliances

- *GMAC/Official Guide to the GMAT*: Wiley became the official publisher of the Graduate Management Admission Test® (GMAT®) study guides in October 2008. In March, the 12th edition of the top-selling *Official Guide for GMAT Review* was released worldwide. It will be followed by *The Official Guide for GMAT Verbal Review* and *The Official Guide for GMAT Quantitative*.
- *Meredith*: In March 2009, as part of its multi-year agreement, Wiley began publishing *Better Homes and Garden* book titles and other brands such as *Family Circle*, as well as *Food Network TV*, Sandra Lee, Rocco DiSpirito and Tyler Florence.
- *Kindle (Amazon)*: Currently, Wiley has over 9,000 P/T books available on the Kindle 2.
- *General Mills*: Wiley and General Mills signed an agreement to renew their publishing partnership. Under the agreement, Wiley will continue to publish the flagship *Betty Crocker "Big Red"* cookbook and other cookbooks under the *Betty Crocker*, *Pillsbury* and other General Mills brands.
- *Vancouver Olympic Organizing Committee*: Wiley Canada entered into an agreement with VANOC, becoming the official publication partner of the 2010 Winter Olympic and Paralympics Games in Vancouver/Whistler. In close cooperation with VANOC, Wiley will produce commemorative books, games reports, and custom publications.

Online Initiatives

- For the fiscal year, Frommers.com maintained its top position in website traffic by posting 137 million page views and nearly 29 million visits. The results were lower than last year due to the economy.
- Launched in November 2008, the new Dummies.com generated a total of 29 million page views by fiscal year-end, a 23% increase over prior year. Eleven million unique visitors represented a 21% increase. Users are spending 17% more time on content pages. The site now includes 25 topic areas with 250+ pieces of content in each, 950 fully illustrated step-by-step articles, 6,610 articles, and 265 videos.
- CliffsNotes.com recorded year-on-year increases of 5% in page views and 21% in unique visitors.

Notable New Titles

Business:

- Lee Bolman: *Reframing Organizations*, Fourth Edition

- Jim Kouzes and Barry Posner: *Leadership Challenge*, Fourth Edition
- GAAP 2009
- CPA Exam Set, Thirty-fifth edition, Volumes 1 and 2
- Mary Kay Ash: *Mary Kay Way*
- Patrick Lencioni: *Three Big Questions for A Frantic Family*

Finance:

- JK Lasser, *Year In Taxes 2009*
- Fischer: *Ten Road to Riches*
- John Bogle: *Enough*
- Peter Schiff: *Little Book of Bull Moves in Bear Markets*
- Martin Weiss: *Depression Survival Guide*
- Addison Wiggin: I.O.U.S.A.: *One Nation. Under Stress. In Debt*

Psychology:

- Lenore Skenazy: *Free Range Kids: Giving Our Children the Freedom We had without Going Nuts with Worry*
- Michael Gurian: *The Purpose of Boys: Helping Our Sons Find Meaning, Significance and Direction in Their Lives*
- Gary Groth-Marnat: *Handbook of Psychological Assessment*, Fifth Edition
- Richard Lerner: *Handbook of Adolescent Psychology*, Third Edition

Consumer:

- *Weight Watchers in 20 Minutes*
- Mark Bittman: *How to Cook Everything*, Second Edition
- Bob Sehlinger: *Unofficial Guide to Walt Disney World 2009*
- GMAC: *The Official Guide to the GMAT*, Twelfth Edition
- Jack Cafferty: *Now Or Never: Getting Down To Business of Saving Our American Dream*
- Alan Rubin: *Diabetes for Dummies*
- Paul McFedries: *iPhone 3G Portable Genius*

Architecture:

- Edward Allen: *Fundamentals of Building Construction*, Fifth Edition
- Wiley CPE (*Continuing Professional Education, a web-based online continuing education system*).

Higher Education (HE):

Dollars in thousands	2009	2008	% change	% change w/o FX
Revenue	\$239,093	\$240,651	(1%)	3%
Direct Contribution	\$66,619	\$74,387	(10%)	(5%)
Contribution Margin	27.9%	30.9%		

Global HE revenue for fiscal year 2009 decreased 1% from the prior year period, but increased 3% excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange. Excluding foreign exchange, revenue growth occurred in every region and in nearly every subject category. Contributing to these results were a strong frontlist; approximately \$6.6 million of revenue from recently acquired titles; solid growth from the Microsoft publishing agreement; and the continued success of *WileyPLUS*.

Direct contribution to profit decreased 10% to \$66.6 million, or 5% excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange. Direct contribution margin declined 300 basis points to 27.9%, or 240 basis points excluding the unfavorable impact of foreign exchange. The decline reflects prior year cost containment efforts which significantly curtailed expenditures in fiscal year 2008, higher accrued incentive compensation expense and increased marketing, advertising and content development costs to support the large frontlist.

WileyPLUS

- Now accounts for 9% of global HE revenue
- Global full year billings increased 38%
- Digital-only sales grew 70%
- Validation/usage rates increased
- *WileyPLUS* sales outside the US represent 15% of the total

Notable Alliances

- Microsoft Official Academic Course (MOAC) revenue was up 16% over prior year.
- Wiley is partnering with American Hospitality Training Institute, an online provider of hospitality training for students outside the US interested in working for US hotels and resorts. Twenty-one classes utilizing content from Barrows/*Introduction to Management in the Hospitality Industry 9e* will begin in June, 2009.
- Wiley and Learning House agreed to create highly integrative online courses based on Wiley textbooks. The courses will be bundled with the book. We received approval for a licensing agreement for two pilot courses in world regional geography and Spanish 1. Learning House is an online education solutions partner helping small colleges and universities offer and manage their online degree programs.
- Wiley expanded its alliance with Amazon to offer select Wiley textbooks for sale through the Kindle DX. Books are set to go live on the Kindle Store in the summer of 2009.

Acquisitions

- In August 2008, Wiley acquired business and modern language textbooks from Cengage Learning and mathematics and statistics textbooks from Key College Publishing.
- These acquisitions contributed approximately \$6.6 million of revenue in fiscal year 2009, exceeding expectations.

Custom Publishing

- *Wiley Custom Select* was successfully launched in the fourth quarter. *Wiley Custom Select* is a custom textbook system that allows instructors to "build" customized higher education course materials that fit their pedagogical needs, enabling users to easily find the content, personalize the material and format, and submit the order. In fiscal year 2009, custom sales increased approximately 25%.

Shared Service and Administrative Costs

Shared services and administrative costs for fiscal year 2009 decreased 7% to \$337.0 million, or 2% excluding the favorable impact of foreign exchange. The improvement reflects lower accrued incentive compensation expense and lower integration costs, partially offset by planned salary merit increases, higher distribution costs due to increased journal shipping and handling and higher occupancy, facilities and depreciation costs related to business expansion.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash and cash equivalents balance was \$153.5 million at the end of fiscal year 2010, compared with \$102.8 million a year earlier. Cash provided by operating activities in fiscal year 2010 increased \$77.5 million to \$418.8 million due primarily to higher earnings and non-cash charges and provisions, and lower working capital, partially offset by higher pension contributions. Pension contributions in fiscal year 2010 were \$48.1 million, of which \$31.0 million were discretionary, compared to \$21.0 million in the prior year.

The improvement in working capital was principally due to higher accrued incentive compensation, lower inventories due to improved sales and inventory management, and higher unearned deferred revenue, partially offset by higher accounts receivable due to increased book sales, and lower accounts payable due to timing of payments. The improvement in Deferred Revenue reflects journal subscription and *WileyPLUS* growth and the

timing of cash collections on journal subscriptions resulting from the resolution of prior year billing delays of approximately \$37 million, which shifted cash collection from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010.

Cash used for investing activities for fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$209.9 million compared to \$201.6 million in fiscal year 2009. The Company invested \$6.4 million in the acquisition of publishing businesses, assets and rights compared to \$24.0 million in the prior year. Cash used for property, equipment and technology and product development increased \$25.8 million in fiscal year 2010 versus the prior year with product development spending increasing approximately \$23.7 million primarily due to the timing of author advance payments.

Cash used in financing activities was \$156.4 million in fiscal year 2010, as compared to \$89.1 million in fiscal year 2009. In fiscal 2010, cash was used primarily to pay dividends to shareholders, and repay debt. The Company did not repurchase any shares in fiscal 2010 while during fiscal year 2009, the Company repurchased one million shares at an average price of \$34.89. The Company increased its quarterly dividend to shareholders by 7.7% to \$0.14 per share in fiscal year 2010 from \$0.13 per share in the prior year. Proceeds from stock option exercises increased \$21.0 million to \$32.6 million in fiscal 2010.

The aggregate notional amount of interest rate swap agreements associated with the Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility were \$300 million as of April 30, 2010. It is management's intention that the notional amount of the interest rate swap be less than the Term Loan and Revolving Credit Facility outstanding during the life of the derivative.

The Company's operating cash flow is affected by the seasonality and timing of receipts from its STMS journal subscriptions and its Higher Education business. Cash receipts for calendar year STMS subscription journals occur primarily from November through February. Reference is made to the Credit Risk section, which follows, for a description of the impact on the Company as it relates to independent journal agents' financial position and liquidity. Sales primarily in the U.S. higher education market tend to be concentrated in June through August, and again in November through January. Due to this seasonality, the Company normally requires increased funds for working capital from May through September.

Global capital and credit markets have recently experienced increased volatility. As of April 30, 2010, we had approximately \$649.0 million of debt outstanding and approximately \$572.0 million of unused borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility which is described in Note 12. We believe that our operating cash flow, together with our revolving credit facilities and other available debt financing, will be adequate to meet our operating, investing and financing needs in the foreseeable future, although there can be no assurance that continued or increased volatility in the global capital and credit markets will not impair our ability to access these markets on terms commercially acceptable to us or at all.

The Company has adequate cash and cash equivalents available, as well as short-term lines of credit to finance its short-term seasonal working capital requirements. The Company does not have any off-balance-sheet debt.

Working capital at April 30, 2010 was negative \$188.7 million. Working capital is negative as a result of including, in current liabilities, unearned deferred revenue related to subscriptions for which cash has been collected in advance. This deferred revenue will be recognized into income as the products are shipped or made available online to the customers over the term of the subscription. Current liabilities as of April 30, 2010 include \$275.7 million of such deferred subscription revenue for which cash was collected in advance.

Projected product development and property, equipment and technology capital spending for fiscal year 2011 is forecast to be approximately \$145 million and \$60 million, respectively, primarily to enhance system functionality and drive future business growth.

Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments

A summary of contractual obligations and commercial commitments, excluding interest charges on debt, and unrecognized tax benefits further described in Note 10, as of April 30, 2010 is as follows:

	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Within Year 1	2-3 Years	4-5 Years	After 5 Years
Total Debt	\$649.0	\$90.0	\$559.0	\$-	\$-
Non-Cancelable Leases	238.6	34.0	59.1	54.8	90.7
Minimum Royalty Obligations	204.4	42.2	70.1	52.7	39.4
Other Commitments	6.8	4.6	2.1	0.1	-
Total	<u>\$1,098.8</u>	<u>\$170.8</u>	<u>\$690.3</u>	<u>\$107.6</u>	<u>\$130.1</u>

Market Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk primarily related to interest rates, foreign exchange, and credit risk. It is the Company's policy to monitor these exposures and to use derivative financial investments and/or insurance contracts from time to time to reduce fluctuations in earnings and cash flows when it is deemed appropriate to do so. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Interest Rates:

The Company had \$649.0 million of variable rate loans outstanding at April 30, 2010, which approximated fair value. On February 16, 2007, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement, designated as a cash flow hedge as defined under the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 815, "Derivatives and Hedging" ("ASC 815"). The hedge locked-in a portion of the variable interest due on a portion of the Term Loan. Under the terms of the interest rate swap, the Company pays a fixed rate of 5.076% and receives a variable rate of interest based on three month LIBOR (as defined) from the counter party which is reset every three months for a four-year period ending February 8, 2011. The notional amount of the rate swap was initially \$660 million which will decline through February 8, 2011, based on the expected amortization of the Term Loan. As of April 30, 2010, the notional amount of the rate swap was \$200.0 million.

On October 19, 2007, the Company entered into an additional interest rate swap agreement designed by the Company as a cash flow hedge that locked-in a portion of the variable interest due on the Revolving Credit Facility. Under the terms of this interest rate swap, the Company pays a fixed rate of 4.60% and receives a variable rate of interest based on three month LIBOR (as defined) from the counterparty which is reset every three months for a three-year period ending August 8, 2010. The notional amount of the rate swap is \$100.0 million.

It is management's intention that the notional amount of interest rate swaps be less than the Term Loan and the Revolving Credit Facility outstanding during the life of the derivatives. During fiscal year 2010, the Company

recognized a loss on its hedge contracts of approximately \$20.4 million which is reflected in interest expense. At April 30, 2010, the aggregate fair value of the interest rate swaps was a net loss of \$11.5 million which is included in Other Accrued Liabilities in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. On an annual basis, a hypothetical one percent change in interest rates for the \$349.0 million of unhedged variable rate debt as of April 30, 2010 would affect net income and cash flow by approximately \$2.2 million.

Foreign Exchange Rates:

Fluctuations in the currencies of countries where the Company operates outside the U.S. may have a significant impact on financial results. The Company is primarily exposed to movements in British pound sterling, euros, Canadian and Australian dollars, and certain Asian currencies. The Statements of Financial Position of non-U.S. business units are translated into U.S. dollars using period-end exchange rates for assets and liabilities and weighted-average exchange rates for revenues and expenses. Fiscal year 2010 revenue was recognized in the following currencies: approximately 55% U.S. dollar; 28% British pound sterling; 8% Euro and 9% other currencies.

Adjustments resulting from translating assets and liabilities are reported as a separate component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) within Shareholders' Equity under the caption Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment. The Company also has significant investments in non-U.S. businesses that are exposed to foreign currency risk. During fiscal year 2010, the Company recorded approximately \$60.3 million of currency translation gains in other comprehensive income primarily as a result of the weakening of the U.S. dollar relative to the British pound sterling.

Effective November 1, 2008, the Company changed its functional currency reporting basis for the non-Blackwell portion of the Company's European STMS journal business from U.S. Dollar to local currency. As part of the integration of Blackwell and Wiley fulfillment systems and licensing practices, in the third quarter of fiscal year 2009 the Company began pricing journal revenue based on local currency in Europe. Prior to the integration, journal revenue was principally priced and reported in U.S. Dollars. This change primarily impacted business denominated in Euros and Sterling.

Exchange rate gains or losses related to foreign currency transactions are recognized as transaction gains or losses in the Consolidated Statements of Income as incurred. Under certain circumstances, the Company may enter into derivative financial instruments in the form of foreign currency forward contracts to hedge against specific transactions, including intercompany purchases and loans. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

During fiscal year 2010, the Company entered into forward exchange contracts to manage the Company's exposure on certain foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are remeasured at spot rates in effect on the balance sheet date, with the effects of changes in spot rates reported in Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses) on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The Company did not designate these forward exchange contracts as hedges under current accounting standards as the benefits of doing so were not material due to the short-term nature of the contracts. Therefore, the forward exchange contracts are marked to market through Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses) on the Consolidated Statements of Income, and carried at their fair value on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. Accordingly, fair value changes in the forward exchange contracts substantially mitigated the changes in the value of the remeasured foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities attributable to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The fair value of open forward exchange contracts were measured on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs. In fiscal year 2010, the losses recognized on the forward contracts were

\$2.0 million, and were substantially offset by the foreign exchange gains recognized on the economically hedged foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. As of April 30, 2010, there were no open contracts outstanding. The Company did not enter into any forward exchange contracts during fiscal year 2009.

Customer Credit Risk:

In the journal publishing business, subscriptions are primarily sourced through journal subscription agents who, acting as agents for library customers, facilitate ordering by consolidating the subscription orders/billings of each subscriber with various publishers. Cash is generally collected in advance from subscribers by the subscription agents and is remitted to the journal publisher, including the Company, generally prior to the commencement of the subscriptions. Although at fiscal year-end the Company had minimal credit risk exposure to these agents, future calendar-year subscription receipts from these agents are highly dependent on their financial condition and liquidity. Subscription agents account for approximately 24% of total consolidated revenue and no one agent accounts for more than 10% of total consolidated revenue.

The Company's book business is not dependent upon a single customer; however, the industry is concentrated in national, regional, and online bookstore chains. Although no one book customer accounts for more than 8% of total consolidated revenue, the top 10 book customers account for approximately 20% of total consolidated revenue and approximately 45% of accounts receivable at April 30, 2010.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Management continually evaluates the basis for its estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates, which could affect the reported results.

Financial Reporting Release No. 60, released by the Securities and Exchange Commission, requires all companies to discuss critical accounting policies or methods used in the preparation of financial statements. Note 2 of the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" includes a summary of the significant accounting policies and methods used in preparation of our Consolidated Financial Statements. Set forth below is a discussion of the Company's more critical accounting policies and methods.

Revenue Recognition: The Company recognizes revenue when the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists; delivery has occurred or services have been rendered; the price to the customer is fixed or determinable; and collectability is reasonably assured. If all of the above criteria have been met, revenue is principally recognized upon shipment of products or when services have been rendered. Subscription revenue is generally collected in advance. The prepayment is deferred and recognized as earned when the related issue is shipped or made available online over the term of the subscription. When a product is sold with multiple deliverables, the Company accounts for each deliverable within the arrangement as a separate unit of accounting due to the fact that each deliverable is also sold on a stand-alone basis. The total consideration of a multiple-element arrangement is allocated to each unit of accounting using the relative fair value method based on the estimated selling prices of each deliverable within the arrangement. Collectability is evaluated based on the amount involved, the credit history of the customer, and the status of the customer's account with the Company. Revenue is reported net of any amounts billed to customers for taxes which are remitted to government authorities.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts: The estimated allowance for doubtful accounts is based on a review of the aging of the accounts receivable balances, historical write-off experience, credit evaluations of customers and current market conditions. A change in the evaluation of a customer's credit could affect the estimated allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is shown as a reduction of accounts receivable in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and amounted to \$6.9 million and \$5.7 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Sales Return Reserve: The estimated allowance for sales returns is based on a review of the historical return patterns, as well as current market trends in the businesses in which we operate. Sales return reserves, net of estimated inventory and royalty costs, are reported as a reduction of accounts receivable in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and amounted to \$55.3 million and \$55.2 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. A one percent change in the estimated sales return rate could affect net income by approximately \$4.0 million. A change in the pattern or trends in returns could affect the estimated allowance.

Reserve for Inventory Obsolescence: Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market. A reserve for inventory obsolescence is estimated based on a review of damaged, obsolete, or otherwise unsalable inventory. The review encompasses historical unit sales trends by title; current market conditions, including estimates of customer demand compared to the number of units currently on hand; and publication revision cycles. A change in sales trends could affect the estimated reserve. The inventory obsolescence reserve is reported as a reduction of the inventory balance in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and amounted to \$39.7 million and \$36.3 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Allocation of Acquisition Purchase Price to Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed: In connection with acquisitions, the Company allocates the cost of the acquisition to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on estimates of the fair value of such items including goodwill and other intangible assets. Such estimates include expected cash flows to be generated by those assets and the expected useful lives based on historical experience, current market trends, and synergies to be achieved from the acquisition and expected tax basis of assets acquired. For significant acquisitions, the Company uses independent appraisers to assist in the determination of such estimates.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets: Goodwill is the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of the net assets of the business acquired. Other intangible assets principally consist of branded trademarks, acquired publication rights, customer relationships and non-compete agreements. Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized but are reviewed annually for impairment or more frequently if events or circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. The fair values of the Company's reporting units are substantially in excess of their carrying values. Other finite-lived intangible assets continue to be amortized over their useful lives. Acquired publication rights with definitive lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over periods ranging from 5 to 40 years. Non-compete agreements are amortized over the terms of the individual agreement.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets: Depreciable and amortizable assets are only evaluated for impairment upon a significant change in the operating or macroeconomic environment. In these circumstances, if an evaluation of the current forecasts of undiscounted cash flows indicates impairment, the asset is written down to its estimated fair value based on the discounted future cash flows.

Share-Based Compensation: The Company recognizes share-based compensation expense based on the fair value of the share-based awards on the grant date, reduced by an estimate of future forfeited awards. As such, share-based compensation expense is only recognized for those awards that are expected to ultimately vest. The fair value of share-based awards is recognized in net income on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. The grant date fair value for stock options is estimated using the Black-Scholes option-pricing

model. The determination of the assumptions used in the Black-Scholes model requires the Company to make significant judgments and estimates, which include the expected life of an option, the expected volatility of the Company's Common Stock over the estimated life of the option, a risk-free interest rate and the expected dividend yield. Judgment is also required in estimating the amount of share-based awards that may be forfeited. Share-based compensation expense associated with performance-based stock awards is determined based upon actual results compared to targets established three years in advance. The cumulative effect on current and prior periods of a change in the estimated number of performance share awards, or estimated forfeiture rate is recognized as an adjustment to earnings in the period of the revision. If actual results differ significantly from estimates, the Company's share-based compensation expense and results of operations could be impacted.

Retirement Plans: The Company provides defined benefit pension plans for the majority of its employees worldwide. The accounting for benefit plans is highly dependent on assumptions concerning the outcome of future events and circumstances, including compensation increases, long-term return rates on pension plan assets, healthcare cost trends, discount rates and other factors. In determining such assumptions, the Company consults with outside actuaries and other advisors. The discount rates for the U.S. and Canadian pension plans are based on the derivation of a single-equivalent discount rate using a standard spot rate curve and the timing of expected payments as of the balance sheet date. The spot rate curve is based upon a portfolio of Moody's-rated Aa3 (or higher) corporate bonds. The discount rates for other non-U.S. plans are based on similar published indices with durations comparable to that of each plan's liabilities. The expected long-term rates of return on pension plan assets are estimated using market benchmarks for equities, real estate and bonds applied to each plan's target asset allocation and are estimated by asset class including an anticipated inflation rate. The expected long-term rates are then compared to the historic investment performance of the plan assets as well as future expectations and estimated through consultation with investment advisors and actuaries. Salary growth and healthcare cost trend assumptions are based on the Company's historical experience and future outlook. While the Company believes that the assumptions used in these calculations are reasonable, differences in actual experience or changes in assumptions could materially affect the expense and liabilities related to the defined benefit pension plans of the Company.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards: In September 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued guidance which is included Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 provides a single authoritative definition of fair value and provides enhanced guidance for measuring the fair value of assets and liabilities and requires additional disclosures related to the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value, and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. In February 2008, the FASB agreed to a one-year delay of the fair value measurement requirement for certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities. The Company adopted ASC 820 as of May 1, 2008 for assets and liabilities not subject to the deferral and as of May 1, 2009 for those nonfinancial assets and liabilities subject to the deferral. The adoption did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

In December 2007, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 805 "Business Combinations" ("ASC 805") and is effective for acquisitions made on or after May 1, 2009. ASC 805 expands the scope of acquisition accounting to all transactions under which control of a business is obtained. Principally, ASC 805 requires that contingent consideration be recorded at fair value on the acquisition date and that certain transaction and restructuring costs be expensed. The Company adopted ASC 805 as of May 1, 2009 and is now accounting for all acquisitions made after the effective date under the standard.

In April 2008, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 350 "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other" ("ASC 350"). The guidance in ASC 350 amends the factors that must be considered in developing renewal or

extension assumptions used to determine the useful life over which to amortize the cost of a recognized intangible asset under ASC 350. The guidance requires an entity to consider its own experience with the renewal or extension of the terms of a contractual arrangement, consistent with its expected use of the asset. The guidance also requires several incremental disclosures for renewable intangible assets. Application of this standard will not significantly impact the process previously used by the Company to determine the useful life of intangible assets. The Company adopted the guidance as of May 1, 2009 and is applying the guidance to intangible assets acquired after the effective date.

In August 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") ASU 2009-05, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value" ("ASU 2009-05"). ASU 2009-05 provides clarification to entities that measure liabilities at fair value under circumstances where a quoted price in an active market is not available. The Company adopted ASU 2009-05 as of November 1, 2009. The adoption did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-13 "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605): Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements" ("ASU 2009-13"). ASU 2009-13 addresses the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable vendors to account for products and services separately rather than as a combined unit. Specifically, this guidance amends the existing criteria for separating consideration received in multiple-deliverable arrangements, eliminates the residual method of allocation and requires that arrangement consideration be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price method. The guidance also establishes a hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, which is based on vendor-specific objective evidence; third-party evidence; or management estimates. Expanded disclosures related to the Company's multiple-deliverable revenue arrangements will also be required. The new guidance is effective for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified on and after May 1, 2011. The Company does not expect the application of this new standard to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

There have been no other new accounting standards issued that have had, or are expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

"Safe Harbor" Statement Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

This report contains certain forward-looking statements concerning the Company's operations, performance, and financial condition. Reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements, as actual results may differ materially from those in any forward-looking statements. Any such forward-looking statements are based upon a number of assumptions and estimates that are inherently subject to uncertainties and contingencies, many of which are beyond the control of the Company, and are subject to change based on many important factors. Such factors include, but are not limited to (i) the level of investment in new technologies and products; (ii) subscriber renewal rates for the Company's journals; (iii) the financial stability and liquidity of journal subscription agents; (iv) the consolidation of book wholesalers and retail accounts; (v) the market position and financial stability of key online retailers; (vi) the seasonal nature of the Company's educational business and the impact of the used-book market; (vii) worldwide economic and political conditions; and (viii) the Company's ability to protect its copyrights and other intellectual property worldwide (ix) other factors detailed from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any such forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Results By Quarter (Unaudited)

Dollars in millions, except per share data

	2010	2009
Revenue		
First Quarter	\$ 388.4	\$ 401.7
Second Quarter	448.0	431.9
Third Quarter	427.1	374.4
Fourth Quarter	435.6	403.4
Fiscal Year	\$ 1,699.1	\$ 1,611.4

Operating Income		
First Quarter	\$ 55.7	\$ 44.3
Second Quarter (a)	75.3	70.2
Third Quarter (a)	68.3	63.3
Fourth Quarter (b)	43.3	40.7
Fiscal Year	\$ 242.6	\$ 218.5

Net Income		
First Quarter	\$ 26.9	\$ 30.2
Second Quarter (a)	46.3	40.1
Third Quarter (a)	42.4	33.4
Fourth Quarter (b)	27.9	24.6
Fiscal Year	\$ 143.5	\$ 128.3

Income Per Share	2010		2009	
	Diluted	Basic	Diluted	Basic
First Quarter	\$ 0.45	\$ 0.46	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.52
Second Quarter (a)	0.78	0.79	0.67	0.68
Third Quarter (a)	0.71	0.72	0.57	0.58
Fourth Quarter (b)	0.46	0.47	0.42	0.42
Fiscal Year	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.45	\$ 2.15	\$ 2.20

(a) In the second and third quarters of fiscal year 2010, the Company recognized intangible asset impairment and restructuring charges principally related to GIT Verlag, a Business-to-Business German-language controlled circulation magazine business acquired in 2002. The second quarter charge was \$11.5 million (\$8.2 million after taxes) or \$0.14 per diluted share. The third quarter charge was \$2.8 million (\$2.0 million after taxes) or \$0.03 per diluted share.

(b) In the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2010, the Company recognized restructuring charges principally related to offshoring and outsourcing certain marketing and content management activities to Singapore. The fourth quarter charge was \$0.8 million (\$0.5 million after taxes) or \$0.01 per diluted share.

Quarterly Share Prices, Dividends, and Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The Company's Class A and Class B shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbols JWa and JWb, respectively. Dividends per share and the market price range by fiscal quarter for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	Class A Common Stock			Class B Common Stock		
	Dividends	Market Price		Dividends	Market Price	
		High	Low		High	Low
2010						
First Quarter	\$0.14	\$35.04	\$30.84	\$0.14	\$35.00	\$31.00
Second Quarter	0.14	35.90	29.77	0.14	35.76	29.50
Third Quarter	0.14	43.17	35.35	0.14	43.30	35.17
Fourth Quarter	0.14	43.95	39.73	0.14	43.74	39.97
2009						
First Quarter	\$0.13	\$49.76	\$43.39	\$0.13	\$49.52	\$43.53
Second Quarter	0.13	48.88	27.75	0.13	49.11	28.02
Third Quarter	0.13	37.60	26.21	0.13	37.58	26.05
Fourth Quarter	0.13	36.72	27.55	0.13	36.63	27.50

As of April 30, 2010, the approximate number of holders of the Company's Class A and Class B Common Stock were 1,181 and 102 respectively, based on the holders of record.

The Company did not repurchase any common stock during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2010.

The Company's credit agreement contains certain restrictive covenants related to the payment of dividends and share repurchases. Under the most restrictive covenant, approximately \$106.0 million was available for such restricted payments as of April 30, 2010. Subject to the foregoing, the Board of Directors considers quarterly the payment of cash dividends based upon its review of earnings, the financial position of the Company, and other relevant factors.

Selected Financial Data

For the Years Ended April 30,

Dollars in millions (except per share data)	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Revenue	\$1,699.1	\$1,611.4	\$1,673.7	\$1,234.6	\$1,043.9
Operating Income (a)	242.6	218.5	225.2	161.5	152.9
Net Income (a,b,c)	143.5	128.3	147.5	99.6	110.3
Working Capital (d)	(188.7)	(157.4)	(243.6)	(199.7)	(35.8)
Total Assets	2,316.2	2,223.7	2,576.2	2,553.1	1,026.0
Long-Term Debt	559.0	754.9	797.3	977.7	160.5
Shareholders' Equity	722.4	513.5	689.1	529.5	401.8
Per Share Data					
Income Per Share (a,b,c)					
Diluted	\$2.41	\$2.15	\$2.49	\$1.71	\$1.85
Basic	\$2.45	\$2.20	\$2.55	\$1.75	\$1.90
Cash Dividends					
Class A Common	\$0.56	\$0.52	\$0.44	\$0.40	\$0.36
Class B Common	\$0.56	\$0.52	\$0.44	\$0.40	\$0.36

NOTE: The Company acquired Blackwell Publishing (Holdings) Ltd. ("Blackwell") on February 2, 2007.

- (a) In fiscal year 2010, the Company recognized intangible asset impairment and restructuring charges principally related to GIT Verlag, a Business-to-Business German-language controlled circulation magazine business acquired in 2002. The fiscal year 2010 charges were \$15.1 million (\$10.6 million after taxes) and impacted diluted earnings per share by \$0.17.
- (b) Tax benefits included in fiscal year results are as follows:
- **Fiscal year 2008** includes a \$18.7 million tax benefit, or \$0.32 per diluted share, associated with new tax legislation enacted in the United Kingdom and Germany that reduced the corporate income tax rates from 30% to 28% and from 39% to 29%, respectively. The benefits recognized by the Company reflect the adjustments required to record all U.K. and Germany-related deferred tax balances at the new corporate income tax rates.
 - **Fiscal year 2007** includes a \$5.5 million tax benefit, or \$0.09 per diluted share. This benefit coincides with the resolution and settlements of certain tax matters with authorities in the U.S. and abroad.
 - **Fiscal year 2006** includes a tax benefit of \$6.8 million, or \$0.11 per diluted share, related to the favorable resolution of certain matters with tax authorities.
 - In the fourth quarter of **fiscal year 2005**, the Company elected to repatriate approximately \$94 million of dividends from its European subsidiaries under the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004. The law provided for a favorable one-time tax rate on dividends from foreign subsidiaries. The tax accrued on the dividend in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2005 was approximately \$7.5 million, or \$0.12 per diluted share. Pursuant to guidance issued by the Internal Revenue Service in May 2005, the Company recorded a tax benefit in the first quarter of **fiscal year 2006** reversing the accrued tax recorded in the previous year. Neither the first quarter fiscal year 2006 tax benefit nor the corresponding fourth quarter fiscal year 2005 tax accrual had a cash impact on the Company.
- (c) Effective May 1, 2006, the Company adopted the guidance included in ASC 718, "Compensation – Stock Compensation ("ASC 718") which required that companies recognize share-based compensation to employees in the Statement of Income based on the fair value of the share-based awards. The adoption of ASC 718 resulted in the recognition of an incremental share-based compensation expense of \$11.3 million (\$7.0 million after taxes) or \$0.12 per diluted share for the full year ended April 30, 2007.
- (d) Working capital is reduced or negative as a result of including in current liabilities the deferred revenue related to prepaid journal subscriptions for which the cash has been received. The deferred revenue will be recognized into income as the journals are shipped or made available online to the customers over the term of the subscription.

Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

To our Shareholders
John Wiley and Sons, Inc.:

The management of John Wiley and Sons, Inc. and subsidiaries is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f).

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on our evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by COSO, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of April 30, 2010.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting: There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting during fiscal year 2010.

The effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2010 has been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included herein.

The Company's Corporate Governance Principles, Committee Charters, Business Conduct and Ethics Policy and the Code of Ethics for Senior Financial Officers are published on our web site at www.wiley.com under the "About Wiley—Investor Relations—Corporate Governance" captions. Copies are also available free of charge to shareholders on request to the Corporate Secretary, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 111 River Street, Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774.

/s/ William J. Pesce

William J. Pesce
President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Ellis E. Cousens

Ellis E. Cousens
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial and Operations Officer

/s/ Edward J. Melando

Edward J. Melando
Vice President, Controller and
Chief Accounting Officer

June 23, 2010

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (the "Company") and subsidiaries as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended April 30, 2010. In connection with our audits of the consolidated financial statements, we also have audited the financial statement schedule (as listed in the index to Item 8). These consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements and financial statement schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. and subsidiaries as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended April 30, 2010, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), John Wiley & Sons, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO)", and our report dated June 23, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

(signed) KPMG LLP

New York, New York
June 23, 2010

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.:

We have audited John Wiley & Sons, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). John Wiley & Sons, Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2010, based on criteria established in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated statements of financial position of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. and subsidiaries as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended April 30, 2010, and our report dated June 23, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

(signed) KPMG LLP

New York, New York
June 23, 2010

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

John Wiley & Sons, Inc., and Subsidiaries
Dollars in thousands

April 30

	2010	2009
Assets:		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 153,513	\$ 102,828
Accounts receivable	186,535	178,550
Inventories	97,857	111,267
Prepaid and other	47,809	46,924
Total Current Assets	485,714	439,569
Product Development Assets	107,755	89,662
Property, Equipment and Technology	152,684	141,196
Intangible Assets	911,550	919,375
Goodwill	615,479	589,993
Deferred Income Tax Benefits	6,736	14,065
Other Assets	36,284	29,848
Total Assets	\$ 2,316,202	\$ 2,223,708
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity:		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts and royalties payable	\$ 158,870	\$ 160,275
Deferred revenue	275,653	246,584
Accrued employment compensation and benefits	81,507	56,976
Accrued income taxes	2,516	4,281
Accrued pension liability	2,245	2,483
Other accrued liabilities	63,581	58,868
Current portion of long-term debt	90,000	67,500
Total Current Liabilities	674,372	596,967
Long-Term Debt	559,000	754,900
Accrued Pension Liability	119,280	90,621
Other Long-Term Liabilities	73,445	91,292
Deferred Income Tax Liabilities	167,669	176,412
Shareholders' Equity		
Preferred Stock, \$1 par value: Authorized - 2 million, Issued - zero	-	-
Class A Common Stock, \$1 par value: Authorized - 180 million, Issued - 69,705,591 and 69,643,571	69,706	69,644
Class B Common Stock, \$1 par value: Authorized - 72 million, Issued - 13,484,671 and 13,546,691	13,485	13,547
Additional paid-in capital	210,848	164,592
Retained earnings	1,003,099	892,542
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(142,731)	(203,023)
Unamortized pension and retiree medical	(80,953)	(41,978)
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap	(3,962)	(13,397)
	1,069,492	881,927
Less Treasury Shares At Cost (Class A - 19,270,308 and 20,907,317; Class B - 3,902,576 and 3,902,576)	(347,056)	(368,411)
Total Shareholders' Equity	722,436	513,516
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 2,316,202	\$ 2,223,708

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

John Wiley & Sons, Inc., and Subsidiaries Dollars in thousands, except per share data	For the years ended April 30		
	2010	2009	2008
Revenue	\$ 1,699,062	\$ 1,611,390	\$ 1,673,734
Costs and Expenses			
Cost of sales	534,001	516,420	532,908
Operating and administrative expenses	872,193	839,648	876,635
Impairment and restructuring charges	15,118	-	-
Amortization of intangibles	35,158	36,844	38,980
Total Costs and Expenses	1,456,470	1,392,912	1,448,523
Operating Income	242,592	218,478	225,211
Interest expense	(32,334)	(48,424)	(66,738)
Foreign exchange losses	(10,883)	(11,759)	(2,863)
Interest income and other, net	834	6,180	5,918
Income Before Taxes	200,209	164,475	161,528
Provision for Income Taxes	56,666	36,217	13,992
Net Income	\$ 143,543	\$ 128,258	\$ 147,536
Income Per Share			
Diluted	\$ 2.41	\$ 2.15	\$ 2.49
Basic	2.45	2.20	2.55
Cash Dividends Per Share			
Class A Common	\$ 0.56	\$ 0.52	\$ 0.44
Class B Common	0.56	0.52	0.44
Average Shares			
Diluted	59,679	59,610	59,323
Basic	58,498	58,419	57,921

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

John Wiley & Sons, Inc., and Subsidiaries

For the years ended April 30

Dollars in thousands

	2010	2009	2008
<u>Operating Activities</u>			
Net Income	\$ 143,543	\$ 128,258	\$ 147,536
Noncash Items			
Amortization of intangibles	35,158	36,844	38,980
Amortization of composition costs	47,440	43,767	43,613
Depreciation of property, equipment and technology	40,281	35,134	33,330
Impairment and restructuring charges (net of tax)	10,631	-	-
Stock-based compensation	24,842	17,042	28,041
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	(7,636)	(5,350)	(11,223)
Non-cash tax benefits	-	-	(18,663)
Reserves for returns, doubtful accounts, and obsolescence	18,916	13,355	6,419
Deferred income taxes	9,481	17,141	10,784
Foreign exchange transaction losses	10,883	11,759	2,863
Pension expense	20,319	18,324	22,894
Earned royalty advances and other	81,828	76,175	58,100
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities			
Source/(Use), excluding acquisitions			
Accounts receivable	(9,004)	17,625	(20,007)
Inventories	13,960	(6,696)	(10,038)
Accounts and royalties payable	(15,585)	8,070	4,421
Deferred revenue	21,626	(41,132)	10,277
Net taxes payable/receivable	10,887	4,994	9,745
Other accrued liabilities	15,908	(14,416)	(13,701)
Pension contributions	(48,124)	(21,020)	(59,360)
Other	(6,565)	1,381	(3,876)
Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>418,789</u>	<u>341,255</u>	<u>280,135</u>
<u>Investing Activities</u>			
Additions to product development assets	(155,367)	(131,666)	(113,069)
Additions to property, equipment and technology	(48,110)	(46,009)	(50,315)
Acquisition of other publishing businesses, assets and rights	(6,430)	(23,960)	(6,802)
Cash Used for Investing Activities	<u>(209,907)</u>	<u>(201,635)</u>	<u>(170,186)</u>
<u>Financing Activities</u>			
Repayment of long-term debt	(951,010)	(618,512)	(1,049,360)
Borrowings of long-term debt	777,610	598,594	891,476
Purchase of treasury stock	-	(35,110)	(3,679)
Change in book overdrafts	9,707	(20,522)	36,253
Cash dividends	(32,986)	(30,478)	(25,613)
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation	7,636	5,350	11,223
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and other	32,625	11,623	15,190
Cash Used for Financing Activities	<u>(156,418)</u>	<u>(89,055)</u>	<u>(124,510)</u>
Effects of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash	<u>(1,779)</u>	<u>(7,048)</u>	<u>2,379</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents			
Increase/(Decrease) for year	50,685	43,517	(12,182)
Balance at beginning of year	102,828	59,311	71,493
Balance at end of year	\$ <u>153,513</u>	\$ <u>102,828</u>	\$ <u>59,311</u>
Cash Paid During the Year for			
Interest	\$ 33,186	\$ 50,108	\$ 69,071
Income taxes, net	\$ 33,358	\$ 15,942	\$ 24,679

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

John Wiley & Sons, Inc., and Subsidiaries Dollars in thousands	Common Stock Class A	Common Stock Class B	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Accumulated Other Com- prehensive Income (Loss)	Total Share- holder's Equity
Balance at April 30, 2007	\$69,388	\$13,803	\$100,013	\$673,254	\$(351,907)	\$24,957	\$529,508
Shares Issued Under Employee Benefit Plans			(2,665)		3,590		925
Purchase of Treasury Shares					(3,679)		(3,679)
Exercise of Stock Options, including taxes			15,334		9,790		25,124
Stock-based compensation expense			28,041				28,041
Class A Common Stock Dividends				(21,263)			(21,263)
Class B Common Stock Dividends				(4,350)			(4,350)
Other	254	(254)					
Adoption of accounting standards for uncertain tax positions				(415)			(415)
Comprehensive Income:							
Net income				147,536			147,536
Foreign currency translation loss						(3,932)	(3,932)
Unamortized pension and retiree medical, net of a \$1,848 tax provision						3,652	3,652
Change in unrecognized loss of interest rate swap, net of a \$7,248 tax benefit						(12,029)	(12,029)
Total Comprehensive Income							135,227
Balance at April 30, 2008	\$69,642	\$13,549	\$140,723	\$794,762	\$(342,206)	\$12,648	\$689,118
Shares Issued Under Employee Benefit Plans			(3,325)		3,209		(116)
Purchase of Treasury Shares					(35,110)		(35,110)
Exercise of Stock Options, including taxes			10,152		5,696		15,848
Stock-based compensation expense			17,042				17,042
Class A Common Stock Dividends				(25,463)			(25,463)
Class B Common Stock Dividends				(5,015)			(5,015)
Other	2	(2)					
Comprehensive (Loss):							
Net income				128,258			128,258
Foreign currency translation loss						(256,314)	(256,314)
Unamortized pension and retiree medical, net of a \$5,553 tax benefit						(15,165)	(15,165)
Change in unrecognized loss of interest rate swap, net of a \$261 tax provision						433	433
Total Comprehensive (Loss):							(142,788)
Balance at April 30, 2009	\$69,644	\$13,547	\$164,592	\$892,542	\$(368,411)	\$(258,398)	\$513,516
Shares Issued Under Employee Benefit Plans			(4,008)		5,166		1,158
Exercise of Stock Options, including taxes			22,892		16,189		39,081
Stock-based compensation expense			24,842				24,842
Class A Common Stock Dividends				(27,607)			(27,607)
Class B Common Stock Dividends				(5,379)			(5,379)
Other	62	(62)	2,530				2,530
Comprehensive (Loss):							
Net income				143,543			143,543
Foreign currency translation gain						60,292	60,292
Unamortized pension and retiree medical, net of a \$18,657 tax benefit						(38,975)	(38,975)
Change in unrecognized loss of interest rate swap, net of a \$5,685 tax provision						9,435	9,435
Total Comprehensive Income:							174,295
Balance at April 30, 2010	\$69,706	\$13,485	\$210,848	\$1,003,099	\$(347,056)	\$(227,646)	\$722,436

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Note 1 – Description of Business

The Company, founded in 1807, was incorporated in the state of New York on January 15, 1904. As used herein the term “Company” means John Wiley & Sons, Inc., and its subsidiaries and affiliated companies, unless the context indicates otherwise.

The Company is a global publisher of print and electronic products, providing content and digital solutions to customers worldwide. Core businesses include scientific, technical, medical and scholarly journals, encyclopedias, books, online products and services; professional and consumer books, subscription products, certification and training materials, online applications and websites; and educational materials in all media, including integrated online teaching and learning resources, for undergraduate, graduate and advanced placement students, educators and lifelong learners worldwide as well as secondary school students in Australia. The Company takes full advantage of its content from all three core businesses in developing and cross-marketing products to its diverse customer base of professionals, consumers, researchers, students, and educators. The use of technology enables the Company to make its content more accessible to its customers around the world. The Company maintains publishing, marketing, and distribution centers in the United States, Canada, Europe, Asia, and Australia.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation: The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company. Investments in entities in which the Company has at least a 20%, but less than a majority interest, are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Investments in entities in which the Company has less than a 20% ownership and in which it does not exercise significant influence are accounted for using the cost method of accounting. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of the Company’s financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Book Overdrafts: Under the Company’s cash management system, a book overdraft balance exists for the Company’s primary disbursement accounts. This overdraft represents uncleared checks in excess of cash balances in individual bank accounts. The Company’s funds are transferred from other existing bank account balances or from lines of credit as needed to fund checks presented for payment. As of April 30, 2010 and April 30, 2009, book overdrafts of \$41.2 million and \$31.5 million, respectively, were included in Accounts and Royalties payable.

Revenue Recognition: The Company recognizes revenue when the following criteria are met: persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists; delivery has occurred or services have been rendered; the price to the customer is fixed or determinable; and collectability is reasonably assured. If all of the above criteria have been met, revenue is principally recognized upon shipment of products or when services have been rendered. Subscription revenue is generally collected in advance. The prepayment is deferred and recognized as earned when the related issue is shipped or made available online over the term of the subscription. When a product is sold with multiple deliverables, the Company accounts for each deliverable within the arrangement as a separate unit of accounting due to the fact that each deliverable is also sold on a stand-alone basis. The total consideration of a multiple-element arrangement is allocated to each unit of accounting using the relative fair

value method based on the estimated selling prices of each deliverable within the arrangement. Collectability is evaluated based on the amount involved, the credit history of the customer, and the status of the customer's account with the Company. Revenue is reported net of any amounts billed to customers for taxes which are remitted to government authorities.

Cash Equivalents: Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and are stated at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market value.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts: The estimated allowance for doubtful accounts is based on a review of the aging of the accounts receivable balances, historical write-off experience, credit evaluations of customers and current market conditions. A change in the evaluation of a customer's credit could affect the estimated allowance. The allowance for doubtful accounts is shown as a reduction of accounts receivable in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and amounted to \$6.9 million and \$5.7 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Sales Return Reserves: The process which the Company uses to determine its sales returns and the related reserve provision charged against revenue is based on applying an estimated return rate to current year sales. This rate is based upon an analysis of actual historical return experience in the various markets and geographic regions in which the Company does business. The Company collects, maintains and analyzes significant amounts of sales returns data for large volumes of homogeneous transactions. This allows the Company to make reasonable estimates of the amount of future returns. All available data is utilized to identify the returns by market and as to which fiscal year the sales returns apply. This enables management to track the returns in detail and identify and react to trends occurring in the marketplace, with the objective of being able to make the most informed judgments possible in setting reserve rates. Sales return reserves, net of estimated inventory and royalty costs, are reported as a reduction of accounts receivable in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and amounted to \$55.3 million and \$55.2 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Reserve for Inventory Obsolescence: A reserve for inventory obsolescence is estimated based on a review of damaged, obsolete, or otherwise unsalable inventory. The review encompasses historical unit sales trends by title; current market conditions, including estimates of customer demand compared to the number of units currently on hand; and publication revision cycles. The inventory obsolescence reserve is reported as a reduction of the inventory balance in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and amounted to \$39.7 million and \$36.3 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Allocation of Acquisition Purchase Price to Assets Acquired and Liabilities Assumed: In connection with acquisitions, the Company allocates the cost of the acquisition to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on estimates of the fair value of such items, including goodwill and other intangible assets. Such estimates include discounted estimated cash flows to be generated by those assets and the expected useful lives based on historical experience, current market trends, and synergies to be achieved from the acquisition and expected tax basis of assets acquired. For major acquisitions, the Company may use an independent appraiser to assist in the determination of such estimates.

Inventories: Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market. U.S. book inventories aggregating \$63.1 million and \$73.6 million at April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, are valued using the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. All other inventories are valued using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

Product Development Assets: Product development assets consist of composition costs and royalty advances to authors. Costs associated with developing any publication are expensed until the product is determined to be commercially viable. Composition costs represent the costs incurred to bring an edited commercial manuscript

to publication, which include typesetting, proofreading, design and illustration costs. Composition costs are capitalized and are generally amortized on a double-declining basis over their estimated useful lives, ranging from 1 to 3 years. Royalty advances to authors are capitalized and, upon publication, are recovered as royalties earned by the authors based on sales of the published works. Royalty advances are reviewed for recoverability and a reserve for loss is maintained, if appropriate.

Advertising Expense: Advertising costs are expensed as incurred. The Company incurred \$26.0 million, \$28.6 million and \$34.1 million in advertising costs in fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Property, Equipment and Technology: Property, equipment and technology is recorded at cost. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized, while maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred.

Costs incurred for computer software developed or obtained for internal use are capitalized during the application development stage and expensed as incurred during the preliminary project and post-implementation stages. Costs incurred during the application development stage include costs of materials and services, and payroll and payroll-related costs for employees who are directly associated with the software project. Such costs are amortized over the expected useful life of the related software generally 3 to 6 years. Maintenance, training, and upgrade costs that do not result in additional functionality are expensed as incurred.

Property, equipment and technology is depreciated using the straight-line method based upon the following estimated useful lives: Buildings Leases and Leasehold Improvements – the lesser of the estimated useful life of the asset up to 40 years or the duration of the lease; Furniture and Fixtures - 3 to 10 years; Computer Hardware and Software - 3 to 6 years.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets: Goodwill is the excess of the purchase price paid over the fair value of the net assets of the business acquired. Intangible assets principally consist of brands, trademarks, acquired publication rights, customer relationships and non-compete agreements. Goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized but are reviewed annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate the asset might be impaired. The Company evaluates the recoverability of indefinite-lived intangible assets by comparing the fair value of the intangible asset to its carrying value.

To evaluate the recoverability of goodwill, the Company uses a two-step impairment test approach at the reporting unit level. In the first step, the estimated fair value of the entire reporting unit is compared to its carrying value including goodwill. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than the carrying value, a second step is performed to determine the charge for goodwill impairment. In the second step, the Company determines an implied fair value of the reporting unit's goodwill by determining the fair value of the individual assets and liabilities (including any previous unrecognized intangible assets) of the reporting unit other than goodwill. The resulting implied fair value of the goodwill is compared to the carrying amount and an impairment charge is recognized for the difference.

Finite-lived intangible assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives. The most significant factors in determining the estimated life of these intangibles is the history and longevity of the brands, trademarks or titles acquired, combined with the strength of cash flows. Acquired publishing rights that have an indefinite life are typically characterized by intellectual property with a long and well-established revenue stream resulting from strong and well-established imprint/brand recognition in the market.

Acquired publication rights, trademarks, customer relationships and brands with finite lives are amortized on a straight-line basis over periods ranging from 5 to 40 years. Non-compete agreements are amortized over the terms of the individual agreement, generally up to 3 years.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets including finite intangible assets: Depreciable and amortizable assets are only evaluated for impairment upon a significant change in the operating or macroeconomic environment. In these circumstances, if an evaluation of the current forecasts of undiscounted cash flows indicates impairment, the asset is written down to its estimated fair value based on the discounted future cash flows.

Derivative Financial Instruments: The Company, from time to time, enters into forward exchange and interest rate swap contracts as a hedge against foreign currency asset and liability commitments, changes in interest rates and anticipated transaction exposures, including intercompany purchases. The Company accounts for its derivative instruments in accordance with ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging" ("ASC 815"). Accordingly, all derivatives are recognized as assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. Derivatives that are not determined to be effective hedges are adjusted to fair value with a corresponding effect on earnings. The Company does not use financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

Foreign Currency Gains/Losses: The Company maintains operations in many non-U.S. locations. Assets and liabilities are translated into U.S. dollars using end of period exchange rates and revenues and expense are translated into U.S. dollars using weighted average rates. Foreign currency translation adjustments are accumulated and reported as a separate component of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss within Shareholders' Equity. The Company's significant investments in non-U.S. businesses are exposed to foreign currency risk. During fiscal year 2010, the Company recorded \$60.3 million of foreign currency translation gains primarily due to the weakening of the U.S. dollar relative to the British pound sterling. Foreign currency transaction gains or losses are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income as incurred.

Share-Based Compensation: The Company recognizes share-based compensation expenses based on the fair value of the share-based awards on the grant date, reduced by an estimate for future forfeited awards. As such, share-based compensation expense is only recognized for those awards that are expected to ultimately vest. The fair value of share-based awards is recognized in net income on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period. Share-based compensation expense associated with performance-based stock awards is determined based upon actual results compared to targets established three years in advance. The cumulative effect on current and prior periods of a change in the estimated number of performance share awards, or estimated forfeiture rate is recognized as an adjustment to earnings in the period of the revision.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards: In June 2009, the FASB issued the ASC which has become the single source of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB in the preparation of financial statements. The ASC does not supersede the rules or regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), therefore, the rules and interpretive releases of the SEC continue to be additional sources of GAAP for the Company. The Company adopted the ASC as of August 1, 2009 and has replaced all FASB references with ASC references. The ASC does not change GAAP and did not have an effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"). ASC 820 provides a single authoritative definition of fair value and provides enhanced guidance for measuring the fair value of assets and liabilities and requires additional disclosures related to the extent to which companies measure assets and liabilities at fair value, the information used to measure fair value, and the effect of fair value measurements on earnings. In February 2008, the FASB agreed to a one-year delay of the fair value measurement requirement for certain nonfinancial assets and liabilities. The Company adopted ASC 820 as of May 1, 2008 for assets and liabilities not subject to the deferral and as of May 1, 2009 for those nonfinancial assets and liabilities subject to the deferral. The adoption did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements or disclosures.

In December 2007, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 805 "Business Combinations" ("ASC 805") and is effective for acquisitions made on or after May 1, 2009. ASC 805 expands the scope of acquisition accounting to all transactions under which control of a business is obtained. Principally, ASC 805 requires that contingent consideration be recorded at fair value on the acquisition date and that certain transaction and restructuring costs be expensed. The Company adopted ASC 805 as of May 1, 2009 and is now accounting for all acquisitions made after the effective date under the standard.

In March 2008, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging" ("ASC 815"). The guidance amends and expands the disclosure requirements of ASC 815, to provide an enhanced understanding of the use of derivative instruments, how they are accounted for under ASC 815, and their effect on financial position, financial performance and cash flows. The Company adopted the disclosure guidance in the first quarter of fiscal year 2010.

In April 2008, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 350 "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other" ("ASC 350"). The guidance in ASC 350 amends the factors that must be considered in developing renewal or extension assumptions used to determine the useful life over which to amortize the cost of a recognized intangible asset under ASC 350. The guidance requires an entity to consider its own experience with the renewal or extension of the terms of a contractual arrangement, consistent with its expected use of the asset. The guidance also requires several incremental disclosures for renewable intangible assets. Application of this standard will not significantly impact the process previously used by the Company to determine the useful life of intangible assets. The Company adopted the guidance as of May 1, 2009 and is applying the guidance to intangible assets acquired after the effective date.

In December 2008, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 715 "Compensation – Retirement Benefits" to require additional disclosures about assets held in an employer's defined benefit pension and other postretirement plans. The new disclosures are to provide an understanding of how investment allocations decisions are made, the major categories of plan assets, the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure the fair value of plan assets, the effect of fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs on changes in plan assets for the period, and significant concentrations of risk within plan assets. The Company adopted the disclosure guidance as of April 30, 2010.

In May 2009, the FASB issued guidance which is included in ASC 855 "Subsequent Events" ("ASC 855"). ASC 855 establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. Although the standard is based on the same principles as those that previously existed for subsequent events, it included a new required disclosure of the date through which an entity has evaluated subsequent events. The Company adopted the guidance in the first quarter of fiscal year 2010 and the adoption did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. We have evaluated subsequent events through the date that the financial statements are issued.

In August 2009, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2009-05, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Measuring Liabilities at Fair Value" ("ASU 2009-05"). ASU 2009-05 provides clarification to entities that measure liabilities at fair value under circumstances where a quoted price in an active market is not available. The Company adopted ASU 2009-05 as of November 1, 2009. The adoption did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In October 2009, the FASB issued ASU 2009-13 "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605): Multiple-Deliverable Revenue Arrangements" ("ASU 2009-13"). ASU 2009-13 addresses the accounting for multiple-deliverable

arrangements to enable vendors to account for products and services separately rather than as a combined unit. Specifically, this guidance amends the existing criteria for separating consideration received in multiple-deliverable arrangements, eliminates the residual method of allocation and requires that arrangement consideration be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price method. The guidance also establishes a hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, which is based on vendor-specific objective evidence; third-party evidence; or management estimates. Expanded disclosures related to the Company's multiple-deliverable revenue arrangements will also be required. The new guidance is effective for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified on and after May 1, 2011. The Company does not expect the application of this new standard to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In January 2010, the FASB issued ASU 2010-06, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements" ("ASU 2010-06"). ASU 2010-06 provides amendments to ASC 820 by requiring new disclosures for transfers in and out of Levels 1 and 2 of the fair value measurement hierarchy, and expands disclosures related to activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. ASU 2010-06 also clarifies existing disclosures on the level of detail required for assets and liabilities measured at fair value from their respective line items on the statement of financial position, and the valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements that fall within Level 2 or Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. ASU 2010-06 is effective for the Company as of May 1, 2010. Since the revised guidance only requires additional disclosures about the Company's fair value measurements, its adoption will not affect the Company's financial position or results of operations.

There have been no other new accounting standards issued that have had, or are expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 3 – Reconciliation of Weighted Average Shares Outstanding

A reconciliation of the shares used in the computation of net income per share for the years ended April 30 follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
Weighted Average Shares Outstanding	58,897	58,665	58,193
Less: Unearned Restricted Shares	(399)	(246)	(272)
Shares Used for Basic Income Per Share	58,498	58,419	57,921
Dilutive Effect of Stock Options and Other Stock Awards	1,181	1,191	1,402
Shares Used for Diluted Income Per Share	59,679	59,610	59,323

For the years ended April 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008, options to purchase Class A Common Stock of 1,714,089, 2,210,837 and 1,591,593 respectively, have been excluded from the shares used for diluted income per share as their inclusion would have been antidilutive. In addition, for the years ended April 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, unearned restricted shares of 14,128, 24,250 and 19,000 have been excluded as their inclusion would have been antidilutive.

Note 4 – Significant Acquisitions

Fiscal Year 2009:

On June 12, 2008, the Company acquired the publishing rights to a list of business and modern language textbooks and learning materials. The cost of acquisition was principally allocated to acquired publication rights of the Higher Education business and is being amortized over a 20-year period.

Fiscal Year 2008:

The Company entered into a contract with Microsoft to develop, publish, and deliver Microsoft Official Academic Curriculum (MOAC) textbooks and e-learning tools to the higher education markets. The Company recorded amounts due under the Microsoft agreement which were primarily allocated to acquired publication rights and are being amortized over the life of the contract.

Note 5 – Inventories

Inventories at April 30 were as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Finished Goods	\$86,355	\$97,013
Work-in-Process	7,566	9,507
Paper, Cloth, and Other	7,434	9,002
	101,355	115,522
LIFO Reserve	(3,498)	(4,255)
Total Inventories	\$97,857	\$111,267

Note 6 – Product Development Assets

Product development assets consisted of the following at April 30 (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Composition Costs	\$52,274	\$46,686
Royalty Advances	55,481	42,976
Total	\$107,755	\$89,662

Composition costs are net of accumulated amortization of \$130.0 million and \$107.6 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Note 7 - Property, Equipment and Technology

Property, equipment and technology consisted of the following at April 30 (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Land and Land Improvements	\$4,038	\$3,860
Buildings and Leasehold Improvements	88,440	83,618
Furniture, Fixtures and Warehouse Equipment	70,434	67,095
Computer Hardware and Capitalized Software	296,750	259,999
	459,662	414,572
Accumulated Depreciation	(306,978)	(273,376)
Total	\$152,684	\$141,196

The net book value of capitalized software costs was \$61.9 million and \$45.7 million as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Depreciation expense recognized in 2010, 2009, and 2008 for capitalized software costs was approximately \$18.4 million, \$14.5 million, and \$11.9 million, respectively.

Note 8 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets

The following table summarizes the activity in goodwill by segment (in thousands):

	As of April 30, 2009	Foreign Translation	As of April 30, 2010
STMS	\$432,418	24,573	\$456,991
P/T	157,575	913	158,488
Total	\$589,993	25,486	\$615,479

Intangible assets as of April 30, 2010 and 2009 were as follows (in thousands):

	2010		2009	
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Cost	Accumulated Amortization
<u>Intangible Assets with Determinable Lives</u>				
Acquired Publishing Rights	\$762,727	\$(184,587)	\$723,702	\$(153,917)
Brands & Trademarks	16,094	(5,776)	16,034	(4,613)
Covenants not to Compete	2,290	(2,036)	2,240	(1,571)
Customer Relationships	61,923	(10,597)	60,481	(7,585)
	843,034	(202,996)	802,457	(167,686)
<u>Intangible Assets with Indefinite Lives</u>				
Acquired Publishing Rights	101,891	-	120,771	-
Brands & Trademarks	169,621	-	163,833	-
	\$1,114,546	\$(202,996)	\$1,087,061	\$(167,686)

The change in intangible assets at April 30, 2010 compared to April 30, 2009 is primarily due to foreign exchange translation, amortization expense and the impairment of GIT Verlag as discussed in Note 9.

Based on the current amount of intangible assets subject to amortization and assuming current exchange rates, the estimated amortization expense for each of the succeeding 5 fiscal years are as follows: 2011 - \$35.7 million; 2012 - \$34.7 million; 2013 - \$32.5 million; 2014 - \$31.4 million; and 2015 - \$31.2 million.

Note 9 - Impairment and Restructuring Charges

In fiscal year 2010, the Company recognized intangible asset impairment and restructuring charges of \$15.1 million, which impacted diluted earnings per share by \$0.17. These changes are reflected in the Impairment and Restructuring Charges line item in the Consolidated Statements of Income and are described in more detail below.

Impairment Charges

GIT Verlag, a business-to-business German-language controlled circulation magazine business, was acquired by the Company in 2002. As part of a strategic review of certain non-core businesses within the STMS reporting segment, the Company considered alternatives for GIT Verlag during fiscal year 2010 due to the economic outlook for the print advertising business in German language publishing. As a result of the review, the Company performed an impairment test on the intangible assets related to GIT Verlag which resulted in an

\$11.5 million pre-tax impairment charge in fiscal year 2010. This impairment charge reduced the carrying value of the acquired publication rights of GIT Verlag, which was classified as an indefinite-lived intangible asset, to its fair value of \$7.7 million. Concurrent with the strategic review and impairment, the Company has classified the remaining acquired publication rights as a finite-lived intangible asset which is being amortized over a 10 year period. The Company also identified a similar decline in the economic outlook for three smaller business-to-business controlled circulation advertising magazines. An impairment test on the intangible assets associated with those magazines resulted in an additional \$0.9 million pre-tax impairment charge in fiscal year 2010 that reduced the intangible assets carrying values of these magazines to their fair value of \$0.5 million.

The fair values of the intangible assets mentioned in the preceding paragraphs were determined using the income approach with a discounted cash flow technique. This technique relies upon Level 3 inputs (unobservable), which reflect use of the best available internal information, and also represents assumptions the Company believes other market participants would utilize in performing this valuation. These inputs primarily include the discount rate, estimated future financial performance, and an assumed residual value for the business. Determining these inputs requires the Company's management to make a number of judgments about assumptions and estimates that are highly subjective. The Company determined the discount rate based on an estimate of a reasonable risk-adjusted return an investor would expect to realize on an investment in this business. Estimates of future financial performance include future sales growth rates based on the Company's knowledge of the business and operating cost inflation rates.

Restructuring Charges

After considering a number of strategic alternatives for the GIT Verlag business, the Company implemented a restructuring plan in fiscal year 2010 which will reduce certain staff levels and the number of magazines published. As a result, the Company recorded a pre-tax restructuring charge of approximately \$1.6 million within the STMS reporting segment in fiscal year 2010 for GIT Verlag severance costs.

The Company recorded severance costs of \$1.1 million related to offshoring and outsourcing certain central marketing and content management activities to Singapore and other countries in Asia. The charges related to offshoring are expected to be fully recovered within 18 months from implementation as a result of lower operating expenses.

As of April 30, 2010, accrued severance of approximately \$2.5 million is reflected in the Other Accrued Liabilities line item in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. The balance reflects \$2.7 million in pre-tax restructuring charges described above, partially offset by severance payments of \$0.1 million and foreign currency translation adjustments of \$0.1 million. Payments to be made under the restructuring plans are expected to be completed by January 31, 2011.

Note 10 - Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes for the years ending April 30 were as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
Current Provision			
US – Federal	\$19,976	\$7,795	\$9,397
International	25,460	10,006	10,088
State and Local	1,749	1,275	2,386
Total Current Provision	\$47,185	\$19,076	\$21,871
Deferred Provision (Benefit)			
US – Federal	\$5,536	\$7,520	\$5,183
International	3,286	8,619	(13,414)
State and Local	659	1,002	352
Total Deferred Provision	\$9,481	\$17,141	\$(7,879)
Total Provision	\$56,666	\$36,217	\$13,992

International and United States pretax income for the year ended April 30 was as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
International	\$133,088	\$107,013	\$122,369
United States	67,121	57,462	39,159
Total	\$200,209	\$164,475	\$161,528

The Company's effective income tax rate as a percentage of pretax income differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate as shown below:

	2010	2009	2008
U.S. Federal Statutory Rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
State Income Taxes, Net of U.S. Federal Tax Benefit	0.8	0.9	1.2
Benefit from Lower Taxes Non-US Jurisdictions	(8.9)	(11.2)	(14.2)
Deferred Tax Benefit From Statutory Tax Rate Change	-	-	(11.6)
Other, including Interest on Tax Reserves	1.4	(2.7)	(1.7)
Effective Income Tax Rate	28.3%	22.0%	8.7%

Deferred Tax Benefit from Statutory Tax Rate Change: In fiscal year 2008 the Company recognized tax benefits in the amount of \$18.7 million associated with new tax laws enacted in the United Kingdom and Germany that reduced the corporate income tax rate from 30% to 28% and from 39% to 29%, respectively. The benefit recognized by the Company reflected the adjustment to record the U.K. and Germany related deferred tax balances at the new tax rates.

Other, including Interest on Tax Reserves: In fiscal years 2009 and 2008 the Company reported tax benefits of \$3.3 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, related to the favorable resolution of certain federal, state and foreign tax matters.

Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes:

On May 1, 2007, the Company adopted the provisions that are included in ASC 740, "Income Taxes" ("ASC 740"), which prescribe a recognition threshold and measurement attributes for financial statement recognition of income taxes.

Upon adoption, the Company recognized a \$0.4 million increase to reserves for income taxes, with a corresponding decrease of \$0.4 million in retained earnings. As of April 30, 2010 and April 30, 2009, the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits were \$37.6 million and \$30.4 million, respectively, of which \$6.8 million and \$5.4 million represented reserves for interest and penalties that were recorded as additional tax expense in accordance with the Company's accounting policy. The net interest and penalties charged to tax expense in fiscal year 2010 and 2009 were \$1.4 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. As of April 30, 2010 and April 30, 2009, the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits that, if recognized, would reduce the Company's income taxes was approximately \$34.5 million and \$27.8 million, respectively. The Company does not expect any significant change to the unrecognized tax benefits within the next year.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. and various states and non-U.S. tax jurisdictions. The Company's major taxing jurisdictions include the United States, the United Kingdom and Germany. Other than the Company's German subsidiaries, the Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations by tax jurisdictions for years prior to its 2005 fiscal year. With respect to Germany, all years including fiscal year 2003 forward remain subject to an income tax examination. All U.S. federal tax years prior to fiscal year 2004 have been audited by the Internal Revenue Service and closed. The statute of limitations in the U.S. for fiscal year 2004 and fiscal 2005 expired during January 2008 and January 2009 respectively. The Company is currently under an audit examination in Germany for years 2003 through 2007 and in the United States for the years 2006 through 2009.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits for the years ended April 30 were as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Balance at the Beginning of Year	\$30,368	\$32,432
Additions for Current Year Tax Positions	1,476	944
Additions for Prior Year Tax Positions	5,961	1,550
Reductions of Prior Year Tax Positions	(310)	(3,319)
Cumulative Translation Adjustment	403	(678)
Reductions for Lapse of Statute of Limitations	(286)	(561)
Balance at the End of Year	\$37,612	\$30,368

Deferred taxes result from temporary differences in the recognition of revenue and expense for tax and financial reporting purposes. It is more likely than not that the results of future operations will generate sufficient taxable income to realize the deferred tax assets. The significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities at April 30 were as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Net Operating Loss	\$6,355	\$2,750
Reserve for Sales Returns and Doubtful Accounts	9,054	9,551
Inventory	(5,151)	(6,140)
Accrued Expenses	8,066	7,572
Accrued Employee Compensation	29,982	27,288
Retirement and Post-Employment Benefits	37,512	24,412
Intangible and Fixed Assets	(248,993)	(230,928)
Net Deferred Tax (Liabilities) Assets	\$(163,175)	\$(165,495)

The Company intends to continue to reinvest earnings outside the U.S. for the foreseeable future and, therefore, has not recognized U.S. tax expense on non-U.S. earnings. At April 30, 2010, the undistributed earnings of international subsidiaries approximated \$282 million. The related tax cost, if the earnings were remitted, cannot be reasonably determined.

Note 11 - Debt and Available Credit Facilities

Debt and available credit facilities consisted of the following as of April 30, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands):

	2010	2009
Revolving Credit Facility – Due 2012	\$114,000	\$219,400
Term Loan – Due 2011 - 2013	535,000	603,000
Total Debt	649,000	822,400
Less: Current Portion	(90,000)	(67,500)
Total Long-Term Debt	\$559,000	\$754,900

In connection with the Blackwell acquisition, the Company entered into a new Credit Agreement with Bank of America and Royal Bank of Scotland as Co-Lead Arrangers in the aggregate amount of \$1.35 billion. The financing was comprised of a six-year Term Loan (Term Loan) in the amount of \$675 million and a \$675 million five-year revolving credit facility (Revolver) which can be drawn in multiple currencies. The agreement provides financing to complete the acquisition, refinance the existing revolving debt of the Company, as well as meet future seasonal operating cash requirements. The Company has the option of borrowing at the following floating interest rates: (i) at the rate as announced from time to time by Bank of America as its prime rate or (ii) at a rate based on the London Bank Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus an applicable margin ranging from .37% to 1.05% for the Revolver and .45% to 1.25% for the Term Loan depending on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, as defined. In addition, the Company will pay a facility fee ranging from .08% to .20% on the Revolver depending on the Company's consolidated leverage ratio, as defined. The total of the applicable margin and facility fee at both April 30, 2010 and 2009 were .50% and .63%, respectively. The Term loan has quarterly mandatory principle payments ranging from zero to \$33.8 million. For the fiscal years ending April 30, 2010 and 2009, these payments were \$68.0 million and \$45.0 million, respectively. The final amount due at maturity in 2013 is \$231.3 million. The Company has the option to request an increase of up to \$250 million in the size of the Revolver in minimum amounts of \$50 million. The Term Loan matures on February 2, 2013 and the Revolver will terminate on February 2, 2012.

The credit agreements contain certain restrictive covenants related to Leverage Ratio, Fixed Charge coverage ratio, property, equipment and technology expenditures, and restricted payments, including a limitation for dividends paid and share repurchases. Under the most restrictive covenant, approximately \$106 million was available for such restricted payments as of April 30, 2010.

The Company and its subsidiaries have other short-term lines of credit aggregating \$11 million at various interest rates. No borrowings under the credit lines were outstanding at April 30, 2010 or 2009.

The Company's total available lines of credit as of April 30, 2010 were approximately \$1.2 billion, of which approximately \$572 million was unused. The weighted average interest rates on long term debt outstanding during fiscal years 2010 and 2009 were 3.70% and 5.02%, respectively. As of April 30, 2010 and 2009, the weighted average interest rates for the long-term debt were 3.13% and 4.11% respectively. Based on estimates of interest rates currently available to the Company for loans with similar terms and maturities, the fair value of amounts outstanding under the Credit Agreement approximate the carrying value.

Total debt maturing in each of the next three years are: 2011 – \$90.0 million; 2012 – \$226.5 million; 2013 – \$332.5 million.

Note 12 – Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company, from time to time, enters into forward exchange and interest rate swap contracts as a hedge against foreign currency asset and liability commitments, changes in interest rates and anticipated transaction exposures, including intercompany purchases. All derivatives are recognized as assets or liabilities and measured at fair value. Derivatives that are not determined to be effective hedges are adjusted to fair value with a corresponding effect on earnings. The Company does not use financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company had approximately \$649.0 million of variable rate loans outstanding at April 30, 2010, which approximated fair value. The Company maintains two interest rate swap agreements that are designated as cash flow hedges as defined under ASC 815 "Derivatives and Hedging" ("ASC 815"). As of April 30, 2010, these swap agreements have been evaluated as being fully effective. As a result, there is no impact on the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income for changes in the fair value of the interest rate swap. Under ASC 815, fully effective derivative instruments that are designated as cash flow hedges have changes in their fair value recorded initially within Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. As interest expense is recognized based on the variable rate loan agreements, the corresponding deferred gain or loss on the interest rate swaps is reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income to Interest Expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

On February 16, 2007 the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement which fixed variable interest due on a portion of its term loan ("Term Loan"). Under the terms of the agreement, the Company pays a fixed rate of 5.076% and receives a variable rate of interest based on three month LIBOR (as defined) from the counter party which is reset every three months for a four-year period ending February 8, 2011. The notional amount of the rate swap was initially \$660 million, which will decline through February 8, 2011, based on the expected amortization of the Term Loan. As of April 30, 2010 and 2009, the notional amount was \$200 million and \$400 million, respectively. On October 19, 2007 the Company entered into an additional interest rate swap agreement which fixed a portion of the variable interest due on its revolving credit facility ("Revolving Credit Facility"). Under the terms of this interest rate swap, the Company pays a fixed rate of 4.60% and receives a variable rate of interest based on three month LIBOR (as defined) from the counterparty which is reset every three months for a three-year period ending August 8, 2010. As of April 30, 2010 and 2009, the notional amount

of the rate swap was \$100 million. It is management's intention that the notional amount of interest rate swaps be less than the Term Loan and the Revolving Credit Facility outstanding during the life of the derivatives.

The Company records the fair value of its interest rate swaps on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs of quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets. The fair value of the interest rate swaps as of April 30, 2010 and 2009 was a net deferred loss of \$11.5 million and \$28.2 million, respectively. As of April 30, 2010, the deferred loss was recorded in Other Accrued Liabilities on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. As of April 30, 2009, the deferred loss was fully recorded within Other Long-Term Liabilities based on the maturity dates of the contracts. Losses that have been reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income into Interest Expense for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$20.4 million, \$17.4 and \$2.2 million, respectively. Based on the amount in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income at April 30, 2010, approximately \$4.0 million, net of tax, of unrecognized loss would be reclassified into net income in the next twelve months.

During fiscal year 2010, the Company entered into certain forward exchange contracts to manage the Company's exposure on certain foreign currency denominated intercompany loans. Foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are remeasured at spot rates in effect on the balance sheet date, with the effects of changes in spot rates reported in Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses) on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The Company did not designate its forward exchange contracts as hedges under current accounting standards as the benefits of doing so were not material due to the short-term nature of the contracts. Therefore, the forward exchange contracts were marked to market through Foreign Exchange Gains (Losses) on the Consolidated Statements of Income, and were carried at their fair value on the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. Accordingly, fair value changes in the forward exchange contracts substantially mitigated the changes in the value of the remeasured foreign currency denominated intercompany loans attributable to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company measured the forward exchange contracts on a recurring basis using Level 2 inputs. The losses recognized on the forward contracts in fiscal year 2010 were \$2.0 million, and were substantially offset by the foreign exchange gains recognized on the economically hedged foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities. As of April 30, 2010, the Company had settled its forward exchange contracts and had no remaining open forward contracts. The Company did not enter into any forward exchange contracts during fiscal year 2009.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

The following schedule shows the composition of rent expense for operating leases (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
Minimum Rental	\$37,261	\$37,561	\$36,002
Less: Sublease Rentals	(1,709)	(1,828)	(1,624)
Total	\$35,552	\$35,733	\$34,378

Future minimum payments under operating leases were \$238.6 million at April 30, 2010. Annual minimum payments under these leases for fiscal years 2011 through 2015 are approximately \$34.0 million, \$31.2 million, \$27.9 million, \$27.5 million, and \$27.3 million, respectively. Rent expense associated with operating leases that include scheduled rent increases and tenant incentives, such as rent holidays, are recorded on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The Company is involved in routine litigation in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, the ultimate resolution of all pending litigation will not have a material effect upon the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

Note 14 - Retirement Plans

The Company and its principal subsidiaries have contributory and noncontributory retirement plans that cover substantially all employees. The plans generally provide for employee retirement between the ages of 60 and 65, and benefits based on length of service and compensation, as defined.

The Company recognizes the overfunded or underfunded status of defined benefit postretirement plans, measured as the difference between the fair value of plan assets and the projected benefit obligation, in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. The change in the funded status of the plan is recognized within Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. Plan assets and obligations are measured as of the Company's balance sheet date.

The amounts in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income that are expected to be recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost during the next fiscal year are as follows (in thousands):

	Funded	Unfunded	Total
Actuarial Loss	\$5,863	\$1,065	\$6,928
Prior Service Cost	348	353	701
Total	\$6,211	\$1,418	\$7,629

The Company has agreements with certain officers and senior management that provide for the payment of supplemental retirement benefits during each of the 10 years after the termination of employment. Under certain circumstances, including a change of control as defined, the payment of such amounts could be accelerated on a present value basis.

Net pension expense detailed below includes approximately \$8.2 million, \$7.4 million and \$13.2 million for plans outside of the United States for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The components of net pension expense for the defined benefit plans were as follows (in thousands):

	2010	2009	2008
Service Cost	\$11,095	\$13,835	\$19,639
Interest Cost	24,055	22,715	22,030
Expected Return on Plan Assets	(19,468)	(21,470)	(22,443)
Net Amortization of Prior Service Cost and Transition Asset	861	589	608
Recognized Net Actuarial Loss	3,776	2,654	3,060
Net Pension Expense	\$20,319	\$18,323	\$22,894

The weighted-average assumptions used to determine net pension expense for the years ended April 30 were as follows:

	2010	2009	2008
Discount Rate	7.1%	6.3%	5.7%
Rate of Compensation Increase	4.2%	4.3%	4.6%
Expected Return on Plan Assets	7.4%	7.4%	7.6%

The projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation, and fair value of plan assets for the retirement plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were \$205.6 million, \$190.9 million, and \$119.3 million, respectively, as of April 30, 2010, and \$153.8 million, \$144.5 million and \$70.5 million, respectively, as of April 30, 2009.

The following table sets forth the changes in and the status of the plans' assets and benefit obligations. The unfunded plans relate primarily to a non-U.S. subsidiary, which is governed by local statutory requirements, and the domestic supplemental retirement plans for certain officers and senior management personnel.

Dollars in thousands	2010		2009	
	<u>Funded</u>	<u>Unfunded</u>	<u>Funded</u>	<u>Unfunded</u>
CHANGE IN PLAN ASSETS				
Fair Value of Plan Assets, Beginning of Year	\$229,931	\$ -	\$321,713	\$ -
Actual Return on Plan Assets	65,233	-	(45,032)	-
Employer Contributions	45,852	2,304	18,788	2,229
Employees' Contributions	2,118	-	2,157	-
Benefits Paid	(8,042)	(2,304)	(8,899)	(2,229)
Foreign Currency Rate Changes	7,605	-	(58,796)	-
Fair Value, End of Year	\$342,697	\$ -	\$229,931	\$ -
CHANGE IN PROJECTED BENEFIT OBLIGATION				
Benefit Obligation, Beginning of Year	\$(270,727)	\$(51,920)	\$(339,526)	\$(57,521)
Service Cost	(9,635)	(1,460)	(11,942)	(1,893)
Interest Cost	(20,350)	(3,705)	(19,358)	(3,357)
Employee Contributions	(2,118)	-	(2,157)	-
Actuarial Gain (Loss)	(95,982)	(10,166)	32,439	4,590
Benefits Paid	8,042	2,304	8,899	2,229
Foreign Currency Rate Changes	(7,298)	(263)	60,972	4,032
Amendments and Other	-	(905)	(54)	-
Benefit Obligation, End of Year	\$(398,068)	\$(66,115)	\$(270,727)	\$(51,920)
Funded Status	\$(55,371)	\$(66,115)	\$(40,796)	\$(51,920)
Amounts Recognized in the Statement of Financial Position:				
Deferred Pension Asset	\$39	\$ -	\$388	\$ -
Current Pension Liability	-	(2,245)	-	(2,483)
Noncurrent Pension Liability	(55,410)	(63,870)	(41,184)	(49,437)
Net Amount Recognized in Statement of Financial Position	\$(55,371)	\$(66,115)	\$(40,796)	\$(51,920)
AMOUNTS RECOGNIZED IN ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME CONSIST OF (before tax)				
Net Actuarial Loss	\$(106,094)	\$(10,601)	\$(59,178)	\$(785)
Prior Service Cost	(1,409)	(1,720)	(1,849)	(1,164)
Total Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	\$(107,503)	\$(12,321)	\$(61,027)	\$(1,949)
(Decrease)/Increase in Accumulated other Comprehensive Income	\$(46,476)	\$(10,372)	\$(26,314)	\$5,596
WEIGHTED AVERAGE ASSUMPTIONS USED IN DETERMINING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES				
Discount Rate	5.8%	5.4%	7.2%	6.9%
Rate of Compensation Increase	4.6%	4.0%	4.2%	4.0%
Accumulated Benefit Obligations	\$(348,028)	\$(56,611)	\$(244,929)	\$(45,495)

Basis for determining discount rate:

The discount rates for the United States and Canadian pension plans were based on the derivation of a single-equivalent discount rate using a standard spot rate curve and the timing of expected benefit payments as of April 30, 2010. The spot rate curve used is based upon a portfolio of Moody's-rated Aa3 (or higher) corporate bonds. The discount rates for the other international plans were based on similar published indices with durations comparable to that of each plan's liabilities.

Basis for determining the expected asset return:

The expected long-term rates of return were estimated using market benchmarks for equities, real estate, and bonds applied to each plan's target asset allocation and are estimated by asset class including an anticipated inflation rate. The expected long-term rates are then compared to the historic investment performance of the plan assets as well as future expectations and estimated through consultation with investment advisors and actuaries.

Pension plan assets/investments:

The investment guidelines for the defined benefit pension plans are established based upon an evaluation of market conditions, plan liabilities, cash requirements for benefit payments, and tolerance for risk. Investment guidelines include the use of actively and passively managed securities. The investment objective is to ensure that funds are available to meet the plan's benefit obligations when they are due. The investment strategy is to invest in high quality and diversified equity and debt securities to achieve our long-term expectation. The plans' risk management practices provide guidance to the investment managers, including guidelines for asset concentration, credit rating and liquidity. Asset allocation favors a balanced portfolio, with a target allocation of approximately 51% equity securities, 43% fixed income securities and cash, and 6% real estate. Due to volatility in the market, the target allocation is not always desirable and asset allocations will fluctuate between acceptable ranges of plus or minus 5%. The Company regularly reviews the investment allocations and periodically rebalances investments to the target allocations. As of April 30, 2010, the Company adopted the new accounting guidance on employer's disclosures about postretirement benefit plan assets which requires that we categorize pension assets into three levels based upon the assumptions (inputs) used to price the assets. Level 1 provides the most reliable measure of fair value, whereas Level 3 generally requires significant management judgment. The three levels are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than those included in Level 1. For example, quoted prices for similar assets in active markets or quoted prices for identical assets in inactive markets.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs reflecting assumptions about the inputs used in pricing the asset.

The Company held no level 3 assets during the year. The following table sets forth by level within the fair value hierarchy, pension plan assets at their fair value as of April 30, 2010 (in thousands):

	(Level 1) Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	(Level 2) Significant Observable Inputs	Total
<u>U.S. Plan Assets</u>			
Equity Securities:			
U.S. Commingled Funds	\$ -	\$47,938	\$47,938
Non-U.S. Commingled Funds	-	20,095	20,095
Fixed Income Securities:			
Fixed Income Commingled Funds	-	46,846	46,846
Other:			
Real Estate	-	4,422	4,422
Total U.S. Plan Assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$119,301</u>	<u>\$119,301</u>
<u>Non-U.S. Plan Assets</u>			
Equity Securities:			
U.S. Equities	\$13,278	\$10,863	\$24,141
Non-U.S. Equities	15,022	60,336	75,358
International Equities	2,351	-	2,351
Fixed Income Securities:			
Government /Sovereign Securities	13,292	1,439	14,731
Fixed Income Funds	17,736	67,693	85,429
Other:			
Real Estate/Other	2,719	10,368	13,087
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8,151	148	8,299
Total Non-U.S. Plan Assets	<u>\$72,549</u>	<u>\$150,847</u>	<u>\$223,396</u>
Total Plan Assets	<u>\$72,549</u>	<u>\$270,148</u>	<u>\$342,697</u>

Expected employer contributions to the defined benefit pension plans in fiscal year 2011 will be approximately \$14.6 million, including \$8.6 million of minimum amounts required for the Company's non-U.S. plans. From time to time, the Company may elect to make voluntary contributions to its defined benefit plans to improve their funded status.

Benefit payments from all plans are expected to approximate \$11.7 million in fiscal year 2011, \$12.7 million in fiscal year 2012, \$13.9 million in fiscal year 2013, \$15.4 million in fiscal year 2014, \$17.7 million in fiscal year 2015, and \$117.6 million for fiscal years 2016 through 2020.

The Company provides contributory life insurance and health care benefits, subject to certain dollar limitations for substantially all of its eligible retired U.S. employees. The cost of such benefits is expensed over the years the employee renders service and is not funded in advance. The accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of April 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$4.0 million and \$2.8 million, respectively. Annual expenses for these plans for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$0.5 million, \$0.4 million and \$0.3 million, respectively.

The Company has defined contribution savings plans. The Company contribution is based on employee contributions and the level of Company match. The expense for these plans amounted to approximately \$8.4 million, \$7.3 million, and \$6.3 million in fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

Note 15 – Share-Based Compensation

All equity compensation plans have been approved by security holders. At the meeting of shareholders held in September 2009, shareholders approved the 2009 Key Employee Stock Plan (“the Plan”). Under the Plan, qualified employees are eligible to receive awards that may include stock options, performance-based stock awards, and restricted stock awards. Under the Plan, a maximum number of 8,000,000 shares of Company Class A stock may be issued. As of April 30, 2010, there were approximately 7,915,000 securities remaining available for future issuance under the Plan. The Company issues treasury shares to fund stock options and performance-based and restricted stock awards.

Stock Option Activity:

Under the terms of the Company’s stock option plan, the exercise price of stock options granted may not be less than 100% of the fair market value of the stock at the date of grant. Options are exercisable over a maximum period of 10 years from the date of grant and generally vest 50% on the fourth and fifth anniversary date after the award is granted. Under certain circumstances relating to a change of control, as defined, the right to exercise options outstanding could be accelerated.

The following table provides the estimated weighted average fair value, under the Black-Scholes option-pricing model, for each option granted during the periods and the significant weighted average assumptions used in their determination. The expected life represents an estimate of the period of time stock options are outstanding based on the historical exercise behavior of the employees. The risk-free interest rate is based on the corresponding U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of the grant. The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility of the Company’s Common Stock Price over the estimated life of the option while, the dividend yield is based on the expected dividend payments to be made by the Company.

	For the Twelve Months Ending April 30,		
	2010	2009	2008
Per Share Fair Value of Options Granted	\$11.32	\$15.30	\$18.42

Weighted Average assumptions:

Expected Life of Options (years)	7.8	7.7	7.7
Risk-Free Interest Rate	3.3%	3.8%	5.1%
Expected Volatility	29.9%	25.2%	27.3%
Expected Dividend Yield	1.6%	1.1%	0.9%
Fair Value of Common Stock on Grant Date	\$35.04	\$47.55	\$48.46

A summary of the activity and status of the Company's stock option plans follows:

Stock Options	2010			2009		2008		
	Options (in 000's)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Term (in years)	Average Intrinsic Value (in millions)	Options (in 000's)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options (in 000's)	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at Beginning of Year	5,722	\$34.05			5,730	\$31.27	6,216	\$27.37
Granted	695	\$35.04			631	\$47.55	627	\$48.46
Exercised	(1,407)	\$25.74			(622)	\$22.02	(1,001)	\$17.89
Expired or Forfeited	(23)	\$40.37			(17)	\$34.66	(112)	\$30.45
Outstanding at End of Year	4,987	\$36.51	5.9	\$35.9	5,722	\$34.05	5,730	\$31.27
Exercisable at End of Year	2,513	\$31.47	4.1	\$27.1	2,937	\$27.38	2,657	\$24.40
Vested and Expected to Vest in the Future at April 30, 2010	4,802	\$36.61	5.9	\$34.2				

The intrinsic value is the difference between the Company's common stock price and the option exercise price. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$22.9 million, \$11.8 million and \$25.3 million, respectively. The total fair value of stock options vested during fiscal year 2010 was \$11.6 million.

As of April 30, 2010, there was \$8.0 million of unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to stock options, which is expected to be recognized over a period up to 5 years, or 1.9 years on a weighted average basis.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at April 30, 2010:

Range of Exercise Prices	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable	
	Number of Options (in 000's)	Weighted Average Remaining Term (in years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options (in 000's)	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$18.30 to \$20.54	20	1.4	\$19.58	20	\$19.58
\$21.44 to \$23.40	96	1.3	\$23.17	96	\$23.17
\$23.56 to \$25.32	717	2.8	\$25.16	717	\$25.16
\$31.89 to \$38.78	2,908	6.1	\$34.93	1,680	\$34.77
\$47.55 to \$48.46	1,246	7.7	\$48.00	-	-
Total/Average	4,987	5.9	\$36.51	2,513	\$31.47

Performance-Based and Other Restricted Stock Activity:

Under the terms of the Company's long-term incentive plans, upon the achievement of certain three-year financial performance-based targets, awards are payable in restricted shares of the Company's Class A Common Stock. During each three-year period, the Company adjusts compensation expense based upon its best estimate of expected performance. The restricted performance shares vest 50% on the first and second anniversary date after the award is earned.

The Company may also grant individual restricted shares awards of the Company's Class A Common Stock to key employees in connection with their employment. The restricted shares generally vest 50% at the end of the fourth and fifth years following the date of the grant.

Under certain circumstances relating to a change of control or termination, as defined, the restrictions would lapse and shares would vest earlier. Activity for performance-based and other restricted stock awards during fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008 was as follows (shares in thousands):

	2010		2009	2008
	Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Value	Restricted Shares	Restricted Shares
Nonvested Shares at Beginning of Year	682	\$37.81	1,096	814
Granted	363	\$35.04	308	307
Change in shares due to performance	191	\$48.31	(459)	211
Vested and Issued	(292)	\$35.00	(228)	(224)
Forfeited	(18)	\$41.08	(35)	(12)
Nonvested Shares at End of Year	926	\$39.71	682	1,096

As of April 30, 2010, there was \$14.9 million of unrecognized share-based compensation cost related to restricted stock awards, which is expected to be recognized over a period up to 5 years, or 3.1 years on a weighted average basis. Compensation expense for restricted stock awards is measured using the closing market price of the Company's Class A Common Stock at the date of grant. The total grant date value of shares vested during fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008 was \$10.2 million, \$7.8 million and \$6.4 million, respectively.

Director Stock Awards:

Under the terms of the Company's Director Stock Plan (the "Director Plan"), each non-employee director receives an annual award of Class A Common Stock equal in value to 100% of the annual director fee, based on the stock price on the date of grant. The granted shares may not be sold or transferred during the time the non-employee director remains a director. There were 14,130, 8,616 and 7,680 shares awarded under the Director Plan for fiscal years 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Note 16 - Capital Stock and Changes in Capital Accounts

Each share of the Company's Class B Common Stock is convertible into one share of Class A Common Stock. The holders of Class A stock are entitled to elect 30% of the entire Board of Directors and the holders of Class B stock are entitled to elect the remainder. On all other matters, each share of Class A stock is entitled to one tenth of one vote and each share of Class B stock is entitled to one vote.

Under the Company's current stock repurchase program, up to four million shares of its Class A Common Stock may be purchased from time to time in the open market and through privately negotiated transactions. The Company did not repurchase any shares during fiscal year 2010. As of April 30, 2010, the Company has authorization from its Board of Directors to purchase up to approximately 798,630 additional shares.

Note 17 - Segment Information

The Company is a global publisher of print and electronic products, providing content and digital solutions to customers worldwide. The Company maintains publishing, marketing and distribution centers principally in Asia, Australia, Canada, Germany, the United Kingdom and the United States. Below is a description of the Company's three operating segments.

Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly includes the publishing of titles for the scientific, technical, medical and scholarly communities worldwide including academic, corporate, government and public libraries; researchers; scientists; clinicians; engineers and technologists; scholarly and professional societies; and students and professors. Products include journals, books, major reference works, databases and laboratory manuals. Publishing areas include the physical sciences, health sciences, social science and humanities and life sciences. Products are sold and distributed globally, online and in print through multiple channels, including research libraries, library consortia, independent subscription agents, direct sales to professional society members, bookstores, online booksellers and other customers. Publishing centers include Australia, Germany, Singapore, the United Kingdom and the United States.

Professional/Trade includes the publishing of books, subscription products and information services in all media. Subject areas include business, technology, architecture, cooking, psychology, education, travel, health, religion, consumer reference, pets and general interest. Products are developed for worldwide distribution through multiple channels, including major chains and online booksellers, independent bookstores, libraries, colleges and universities, warehouse clubs, corporations, direct marketing and websites. Professional/Trade customers are professionals, consumers and students worldwide. Publishing centers include Asia, Australia, Canada, Germany, the United Kingdom and the United States.

Higher Education includes the publishing of educational materials in all media, for two and four-year colleges and universities, for-profit career colleges, advanced placement classes and secondary schools in Australia. Higher Education products focus on courses in business and accounting, sciences, engineering, computer science, mathematics, statistics, geography, hospitality and the culinary arts, education, psychology and modern languages. Customers include undergraduate, graduate and advanced placement students, educators and lifelong learners worldwide and secondary school students in Australia. Products are sold and delivered online and in print, principally through college bookstores, online booksellers and websites. The Company maintains centers in Asia, Australia, Canada, India, the United Kingdom and the United States.

Shared Services - The Company reports separate financial data for shared service functions, which are centrally managed for the benefit of the three global businesses, including Distribution, Technology Services, Finance and Other Administration support.

Segment information is as follows (in thousands) :

	For the years ended April 30,		
	2010	2009	2008
<u>Revenue</u>			
Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly	\$986,683	\$969,184	\$975,797
Professional/Trade	429,988	403,113	457,286
Higher Education	282,391	239,093	240,651
Total	\$1,699,062	\$1,611,390	\$1,673,734
<u>Direct Contribution to Profit</u>			
Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly	\$405,241	\$399,156	\$384,170
Professional/Trade	100,196	89,678	130,502
Higher Education	86,212	66,619	74,387
Total	\$591,649	\$555,453	\$589,059
<u>Shared Services and Administration Costs</u>			
Distribution	\$(110,858)	\$(112,961)	\$(116,147)
Technology Services	(103,154)	(93,413)	(95,412)
Finance	(47,294)	(45,937)	(49,684)
Other Administration	(87,751)	(84,664)	(102,605)
Total	\$(349,057)	\$(336,975)	\$(363,848)
Operating Income	\$242,592	\$218,478	\$225,211
Foreign Exchange Losses	(10,883)	(11,759)	(2,863)
Interest Expense & Other, net	(31,500)	(42,244)	(60,820)
Income Before Taxes	\$200,209	\$164,475	\$161,528
<u>Total Assets</u>			
Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly	\$1,417,276	\$1,380,991	\$1,715,292
Professional/Trade	474,428	462,482	506,838
Higher Education	157,816	165,839	160,292
Corporate/Shared Services	266,682	214,396	193,793
Total	\$2,316,202	\$2,223,708	\$2,576,215
<u>Expenditures for Other Long Lived Assets</u>			
Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly	\$97,329	\$95,417	\$83,464
Professional/Trade	50,733	55,433	50,638
Higher Education	19,455	36,287	20,117
Corporate/Shared Services	42,390	14,498	15,967
Total	\$209,907	\$201,635	\$170,186
<u>Depreciation and Amortization</u>			
Scientific, Technical, Medical and Scholarly	\$52,215	\$51,045	\$52,101
Professional/Trade	32,191	31,703	32,322
Higher Education	25,125	21,926	20,924
Corporate/Shared Services	13,348	11,071	10,576
Total	\$122,879	\$115,745	\$115,923

Export sales from the United States to unaffiliated customers amounted to approximately \$140.5 million, \$142.3 million, and \$95.2 million in fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively. The pretax income for consolidated operations outside the United States was approximately \$133.1 million, \$107.0 million, and \$122.4 million in 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

Revenue from external customers based on the location of the customer and long-lived assets by geographic area were as follows (in thousands):

	Revenue			Long-Lived Assets		
	2010	2009	2008	2010	2009	2008
United States	\$865,519	\$812,416	\$856,438	\$734,512	\$731,535	\$702,722
United Kingdom	120,953	126,190	131,642	889,921	845,681	1,203,700
Germany	91,954	88,336	91,130	132,783	140,507	149,403
Asia	234,585	220,107	209,436	3,454	3,309	2,789
Australia	79,194	65,084	76,530	57,447	44,618	48,411
Canada	70,566	67,189	68,609	5,635	4,424	5,073
Other Countries	236,291	232,068	239,949	-	-	-
Total	\$1,699,062	\$1,611,390	\$1,673,734	\$1,823,752	\$1,770,074	\$2,112,098

Note 18 – Interest Income and Other, Net

Included in Interest Income and Other for fiscal year 2009 is a \$4.6 million (\$0.08 per diluted share) non-recurring insurance receipt.

Note 19 – Functional Currency Change

Effective November 1, 2008, the Company changed its functional currency reporting basis for the non-Blackwell portion of the Company's European STMS journal business from U.S. Dollar to local functional currency. As part of the integration of Blackwell and Wiley fulfillment systems and licensing practices, in the third quarter the Company began pricing journal revenue based on local currency in Europe. Prior to the integration, journal revenue was principally priced and reported in U.S. Dollars. This change primarily impacted business denominated in Euros and Sterling.

JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC., AND SUBSIDIARIES
VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED APRIL 30, 2010, 2009, AND 2008

(Dollars in thousands)

Description	Balance at Beginning of Period	Additions/ (Deductions) Charged to Cost & Expenses	Deductions From Reserves ⁽²⁾	Balance at End of Period
Year Ended April 30, 2010				
Allowance for Sales Returns ⁽¹⁾	\$55,207	\$102,395	\$102,291	\$55,311
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$5,655	\$3,177	\$1,973	\$6,859
Allowance for Inventory Obsolescence	\$36,329	\$28,699	\$25,354	\$39,674
Year Ended April 30, 2009				
Allowance for Sales Returns ⁽¹⁾	\$55,483	\$93,738	\$94,014	\$55,207
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$8,025	\$2,019	\$4,389	\$5,655
Allowance for Inventory Obsolescence	\$35,420	\$28,405	\$27,496	\$36,329
Year Ended April 30, 2008				
Allowance for Sales Returns ⁽¹⁾	\$56,148	\$93,909	\$94,574	\$55,483
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	\$11,206	\$(638)	\$2,543	\$8,025
Allowance for Inventory Obsolescence	\$32,244	\$22,156	\$18,980	\$35,420

(1) Allowance for sales returns represents anticipated returns net of inventory and royalty costs. The provision is reported as a reduction of gross sales to arrive at revenue and the reserve balance is reported as a reduction of accounts receivable.

(2) Deductions from reserves include foreign exchange translation adjustments and accounts written off, less recoveries.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures: As of the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was performed under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective in alerting them on a timely basis to information required to be included in our submissions and filings with the SEC.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting: Our Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) of the Exchange Act. Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based upon the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on that evaluation, our management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting is effective as of April 30, 2010.

KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, has audited the consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K and, as part of their audit, has issued their report, included herein, on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting: There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting during fiscal year 2010.

Item 9B. Other Information

Information on the Audit Committee Charter is contained in the Company's Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders under the caption "Certain Information Concerning the Board" and is incorporated herein by reference.

Information with respect to the Company's corporate governance principles is contained in the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders under the caption "Corporate Governance Principles" and is incorporated herein by reference.

Following the acquisition of Sun Microsystems, Inc. by Oracle, One of the Company's Board of Directors, Kim Jones, exercised her change of control provision and is no longer employed by Oracle. Pursuant the Company's Corporate Governance Principles, Ms. Jones tendered her resignation as a director. On June 17, 2010, the Board of Directors accepted Ms. Jones' resignation.

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

The name, age and background of each of the directors nominated for election are contained under the caption "Election of Directors" in the Proxy Statement for our 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and are incorporated herein by reference.

Information on the beneficial ownership reporting for the directors and executive officers is contained under the caption "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" in the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and is incorporated herein by reference.

Information on the audit committee financial experts is contained in the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders under the caption "Report of the Audit Committee" and is incorporated herein by reference.

Executive Officers

Set forth below as of April 30, 2010 are the names and ages of all executive officers of the Company, the period during which they have been officers, and the offices presently held by each of them.

<u>Name and Age</u>	<u>Officer Since</u>	<u>Present Office</u>
Peter Booth Wiley 67	2002	Chairman of the Board since September 2002 and a Director since 1984.
William J. Pesce 59	1989	President and Chief Executive Officer and a Director since 1998.
Ellis E. Cousens 58	2001	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Operations Officer since 2001.
Stephen A. Kippur 63	1986	Executive Vice President; and President, Professional and Trade Publishing since 1998.
William Arlington 61	1990	Senior Vice President, Human Resources since 1996.
Bonnie E. Lieberman 62	1990	Senior Vice President, Higher Education since 1996.
Gary M. Rinck 58	2004	Senior Vice President, General Counsel since 2004.
Stephen M. Smith 55	1995	Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer since 2009.
Eric A. Swanson	1989	Senior Vice President, Wiley-Blackwell since 2007 (previously Senior

62		Vice President, Scientific Technical and Medical since 1996).
Deborah E. Wiley	1982	Senior Vice President, Corporate Communications since 1996.
64		
Vincent Marzano	2006	Vice President, Treasurer since 2006.
47		
Edward J. Melando	2002	Vice President, Corporate Controller and Chief Accounting Officer since 2002.
54		
Michael Preston	2009	Corporate Secretary since 2009.
42		

Each of the other officers listed above will serve until the next organizational meetings of the Board of Directors of the Company and until each of the respective successors are duly elected and qualified. Deborah E. Wiley is the sister of Peter Booth Wiley. There is no other family relationship among any of the aforementioned individuals.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Information on compensation of the directors and executive officers is contained in the Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders under the captions “Directors’ Compensation” and “Executive Compensation,” respectively, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

Information required by this item is contained in the Company’s Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders under the caption “Beneficial Ownership of Directors and Management” and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

None.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

Information required by this item is contained in the Company’s Proxy Statement for the 2010 Annual Meeting of Shareholders under the caption “Report of the Audit Committee” and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K

- (a) Financial Statements and Schedules
- Financial Statements and Schedules are listed in the attached index on page 10 and are filed as part of this Report.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K
- Earnings release on the third quarter fiscal 2010 results issued on Form 8-K dated March 11, 2010, which included certain condensed financial statements of the Company.
- Earnings release on the fiscal year 2010 results issued on Form 8-K dated June 17, 2010, which included certain condensed financial statements of the Company.
- (c) Exhibits
- 2.1** Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of August 12, 2001, among the Company, HMI Acquisition Corp. and Hungry Minds, Inc. (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 8-K dated as of August 12, 2001).
- 2.2** Scheme of Arrangement dated as of November 21, 2006, among the Company, Wiley Europe Investment Holdings Limited and Blackwell Publishing (Holdings) Limited (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 8-K dated as of November 21, 2006).
- 3.1** Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 1992).
- 3.2** Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated October 13, 1995 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 1997).
- 3.3** Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated as of September 1998 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended October 31, 1998).
- 3.4** Certificate of Amendment of the Certificate of Incorporation dated as of September 1999 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended October 31, 1999).
- 3.5** By-Laws as Amended and Restated dated as of September 2007 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2008).
- 10.2** Credit Agreement dated as of February 2, 2007, among the Company and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Swing Line Lender and the Other Lenders Party Hereto (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 8-K dated as of February 8, 2007).
- 10.3** Agreement of the Lease dated as of June 7, 2006 between One Wiley Drive, LLC, an independent third party, as landlord and John Wiley and Sons, Inc., as Tenant (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2006).
- 10.4** Agreement of Lease dated as of August 4, 2000, between, Block A South Waterfront Development L.L.C., as Landlord, and the Company, as Tenant (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended July 31, 2000).
- 10.5** Summary of Lease Agreement dated as of March 4, 2005, between, Investa Properties Limited L.L.C. as Landlord, and the Company, as Tenant (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2005).
- 10.6** 2009 Director Stock Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's second quarter fiscal year 2010 report on Form 10-Q as exhibit 10.3).
- 10.7** 2009 Executive Annual Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's second quarter fiscal year 2010 report on Form 10-Q as exhibit 10.2).
- 10.8** 2009 Key Employee Stock Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's second quarter fiscal year 2010 report on Form 10-Q as exhibit 10.1).
- 10.9** Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan as Amended and Restated effective as of January 1, 2009

- 10.10** Supplemental Benefit Plan Amended and Restated as of January 1, 2009
- 10.11** Deferred Compensation Plan as Amended and Restated effective as of January 1, 2008
- 10.12** Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors' 2005 & After Compensation (incorporated by reference to the report on Form 8-K, filed December 21, 2005).
- 10.13** Form of the Fiscal Year 2011 Qualified Executive Long Term Incentive Plan
- 10.14** Form of the Fiscal Year 2011 Qualified Executive Annual Incentive Plan
- 10.15** Form of the Fiscal Year 2011 Executive Annual Strategic Milestones Incentive Plan
- 10.16** Form of the Fiscal Year 2010 Qualified Executive Long Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2009).
- 10.17** Form of the Fiscal Year 2010 Qualified Executive Annual Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2009).
- 10.18** Form of the Fiscal Year 2010 Executive Annual Strategic Milestones Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2009).
- 10.19** Form of the Fiscal Year 2009 Qualified Executive Long Term Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2008).
- 10.20** Form of the Fiscal Year 2009 Qualified Executive Annual Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2008).
- 10.21** Form of the Fiscal Year 2009 Executive Annual Strategic Milestones Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2008).
- 10.22** Senior Executive Employment Agreement to Arbitrate dated as of April 29, 2003 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2003).
- 10.23** Schedule of individual officers party to Senior Executive Employment Agreement to Arbitrate dated as of April 29, 2003 (incorporated by reference to the Company's second quarter fiscal year 2010 report on Form 10-Q).
- 10.24** Senior Executive Non-competition and Non-Disclosure Agreement dated as of April 29, 2003 (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2003).
- 10.25** Schedule of individual officers party to Senior Executive Non-Competition and Non-Disclosure Agreement dated as of April 29, 2003 (incorporated by reference to the Company's second quarter fiscal year 2010 report on Form 10-Q).
- 10.26** Senior executive Employment Agreement dated as of December 1, 2008, between William J. Pesce and the Company (incorporated by reference to the Company's third quarter fiscal year 2009 report on Form 10-Q).
- 10.27** Senior executive Employment Agreement dated as of March 1, 2003, between Stephen A. Kippur and the Company (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2003).
- 10.28** Senior executive Employment Agreement dated as of December 1, 2008, between Ellis E. Cousens and the Company (incorporated by reference to the Company's third quarter fiscal year 2009 report on Form 10-Q).
- 10.29** Senior executive Employment Agreement letter dated as of November 18, 2009, between Stephen M. Smith and the Company (incorporated by reference to the Company's second quarter fiscal year 2010 report on Form 10-Q).
- 10.30** Senior executive Employment Agreement letter dated as of March 1, 2003, between Bonnie E. Lieberman and the Company (incorporated by reference to the Company's Report on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2008).
- 21*** List of Subsidiaries of the Company
- 23*** Consent of KPMG LLP
- 31.1*** Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

- 32.1*** Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2*** Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2*** Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

* Filed herewith

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC.

(Company)

By: /s/ William J. Pesce

William J. Pesce

President and Chief Executive Officer

By: /s/ Ellis E. Cousens

Ellis E. Cousens

Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial and Operations Officer

By: /s/ Edward J. Melando

Edward J. Melando

Vice President, Controller and

Chief Accounting Officer

Dated: June 23, 2010

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons constituting directors of the Company on June 23, 2010.

/s/ Warren J. Baker
Warren J. Baker

/s/ William J. Pesce
William J. Pesce

/s/ Richard M. Hochhauser
Richard M. Hochhauser

/s/ William B. Plummer
William B. Plummer

/s/ Mathew S. Kissner
Mathew S. Kissner

/s/ Kalpana Raina
Kalpana Raina

/s/ Raymond McDaniel, Jr.
Raymond McDaniel, Jr.

/s/ Bradford Wiley II
Bradford Wiley II

/s/ Eduardo R. Menascé
Eduardo R. Menascé

/s/ Peter Booth Wiley
Peter Booth Wiley

SUBSIDIARIES OF JOHN WILEY & SONS, INC.⁽¹⁾

	<u>Jurisdiction In Which Incorporated</u>
John Wiley & Sons International Rights, Inc.	Delaware
JWS HQ, LLC	New Jersey
JWS DCM, LLC	New Jersey
Wiley-Liss, Inc.	Delaware
Wiley Publishing Services, Inc.	Delaware
Wiley Subscription Services, Inc.	Delaware
WWL Corp.	Delaware
John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pte. Ltd.	Singapore
John Wiley & Sons Australia, Ltd.	Australia
John Wiley & Sons Canada Limited	Canada
John Wiley & Sons (HK) Limited	Hong Kong
Wiley HMI Holdings, Inc.	Delaware
Wiley Europe Investment Holdings, Ltd.	United Kingdom
Wiley U.K. (Unlimited Co.)	United Kingdom
Wiley Europe Ltd.	United Kingdom
John Wiley & Sons, Ltd.	United Kingdom
Wiley Heyden Ltd.	United Kingdom
Wiley Distribution Services Ltd.	United Kingdom
Blackwell Publishing (Holdings) Ltd.	United Kingdom
Blackwell Publishing Ltd.	United Kingdom
Wiley Services Singapore Pte. Limited	Singapore
Blackwell Science Ltd.	United Kingdom
Blackwell Science (Overseas Holdings)	United Kingdom
Munksgaard Als	Denmark
Blackwell – Verlag GmbH	Germany
Blackwell Pub. Asia Put. Ltd.	Australia
Blackwell Science KK	Japan
Blackwell Science (HK) Ltd.	Hong Kong
HMI Investment, Inc	Delaware
Wiley Publishing Inc.	Delaware
Wiley India Private Ltd.	India
Wiley Publishing Australia Pty Ltd.	Australia
John Wiley & Sons GmbH	Germany
Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA	Germany
GIT Verlag GmbH & Co. KG	Germany

(1) The names of other subsidiaries that would not constitute a significant subsidiary in the aggregate have been omitted.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.:

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statement No. 33-62605 of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (the "Company") of our reports dated June 23, 2010, with respect to the consolidated statements of financial position of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. as of April 30, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income, and cash flows, for each of the years in the three-year period ended April 30, 2010, and the related financial statement schedule, and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of April 30, 2010, which reports appear in the April 30, 2010 annual report on Form 10-K of John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

/s/ KPMG LLP

New York, New York
June 23, 2010

CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, William J. Pesce, President and Chief Executive Officer of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of the Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statements of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting that are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ William J. Pesce

William J. Pesce
President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: June 23, 2010

CERTIFICATIONS PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Ellis E. Cousens, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Operations Officer of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (the "Company"), hereby certify that:

1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of the Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statements of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The Company's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the Company and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Company, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report, based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recent fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The Company's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the Company's auditors and the audit committee of the Company's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting that are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Company's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

By: /s/ Ellis E. Cousens

Ellis E. Cousens
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial and Operations Officer

Dated: June 23, 2010

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William J. Pesce, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ William J. Pesce

William J. Pesce
President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated: June 23, 2010

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended April 30, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Ellis E. Cousens, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial and Operations Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

By: /s/ Ellis E. Cousens

Ellis E. Cousens
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial and Operations Officer

Dated: June 23, 2010

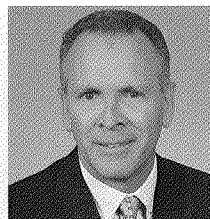
WILEY LEADERSHIP TEAM



William J. Pesce



Stephen M. Smith



Ellis E. Cousens



Mark Allin



William J. Arlington



Warren C. Fristensky



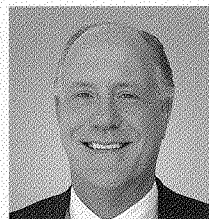
Clifford Kline



Bonnie Lieberman



Steven Miron



Gary M. Rinck

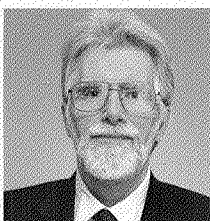


Deborah E. Wiley



Stephen A. Kippur led the development of Wiley's Professional/Trade business from a small publishing program 25 years ago to a \$430 million global enterprise today. Over the course of Stephen's 31-year career at Wiley, he and his team established P/T as a market leader in key publishing categories, powered by renowned brands, franchises, and alliances, such as For Dummies, Frommer's, Betty Crocker (General Mills), Better Homes and Gardens (Meredith), and Bloomberg, to name a few. The Company's confidence in Stephen and his team is evidenced by important acquisitions, including Van Nostrand Reinhold (1997), Jossey-Bass (1998), and Hungry Minds (2001).

Stephen retired as Executive Vice President and President, P/T, on July 31, 2010. We join colleagues and partners around the world in wishing him all the best in the years ahead.



Eric A. Swanson successfully led Wiley's Scientific, Technical, Medical, and Scholarly business for more than two decades, establishing Wiley as one of the largest and most respected companies in the industry. Eric was also a founding member and driving force in CrossRef, Research4Life, and many other industry initiatives that employ technology to benefit researchers, provide broader access to scientific and scholarly literature, and protect the integrity of published research.

Eric joined Wiley in 1989 with the acquisition of Alan R. Liss, Inc., a highly respected journals publisher, where he was Executive Vice President. At that time, he assumed leadership of Wiley's STM business. Eric's position evolved with the business, as Wiley acquired VCH (1996) and Blackwell Publishing (2007), the largest acquisition in Wiley's 203-year history. To ensure a smooth transition, Eric's successor, Steve Miron, assumed responsibility for global STMS on May 1, 2010, while Eric will focus on government and industry affairs until his retirement later this year.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Peter Booth Wiley
Chairman

Warren J. Baker³
President
California Polytechnic State
University at San Luis Obispo

Richard M. Hochhauser²
Adjunct Professor
New York University

Matthew S. Kissner^{1,2}
*President and Chief
Executive Officer*
The Kissner Group LLC

Raymond W. McDaniel, Jr.⁴
*Chairman and Chief
Executive Officer*
Moody's Corporation

Eduardo Menascé^{1,3}
*Retired President,
Enterprise Solutions Group*
Verizon Communications, Inc.

William J. Pesce¹
*President and
Chief Executive Officer*
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

William B. Plummer⁴
*Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer*
United Rentals, Inc.

Kalpana Raina²
Managing Partner
252 Solutions, LLC

Bradford Wiley II⁴

¹ Executive Committee

² Audit Committee

³ Compensation Committee

⁴ Governance Committee

WILEY LEADERSHIP TEAM

William J. Pesce
*President and Chief
Executive Officer*

Stephen M. Smith
*Executive Vice President and
Chief Operating Officer*

Ellis E. Cousens
*Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial and
Operations Officer*

Mark Allin
*Senior Vice President,
Professional/Trade*

William J. Arlington
*Senior Vice President,
Human Resources*

Warren C. Fristensky
*Senior Vice President,
Information Technology, and
Chief Information Officer*

Clifford Kline
*Senior Vice President,
Customer and Product
Support Operations*

Bonnie Lieberman
*Senior Vice President
and General Manager,
Higher Education*

Steven Miron
*Senior Vice President,
Scientific, Technical, Medical,
and Scholarly*

Gary M. Rinck
*Senior Vice President
and General Counsel*

Deborah E. Wiley
*Senior Vice President,
Corporate Communications*

CORPORATE OFFICERS

Vincent Marzano
Vice President and Treasurer

Edward J. Melando
*Vice President,
Corporate Controller, and
Chief Accounting Officer*

Michael L. Preston
Corporate Secretary

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Transfer Agent
Registrar and Transfer
Company
10 Commerce Drive
Cranford, NJ 07016
TELEPHONE: 800.368.5948
EMAIL: info@rtco.com
WEB SITE: www.rtco.com

Independent Public Accountants

KPMG LLP
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154

Annual Meeting

To be held on Thursday,
September 16, 2010, at
9:30 A.M. local time, at
Company Headquarters,
111 River Street, Hoboken,
NJ 07030-5774

Dividends

On June 17, 2010, the Board
of Directors approved a
quarterly dividend of \$0.16
per share on both Class
A Common and Class B
Common shares, payable on
July 14, 2010, to shareholders
of record as of July 6, 2010.

Employment

John Wiley & Sons, Inc., is an
equal opportunity employer.

Certifications

The Company has filed the
required certifications under
Sections 302 and 906 of the
Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
as Exhibits 31.1, 31.2, 32.1, and
32.2 to our annual report on
Form 10-K for the fiscal year
ended April 30, 2010.

Following the 2010 Annual
Meeting of Shareholders, the
Company intends to file with
the New York Stock Exchange
the CEO certification
regarding the Company's
compliance with the NYSE's
corporate governance listing
standards as required by
NYSE rule 303A.12. Last year
the Company filed this CEO
certification with the NYSE
on September 30, 2009,
without qualification.

To Contact the Non- Management Directors:

Non-Management Directors
c/o Corporate Secretary
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
111 River Street
Mail Stop 9-01
Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774
EMAIL:
non-managementdirectors
@wiley.com

Investor Relations

Brian Campbell
Director, Investor Relations
TELEPHONE: 201.748.6874
EMAIL:
brian.campbell@wiley.com

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES

To promote the best corporate governance practices, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., adheres to the Corporate Governance Principles set forth in the Corporate Governance section on wiley.com and in the Company's Proxy (online at <http://www.wiley.com/go/communications>). The Board of Directors and management believe that these Principles, which are consistent with the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the New York Stock Exchange, are in the best interests of the Company, its shareholders, and other stakeholders, including colleagues, authors, customers, and suppliers. The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Company has a management team capable of representing these interests and of achieving superior business performance.

**CORPORATE
HEADQUARTERS,
MAIN OFFICES,
AND DISTRIBUTION
CENTERS**

North America

Corporate Headquarters
John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
111 River Street
Hoboken, NJ 07030-5774
TELEPHONE: 201.748.6000
FACSIMILE: 201.748.6088
EMAIL: info@wiley.com
WEB SITE: www.wiley.com

350 Main Street
Commerce Place
Malden, MA 02148-5020
TELEPHONE: 781.388.8200
FACSIMILE: 781.388.8210

989 Market Street
San Francisco, CA 94103-1741
TELEPHONE: 415.433.1740
FACSIMILE: 415.433.0499

10475 Crosspoint Blvd.
Indianapolis, IN 46256-3386
TELEPHONE: 317.572.3000
FACSIMILE: 317.572.4000

2121 State Avenue
Ames, IA 50014-8300
TELEPHONE: 515.292.0140
FACSIMILE: 515.292.3348

U.S. Distribution Center
1 Wiley Drive
Somerset, NJ 08875-1272
TELEPHONE: 800.225.5945
FACSIMILE: 732.302.2300
EMAIL: custserv@wiley.com

5353 Dundas Street West
Suite 400
Toronto, Ontario
Canada M9B 6H8
TELEPHONE: 416.236.4433
FACSIMILE: 416.236.8743
EMAIL: canada@wiley.com

Canadian Distribution Center
6045 Freemont Blvd.
Mississauga, Ontario
Canada L5R 4J3
TELEPHONE: 416.236.4433
FACSIMILE: 416.236.8743

Europe

The Atrium
Southern Gate, Chichester
West Sussex PO19 8SQ
England
TELEPHONE: 44.1243.779777
FACSIMILE: 44.1243.775878
EMAIL: customer@wiley.co.uk

9600 Garsington Road
Oxford OX4 2DQ
England
TELEPHONE: 44.1865.776868
FACSIMILE: 44.1865.714591

1 Rosenørns Allé
DK-1970 Frederiksberg C
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FACSIMILE: 45.7733.3377

101 George Street
Edinburgh EH2 3ES
Scotland
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FACSIMILE: 44.131.226.3803

Boschstrasse 12
D-69469 Weinheim
Germany
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FACSIMILE: 49.6201.606328
EMAIL: info@wiley-vch.de

European Distribution Center
1 Oldlands Way
Bognor Regis
West Sussex PO22 9SA
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TELEPHONE: 44.1243.779777
FACSIMILE: 44.1243.850250

Australia

42 McDougall Street
Milton, Queensland 4064
Australia
TELEPHONE: 61.7.3859.9755
FACSIMILE: 61.7.3859.9715
EMAIL:
brisbane@johnwiley.com.au

155 Cremorne Street
Richmond, Victoria 3121
Australia
TELEPHONE: 61.3.9274.3100
FACSIMILE: 61.3.9274.3101
EMAIL:
melbourne@johnwiley.com.au

Australian Distribution Center
33 Windorah Street
Stafford, Queensland 4053
Australia
TELEPHONE: 61.7.3354.8455
FACSIMILE: 61.7.3352.7109

Asia

2 Clementi Loop
#02-01
Singapore 129809
TELEPHONE: 65.64632400
FACSIMILE: 65.64634605
EMAIL: enquiry@wiley.com.sg

600 North Bridge Road
#05-01 Parkview Square
Singapore 188778
TELEPHONE: 65.65118188
FACSIMILE: 65.65118288

Frontier Koishikawa Bldg., 4F
1-28-1 Koishikawa, Bunkyo-Ku
Tokyo 112-0002
Japan
TELEPHONE: 81.3.3830.1232
FACSIMILE: 81.3.5689.7276

4435-36/7, Ansari Road
Darya Ganj, New Delhi
110 002
India
TELEPHONE: 91.11.4636.0000/01
FACSIMILE: 91.11.2327.5895

Asian Distribution Center
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