



RECEIVED

2000 MAY 30 A II: 14

FICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

20 May 2008

Securities and Exchange Commission
Division of Corporation Finance
Office of International Corporate Finance
450 Fifth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20549
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



Dear Sir/Madam

ISSUER:

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

FILE NO:

082-34934

In accordance with the exemption issued pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, please find enclosed copies of all documents made public in Australia or furnished to the Company's shareholders for the period 18 February 2008 to 20 May 2008. This includes documents that Origin Energy Limited:

- (1) makes or is required to make public pursuant to the Corporations Law of Australia;
- (2) distributes or is required to distribute to the holders of its securities; and
- (3) files or is required to file with the Australian Stock Exchange ("ASX") or the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC").

Going forward Origin Energy will publish home country materials electronically in compliance with the revised requirements of Rule 12g3-2(b) and hereby notify the SEC that these materials are available on the ASX website www.asx.com.au and Origin Energy's website www.originenergy.com.au.

If you require any further information please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours faithfully

PROCESSED

JUN 022008

THOMSON REUTERS

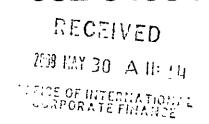
Sue Henry

Company Secretarial Services Manager

02-8345 5441 - sue.henry@originenergy.com.au

Page 1 of 1





Subject	PRESENTATION		
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	25
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	20 May 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021

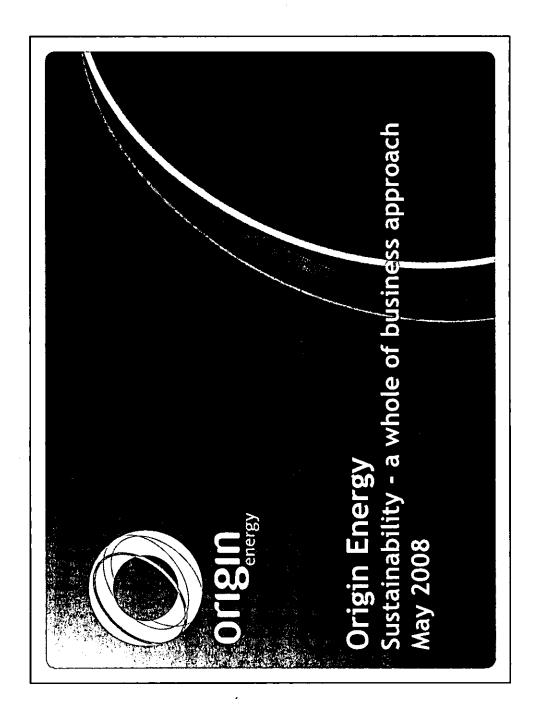
Attached for your information is a presentation being made by Ms Karen Moses, Chief Operating Officer, Australia to the Citi Sustainability & Environmental Opportunities Conference in Sydney today.

A copy of the presentation can also be obtained from our website www.originenergy.com.au under the Investor Centre - Presentations section.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

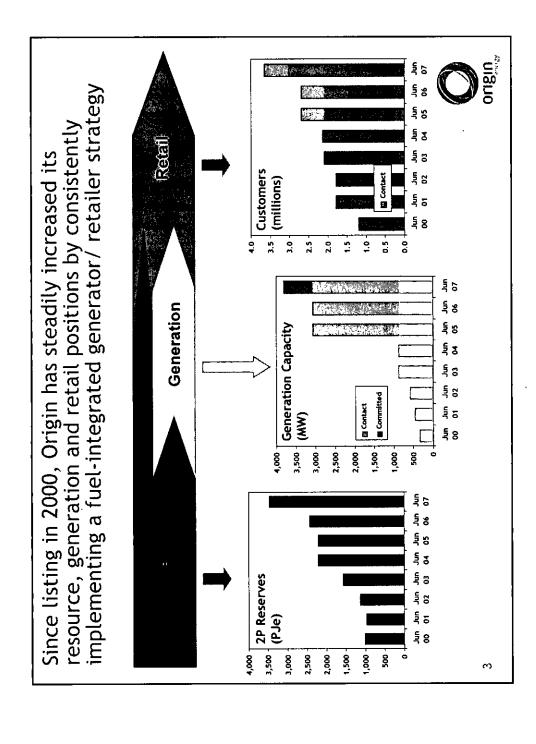


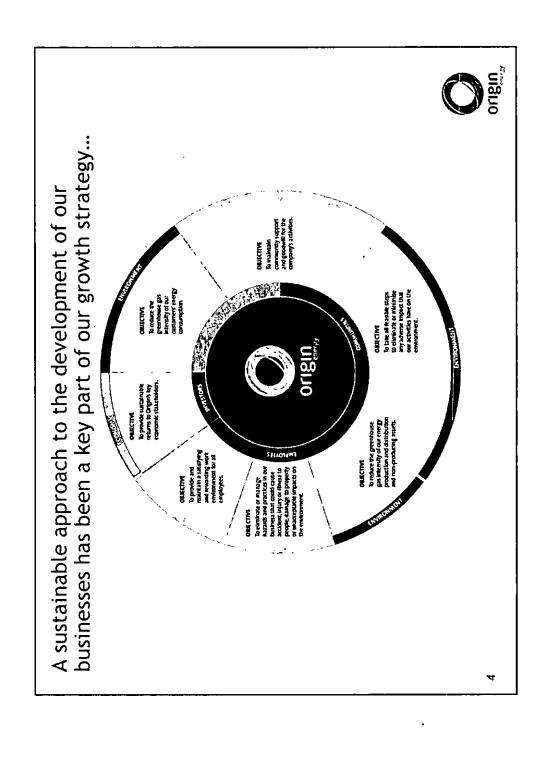
002-34934

Important Notice

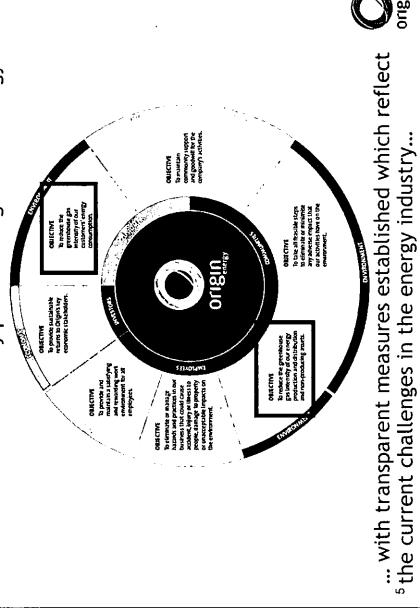
- of the shares in Origin. Any recommendation to acquire or dispose of any securities in Origin and any response · This presentation should not be interpreted as a response by Origin to the proposal by BG Group to acquire all by Origin will be required to be made in appropriate formal documentation and any decision to buy, keep or sell securities in Origin should be made solely on information contained in such documents.
- The Board of Origin has recommended that Origin shareholders should take no action with respect to their Origin shares, pending further announcement.
- presentation is for information purposes only, is in a summary form, and does not purport to be complete. Any which may prove to be incorrect and is subject to uncertainties, risks and other factors that could cause such implied by such information. Any forward looking information in this presentation reflects views held only as forward looking information in this presentation has been prepared on the basis of a number of assumptions information to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or This presentation does not constitute an offer, invitation, inducement or recommendation to acquire or dispose of any securities in Origin or investment advice in any jurisdiction, including the USA. This of the date of this presentation.
- This presentation does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs professional advice depending on their specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs. of any investor, potential investor or any other person. Such persons should consider seeking independent
- All references to \$ are references to Australian dollars unless otherwise specifically marked.
- acquired this interest effective 1 October 2004. Consequently the result shown for Contact represents a nine month contribution in A reference to Contact is a reference to Contact Energy Limited of New Zealand, a 51.4% owned subsidiary of Origin Energy. Origin the financial year ended 30 June 2005 and 12 month contribution in the financial year ended 30 June 2006.
- 2005 and 2006 amounts reflect Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standard (A-IFRS). Amounts prior to 2005 reflect previous Australian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and have not been restated.

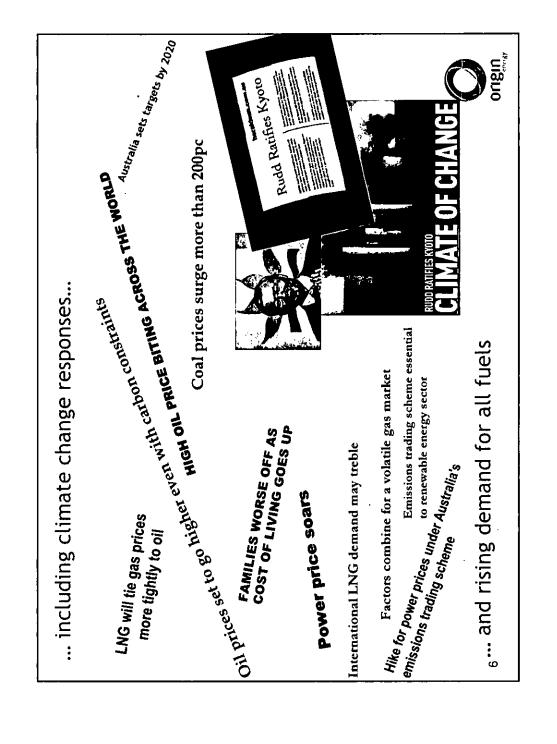




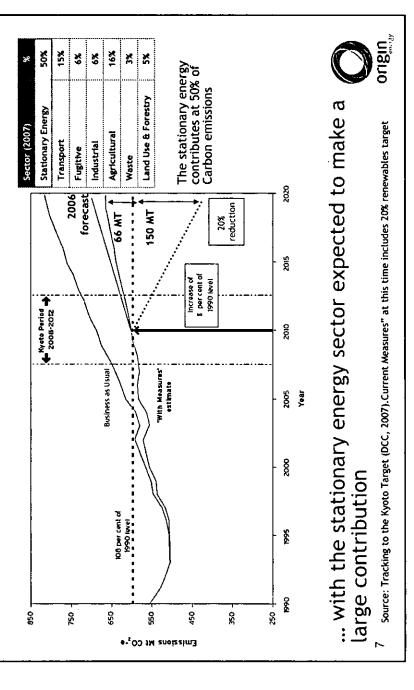


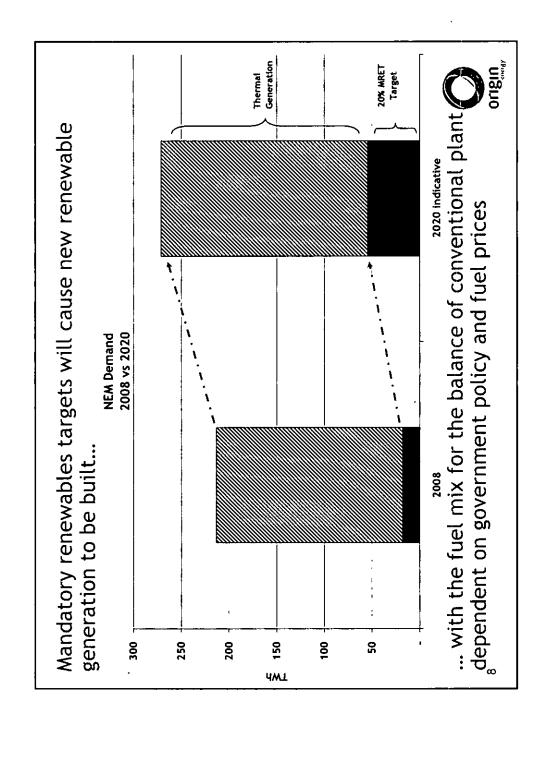
businesses has been a key part of our growth strategy... A sustainable approach to the development of our

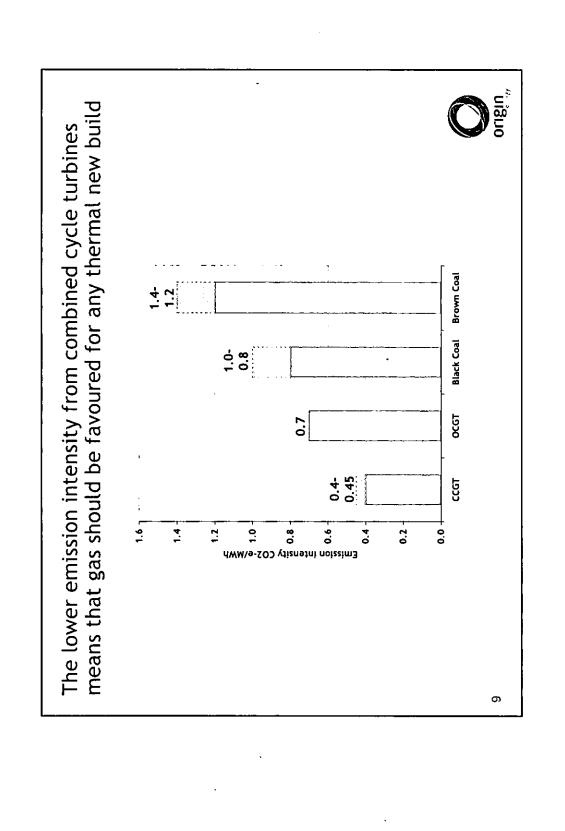


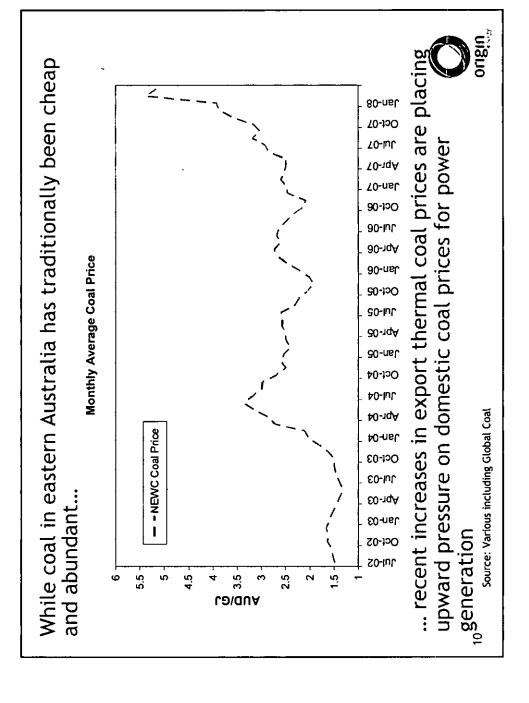


The total scale of Australia's emissions abatement target is large and yet to be set...

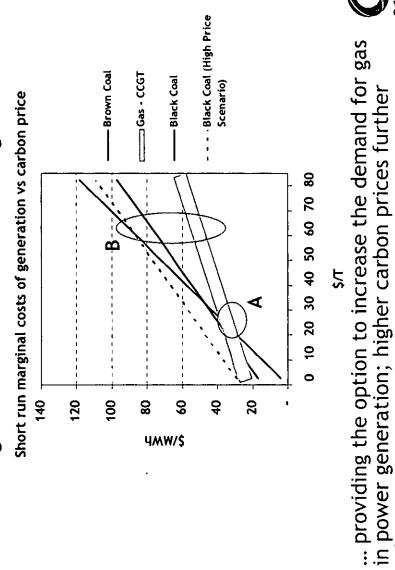








At existing coal prices a carbon price around \$20-30/t will start to change the merit order of baseload gas and coal...

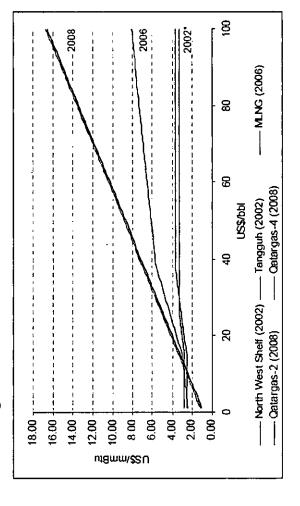


origin

11 advantage gas

LNG is an emerging market for domestic gas and provides a "oil linked" price alternative

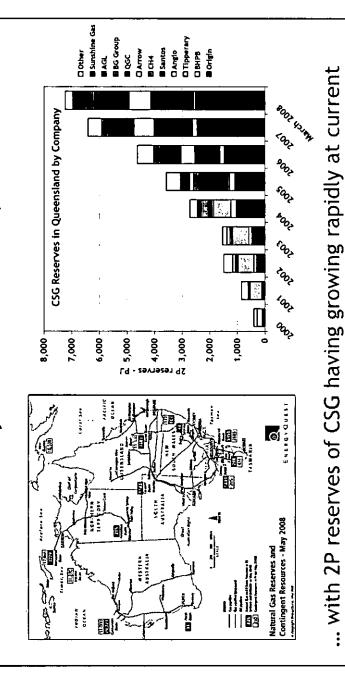
LNG Pricing in Asia Pacific



Together LNG and power generation are likely to result



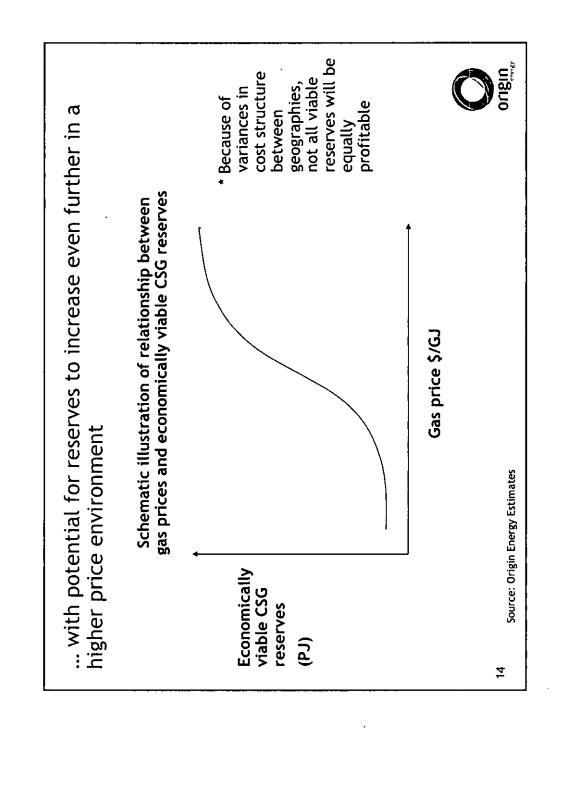
Total 2P Reserves and Contingent Resources in eastern Australia are currently estimated at over 31,000 PJ...



origin

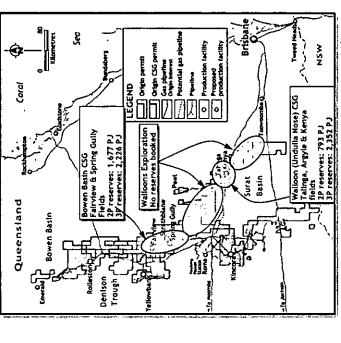
Source: EnergyQuest March 2008, and company estimates

market prices...

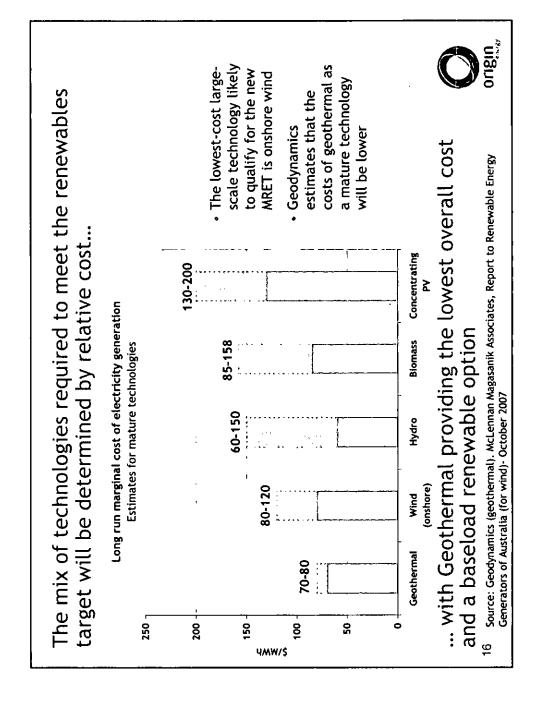


Origin has an extensive acreage position across the two prime CSG fairways in Queensland

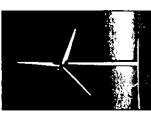
- Origin's share of 2P reserves is 2,470
 PJ (July 2007), while 3P reserves are estimated at 4,578 PJ (this excludes exploration potential)
- In February this year Origin targeted an additional 500 PJ of 2P reserves by 30 June 2008 - now likely to be around 1,000 PJ
- At gas netback prices reflecting current market conditions in Asia, a resource base of around 10,000 PJ may be recoverable from this acreage



channel to market, allows all reserves to be monetized Our integrated strategy, together with a potential LNG



requirement for additional renewable generation under climate Origin is also well positioned to capture value from the change policy











- Origin acquired an option for access to 590MW of wind farm development sites from Epuron
 - Origin has committed to build the first 30MW wind farm at Cullerin Range

Geothermal

- Origin acquired a 30% stake in a JV with Geodynamics Ltd. The JV owns permits in South Australia
- Geodynamics have drilled 3 wells to-date. Habanero 3 was completed in early 2008 and is currently being evaluated

- \$30m investment in a solar photovoltaic SLIVER® project
- Origin is leading a consortium to deliver the Adelaide Solar City Project and is also a participant in the recently awarded Central Victorian Solar Cities Project
 - Origin introduced to the market an innovative solar hot water product, which allows customers to add solar panels to their existing gas or electricity system



Contact has a similar set of opportunities which can be leveraged in the New Zealand environment



Geothermal

- 500 MW of new geothermal generation in various stages of development
- Stage 1: 225 MW Te Mihi project construction commencing late 2008
 - Stage 2: 245 MW Tauhara project first 20 MW in construction 2008, remaining 225 MW in construction late 2009

Wind

 550 MW located on the Waikato coastline from 2011

Hydro

- 17 MW Hawea Gates project in construction from 2009
 - New large-scale hydro projects in development

Thermal

- Stratford peaking plant up to 300 MW
- Otahuhu C base-load CCGT up to 400 MW



Source: Contact Energy



Reduce the greenhouse gas intensity of our energy production and distribution and non-producing assets

Reduce the greenhouse gas emissions intensity of our gas supply chain to 10% less than the gas industry national average by 2012

- Strong growth in CSG at less than half the intensity of conventional reserves
- Declining output from relatively high intensity Cooper
- Carbon Efficiency Program

Reduce greenhouse gas emissions intensity of our electricity supply chain to 10% less than the National Electricity Market by 2020

- Current NEM average is around 1t CO₂-e/MWh
- Origin's existing generation fleet averages around 0.75 t CO₂-e/MWh
- The full chain Darling Downs CCGT is 0.45 t CO₂-e/MWh



production and distribution and non-producing assets Reduce the greenhouse gas intensity of our energy

Offset all greenhouse gas emissions from non-energy producing site. mix of carbon offsets and GreenPower



IAG to be carbon neutral by 2012

Google plans to go carbon neutral

National Australia Bank Limited launches carbon neutral progress report

papyrus - world's first carbon neutral paper

Carbon-neutral NSW by 2020 maker

Reduction

Carbon

Scheme

Gold Coast to go carbon neutral by 2020

SA: South Australian govt to go carbon neutral

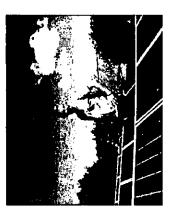
Origin purchases GreenPower for all its non-producing sites and offsets the greenhouse gas emissions from ²⁰car and air travel



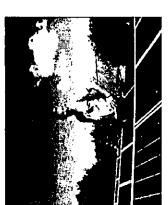
Reduce the greenhouse gas intensity of our customer's energy consumption

Be recognised as the leading provider of green energy products; and

carbon intensity products to 10% of our total supply chain greenhouse gas emissions by 2012 Increase our sales of low







₹

O}

What is Origin's approach to sustainability?

- Our approach is guided by our company commitments and principles.
- We will add value to the resources that come under our control.
- We will distribute the value we create to stakeholders, recognising the need to ensure the sustainability of our business and its impact on the environment and the communities in which we operate.











2007 Sustainable Company of the Year

ethicalinvestor

presents



•

Sustainable Company of the Year

Origin Energy

Proudly Sponsored by Insurance Australia Group



23

For more information

For more information on Origin Energy please contact

Angus Guthrie

Manager, Investor Relations

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au

Office: +61-2-8345 5558

Mobile: + 61-4-1786 4255

Alternatively visit our website

www.originenergy.com.au

and follow the prompts to the Investor Centre





То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	15 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	3
Subject	FRESHWATER POINT 1 EXPLORATION WE BASIN, WESTERN AUSTRALIA	ELL UPDATE, O	NSHORE PERTH

Please find attached an ASX Release in relation to the above.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



ASX Release

15 May 2008

Freshwater Point 1 Exploration Well Update, Onshore Perth Basin, Western Australia

Origin Energy provides the following update on the Freshwater Point 1 exploration well operated by its subsidiary, Origin Energy Developments Pty Ltd.

Freshwater Point 1

Well type:

Exploration (onshore; vertical)

Location:

Perth Basin, Western Australia (EP413)

The Freshwater Point 1 surface location is 34.5 kilometres south-southeast of the township of Dongara, 25 kilometres south of the Jingemia oil plant and 17.5 kilometres southwest

of the Beharra Springs gas plant.

Surface co-ordinates for the Freshwater Point 1 drilling

location are as follows:

Latitude:

29° 33' 34.09" S

Longitude:

114° 59' 56.84" E

Interests:

Origin Energy Developments Pty Ltd* (Operator) 49.189% ARC Energy Ltd 44.141% Victoria Petroleum NL 5.000% Norwest Energy NL 1.278% Roc Oil (WA) Pty Ltd** 0.250% J.K. Geary 0.142%

A wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited A wholly owned subsidiary of Roc Oil Company Limited

Objectives:

Primary target:

High Cliff Sandstone (Early Permian).

Secondary targets:

Intraformational sandstones of the Permian Irwin River Early Coal

Measures and Holmwood Shale.

Planned total depth: 1,761 metres measured depth in Precambrian basement.

Expected duration:

Total anticipated time to drill the well is 10 days.

Progress and status:

Freshwater Point 1 commenced drilling on 11 May 2008 using the Ensign 48 drilling rig. 311 millimetre (12-1/4 inch) hole was drilled to 414 metres measured depth. 245 millimetre (9-5/8 inch) surface casing has been set at 412 metres measured

depth.

At 06:00 hours WST today, the activity was preparing to drill ahead in 216 millimetre (8-1/2 inch) hole upon completion of

surface casing cementing operations later today.

Progress since the 12 May report has been 414 metres.

Page 1 of 2

For further information contact:

Paul Zealand General Manager — Exploration and Production Origin Energy
Phone: (07) 3858 0681
Email: paul.zealand@upstream.originenergy.com.au



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile 1900 999 279	
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date 12 May 2008	
From	Bill Hundy	Pages 2	
Subject	FRESHWATER POINT 1 EXPLORATION WELL COMMENCES, ONSHORE PERTH BASIN, WESTERN AUSTRALIA		

Please find attached an ASX Release in relation to the above.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



ASX Release

12 May 2008

Freshwater Point 1 Exploration Well Commences, Onshore Perth Basin, Western Australia

Origin Energy advises that drilling of the Freshwater Point 1 exploration well. operated by its subsidiary Origin Energy Developments Pty Ltd, commenced on Sunday, 11 May, using the Ensign 48 drilling rig.

Freshwater Point 1

Well type:

Exploration (onshore; vertical)

Location:

Perth Basin, Western Australia (EP413)

The Freshwater Point 1 surface location is 34.5 kilometres south-southeast of the township of Dongara, 25 kilometres south of the Jingemia oil plant, and 17.5 kilometres

southwest of the Beharra Springs gas plant.

Surface co-ordinates for the Freshwater Point 1 drilling

location are as follows:

Latitude:

29° 33' 34.09" S

Longitude:

114° 59' 56.84" E

Interests:

Origin Energy Developments Pty Ltd* (Operator) 49.189% ARC Energy Ltd 44,141% Victoria Petroleum NL 5.000% Norwest Energy NL 1.278% Roc Oil (WA) Pty Ltd** 0.250% J.K. Geary 0.142%

A wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited A wholly owned subsidiary of Roc Oil Company Limited

Objectives:

Primary target:

High Cliff Sandstone (Early Permian).

Secondary targets:

Intraformational sandstones of the Permian Irwin River Coal

Measures and Holmwood Shale.

Planned total depth: 1,761 metres measured depth in Precambrian basement.

Expected duration:

Total anticipated time to drill the well is 10 days.

Progress and status:

Freshwater Point 1 spudded at 01:00 hours WST on 11 May

2008, using Ensign Drilling Rig 48.

311 millimetre (12-1/4 inch) hole was drilled to 414 metres measured depth. Operation at 06:00 hours WST today was

preparing to set surface casing.

For further information contact:

Paul Zealand, General Manager — Exploration and Production, Origin Energy Phone: (07) 3858 0681 Email: paul.zealand@upstream.originenergy.com.au



RECEIVED

7008 HAY 30 A 11: 14

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	9 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	CONTACT ENERGY - MAUI RESERVES FIRMED		

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



9 May 2008

Maui Reserves Firmed

The Maui joint venture parties have firmed 62 PJ of Maui natural gas from P50* reserves to P85** reserves.

Contact's share in the additional 62 PJs of natural gas is 61.6 per cent, or 38 PJ.

Contact Energy's share of the firmed Maui reserves form part of gas supply agreements which were executed in October 2006.

Contact Energy's Chief Executive, David Baldwin, commented that the firming of the P50 reserves to P85 was expected and supports Contact's view of the likely sufficiency of domestic sources of gas through to about 2015.

However, the firming of the 62 PJ, does not materially change the outlook for the domestic supply position beyond that.

*P50 means the quantity of gas estimated at a probability of 50 per cent or greater to be recovered from the field

**P85 means the quantity of gas estimated at a probability of 85 per cent or greater to be recovered from the field

Jonathan Hill Communications Manager 04 462 1285 021 440 090



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	12 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	CONTACT ENERGY - NZ TAKEOVERS PANEL GROUP PROPOSAL TO ACQUIRE ORIGIN ENER		IN RELATION TO BG

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement lodged on NZX by Contact Energy Limited today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



12 May 2008

BG Group proposal to acquire Origin Energy – takeovers panel exemption

Contact refers to the announcement released to the NZX by BG Group this morning updating on its proposal to acquire Origin Energy Limited.

Contact has received no other information from BG Group or Origin Energy in relation to the BG Group proposal. Contact will inform shareholders of any further developments as appropriate.

Jonathan Hill Communications Manager 04 462 1285 021 440 090



RECEIVED

1000 MAY 30 A 11: 14

CORPORATE FINANCE

Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOL	ITH 6, 7 & 8.	
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	15 May 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



ASX Release

15 May 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 14 May, Completion operations have been finalised on Kupe South 7 Sidetrack 1 (KS-7 ST1) and the rig moved to Kupe South 8 (KS-8). The 5 inch liner is currently being cleaned out prior to displacing the well to completion fluid and running a cement bond evaluation log. The 5-1/2 inch production tubing and down-hole monitoring equipment will then be installed.

Upon finishing this operation batch testing of the three production wells will begin, commencing with KS-8.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch	6-1/8 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m	
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	3,454m	
KS-7 ST1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,503m
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m	

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand:

Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au



RECEIVED

7008 MAY 30 A 11: 14

LIFICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	8 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	17
Subject	PRESENTATION		

Please find attached a transcript of the presentation made by Mr Grant King, Managing Director to the Macquarie Conference in Sydney. This is also available on our website at www.originenergy.com.au in the Investor Centre - Presentations section.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



MACQUARIE CONFERENCE - SYDNEY - 7 MAY 2008 TRANSCRIPT OF PRESENTATION BY MR GRANT KING, MANAGING DIRECTOR

Start of Transcript

Presenter:

It's been a busy week for Origin and we're very grateful to have

Grant King come and present to us today.

Grant King:

The disclaimer is probably longer than it would normally be in this presentation given current circumstances. You're aware that you don't have a presentation in front of you because uncharacteristically for me I was actually contemplating this presentation at the beginning of last week; suffice to say it's changed a little bit in that time. There will be a copy available to you but just not right at the moment.

I should make one other comment that I don't intend to comment specifically on the proposal that BG's made, other than to say that the companies are in discussion. Discussion is occurring between the companies obviously at senior level, but I don't intend in this presentation to comment on those discussions or answer any questions on those discussions. Nor do I intend that my comments should in any way be taken to reflect a response that the company might actually, or it will inevitably make to the proposal.

What I do intend to do though is talk about Origin in the way that we normally would and, in particular, postulate or contemplate what do we think BG's proposal means in terms of how you would think about the value of Origin. Hopefully that will be useful to you and if not, delighted to answer any questions you might have following the presentation.

In that context it's not surprising that we begin with a little bit of history; of course our history as a listed company goes back to



2000. At that time we were continuing to implement a strategy put in place in the mid-90s and it was a strategy which today and we have for many years described, as being a fuel integrated generator retailer. For those of you who have attended presentations by us in recent times you will have noticed we've continued to increase that description as a fuel integrated generator retailer and more recently talked about the importance of that fuel position and the value that we believe in the energy supply chain nets back to that fuel position. I think at the core of the proposal that we see from BG is what is the value of that fuel position.

At the end of the day that's the outcome of a consistently implemented strategy over now much more than 10 years. In so doing, the company has grown its physical positions, if you like, quite strongly; its retail business clearly through acquisitions, its generation capacity as we backfill into that retail business, and again, for the reasons I just mentioned, our resource position, which I think has become of increasing interest.

Over that time our profits have grown quite dramatically, compound growth rate of around 24% a year, bearing in mind that the proposition we've always put to investors is that we seek to grow on average around 10 to 15% per annum, and this year consensus of around \$430 million. So the company has grown strongly and consistently over that period of time in terms of profits. And not surprisingly, our market capitalisation has grown accordingly.

When we look back over the time, and this is prior to receipt of the BG proposal, our market capitalisation has doubled every three to four years. In that context a proposition that of course is a substantial increase on the current value in our view looks like only a few years' work, and I think that's one of the considerations that investors would ultimately have to make, because we see ourselves on a continued path of growing our company and the value of our company.



Other than for the current circumstances we would have talked to you about how we intend to continue that growth, and suffice to say the continued implementation of that strategy of a fuel integrated generator retailer sees us with quite a rich portfolio of opportunities. Otway is just coming on stream as we speak, and it's very pleasing to see that project now effectively online at its designed capacity. Kupe next year, continued growth in our coal seam gas activities etc. Similarly in generation, a lot of construction project development activity happening. And equally in retail, perhaps we will have an opportunity at long last to look at one of the New South Wales retail businesses, given the outcomes of the Labor Party Conference and the New South Wales Government's stated determination to sell those retail businesses.

We see ahead of us quite a significant pipeline of opportunities, all of which we believe we are advantaged in pursuing through the strategy that the company's put in place. We would expect our earnings to continue to grow and based on history, of course, a continued increase in the capitalisation of the company.

Having said that, BG's proposal clearly does present a bit of a watershed; at least it causes us to pause and think about how one might think about Origin. Our view as is perhaps evidenced on the top chart is that historically because the proposition we've put to investors is a company that intends to produce strong, predictable cashflows, that's the way we've described it, growing on average at 10 to 15% per annum. It's not surprising that we see Origin as a company that's typically been valued off its earnings. The question investors often ask and puzzle over is what sort of PE should the company trade at.

Historically we've traded in a PE range of 16 to 22 times earnings and not surprisingly, if you look at our earnings growth in that PE range, obviously you come up with the valuation or capitalisation of the company.



It would seem, particularly in the context that the proposal by BG from my memory implies, about a 27 times earnings. But in the context of earnings based companies that would imply on a traditional basis, a growth rate perhaps higher than even we might contend that we would achieve. And does suggest that perhaps it's time to take a different view of Origin and look at it more on a resource base.

If you look at Origin from a resource perspective, then even on the basis of the BG proposal, other multiples are not at all challenging in the context of companies in similar positions in terms of their development of the resources, whether they be gas or minerals etc, coal, that are available to them.

In that regard we don't consider those sorts of valuations challenging at all. But that does imply a greater understanding of the resource position that the company has. What I want to do is address the balance of my comments today to that resource position, because quite clearly, or it seems to me quite clearly, that's at the core of the BG proposal and at the core of investor interest in Origin.

This is a chart we've historically used. It indicates that Origin is currently carrying 2,500 PJ of CSG reserves on a 2P basis and are now both the leading producer and, if you like, a carrier of reserves, if there's any such term, of all of those in the CSG business here in Australia.

Having said that, I would like to, as I say, talk a bit to whether that is reflective of the true resource position that Origin is involved in. I would like to talk briefly about the characteristics of coal seam gas as a resource, and in doing so help you understand why it is possible to get some quite dramatic shifts in valuation, depending on conclusions you come to about that resource.

While this chart is schematic, it allows us to draw out in one respect an extremely obvious but, nonetheless, very important



point. That is not surprisingly the coal seam gas resource available is entirely a function of price. If there is an increasing view that the gas price escalates and escalates quite materially, then so too does the resource base. That relationship is very strong, it's a very material, very substantial escalation of the resource base with price.

The third variable is of course cost, because as that resource base expands as one's realised price increases, clearly one would normally seek to access the most profitable resources first. So the cost base will also go up a bit. That last unit of CSG will cost a lot more to produce than the first unit.

The key to valuation is thinking about effectively the interplay or interrelationship of those three variables. What drives the price or the net back for the gas that's going to be produced? How does the resource vary in relation to that net back? And what happens to the cost structure or that marginal cost of production as that resource base grows? That's the key to understanding and valuing coal seam gas resources.

To hopefully put that in a bit of perspective, again there's nothing new in this chart. Origin has an extensive acreage position in coal seam gas. If I'm allowed a little bit of hyperbole, we would say the best acreage position in coal seam gas as we span the two - what has certainly proven to be the two sweet spots so far in the CSG industry in Queensland, and that's the Undulla Nose area in the Walloons, and the Fairview Spring Gully fields in the Bowen Basin. They are, I think, or I trust as investors would know now, proven to be exceptional, absolutely exceptional CSG resources.

That extensive acreage position is really only partially addressed so far through development activity and if I could call that colour perhaps grey or something like that, the two areas, the Undulla Nose area and the Fairview Spring Gully area, are the only two areas and extensive acreage position where we've done a lot of development and appraisal activity.



Historically, as you saw in the previous chart, as of June last year - we do our reserve bookings each year - we're carrying 2,500 PJ of 2P, and we've indicated through the course of the year that if one was to think about a 3P position or perhaps an ultimate recoverable position, around 4,500 PJ. But effectively that only talked to those two areas in which we've done a degree of work.

This time last year we indicated that our target was to add around 500 PJ of reserves each year. I would say this year we will add over 1,000 PJs of reserves, that is over 1,000 PJ will move into that 2P category. That should indicate to you the very expandable nature of that coal seam gas resource, that reserve addition is a very, very cost effective unit cost - or cost per unit of reserve added - is very low, and I would be quite confident in expecting to book at least 1,000 PJs of additional resource by June. Quite clearly we continue to rapidly expand that resource base.

The problematic question, the challenging question though, and interestingly people are sort of using a term ultimate recoverable - I'm not sure if 3P in the way the petroleum industry has conventionally used the term is quite appropriate - but in the acreage that we feel we have some knowledge, which are the areas, that's not the full acreage position per se, but those areas in circles where we have some knowledge either by way of production activity or appraisal activity or seismic and slim hole type activity, we think it's quite reasonable to suggest the resource base is 10,000 PJ, that's the ultimate recoverable.

I would not contend, because of course, it is a function of price though it's necessary to limit, but at the end of the day we would expect when one's thinking about Origin, you'd be thinking about how do you monetize 10 TCF of gas.

I have to say, compared to our expectations of 10 or so years ago when we got involved, I didn't think I'd be standing in any presentation saying that we were sitting on top of 10 TCF of gas.



So there is a very, very substantial resource base there. And the rate at which we are demonstrating the movement of those resources into 2P categories should give you confidence that that's not the sort of figure that is trotted out with hyperbole. I mean, that's a figure that we believe has some very sound, factual basis behind it.

So the valuation question becomes how do you monetise that resource, how do you think about valuing it? We have now for I guess the last six months articulated a view that we think there is clearly now substantial drivers for increased price of gas. At least two of those drivers, one coming from carbon, the other coming from export, will, in our view, see a substantial increase in gas prices.

We put this chart up not because the abatement chart is necessarily right, but because it's one of many data points that indicate that if Australia as any other country in the world, takes on any meaningful share of the carbon reduction task, then we would expect to see carbon prices of at least \$20 per tonne, and more likely closer to \$60 per tonne.

Prices in the range of \$20 to \$30 per tonne we will begin to see strong upward pressure on gas prices. Totally independent of what might happen in terms of LNG or any export market, we already see in place those mechanisms which will result in a significant increase in gas prices.

Our view, at around \$20 to \$30 tonne is we start to see \$2 or so increases in gas prices over and above current gas prices. As you start to see those higher gas prices flow back, of course you see the resource base expand. And not surprisingly, you get an almost exponentiation of value as you get both a resource and price lever that work.

We see those mechanisms coming into place; we're already seeing higher gas prices evident insofar as we won't even tender for gas



now at prices at the level we would have six months or a year ago. Have said that, it's not without risk. At the end of the day the emissions trading scheme and the targets are not set, but in our view we will see through 2010, 2012 these trends become evident and these impacts flow back into gas price.

Quite clearly the second trend that's causing people great interest is what happens if you really do open up and extra channel to market. When I say extra channel to market, if I go back to Origin and the strategy, the strategy we've been pursuing since the beginning, we've always sought to develop deep channels to market, and clearly through our retail and generation businesses we've achieved that, and therefore to the extent that the resource base grows, our view is that entire resource base will be monetised through those existing channels to the domestic market, that is through our retail and generation business.

But, of course, we've not previously had access to a third channel which is of course an export channel, the LNG channel to market. What we're seeing contemporaneously, and it's not additive to, it's as well as, the pressures that come about through increased carbon prices, it's quite clearly the effect of LNG netbacks on these domestic gas resources. The emergence over the last six months or so of a number of competing LNG projects in Queensland has clearly, I think, for investors, created the view that perhaps at least one of these projects is real and that there is a real likelihood that an LNG channel to market will also be developed.

The key issue here is that the netbacks are in many respects linked to oil prices, and again it introduces an element of uncertainty because I'm not sure anybody's willing to make the call as to what oil prices will be with certainty going forward. But the relationship between oil price and LNG price is reasonably well established and so too are the netbacks, and our view again remains that it's very easy to see netbacks to these sort of domestic gas resources, at least several dollars a gigajoule higher than has historically been



the case. Again, this only adds to that mechanism that tends to increase the resource base, the higher the net back.

So if I then go back to our simple chart, that sort of S-shaped curve is quite important, because quite clearly once gas prices pass a certain threshold, the resource base does expand. I won't go as far as saying exponentially, but certainly very, very dramatically. And the returns to increase in gas prices are quite phenomenal. But of course at the end of the day your cost structure eventually catches up with you as you produce the more marginal resources, and of course returns on that last unit of production are of course much less.

And at the core its understanding that balance that I think is the key to thinking about the value of anybody in the CSG business, and quite clearly in the current context the value of Origin.

I think it's fair to say from Origin's perspective that our board is quite clearly seeking from management how it should think about those three variables; price, resource and cost. And not surprisingly, it takes some time to make sure these matters are assessed thoroughly. And that's quite clearly the process that we are in the middle of right now. We would not want to underestimate the value of the resources we control, and I'm sure investors wouldn't want us to underestimate the value of resources that we control.

So that work is underway and will be a core piece of our deliberation before we make any response.

Having said that, just to add a few more thoughts before going to questions. Of course, it is not singularly about CSG. It's just that CSG has put us in this extraordinary position of adding for example a TCF of gas a year. I think last year we added 1,200 petajoules, and this year as I say quite confidently, we will add at least another 1,000.



We have been positioning ourselves very actively to address conventional gas resources as well, or petroleum resources. And quite clearly in a world which is valuing gas more and more highly, we would be seeking to continue to add gas resources on an economic basis. I have to say it's difficult to do that through acquisition, and obviously even more difficult to do it through acquisition apropos last Tuesday, because the price of these resources keeps going up.

But exploration provides one avenue to do that, and over the next two to three years we expect to address some very significant opportunities to add to those resources.

Again, it seems quite strange to say, but in the Northland Basin for example, we see unrisked prospects of 10 TCF sitting in the book, but they're highly risky. One would caution investors in doing anything other than noting that fact. But Origin is not just a Coal Seam Gas story, it has assembled a substantial portfolio of opportunities to expand that resource base and extract the obviously increasing value that has been ascribed to people with strong positions in natural gas.

I might just touch on the other resource position that we think is early days but has merit, and that's of course geothermal. We've quite deliberately referred to Origin as a fuel integrated generator retailer, because we see ourselves moving across fields as we perceive the value that is likely to accrue to them. And quite clearly as gas prices go up and coal prices go up, so too will energy prices as carbon costs come on. The fact of the matter is we are heading into a far more expensive world in terms of energy costs. And in so doing, clearly some forms of energy, particularly renewable energy, will take on additional value.

I've said in previous presentations that we've secured, in our view, a very strong position in by far and away the best geothermal prospect in Australia in the Cooper Basin, simply because of its



scale. Its scale is vast. And that's exactly the same approach we took to Coal Seam Gas just over 10 years ago.

The clearing price for renewable energy which you'd have to say is driven by wind at around \$100 say on average is well in excess of what we're hopefully targeting in terms of the cost of geothermal energy. If you do your maths in terms of the sheer amount of energy that is resident in those prospects and look at them being produced on a several thousand megawatt basis. We think we're again looking at a value creating opportunity of the like of Coal Seam Gas 10 or 12 years ago. But of course you would want to risk that very substantially because it is challenging and it's very early days.

But that hopefully gives you a view of how we think about Origin; a company that has over the years through a very deliberate and consistently implemented strategy sought to build substantial fuel positions and monetise those fuel positions through deep channels to market. And somewhat surprisingly, it works. We've put ourselves in that position and it's pleasing to see at some level that value recognised, of course which is the situation we're in today.

We suspect it is time to think about Origin differently. Often when I've met with investors it does seem that the immediate earnings outlook is what is of greatest interest. I would contend that it is time to think about the resource position and how one would value that resource position. And in that context, even at the current bid, the PE is in my view not challenging.

In our view East Coast gas prices will increase. There will be a variety of views around the level of those increases. But once those increases move beyond a goal or two, you start to get into a material expansion of the resource base, and then you get both resource and price impacting significantly upon valuation.

The bottom line is we continue to build in our view compelling resource positions, not just in Coal Seam Gas but in conventional



gas, so particularly through exploration and also in the long run, in geothermal. And I must also comment to you that I'm sure our colleague David Baldwin, has also told you how rich Contact is in similar opportunities, particularly in geothermal.

So ladies and gentlemen, that was my intention today, to reinforce that view of the company. I would be delighted to take any questions that any of you might have. Thank you.

Question:

(Paul Barnes, QIC) I'm interested in just furthering your comments on gas prices via resources. Given you're about to book an additional TCF potentially of resource come June, what sort of outlook does Origin take on the pricing of gas, given that it's going to take five, 10 years to actually have that gas actually being utilised?

Can you sort of talk us through the mechanics of how Origin sort of use that, given your comments today?

Grant King:

Yeah. There's a chart in other presentations we've given, I didn't include it here today, but it shows our contracted position. And in broad terms - and I mean I must say historically, answer that question by saying if you took 4,500 petajoules is say a reasonable view of the resource base, I'll get a bit bold and say take 10,000 petajoules has been a reasonable view of the resource base.

Now 2,000 of that is essentially what we call contracted. But of that, about 1,000 is contracted to third parties. So about 1,000 or 10% of that is sort of fixed or fixed in escalation. The 1,000 that we call contracted but not necessarily fixed is simplistically what's going to go into the power stations that we own. And that's not fixed in price because if the price of energy goes up we will receive that net back to the fuel.

So we say the majority of the position we have is open to that price upside. Then the question is at what rate do we begin to see these prices start to impact. Our view is that there are quite a number



of Coal Seam Gas producers obviously, so I think very small amounts of gas you may not see huge price uplifts. The real tests are when someone comes along and wants to contract a substantial amount of gas. As we look at the market, that's a few years, so it might take a few years before it becomes evident through written contracts as to those prices.

But when we look at the price negotiations we're having with customers, my view is as I said earlier, is we're already seeing movements in gas prices today. But when will we see \$5 or \$6 gas prices; I suspect that's post 2010, 2012. I have to say that's an opinion, but I think that's the timeframe. When we do our model in our analysis, we don't think there's a switch that's being flicked tomorrow. It will take time for those prices to materialise.

Question:

(Chris) In your opinion is there room for more than two LNG projects in Queensland?

Grant King:

I would clearly comment on that from the sort of supply and development side of it, because the other side is a marketing side and I don't profess or we don't believe Origin necessarily can answer it from that perspective.

From a point of view of resource base, yes, because if you took a view that Origin represented, maybe 30% of the sort of acreage or the resource base, then we say it's not unreasonable to suggest industry is looking at 20-30 TCF of gas. But you do then run into practical difficulties in terms of accessing resources. There's a lot of drilling activity involved in proving up costs in gas. There's a lot of what people call ramp-up gas that has to be accommodated in the market. So I think you do hit practical limitations as to the rate at which you can ramp-up an industry.

I think people involved in promoting certainly the large projects understand that issue and are contemplating how one phases the development. Instead of perhaps building one 4 million or 5 million



tonne plant, you would build two 2 million trains to manage that ramp-up.

When you say one or two, perhaps the better question is five or 10 million tons, because you could have one project that's a scale project, or two projects that are smaller scale. But certainly the resource base must support five to 10 million tonnes of LNG I would have thought. Whether that sits in one or two projects - I suspect it's fair to say that the interest in Origin at least partly reflects the desire to win that race. So whether one project or two projects gets up, I'm not sure I can comment on. But in terms of sheer size I suspect you could support a lot of LNG production.

Question:

(Crispin Murray - BT) Putting aside the BG bid, do you think that the true intrinsic value you talked about in the upstream business can be realised in your integrated structure as you stand now? Or would you now consider actually splitting that out in some form?

Grant King:

I don't intend to specifically answer the last part of the question, because the Board will make that decision as to how it intends to respond. But the first part of the question I'm very happy to comment on.

We would say yes. If one holds the view, and clearly this is what we've been contemplating prior to the BG bid, and I've said this to many of you. If one holds the view that any material LNG export creates that feedback loop into the domestic market and it's perfect, then the answer is yes, because the depth of channels we have to market will move the sorts of volumes even in a 10 TCF resource.

To give you a way of thinking about it from an execution risk perspective - if we were to build a Darling Downs power station approximately every two years, which in terms of demand growth in the electricity market is not challenging, and it's a bit like a cookie cutter process in the sense that you're doing the same thing



again and again. That for example would create the same demand growth for the substantial LNG project would do.

And we would contend from an execution risk point of view there's probably much lower execution risk around that pathway. So we've always felt very comfortable that those domestic channels to market would monetise that resource base.

I think the question is does an LNG project or does the proponent of an LNG project, are they able to capture value over and above the value ascribed to the fuel. And BG may well contend as an example they can, therefore they see extra value. That's something that needs to be tested.

Question:

Would it be fair to say that there's been a disconnect in the market in recent times between the value of pure players like QGC and your own valuation in terms of the Coal Seam assets that you have. And I would contend that the bid has sort of brought your valuation of your assets in line with what was being valued in the market in the pure plays. So you could argue there has been an inefficiency that your structure has led to.

Grant King:

I could be a debater and answer in two respects that you said if there had been, and it's now been corrected. So arguably if there was, it's been corrected. The point may have had merit but perhaps no longer, firstly.

Secondly, the valuations seem to be leap frogging each other as best as I can tell. I don't say this as a criticism because I think it is very difficult - let me go another way. I think it's very difficult for analysts and investors to say where do you come out on price, resource and costs from the outside looking into the whole CSG resource. That must look very opaque from an investor's perspective.

It would be fair to say that BG through their QGC acquisition, has a good view of the resource; certainly a better view than most



others, and we understand the price levers. And therefore I think they have provided perhaps a very relevant benchmark as to value. But the market sees that and the market moves on and says that gives me a new benchmark.

I'm not sure I could swear that I've got the numbers in my head, but it looks to me like we see this continued to compound in evaluations as new benchmarks become available.

End of Transcript



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	7 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	1
Subject	PRESENTATION		

An audio recording of the presentation made today by Mr Grant King, Managing Director to the Macquarie Conference in Sydney is now available on our website at www.originenergy.com.au in the Investor Centre - Presentations section.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@orlginenergy.com.au



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	8 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOL	ITH 6, 7 & 8.	

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

8 May 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 7 May, the 5-1/2 inch production tubing and down-hole monitoring equipment has been run on Kupe South 6 (KS-6) and the Production Tree installed.

Following pressure testing of the KS-6 Production Tree, the rig will move back to Kupe South 7 Sidetrack 1 (KS-7 ST1) to finalise Completion operations before moving to Kupe South 8 (KS-8). On KS-8 the 5 inch liner will be cleaned out and the well displaced to completion fluid prior to running a cement bond evaluation log and installing the 5-1/2 inch production tubing and down-hole monitoring equipment.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch	6-1/8 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m	
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	3,454m	
KS-7 ST1					3,503m
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m	

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand:

Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Aline van Deventer Analyst, Investor Relations, Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5589

Email: aline.vandeventer@originenergy.com.au



RECEIVED

23 HAY 30 A H: 15

1. FIGE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	7 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	19
Subject	PRESENTATION		

Attached for your information is a presentation being made today by Mr Grant King, Managing Director to the Macquarie Conference in Sydney.

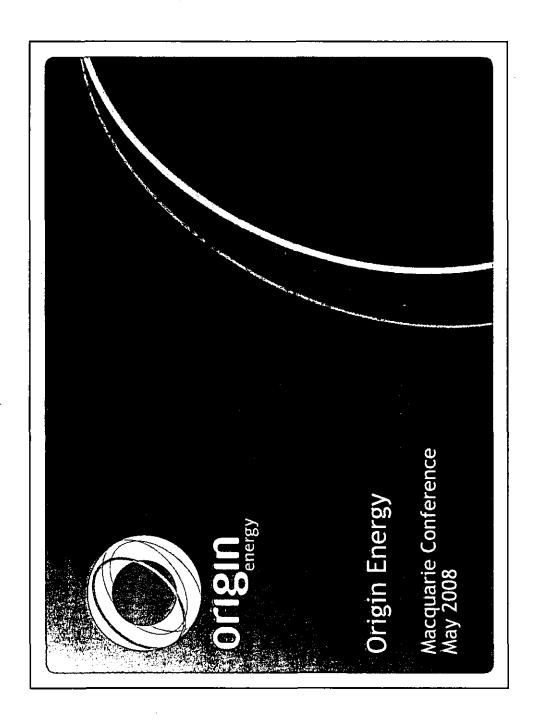
A copy of the presentation can be obtained from our website and an audio recording will be available following the presentation at www.originenergy.com.au in the Investor Centre - Presentations section.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

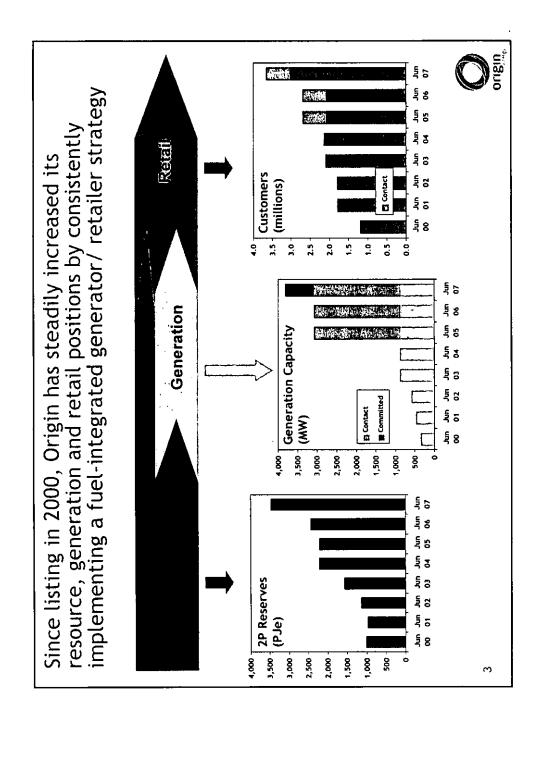
02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

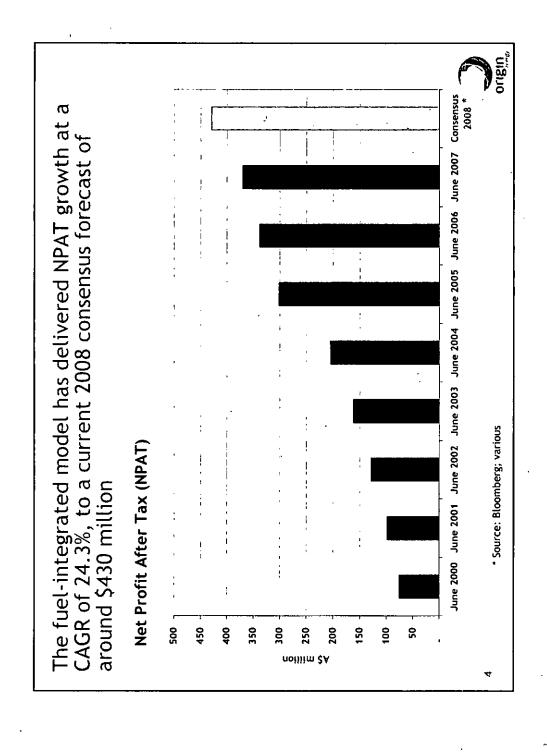


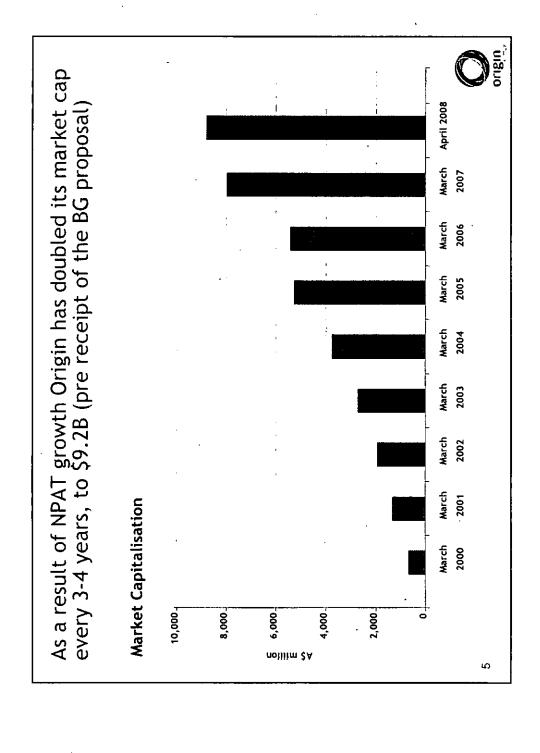
Important Notice

- of the shares in Origin. Any recommendation to acquire or dispose of any securities in Origin and any response This presentation should not be interpreted as a response by Origin to the proposal by BG Group to acquire all by Origin will be required to be made in appropriate formal documentation and any decision to buy, keep or sell securities in Origin should be made solely on information contained in such documents.
- The Board of Origin has recommended that Origin shareholders should take no action with respect to their Origin shares, pending further announcement.
- presentation is for information purposes only, is in a summary form, and does not purport to be complete. Any which may prove to be incorrect and is subject to uncertainties, risks and other factors that could cause such implied by such information. Any forward looking information in this presentation reflects views held only as forward looking information in this presentation has been prepared on the basis of a number of assumptions information to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or This presentation does not constitute an offer, invitation, inducement or recommendation to acquire or dispose of any securities in Origin or investment advice in any jurisdiction, including the USA. This of the date of this presentation.
- This presentation does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs professional advice depending on their specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs. of any investor, potential investor or any other person. Such persons should consider seeking independent
- All references to \$ are references to Australian dollars unless otherwise specifically marked.
- A reference to Contact is a reference to Contact Energy Limited of New Zealand, a 51.4% owned subsidiary of Origin Energy. Origin acquired this interest effective 1 October 2004. Consequently the result shown for Contact represents a nine month contribution in the financial year ended 30 June 2005 and 12 month contribution in the financial year ended 30 June 2006.
- 2005 and 2006 amounts reflect Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standard (A-IFRS). Amounts prior to 2005 reflect previous Australian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and have not been restated.



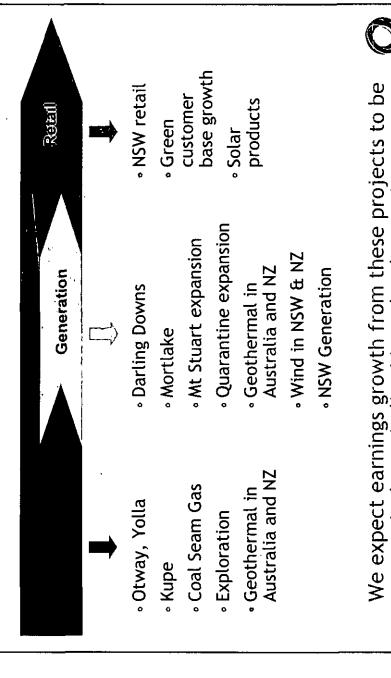






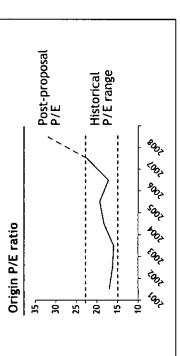
progressively capitalised into the share price

We expect growth to continue as we exploit a substantial portfolio of opportunities across the business...

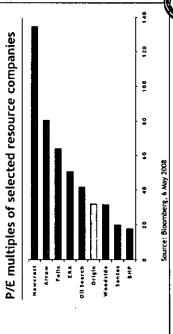


BG's proposal implies that Origin's growing resource position (esp. in CSG) changes the approach to valuing the company...

Origin has traded historically on a P/E ratio of 16-22, reflecting the strong earnings and consistent NPAT growth delivered by our fuel-integrated business strategy

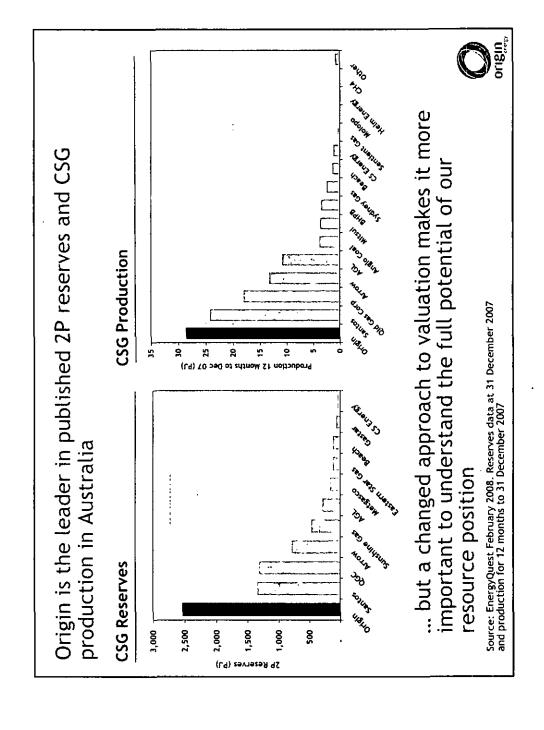


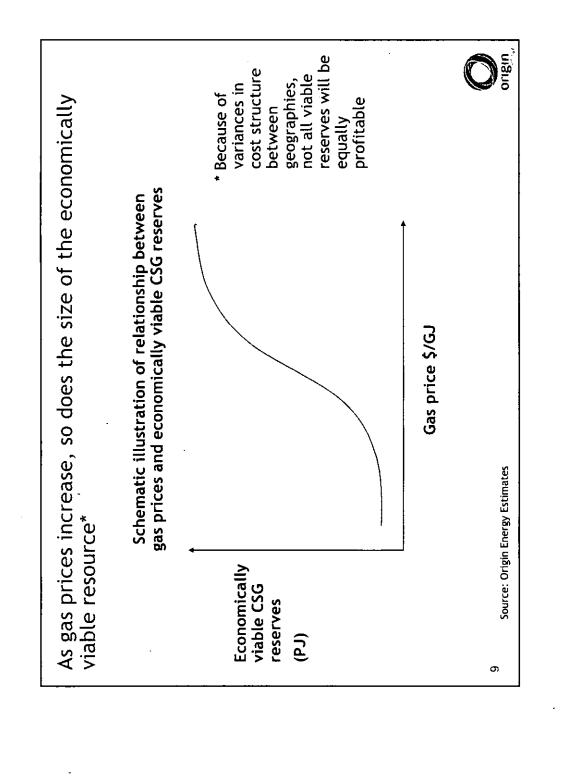
Resources companies comparable to Origin are trading at much higher multiples, reflecting the market's view of the long term value of their assets



...from an earnings multiple based utility approach to a resource based DCF approach

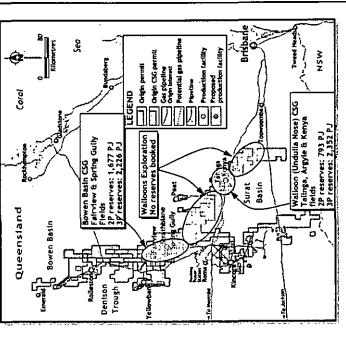
7





Origin has an extensive acreage position across the two prime CSG fairways in Queensland

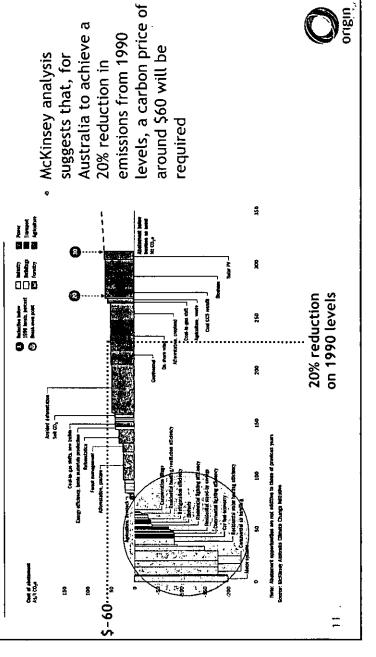
- Origin's share of 2P reserves is 2,470 PJ (July 2007), while 3P reserves are estimated at 4,578 PJ (quotes exclude exploration potential)
- In February this year Origin targeted an additional 500 PJ of 2P reserves by 30 June 2008 - now likely to be around 1,000 PJ
- At gas netback prices reflecting current market conditions in Asia, a resource base of around 10,000 PJ may be recoverable from this acreage



channel to market, allows all reserves to be monetized Our integrated strategy, together with a potential LNG

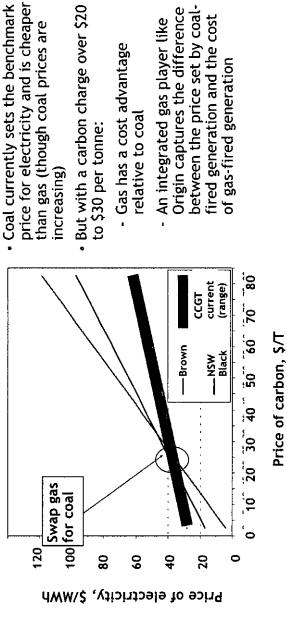
reduction targets and an Australian emissions trading scheme Origin believes there is an increasing likelihood that carbon will result in carbon prices of \$20-60 by 2020





A domestic carbon price above \$20-30 per tonne would put strong upward pressure on gas prices

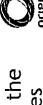
Short run marginal costs of generation vs carbon price



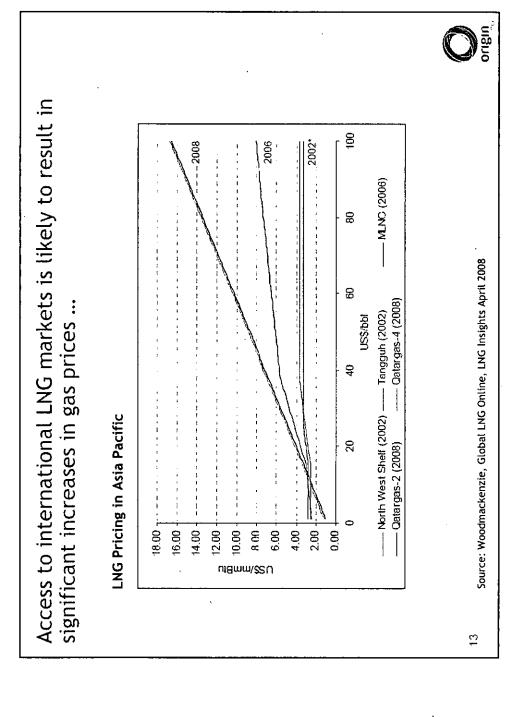
 But with a carbon charge over \$20 between the price set by coal-Origin captures the difference - An integrated gas player like than gas (though coal prices are - Gas has a cost advantage relative to coal to \$30 per tonne: increasing)

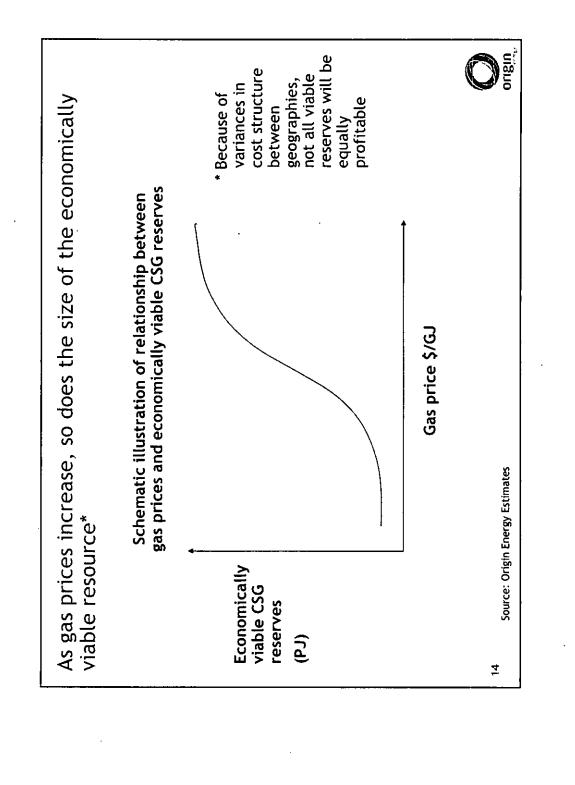
fired generation and the cost

of gas-fired generation



Origin with its integrated strategy can access all the upside associated with increased electricity prices <u>~</u>





and CSG developments are each establishing new production infrastructure in areas where we hold prospective acreage... The BassGas Project, Otway Gas Project, Kupe Gas Project ...opening up the potential for further exploration and development in these and related areas 15

Origin has an extensive portfolio of exploration prospects. Some of these prospects are illustrated below and will be drilled or considered for drilling over the next few years ...

		Origin		Undsked Estimated	stimated
Basin / Area	Permit	Equity	Prospect / Field Name	Mean Recoverable	overable
				Gas	Officend
				(pct)	(mmbbts)
Offshore Northland Basin, NZ	PEP 38618	50% D1	D1	2,130	
Offshore Northland Basin, NZ	PEP 38618	50% 02	02	10,573	
Offshore Northland Basin, NZ	PEP 38618	50% D3	D3	2,929	
Offshore Northland Basin, NZ	PEP 38619		50% Tarapunga*	360	
Offshore Northland Basin, NZ	PEP 38619		50% Kokako*	849	
Offshore Northland Basin, NZ	PEP 38619		50% Greater Korimako South*	260 - 894	
Offshore Canterbury Basin, NZ	PEP 38262		00% Carrack* - oil only		639
Offshore Canterbury Basin, NZ	PEP 38262		00% Carrack* - wet gas only	2,338	84
Offshore Canterbury Basin, NZ	PEP 38262		100% Caravel* - oil only		124
Offshore Canterbury Basin, NZ	PEP 38262		100% Caravel* - wet gas only	451	16
Offshore Taranaki Basin, NZ	PML 38146		50% Momoho **	100	
Offshore Lamu Basin, Kenya	87		75% Mbawa - oil only		878
Offshore Lamu Basin, Kenya	18	ĺ	75% Mbawa" - gas only	2,765	
Offshore Otway Basin	T34/P		31% Razorback **	295	
Offshore Otway Basin	VicP/37(V)	Ĺ	100% Halladale/Blackwatch (Field)	99	
Offshore Vietnam	Block 121	Ľ	100% Swordfish		55
Offshore Vietnam	Block 121		100% Flounder		56
Offshore Bass Basin	1/18P		39% Trefoil (Field)	153	
Offshore Bass Basin	T/18P		39% White (bis (Field)	36	
Offshore Bass Basin	T/18P		39% Rockhopper	148	
Offshore Bass Basin	T/18P		39% Gentoo*	49	
Offshore Bass Basin	T/44P		60% Silvereye **	317	
* December afresdy matriced to drillable status	Jahla etatric				

* Prospect already matured to drillable status

** Committed to drill or permit commitment to drill

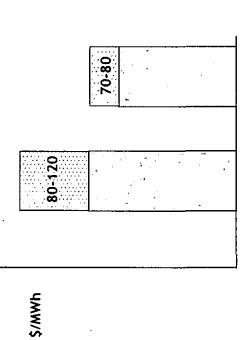
[Field] - discovered field not yet booked as reserves

... and if successful have the potential to add significantly to the reserve base of the company



Origin has a significant position in the premier geothermal resource identified to date in Australia

Long run marginal cost of electricity generation, wind v geothermal Estimates for mature technologies



 The lowest-cost largescale technology likely to qualify for the new MRET is onshore wind Geodynamics
 estimates that the
 costs of geothermal as
 a mature technology
 will be lower





Source: Geodynamics (geothermal). McLennan Magasanik Associates, Report to Renewable Energy Generators of Australia (for wind) 17

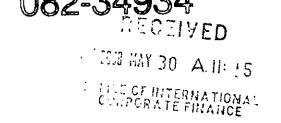
UOZ-34934

In Summary

- reliable earnings growth (made possible by our fuel-integrated business model) · Origin historically has been valued as a utility-type stock with strong and
- The current share price (P/E 32) reflects a different perspective, valuing Origin as much for its resource potential as for projected earnings ...
- ... and recognises that east coast gas prices will likely increase:
- With the introduction of domestic carbon regulation and
- As CSG gets exposure to the international LNG market
- At higher gas prices, Origin's already significant CSG resources expand significantly due to improved economics
- Origin continues to build compelling long-term resource positions in non-CSG exploration and in geothermal, just as we did for CSG over the last decade







То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279	
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	7 May 2008	
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	22	
Subject	CONTACT ENERGY - INVESTOR PRESENT AUSTRALIAN CONFERENCE.	ATION TO MAC	QUARIE'S	

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

New Zealand's leading integrated energy company

Presentation to Macquarie's Australia Conference May 2008



Disclaimer

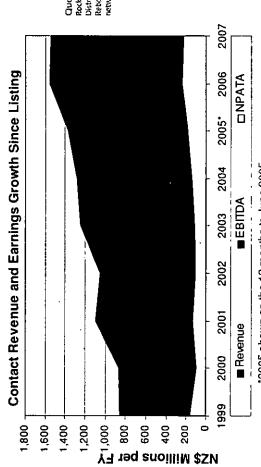
of items. Such forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and involve This presentation may contain projections or forward looking statements regarding a variety risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those stated in any forward-looking statement based on a number of important factors and risks.

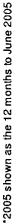
forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate or incorrect and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the results contemplated in the Although management may indicate and believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements will be realised. Furthermore, while all reasonable care has been taken in compiling this presentation, Contact accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions.

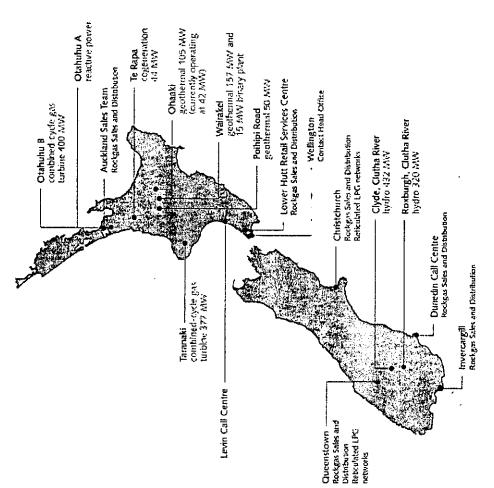


Snapshot of Contact Energy

- 630,000 customers (electricity, gas, LPG)
- 28% of NZ's generation from 9 power stations
- 50% natural gas
- 35% hydro
- 15% geothermal
- 27% share of the electricity retail market
- 40% of the gas retail market
- 50% of the LPG market









The sector is dominated by integrated generator / retailers

- A high level of integration between generation and retail customer bases
- Three of Contact's competitors are state owned

돌 을 흩 출 (etnioq) egbeH

+ 20%

Š

140%

120%

8

Rio Tinto supply

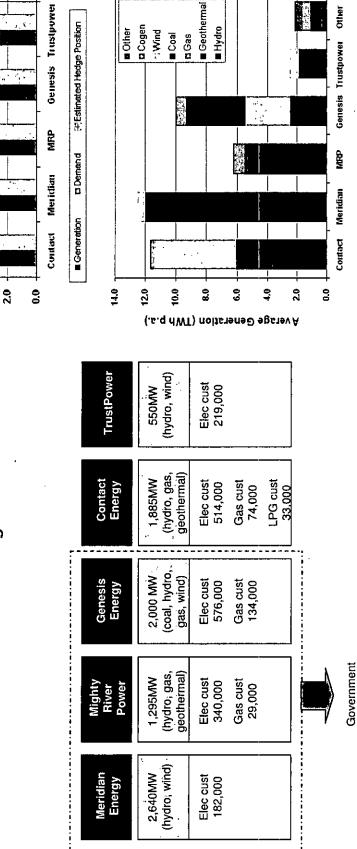
100

12.0

 \mathbb{H}

(anad) dWT eganev A 글 중 중 축

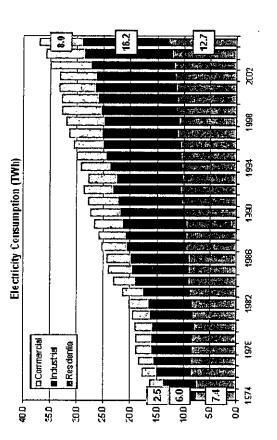
Contact is the only generator/retailer with access to LPG as well as natural gas

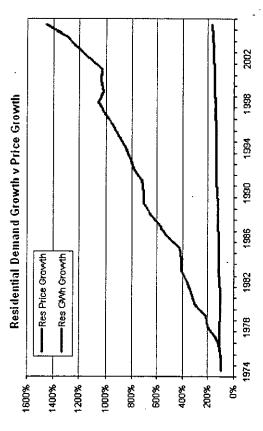


owned

Electricity demand

- Electricity demand has been growing at ~2% p.a. over the last 10 years
- Residential demand has grown despite price increases which have averaged 4.5% p.a. over the last 10 years
- Demand side is expected to absorb the moderate effects of carbon pricing without material demand destruction
- The effects of energy efficiency are more difficult to predict although the prevailing view is that domestic consumers will reallocate savings into alternative forms of consumption

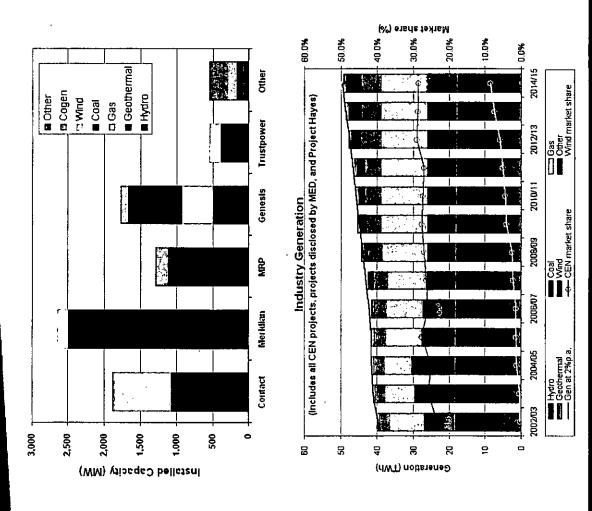




डज्याखर जित्तासुर छहाम (तीच, डेन्स, 2006

Electricity supply

- Wind generation, although well suited to NZ conditions, has execution risks (public opposition, Maori interests, capital cost pressures)
- However, additional wind will be built over the next 5 years which will increase volatility
- Contact's wind generation sites are well located in terms of proximity to demand (North Island) and consentability



Energy and climate change policy

- During the half year, legislation was introduced to give effect to the Government's climate change and energy policies
- Two major planks of Government policy:
- NZ Energy Strategy 90% renewable energy by 2025
- Economy-wide Emissions Trading Scheme that sets a market price for carbon

New Zeatand Energy Strategy to 2050

Powering Our Future lounds a manuale by amissions energy system

- Electricity will be covered from 1 January 2010
- Legislation is expected to be passed in calendar 2008
- Sets market price with international linkage
- No grandfathering for existing thermals
- The Government is proposing a 10-year moratorium on new base load thermal stations to facilitate achieving 90% renewable target with some exemptions:
- security of supply
- non "base-load" plants
- replacement of retired plant
- The policy environment provides an opportunity to leverage renewable options combined with flexible thermal projects



Progress on Strategic Initiatives

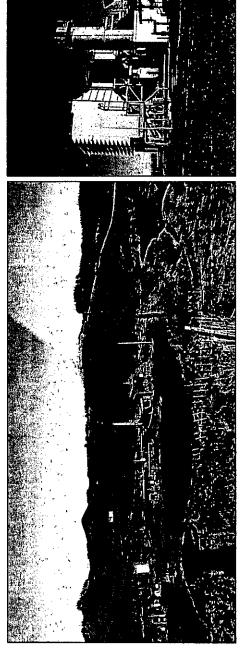
- · Policy initiatives have placed renewable generation at centre stage
- NZ Energy Strategy targets 90% renewable energy by 2025
- Economy-wide Emissions Trading Scheme all gases, all sectors
- Contact has a unique set of options which can be leveraged in this environment
- Geothermal generation: 500 MW of new geothermal generation in various stages of development
- Stage 1: 225 MW Te Mihi project construction commencing late 2008
- Stage 2: 245 MW Tauhara project first 20 MW in construction 2008, remaining 225 MW in construction late 2009
- Wind generation: 550 MW located on the Waikato coastline from 2011
- Hydro generation: 17 MW Hawea Gates project in construction from 2009. New large-scale hydro projects in development

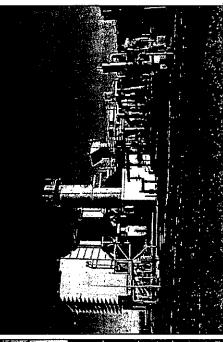


Gas-fired generation will have a significant role

Contact has leading gas-fired options

- Gas-fired peaking plant: Up to 300 MW
- First phase 2×100 MW units to be constructed adjacent to Contact's CCGT at Stratford, Faranaki - cost \$250m, contracts now signed
- Construction commenced, expected to be in operation by Winter 2010
- Baseload CCGT: Existing consented sites for up to 800 MW which can be developed
- if renewables cannot be delivered in time
- Development of gas storage through Contact/Origin's acquisition of Swift Energy's NZ assets
- Gas storage will address the loss of thermal flexibility and maximise the value from increasing volatility in the electricity market.
- Contact's gas storage facility is expected to be in operation in 2010

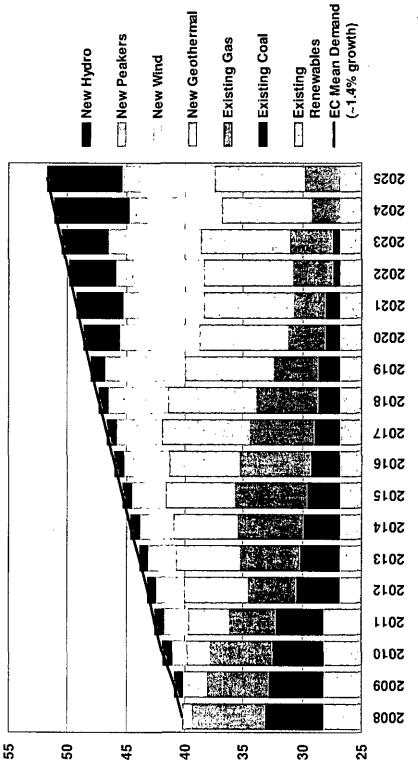




A renewables scenario

Supply vs Demand: Mean Year Energy

TWh

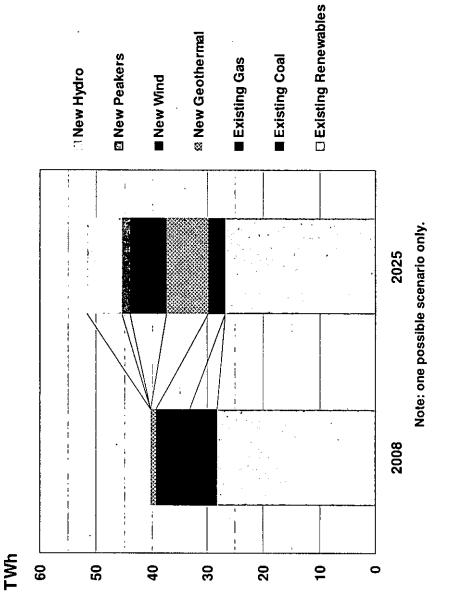




Note: one possible scenario only.

A renewables scenario – energy shift 2008 - 2025

Supply vs Demand: Mean Year Energy





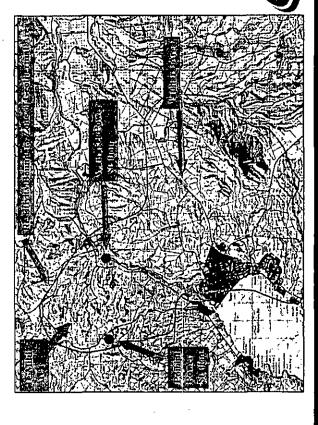
Geothermal: The ultimate renewable

- Cornerstone to the 90% renewables target
- Only genuine baseload renewable
- Favourable economics



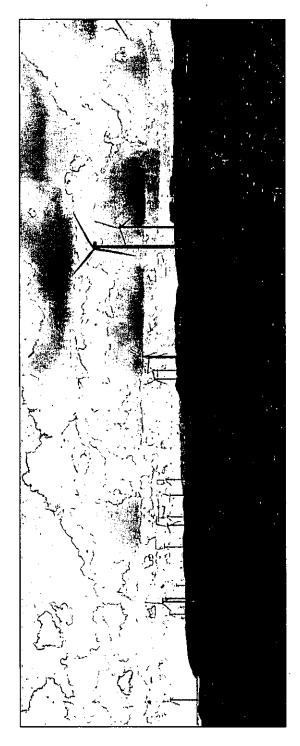
Geothermal C	Geothermal Capacity (MW net)	net)
	2008	2014
Wairakei Station	157	
Wairakei Binary	14.5	14.5
Poihipi (effective)	30	50
Ohaaki (effective)	65	. 65
Te Mihi		225
Tauhara Binary		50
Tauhara		225
Total	266	009~





Harnessing NZ's wind resources

- The 90% target will require significant increases in wind generation
- Contact's wind plans:
- 550 MW Hauauru ma raki wind farm on Waikato farmland
- Other wind sites in the North and South Islands
- Wholesale price path will trend toward a wind LRMC (\$85 100 / MWh)
- Synergies with hydro can see water stored and used more effectively
- Will need fast-start peaking capacity as additional firming

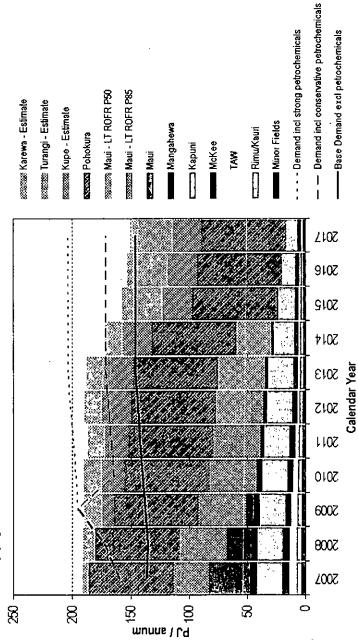




Gas supply and demand

- The gas market is reasonably in balance over the short to medium term
- construction of renewable generation and whether supply can be extended beyond 2015 Beyond 2010 the key issues for the gas market are the impact on demand of the

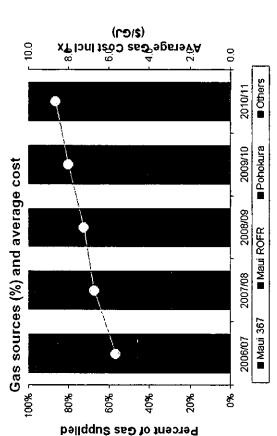




Note: the petrochemical potential demand is based on operation of the Waitara valley methanol plant; the Motunui plant would add approx.

Gas supply is increasingly inflexible

- Contact's average gas cost including transmission has risen from \$3.70/GJ in FY 03 to around \$5.02/GJ in FY 07 (an average of 9% p.a.)
- Gas prices per GJ are expected to increase about 20% per annum in this financial year
- Medium to long term gas supply contracts are increasingly less flexible as the end of Maui 367 gas approaches in June 2009

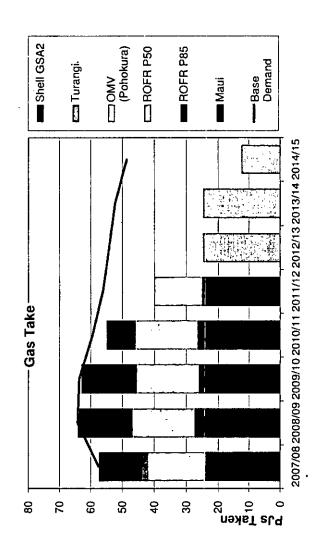


- This is likely to result in excess gas at times of high hydro and low demand
- Contact's recently announced intention to develop a gas storage project will assist in managing this issue as well as the increasing volatility which will arise from increased wind generation



Future gas supply

- It seems likely that gas can be secured at least to 2015
- · Contact is currently considering its strategy for securing further supply. Key factors in determining the optimal timing will be:
- Assessing the impact on gas demand of alternative generation sources (wind, geothermal)
- Ensuring that gas supply meets the demands of the generation market (less base load and more intermittent or peak use)



Long-term gas supply

- · Given the domestic position seems assured only till 2015 at the most, it remains prudent to maintain an LNG backstop
- Should LNG be required over the longer term Contact's ability to manage the supply logistics will be enhanced by the availability of gas storage
- Gasbridge is a joint venture with Genesis Energy. No decision has been made to invest in this project beyond progressing a resource consent

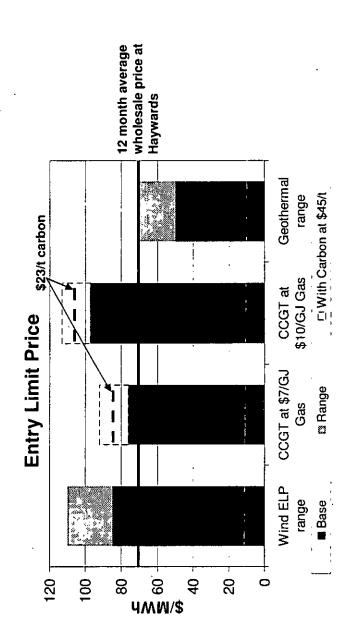






Prices are expected to rise

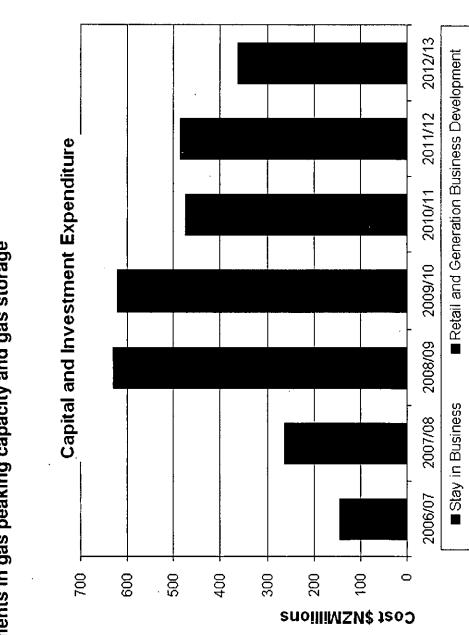
- The policy environment is clearly guiding investment toward renewables
- To realise the policy goals, wholesale prices are expected to trend toward the LRMC of wind
- \$85 -100 / MWh
- · Resulting in continued upward pressure on retail prices





Capital expenditure

· The future capex profile now includes about \$2 billion in renewable investment as well as investments in gas peaking capacity and gas storage





Outlook

- **Government policies**
- supports the development of renewables
- Reserve margins are currently tight and are expected to remain so over the medium term
- Contact's geothermal and gas-fired peaking projects are well placed
- Wind will continue to increase its penetration
- Wholesale prices are expected to trend toward the long-run marginal cost of wind
- Continuing the upward pressure on retail prices







contact



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	•
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	5 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy .	Pages	2
Subject	SHAREHOLDER CORRESPONDENCE		

In accordance with Listing Rule 3.17 please find attached a letter which is being sent to all Origin Energy shareholders.

The letter is also available on Origin's website www.originenergy.com.au in the Investor Centre.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



2 May 2008

Dear Shareholder

PROPOSAL FROM BG GROUP PLC (BG GROUP) TO ACQUIRE ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

I am writing to advise you that on the evening of 29 April 2008 Origin received a proposal from BG Group to acquire all of the shares of Origin at a cash price of \$14.70 per share.

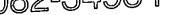
Origin immediately announced to the ASX that it received the proposal to ensure that the market was properly informed. BG Group has advised that the proposal is subject to shareholder and regulatory approvals and other terms and conditions.

The proposal is being considered by Origin's Board and management and it will be discussed with BG Group. These discussions may or may not lead to an agreed transaction and we will keep you informed of any developments. In the meantime you should take no action with respect to your Origin shares, pending further announcement.

If you have any enquiries please contact our helpline on 1800 647 819 or +61 2 8280 7588.

Yours faithfully

Kevin McCann Chairman





PECEIVED

2018 IMAY 30 A II: 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	30 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	16
Subject	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED - QUARTERLY PRO	DUCTION RI	EPORT

Origin Energy Limited (Origin) hereby submits this Quarterly Production report for the quarter ended 31 March 2008. This report covers the oil and gas exploration development and production activities of its wholly owned subsidiaries Origin Energy Resources Limited and Origin Energy CSG Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



Report for the Quarter ended 31 March 2008 covering the Exploration and Production businesses of Origin Energy Limited

Origin Energy Limited (Origin) hereby submits this Quarterly report to the Australian Stock Exchange which covers the activities of wholly owned subsidiaries Origin Energy Resources Limited and Origin Energy CSG Limited in the areas of gas and oil exploration and production. Unless otherwise specifically stated the report does not cover operations outside of these subsidiaries, and specifically does not cover activities relating to electricity generation or energy retailing in other areas of the business.

Significant events and influences during the Quarter included:

• Quarterly production and sales: Total production was 3% higher at 23.8 PJe compared with the previous Quarter (23.2 PJe) and 17% higher than the comparable period in 2006/07. Increased coal seam gas (CSG) production, and the commissioning of the Otway Gas Project more than offset declines from the BassGas Project, which undertook a planned maintenance and inspection shutdown, and from the Perth Basin where production at Beharra Springs was shutdown to rectify some plant damage.

Sales volumes at 22.4 PJe and sales revenues at \$120.8 million were both 4% lower than the previous Quarter but marginally higher (by 2%) than the comparable period in 2006/07.

- Kupe Gas Project: Drilling of the three production wells has progressed with two of the three wells drilled to TD. Operational problems at the end of March 2008 resulted in the well KS-7 being sidetracked, which delayed the drilling campaign by about two weeks. The offshore pipeline and umbilical have now been installed and the DSV Rockwater II is presently completing post-lay stabilisation works. Detailed engineering at the production station is almost complete and construction work is progressing well. The project remains on schedule for commercial gas in mid-2009.
- Otway Gas Project: Initial commissioning issues with the Otway Gas Project were resolved and gas production resumed in early February 2008. 3,300 TJ of gas (Origin share 1,015 TJ) and 32.6 kbbl of condensate (Origin share 10.0 kbbl) were produced during the Quarter.
- BassGas Project: The gas plant began its planned maintenance and inspection shutdown on 9 February 2008. The shutdown was extended until 5 March 2008. Production since start up has experienced problems with the amine heat exchanger and these are being resolved. Sales gas production for the Quarter totalled 3,043 TJ (Origin share 1,293 TJ).
- Spring Gully Project: The Spring Gully gas plants have achieved peak gas sales of 93 TJ/d (approximately 91 TJ/d Origin share). Progress on Phase 5 which will lift capacity to 150 TJ/d has included:
 - o the drilling of further development wells (now 36 of planned 60 have been drilled);
 - o increases in compressor capacity at the Strathblane gas plant; and
 - o 70% completion of earthworks at the third (Taloona) gas plant.
- Talinga (Walloons) Project: Production testing of the Talinga pilots continues to provide modest early sales volumes and planning has progressed for a development program including an initial 100 wells. Gas and water processing facilities have been designed to handle CSG production of 90 TJ/d.

- Argyle/Kenya (Walloons) Project: Gas production has been maintained at around 21 TJ/d (Origin share 8.5 TJ/d) while activities which will expand production to 120 TJ/d are underway.
- Perth Basin: The Beharra Springs gas production facility was brought back online on 9
 February 2008 after fire damage in late December 2007. Exploration and appraisal drilling scheduled to commence during the Quarter was delayed because of the unavailability of a drilling rig.

Drilling Activities:

- o CSG: Origin participated in a total of 42 CSG wells including 22 development wells (12 Spring Gully, 10 Fairview), 12 cored exploration/appraisal slimholes and eight exploration/appraisal production wells.
- New Zealand: Drilling of the Kupe development wells progressed with KS-6 and KS-8 cased and suspended. At the end of the Quarter, operations were in progress in KS-7 to recover pipe (the lower uncased portion of the hole has since been abandoned and a sidetrack from KS-7 drilled successfully).
- Surat Basin: Two further wells have been drilled. The Emu Apple 3 appraisal well was cased and suspended as an oil producer and Riverslea East 1 was plugged and abandoned.
- Cooper/Eromanga Basin: Origin participated in 17 wells (10 development and seven exploration/appraisal wells) in a program which continues to have a strong focus on oil (13 of 17 wells). Fourteen wells were successful (five oil, four oil and gas and five gas) including the discovery of one new oil pool and one new gas pool.

Seismic Activities:

- o Bass Basin: Acquisition of the Origin operated 320 sq km Silvereye 3D Seismic Survey in the offshore Bass Basin permit, T/44P, was successfully completed.
- Otway Basin: Acquisition of the Woodside operated 320 sq km Schomberg 3D Seismic Survey in the offshore Otway Basin permit, Vic/P43, was successfully completed.

Acquisitions:

- Otway Basin: Subject to approval by the Designated Authority, Origin has purchased Woodside's 62.5% interest in Vic/P37(V) in the Otway Basin, increasing Origin's interest to 100% in that permit which includes the Halladale and Black Watch gas fields. A Retention Lease application has been lodged over these fields.
- Vietnam: Origin was advised on 28 February 2008 that it was the successful bidder for Block 121 in the Song Hong Basin, offshore Vietnam. Award of the permit is subject to a negotiated production sharing contract satisfactory to Origin and PetroVietnam.

Post Report Date Events

• Kupe Gas Project: The drilling operations on KS-7ST1 well, a directionally drilled sidetrack from the abandoned KS-7 well, were successfully completed and the well cased. The completion phase for the three development wells, KS-6, KS-7ST1 and KS-8, has now commenced. Once these operations have been completed, the Ensco 107 drilling rig will move to the Momoho 1 exploration well location.

1. PRODUCTION SALES AND EXPENDITURE

Origin's share of production and energy sales during the Quarter is summarised as follows:

1.1 Production by Area (and Total Sales and Revenue)

Natural Gas and		1			3rd		
Ethane	Unit	This	Previous	%	Quarter	YTD	YTD .
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Quarter	Quarter	Change	2006/07	2007/08	2006/07
Natural Gas	PJe				ı	į	
SA Cooper & SWQ		4.6	4.5	2	5.1	14.7	17.6
Bass Basin		1.3	2.2	(41)	1.5	5.7	4.6
Otway Basin (on-shore)		0.1	0.2	(39)	0.2	0.5	1.7
Otway Basin (off-shore)		1.0	-	-	, i	1.1	
Perth Basin		0.7	1.0	(30)	0.9	2.9	3.1
Coal Seam Gas		10.4	9.3	12	5.6	27.2	16.4
Surat / Denison		2.5	2.5	-	2.9	8.1	8.9
Ethane	PJe						
SA Cooper & SWQ		0.2	0.3	(22)	0.3	0.9	1.2
Total Production		20.8	20.0	4	16.5	61.1	53.5
Total Sales Volume		19.2	19.5	(2)	17.4	59.5	56.7
Total sales revenue	\$M	62.7	62.8	-	59.4	196.1	192.3

Crude Oil	Unit	This Quarter	Previous Quarter	% Change	3rd Quarter 2006/07	YTD 2007/08	YTD 2006/07
Crude Oil	kbbls						
SA Cooper & SWQ		79.6	76.7	4	71.5	223.7	231.6
Surat / Denison		9.9	9.5	4	4.1	27.7	14.1
Perth Basin		125.0	148.8	(16)	277.2	454.0	766.5
Total Production		214.5	235.0	(9)	352.8	705.4 ,	1012.2
Total Sales Volume		310.2	331.3	(6)	419.8	975.3	1169.6
Total sales revenue	\$M	32.1	30.9	4	30.6	90.5	86.0

					3rd		
Condensate/Naphtha	Unit	⊾ This	Previous	%	Quarter	YTD '	YTD
		Quarter	Quarter	Change	2006/07	2007/08	2006/07
Condensate/naphtha	kbbls	i			ı	,	
SA Cooper & SWQ		74.8	66.9	12	80.7	232.0	281.7
Bass Basin		55.8	85.9	(35)	68.7	235.8	235.2
Otway Basin (on-shore)		0.6	1.5	(60)	2.3	4.2	7.4
Otway Basin (off-shore)		10.0	0.2	-	• 1	10.2	•
Perth Basin		1.5	2.0	(25)	2.4	5.7	7.9
Surat / Denison		12.6	13.7	(8)	15.1	42.3	42.9
Total Production		155.3	170.2	(9)	169.2	530.2	575.1
Total Sales Volume		114.4	225.7	(49)	223.8	542.4	576.3
Total sales revenue	\$M	11.5	19.6	(41)	15.9	46.5 }	41.6

LPG	Unit	This Quarter	Previous Quarter	% Change	3rd Quarter 2006/07	YTD 2007/08	YTD 2006/07
LPG	Ktonnes	·			`		
SA Cooper & SWQ		8.6	8.6	•	8.3	27.5	31.5
Bass Basin	j	3.2	6.1	(48)	3.5	15.9	10.1
Otway Basin (off-shore)	1		•	•	- '	- !	•
Surat / Denison	 !	2.3	2.4	(4)	2.5	7.2	7.1
Total Production		14.1	17.1	(18)	14.3	50.6	48.7
Total Sales Volume	1	14.6	14.4	1	17.8	51.3	48.5
Total sales revenue	\$M '	14.6	12.6	16	12.2	43.2	32.7

Total All Products	Unit	This Quarter	Previous Quarter	% Change	3rd Quarter 2006/07	YTD	YTD 2006/07
Production (all products)	PJe	23.8	23.2	3	20.3	70.5 l	64.9
Sales (all products)	PJe	22.4	23.4	(4)	21.9	72.6	68.9
Total sales revenue	\$M	120.8	125.9	(4)	118.0	376.3	352.6

Internal & External Sales Volumes	Unit	This Quarter	Previous Quarter	% Change	3rd Quarter 2006/07	YTD 2007/08	YTD 2006/07
Total Sales Volume	PJe	1		-	i		,
Internal		7.5	7.1	7	8.6 ;	24.5	29.7
External		14.9	16.3	(9)	13.3	48.1	39.2
Total		22.4	23.4	(4)	21.9	72.6	68.9

Product Purchases included in above sales	Unit	This Ouarter	Previous Ouarter	% Change	3rd Quarter 2006/07	YTD 2007/08	YTD
Total	PJe	1.0 :	0.7	43	1.5	3.0	3.1

Production by Basin	Unit	r	1		% Change	3rd Quarter 2006/07	YTD 2007/08	YTD 2006/07
(All products, PJe)		!	This Quarter	Previous Quarter				
SA Cooper & SWQ			6.2	6.1	2	6.7	19.5	23.2
Bass Basin			1.8	3.0	(40)	2.1	7.8	6.4
Otway Basin (on-shore)			0.1	0.2	(40)	0.2	0.5	1.8
Otway Basin (off-shore)			1.1	•	-	•	1.1	
Perth Basin			1.5	1.9	(21)	2.5	5.6	7.6
Coal Seam Gas		-	10.4	9.3	12	5.6	27.2	16.4
Surat/Denison		1	2.7	2.7	-	3.2	8.8	9.5
Total			23.8 ,	23.2	3	20.3	70.5	64.9

Note: current Quarter production figures for some non-operated areas may include preliminary production data for the last month of the Quarter. Where necessary, previous Quarter figures may have been amended to reflect actual production volumes which became available only after the report date for that Quarter.

1.2 Production/Sales Summary

Total production for the March 2008 Quarter was marginally higher (by 3%) at 23.8 PJe compared with 23.2 PJe of the previous Quarter and was 17% higher than the comparable period in 2006/07. Reductions in BassGas production as a result of the planned maintenance and inspection shutdown in February/March 2008 and in the Perth Basin where production at Beharra Springs was temporarily shutdown, were more than offset by increases in CSG production, up by 12% over the previous

Quarter and by 86% over the comparable period in 2006/07, and by production from the Otway Gas Project which recommenced in early February 2008.

Sales volumes were lower by 4%, 22.4 PJe against 23.4 PJe in the previous Quarter, but marginally higher (2%) against the March Quarter of the 2006/07 year. Sales revenues also fell by 4% compared with the previous Quarter but were 2% higher than in the comparable Quarter in 2006/07.

Revenues from liquids sales (crude oil and condensate combined) decreased by 14%, while sales volumes fell by 24%, in comparison with the previous Quarter. This reflects the strong world oil price recorded during the period. Liquids production decreased by 9%, compared with a 24% reduction in liquids sales volumes, relative to the previous Quarter, reflecting the timing of liftings from storage facilities.

Liquids production is expected to increase significantly once BassGas is restored to capacity and the Otway Gas Project ramps up, although these would be expected to be partially offset by a continuing decline in the Perth Basin.

2. DEVELOPMENT

2.1 Cooper/Eromanga Basin (South Australia/Queensland)

The Moonie to Brisbane oil pipeline remained shut-in during the Quarter. Crude oil continued to be exported from the basin via trucking to Dullingari or Moomba in South Australia or Lytton in Queensland. Trucking is expected to continue until a new Jackson to Moomba pipeline is commissioned during June/July 2008.

Ten development wells (four gas, three oil and three oil/gas) were drilled during the Quarter. All of the wells, the Coonatie 9, Coonatie 11, Coonatie 13 and Mudera 12 gas development wells, the Fly Lake 24, Fly Lake 25 and Tirrawarra 73 oil/gas development wells and the Cook 11, Cook 12 and Merrimelia 61 oil development wells were cased and suspended as future producers.

2.2 Onshore Otway Basin (South Australia)

No significant activity during the Quarter.

2.3 Surat Basin (Queensland)

No significant activity during the Quarter.

2.4 Denison Trough (Queensland)

A campaign of three gas development wells is scheduled to commence in the June Quarter of 2008.

2.5 Coal Seam Gas (Queensland)

2.5.1 Spring Gully

The Spring Gully gas plants achieved peak gas sales of 93 TJ/d (approximately 91 TJ/d Origin share) as production continued to ramp up during the Quarter.

Work also continued on Phase 5 which is designed to increase field deliverability and gas plant capacity to 150 TJ/d, critical to the Darling Downs Power Station and Rio Tinto Aluminium contractual commitments. This work included:

- (a) The drilling of a further 12 developments wells, bringing the number of such wells to a total of 36 of the planned 60 development well campaign.
- (b) Installing and commissioning the third compressor at the Strathblane gas plant. The fourth compressor at the Strathblane gas plant is currently being installed and will be commissioned in the next Quarter. The fifth compressor has completed a successful factory acceptance test and is ready for shipment.
- (c) Earthworks at the Taloona gas plant commenced and were 70% complete at the end of the Quarter. The construction camp for this gas plant was delivered, installed and is operational.

2.5.2 Fairview

Ten development wells were drilled in the Fairview field as part of an ongoing program designed to underwrite future production and reserves growth.

2.5.3 Peat

No significant activity during the Quarter.

2.5.4 Talinga/Orana

Drilling of the first phase of the Talinga development program is expected to commence during the next Quarter. The program includes an initial 100 wells and gas and water processing facilities to achieve production of 90 TJ/d. The gas from Talinga, which is owned 100% by Origin, will supplement supply from the Spring Gully field to meet gas demand from the Darling Downs Power Station and Rio Tinto Aluminium.

2.5.5 Argyle/Kenya/Bellevue

Gas production from the Kenya field operated by Queensland Gas Company (QGC) was on average 21 TJ/d gross (8.5 TJ/d Origin Share). A further expansion of the Kenya/Argyle field is underway to expand the field to 120 TJ/d gross by 2010.

2.6 Onshore Perth Basin (Western Australia)

2.6.1 Beharra Springs

Gas production averaged 6.5 TJ/d gross during the Quarter (4.4 TJ/d net to Origin).

Beharra Springs production was much reduced due to a shutdown until 9 February 2008 which was a result of the separator fire which occurred in late December 2007. Gradual decline of Tarantula gas production continued throughout the Quarter.

2.6.2 Hovea/Eremia/Xyris

Average gross production for the Quarter through the Hovea production facility was approximately 1,400 bopd (approximately 700 bopd Origin share).

Gross gas production from the Xyris plant averaged 7.6 TJ/d (3.8 TJ/d Origin share) during the Quarter.

Hovea's production continues to produce above forecast. Hovea 4 was shut-in due to a tubing leak in mid February 2008 pending a workover.

2.6.3 Jingemia

Gross production during the Quarter from the Jingemia production facility averaged 1,369 bopd (around 673 bopd Origin share).

Jingemia 8 continues to produce at higher than expected oil rates. Jingemia 4 was shut-down in mid February 2008 due to a surface leak. The well is expected to be reinstated early in the next Quarter following a workover to remedy a leak to the outer casing.

2.7 Offshore Otway Basin (Victoria/Tasmania)

Initial commissioning issues with the Otway Gas Project were resolved and gas production resumed in early February 2008. Condensate sales began in March 2008 and gas production rates continued to be ramped up ahead of the planned start of LPG production in April 2008. 3,300 TJ of gas (Origin share 1,015 TJ) and 32.6 kbbl of condensate (Origin share 10.0 kbbl) were produced in the Quarter.

2.8 Bass Basin (Tasmania)

The Yolla 3 production well returned to service on 9 January 2008 after a down hole safety valve failure which had shut in the well since mid August 2007.

A planned maintenance and inspection shutdown of the gas plant began on 9 February 2008 and was extended until 5 March 2008. The extension was due to weather delays (-4 days) limiting access to the Yolla platform; expansion of scope of work (-3 days) due to additional items identified during the shutdown; and recommissioning problems with the amine system plate heat exchanger (~7 days). The gas plant has been capacity restrained due to failures of this exchanger. The plant throughput is restricted to approximately 55 TJ/d whilst this is being resolved with the assistance of the supplier.

2.9 Taranaki Basin (New Zealand)

Batch drilling of the three Kupe production wells progressed to plan until 26 March 2008, when the drillstring became stuck in the 8-1/2 inch hole section of the KS-7 well whilst making a drill string connection. All attempts to recover the drillstring failed and hence it was cut just above the reservoir and fully secured. The well has been successfully sidetracked.

The offshore pipeline and umbilical have now been installed and the DSV Rockwater II is presently completing post-lay stabilisation works. The current forecast for completion of the Rockwater II works is end April 2008, subject to weather.

Production Station design and procurement is now nearing completion with the focus on expediting construction, quality control and timely delivery of equipment (a large number of major equipment deliveries are expected in the next Quarter).

Construction works at the Production Station continued with delivery and installation of a further three modular pipe racks and the installation of six of the eight LPG bullets. Work has commenced on the erection of the tanks, truck loading bays and the permanent buildings. Both the piping and mechanical erection contractor and the electrical and instrumentation contractor have been mobilised.

The project remains on schedule for commercial gas in mid-2009.

3. EXPLORATION

3.1 Cooper/Eromanga Basin (South Australia/Queensland)

Origin participated in the drilling of five South Australian Block oil delineation wells, one South Australian Unit oil/gas well and one Southwest Queensland Block oil appraisal well during the Quarter.

In respect of the five oil delineation wells drilled in South Australia, three wells were cased and suspended as future oil producers and two wells were plugged and abandoned. Squalo 1 is a new, small Jurassic oil pool discovery. The Mudera North 1 well, while drilled to target oil in the Birkhead/Hutton formations, encountered good gas shows in the Coorikiana Sandstone and was subsequently cased and suspended as a future gas producer.

The one South Australian Unit oil/gas appraisal well, Tirrawarra 75, was drilled to target Patchawarra Formation gas and Tirrawarra Formation oil in the northeast part of the Tirrawarra field. The well was cased and suspended as a Permian oil/gas producer after the running of wireline logs.

Cook 10 was drilled as an oil appraisal well in the Aquitaine B Bock. Wireline logs indicated sub-commercial oil pay and the well was plugged and abandoned.

3.2 Onshore Otway Basin (South Australia)

A cased hole test over a single zone in the Laira Formation in the Glenaire 1 ST1 was completed in January 2008. An oil flow was measured at an uneconomic rate and the well was suspended pending abandonment and rehabilitation of the site.

3.3 Surat Basin (Queensland)

The Emu Apple 3 oil appraisal well commenced drilling on 2 January 2008. The well was cased and suspended as a future Boxvale Sandstone oil producer after wireline logging.

The Riverslea SE 1 well commenced drilling on 10 February 2008. The well encountered only weak oil shows in poorly developed upper Boxvale Sandstone and was subsequently plugged and abandoned.

3.4 Denison Trough (Queensland)

No significant activity during the Quarter.

3.5 Coal Seam Gas (Queensland)

3.5.1 Surat Basin

Five core holes, Carinya 2 (ATP 847P), Clifford 1 (ATP 592P), Pine Hills 1 (ATP 606P), Ramyard 1 (ATP 847P) and Condabri 3 (ATP 702P) were drilled in Origin's operated Walloon permits during the Quarter.

An 8 km 2D seismic test line using Velseis "Envirovibe" vibroseis trucks was acquired in ATP 702P during the Quarter.

In Origin's non-operated Walloon permits, three core holes, Jen 1 (ATP 648P), Michelle 1 (ATP 648P) and Matilda-John 1 (ATP 620P) were drilled. Eight production/DST wells were also drilled in ATPs 620P and 648P during the Quarter at Sean 3, Sean 4, Jordan 1 and Jen 2 (ATP 648P) and Codie 8, Codie 9 and Codie 10 and Lauren 48 (ATP 620P).

In the non-operated ATP 631P permit, four Walloon core holes were drilled at Treville Downs 1, Angry Jungle 1, Ben Bow 1 and Wingfield Park 1.

Production testing of the Bellevue Pilot in ATP 610P continued during the Quarter. A further six Bellevue appraisal wells were drilled on a sole risk basis by QGC and are expected to be tested over the coming Quarter for reserves certification. Origin has an option to participate in these wells at a future date subject to commercial assessment.

Two five-well production pilots at Codie and Lauren in ATP 620P, which have been completed over the Jundah and Taroom Coal Measures, will be production tested over the coming Quarter for reserves certification process.

3.5.2 Bowen Basin

No significant activity during the Quarter.

3.6 Onshore Perth Basin (Western Australia)

The Freshwater Point 1 exploration well in EP413 is expected to be drilled in the June Quarter of 2008.

Exploration drilling to evaluate potential gas reserves in the deeper Irwin River Coal Measures and High Cliff Sandstone reservoirs has been delayed due to the unavailability of a drilling rig. It is now scheduled to take place during the second half of 2008.

Reprocessing of the Drakea 3D seismic data is in progress.

3.7 Offshore Otway Basin (Victoria/Tasmania)

Post-stack depth migration (PSDM) processing of part of the Aragorn 3D seismic survey in T/30P and adjoining T/34P was completed during the Quarter. Interpretation is continuing utilising the new PSDM data.

Acquisition of the Schomberg 3D (320 sq km) seismic program in VIC/P43 commenced on 4 February 2008 and was completed on 22 February 2008.

3.8 Bass Basin (Tasmania)

Four firm rig slots for exploration and development well drilling have been secured in the schedule of the semi-submersible Kan Tan IV which is expected to be available late 2009/early 2010. Well locations for the drilling program are being considered.

Acquisition of the Silvereye 3D (320 sq km) seismic program in T/44P commenced on 2 January 2008 and was completed on 29 January 2008.

3.9 Bonaparte Basin, Western Australia/Northern Territory

Processing of the 940 sq km 3D seismic survey acquired over the Petrel field is in progress.

3.10 Taranaki Basin (New Zealand)

In PEP 38485, the results of the Moana 1 well, drilled in the previous Quarter, are being reviewed.

The Momoho 1 exploration well in PML 38146 is scheduled for drilling at the conclusion of the Kupe development well program.

3.11 Offshore Northland Basin (New Zealand)

Interpretation of the 433 sq km Nimitz 3D seismic survey and 1,904 km Pantheon 2D seismic survey acquired in PEP 38619 and the 1,224 km Akira 2D seismic survey acquired in PEP 38618 is ongoing.

3.12 Offshore Canterbury Basin (New Zealand)

Interpretation of the 917 km Caravel (PEP 38262) and the 1,317 km Wherry (PEP 38264) 2D seismic surveys has been completed. The large Caravel and Carrack structures have been delineated in this work.

Various geological and geophysical projects including basin modeling, AVO (amplitude versus offset) and amplitude studies and PSDM were completed during the Quarter.

3.13 Offshore Lamu Basin (Kenya)

Prospect level interpretation of the 2006 Lamu Marine Seismic Survey and reprocessed 2003 vintage seismic data in Blocks L8 and L9 was completed.

Various geological and geophysical projects including basin modeling were completed during the Quarter.

4. **DRILLING ACTIVITY**

4.1 Exploration/Appraisal

The table below summarises the exploration and appraisal drilling undertaken in the Quarter:

Well	Basin/Area	Target	Origin Interest %	Well Status
Cook 10	Eromanga - SWQ	Oil	25.00	P&A
McKinlay 8	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil	13.19	P&A
Mudera North 1	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil	13.19	
Mudlalee 5	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil	13.19	P&A
Mudlalee 6	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil	13.19	C&S, Oil
Squalo 1	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil	13.19	C&S, Oil
Tirrawarra 75	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil/Gas	13.19	C&S, OG
Emu Apple 3	Surat Basin	Oil	90.00	C&S, Oil
Riverslea SE 1	Surat Basin	Oil	75.00	P&A
Carinya 2	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	100.00	Slimhole CSG
Clifford 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	94.50	Slimhole CSG
Pine Hills 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	92.72	Slimhole CSG
Ramyard 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	92.72	Slimhole CSG
Condabri 3	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	100.00	Slimhole CSG
Jen 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	31.25	Slimhole CSG
Michelle 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	31.25	Slimhole CSG
Matilda-John 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	40.625	Slimhole, CSG
Codie 8	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	40.625	Prod/DST, CSG
Codie 9	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	40.625	Prod/DST, CSG
Codie 10	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	40.625	Prod/DST, CSG
Lauren 48	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	40.625	Prod/DST, CSG
Sean 3	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	31.25	Prod/DST, CSG
Sean 4	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	31.25	Prod/DST, CSG
Jordan 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	31.25	Prod/DST, CSG
Jen 2	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	31.25	Prod/DST, CSG
Treville Downs 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	18.10	Slimhole, CSG
Angry Jungle 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	18.10	Slimhole, CSG
Wingfield Park 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	18.10	Slimhole, CSG
Ben Bow 1	Surat Basin - Qld	CSG	18.10	Slimhole, CSG

4.2 Development

The table below summarises the development drilling undertaken in the Quarter:

Well	Basin/Area	Target	Origin Interest %	Well Status
Kupe KS-6	Taranaki Basin - NZ	Gas	50.00	C&S, Gas
Kupe KS-7	Taranaki Basin - NZ	Gas	50.00	Lower hole abandoned - sidetracked
Kupe KS-8	Taranaki Basin - NZ	Gas	50.00	C&S, Gas
Cook 11	Eromanga - SWQ	Oil	25.00	C&S, Oil
Cook 12	Eromanga - SWQ	Oil	25.00	C&S, Oil

Well	Basin/Area	Target	Origin Interest %	Well Status
Coonatie 11	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Gas		C&S, Gas
Coonatie 13	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Gas	10.54	
Coonatie 9	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Gas	10.54	
Fly Lake 24	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil/Gas	13.19	C&S, OG
Fly Lake 25	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil/Gas	13.19	C&S, OG
Merrimelia 61	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil	13.19	C&S, Oil
Mudera 12	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Gas	13.19	C&S, Gas
Tirrawarra 73	Cooper/Eromanga - SA	Oil/Gas	13.19	C&S, OG
Fairview 196	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Fairview 171	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	
Fairview 172	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Fairview 176	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Fairview 173	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Fairview 179	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Fairview 198	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Fairview 199	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Fairview 201	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	
Fairview 205	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	23.93	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 100	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 93	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 94	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 95	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S,CSG
Spring Gully 96	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 97	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 81	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S,CSG
Spring Gully 84	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 87	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Spring Gully 85	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	99.725	C&S, CSG
Durham Ranch 33	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	94.50	C&S, CSG
Durham Ranch 81	Bowen Basin - Qld	CSG	94.50	C&S, CSG

5. ACQUISTIONS/DIVESTMENTS

During the Quarter:

- Origin was advised on 28 February 2008 that it has been the successful bidder for Block 121 in the Song Hong Basin, offshore Vietnam. Award of the permit is subject to a negotiated production sharing contract (PSC) satisfactory to Origin and PetroVietnam.
- Transitional activities to effect the transfer to Origin of the Swift Energy New Zealand assets following the sale and purchase agreement signed in the previous Quarter have progressed and are expected to be completed by mid next Quarter.
- The Farmin Agreement between ARC (Bass Gas) Pty Ltd (ARC) and Origin in relation to T/44P was executed by all parties on 27 February 2008. Subject to approval by the Designated Authority, the farmin will reduce Origin's interest in the permit from 100% to 60%. ARC will also have an option to increase its interest to 50% by further contributing to the first commitment well.

- Subject to the appropriate approvals of the Designated Authority, Origin has purchased Woodside's 62.5% share of Vic/P37(V) in the offshore Otway Basin under an agreement dated 6 February 2008. The acquisition will increase Origin's interest in the permit to 100%. The permit contains the Halladale and Black Watch gas fields.
- A Retention Lease application over the Halladale and Black Watch gas fields within VIC/P37(V) was submitted to the Designated Authority on 29 February 2008.
- An application to surrender exploration permit VIC/P41(V) in the offshore Otway Basin was submitted to the Designated Authority on 31 January 2008.

6. EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE

E&D Expenditure	A\$'000	This Quarter	Previous Quarter	% Change	3 rd Quarter 2006/07	YTD 2007/08	YTD 2006/07
Exploration/ Appraisal		14,533	12,004	21	17,369	25,973	38,624
Development/ Plant		94,203	75,883	24	85,463	163,278	232,789
Total	_	108,736	87,887	24	102,832	189,252	271,413
					3 rd		
	NZ\$'000	This Quarter	Previous Quarter	% Change	Quarter 2006/07	YTD 2007/08	YTD 2006/07
Exploration/ Appraisal	_	269	7,912	(97)	3,948	10,208	5,788
Development/ Plant		86,854	82,133	6	30,159	222,568	60,137
Total	-	87,123	90,045	(3)	34,107	232,776	65,925

NB: E & D Expenditure excludes acquisitions and corporate plant & equipment.

The details and development activities and the expenditure and revenues relating to those activities referred to in this report have not been audited.

7. ORIGIN'S INTERESTS

Origin holds the following interests:

Basin/Project Area	Permits (Interest) (* Denotes Operatorship)
Australia	("Denotes Operatorship)
Surat Basin (Qld)	PL 14 (100%*); PLs 56 and 74 (69.0%*);
(44)	PL 30 (75.0%*); PLs 21, 22, 27 and 64 (87.50%*);
	PLs 53, 174 and 227 (100%*); ATP 470P Redcap (90.0%*); ATP 470P Formosa Downs (49.50%*); PL 71 (Production) (90.0%*); PL 71 (Exploration) (72.0%*); PL 70 (100%*) and PL (Application) 264 (90%*);
	ATP 471P Weribone Pooling Area (50.64%*); ATP 336P and PLs 10W, 11W, 12W, 28W, 69 and 89 (46.25%); PL 11 Snake Creek East 1 Exclusion Zone (25.0%); ATP 647P (Block 2656 only) (50.0%*); and ATP 754P (50.0%*).
Denison Trough (Qld)	PLs 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 54, 67, 173, 183 and 218 (50.0%*); ATP 337P (50.0%); ATP 337P Mahalo (30.0%); and ATP 553P (50.0%)
Galilee Basin (Qld)	ATPs 666P, 667P and 668P (ATP 668P being transferred to Origin) (100.0%*))
CSG (Qld)	
- Spring Gully	PLs 195 and 203 and ATP 592P (94.50%*); PL 204 (99.725%*); and PL 200 (95.7104%*)
- Fairview	PLs 90, 91, 92, 99, 100, 232, 233, 234, 235 and 236 and ATP 526P (23.93%)
- Peat	PL 101 (100%*)
- Argyle/Kenya/Bellevue	PLs 179, 180(A), 228 and 229 and ATP 620P (40.625%), ATP 610P and PL 247(A) (29.375%); and ATP 648P, PL 257(A) and PL 259(A)(31.25%)
- Talinga/Orana	PLs 209, 226, 215(A), 216(A) and 225(A) and ATP 692P (100%*)
- Other(Bowen Basin) ·	PLs 219 and 220 (100%*); ATP 653P and ATP 745P (23.85%); and ATP 804P (29.29825%)
- Other (Surat Basin)	ATP 606P (92.7162%*); ATP 631P (18.0965%); ATP 663P (100%*); ATP 702P (100.0%*); ATP 792P (92.7162%*) and ATP 793P (100.0%*) (ATP 792P and 793P subject to EA approval)
Onshore Otway Basin	
- SA	PRL 13 (50.0%); PRL 1 and 2 and PPLs 62,168 and 202 (100.0%*)
- Victoria	PPLs 6 and 9 and PRL 1 (90.0%*); PPLs 4, 5, 7, 10 and 12 (100.0%*); PPL 2 (Ex. Iona) (100.0%*); PPL 8 (100.0%*); and PEP 160 (20.0%)
Offshore Otway Basin	
- Victoria	VIC/L23 and VIC/P43 (30.75%); and VIC/P37(V) (100.0%*, subject to DA approval)
- Tasmania	T/L2, T/L3, T/30P and T/34P (30.75%)
Bass Basin (Tasmania)	T/L1 and T/RL1 (42.50%*); T/18P (39.0%*); and T/44P (100.0%* reducing to 60.0%*, subject to DA approval)
Onshore Perth Basin (WA)	EP 320 and L11 (67.0%*); EP 368 (15.0%); EP 413 and L14 (49.189%*); and L1/L2 (excluding Dongara, Mondarra and Yardarino) (50.0%)
Offshore Bonaparte (WA/NT)	NT/RL1 and WA6R (5.0%)
Cooper Basin	
- Qld	SWQ Unit Subleases (16.7375%); Aquitaine A & B Blocks and associated PLs (25.0%); Aquitaine C Block and associated PLs (27.0%); and Wareena Block and associated PLs (10.0%)
- SA	SA Unit PPLs (13.19%); Patchawarra East Block PPLs (10.536%); Reg Sprigg West Unit (PPLs 194 and 211) (7.902%)

Basin/Project Area	Permits (Interest)	
	(* Denotes Operatorship)	
New Zealand		
Taranaki Basin PMP 38151, PMP 38155, PML 38138, PML 38139, PML 38140 38141 (100%*) (subject to completion of dealing and approval) and PML 38140 (below base of Tikorangi Format 38141 (below base of Tikorangi Formation), PEP 381201 and (50.0%*) (subject to completion of dealing and Ministerial app		
	PML 38146 (50.0%*) and PEP 38485 (33.333%)	
Northlands Basin	PEP 38618 and PEP 38619 (50.0%*)	
Canterbury Basin	PEP 38262 and 38264 (100.0%*)	
Kenya		
Lamu Basin	L8 and L9 (75.0%*)	
Vietnam		
Song Hong Basin	Block 121 (100.0%*) (Subject to negotiated PSC)	

CONVERSION FACTORS AND ABBREVIATIONS 8.

8.1 Conversion Factors

Crude oil 0.00583 PJ/kbbls Condensate 0.00541 PJ/kbbls LPG 0.0493 PJ/ktonnes Ethane 0.0517 PJ/ktonnes

8.2 Abbreviations

barrels	an international measure of oil production. 1 barrel = 159 litres
bopd	barrels of oil per day
bwpd	barrels of water per day
C&C	cased and completed
C&S	cased and suspended
CSG	coal seam gas
CTU	coiled tubing unit
DA	designated authority
EA	environmental authority
GJ	Gigajoule = 10 ⁹ joules
joule	a measure of energy
Kbbls	Kilo barrels = 1,000 barrels
Ktonnes	Kilo tonnes = 1,000 tonnes
LPG	liquid petroleum gas
mmscfd	million standard cubic feet per day
PSDM	post stack depth migration (seismic processing)
P&A	plugged and abandoned
P&S	plugged and suspended
PSC	production sharing contract
PJ	petajoule = 10 ¹⁵ joules
PJe	petajoule equivalent, a measure used to express the volume of different petroleum products on the basis of the energy contained in the product
TD	total depth
TJ	terajoule = 10 ¹² joules
TJ/d	terajoules per day
Water Inj	water injection well
-	•





RECEIVED

3930 MAY 30 A H: 15

FICE OF INTERNATIONAL CARPORATE FINANCE,

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	30 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	PROPOSAL FROM BG GROUP PLC ("BG GROUP") TO ACQUIRE ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED ("ORIGIN")		

Please find attached an ASX Release.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

30 April 2008

Proposal from BG Group plc ("BG Group") to acquire Origin Energy Limited ("Origin")

BG Group, a global integrated gas major, approached Origin yesterday evening with a proposal to acquire all of the shares in Origin at a cash price of A\$14.70 per share.

BG Group has advised that the proposal is subject to shareholder and regulatory approvals and other terms and conditions common to transactions of this type.

Origin has not yet considered the proposal. Discussions between the parties will take place and shareholders will be advised of the outcome. These discussions may or may not lead to an agreed transaction. Origin shareholders should take no action with respect to their Origin shares, pending further announcement.

For further enquiries contact:

Bill Hundy Company Secretary Origin Energy Limited Telephone: (02) 8345 5467



RECEIVED

1230 MAY 30 A H: 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	2 May 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name	Name of entity		
OR	IGIN ENERGY LIMITED		
ABN 30	000 051 696	·	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	nformation.	
	t 1 - All issues ust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).	
1	*Class of *securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares	
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	35,200	
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities? If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: • the date from which they do • the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment • the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment	Yes	
5	Issue price or consideration	\$5.718196	·····
	·		
6	Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)	Issued as a result of to Options issued pursuathe Origin Energy Ser Option Plan.	ant to the rules of
7	Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates	29 April 2008	
		N	T+C1
8	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)	Number 878,407,392	+Class Ordinary
		[

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Number +Class Number and +class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,065,530 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) 747,000 Performance Share Rights Dividend policy (in the case of a **All Shares Participate Equally** 10 trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 Is security holder approval | N/A required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or nonrenounceable? 13 Ratio in which the *securities will N/A be offered *Class of *securities to which the | N/A 14 offer relates +Record 15 determine N/A date to entitlements Will holdings on different registers 16 (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? Policy for deciding entitlements in 17 N/A relation to fractions 18 Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who

N/A

documents

will not be sent new issue

Note: Security holders must be told how their

Closing date for receipt

acceptances or renunciations

entitlements are to be dealt with.

Cross reference; rule 7.7.

1/1/2003

19

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

		[
20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
		<u> </u>
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or	N/A
	commission	
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee	N/A
	payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on	
	behalf of *security holders	
25	If the issue is contingent on	N/A
25	*security holders' approval, the	IN/A
	date of the meeting	
26	Date entitlement and acceptance	N/A
	form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to	
	persons entitled	
27	If the entity has issued options, and	N/A
	the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on	
	which notices will be sent to option	
	holders	
28	Date rights trading will begin (if	N/A
	applicable)	
29	Date rights trading will end (if	N/A
	applicable)	
30	How do *security holders sell their	N/A
	entitlements in full through a broker?	
31	How do +security holders sell part of their entitlements through a	N/A
	broker and accept for the halonce?	

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale the a broker)?	N/A
33	⁺Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type (of securities one)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entit	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a)
Addit	ional s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to docume		e you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	ies that have ticked box 34(b))	
38	Number of securities for which †quotation is sought		
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)		
42	Number and ⁺ class of all ⁺ securities quoted on ASX (<i>including</i> the securities in clause 38)	Number	+Class

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional *securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the *securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 2 May 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOL	TH 6, 7 & 8.	
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	1 May 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

1 May 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 30 April, the 5-1/2 inch production tubing and down-hole monitoring equipment has been suspended on Kupe South 7 Sidetrack 1 (KS-7 ST1) and the Production Tree installed. The rig has moved from KS-7 ST1 to Kupe South 6 (KS-6) and the clean-out assembly for the 5 inch liner has been deployed as part of the on-going completion programme.

Following an inflow test, the well will be displaced to completion fluid and a cement bond evaluation log conducted prior to running the production tubing and down-hole monitoring equipment.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch	6-1/8 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m	
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	3,454m	-
KS-7 ST1					3,503m
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m	

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand:

Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Aline van Deventer Analyst, Investor Relations, Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5589

Email: aline.vandeventer@originenergy.com.au





То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	30 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	4
Subject	CONTACT ENERGY QUARTERLY REPORT.		

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Quarterly operational data for the quarter ended 31 March 2008

30 April 2008



Generation and retail sales data

		Quarter ended 31 March 2008	Quarter ended 31 March 2007	Quarter ended Nine months 31 March 2007 ended 31 March 2008	Nine months ended 31 March 2007
Thermal generation	GWh	1,019	1,059	3,840	3,752
Geothermal generation	GWh	542	467	1,627	1,464
Hydro generation	GWh	828	862	2,796	2,769
Total Generation	GWh	2,389	2,388	8,263	7,984
Average wholesale electricity price 1	₩	107.47	. 43.25	65.58	48.98
Average energy purchase price	₩.	121.09	44.75	73.14	52.26
Gas used in internal generation	PJ	8.0	8.6	30.1	29.8
Retail electricity sales	GWh	1,772	1,721	5,836	5,672
Retail gas sales	PJ	0.6	0.7	2.8	3.5
Wholesale gas sales	PJ	5.3	5.2	11.9	8.5
LPG sales	tonnes	15,644		61,557	
¹ This price excludes contracts for differences					

	As at 31 March 2008	As at 31 Dec 2007	As at As at 31 Dec 2007 31 March 2007
Electricity customer numbers	517,000	514,000	512,000
Gas customer numbers	74,000	74,000	75,000



contact



RECEIVED

7008 MAY 30 A II: 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

To .	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	30 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED ("ORIGIN") ANNO GROUP plc ("BG GROUP") TO ACQUIRE OF		OSAL FROM BG

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



30 April 2008

Origin Energy Limited ("Origin") announces proposal from BG Group plc ("BG Group") to acquire Origin

Origin, which owns 51.4 per cent of Contact, announced this morning to the ASX that BG Group, a global integrated gas major, approached Origin yesterday evening with a proposal to acquire all of the shares in Origin at a cash price of \$A14.70 per share.

BG Group has advised that the proposal is subject to shareholder and regulatory approvals and other terms and conditions common to transactions of this type.

Origin has said that it has not yet considered the proposal and that these discussions may or may not lead to an agreed transaction.

Contact Energy has no information from BG Group or Origin as to any implications this proposal may have for Contact or its shareholders. Contact will inform shareholders of any further developments as they arise.

For further enquires contact:

Jonathan Hill Communications Manager 04 462 1285 021 440 090



RECEIVED

233 HAY 30 A 11: 15

FICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	28 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name	of entity	
OR	IGIN ENERGY LIMITED	
ABN 30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	nformation.
	t 1 - All issues oust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	39,410
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?

Yes

If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state:

- the date from which they do
- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment

ot n i,

5 Issue price or consideration

19,410 @ \$5.718196 20,000 @ \$4.146826

6 Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets) Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

7 Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates

24 April 2008

8 Number and +class of all +securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	†Class	
878,372,192	Ordinary	

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

+Class Number 9 +class of all Number and *securities not quoted on ASX 14,100,730 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) Performance Share 747,000 Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 Is security holder approval N/A required? Is the issue renounceable or non-12 renounceable? Ratio in which the *securities will 13 N/A be offered 14 ⁺Class of ⁺securities to which the N/A offer relates 15 +Record date determine | N/A to entitlements 16 Will holdings on different registers N/A (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in | N/A relation to fractions N/A 18 Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with. Cross reference: rule 7.7. 19 Closing date for receipt of N/A

acceptances or renunciations

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
20	realities of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or	N/A
	commission	
22	Names of any business to the factor	
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the	N/A
23	broker to the issue	IVA
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge	N/A
	acceptances or renunciations on	
	behalf of *security holders	
25	If the issue is contingent on	N/A
	*security holders' approval, the	
	date of the meeting	
26	Date entitlement and acceptance	N/A
	form and prospectus or Product	
	Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	
27	If the entity has issued options, and	N/A
	the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on	
	which notices will be sent to option	
	holders	
28	Date rights trading will begin (if	N/A
	applicable)	
29	Date rights trading will end (if	N/A
29	applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their	N/A
	entitlements in full through a broker?	
	OTONOL;	
31	How do *security holders sell part	N/A
	of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

(of their	o *security holders dispose entitlements (except by sale a broker)?	N/A . `
33	⁺ Despa	tch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
	Type of (tick on	f securities re)	
(a)		Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entitie	es tha	t have ticked box 34(a)
Additio	nal se	curities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to it document		you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional *securities

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 5

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entities that have ticked box 34(b)						
38	Number of securities for which †quotation is sought					
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought					
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?					
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment					
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period					
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)					
		Number	+Class			
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number .	Class			

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any
 applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and
 that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under
 sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we
 request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 28 April 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	24 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOUTH 6	5, 7 & 8.	

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



ASX Release

24 April 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 23 April, the 6-1/8 inch section of Kupe South 7 Sidetrack 1 (KS-7 ST1) has been evaluated with wire-line logs and the 5 inch liner successfully set and cemented. This now completes the Drilling phase of the Kupe campaign.

The Completion phase of the three development wells has now been initiated starting with KS-7 ST1 where, the Completion tubing and down-hole monitoring equipment will be installed before moving to Kupe South 8 (KS-8).

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch	6-1/8 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m	
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	3,454m	
KS-7 ST1					3,503m
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m	

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact: Media - New Zealand:

Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Aline van Deventer Analyst, Investor Relations, Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5589

Email: aline.vandeventer@originenergy.com.au



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile 1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date 23 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages 3
Subject	ORIGIN SIGNS NEW GAS AGREEMENT WITBILLITON.	TH ESSO AUSTRALIA AND BHP

For your information please find attached an ASX Release relating to a new gas supply agreement between Origin and the Esso Australia and BHP Billiton joint venture.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



ASX/Media Release

23 April 2008

Origin signs new gas agreement with Esso Australia and BHP Billiton - strengthening retail gas portfolio

Origin Energy today announced it has entered into a Gas Supply Agreement with the Esso Australia Resources Pty Ltd and BHP Billiton Gippsland Basin joint venture to purchase up to 250 petajoules (PJ) of natural gas over 10 years.

The Esso Australia-BHP Billiton contract is expected to commence late 2009, providing a smooth transition from the current Gascor contract.

Origin Chief Operating Officer Karen Moses said the contract would significantly contribute to meeting Origin's retail gas demand in south-eastern Australia.

"The contract strengthens Origin's long term gas position. We continue to maintain a highly flexible gas supply portfolio by developing our own equity gas reserves and contracting from a range of other gas suppliers.

"Together with our current equity gas reserves, the contract will help service customers across south-eastern Australia and potential new generation projects such as Origin's proposed Mortlake Power Station.

"The contract supports our business strategy and position as Australia's leading fuel integrated generator and retailer," she said.

Origin has developed its own sources of gas supply in Victoria through the BassGas development south-east of Melbourne, which currently contributes 20 PJ annually to Origin's gas supply arrangements and the Otway Gas Project in south-western Victoria which, when fully operational, will contribute an additional 30 PJ per annum.

In addition, Origin has recently announced the acquisition of the Halladale and Black Watch exploration permit in the Otway basin which may supplement this gas supply and add further flexibility to Origin's gas supply portfolio.

For more information:

For Media - Origin Energy

Michelle Hindson Acting General Manager, Corporate Communications

Ph: 02 8345 5217 Mobile: 0414 207 049

For Investors - Origin Energy

Aline Van Deventer **Investor Relations** Ph: 02 8345 5589

Mobile: 0413 680 870

exploration and production, power generation and energy retailing. Listed in the ASX top 50, with a market capitalisation of around \$7.5 billion, Origin is both a producer and retailer of energy. Our strengths come from our integration across the supply chain, from exploration and production to the supply of energy to over 3 million customer accounts. Origin's portfolio of assets together with more than 3,000 employees, provide flexibility, stability and significant opportunities for growth in the ever changing energy industry. Origin is also the major shareholder in New Zealand's Contact Energy. Origin is the Ethical Investor 2007 Sustainable Company of the Year.





RECEIVED

MR 111 30 A 11:15

CALICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	22 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9.
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name of entity

OK	IGIN ENERGY LIMITED	
ABN 30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	nformation.
	ct 1 - All issues oust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	54,080
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4 Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?

with an existing *class of quoted *securities?

If the additional securities do not

• the date from which they do

rank equally, please state:

- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment

\$5.718196

Yes

5 Issue price or consideration

6 Purpose of the issue
(If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)

Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

7 Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates 42,400 - 17 April 2008 11,640 - 21 April 2008

8 Number and ⁺class of all ⁺securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class
878,332,782	Ordinary

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

+Class Number Number and +class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,140,140 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) Performance Share 747,000 Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 Is security holder approval N/A required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-N/A renounceable? 13 Ratio in which the *securities will N/A be offered 14 *Class of *securities to which the offer relates 15 ⁺Record N/A date to determine entitlements Will holdings on different registers N/A 16 (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions 18 Names of countries in which the N/A entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue

+ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

entitlements are to be dealt with.

Cross reference: rule 7.7.

Note: Security holders must be told how their

Closing date for receipt

acceptances or renunciations

documents

19

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 3

N/A

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale th a broker)?	N/A
33	†Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type of	of securities ne)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entit	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a	ı) ·
Additi	onal s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to docume		you are providing the informal	tion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories .
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entities that have ticked box 34(b)

38	Number of securities for which ⁺ quotation is sought			-
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought			
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities? If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state:			
	 the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment 			
41	Reason for request for quotation now			
	Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period			
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)			
		Number	+Class	
42	Number and ⁺ class of all ⁺ securities quoted on ASX (<i>including</i> the securities in clause 38)			

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before 'quotation of the 'securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 22 April 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	18 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	3
Subject	APPENDIX 3Y NOTICE		

Please find attached Appendix 3Y - Change of Director's Interest Notice for:

B G Beeren

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED	
ABN	30 000 051 696	

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	Bruce Beeren
Date of last notice	14 April 2008

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and Indirect
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Starlay Pty Ltd Enersist Pty Ltd The Beeren Foundation Account Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan Contact Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Scheme
Date of change	17 April 2008
No. of securities held prior to change	225,200 Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held directly 549,820 Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held indirectly 550,000 Origin Energy Limited Options held directly 9,405 Ordinary Fully Paid Contact Energy Shares held indirectly
Class	Ordinary

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Number acquired	Nil	
Number disposed	50,000	
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	30,000 @ \$9.60 per share 20,000 @ \$9.62 per share	
No. of securities held after change	175,200	Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held directly
	549,820	Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held indirectly
	550,000	Origin Energy Limited Options held directly
	9,405	Ordinary Fully Paid Contact Energy Shares held indirectly
Nature of change Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	On-marke	et trade.

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

Detail of contract	N/A
Nature of interest	N/A
Name of registered holder (if issued securities)	N/A
Date of change	N/A
No. and class of securities to which interest related prior to change Note: Details are only required for a contract in relation to which the interest has changed	N/A
Interest acquired	N/A
Interest disposed	N/A
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and an estimated valuation	N/A
Interest after change	N/A

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Appendix 3Y Page 2 30/9/2001



RECEIVED

2008 HAY 30 A H: 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	17 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOUTH 6, 7 & 8.		

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



17 April 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 16 April, the 6-1/8 inch section of Kupe South 7 Sidetrack 1 (KS-7 ST1) has been drilled to a final depth of 3,503m MDRT (measured depth from rotary table).

Over the last week, the abandonment of the 8-1/2 inch section of the Kupe South 7 (KS-7) well was successfully completed. The well, renamed Kupe South 7 Sidetrack 1 (KS-7 ST1) was directionally drilled away from the original hole from below the 9-5/8 inch casing shoe, a 7 inch liner set down to the top of the reservoir and the reservoir section redrilled.

The reservoir section will now be evaluated with wire-line logs and upon completion the 5 inch liner will be set and cemented.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch	6-1/8 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m	
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	3,454m	
KS-7 ST1					3,503m
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m	

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand:

Greta Shirley: +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Frank Calabria, Chief Financial Officer, Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5567

Email: frank.calabria@originenergy.com.au



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	16 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

We (the entity) give ASX the following information. Part 1 - All issues You must complete the relevant sections (attach sheets if there is not enough space). 1	ABN 30 (000 051 696	
You must complete the relevant sections (attach sheets if there is not enough space). 1	We (t	he entity) give ASX the following i	information.
2 Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum 9,000			heets if there is not enough space).
be issued (if known) or maximum 9,000	1		Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
	2	be issued (if known) or maximum	9,000
Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion) Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	3	(eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all
	respects from the date of allotment
	with an existing *class of quoted
	*securities?

If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state:

- the date from which they do
- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment

Yes

Issue price or consideration

\$4.146826

6 Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)

Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

7 Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates

15 April 2008

8 Number and +class of all +securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class	
979 279 702	Ordinany	
878,278,702	Ordinary	

Appendix 3B Page 2

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

9 Number and *class of all *securities not quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class
14,194,220	Options
747,000	Performance Share Rights

Dividend policy (in the case of a trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests)

All Shares Participate Equally

Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue

- Is security holder approval required?

 N/A

 Is the issue renounceable or non-renounceable?
- Ratio in which the *securities will N/A be offered
- 14 *Class of *securities to which the offer relates
- 15 *Record date to determine N/A entitlements
- Will holdings on different registers (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements?
- 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions
- Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents

Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with.

Cross reference; rule 7.7.

19 Closing date for receipt of acceptances or renunciations

N/A				

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 3

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the halance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

How do *security holders disp of their entitlements (except by through a broker)?	
33 *Despatch date	N/A
Part 3 - Quotation of sec You need only complete this section if you are	
Type of securities (tick one)	
(a) Securities described in Pa	art 1
	he end of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee riction ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entities that have ticked box ?	34(a)
Additional securities forming a nev	v class of securities
Tick to indicate you are providing the infedocuments	ormation or
	quity securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the d the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
	equity securities, a distribution schedule of the additional anumber of holders in the categories
A copy of any trust deed	for the additional *securities

Appendix 3B Page 5

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	ies that have ticked box 34(b)	
38	Number of securities for which †quotation is sought		
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period (if issued upon conversion of another accounting alegaly identify that	·	
	another security, clearly identify that other security)		[+C]
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number	+Class

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional *securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the *securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 16 April 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	16 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	4
Subject	SHAREHOLDER CORRESPONDENCE		

In accordance with Listing Rule 3.17 please find attached Origin Energy's Half Yearly Report to Shareholders for the Half Year Ended 31 December 2007, which is being sent to Shareholders today.

The report is also available on Origin's website www.originenergy.com.au in the Investor Centre.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

12 cents per share fully franked, an increase of 20% on the prior The company's Directors have declared an interim dividend of corresponding period. This will be payable on 4 April 2008 to shareholders on record on 11 March 2008.

Based on current market conditions we expect a strong performance in the second half and believe we should deliver an increase in Underlying Profit for the current financial year of at least 15%. Significant capital expenditure programs will continue to be undertaken and New Zealand and continuing investments in the commercialisation in addition to continuing to invest in the development of low emission technologies, such as geothermal and wind projects in both Australia in our Exploration and Production and Generation businesses. This is of SUVER® solar photovoltaic technology. Recent additions to our debt facilities, together with strong cash flow, see us well placed to continue to access funds for the company's ongoing development and growth.

low the

Managing Director Grant King

> Kevin McCann Chairman

Half year in brief

- Sales revenue and other income up 33% to \$3,828 million.
 - EBITDAF up 3% to \$608 million.*
- Underlying Profit down 3% to \$200 million.
- Underlying earnings per share 22.9 cents, down 11% on expanded capital base.
- Operating cash flow after tax (OCAT) up 5% to \$385 million.

Interim dividend declared of 12 cents per share

EBITDAF is compared with the prior year on the basis of continuing businesses

fully franked, an increase of 20%

Mixed Sources in the state of t

Origin Energy Limited AEN 30 JOO JS1 646

Cover. Ensco 107 drilling rig over the Kupe offshore platform in New Zealand.

Shareholding enquiries Link Market Services Limited

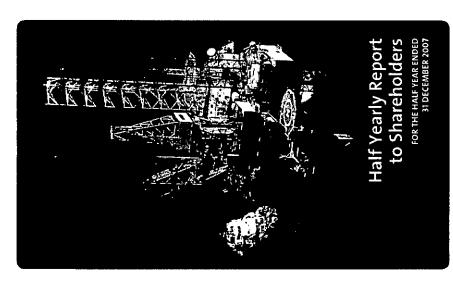
Locked Bag A14 Sydney South NSW 1235

e-mail registrars@linkmarketservices.com.au Telephone 1300 664 446

Web site www.linkmarketservices.com.au

Other enquiries Company Secretary Origin Energy Limited GPO Box 5376 Sydney NSW 2001

Telephone (02) 8345 5000 e-mail investor.relations@originenergy.com.au Web site www.originenergy.com.au





Dear Shareholders,

On 28 February we announced an Underlyi Profit for the half year ended 31 December of \$200 million, a decline of 3% on the Und

The first half performance was achieved in an environm historically high wholesale costs for the procurement of Profit in the prior corresponding period.

natural gas and LPG for our Retail operations. The secon expected to see a return to historical margins as the res adjustments and moderation of these high energy proc costs. In addition we expect a higher contribution from Exploration and Production business as the Otway Gas | comes on line and coal seam gas production continues

Statutory Profit was \$335 million, an increase of 44% on half year, and Statutory earnings per share were 38.3 ce increase of 32%.

The Statutory Profit contains a number of significant ite including profit from the sale of businesses and assets, the fair value of financial instruments and one-off costs with both Contact Energy's retirement of the New Plym Station and Origin Energy's acquisition of Sun Retail. Th have been adjusted for in the Underlying Profit. Accordi consider that the reported Underlying Profit is a more a measure of Origin Energy's financial performance for th The sale of the Networks business was settled in two tra in late June and early July 2007. It made no contribution operational performance of the business in the six mon December 2007. We are pleased to report our total recordable incident fr at 31 December 2007. Since 30 June 2007, our TRIFR has from 12.3 to 10.6. The continued improvement on our sa rate (TRIFR) improved by 53% from 22.8 at 31 December is a high priority across our business. In December 2007, we were awarded the 2007 Sustaina Company of the Year by Ethical Investor Magazine, reco. broad leadership and achievements in sustainability, we community programs and our commitment in providing and affordable green options to our custorners.

Operations Review



December half year, Growth in production from our coal seam gas (CSG) and BassGas assets more than offset the anticipated decline in our more mature production assets, particularly the Cooper and Perth basins, Our equity share of CSG production reached a milestone of 100TJ/d in Record production, sales volumes and revenue were achieved for the mid-December 2007, reinforcing our position as Australia's largest

EBITDAF of \$133 million was 5% lower than last half year, largely due to an increase in exploration expenses of \$9 million.

tooking ahead annual production will continue to grow as we address existing contracts and commence ramping up for new contractual

commitments in 2010.

We also acquired Woodside's interest in exploration permits covering the Halladale and Blackwatch gas fields in the offshore Otway Basin Kupe Gas Project remains on track for commissioning in mid-2009. in Victoria and we are in the process of completing the acquisition of a range of production and exploration assets from Swift Energy The Otway Gas Project has commenced commissioning and the in New Zealand.



The only significant change in the business between the current and prior the prior corresponding period.

replaced by an internal contract with our Retail business. The non-recurrence of a capacity payment of \$18 million under that contract means that EBITDA corresponding period was the termination of the Mt Stuart Power Purchase Agreement. As a result, contracts with Enertrade, a third party, have been decreased by 38% from \$46 million to \$28 million.

Darling Downs Power Station (630MW) and expansion of the Mt Stuart and seeking tenders for the construction of a 500MW power station at Mortlake Quarantine power stations by 126MW and 120MW respectively. We are also the development of over 870MW of gas capable generation including the Origin Energy is pursuing a significant portfolio of growth opportunities in the Generation business in Australia. We are currently committed to In Victoria.

to construct our first wind farm at Cullerin Range in New South Wales with additional interests acquired in geothermal projects and the commitment a capacity of 30MW. We are also continuing to pursue the commercial Our commitment to renewable energy generation has continued with development of our SUVER® solar photovoltaic cells.

numbers by over 21,000 accounts across electricity, natural gas and LPC, and progressed integration of the Sun Retail acquisition, increased its customer maintained a 33% market share of accredited GreenPower accounts.

21% to \$201 million with significant increases in the wholesale cost of energy following the acquisition of Sun Retail in February 2007. EBITDAF grew by purchases across the whole of the Retail business partially offsetting the Sales volumes and revenues for Retail were a record for the first haif, uplift in contribution from Sun Retall.

We remain the market leader in green energy with over 361,000 signed green business, notwithstanding the introduction of full retail contestability in the Our customer numbers increased by more than 21,000 accounts across the Queensland electricity market and a related increase in customer churn. gas and electricity customers, a 33% total market share.

This is the fourth time that a selection of our products has been recognised environmental NGOs, and led by the Australian Conservation Foundation). in November 2007, our GreenPower products once again achieved the highest ranking in Green Electricity Watch (a representative group of as market leading by the Green Electricity Watch.

Contact Energy contributed \$246 million to E8ITDAF, 4% high \$238 million recorded for the prior corresponding period. The main factors contributing to this result were: An increase in electricity generation. During the six months to December 2007 the Retail business successfully

 Higher operating revenue and costs increased as a result of addition of the Rockgas LPG business purchased from Orig volume and price of retail sales. partially offset by higher costs.

An increase in total electricity revenue, driven by 3% increa

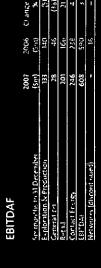
A 20% increase in the average per unit cost of natural gas. Contact Energy is also pursuing a number of exciting generat opportunities to complement its existing diversified portfolio geothermal and hydro generation. This includes additional ge projects (up to 500MW), wind developments (up to 550MW), power generation (up to 700MW) and hydro (17MW).

s
-
-
DΩ
-
8
-
-
-
1
Н

Change

Stangarths to 31 Becember	(ym)	(60)	*
Sales revenue and other income	3,828	2.674	22
(6) YDAF	608	290	4
1(1)	634	767	31
Statutory Protit	335	533	44
Still stery FPS	38.3 cps	23 f) cps	32
Underlying Profit	200	707	[3]
Underlying EPG	22.9 cps	22.9 cps 25.7 cps	(3)
Copylatespendione	714	714	2
free cash flow	259	141	(3)
Adjusted net dubt to (dest 1 equits) "	38%	3.4%	

EBITDAP represents extraigs before interest, the depression?
amortization spirificant bends and the impact of thanges in fair value of
inflancial institutients, from continuing operations.
Including acquisitions. 11,8% 12,2% CAT Fat of michendaryear



* Adjusted to evolute impact of derivative mandial instruments $^{\circ}$ OCATP are $^{\circ}$ (OCATF are $^{\circ}$ that shock in progress

105 307 30. 70. 50

Performance and growth

Statutory Profit Underly ing Profit

\$603 million, up 3% EBITDAF (\$m) Sales revenue and other income (\$m) \$2,823 million up 33%

Underlying Profit (5m) \$200 million, down 3% Statutory Profit (\$m) \$335 million, up 44%

Interim dividends 12 cents per share, u

Keeping in contact

Recently Australia's Corporations Act was amended and companies are no longer required to provide shareholders with hardcopy annual reports, unless shareholders request them.

The changes have given us a chance to ensure that our communication channels meet your expectations.

Our shareholders like to be kept informed of what is happening at Origin Energy and many like hearing from us via our Annual Report, Half Yearly Report, AGM Report and Sustainability Report. Some of you, though, may prefer email communication rather than hardcopy communication, so we are giving you some choices.

If you do nothing at this time, you will receive a copy of our new Shareholder Review, a simpler document which outlines highlights, messages from the Chairman, Managing Director and a summary of operations and financial performance. This is not a Concise Annual Report. A Concise Annual Report will no longer be produced by Origin Energy.

In addition, you may choose to also receive the full Statutory Annual Report, the Sustainability Report by mail, or choose to receive everything via email.

How do I make my choice?

OPTION 1
Do nothing.

If you do not respond, you will receive the new Shareholder Review and the Half Yearly Report by post. OPTION 2

Select one of the following options

if you want to:

- Not receive a copy of the new overview document, the Shareholder Review
- · Receive a copy of the full Statutory Annual Report
- Receive a copy of the Sustainability Report
- · Receive notifications via email when the reports are available online

If you elect Option 1, you will receive a copy of the new Shareholder Review, as well as the statutory Notice of Meeting, Proxy Form and Dividend Statements via post. You DO NOT have to complete the form below.

If you elect Option 2, and DO NOT want a copy of the Shareholder Review, or would like a copy of the Statutory Annual Report, or the Sustainability Report, please fill in the form below and return it in the reply-paid envelope enclosed, or call 1300 664 446 or visit the share registry website www.linkmarketservices.com.au

Please select your preferred option/s:

I DO NOT want to receive the new Shareholder Review or Half Yearly Report
Please send me a copy of the full Statutory Annual Report
Please send me a copy of the Sustainability Report
Please notify me by email when the Shareholder Review and full Statutory Annual Report are available online. You may also notify me by email when the Notice of Meeting is available online.
My email address is:

If your reporting preferences change at a later date, please call the share registry, Link Market Services on 1300 664 446, or visit www.linkmarketservices.com.au, or send this form in the enclosed reply-paid envelope.





RECEIVED

70.7 MAY 30 A 11: 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	15 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	CONTACT ENERGY		

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



15 April 2008

Contact signs contracts for peaking plant

Two hundred megawatts of highly efficient gas-fired peaking capacity to support increasing levels of renewable electricity generation have come a step closer, with Contact Energy executing contracts to purchase two fast-start gas turbine peaking units.

Contact Energy Chief Executive, David Baldwin, signed an agreement with General Electric (GE) to purchase two 100 megawatt LMS100 gas-fired peaking units. The units will be installed on the site of Contact's currently disused Stratford power station and are expected to be in service before the winter of 2010.

Contact also signed a contract with United Group (NZ) Limited to project manage, engineer, and install the two peaking units, and procure and install the balance of plant required to complete the project. The project will cost approximately \$250 million to complete.

Mr Baldwin said he was pleased to have signed the contracts.

"These peakers will play an important role in providing New Zealand with a secure supply of electricity, while also enabling the country to increase the level of electricity generated from renewable sources," said Mr Baldwin.

"The role of thermal generation is changing and, as recognised in the New Zealand Energy Strategy, the strategic use of efficient, fast-start peaking plants will be needed to support increasing volumes of weather-dependent renewables, such as wind generation.

"These peaking units will ensure efficient use of New Zealand's natural gas resources and underpin development of New Zealand's renewable resources," he said.

Mr Baldwin said the peaking units would be developed in parallel with an underground gas storage facility in the depleted Ahuroa gas field at Taranaki. The facility will enable Contact to store natural gas underground during off-peak periods, such as during the summer, and use it during times when it is most needed, such as during winter peaks.

"The gas storage facility is an important part of a renewable future for New Zealand. It is hoped to be operational at the time our new peaking plants enter service and will enable us to use these plants with maximum flexibility and efficiency to the benefit of the country's electricity supply."

Jonathan Hill Communications Manager 04 462 1285 021 440 090



RECEIVED

082-34934

7038 HAY 30 A HE 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOL		· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	10 April 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary



ASX Release

10 April 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 9 April, attempts to recover the stuck pipe in the 8-1/2 inch section on the Kupe South 7 (KS-7) well have been abandoned and preparations are underway to sidetrack and redrill the reservoir section.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	3,454m
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand: Greta Shirley

+64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	14 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	4
Subject	APPENDIX 3Y NOTICES		

Please find attached Appendix 3Y - Change of Director's Interest Notice for:

• B G Beeren

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED
ABN	30 000 051 696

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	Bruce Beeren
Date of last notice	2 March 2007

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and Indirect	
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Starlay Pty Ltd Enersist Pty Ltd The Beeren Foundation Account Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan Contact Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Scheme	
Date of change	11 & 14 April 2008	
No. of securities held prior to change	450,200 Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held directly	
	354,820 Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held indirectly	
	550,000 Origin Energy Limited Options held directly	
·	4,273 Ordinary Fully Paid Contact Energy Shares held indirectly	
Class	Ordinary	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

30/9/2001

Number acquired	5,132	
Number disposed	30,000	
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$9.60 per	share
No. of securities held after change	225,200	Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held directly
	549,820	Ordinary Fully Paid Origin Energy Shares held indirectly
	550,000	Origin Energy Limited Options held directly
	9,405	Ordinary Fully Paid Contact Energy Shares held indirectly
Nature of change	On-marke	et trade.
Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	pursuant t	of Contact Energy securities to the Contact Energy Non-

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

Detail of contract	N/A
Nature of interest	N/A
Name of registered holder (if issued securities)	N/A
Date of change	N/A
No. and class of securities to which interest related prior to change Note: Details are only required for a contract in relation to which the interest has changed	N/A
Interest acquired	N/A
Interest disposed	N/A
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and an estimated valuation	N/A

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Appendix 3Y Page 2 30/9/2001

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Interest after change	N/A	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



RECEIVED

2000 HAY 30 A 11: 15

TRISE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	11 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

ABN		
30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	information.
	ct 1 - All issues tust complete the relevant sections (attach s	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	25,440
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?	Yes	
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
5	Issue price or consideration	\$5.718196	,
6	Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)	Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.	
		L	
7	Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates	10 April 2008	
		Number	+Class
8	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)	878,269,702	Ordinary

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

9 Number and *class of all *securities not quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class
14,203,220	Options
747,000	Performance Share Rights

Dividend policy (in the case of a trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests)

All Shares Participate Equally

Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue

- II Is security holder approval required?
- 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-renounceable?

N/A

Ratio in which the *securities will N/A be offered

N/A

⁺Class of ⁺securities to which the offer relates

I/A

15 *Record date to determine entitlements

N/A

Will holdings on different registers (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements?

N/A

17 Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions

N/A

Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents

N/A

Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with.

Cross reference: rule 7.7.

19 Closing date for receipt o acceptances or renunciations

N/A

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge. acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of their	to *security holders dispose entitlements (except by sale a broker)?	N/A
33	·+Despa	tch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur mplete this section if you are appl	
34	Type o	f securities ne)	
(a)		Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entit	ies tha	t have ticked box 34(a	1)
Additi	ional se	curities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to docume		you are providing the informat	ion or
35	<u></u>		securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36	If the *securities are *equity securities, a distribution schedule of the additions *securities setting out the number of holders in the categories 1 - 1,000 1,001 - 5,000 5,001 - 10,000 10,001 - 100,000 100,001 and over		
37		A copy of any trust deed for th	ne additional †securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	ies that have ticked box 34(b)	
38	Number of securities for which ⁺ quotation is sought		
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		,
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)		
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number	⁺ Class

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 11 April 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	7 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3Y NOTICES		

Please find attached Appendix 3Y - Change of Director's Interest Notices for:

- G A King
- T Bourne
- H M Nugent
- J R Williams

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y.

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED	
ABN	30 000 051 696	

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	Grant A King	
Date of last notice	4 October 2007	

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and	Indirect
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Austrust G A King Private Superannuation Fund Fabco Investments Pty Limited	
Date of change	4 April 200	8
No. of securities held prior to change	34,781	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly
	269,239	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly
	2,300,000	Origin Energy Limited Options held directly
	100,000	Origin Energy Limited Performance Share Rights held directly
Class	Ordinary SI	hares
Number acquired	3,721	11.5
Number disposed	Nil	
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$8.92 per sl	hare

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

No. of securities held after change	35,249	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly
	272,492	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly
	2,300,000	Origin Energy Limited Options held directly
	100,000	Origin Energy Limited Performance Share Rights held directly
Nature of change Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back Issue of securities pursuant to Divi Reinvestment Plan.		•

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

Detail of contract	N/A
Nature of interest	N/A
Name of registered holder (if issued securities)	N/A
Date of change	N/A
No. and class of securities to which interest related prior to change Note: Details are only required for a contract in relation to which the interest has changed	N/A .
Interest acquired	N/A
Interest disposed	N/A
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and an estimated valuation	N/A
Interest after change	N/A

Appendix 3Y Page 2 30/9/2001

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED
ABN	30 000 051 696

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	Trevor Bourne
Date of last notice	4 October 2007

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and Indirect
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan (NEDSP)
Date of change	4 April 2008
No. of securities held prior to change	28,810 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly
	15,610 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly
Class	Ordinary
Number acquired	597
Number disposed	Nil
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$8.92 per share
No. of securities held after change	29,407 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly
	15,610 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly

30/9/2001 Appendix 3Y Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Nature of change Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	Issue of securities pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan.
---	---

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

Detail of contract	N/A
Nature of interest	N/A
Name of registered holder (if issued securities)	N/A
Date of change	N/A
No. and class of securities to which interest related prior to change Note: Details are only required for a contract in relation to which the interest has changed	N/A
Interest acquired	N/A
Interest disposed	N/A
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and an estimated valuation	N/A
Interest after change	N/A

Appendix 3Y Page 2 30/9/2001

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED
ABN	30 000 051 696

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	Helen M Nugent
Date of last notice	26 March 2008

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and Indirect	
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan (NEDSP)	
Date of change	4 April 2008	
No. of securities held prior to change	3,610 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly 18,620 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly	
Class	Ordinary	
Number acquired	270	
Number disposed	Nil	
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$8.92 per share	
No. of securities held after change	3,880 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly	
	18,620 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

30/9/2001

Nature of change Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	Issue of securities pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan.
--	---

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

N/A
N/A

Appendix 3Y Page 2 . 30/9/2001

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED
ABN	30 000 051 696

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	James Roland Williams
Date of last notice	26 March 2008

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and Indirect	
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan (NEDSP)	
Date of change	4 April 2008	
No. of securities held prior to change	21,691 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly 20,438 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly	
Class	Ordinary	
Number acquired	264	
Number disposed	Nil	
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$8.92 per share	
No. of securities held after change	21,955 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly 20,438 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly	

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

30/9/2001 Appendix 3Y Page 1

Nature of change Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	Issue of securities pursuant to Dividend Reinvestment Plan.
--	---

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

Detail of contract	N/A .
Nature of interest	N/A
Name of registered holder (if issued securities)	N/A
Date of change	N/A
No. and class of securities to which interest related prior to change Note: Details are only required for a contract in relation to which the interest has changed	N/A
Interest acquired	N/A
Interest disposed	N/A
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and an estimated valuation	N/A
Interest after change	N/A

Appendix 3Y Page 2 30/9/2001

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



RECEIVED

7008 HAY 30 A 11: 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office		
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	4 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the issue of shares under the Origin Energy Dividend Reinvestment Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

4Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

ABN		
30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	information.
	rt 1 - All issues tust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	2,417,404
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares
2	*Class of *securities issued or to be issued Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares 2,417,404

1/1/2003

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

2 if applicable)

*securities quoted on ASX

(including the securities in clause

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

878,244,262

Ordinary

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

+Class Number Number and 9 ⁺class of all +securities not quoted on ASX 14,228,660 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) 747,000 Performance Share Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 approval N/A Is security holder required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-N/A renounceable? 13 Ratio in which the *securities will N/A be offered +Class of +securities to which the 14 N/A offer relates 15 *Record N/A date to determine entitlements Will holdings on different registers 16 N/A (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in N/A relation to fractions 18 Names of countries in which the N/A entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with.

N/A

Cross reference: rule 7.7.

Closing date for receipt

acceptances or renunciations

1/1/2003

19

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

		F
20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on +security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale the a broker)?	N/A
33	⁺ Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type of	of securities ne)	•
(a)		Securities described in Part 1	,
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entit	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a)
Additi	onal s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to documei		you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional *securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	ies that have ticked box 34(b)	
38	Number of securities for which [†] quotation is sought		
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)		
		Number	+Class
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number	Ciass

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will
 not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the
 Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the

 +securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the
 time that we request that the +securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

_____ D

4 April 2008

Company Secretary

Print name:

William M Hundy

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



96-94304

RECEIVED

2008 HAY 30 A 11: 15

TRICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	3 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOUTH 6, 7 & 8.		

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

3 April 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 2 April 2008, a fishing assembly was being run in hole in an attempt to recover stuck pipe in the 8-1/2 inch section on the Kupe South 7 (KS-7) well.

On 29 March, the top of the reservoir (Farewell Formation) was intersected with elevated gas shows and drilling of the 8-1/2 inch section on KS-7 had reached a depth of 3,454m MDRT (measured depth from rotary table) before the string became stuck when making a connection.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	3,454m
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

Each of the three production wells will be drilled by the ENSCO 107 jack-up drilling rig to a vertical depth of approximately 3,400 metres.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand: Greta Shirley

+64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie, Manager Investor Relations

Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	3 April 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name of entity

OR	IGIN ENERGY LIMITED	
	000 051 696 the entity) give ASX the following i	information.
Par	rt 1 - All issues sust complete the relevant sections (attach si	
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	38,000
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and	
	expiry date; if partly paid †securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if †convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing +class of quoted *securities?

If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state:

- · the date from which they do
- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment

Yes

Issue price or consideration

3,000 @ \$5.718196 35,000 @ \$4.146826

Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)

Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates

18,000 - 1 April 2008 20,000 - 2 April 2008

8 Number and +class of all +securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class	
875,826,858	Ordinary	

1/1/2003

Appendix 3B Page 2

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

+Class Number 9 Number and +class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,228,660 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) Performance Share 747,000 Rights Dividend policy (in the case of a 10 All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 holder approval N/A Is security required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-N/A renounceable? 13 Ratio in which the *securities will N/A be offered 14 *Class of *securities to which the offer relates 15 +Record N/A date to determine entitlements Will holdings on different registers 16 N/A (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in N/A relation to fractions 18 Names of countries in which the N/A entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with. Cross reference; rule 7.7. 19 Closing date for receipt N/A

acceptances or renunciations

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A .
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale th a broker)?	N/A
33	⁺ Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur omplete this section if you are appl	
34	Type (of securities ne)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entiti	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a)
Additi	onal s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to documer		you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 5

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	ies that have ticked box 34(b))	
38	Number of securities for which †quotation is sought		
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)		
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number	+Class

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 3 April 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



RECTIVED ZESS MAY 30 A 11: 15 CIFICE OF INTERMATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

Subject	CONTACT ENERGY - PRESENTATION TO	INVESTORS	
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	43
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	2 April 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Strategic Overview

Presentation to Contact Energy Investors
Queenstown

April 2008



Disclaimer

of items. Such forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and involve This presentation may contain projections or forward looking statements regarding a variety risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those stated in any forward-looking statement based on a number of important factors and risks.

forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate or incorrect and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the results contemplated in the Although management may indicate and believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements will be realised. Furthermore, while all reasonable care has been taken in compiling this presentation, Contact accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions.



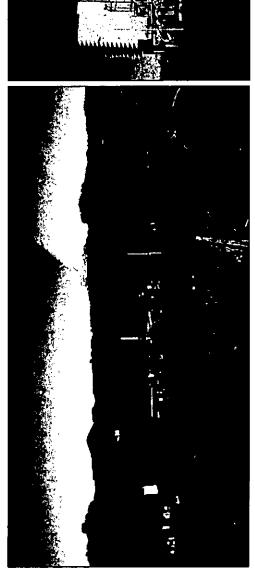
Overview of the past year

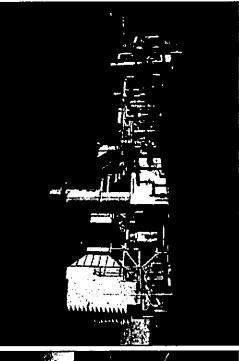
- Over the past year Contact has made significant progress in its strategy development and
- Contact has progressed various generation options:
- Geothermal generation: 500 MW of new geothermal generation in various stages of development
- Stage 1: 225 MW Te Mihi project construction commencing late 2008
- Stage 2: 245 MW Tauhara project first 20 MW in construction 2008, remaining 225 MW in construction late 2009
- Wind generation: 550 MW located on the Waikato coastline from 2011
- Hydro generation: 17 MW Hawea Gates project in construction from 2009. New large-scale hydro projects in development



Overview of the past year, contd

- · Contact has also progressed its thermal portfolio
- Gas-fired peaking plant: Up to 300 MW
- First phase 2 x 100 MW units to be constructed adjacent to Contact's CCGT at Stratford,
- In construction in 2008 and in operation by Winter 2010
- Baseload CCGT: Existing consented sites for up to 800 MW which can be developed
- if renewables cannot be delivered in time
- Development of gas storage through Contact/Origin's acquisition of Swift Energy's NZ assets
- Gas storage will address the loss of thermal flexibility and maximise the value from increasing volatility in the electricity market.
- Contact's gas storage facility is expected to be in operation in 2010





Energy and climate change policy

- At the heart of Contact's strategy is the positioning around the Government's policy
- Two major planks of Government policy:
- NZ Energy Strategy 90% renewable energy by 2025
- Economy-wide Emissions Trading Scheme that sets a market price for carbon

Fuer regides Futura Transpersents

- Electricity will be covered from 1 January 2010
- Legislation is expected to be passed in calendar 2008
- Sets market price with international linkage
- No grandfathering for existing thermals
- The Government is proposing a 10-year moratorium on new base load thermal stations to facilitate achieving 90% renewable target with some exemptions:
- security of supply
- non "base-load" plants
- replacement of retired plant
- The policy environment provides an opportunity to leverage renewable options combined with flexible thermal projects



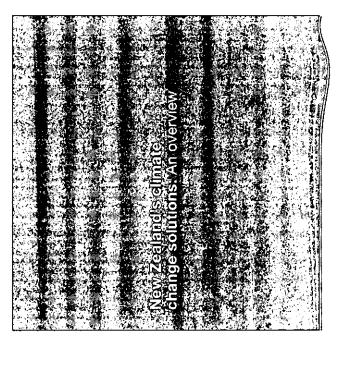
Political and regulatory update

- Climate Change legislation expected to pass before election although now coming under more political pressure
- Thermal moratorium will be contentious
- · National Party energy policy under development
- Supportive of emissions trading
- Questions over thermal moratorium
- Promises to reform RMA to assist major projects
- Regulations to define "non-base load" should mean for Contact's Stratford peaker(s) are exempt from the moratorium
- Recent favourable comments by Minister of the importance of peakers to the renewable policy
- Large hydro on the table in context of 90% renewable target
- Call in of Te Mihi sets precedent for other projects
- Commerce Commission market review nearing completion



Contact's submission on Climate Change Bill

- Supportive of Emissions Trading Scheme
- Uncertainty over importing of 'hot air' credits into NZ ETS needs to be addressed
- Balance between short term cost minimisation and credibility of the ETS
- 90% renewables target 'ambitious but achievable'
- With carbon pricing cost of wind and base load gas expected to be comparable
- Achieving the 90% target will require active support for consenting and transmission investment
- Thermal moratorium is unnecessary and should be dropped
- With a market based carbon price the market will deliver high levels of renewables investment
- Gas extracted and then reinjected into storage should only incur emissions liability when gas is extracted for final use



Sustainability

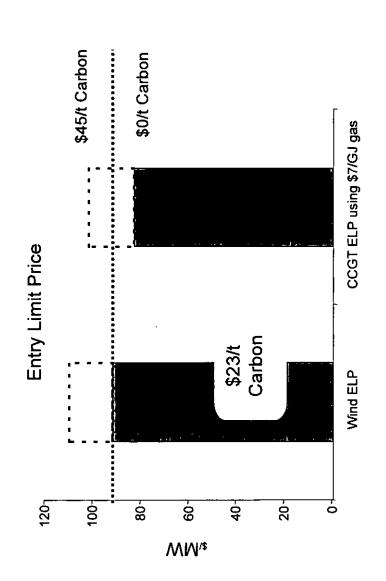
Sustainability

Sustainability



Prices are expected to rise

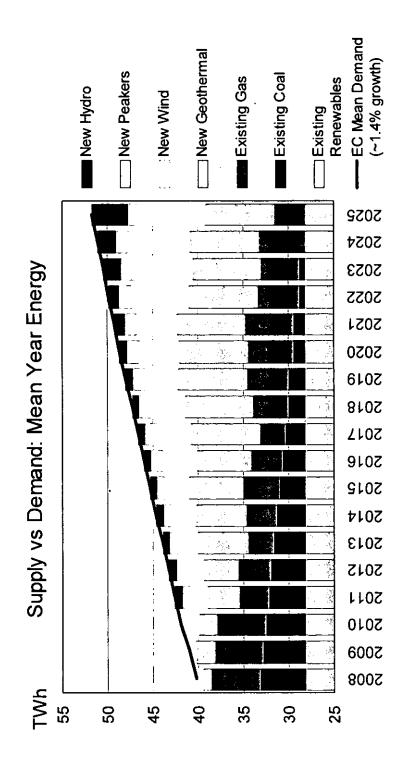
- · The policy environment is clearly guiding investment toward renewables
- To realise the policy goals, wholesale prices are expected to trend toward the LRMC of wind
- \$85 -100 / MWh
- Resulting in continued upward pressure on retail prices





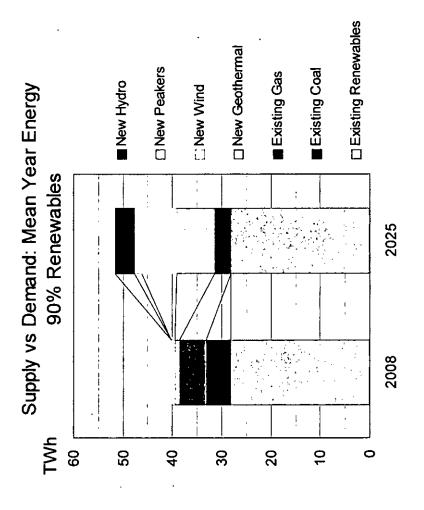
A renewables scenario

- · Contact is supportive of the renewable target but it will be ambitious
- Below is an illustration as to how this might be achieved it is one scenario
- · Achieving this target depends heavily on wind, geothermal and from 2020, new hydro





A renewables scenario

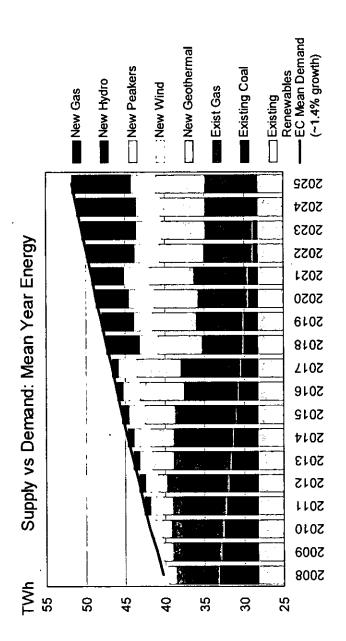


Note: one possible scenario only.



An alternative scenario

- Under this scenario, gas becomes the marginal plant from around 2017
- This could be due to a number of factors:
- Abandonment of the thermal moratorium
- Capital costs of wind increasing relative to gas fired options
- New gas finds coming to market at lower than expected costs and/or carbon costs being lower than currently expected

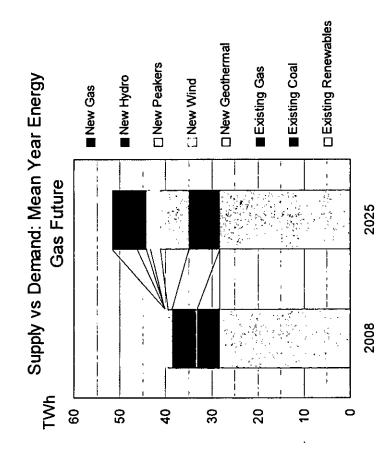






An alternative scenario

- Under the gas world scenario new geothermal remains a key source of new generation
- From about 2020 it is assumed that new hydro is built this may however be substituted by further gas fired capacity







Implications for Contact

- Contact believes that the broad structure of the energy industry will remain namely vertically integrated generator/retailers
- Increasing wind penetration will increase the volatility in the market further reinforcing the value of having physical options to cover price risks
- Contact's options place the company in strong position to grow its market share in generation in either a renewable dominated world or a gas dominated world
- Further, those options particularly geothermal and gas fired are the most cost effective generation options
- As the holder of the broadest, lowest cost and most flexible generation options, Contact will be able to provide a foundation on which it can also grow its retail market



Outlook

- Contact is very well positioned for a 90% renewable scenario
- It has very good renewable options
- Its thermal positioning supports these options
- · Contact also has options which could be exercised if the base load gas was required for any reason
- · In either case, Contact can seek to grow market share in both generation and retail







Contact

Overview of Gas Storage

Presentation to Contact Energy investors Contact Energy Offsite Queenstown, April 2008



Disclaimer

of items. Such forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and involve This presentation may contain projections or forward looking statements regarding a variety risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those stated in any forward-looking statement based on a number of important factors and risks.

forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate or incorrect and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the results contemplated in the Although management may indicate and believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements will be realised. Furthermore, while all reasonable care has been taken in compiling this presentation, Contact accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions.



Introduction

- In December 2007 Contact announced that it had acquired rights to develop a gas storage project in conjunction with Origin's acquisition of the Swift Energy NZ assets
- It is Contact's current expectation that the transaction to acquire Swift's assets will be completed during April
- Gas storage will provide Contact with a critical piece of infrastructure to create a bridge between supply side inflexibility and an increasing need for energy market flexibility
- This presentation covers
- Rationale for storage
- How to approach the value of storage
- Why the Ahuroa reservoir has been chosen
- Timetable for the development of storage

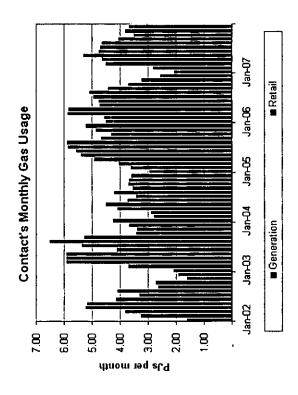


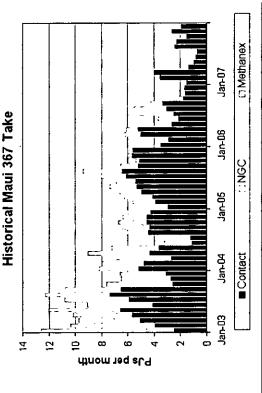
Rationale for storage



Post Maui gas contracts

- Post Maui 367 gas, gas contracts are inflexible and far more expensive
- Contact's total annual gas cost is over \$400m
- Extracting an appropriate margin from each GJ of gas used is critical
- There is little ability to bank gas under new contracts
- There will be less gas in the system for contingency events
- Maui swing has provided considerable protection against gas interruption
- Pipeline owners have introduced daily balancing
- Future fuel options such as LNG or CNG are more feasible with storage
- · In the absence of storage this leads to
- Less operational flexibility
- Challenges in supplying customers with peak load
- Very expensive peaking capacity





Gas Supply and Demand characteristics

Gas demand reacts only partially to price signals

- Residential and commercial customers are unable to switch easily to other fuels and they have limited on-site storage options
- Generators and industrial customers are most able to switch to other fuel sources however for generators this is driven by the price of electricity and not the price of gas

Gas supply does not always react to price signals either

- The investment required to bring new supply sources to market is significant
- Gas is usually produced as a by-product to oil, hence supply is driven by the need to achieve high oil prices, and flexibility is not considered by the producers
- Latest gas contracts were negotiated in an environment of significant negotiating strength for producers – there was no negotiation of value/cost of flexibility

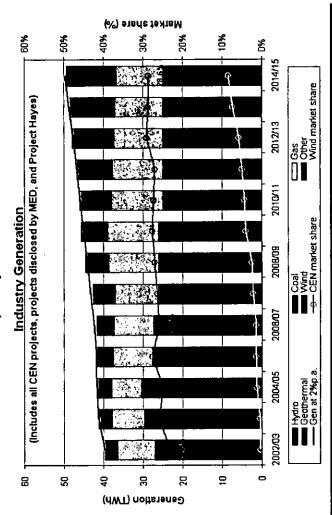
Historically the cost of flexibility has been coupled into the gas price

- In NZ the Maui field provided unlimited flexibility at no cost
- Newer fields have not been designed to provide flexibility and all gas is essentially the same
- As Maui 367 domination reduces, the market will increasingly have to place a cost/value on
- The proposed storage facility at Ahuroa will allow Contact to tap into this new market ١

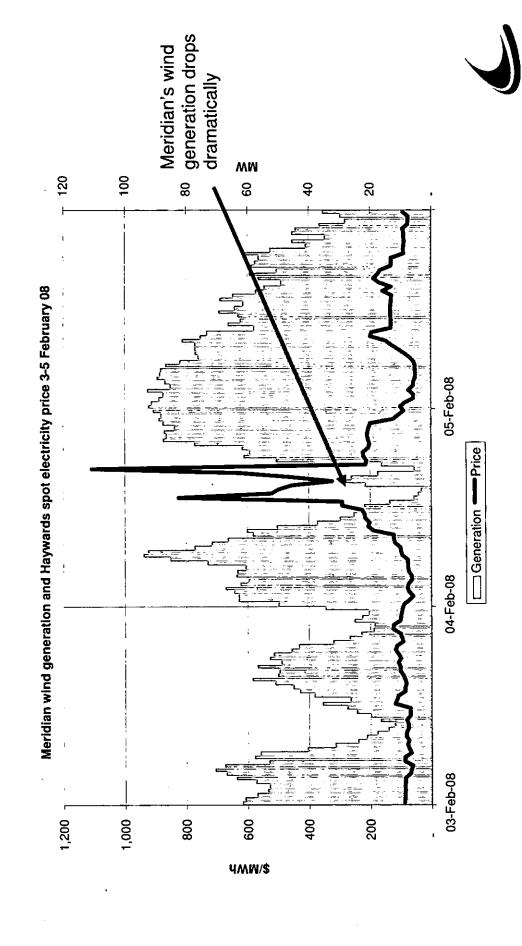


Changes in generation market will increase short term volatility

- It is generally accepted that the increasing quantities of wind expected to be added to the electricity system will increase volatility
- By 2014/15 close to 10% of all generation will be from wind; this is about 16% of installed
- This has two consequences:
- it will cause other base load plant to back off when the wind is blowing (mainly thermal)
- it will require fast start capacity to operate when intermittent capacity is not available
- New Zealand has little existing fast start capability – essentially stored water and Whirinaki
- Thermal flexibility is critical to meeting that need



Example of market response to wind intermittency

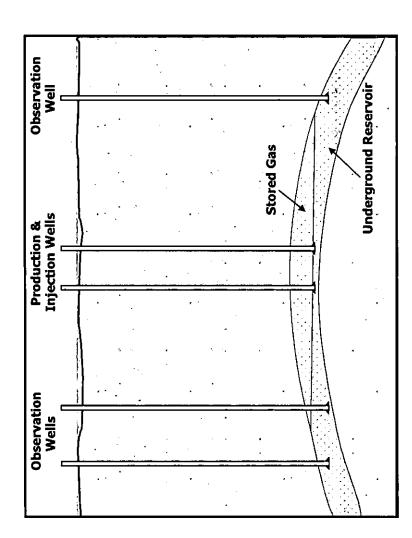


How to approach valuation



How does gas storage work

- The gas storage project involves using a near depleted underground gas reservoir
- · Through an optimised combination of additional gas, compression and new wells the reservoir is repressured and able to store and then reproduce gas





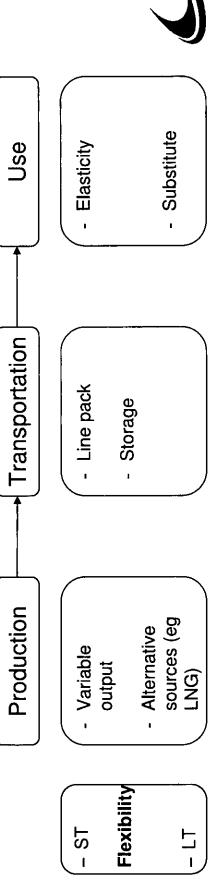
Sources of Potential Storage Value

Replicate flexibility historically provided by production swing

- variation a key value driver is the price differential to be gained between injection of the gas In evaluating storage Contact has primarily focussed on the value in regaining the seasonal and extraction of the gas
- The project will also enable Contact to continue to manage intra year hydro volatility
- Supports thermal peaking plants and operation at lower capacity factors of existing CCGTs

Other trading opportunities

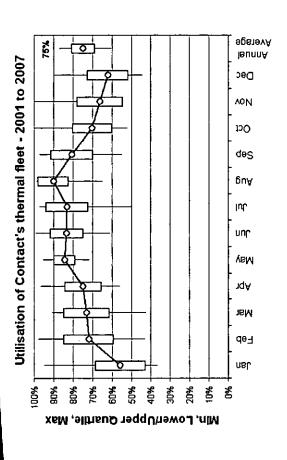
- Support more cost effective supply to commercial and residential gas users
- Cover outages in electricity and gas markets
- Opportunistic gas market trading
- Positions Contact to be provider of high value balancing gas to the market

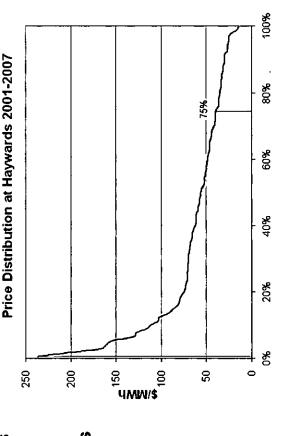


Optimise thermal generation

· The charts to the right show:

- the range of actual capacity factors for Contact's thermal stations (excluding New Plymouth) over the last six calendar years
- the historical price distribution curve for monthly HAY prices over the same period.
- Over the total period, the stations had a combined capacity factor of 75% (ranging from 35 to 100% on a monthly basis)
- The average price at Haywards over this period was \$63.60/MWh. The top 75% of months has an average of \$75.00/MWh.
- The differential represents the uplift in hourly prices achievable due to flexible supply – ie \$11.40 / MWh (around \$1.50/GJ or approximately \$55m p.a.)
- A peaking plant operating at 30% capacity factor could have achieved an uplift of around \$45/MWh



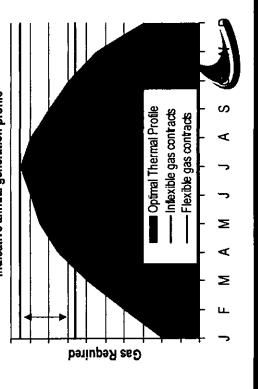


Better efficiency in gas contracting

- Given the current gas portfolio thermal plants can back off in summer when prices are low and hydro volumes are slightly higher
- Inflexible gas contracts require buyers to contract for maximum daily demand which can result in "over contracting", whereas flexibility allows a buyer to contract at its average annual level
- Indicative benefits:
- Excluding New Plymouth Contact has used on average 37PJs of gas for thermal generation p.a., with a maximum daily requirement of around 150TJs
- The worst case would see Contact having to contract for 55PJs p.a to cover the 150TJ MDQ but only taking on average 75%, implying an uplift of between 22% and 32% per GJ.
- Based on a total cost of gas for generation of around \$250m, this equates to a cost excess of Indicative annual generation profile \$55m - \$80m p.a.

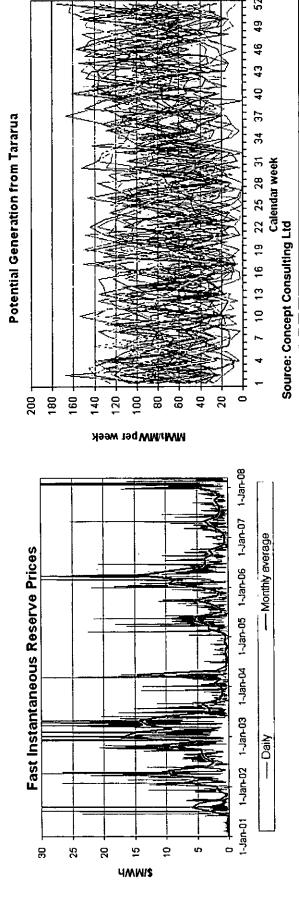
Margin over base price

		Percent o	f contract q	Percent of contract quantity taken in year	en in year
		%59	75%	85%	%56
Percent of	%59	35%	22%	11%	3%
Gas price	75%	40%	25%	13%	4%
fixed	85%	46%	28%	15%	4%
	95%	51%	32%	17%	2%



Managing short term volatility

- · While wind may provide useful capacity additions over the long term, in the shorter term it is much less predictable. The "spaghetti" chart below shows the theoretical generation available from the Tararua wind farm for the years 1972 to 2005. There is no discernible trend across the year, and from week to week output can vary anywhere between the minimum and maximum.
- Wind penetration in NZ is forecast to rise from current levels of around 3% to over 10% by 2012 (ie increasing from 1,500GWh p.a. to nearly 5,000 GWh, source: www.windenergy.co.nz)
- peaker fed from the storage project could therefore earn upwards of \$7mp.a. through the ability to Fast instantaneous reserves prices have averaged \$4/MWh over the last six years. A 200MW



Hydro storage value as an analogy

- With 10PJ of storage and 170TJ/d of potential withdrawals, the gas storage at Ahuroa represents about a five-fold increase in Contact's energy storage capacity
- Contact's gas storage will have the advantage of location in the North Island
- Hydro inflows are uncontrolled a significant disadvantage compared with gas storage
- Contact's ability to store water provides an uplift in value of \$278/GJ of withdrawals
- This provides some indication of the potential uplift which stored gas might achieve

Hydro storage values		Таиро	Hawea	Waitaki	Ahuroa Gas
Storage Capacity	GWh	611	278	2,538	1,430 – 2,140
Storage Capacity	PJ	4.28	1.95	17.77	10 – 15
Max Withdrawals	TJ/d	175	28	182	170
Spread	\$/MWh	16.54	29.46	30.20	
Spread	\$/GJ (CCGT)	2.36	4.21	4.31	
Annual Cycles	# p.a.	1.30	0.95	0.70	1.00
Annual Earnings	\$ m	13.2	7.8	53.7	
Earnings per unit	\$/GJ capacity	75.2	277.6	295.3	

Data for 2001 to 2007. Conversions assume CCGT efficiency.



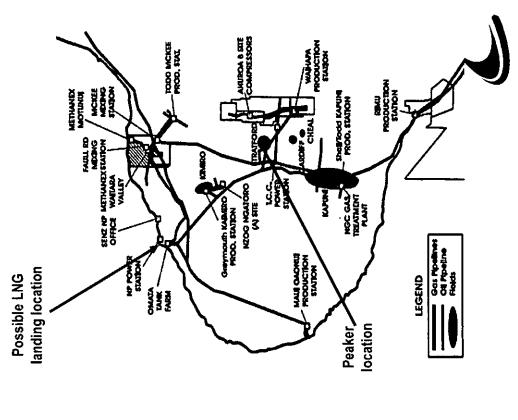
The increasing cost of pipeline balancing

- · One of the key recent changes to the gas market is through the transmission regime
- the actual application is muted at present due to the continued existence of the Maui 367 gas Since the introduction of open access to the Maui system there has been daily balancing –
- Once this contract finishes the system is expected to more rigorously apply the penalty regime for being out of balance
- Currently the charge for negative mismatch is \$6/GJ and the charge for positive mismatch is
- · In future these charges will be set through tenders for provision of balancing gas and there will be very few sources of flexible gas
- It is therefore expected that the charge for negative mismatch will increase once the Maui 367 has completed since \$6/GJ is unlikely to reflect the cost of accessing a GJ on short notice
- Gas storage will enable Contact to:
- Minimise the occurrence of these charges to Contact
- Bid for the role of the provider of balancing
- Act as an aggregator of excess gas to enable parties to avoid imbalance



Support for imported gas

- Doubt still remains over whether indigenous gas can be found to replace reducing supplies
- It is apparent that LNG and CNG both require some form of storage
- The most economic supply configurations seek to minimise time at the unloading berth which translates to high delivery rates which the market will be unlikely to absorb
- LNG and CNG may be an even more extreme form of the fixed take contracts we are seeing today in the domestic gas market
- Storage close to the unloading point and with a high level of injectivity will be key to managing an imported option



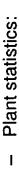
Australian third party access charges

· Transmission access:

- Third Party access to gas transmission and distribution pipelines in Australia is governed by the National Third Party Access Code for Natural Gas Pipeline Systems ("the Code")
- discounted cashflow to be applied at an appropriate rate of return to cover both capital and This dictates principles for setting tariffs to allow access to the pipelines. This requires a iona Gas Storage third party access operating expenditures.

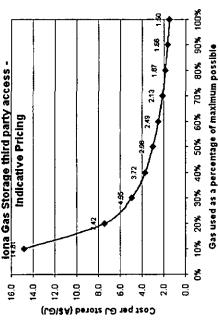
Gas Storage

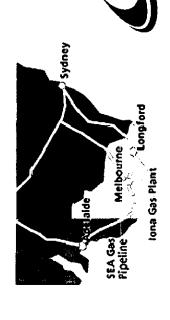
- The lona gas storage plant in Victoria is owned by TRUenergy (previous TXU).
- The website states storage charges ranging from NZ\$165/GJ to NZ\$225*/GJ to reserve withdrawal capacity, with a minimum of 20TJs p.a.



- Max withdrawal rate 260 TJ/day
- Max injection rate 100 TJ/day
- Max volume 12 PJs

converted at \$1NZD = \$0.85AUD





International examples

· The proposed facility at Ahuroa would have around 10PJs (0.26bcm) of working capacity, roughly 4% of annual gas demand

	Total Gas	Gas used	Number of	Working	Peak output	Storage
	Demand p.a.	for	storage	capacity	(mcm/day)	capacity as
	(pcm)	Generation	facilities	(mcm)		% of
		(pcm / %)				demand
Australia	22.5	5.2 / 23%	ហ	1,262	20.2	2.6%
Austria	7.7	2.0 / 26%	က	2,820	28.3	36.6%
Canada	90.4	9.0 / 10%	=	17,184	714.8	19.0%
France	40.2	2.0 / 5%	15	10,490	182.0	26.1%
Germany	90.5	15.4 / 17%	36	18,556	425.2	20.5%
USA	638.6	191.6 / 30%	415	110,406	2,201.2	17.3%
New Zealand	6.1	2.5 / 41%	0			•

1 bcm = 35.3 bcf = 38.8PJs

Why Ahuroa has been chosen



Why Ahuroa reservoir?

- scan of all potential underground reservoirs. We also considered above the ground options In coming to a conclusion to pursue storage in the Ahuroa reservoir Contact undertook a
- Most other underground options were rejected as not feasible for either technical or commercial reasons
- An underground reservoir requires the following to be a good candidate for storage:
- Reservoir integrity: a well defined closure with low risk of loss
- that gas can flow at high rates. It must also be capable of receiving large injected quantities Reservoir quality: a relatively homogenous reservoir with good porosity and permeability so with minimal compression
- Reservoir size: has to be sufficient for market requirements
- Location: interconnection to the market
- · The Ahuroa reservoir meets these criteria and the consultants engaged concluded it was an excellent candidate for storage, which conclusion was endorsed by the Origin technical
- The consultants also developed a simulation model which matched well with historic production increasing confidence in their conclusions



Ahuroa storage facility costs

Indicative Costs and Economics

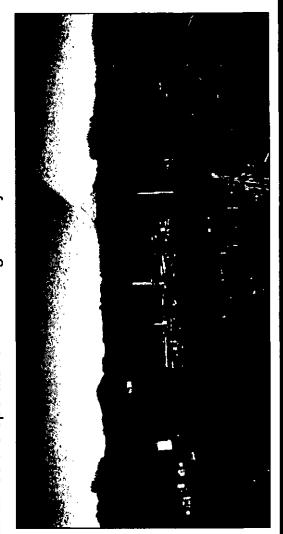
- Expenditure
- A total payment of about \$54m to Origin covering:
- purchase of rights relating to the storage project
- the gas and LPG currently stored in the Ahuroa field to be used as part of the pad gas required
- c\$150m to develop the gas storage project (compressors, pipelines etc)
- Volumes
- The project will require around 10PJs pad gas, with an initial working volume of a further 10PJs -15PJs (will be sized based on views about market requirements)
- Initial injectibility rates of around 170TJs per day (may be staged)
- Breakeven
- Using a life of 20 years, the facility reaches NPV=0 on put-call revenues of c\$15m p.a. and assuming gas is cycled once a year
- This is equivalent to capacity payments of \$100/GJ MDQ or volume payments of



How the project will be developed

Under the arrangements agreed with Origin:

- Contact will have beneficial ownership of the part of the mining permit to the extent of the areas covered by the Ahuroa gas reservoir
- Contact will direct the activities to be carried out in that area including making all decisions relating to the design and construction of the facilities
- Contact will purchase all of the remaining reserves in the Ahuroa reservoir and on extraction all of the gas and LPG will be owned by Contact (oil and condensate on extraction will be
- Origin will project manage the project implementation
- Origin will be the operator of the storage facility





Timetable for development



Project Phases

- The storage project will be developed in two phases
- Trial Phase covering the next couple of years
- Suspension of production from Ahuroa
- Reinjection of Tariki gas upon approval of changes to the work programme this requires the reversal of the compressor at the well site
- Enables Contact to build up the pad gas pending investment in larger compressors and other equipment
- Depending on the availability of excess gas in the portfolio we anticipate the reservoir can be at the optimal pad gas during 2010

Implementation Phase

- Requires the design of the storage facility including optimal size (working volume, injectivity, deliverability)
- Determination of the location for the plant (compressors) and pipelines
- Ordering of equipment
- Management of the RMA and other consent processes
- Contact expects this to be completed to enable commercial operation during 2010



Conclusion



Conclusion

- Securing an option for gas storage is a key element in Contact's strategy
- It has been apparent for some time that new gas supply obligations are not consistent with the demand side requirements
- This has been reinforced by the increasing focus on growth in renewables which tend to operate base load and/or intermittently
- · There are a number of benefits which can be gained from the ability to manage this inflexibility
- Regaining the ability to reprofile gas to meet seasonal demands
- Regaining the ability to manage hydro volatility
- Take advantage of the price volatility which will arise from the increasing quantities of wind
- More efficiently contract for future gas needs
- Take advantage of short term contracting opportunities
- Continue to cost effectively sell to retail and industrial customers

RECEIVED



RECEIVED

2008 MAY 30 A 11: 16

TFICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	27 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOL	JTH 6, 7 & 8.	

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

27 March 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 26 March, the 5 inch liner has been set and cemented in the 8-1/2 inch well bore on the Kupe South 8 (KS-8) well.

The well will now be temporarily suspended and the rig moved to Kupe South 7 (KS-7) to drill and evaluate the reservoir section.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

Each of the three production wells will be drilled by the ENSCO 107 jack-up drilling rig to a vertical depth of approximately 3,400 metres.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand: Greta Shirley

+64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	26 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	7
Subject	APPENDIX 3Y NOTICES		

Please find attached Appendix 3Y - Change of Director's Interest Notices for:

- J R Williams
- H M Nugent
- G M Cairns

Regards

Bill Hundy Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED	···•
ABN	30 000 051 696	

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	James Roland Williams
Date of last notice	4 October 2007

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and Indirect
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan (NEDSP)
Date of change	26 March 2008
No. of securities held prior to change	21,691 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly
	18,432 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly
Class	Ordinary
Number acquired	2,006
Number disposed	Nil
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$8.8695 per share
No. of securities held after change	21,691 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly
,	20,438 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

30/9/2001

Nature of change Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	Purchase of securities pursuant to Non- Executive Directors' Share Plan.
--	---

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

N/A
N/A

Appendix 3Y Page 2 30/9/2001

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED
ABN	30 000 051 696

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	Helen M Nugent
Date of last notice	4 October 2007

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Direct and Indirect		
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest.	Shares held in: Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan (NEDSP)		
Date of change	26 March 2008		
No. of securities held prior to change	3,610 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly		
	16,529 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly		
Class	Ordinary		
Number acquired	2,091		
Number disposed	Nil		
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$8.8695 per share		
No. of securities held after change	3,610 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held directly		
	18,620 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly		

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Nature of change Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	Purchase of securities pursuant to Non- Executive Directors' Share Plan.
--	---

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

Detail of contract	N/A
Nature of interest	N/A
Name of registered holder (if issued securities)	N/A
Date of change	N/A
No. and class of securities to which interest related prior to change Note: Details are only required for a contract in relation to which the interest has changed	N/A
Interest acquired	N/A
Interest disposed	N/A
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and an estimated valuation	N/A .
Interest after change	N/A

Appendix 3Y Page 2 30/9/2001

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Rule 3.19A.2

Appendix 3Y

Change of Director's Interest Notice

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 30/9/2001.

Name of entity	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED
ABN	30 000 051 696

We (the entity) give ASX the following information under listing rule 3.19A.2 and as agent for the director for the purposes of section 205G of the Corporations Act.

Name of Director	Gordon M Cairns
Date of last notice	4 October 2007

Part 1 - Change of director's relevant interests in securities

In the case of a trust, this includes interests in the trust made available by the responsible entity of the trust

Direct or indirect interest	Indirect	
Nature of indirect interest (including registered holder) Note: Provide details of the circumstances giving rise to the relevant interest. Date of change	Shares held in: Cairns Superannuation Fund Origin Energy Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan (NEDSP) March 2008	
No. of securities held prior to change	3,198 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly	
Class	Ordinary	
Number acquired	1,686	
Number disposed	Nil ,	
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and estimated valuation	\$8.8695 per share	
No. of securities held after change	4,884 Ordinary Fully Paid Shares held indirectly	

30/9/2001 Appendix 3Y Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Nature of change	
Example: on-market trade, off-market trade, exercise of options, issue of securities under dividend reinvestment plan, participation in buy-back	Purchase of secur Executive Direct

Purchase of securities pursuant to Non-Executive Directors' Share Plan.

Part 2 – Change of director's interests in contracts

Detail of contract	N/A
Nature of interest	N/A
Name of registered holder (if issued securities)	N/A
Date of change	N/A
No. and class of securities to which interest related prior to change Note: Details are only required for a contract in relation to which the interest has changed	N/A
Interest acquired	N/A
Interest disposed	N/A
Value/Consideration Note: If consideration is non-cash, provide details and an estimated valuation	N/A
Interest after change	N/A

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



RECEIVED

2009 IIAY 30 A II: 15

FFICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	26 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED			
ABN 30	000 051 696		
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	nformation.	
	t 1 - All issues oust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).	
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares	
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	1,080	
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?	Yes			
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust,				
	distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment				
5	Issue price or consideration	\$5.718196			
6	Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)	Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.			
7	Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates	25 March 2008			
		Number	+Class		
8	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)	875,788,858	Ordinary		

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

		Number	+Class
9	Number and +class of all +securities not quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause	14,266,660	Options
	2 if applicable)	747,000	Performance Share Rights
10	Dividend policy (in the case of a trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests)	All Shares Participate	Equally
	2 - Bonus issue or pro		
11	Is security holder approval required?	N/A	
12	Is the issue renounceable or non-renounceable?	N/A	
13	Ratio in which the *securities will be offered	N/A	
14	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities to which the offer relates	N/A	
15	[†] Record date to determine entitlements	N/A	
16	Will holdings on different registers (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements?		
17	Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions	N/A	
18	Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their		
	entitlements are to be dealt with. Cross reference: rule 7.7.		
	Cross retelement the r.r.		
19	Closing date for receipt of	N/A	

acceptances or renunciations

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on +security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A .
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the halance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Appendix 3B Page 5

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale the a broker)?	N/A
33	†Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type of	of securities me)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entit	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a)
Additi	ional s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to docume		you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	ies that have ticked box 34(b)	
38	Number of securities for which ⁺ quotation is sought		,
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought	·	
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now		
	Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)		
		<u> </u>	
		Number	+Class
42	Number and ⁺ class of all ⁺ securities quoted on ASX (<i>including</i> the securities in clause 38)		

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 26 March 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile 1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date 28 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages 3
Subject	MEDIA RELEASE	

Attached for your information is a copy of a Media Release entitled "Kupe Joint Venture commits to drill Momoho exploration prospect".

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au





Media Release

28 March 2008

Kupe Joint Venture commits to drill Momoho exploration prospect

The Kupe Gas Project today announced plans to undertake exploration drilling of the Momoho prospect, 6 kilometres south of the Kupe Gas Field and within the Kupe permit area.

With drilling of the Kupe development wells nearing completion, Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited operator of the Kupe Petroleum Mining Lease (PML) 38146 and its Joint Venture parties are planning to test the Momoho prospect prior to releasing the Ensco 107 drilling rig.

Momoho 1 will target a complex structural high situated between the Kupe South 4 non commercial gas discovery, 2.5 kilometres to the northwest and the Kupe South 5 non commercial oil discovery, 1.2 kilometres to the southeast.

The well will be drilled to a total depth of approximately 3,150 metres with primary reservoir targets in both the Farewell and Puponga Formations. The Farewell Formation, the main hydrocarbon bearing zone at the Kupe Field, is expected to be intersected at a depth of approximately 2,850 metres.

In the event that Momoho is a commercial discovery it is possible that a development may be able to be connected to the Kupe platform.

The drilling at Momoho is planned to begin in May.

Commenting on the proposed drilling, Kupe Gas Project Director Peter Ashford said: "There are never any guarantees with this kind of exploration, but we believe the Momoho prospect could have the potential to extend the gas supply available to the Kupe Gas Project, with significant benefits for the region and for New Zealand."

Ends

For further information please contact: Greta Shirley - 021 455 922 / 04 471 5371

Other information:

The Kupe Gas Project is expected to be completed in mid-2009 and will provide New Zealand with approximately 254 petajoules of natural gas, 1.1 million tonnes of LPG and 14.7 million barrels of light oil (condensate).

1/2

Registered Office: Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited (N.Z.C.N 849221) • 12 Waione Street Petone New Zealand

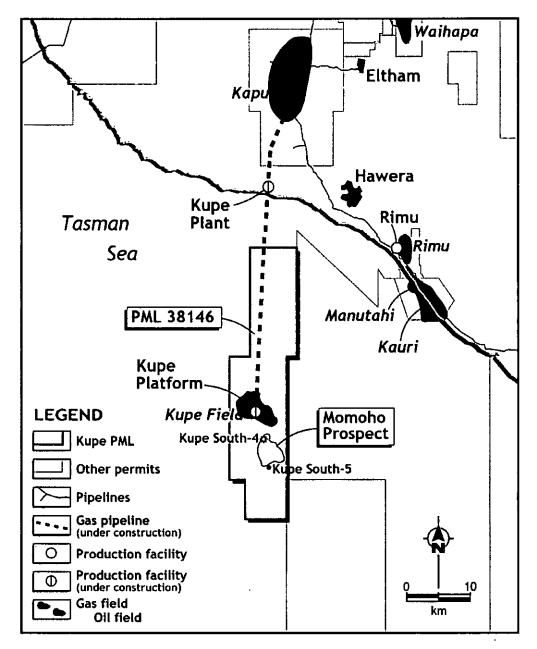
Telephone 0800 493 397 • Facsimile +64 4 568 7140 • www.originenergykupe.co.nz

Project Office: Origin Energy Resources Limited • 610 Murray Street West Perth WA 6005

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited*	50%(Operator)
Genesis Energy (through wholly owned subsidiaries)	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through wholly owned subsidiaries)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited



Location of the Momoho prospect and Kupe Gas Field



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	28 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	1
Subject	DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN (DRP)		

On 28 February 2008 Origin Energy announced an interim dividend of 12 cents per share (fully franked) would be paid on 4 April 2008 to shareholders on record at 11 March 2008. It also announced that the DRP would be in operation for this dividend and DRP shares would be issued at the volume weighted average market price (VWAP) in the 10 days immediately following record date with no discount to apply.

This notification is to advise that the DRP VWAP is \$8.92 per share.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



RECEIVED

709 111Y 30 A II: 15

CURPORATE FINANCE

Subject	CONTACT ENERGY - HALF YEAR REPORT TO SHAREHOLDERS		
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	34
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	26 March 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



26 March 2008

Contact Energy half year report available

Contact Energy's half year report for the six months ended 31 December 2007 is now available under the Investor section of the Contact website www.contactenergy.co.nz.

Interim dividend statements are currently being posted to shareholders, who can expect to receive their dividend statements by next week.

Jonathan Hill Communications Manager 04 462 1285 021 440 090

Contact Energy Half Year Report

• For the six months to 31 December 2007



Contents

- 2 Chairman's review
- 4 Chief Executive's review
- 7 Management discussion of unaudited consolidated financial results
- 12 Contact Energy national overview

Financial information

- 13 Financial statements
- 19 Notes to the financial statements
- 28 Auditors' review report

Highlights

During the six months to 31 December 2007, Contact:

- delivered Earnings before Net Interest Expense, Income Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF) of \$281.9 million, up two per cent relative to the six months ended 31 December 2006
- announced a fully imputed interim dividend of 11.0 cents per share, up 10 per cent from last year's interim dividend
- increased electricity, gas and LPG customer numbers to 621,000, up 34,000 from 31 December 2006
- increased total generation volume by five per cent, including a nine per cent increase in geothermal generation, compared with the corresponding period in 2006
- succeeded in having the resource consent application for our proposed 225 megawatt (MW) Te Mihi geothermal power station called in by Government under the Resource Management Act, for consideration under a streamlined process
- began the first phase of developing a 20 MW geothermal generation plant at Taupo, as part of the Tauhara steamfield development
- announced the purchase with Origin Energy of the onshore Ahuroa gas field in Taranaki as a key part of the company's plans to develop a gas storage field
- announced plans to develop Hauäuru mä raki, a 550 MW wind farm in Waikato
- announced plans to develop fast-start, gas-fired peaking power generation, to support the increasing use of renewables, especially variable wind generation
- closed the company's oldest thermal power station, New Plymouth, following the discovery of asbestos at the station.

For more information, please visit our website at www.contactenergy.co.nz or contact:

JUDOCCUROCOCOCOCODO JOUCO JOCO



Corporate Affairs
PO Box 10742
Wellington
Phone: 64 4 499 4001
Email: jonathan.hill@contact-energy.co.nz

Chairman's review

Over the first six months of this financial year, Contact advanced a clear strategy that will help deliver long-term, sustainable growth for the company's shareholders.

Contact Energy has recorded a solid result for the six months ended 31 December 2007, with increases in retail revenue and generation volumes offsetting rising gas prices and relatively soft wholesale electricity prices.

Earnings before Net Interest Expense, Income Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF) for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were \$281.9 million, up two per cent from \$275.4 million for the same period in 2006.

After adjusting the reported profit for the period of \$117.4 million for one-off items, including the \$21.3 million gain from the sale of land and rights in the Mokai geothermal field and the \$20.4 million provision associated with the closure of Contact's New Plymouth power station, Contact's underlying earnings after tax for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were \$116.1 million. This compares with underlying earnings after tax of \$117.2 million for the six months to 31 December 2006.

Contact continues to maintain a strong financial position, with gearing of net debt to net debt plus equity being 22 per cent, and is well placed to fund its future growth programme.

As at 31 December 2007, Contact's evergreen committed credit facilities totalled \$510.0 million, of which \$425.6 million was available.

Based on the New Zealand dollar equivalent of borrowings, net of foreign exchange hedging, net debt increased to \$820.5 million as at 31 December 2007 from \$735.7 million as at 31 December 2006.

In September 2007, term debt of \$277.8 million was repaid with funds on hand.

Energy policy

The half year was marked by important long-term developments for the company, with the Government's New Zealand Energy Strategy (NZES) being confirmed and the company putting in place a number of key building blocks for future growth that align well with that strategy.

As well as finalising the NZES, the Government also tabled legislation in Parliament to establish an Emissions Trading Scheme that, when implemented, will provide a market-based mechanism for the pricing of carbon.

A central objective of the New Zealand Energy Strategy is for 90 per cent of New Zealand's electricity to be generated from renewable energy by 2025.

This is a critical policy for the future development of the New Zealand electricity sector, and David Baldwin addresses this in more depth in his Chief Executive's review. Contact's growth strategies have anticipated the Government's policy direction, with the company now well positioned to lead the transition to an increasingly renewable future.

The company will be actively engaged in finalising the Government's Emissions Trading Scheme and related legislation. The sector has been subject to ongoing regulatory uncertainty in the last few years and Contact believes now is the time to set a clear direction and allow the market to deliver on the country's energy goals.

Dividend

The Contact Board has resolved to increase the interim dividend for the 2008 financial year by 10 per cent to 11 cents per share (fully imputed). The increase reflects the continued confidence the Board has in the company's performance, its outlook and progress on strategic initiatives. The increase in dividend also reflects the Board's desire to continue to increase returns to shareholders over time.

Outlook

Contact has made a solid start to the second half of the 2008 financial year, with the company well positioned to benefit from a period of higher wholesale electricity prices.

Contact has delivered a pleasing result for the company's shareholders over the six months to 31 December 2007 and is expecting full year EBITDAF approximately four per cent higher than in 2007.

I would like to thank David Baldwin, all the Contact team and my fellow Directors for delivering another good result for shareholders.

Grant King Chairman

Chief Executive's review: A strategy for growth

Over the six months ended 31 December 2007, Contact Energy delivered a pleasing financial result for its shareholders and made significant progess in implementing the company's growth strategy.

Contact's underlying earnings after tax of \$116.1 million for the period saw a particularly strong performance from the company's retail arm.

Wholesale electricity prices, at an average of \$48.53 per megawatt hour (MWh), were slightly lower than for the comparable six month period ended 31 December 2006. These lower prices were balanced by a five per cent increase in total generation volumes.

Retail electricity volumes increased by three per cent, and there was a three per cent increase in average retail electricity sale prices.

Alongside the financial result, Contact made very good progress in its renewable generation strategy, the execution of which will be critical to the company's ability to deliver long-term growth and shareholder value.

Contact is now very well positioned to respond to the Government's New Zealand Energy Strategy, released last year.

The Strategy's target of 90 per cent of New Zealand's electricity coming from renewable sources by 2025 is ambitious, but we believe achievable. Contact's business strategy ensures that the company is now very well positioned to help deliver it. In doing so, we will continue to grow the company and returns for the company's shareholders.

Geothermal generation

Reaching the 90 per cent renewable generation target will require large scale development across the full range of New Zealand's renewable options, and Contact has world-class options in geothermal, wind and hydro generation.

The most significant of these in the near term is the development of the company's geothermal assets. As New Zealand's leading generator of geothermal energy, Contact has unrivalled capability to develop these assets.

Contact has made good progress on its plans to build three new geothermal power stations in the Taupo region over the next five years, totalling around 470 megawatts (MW). In December 2007, the Minister for the Environment agreed to call in Contact's resource consent application for its approximately 225 MW Te Mihi geothermal power station, and consider it under a streamlined consenting process.

The decision to call in the Te Mihi application gives Contact increased confidence that the new power station, which will eventually replace the 50 year old Wairakei power station, will be in operation by 2011.

Contact also plans to submit a resource consent application for its approximately 225 MW Tauhara geothermal power station in 2008, with the goal of having this plant generating electricity by 2012.

As the first stage of its development of the Tauhara field, Contact announced the development of a 20 MW geothermal binary plant for which the company already holds consents. Preliminary earthworks began at the site in December 2007, and Contact plans to have this plant generating in 2009.

In addition to plans for new geothermal capacity, Contact's geothermal drilling programme contributed to a significant increase in geothermal production from the company's existing plant, particularly at Ohaaki. Geothermal production increased by 88 gigawatt hours (GWh), or nine per cent from the previous half year period ending 31 December 2006.

Wind

A significant expansion of wind energy will also be required in order for New Zealand to meet its 90 per cent renewables target, and Contact is making good progress on plans for a wind farm of up to 550 MW on isolated coastal farmland to the south of Port Waikato.

Contact announced this project in October 2007 and has been consulting with neighbouring landowners and communities since. The project is nationally significant in that it will generate a large amount of renewable electricity close to the major load centres of Hamilton and Auckland, and avoid transmission losses associated with moving electricity over long distances.

Contact will file its resource consent application for this project over the coming months and will also request that this project be called in under the Resource Management Act.

Contact plans to build this project in stages, with the first electricity coming from the wind farm early next decade.

Hydro

In November 2007 Contact received final consents for a 17 MW hydro project at the company's Lake Hawea control gates in Central Otago. Planning for this project will continue over 2008, with the plant generating electricity for the local community around 2012.

However, achieving a 90 per cent renewable target will require more than wind, geothermal and small hydro investments. It is Contact's view that large hydro developments will have an important role to play in meeting this target and Contact will actively investigate opportunities for new hydro developments over the course of 2008.

The role of thermal power

Meeting the 90 per cent renewable target and New Zealand's climate change objectives will require New Zealand's least efficient thermal power stations to be either retired or moved into a reserve role and replaced with renewable generating capacity.

While hydro storage can to some extent balance the fluctuations in wind generation, New Zealand will also need fast-start gas-fired 'peaking' stations which, during periods of high demand or limited wind or hydro generation, can reach full load from a cold start within 10 minutes and support the renewable base.

The Government's New Zealand Energy Strategy has recognised the importance of thermal peaking support for a renewable future, and Contact has plans to construct up to 300 MW of efficient, fast-start peaking capacity at its Stratford power station site. The first 200 MW increment of peaking capacity is expected to be commissioned before the winter of 2010, with the remainder developed over time, parallel to the development of wind generation. This peaking capacity will be particularly important to North Island energy security.

Gas storage

Contact's gas supply contracts have become increasingly inflexible with more onerous obligations to take minimum quantities and little ability to take extra gas when required.

In December 2007, Contact and Origin Energy announced the purchase of Swift Energy's New Zealand oil and gas assets. Contact is contributing \$54 million towards the acquisition price of approximately \$115 million for the right to own and develop the nearly depleted onshore Ahuroa gas field in Taranaki as a gas storage facility, and purchase the remaining recoverable gas and LPG reserves in the Ahuroa reservoir.

The development of an underground gas storage facility will assist Contact in managing its natural gas purchase costs. Gas storage will enable Contact to store gas at times when it has access to lower cost generation alternatives and will open up opportunities to purchase gas in off-peak times, such as summer, to be used in higher-value periods such as the winter peaks. This will allow the company to use its gas-fired power stations when market conditions justify, and will provide the flexibility required by new fast-start peaking plants once these plants are operational.

Contact is aiming to have the underground gas storage facility fully operational during 2010.

New Plymouth power station closure

In December 2007 Contact took the decision to permanently close its 31 year old New Plymouth power station, following the discovery of asbestos in areas not detailed in the plant's asbestos register.

The plant was close to the end of its economic life and the costs of refurbishment outweighed the benefits. The safety and wellbeing of staff is always the company's number one priority. Following the asbestos discovery at New Plymouth, offers of medical screening and support were extended to all affected staff.

The closure of the plant and the safe disposal of the asbestos resulted in an estimated cost to the company of \$30.5 million (\$20.4 million post-tax), which has been provided for in this interim period.

The New Plymouth power station has made a strong contribution to New Zealand's economy and energy sector over the last three decades. I would like to take this opportunity to thank all of the staff who have worked at the New Plymouth power station over the years.

Customers

Our customers are at the heart of our business. Contact continues to focus on delivering value, outstanding customer service and innovative new offers to our 621,000 retail electricity, LPG and natural gas customers across the country.

The Rockgas LPG business continues to be integrated into Contact, with the business now taking a unique offer to South Island customers as the only provider of both electricity and gas products.

Competition for electricity customers remains strong, and in this context the gain of 3,000 retail electricity customers from 31 December 2006 is very positive.

Contact has performed particularly strongly in the business market for customers on time of use meters. Volumes in this important segment have increased by 160 GWh, or 13 per cent from the six month period to the end of December 2006.

Conclusion

I'm pleased with the progress Contact has made over the last six months. Contact has a clear vision and strategy, and is actively developing the projects that will ensure the company's long-term sustainability and success.

Contact's growth strategy aims to capitalise on a period of unprecedented change in the electricity industry globally. No more clearly can this change be seen than here in New Zealand, with the renewable energy targets that have been set for this sector.

Reducing greenhouse gas emissions through developing more renewable electricity generation projects is the right thing to do. However, there is a need for more widespread acceptance that this approach brings a range of impacts. We're going to be seeing more wind farms across the country, we have to be prepared for more significant hydro generation projects on some of our major waterways, and we need to be realistic about the need for transmission lines to carry electricity to where it is needed.

As a country we also have to be prepared for energy prices to continue to rise to meet the higher costs of renewable generation.

Some tough choices will have to be made, and those organisations that are prepared to invest many billions of dollars in a cleaner, climate-friendly energy sector for this country will need the support of Government and various regulatory agencies.

Contact has made a strong start in implementing a long-term strategy which will see the company grow, while at the same time helping to achieve a renewable future for New Zealand.

David Baldwin Chief Executive

Management discussion of unaudited consolidated financial results

for the six months ended 31 December 2007

Financial review

Contact Energy recorded Earnings before Net Interest Expense, Income Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF) for the six months ended 31 December 2007 of \$281.9 million, up two per cent from \$275.4 million for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Key factors that contributed to the current result include:

- · an increase in electricity generation volumes
- an increase in electricity revenue, driven by increases in both retail sales volumes and prices
- · an increase in operating revenues and costs resulting from the addition of Rockgas
- an increase in natural gas costs.

After adjusting the reported profit of \$117.4 million for the period for one-off items, including the \$21.3 million gain from the sale of land and rights in the Mokai geothermal field and a provision of \$20.4 million associated with the retirement of Contact's New Plymouth power station, Contact's underlying earnings after tax for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were \$116.1 million. This compares with underlying earnings after tax of \$117.2 million for the six months to 31 December 2006.

Key financial information

	6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$million	6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$million
Operating Revenue	1,116.6	995.1
Operating Expenses(1)	(834.6)	(719.7)
EBITDAF ⁽²⁾	281.9	275.4
Depreciation and Amortisation	(74.3)	(69.2)
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associates	1.2	0.9
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	0.6	8.5
Retirement of New Plymouth power station	(30.5)	-
Gain on Sale of Mokai geothermal land and rights	21.3	-
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense and Income Tax (EBIT)	200.3	215.5
Net Interest Expense	(35.5)	(32.2)
Income Tax Expense	(47.4)	(60.5)
Profit for the Period	117.4	122.9
Underlying Earnings After Tax for the Period ⁽³⁾	116.1	117.2
Underlying Earnings Per Share (cents)	20.14	20.33
Shareholders' Equity	2,927.7	2,602.0

⁽¹⁾ Includes retail electricity purchases.

⁽²⁾ Earnings before net interest expense, income tax, depreciation, amortisation and financial instruments.

⁽³⁾ The underlying earnings after tax remove one-off Items; the most significant is the \$21.3 million post tax gain from the sale of land and rights in the Mokai geothermal field, and one-off costs of \$20.4 million associated with the retirement of Contact's New Plymouth power station.

Retail segment

	6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$million	6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 Smillion
Retail Electricity Revenue	641.0	605.3
Gas Revenue Wholesale	36.7	17.8
Gas Revenue Retail	47.1	53.2
LPG Revenue ⁽¹⁾	68.3	-
Other Retail Revenue	7.6	3.9
Total Retail Revenue	800.8	680.2
Retail Electricity Purchases	(224.9)	(232.4)
Electricity Transmission, Distribution and Levies	(223.4)	(218.3)
Gas Purchases and Transmission	(71.3)	(52.9)
LPG Purchases ⁽¹⁾	(53.6)	-
Labour Costs and Other Operating Expenses	(70.0)	(55.3)
Total Operating Expenses	(643.1)	(558.8)
EBITDAF	157.6	121.3
Depreciation and Amortisation	(11.2)	(7.3)
Segment Result	146.4	114.1
Average Electricity Purchase Price (\$ per MWh)	52.09	55.53
Retail Electricity Sales (GWh)	4,064	3,950
Electricity Customer Numbers	514,000	511,000
Gas Sales Wholesale Customers (PJ)	6.6	3.4
Gas Sales Retail Customers (PJ)	2.2	2.7
Gas Sales LPG Customers (tonnes)(1)	46,000	
Gas Customer Numbers	74,000	76,000
LPG Customer Numbers (excluding franchisees)	33,000	•

⁽¹⁾ Represents six months of operations of Rockgas LPG business since acquisition on 30 April 2007.

Retail electricity

Contact's retail electricity business has performed well over the six months ended 31 December 2007, with gross retail electricity revenue of \$641.0 million, up from \$605.3 million for the six months to 31 December 2006.

This increase was due to increases in both volumes and prices. Retail electricity sales for the six months to 31 December 2007 were 4,064 gigawatt hours (GWh), up three per cent from 3,950 GWh for the six months ended 31 December 2006. The average sales price also increased by three per cent in the period ended 31 December 2007. Total electricity customer numbers as at 31 December 2007 were 514,000, up from 511,000 as at 31 December 2006.

The average electricity purchase price was \$52.09 per megawatt hour (MWh) for the six months to 31 December 2007, down slightly from \$55.53 per MWh for the six months to the end of December 2006.

Electricity transmission, distribution and levies for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were \$223.4 million, up two per cent from \$218.3 million for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Labour costs and operating expenses

Labour costs and other operating expenses attributable to the retail segment increased to \$70.0 million from \$55.3 million, largely as a result of the integration of the Rockgas LPG business into Contact, as well as underlying increases in labour costs.

Retail gas

Retail gas revenue for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$47.1 million, down from \$53.2 million for the six months ended 31 December 2006. Retail gas volume for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was 2.2 petajoules (PJ), down from 2.7 PJ for the six months ended 31 December 2006. This decrease is primarily due to reduced demand as a result of warmer weather conditions and a decrease in customer numbers.

The average cost of gas for retail (excluding transmission) increased by about 20 per cent to \$5.34 per gigajoule (GJ). The average retail gas transmission cost for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$10.26 per GJ, up 10 per cent from \$9.33 per GJ for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Contact had 74,000 retail gas customers as at 31 December 2007, compared with 76,000 as at 31 December 2006.

Generation segment

	6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$million	6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$million
Wholesale Electricity Revenue	306.4	306.5
Steam Revenue	7.1	6.7
Other Wholesale Revenue	2.2	1.7
Total Wholesale Revenue	315.7	314.9
Electricity Transmission, Distribution and Levies	(21.8)	(18.2)
Gas Purchases and Transmission	(127.2)	(100.9)
Labour Costs and Other Operating Expenses	(42.4)	(41.7)
Total Operating Expenses	(191.5)	(160.8)
EBITDAF	124.1	154.0
Depreciation	(63.0)	(61.6)
Segment Result	61.2	92.4
Average Wholesale Electricity Price (\$ per MWh)(1)	48.53	51.45
Gas Used in Internal Generation (PJ)	22.1	21.1
Gas Cost Including Transmission (\$ per GJ)	5.75	4.78
Thermal Generation (GWh)	2,821	2,693
Geothermal Generation (GWh)	1,085	997
Hydro Generation (GWh)	1,968	1,907
Total Generation (GWh)	5,874	5,597

^{1} This price excludes contracts for differences.

Contact's total electricity generation for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was 5,874 GWh, a five per cent increase from 5,597 GWh generated in the six months ended 31 December 2006. The increase in total generation was made up of increases across all of Contact's generation types.

The increase in Contact's generation was balanced by softer wholesale electricity prices, which averaged \$48.53 per MWh across the period, down six per cent from \$51.45 per MWh for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Contact's geothermal generation increased by 88 GWh (nine per cent) relative to the six month period ended 31 December 2006. Contact's geothermal drilling programme and the new resource consents granted for Contact's Wairakei geothermal operations in May 2007 resulted in increased output at both Ohaaki and Wairakei. Further capacity gains enabled by the new consents are expected during the second half of the 2008 financial year.

Gas costs

Contact's gas costs continued to increase over the period as Contact's cheaper legacy gas entitlements were replaced with more expensive gas supply arrangements. The average gas purchase price, excluding transmission and the impact of inflexibility, was \$5.34 per GJ for the six months ended 31 December 2007, an increase of 20 per cent from \$4.43 per GJ for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$47.4 million, compared with \$60.5 million for the same period in 2006. The effective tax rate for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was 28.7 per cent, compared with 33 per cent for the same period in 2006. The reduction in the effective tax rate is primarily due to the non-taxable gain on sale of the Mokai geothermal rights.

The effective tax rate is expected to be approximately 33.0 per cent for the six months ending 30 June 2008, resulting in an expected tax rate for the full year of approximately 31.0 per cent.

Financial position

The company continues to maintain a strong financial position, with gearing of net debt to net debt plus equity being 22 per cent, and is well placed to fund its future growth programme.

As at 31 December 2007 Contact's evergreen committed credit facilities totalled \$510.0 million, of which \$425.6 million was available.

Based on the New Zealand dollar equivalent of borrowings, net of foreign exchange hedging, net debt increased to \$820.5 million as at 31 December 2007 from \$735.7 million as at 31 December 2006. This increase of \$84.8 million is primarily due to a decrease in short-term deposits which were applied to fund the acquisition of the Rockgas LPG business in April 2007, and increased capital expenditure in the period.

In September 2007, term debt of \$277.8 million was repaid utilising funds on hand.

Capital expenditure and commitments

Contact's capital expenditure for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$92.2 million, compared with \$62.7 million in the period ended 31 December 2006. The majority of this increase is growth capital expenditure, largely in relation to geothermal generation.

Total commitments for capital expenditure, investments and operating leases as at 31 December 2007 were \$191.5 million, compared with \$187.8 million as at 31 December 2006.

Outlook

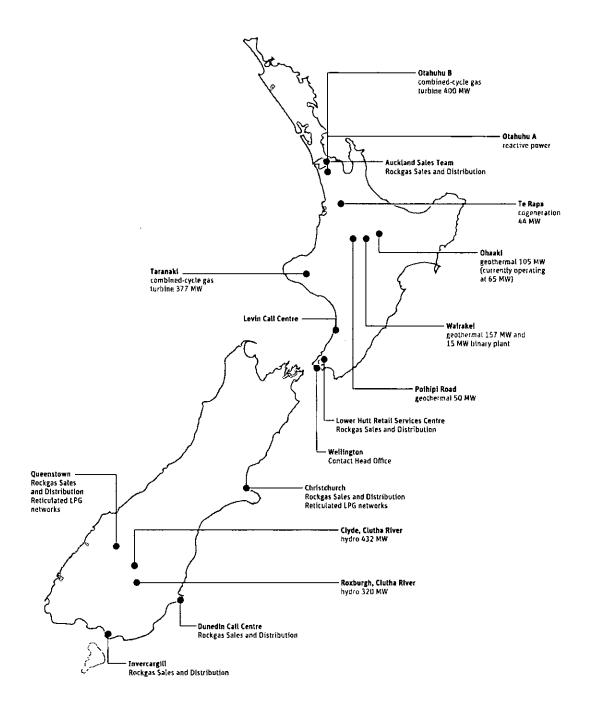
Contact is on track for a solid full year result. With market conditions currently favouring the company's geographic and fuel diversity. Contact expects to deliver a full year EBITDAF approximately four per cent higher than in 2007.

Dividend declaration

The Contact Board has resolved to increase the interim dividend for the 2008 financial year by 10 per cent to 11 cents per share (fully imputed). The increase reflects the continued confidence the Board has in the company's performance, its outlook and progress on strategic initiatives. This dividend will be paid on 26 March 2008.

Contact Energy national overview

Contact can supply electricity and gas products across the country. Contact has reticulated natural gas customers across much of the North Island, reticulated LPG customers in Christchurch, Queenstown and Wanaka and can supply bottled LPG to customers nationwide.



Financial statements

Contact Energy Limited and Subsidiaries

for the six months ended 31 December 2007

	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group tinaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Operating Revenue				
Wholesale Electricity Revenue		306,388	306,455	630,363
Retail Electricity Revenue		641,049	605,304	1,170,180
Gas Revenue		83,774	71,022	148,016
LPG Revenue		68,312	•	25,335
Steam Revenue		7,068	6,749	12,169
Other Revenue		9,971	5,601	11,903
		1,116,562	995,131	1,997,966
Operating Expenses				
Retail Electricity Purchases		(224,881)	(232,440)	(455,787)
Electricity Transmission, Distribution and Levies		(245,232)	(236,496)	(452,522)
Gas Purchases and Transmission		(198,484)	(153,736)	(325,341)
LPG Purchases		(53,597)		(17,910)
Labour Costs		(39,861)	(29,601)	(62,424)
Other Operating Expenses		(72,580)	(67,446)	(140,291)
		(834,635)	(719,719)	(1,454,275)
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense, Income Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF)		281,927	275,412	543,691
Depreciation and Amortisation		(74,292)	(69,186)	(139.280)
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associates		1,206	851	707
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	10	609	8,470	23,259
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	4	(30,497)		-
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights	5	21,319		-
		(81,655)	(59,865)	(115,314)
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense and Income Tax (EBIT)		200,272	215,547	428,377
Net Interest Expense	6	(35,469)	(32,163)	(62,657)
Profit Before Income Tax		164,803	183,384	365,720
Income Tax Expense	7	(47,375)	(60,491)	(118,981)
Change in Corporate Income Tax Rate		•		(7,112)
Profit for the Period		117,428	122,893	239,627
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (Cents)		20.36	21.31	41.56

Supplementary disclosure

Underlying earnings after tax is presented to allow readers to make a more accurate assessment and comparison of underlying earnings after removing one-off items and the Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments.

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
Underlying Earnings After Tax	2	116,134	117,218	231,155
Underlying Earnings Per Share (Cents)	2	20.14	20.33	40.09

Contact theigy thinten and Subsidiaries

Statement of changes in equity for the six months ended 31 December 2007

	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Profit for the Period		117,428	122,893	239,627
Change in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		157	(80)	(109)
Change in Asset Revaluation Reserve			-	349,235
Change in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	10	3,515	19,155	5,630
Total Recognised Revenues and Expenses		121,100	141,968	594,383
Dividends Paid	8	(98,028)	(92,261)	(149,924)
Share Based Payments		427	-	419
Business Combination of Commonly Controlled Entities		-		(92,942)
Changes in Equity for the Period		23,499	49,707	351,936
Equity at Start of the Period		2,904,179	2,552,243	2,552,243
Equity at End of the Period		2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179
Represented by:		,		
Share Capital		780,358	780,037	780,196
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		207	79	50
Asset Revaluation Reserve		1,900,718	1,551,483	1,900,718
Cash Flow Hedge Reserve		3,808	13,818	293
Share Based Payment Reserve		525	•	260
Retained Earnings		242,062	256,533	222,662
Equity at End of the Period		2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179

Note	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 30 june 2007 \$000
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179
Represented by:	· - · · · · · · ·		
Current Assets			
Cash and Short Term Deposits	16,730	296,548	178,984
Receivables and Prepayments	195,184	161,970	222,477
Inventories	20,796	18,719	23,289
Derivative Financial Instruments 10	5,009	2,973	1,989
Total Current Assets	237,719	480,210	426,739
Non-current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4,319,566	3,833,603	4,308,203
Intangible Assets	182,065	178,778	182,189
Investment in Associates	6,833	7,818	6,210
Other Financial Assets	2,935	•	2,935
Derivative Financial Instruments 10	39,752	44,360	43,023
Other Non-current Assets	5,373	2,987	2,629
Total Non-current Assets	4,556,524	4,067,546	4,545,189
TOTAL ASSETS	4,794,243	4,547,756	4,971,928
Current Liabilities	•		
Borrowings 9	89,011	6,559	3,020
Current Portion of Term Borrowings 9	-	205,367	196,61 1
Derivative Financial Instruments 10	717	75,591	85,809
Payables and Accruals	205,741	174,350	248,700
Taxation Payable	, 11,329	10,925	2,409
Provisions 11	30,547	3,337	3,525
Total Current Liabilities	337,345	476,129	540,074
Non-current Liabilities	•		
Borrowings 9	553,518	575,602	513,683
Derivative Financial Instruments 10	200,973	178,695	242,986
Provisions 11	27,525	21,717	25,880
Deferred Taxation	744,752	689,616	742,173
Other Non-current Liabilities	2,452	4,047	2,953
Total Non-current Liabilities	1,529,220	1,469,677	1,527,675
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,866,565	1,945,806	2,067,749
NET ASSETS	2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179

amate circle) comitee and seasons

Statement of cash flows

for the six months ended 31 December 2007

	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash Provided from:				
Receipts from Customers		1,146,518	1,052,033	1,996,958
Cash Applied to:				
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(869,152)	(802,776)	(1,474,909)
Supplementary Dividend Paid to Shareholders	8. 1	(10,189)	(9,769)	(15,758)
Taxation Paid		(30,400)	(30,500)	(88,300)
		(909,741)	(843,045)	(1.578.967)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities		236,777	208,988	417,991
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	·	·		
Cash Provided from:				
Proceeds from Sale of Mokai Geothermal				
Land and Rights	5	27,252	-	-
Interest Received	1	4,172	10,809	24,943
Loan from Associate		1,051	•	-
Associate Dividends Received		829	1,254	2,761
		33,304	12,063	27,704
Cash Applied to:				
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(98,754)	(64,434)	(145,148)
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	4	(1.524)		•
Purchase of Subsidiary		-		(159,432)
Repayment of Loan from Associate		-	(834)	(3,035)
		(100,278)	(65,268)	(307,615)
Net Cash (Outflow) to Investing Activities		(66,974)	(53,205)	(279,911)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Provided from:				
Gross Proceeds from Borrowings		91,267	-	
Cash Applied to:				
Interest Paid	1	(40,710)	(42,439)	(82,919)
Ordinary Dividend Paid to Shareholders	8	(98,028)	(92,261)	(149,924)
Repayment of Borrowings		(284,033)	(6,776)	(8,017)
	· - -	(422,771)	(141,476)	(240,860)
Net Cash (Outflow) to Financing Activities		(331,504)	(141,476)	(240,860)
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(161,701)	14,307	(102,780)
Add: Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Start		, , ,		
of the Period		177,948	280,728	280,728
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period		16,247	295,035	177,948
Cash and Cash Equivalents is comprised of:		•		
Bank Overdraft		(483)	(1,513)	(1,036)
Cash and Short Term Deposits		16,730	296,548	178,984
		16,247	295,035	177,948

Statement of cash flows continued

for the six months ended 31 December 2007

RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD TO CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Profit for the Period		117,428	122,893	239,627
Items Classified as Investing/Financing		-		
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	4	30,497		-
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights	5	(21,319)		-
Net Interest Expense	6	35,469	32,163	62,657
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		44,647	32,163	62,657
Non-cash Items				
Bad and Doubtful Accounts		2,407	2,823	5,395
Movement in Provisions		784	(628)	(149)
Share Based Payments		530	-	550
Depreciation and Amortisation		74,292	69,186	139,280
Equity Accounted (Earnings) of Associates		(1,206)	(851)	(707)
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	10	(609)	(8,470)	(23,259)
(Decrease)/Increase in Deferred Taxation		766	1,736	7,581
Impact of Change in Corporate Income Tax Rate		•		7,112
Other		(364)		
		76,600	63,796	135,803
Operating Cash Profit for the Period		238,675	218,852	438,087
Movement in Working Capital				
Decrease/(Increase) in Receivables and Prepayments		24,870	56,368	(3,031)
Decrease in Taxation Receivable		-	-	7,311
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories		738	(232)	(3.005)
Increase/(Decrease) in Payables and Accruals		(33,526)	(84,486)	(21,371)
(Decrease)/Increase in Taxation Payable		8,920	18,486	-
(Increase) in Other Non-current Assets		(2,900)	<u>.</u>	•
		(1,898)	(9,864)	(20,096)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities		236,777	208,988	417,991

Contact Energy Limited and Subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements

for the six months ended 31 December 2007

1 Statement of accounting policies

Reporting entity

Contact Energy Limited (the Company) is a profit-oriented company domiciled in New Zealand, registered under the Companies Act 1993 and listed on the New Zealand Stock Market. The Company is an issuer in terms of the Financial Reporting Act 1993.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements (the financial statements) for Contact Energy Limited as at and for the six months ended 31 December 2007 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries and their interest in associates and jointly controlled entities (together referred to as Contact).

Contact is a diversified and integrated energy company, focusing on the wholesale generation of electricity and the retail sale of electricity, natural gas and LPG, and related services in New Zealand.

Basis of preparation

The functional and reporting currency used in preparation of the financial statements is New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand Equivalent to International Accounting Standard NZIAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting (NZIAS 34) and include condensed notes to the financial statements.

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in Contact's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2007 (2007 Annual Report). The accounting policies set out in the 2007 Annual Report have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. There have been no changes in accounting policies from those applied in Contact's 2007 Annual Report.

Contact has elected not to early adopt the standards and not to apply interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Certain presentational changes have been made to the Statement of cash flows to allow the readers to make a more accurate assessment of Contact's sustainable operating cash flows before funding costs. These changes, which have been applied retrospectively, are listed below:

- · Reclassification of interest paid from Operating Activities to Financing Activities.
- Reclassification of interest received from Operating Activities to Investing Activities.
- Reclassification of Supplementary Dividend paid from Financing Activities to Operating Activities.

Accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with NZIAS 34 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Contact's significant areas of estimation and critical judgements in these financial statements are summarised below.

Generation plant and equipment

Goodwill

Retail revenue

Restoration and environmental rehabilitation

Financial instruments

Retirement of New Plymouth power station

This list is consistent with that set out in the 2007 Annual Report, except for the addition of the retirement of New Plymouth power station, which is discussed in Note 4.

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

2 Underlying earnings after tax

Underlying earnings after tax is presented to allow readers to make a more accurate assessment and comparison of underlying earnings after removing one-off items and the Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments.

	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Profit for the Period	. 117,428	122,893	239,627
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	(609)	(8.470)	(23,259)
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	30,497		-
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights	(21,319)	<u>.</u>	
Adjustments before Income Tax	8,569	(8,470)	(23,259)
Income Tax Expense*	(9,863)	2,795	7,675
Change in Corporate Income Tax Rate			7,112
Adjustments after Income Tax	(1,294)	(5,675)	(8,472)
Underlying Earnings After Tax	116,134	117,218	231,155
Underlying Earnings Per Share (Cents)	20.14	20.33	40.09

^{*} Tax has been applied at 33 per cent for all adjustments except for Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights, which is non-taxable.

Contact Energy Chiliteo and Subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

3 Segment reporting

Contact's primary reporting format is business segments. All business segments are fully integrated within New Zealand. Contact comprises the following main business segments:

Retail

The Retail segment encompasses any activity that is associated with Contact's supply of energy to end user customers as well as related services.

Generation

The Generation segment encompasses any activity that is associated with Contact's generation of electricity or steam and Contact's sales to the wholesale electricity market.

The segment result includes items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Items not directly attributable to, or those that can not be allocated on a reasonable basis to, the Retail or Generation segments are included in the Other segment.

Wholesale electricity purchase costs for the Retail segment are based on spot prices prevailing in the New Zealand wholesale electricity market at the relevant time, and at the relevant grid exit purchase node. Similarly, the revenues received by the Generation segment are determined by the spot prices received at the relevant grid injection points.

The cost of gas purchases across the portfolio is allocated between the segments in proportion to consumption. Gas transmission and distribution charges are allocated to the segments within which they are incurred.

For the six months ended 31 December 2007

Unaudited	Retail	Generation	Other	Group Total
unauditen	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Segment Revenue	800,766	315,661	135	1,116,562
EBITDAF	157,644	124,148	135	281,927
Depreciation and Amortisation				
of Segment Assets	(11,206)	(62,962)	(124)	(74,292)
Segment Result	146,438	61,186	11	207,635
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associate				1,206
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments				609
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station				(30,497)
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal				
Land and Rights				21,319
Net Interest Expense				(35,469)
Income Tax Expense				(47,375)
Profit for the Period		-		117,428

For the six months ended 31 December 2006

Unaudited	Retail	Generation	Other	Group Total
unaudited	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Segment Revenue	680,209	314.875	47	995,131
EBITDAF	121,333	154,032	47	275,412
Depreciation and Amortisation				
of Segment Assets	(7,276)	(61,619)	(291)	(69,186)
Segment Result	114,057	92,413	(244)	206,226
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associate				851
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments			•	8,470
Net Interest Expense				(32,163)
Income Tax Expense			•	(60,491)
Profit for the Period	-			122,893

4 Retirement of New Plymouth power station

On 20 December 2007, Contact announced the retirement of its 31-year-old New Plymouth power station following discovery of asbestos at the station in September 2007.

The financial impact of the decision to close the plant permanently is recorded in the period ended 31 December 2007 as an expense of \$30.5 million. This expense principally represents an estimate of the cost to decommission the plant and redundancy costs. No impairment of the New Plymouth asset has been recorded on the basis that the recoverable amount of the asset, based on an assessed fair value less costs to sell, exceeds the carrying amount.

Given the decision to retire the plant was only made in the last month of the reporting period ended 31 December 2007, a detailed project plan and costing for decommissioning was not complete at that date. Accordingly, in calculating the provision for retirement of the power station, estimates have been made as to the expected expenditures to decommission the plant based on the status of contractor negotiations at the end of the reporting period. Refer Note 11.

As the project plan to close the station progresses, the actual costs to decommission may differ from this estimate.

Contact has entered into financial arrangements in the wholesale electricity market that are expected to provide a broadly equivalent degree of flexibility to that previously provided by the New Plymouth power station.

5 Sale of Mokai geothermal land and rights

In November 2007, Contact sold land and geothermal rights relating to the Mokai geothermal field, north of Taupo, to Mighty River Power and the Tuaropaki Trust. Contact received \$27.3 million as a result of selling the Mokai land and rights giving rise to a non-taxable gain of \$21.3 million.

6 Net interest expense

	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Interest Cost	(40,407)	(43,049)	(85,661)
Interest Income	4,170	10,886	23,004
Interest Capitalised	768		•
Net Interest Expense	(35,469)	(32,163)	(62,657)

Contact commenced capitalising interest from 1 July 2007 principally in respect of expenditure categorised as Development Capital Work in Progress. Development Capital Work in Progress primarily represents expenditure incurred to date on Contact's renewable generation programme to develop wind and additional geothermal generation capacity.

Contact chergy chilited and Subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

7 Income tax expense

The Income Tax Expense for the six months ended 31 December 2007 reflects an effective income tax rate of 28.7 per cent (31 December 2006: 33.0 per cent; 30 June 2007 32.5 per cent).

The effective tax rate for Contact differs from the statutory rate of 33.0 per cent principally due to the non-taxable Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights realised in the period. In determining the effective tax rate, different income tax rates have been applied to different categories of income of the interim period. A tax rate of zero per cent has been applied to the non-taxable Gain on the Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights. A tax rate of 33.0 per cent has been applied to all other income of the interim period income.

The effective tax rate is expected to be approximately 33.0 per cent for the six months ending 30 June 2008 resulting in an expected effective tax rate for the full year ending 30 June 2008 of approximately 31.0 per cent.

8 Dividends paid

	Dividend	Unaud 6 Months 31 Decem	s Ended	Unau 6 Month 31 Decem	s Ended	Aud 12 Month 30 June	s Ended
	Payment Date	\$000	Cents Per Share	\$000	Cents Per Share	\$000	Cents Per Share
2006 Year Final Dividend	21 September 2006		•	92,261	16.0	92,261	16.0
2007 Year Interim Dividend	23 March 2007					57,663	10.0
2007 Year Final Dividend	25 September 2007	98,028	17.0				
Supplementary Dividend		10,189		9,769		15.758	
Foreign Investor Tax Credit		(10,189)		(9,769)		(15,758)	
Total Dividends Paid		98,028	-	92,261		149,924	
Current period fully imputed shares, declared subsequent Refer to note 14.	•	63,430	11.0	57,663	10.0	98,028	17.0

9 Borrowings

	Borrowing Currency	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006	Group Audited 30 June 2007
Current Borrowings	Denomination	\$000	\$000	\$000
Bank Overdraft	NZD	483	1,513	1,036
Commercial Paper	NZD	54,421	-	-
Committed Credit Facilities	NZD	30,000	•	•
Loan from Associate	AUD	2,579	3,741	1,495
Other Short Term Loans	NZD	856	1,114	
Finance Lease Liabilities	NZD	672	191	489
Total Current Borrowings		89,011	6,559	3,020
Current Portion of Term Borrowings		\$000	\$000	\$000
Floating Rate Medium Term Note	AUD		134,335	131,895
Floating Rate Transferable Loan Certificate	USD	-	71,032	64,716
Total Current Portion of Term Borrowings	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• •	205,367	196,611
Non-current Borrowings		\$000	\$000	\$000
Fixed Rate Senior Notes	USD	552,798	575,254	512,966
Finance Lease Liabilities	NZD	720	348	717
Total Non-current Borrowings		553,518	575,602	513,683

New Zealand Dollar equivalent of borrowings

The New Zealand Dollar equivalent of borrowings after the effect of the foreign exchange hedging of the borrowings is presented in the table below. Foreign currency denominated term borrowings are hedged by Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps. Refer Note 10.

	Borrowing Currency Denomination	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 30 june 2007 \$000
Current Borrowings		89,011	6,559	3,020
Term Borrowings (Current and Non-current)				
Finance Lease Liabilities	•	720	348	717
Floating Rate Medium Term Note	AUD		158,730	158,730
Floating Rate Transferable Loan Certificate	USD	-	119.048	119,048
Fixed Rate Senior Notes	usd	747,527	747,527	747,527
		748,247	1,025,653	1,026,022
•	=	837,258	1,032,212	1,029,042

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

9 Borrowings continued

Repayment of borrowings

In September 2007, Contact repaid \$277.8 million of term debt representing the AUD Floating Rate Medium Term Note (\$158.7 million) and the USD Floating Rate Transferable Loan Certificate (\$119.1 million).

Credit facilities

During the period, Contact secured additional committed credit facilities totalling \$210.0 million, increasing its total evergreen committed credit facilities to \$510.0 million. \$360.0 million of the facilities currently matures in May 2010, and \$150.0 million currently matures in December 2012.

These committed credit facilities also support a \$250.0 million Commercial Paper Programme.

Drawdowns under each of the facilities are summarised in the table above.

10 Financial instruments

Fair value of derivative financial instruments

The fair values of the significant types of derivative financial instruments outstanding, together with the designation of their hedging relationship, are summarised below:

	Hedge Accounting Designation	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 30 June 2007 \$000
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps	Fair Value Hedge	(194,637)	(244,632)	(315,572)
Interest Rate Derivatives	No Hedge	29,291	13,504	28,422
Forward Foreign Exchange Derivatives	Cash Flow Hedge	(699)	(2,929)	(4,505)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps - Margin	Cash Flow Hedge	(6,354)	(6,725)	(8,718)
Electricity Price Hedges	Cash Flow Hedge	15,470	33,829	16,590
Total Derivative Financial Instruments (Liabilities)/Assets		(156,929)	(206,953)	(283,783)
Current Assets		5,009	2,973	1,989
Non-current Assets		39,752	44,360	43,023
Current Liabilities		(717)	(75,591)	(85,809)
Non-current Liabilities		(200,973)	(178,695)	(242,986)
		(156,929)	(206,953)	(283,783)

The Changes in the Fair Value of Financial Instruments recognised in the Income Statement and Equity are summarised below:

Income Statement	Hedge Accounting Designation	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps	Fair Value Hedge	120,935	(88,744)	(159.684)
Borrowings	Fair Value Hedge	(120,999)	88,803	159,848
		(64)	59	164
Interest Rate Derivatives	No Hedge	470	8,684	23,210
Forward Foreign Exchange Derivatives	Cash Flow Hedge	-	138	205
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps - Margin	Cash Flow Hedge	155	185	358
Electricity Price Hedges	Cash Flow Hedge	48	(596)	(678)
Gain/(Loss) in Fair Value		609	8,470	23,259

10 Financial instruments continued

Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	Hedge Accounting Designation	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Interest Rate Derivatives	No Hedge	400	367	761
Forward Foreign Exchange Derivatives	Cash Flow Hedge	3,807	(6,076)	(7,680)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps - Margin	Cash Flow Hedge	2,209	(4,554)	(6,721)
Electricity Price Hedges	Cash Flow Hedge	(1,170)	38.852	21,694
Income Tax on Changes in Fair Value of Financial Instruments Taken to Equity		(1,731)	(9.434)	(2,424)
Gain/(Loss) in Fair Value		3,515	19,155	5,630

The \$0.6 million (31 December 2006: \$8.5 million; 30 June 2007: \$23.3 million) Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments recorded in the Income statement is principally due to interest rate derivatives, which have not been designated in a hedge relationship. The interest rate derivatives are revalued applying market interest rates. As a result, the change in fair value interest rate derivatives is a non-cash item that fluctuates over time in accordance with changes in market interest rates.

11 Provisions

Unaudited	Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station \$000	Decommissioning/ Restoration \$000	Other \$000	Group Total \$000
Balance at 1 July 2007	-	24,645	4,760	29,405
Provisions Made During the Period	27,458	-	1,833	29,291
Provisions Used During the Period	(1,416)	(39)	(12)	(1,467)
Provisions Reversed During the Period	-	(461)	(63)	(524)
Unwind of Discount Rate	-	1,367	-	1,367
Balance at 31 December 2007	26,042	25,512	6,518	58,072
Current	26,042	952	3,553	30,547
Non-current	-	24,560	2.965	27,525
·	26,042	25,512	6,518	58,072

Refer to Note 4 for discussion on the provision for retirement of New Plymouth power station.

The decommissioning and restoration provisions include estimates of future expenditures for the abandonment and restoration of areas from which natural resources are extracted and of environmental rehabilitation of commercial sites that require remediation of conditions resulting from present operations.

Other provisions cover a range of commercial matters, which are the subject of legal privilege and/or confidentiality arrangements.

Contact chergy climited and Subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

12 Commitments

	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Capital and Investment Commitments	\$000 154,057	150,736	152,436
Operating Lease Commitments	19,444	15,279	20,765
Other Operating Commitments	17,951	21,747	20,049

Other Operating Commitments comprise a portion of long-term maintenance agreements entered into for generation assets. The remainder of commitments under these agreements are included in Capital and Investment Commitments.

Gas commitments

Contact holds contracts with a variety of counterparties relating to the right to uplift and transport gas. The nature of these commitments was disclosed in Contact's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2007. The principal changes to these commitments as at 31 December 2007 was the extension of the termination date on one contract as disclosed below:

Swift Energy New Zealand Limited

Contact's contract with Swift Energy New Zealand Limited (Swift), under which Contact has agreed to purchase gas at a daily rate notified by Swift, was extended to 30 June 2008 from 30 September 2007.

13 Material related party transactions

Acquisition of Swift Energy oil and gas assets

In December 2007, Contact's ultimate parent company, Origin Energy Limited, entered into an agreement to purchase certain New Zealand oil and gas assets from Swift Energy New Zealand Limited for approximately \$115.0 million. Contact will contribute approximately \$54.0 million to the total purchase price for the right to own and develop the Ahuroa field as an underground gas storage facility and purchase the remaining gas and LPG reserves in the Ahuroa reservoir.

The transaction between Origin and Swift is not expected to be completed until the first quarter of 2008 and is conditional on the consent of the Overseas Investment Office and the Ministry of Economic Development. Contact's obligations are conditional on the completion of that transaction. Accordingly, the financial impact of the acquisition has not been recorded in these financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2007.

14 Subsequent events

Declaration of dividend

On 21 February 2008, the Directors declared an interim dividend in respect of the year ending 30 June 2008 of approximately \$63.4 million, representing 11.0 cents per share, payable on 26 March 2008. Refer Note 8. The dividend will carry full imputation credits for resident shareholders. Non-resident shareholders will receive a supplementary dividend of 1.9 cents per share, which equates to the non-resident withholding tax payable.



Auditors' review report

To the shareholders of Contact Energy Limited

We have completed a review of the financial statements in accordance with the Review Engagement Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of New Zealand. The financial statements provide information about the past financial performance of Contact Energy Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group") and its financial position as at 31 December 2007.

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors of Contact Energy Limited are responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2007 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the six month period ended on that date.

Reviewers' responsibilities

It is our responsibility to express an independent opinion on the interim financial statements presented by the Directors and report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

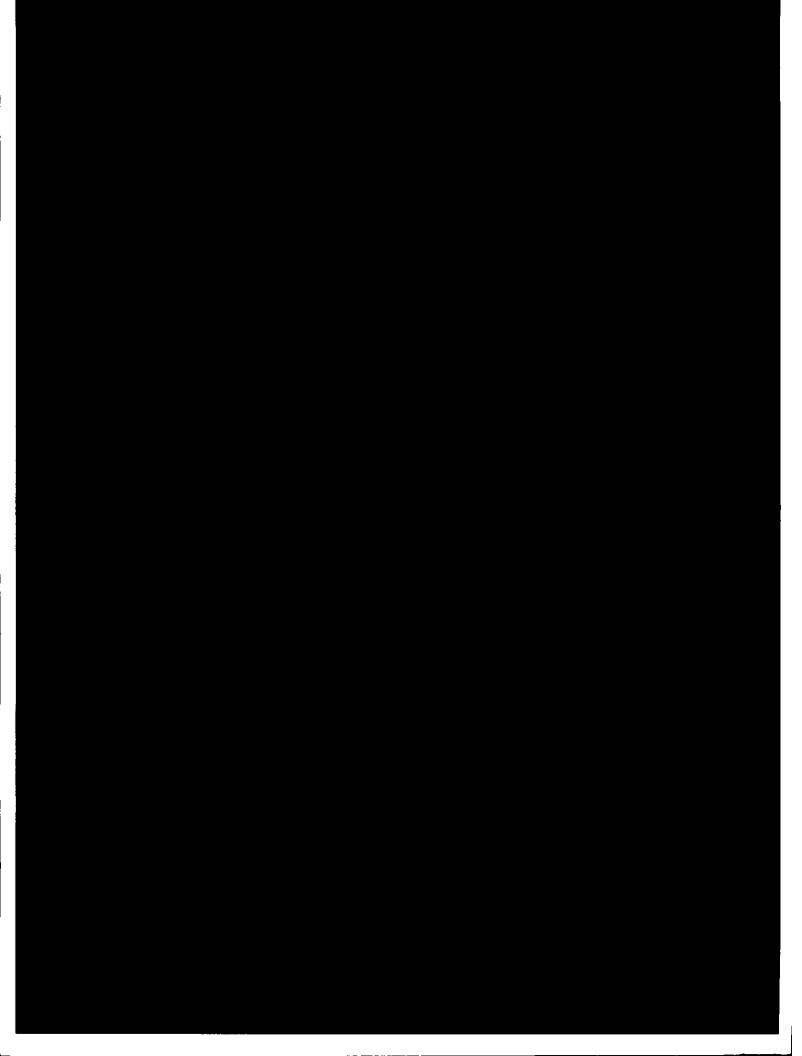
A review is limited primarily to enquiries of company personnel and analytical review procedures applied to the financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Review opinion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements do not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2007, the results of its operations and cash flows for the six month period ended on that date.

Our review was completed on 21 February 2008 and our opinion is expressed as at that date.

Wellington









RECEIVED

2008 MAY 30 A 11: 15

FICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	20 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	.9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

ABN	000 051 696	
30	000 031 696	
We (1	the entity) give ASX the following i	information.
	rt 1 - All issues ust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).
1	*Class of *securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	28,720
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all
	respects from the date of allotment
	with an existing +class of quoted
	*securities?

If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state:

- the date from which they do
- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment

Yes

Issue price or consideration

\$5.718196

Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)

Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates

2,400 - 18 March 2008 26,320 - 19 March 2008

8 Number and †class of all +securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class	
875,787,778	Ordinary	

Appendix 3B Page 2

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Appendix 3B Page 3

Number +Class Number and ⁺class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,267,740 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) 747,000 **Performance Share** Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 Is security holder approval N/A required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or nonrenounceable? Ratio in which the *securities will | N/A 13 be offered *Class of *securities to which the | N/A 14 offer relates

N/A

determine

of

N/A

Closing date for receipt

entitlements are to be dealt with.

Cross reference: rule 7.7.

15

16

17

18

19

⁺Record

entitlements

date

calculating entitlements?

relation to fractions

documents

to

Will holdings on different registers

Policy for deciding entitlements in

Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue

Note: Security holders must be told how their

(or subregisters) be aggregated for

acceptances or renunciations

		[
20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on +security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of thei	do +security holders dispose r entitlements (except by sale h a broker)?	N/A
33	+Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type of	of securities ne)	
(a)		Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entiti	es th	at have ticked box 34(a	
Additio	onal se	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to documen		you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	Entities that have ticked box 34(b)			
38	Number of securities for which [†] quotation is sought			
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought			
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?			
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment			
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period			
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)			
		Number	†Class	
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number	*Class	

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Appendix 3B Page 7

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional *securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the *securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 20 March 2008

Company Secretary

Print name:

William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



RECEIVED

2008 HAY 30 A II: 15

To Company Announcements Office CORPORA Facsimile CORPORA Facsimil

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

20 March 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that as of 12pm EST on 19 March, the top of the reservoir (Farewell Formation) in the Kupe South 8 (KS-8) well has been intersected with elevated gas shows, coring operations completed and the 8-1/2 inch section drilled to a planned final depth of 3,834m MDRT (measured depth from rotary table).

Reservoir evaluation logs will now be run and upon completion, it is planned to set and cement the 5 inch liner.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	3,834m

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

Each of the three production wells will be drilled by the ENSCO 107 jack-up drilling rig to a vertical depth of approximately 3,400 metres.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand: Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

20 March 2008

Origin raises \$1.54 billion from an underwritten syndicated credit facility

Origin Energy Limited ("Origin") is pleased to announce that it has raised \$1.54 billion including oversubscriptions of \$420 million from the syndication of its underwritten 3-year credit facility ("Facility") announced on 11 February 2008.

Origin will pay a margin of 65 basis points per annum above the applicable base rate for each tranche of the Facility.

The Facility is structured on a senior unsecured basis and comprises A\$1.32 billion of revolving and term tranches and a US\$200 million revolving tranche.

Commenting on completion of the Facility, Origin's Chief Financial Officer Frank Calabria said "Origin is very pleased with the support received from a range of domestic and international banks. The Facility will be used along with cash flows and existing facilities to fund Origin's previously announced growth capital expenditure requirements, including power generation projects and ongoing coal seam gas developments."

For further information please contact:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy Ph: 02 8345 5558

Mobile: 0417 864 255



RECEIAED

2008 MAY 30 A 11: 15

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	18 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

ABN 30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	information.
	t 1 - All issues ust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	62,640
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4 Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?

Yes

If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state:

- · the date from which they do
- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment
- ot n i,
- 5 Issue price or consideration

21,600 @ \$4.146826 41,040 @ \$5.718196

6 Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)

Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

7 Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates 17 March 2008

8 Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class
875,759,058	Ordinary

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

+Class Number 9 Number and ⁺class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,296,460 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) 747,000 Performance Share Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue N/A 11 security holder approval [required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-N/A renounceable? Ratio in which the +securities will 13 N/A be offered 14 *Class of *securities to which the N/A offer relates 15 ⁺Record date determine N/A to entitlements 16 Will holdings on different registers N/A (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in N/A relation to fractions 18 Names of countries in which the N/A entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with. Cross reference; rule 7.7.

Closing date for receipt

acceptances or renunciations

19

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 3

of

N/A

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale that a broker)?	N/A
33	+Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type (tick o	of securities one)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employed ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Enti	ties th	at have ticked box 34(a	n)
Addit	ional s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to docume		e you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 5

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entit	Entities that have ticked box 34(b)				
38	Number of securities for which †quotation is sought				
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought				
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		·		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment				
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period				
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)				
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number	+Class		

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 18 March 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	17 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

ABN	000 054 (0)	
30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	information.
	rt 1 - All issues nust complete the relevant sections (attach s	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	37,000
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4 Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?

*securities?

If the additional securities do not

• the date from which they do

rank equally, please state:

- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment

5 Issue price or consideration

5,000 @ \$4.146826 32,000 @ \$5.718196

Yes

6 Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets) Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

7 Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates

5,000 - 13 March 2008 32,000 - 14 March 2008

8 Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number .	+Class
875,696,418	Ordinary

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

+Class Number Number and +class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,359,100 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) Performance Share 747,000 Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue holder 11 Is security approval N/A required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-N/A renounceable? Ratio in which the *securities will | N/A 13 be offered 14 *Class of *securities to which the N/A offer relates 15 +Record N/A date to determine | entitlements Will holdings on different registers N/A 16 (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions Names of countries in which the 18 N/A entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with. Cross reference: rule 7.7.

N/A

Closing date for receipt

acceptances or renunciations

19

1/1/2003

Appendix 3B Page 3

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale the a broker)?	N/A
33	⁺Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur omplete this section if you are appl	
34	Type (tick o	of securities ne)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entiti	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a)
Additi	onal s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to documei		you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entities that have ticked box 34(b)			
38	Number of securities for which ⁺ quotation is sought		
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)		
		Ntt	+01
42	Number and ⁺ class of all ⁺ securities quoted on ASX (<i>including</i> the securities in clause 38)	Number	*Class
		L	

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 17 March 2008

1/1/2003

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



ori	gin

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	13 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOUTH 6, 7 & 8.		

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

13 March 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that at 12pm EST on 12 March, the 8-1/2 inch drilling assembly was being run in to drill out the 9-5/8 inch casing shoe-track on Kupe South 8 (KS-8).

Over the last week, drilling of the 8-1/2 inch section of the Kupe South 6 (KS-6) well reached the planned total depth of 3,385m MDRT (measured depth from rotary table), reservoir evaluation logs were completed, the 5 inch liner set and cemented and the well suspended.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,385m
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	_

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

Each of the three production wells will be drilled by the ENSCO 107 jack-up drilling rig to a vertical depth of approximately 3,400 metres.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact: Media - New Zealand:

Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie, Manager Investor Relations

Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au



RECEIVED

2008 EAY 30 A H: 15

TRICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FRANCIS

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	12 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

OR	ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED		
ABN			
30	000 051 696		
We (the entity) give ASX the following	information.	
	rt 1 - All issues nust complete the relevant sections (attach s	heets if there is not enough space).	
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares	
2	Number of +securities issued or to		
2	be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	2,600	
2	Deinsinal towns of the tassociation		
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	
		L	

1/1/2003

Name of entity

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?	Yes
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: • the date from which they do • the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment • the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment	
5	Issue price or consideration	\$4.146826
6	Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)	Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.
7	Dates of entering *securities into	11 March 2008

8 Number and *class of all
*securities quoted on ASX
(including the securities in clause
2 if applicable)

Number	+Class	
875,659,418	Ordinary	

of

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁷ Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Number +Class 9 Number and *class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,396,100 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) 747,000 Performance Share Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a All Shares Participate Equally trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 security holder approval N/A required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-N/A renounceable? Ratio in which the *securities will | N/A 13 be offered ⁺Class of ⁺securities to which the 14 offer relates 15 +Record to determine N/A entitlements 16 Will holdings on different registers N/A (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? 17 Policy for deciding entitlements in N/A relation to fractions 18 Names of countries in which the N/A entity has +security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with. Cross reference: rule 7.7.

Closing date for receipt

acceptances or renunciations

of

1/1/2003

19

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A .
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale that a broker)?	N/A		
33	†Desp	atch date	N/A		
		Quotation of secur			
34	Type of	of securities ne)			
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1			
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities		
Entit	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a	n)		
Addit	ional s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities		
Tick to docume		you are providing the informat	ion or		
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by		
36		If the *securities are *equity securities, a distribution schedule of the additional *securities setting out the number of holders in the categories 1 - 1,000 1,001 - 5,000 5,001 - 10,000 10,001 - 100,000 100,001 and over			
37		A copy of any trust deed for th	ne additional *securities		

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 5

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entities that have ticked box 34(b)						
38	Number of securities for which ⁺ quotation is sought					
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought					
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?					
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment					
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period					
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)					
42	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)	Number	+Class			

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 12 March 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



CECEIAED

2003 MAY 30 A II: 16

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	7 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

OR	IGIN ENERGY LIMITED	
ABN 30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	nformation.
	t 1 - All issues sust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	40,300
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003

Name of entity

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?
	If the additional securities do not

Yes

rank equally, please state:

- the date from which they do
- the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment
- the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment

5 Issue price or consideration

20,300 @ \$5.718196 20,000 @ \$4.146826

6 Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets) Issued as a result of the exercise of Options issued pursuant to the rules of the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

7 Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates

6 March 2008

8 Number and *class of all
*securities quoted on ASX
(including the securities in clause
2 if applicable)

Number	+Class
875,656,818	Ordinary

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

+Class Number Number and +class of all *securities not quoted on ASX 14,398,700 **Options** (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable) 747,000 Performance Share Rights 10 Dividend policy (in the case of a **All Shares Participate Equally** trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests) Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue 11 Is security holder approval N/A required? 12 Is the issue renounceable or non-N/A renounceable? Ratio in which the *securities will 13 N/A be offered 14 *Class of *securities to which the offer relates 15 ⁺Record determine N/A date to entitlements Will holdings on different registers N/A 16 (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements? Policy for deciding entitlements in 17 relation to fractions 18 Names of countries in which the N/A . entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with.

19

Cross reference; rule 7.7.

Closing date for receipt

acceptances or renunciations

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 3

N/A

of

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on *security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders .	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of thei	do *security holders dispose rentitlements (except by sale habroker)?	N/A
33	*Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type of (tick o	of securities ne)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entit	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a	n)
Additi	ional s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to docume		you are providing the informat	tion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional liber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	he additional ⁺ securities

Appendix 3B Page 5

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entiti	ies that have ticked box 34(b)		
38	Number of securities for which †quotation is sought		
39	Class of *securities for which quotation is sought		
40	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities?		
	If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: the date from which they do the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment		
41	Reason for request for quotation now Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period		
	(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)		
42	Number and ⁺ class of all ⁺ securities quoted on ASX (<i>including</i> the securities in clause 38)	Number	+Class

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- †Quotation of our additional *securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the *securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

4.4

Date: 7 March 2008

Company Secretary

Print name:

William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



RECEIVED

5008 HAY 30 A 11: 19

CORPORATE FINANCE

Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOL	JTH 6, 7 & 8.	
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	6 March 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

06 March 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that at 12pm EST on 05 March, coring of the 8-1/2 inch section of the Kupe South 6 (KS-6) well had been completed and drilling had reached a depth of 3,313m MDRT (measured depth from rotary table). As anticipated, KS-6 encountered a hydrocarbon column in the Farewell Formation. The planned total depth for the section is 3,385m MDRT. Upon completion, it is planned to conduct wire-line logging prior to setting and cementing the 5 inch liner.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,313m
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

Each of the three production wells will be drilled by the ENSCO 107 jack-up drilling rig to a vertical depth of approximately 3,400 metres.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand: Greta Shirley

+64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au





То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	6 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	55
Subject	PRESENTATION		

Attached for your information is a presentation being made by Mr Grant King, Managing Director and Mr Frank Calabria, Chief Financial Officer to investors in Asia and the United Kingdom.

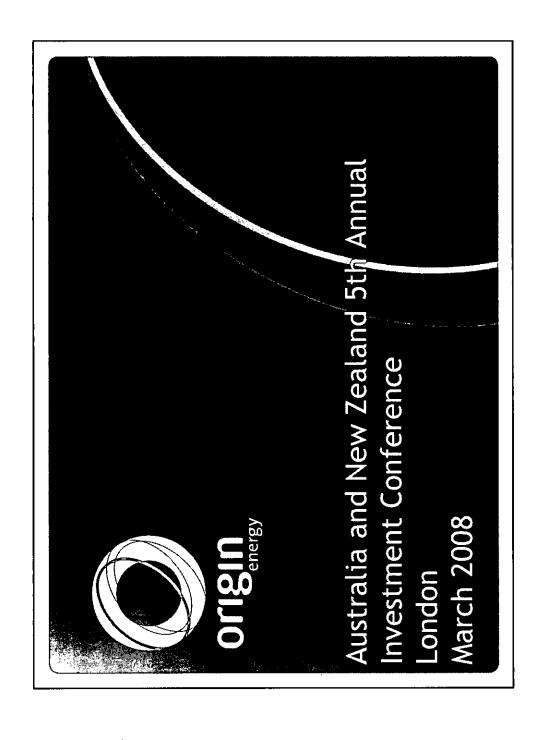
A copy of the presentation can also be obtained from our website www.originenergy.com.au under the Investor Centre - Presentations section.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



Outline

- Origin's strategy
- Highlights
- Strategy implementation
- Appendix Reserves position and five year financials

Any forward looking information in this presentation has been prepared on the basis of a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect and these statements speak only as of the date of this presentation. This presentation should not be relied upon as a recommendation to buy or sell shares by Origin Energy Limited.

Nothing in this presentation should be construed as either an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell shares in Origin Energy Limited.





been established to respond to changes in the energy industry Origin's financial objectives and business strategies have

Financial Objective

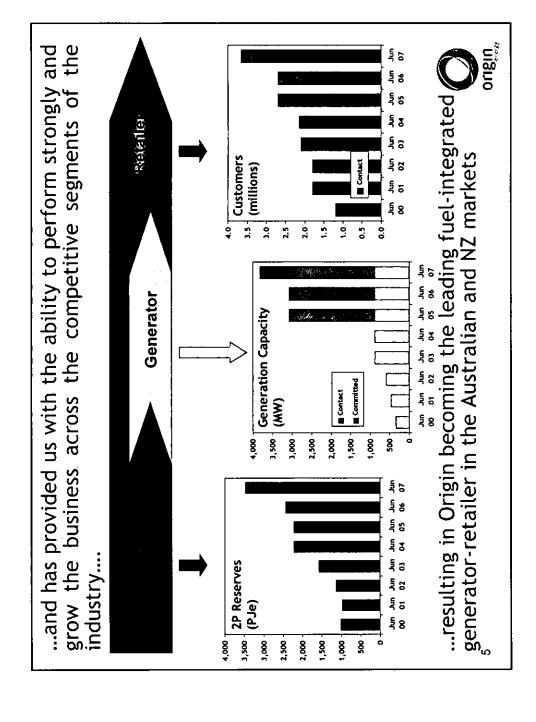
- · Steady and predictable cashflows
- EPS growth of 10-15% pa on average

Business Strategy

- · Positioned in the competitive (rather than regulated) segments of the Australian energy industry
- Integrated across these segments to:
- Better manage risk through natural hedges
- Enhance the range of growth opportunities
- Pursue other opportunities that leverage skills and knowledge

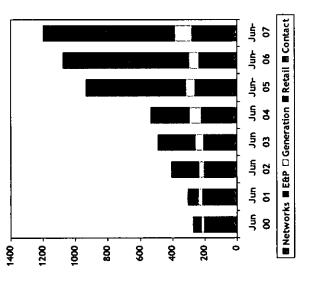
While these objectives and strategies are continually reviewed, they are still relevant today...





restricted hydro generation and The effective implementation of this strategy helps us manage experienced higher wholesale gas costs in the middle of the called on extra gas for power year, largely in response to The gas market in Victoria Source: NEWMCO, AFMA and Origin Energy the volatility in wholesale electricity and gas prices which water shortages which Victorian Spot and Forward Contract Electricity Prices generation 1,200,000 arise in the energy industry peaking around June 07 it continues Origin's risk management strategies to signal a shift to higher wholesale Victorian Gas Weighted Average Spot Price and Demand (01 Jan 2006 to 15 Feb 2008) severe price shocks in the NEM over curve has fallen significantly since calendar 2007. While the forward 2H07 • Price - \$3.96 have seen it effectively manage prices in the medium term Average Price - \$3.03 Average Price - \$3.04 2 ဖ The integrated strategy has provided a range of growth opportunities which have provided...





- Initial growth in Retail came from acquisitions and margin expansion - with further consolidation likely (eg NSW privatisation)
- Longer term investments will drive growth in E&P - with large projects such as CSG, BassGas, and the Otway Gas Project now starting to add earnings in FY 08
- Conditions were historically unfavourable for large-scale Generation investments however recent wholesale price rises have provided the signal for Origin to start building its own base-load generation and add to its peaking assets
- Contact Energy acquired in 2004 brought immediate earnings and provides a strong growth platform in renewables
- The low-growth Networks business was sold at the end of FY 07

, followed by growth in the E&P and Generation areas ... with initial growth in the Retail segment being



These strategies have resulted in significant growth and increasing value for shareholders

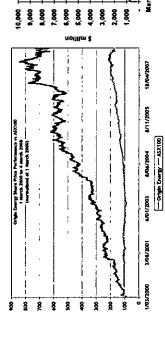


2000 to 44 cents per share in 2007 (underlying) EPS has increased from 13 cents per share in

O FCFPS O EPS O DPS

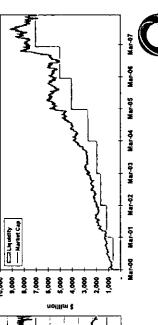
8

- Since 2001 Origin has steadily increased its dividends, paying 21 cps fully franked in 2007
 - outperformed the ASX 100 index since listing Origin's share price has significantly
 - increased as the share-price has risen, with capital raisings in 2001, 2005 and late 2006 Market capitalisation and liquidity have following significant acquisitions

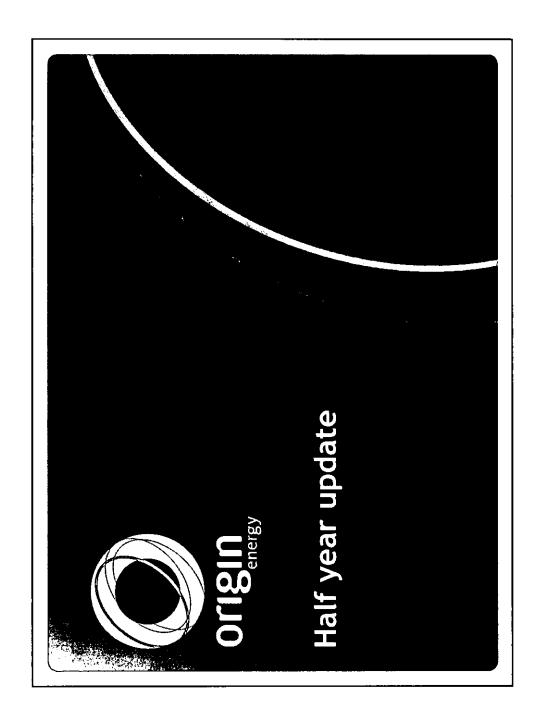


Free cash flow after stay-in-business capital, interest and tax £

Origin



φ



The last six months has seen Origin continuing to build its integrated business

Exploration and Production

- Increased CSG production
- Otway commissioning commenced
- Halladale / Blackwatch and Swift assets acquired
- Good progress on Kupe Gas Project

Retail

- Tariff increases in electricity and gas
- On track with Sun Retail integration
 - Maintained customers numbers
- Market leader in green products
- Progress on retail systems strategy

Contact Energy

Construction of Darling Downs and

Generation

Quarantine commenced

Committed to Mt Stuart expansion

- Higher gas costs absorbed
- geothermal and wind projects Secured access to gas storage Progressed development of
- Rockgas Integration

development and acquired rights to

additional development sites

Committed to Cullerin wind farm

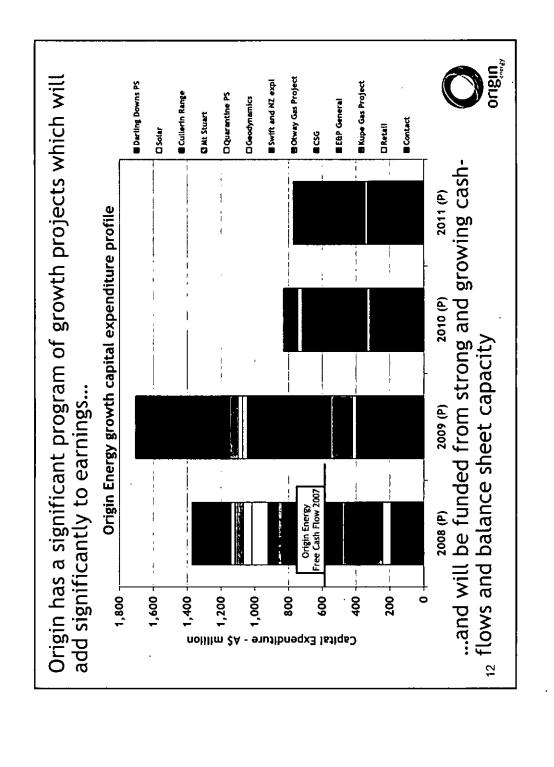
Geodynamics farm-in

Safety: Improved TRIFR by 53% from 22.8 in Dec 06 to 10.6 in Dec 07



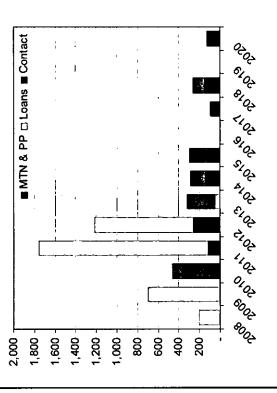
In the half year to December 2007 Origin delivered steady underlying earnings and continued increasing dividend payments to shareholders

	Dividends - cents per share	r share	Performance Highlights (HY 2008)	ts (HY 2008)	
52	-		• Revenue	\$3,817 million	₹ 33%
2	100% 100% 40% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	% 100% 100%	• EBITDAF	\$608 million	3%
1			· EBIT	\$634 million	₹ 31%
5		-	 Statutory Profit 	\$335 million	44%
	œ.		 Underlying Profit 	\$200 million	3%
2			· 0CAT	\$385 million	2%
	in		• EPS - Statutory	38.3 cps	1 32%
^	m	-	- Underlying	22.9 cps	11%
-	4		• OCAT Ratio - Calendar Year	11.8%	
•	FY01 FY02 FY03 FY04 FY05 FY06 FY07 FY07 M Dec half Jun half	6 FY07 FY07	 Adjusted net debt / (debt + equity) 	38%	
	Based on prevail	ling ma	Based on prevailing market conditions Origin should	n should	0
τ-	financial year of at least 15%	ase III e	st 15%	,	Origin



Origin has less than 5% of its debt portfolio maturing in the next 12 months...

Origin Debt & Bank Guarantee Maturity Profile (Financial years, \$ million)



- Diversified funding base comprising domestic and US bonds, syndicated bank facilities and bilateral bank facilities
- Strong supportive Bank group
- Origin recently executed 3 year underwritten bank loan facility for A\$900 million and US\$200 million
- Discussions commenced on \$200 million rollover due in May 2008

Total committed debt & bank guarantee facilities of AS5.7 billion

... and currently has undrawn committed debt facilities of $m{\zeta}$

Origin

Origin already has in place projects and opportunities that will deliver ongoing growth...

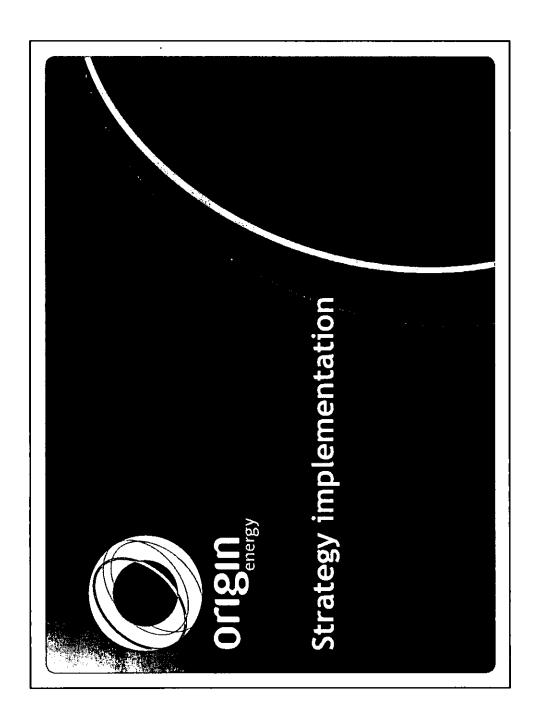
- · Leading CSG reserves position and increasing production volumes
- Major liquids-rich offshore gas projects progressively coming on-line: BassGas producing, Otway commissioning, Kupe under construction
- Over 900 MW committed, including largest Australian CCGT and Origin's first wind project
- Tenders sought for a further 500 MW OCGT
- Pipeline of over 2000 MW of opportunities
- Good access to markets

...and is well positioned for a carbon constrained future

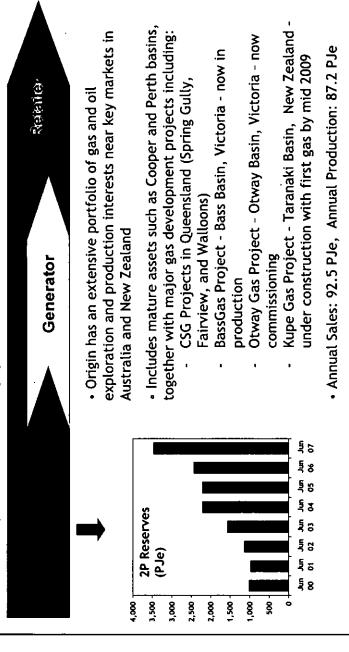
- **Growing CSG reserves**
- Lower emissions gas fired generation
- Renewable energy projects and opportunities: geothermal and wind across Australia and New Zealand plus SLIVER® Solar technology
- Leading green energy supplier: 361,000 green customers signed
- Voted Ethical Investor Sustainable Company of the Year 2007

Origin's integrated strategy continues to provide the basis for long term development and growth





Integration into fuel has been a key component of Origin's positioning - establishing gas reserves close to markets...

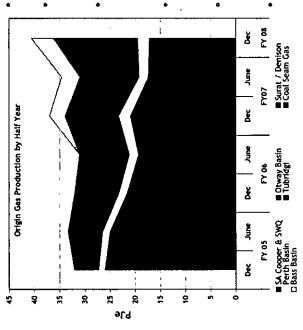


... which can be brought to market at competitive prices

• 2P reserves: 3,471 PJe

to help underpin Retail and Generation positions

Over the last decade Origin has made a series of investments the Cooper Basin and other traditional gas producing areas... in new production areas to offset the anticipated decline of



The Cooper Basin is in decline as contract volumes begin to ramp down

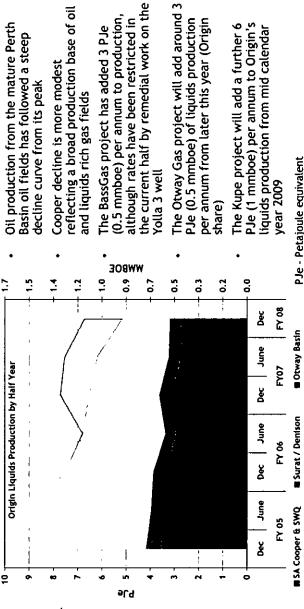
Origin's CSG projects have ramped up over the last few years and now produce more than the Cooper Basin interest BassGas has added to production, although has been restricted in the current half by the requirement for remedial work on the Yolla 3 well

The Otway Gas project is currently commissioning and will add 18 PJ of gas sales per annum (Origin share)

The Kupe project starting in mid calendar year 2009 will add a further 10 PJ of gas sales per annum (Origin share)

 Further contracted or committed CSG sales will add around 70 PJ per annum by mid calendar year 2011

delivering, and the Otway Gas Project, Kupe and further ...with CSG developments and the BassGas project now CSG expansion yet to come Oil production from the Perth Basin continues to decline, as is oil, condensate and LPG production from the Cooper Basin although at a more modest rate



PJe - Petajoule equivalent

☐ Bass Basin

mmboe - Million barrels of oil equivalent (1mmboe = 5.83 PJe)

progressively supplemented by production from the Otway and the liquids-rich Kupe projects over the next two years While liquids from BassGas has commenced and will be

Origin has established an extensive acreage position across the prime coal seam gas fairways in Queensland...

Current key assets are:

Queensland

Bowen Basin

- · Comet Ridge (Fairview, Spring Gully)
- Condabri, Argyle, Kenya, Lauren) Undulla Nose (Talinga, Orana,

Sea

dew & Spring Gully reserves: 1,677 PJ reserves: 2,226 PJ

Frough

Origin permit

- Total fields is 2,470 PJ (July 2007), while 3P Origin's share of 2P reserves in these exploration and acquisition costs are reserves are estimated at 4,578 PJ. around \$240 million.
- expansion likely to be the Walloon areas potential - with the next key area for Reserves quoted exclude exploration away from the Undulla Nose
- the supply of around 880 PJ to the Darling parties for over 1,000 PJ, in addition to Origin has written contracts with 3rd Downs power project over 20 years

Origin is the only company to hold extensive positions across Walloon (Undulla Nose) CSG
Tallinga, Argyle & Kenya
fields
Preserves; 793 PJ
3P reserves; 2,352 PJ both the Walloons and Fairview/Spring Gully provinces, and has total finding and acquisition costs for 2P CSG reserves

booked to date of less than 10 cents per gigajoule

Origin has been increasing CSG production to meet contracted requirements

- Origin's equity share of CSG reached 100TJ/d in mid December 2007
- achieved peak sales of 73TJ/d (Origin share Spring Gully continues to ramp up &

Origin's CSG Production

2

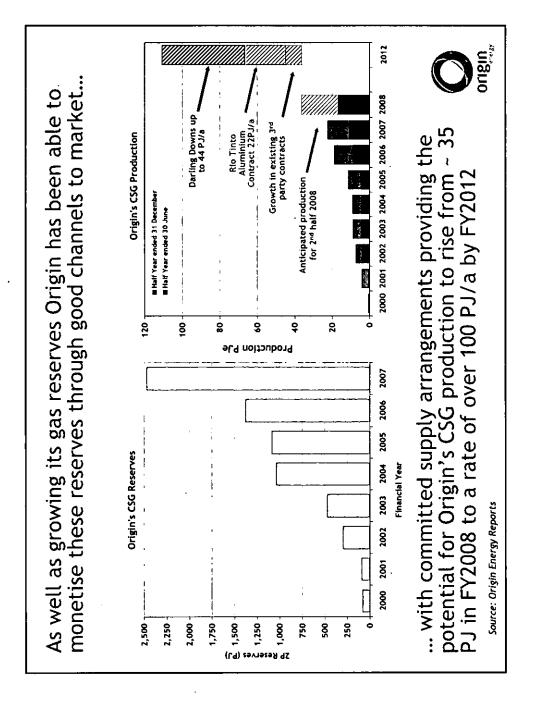
0

t Production PJe

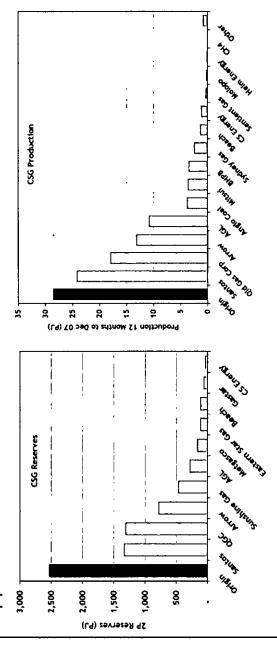
- Fairview: The operator (Santos) announced aimed at increasing production capacity to a development and exploration program 110TJ/d by 2009
- Gas sales from Origin's interests in Walloons service a 7 PJ/a contract with Incitec Pivot commenced during October 2007 and will (operated by Queensland Gas Company)
- growing strongly as ramp up continues and EBIT margins in Origin's CSG business are reserves are added

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 ■ Half Year ended 30 June □ Half Year ended 31 December Phase 5 of the Spring Gully project is progressing, which is designed to increase plant capacity to 150TJ/d





Origin retains its clear leadership in CSG production, reserves reserve positions available to address a range of commercial and contracting with large 2P (2,470 PJ) and 3P (4,578 PJ) opportunities

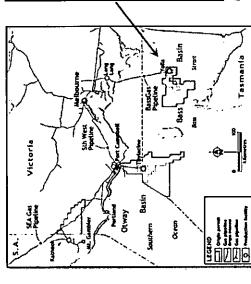


With low finding costs, a large reserves base and channels to market Origin is well placed to optimise value from its CSG position

Source: Energy Quest, February 2008

Origin

Origin is the Operator and a 42.5% interest holder in the BassGas project which commenced operation in Sept 2006





BassGas Project: Yolla A platform viewed from the flare-boom

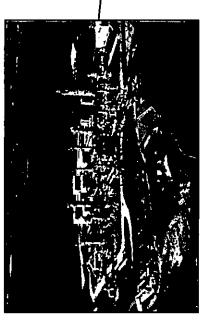
Gross annual production will be approximately 20 PJ of sales gas and 1.4 million barrels of condensate and LPG

Origin is purchasing 100% of the sales gas output for its Retail operations in Victoria

2

The Otway Gas Project has commenced commissioning and is expected to reach steady production during March

Victoria

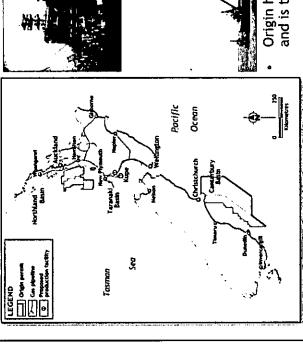




 Gross annual production will be approximately 60 PJ of sales gas and 1.8 million barrels of condensate and LPG Origin has a 30.75% interest in the project and is purchasing 48.5% of the sales gas for its Retail operations



In New Zealand construction of the Kupe Gas Project is progressing to schedule...





•Top Left - Topside fabrication in Singapore

 Top Right - installation of platform jacket using the jack-up rig which will drill the development wells

Left - platform jacket arriving in New Zealand

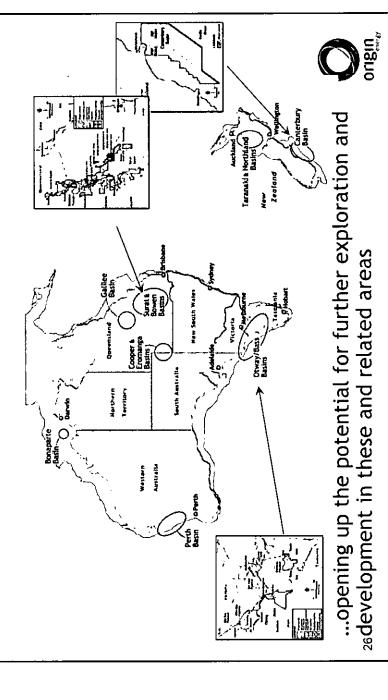
Origin has a 50% interest in the Kupe Gas Project and is the Project Operator

Gross annual production will be approximately 20 PJ of sales gas and over 2 million barrels of condensate and LPG

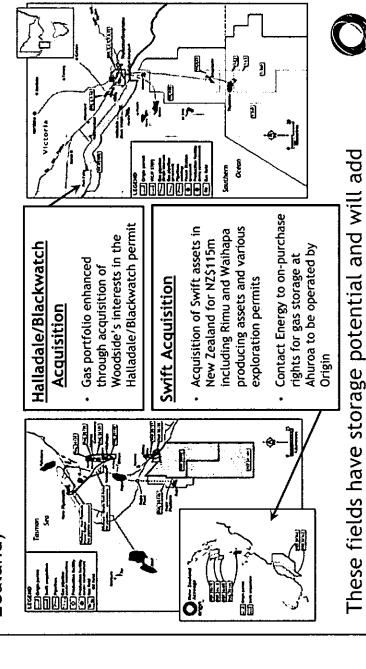


... and Origin is continuing to evaluate exploration results across its New Zealand portfolio

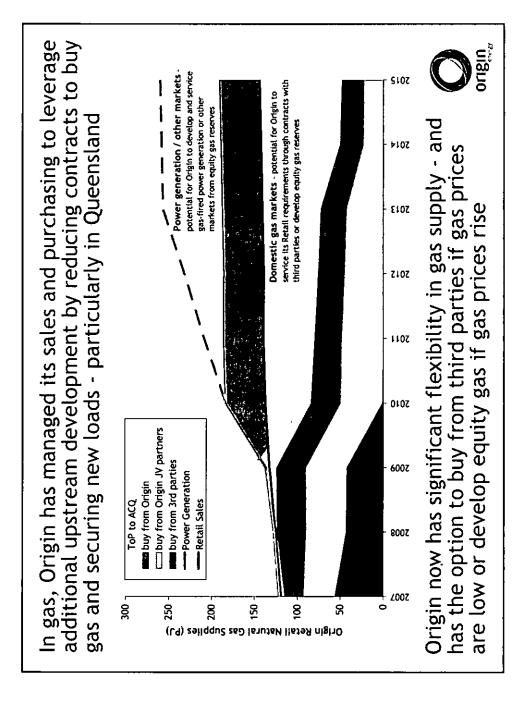
The BassGas Project, Otway Gas Project, Kupe Gas Project and CSG developments are each establishing new production infrastructure in areas where we hold prospective acreage...



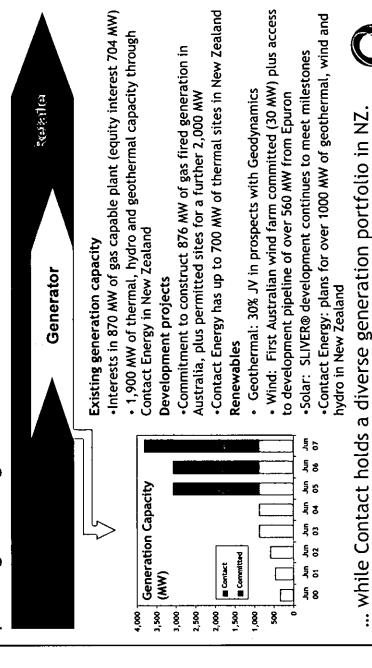
Halladale/Blackwatch fields (Victoria) and Swift assets (New Acquisitions: Origin recently acquired 100% interests in the Zealand



flexibility to the fuel supply position of the Origin Group origing,



Origin's generation position in Australia has to date comprised peaking and co-generation units...



origin

Origin is now constructing Australia's largest combined cycle

gas fired power station at Darling Downs in Queensland

Origin has interests in 870 MW of peaking and co-generation in Australia and over 1,900 MW through Contact Energy in New Zealand, and is creating new development opportunities

Australia

Plants	Capacity (MW)	Operation	Fuel
Озвоте	(co li cu)	Base	Gass
Worsley	120 (Co ge n)	aseg	SEP.
Bulwer Island	32 (Cogen)	Base	Çes
Mt Stuart	(1930) 887	Peak	ner fuel
Quarandhe	96 (00.037)	Peak	ध्य
Ladbroke Grove	IIO (OCGT)	Peak	Gas
Roma	(1930) 1/2	Peak	545

New Zealand

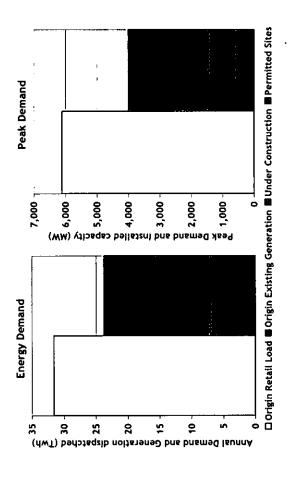
Plants	Capacity (MW)	Орегатіоп	Fuel
Otahuhu A	Reactive Power	Reactive Power	Sas S
Otahuhu B	402 (CCGT)	Base/Int	Sus
Te Rapa	44 (Cogen)	gase/Int	Çes
Ohaald	105 (Geothermal)	psag	Сеобъетъй
Watrakeri	181 (Geothermal)	asad	Сеодъетъ
Pothips	55 (Geothermal)	pag	уветне
Clyde	432 (Hydro)	Sese	Hydro
Rochurgh	320 (Hydro)	erse	тырун
Taranaki	377 (СССТ)	Base/Int	129

Hap key Con many to the second of the secon	Constitution of the second	Base load under construction
K. S.		-1
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		

Base load permitted sitesPeaking expansionWind options

30

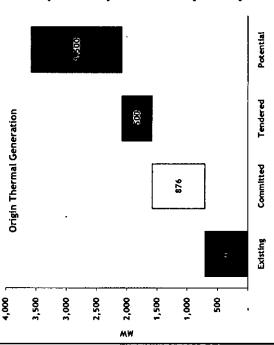
channel to market and opportunity for growth in generation In Australia Origin's retail business provides a substantial



Development of permitted base load power stations sites is likely to be staged over several years. The potential impact of developing all permitted sites is illustrated.

opportunities could increase Origin's generation capacity 🏻 to approximately 50% of electricity peak requirements Expansion at existing sites and permitted greenfield

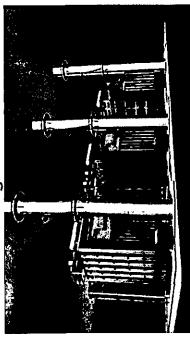
Origin has committed to build an additional 876 MW of gas fired power generation, including Australia's largest combined cycle gas turbine plant at Darling Downs...



- 120MW expansion of Quarantine peaking power station in Adelaide increasing Origin's peaking capacity in South Australia. Expected completion in late 2008 calendar year
- 126MW expansion of Mt Stuart peaking power station in Townsville. Plant jet-fuelled turbine with potential to convert to gas. Expected completion in mid-2009 calendar year
- 630MW base load gas-fired Darling Downs power station at Braemar, Qld. Largest CCGT in Australia and will have one of the lowest short run marginal costs in the NEM due to integration with CSG development. Expected completion in early 2010 calendar year
- Tenders sought for first 500 MW OCGT at Mortlake. Permitted sites available for an additional 1,500 MW
- Origin committed and tendered projects of 1,376 MW represent almost half of NEM new build requirement to 2012



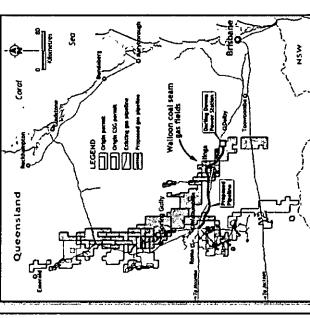
... with significant opportunities for further expansion at already permitted sites At 630 MW the Darling Downs combined cycle power station will be the largest CCGT on the NEM...





- Located at Braemar in Queensland on the NSW / QLD transmission interconnector
- Low life cycle cost, one of the lowest short-run-marginal-costs in the National Electricity Market
- 630MW combined cycle power station with three Frame 9E gas turbines with a capacity of 120MW each, three boilers and a steam turbine of 270 MW capacity.
- Construction contract worth \$780 million
- Air-cooled using three per cent of the water a conventional water cooled coalfired power station would use
- Half the greenhouse gas emissions of a coal-fired power station using current technology. Annual saving of 2.5 million tonnes of greenhouse gases a year

... and expansion of the Spring Gully and Talinga fields will provide a low cost flexible gas supply...



•There will be a combined investment of around \$760 million to complete the Spring Gully development, start the coal seam gas development in the Walloons and construct the connecting infrastructure to service both the Darling Downs and RTA contracts.

•The Spring Gully field will be expanded from 85 TJ/d capacity, with an additional 60 wells, increased gas processing capacity, a water treatment plant

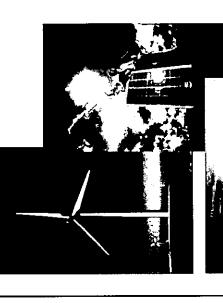
•To meet the power station load of up to 44 PJ/annum and the Rio Tinto contract for a further 22 PJ/a Spring Gully be will supplemented by development of the Talinga field in the Walloon coal seams

 A gas pipeline connecting the gas hub at Wallumbilla to the Talinga field and Darling Downs Power Station will be built.

... to service both the Darling Downs Power Station (44 PJ/a) and the Rio Tinto gas supply contract (22 34PJ/a)



Origin is well positioned to capture value from key climate change developments...



Geothermal

- Origin acquired a 30% stake in a JV with Geodynamics Ltd. The JV owns permits in South Australia
- Geodynamics have drilled 3 wells to-date.
 Habanero 3 was completed in early 2008 and is currently being evaluated

vind

- Origin acquired an option for access to 590MW of wind farm development sites from Epuron
 - Origin has committed to build the first 30MW wind farm at Cullerin Range

olar

- Continue to work on plans for an at scale facility which will enable commercialisation of SLIVER®
- Unit sales of grid-connected solar photovoltaic installation grew over 200% during the period
 - Certification of product for sale by European authorities achieved

... across its low emissions intensity gas and renewable 3.options

Source: Origin Energy



Contact has a similar set of opportunities which can be leveraged in the New Zealand environment



Geothermal

- 500 MW of new geothermal generation in various stages of development
- Stage 1: 225 MW Te Mihi project construction commencing late 2008
 - Stage 2: 245 MW Tauhara project first 20 MW in construction 2008, remaining 225 MW in construction late 2009

Wind

 550 MW located on the Waikato coastline from 2011

Hydro

- 17 MW Hawea Gates project in construction from 2009
- New large-scale hydro projects in development

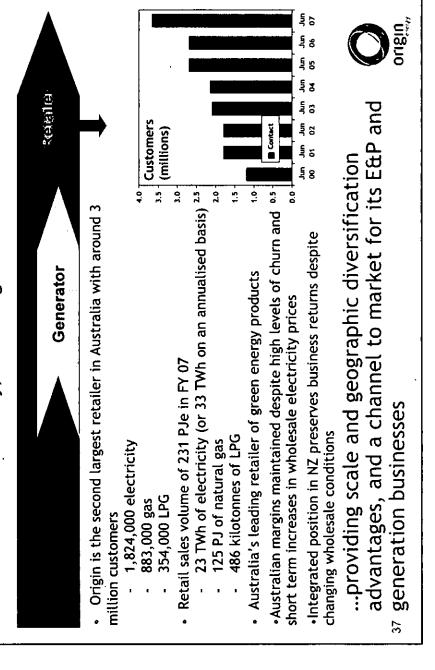
Thermal

- Stratford peaking plant up to 300 MW
- Otahuhu C base-load CCGT up to 400 MW

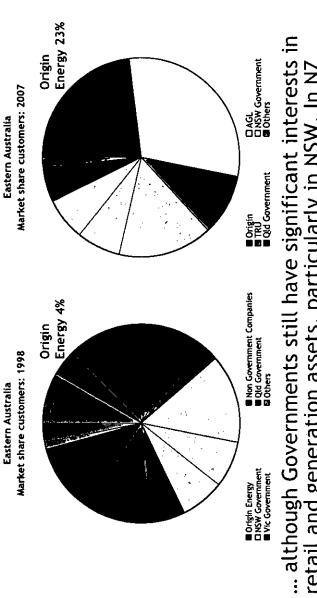


Source: Contact Energy

Origin is one of the largest energy retailers in Australia with over 3 million electricity, natural gas and LPG customers...

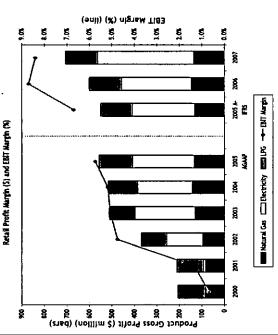


energy markets substantially over time as energy market reforms have seen the sector deregulated and privatised... Origin Energy has increased its share of eastern Australian



retail and generation assets, particularly in NSW. In NZ Contact currently has a 28% share of the retail electricity market and 35% of the retail gas market

Source: 1998 Data various public sources / Origin Energy estimates 2006 Data - UBS Australian Utilities Structure 2006 Origin has been able to increase its energy retailing margins through building scale and effectively managing tariffs, churn, cost to serve and risk...



- Australia with over 3 million customers, providing significant scale advantages
 - The company has effectively worked with governments on tariff regulation and managed the implementation of tariff paths in each of its key markets
- Origin's cost to serve per customer improved in both the last full year and half year reporting periods, reflecting increased scale, active cost management programs, and in the recent half a moderation in churn rates Origin integrated strategy and risk
 - Origin integrated strategy and risk management processes have effectively managed the company's exposure to the volatile wholesale gas and electricity markets

 Note: 2006 and 2007 excludes changes in fair value of financial instruments and Sun Retail one-off integration costs.

...with Retail margins for the full financial year to June 08 are expected to be in line with the year to June 07



with the highest churn rates in the world. In late 2007 high Over the last several years Origin has operated in markets wholesale prices began to moderate churn rates ... Mass Market Churn: Completed and Pending# December 2007 Origin Energy Accounts Numbers

Vic Elec

40%

SA Elec NSW Elec

35%

30%

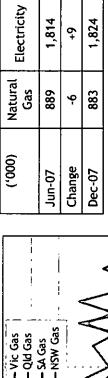
25%

20%

% Churn: Monthly data annualised

15%

10%



2,703

2,707

Total

+0.1%	+0.5%	-0.6%	.hange
-------	-------	-------	--------

- Origin effectively retained accounts numbers
- origin now has 838,000 dual fuel accounts, up 48,000 on June 2007
 Over 260k electricity customer
- accounts in SA and NSW
 361k customers signed to Green
 Jan-08 products

origin ... yet Origin still had to win over 236k new accounts for 🌈 40 a net gain of 4k gas and electricity accounts #Source: Various websites including Vencorp, Nemmco, Gasmarketco and Company Information

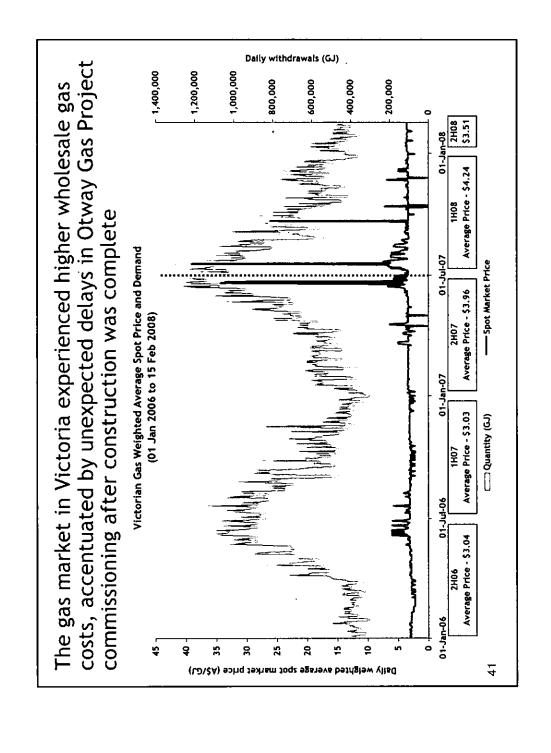
"Old Elec market churn excludes Origin retains and estimated AGL retains

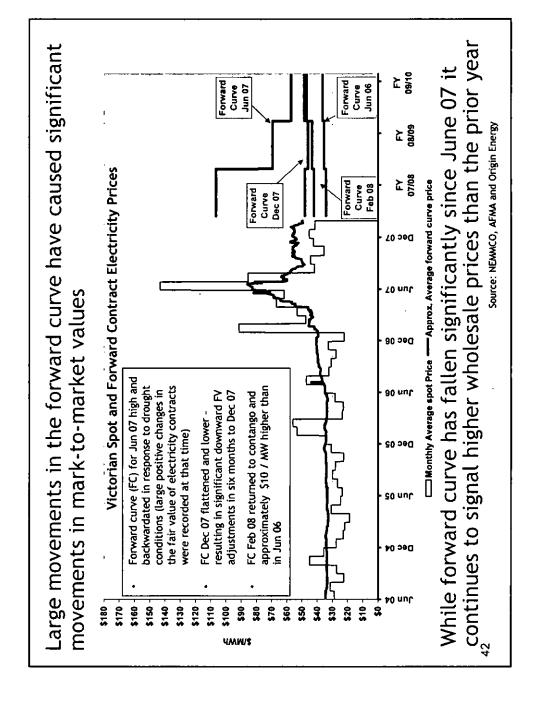
Jan-07

Jan-06

8

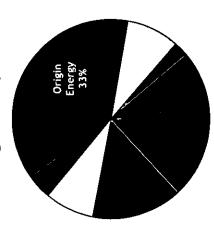
%





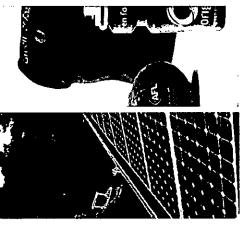
Origin has clearly established its leadership position in green energy sales and carbon responsibility...

A leading market position*



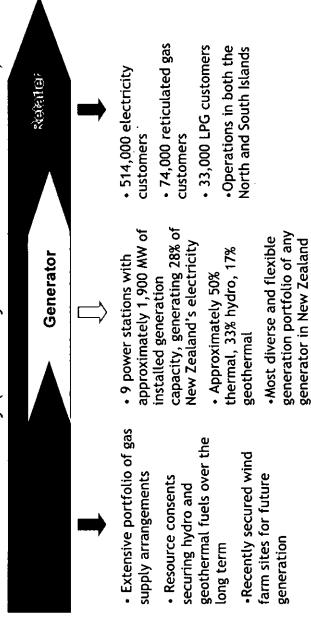
- In December 2007 Origin had signed 361,000 GreenPower customers
- ... resulting in continuing and credible retail market differentiation and emerging brand strength
- 43 * Source: GreenPower Website Quarterly Report (September 2007)

and leading market products



- Unit sales of grid-connected solar photovoltaic installation grew over 200% during the period
- Origin introduced to the market an innovative solar hot water product, which allows customers to add solar panels to its existing gas or electricity system
 A selection of Origin's GreenPower products once again achieved the highest ranking in Green Electricity Watch

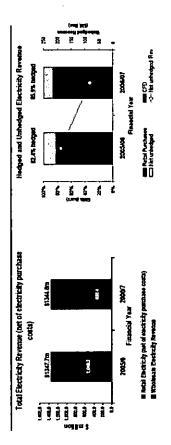
which provides a natural hedge to seasonal variations in the In New Zealand Contact Energy also has an integrated position wholesale electricity (where hydro is the dominant fuel)...



อายูเก็ ... and with energy supply in NZ limited Contact has a relatively long energy / short Retail position

The integrated strategy of Contact Energy also provides a significant internal hedge for its business

Electricity Revenue

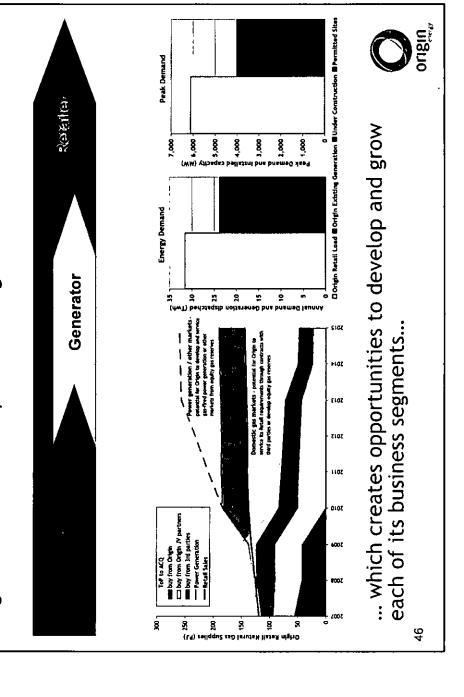


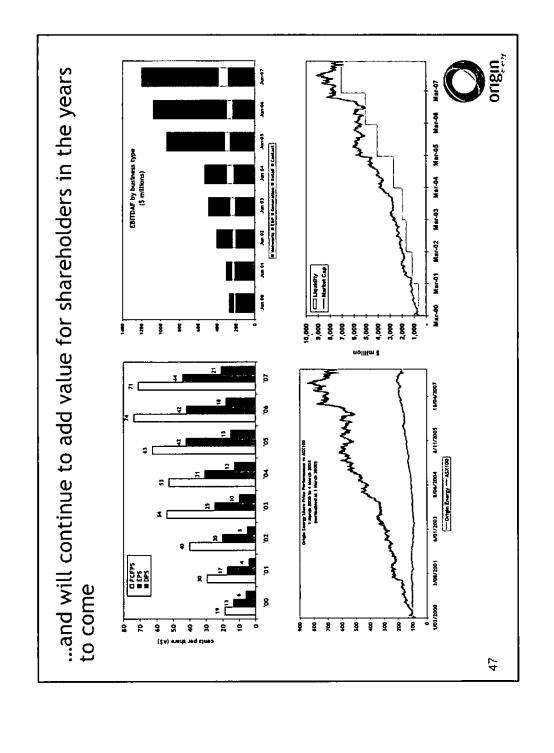
- The average wholesale electricity price for the financial year ended 30 June 2007 was \$53.70/M/Mh, a 42%
- This drove the change in the relative contributions between retail and wholesale
- Gross retail electricity revenue increased by 8.3% with sales volume increasing by 2.7% and average sales price by 5.6% per KWh
- Customer numbers reduced from 515,000 at the end of the 2006 financial year to 513,000 as at 30 June
 2007; however they increased slightly during the second half of the 2007 financial year (from 511,000 as at
 31 December 2006)

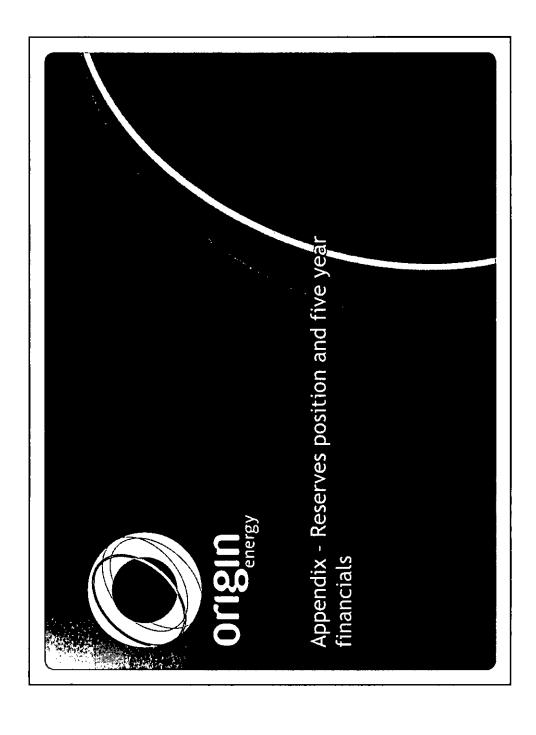
...providing stable year on year earnings despite large changes in wholesale electricity prices



Origin continues to deepen the integration across its business...







Origin's 2P reserves increased by 42% year-on-year with the reserves growth coming predominantly from CSG...

Origin 2P reserves by Product	GAS	LPG	CONDENSATE	OIL	TOTAL
1/07/2007	(PJ)	(KT)	(KBBLS)	(KBBLS)	(PJe)
Reserves at 1/7/06	2,199	1,821	20,275	6,276	2,436
Net additions & revisions	1,126	16	(11)	(638)	1,123
Production	72	67	784	1,328	87
Reserves at 30/06/07	3,252	1,770	19,238	4,310	3,471
Reserves by Region					
Central Queensland - CSG	2,470	-	•	•	2,470
Central Queensland - conventional	78	54	407	141	\$
Cooper Basin	163	273	2,099	2,610	203
Other onshore Australia	15	•	32	1,210	22
Otway Basin - Offshore	270	515	3,764	•	315
Bass Basin	131	397	5,620	349	183
New Zealand	127	531	7,352	1	19 <u>4</u>

... while Origin continues to undertake technical evaluation of discoveries in the offshore Otway (Halladale & Blackwatch) and Bass (Trefoil) basins



49 (1) PJe - petajoule equivalent - a measure of energy

Profit & Loss

Revenue EBITDAF				= = =	(EC)	
EBITDAF	2,429	3,352	3,556	4,902	5,880	6,456
	405	941	532	918	1,076	1,201
EBIT	231	295	329	959	791	943
Net Financing Cost(1)	(43)	(49)	(45)	(148)	(175)	(215)
Tax expense	(54)	(80)	(77)	(137)	(169)	(157)
Minority Interests	(2)	(5)	(2)	(70)	(122)	(135)
NPAT - Statutory	129	162	205	301	332	457
NPAT - Underlying					338	370
EPS - Statutory	20.2	24.8	30.0	42.1	41.9	54.7
EPS - Underlying					42.7	4.3
ROE	8.1%	9.2%	10.6%	11.9%	12.3%	7.8%

From 1 July 2005, the Origin Energy was required to comply with Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (A-IFRS) issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board. The financial results for the year ended 30 June 2005 have been restated for A-IFRS on the same basis and so differ from historical financial information published at that time. Prior years were prepared under earlier accounting standards and have not been restated.

(1) Excluding capitalised interest ည

Origin

Origin's growth has required significant capital expenditure. Acquisitions in the Retail and Generation areas have provided immediate contributions...

	Jun 02 (\$m)	Jun 03 (\$m)	Jun 04 (\$m)	Jun 05 (\$m)	Jun 06 (m\$)	Jun 07 (m\$)
Growth & Acquisitions						
EAP	129	179	313	335	009	414
Retail	78	154	46	42	99	1,279
Generation	116	93	œ	9	12	84
Networks	15	0	26	0	•	13
Contact				096	20	58
Total Growth & Acquisitions	338	427	422	1,343	688	1,848
Stay in business	99	97	86	132	209	179
Total capital expenditure	403	524	209	1,475	897	2,027

... while development capital invested in E&P will provide returns in the next few years Origin

51

Origin uses cash flow measures as the primary measure of performance within the business...

EBITDAF Non-cash items ⁽¹⁾ Change in Working Capital	405				;	
	ĺ	491	532	918	1,076	1,201
Change in Working Capital	(17)	£	7	4	-	(2)
	16	39	(48)	(31)	16	(35)
Stay in business CAPEX	(65)	(94)	(83)	(111)	(306)	(175)
Tax/Subvention Payments	(40)	(20)	(2)	(181)	(119)	(165)
OCAT	299	399	402	299	768	819
Net Interest Paid ((43)	(46)	(51)	(150)	(185)	(224)
Free cash flow	256	350	350	448	583	595
Funds Employed . 2,	2,189	2,465	2,632	4,963	5,704	6,534
OCAT Ratio ⁽²⁾	13.7%	15.6%	14.8%	11.2%	12.5%	11.5%

... and this strong focus on cash has allowed Origin to fund organic growth almost entirely from cash flow



This has allowed Origin to maintain a conservatively geared balance sheet and take on the extra debt to fund ongoing investment in growth

	Jun Jun 03 Jun 04 02		5			
Net debt (\$m)	633	732	861	2,743	2,411	2,958
Total equity (\$m)	1,626	1,790	1,939	3,519	3,646	6,969
Adjusted Debt / (debt + equity) (%) ⁽¹⁾	28%	29%	31%	44%	42%	42%
Net financing cost ⁽²⁾ (\$m)	(43)	(49)	(45)	(148)	(175)	(215)
Net interest cover (x EBIT)	5.4	6.1	6.2	4.2	4.2	4.
Average interest rate	89.9	6.7%	89.9	7.0%	%6.9	7.5%

(1) Adjusted to exclude mark-to-market fair value of debt under A-IFRS (2) Excluding capitalised interest

Origin.

53

For more information

For more information on Origin Energy please contact

Angus Guthrie

Manager, Investor Relations

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au

Office: +61-2-8345 5558

Mobile: + 61-4-1786 4255

Alternatively visit our website

www.originenergy.com.au

and follow the prompts to the Investor Centre





RECEIVED 2000 MAY 30 A 11: 15 2000 CORPORATE FINANCE

Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	4 March 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

ADIN		
30	000 051 696	
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	nformation.
	t 1 - All issues oust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares
2	Number of *securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	5,760
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares

1/1/2003

Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities? If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: • the date from which they do • the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment • the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment	Yes	
	distribution or interest payment		
5	Issue price or consideration	\$5.718196	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
6	Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)	Issued as a result of Options issued pursu the Origin Energy Sel Option Plan.	ant to the rules of
7	Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates	3 March 2008	
		Number	+Class
8	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)	875,616,518	Ordinary
			

Appendix 3B Page 2

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

9 Number and +class of all +securities not quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)

Number	+Class
14,439,000	Options
747,000	Performance Share Rights

Dividend policy (in the case of a trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests)

All Shares Participate Equally

Part 2 - Bonus issue or pro rata issue

11	Is security holder approval required?	N/A
12	Is the issue renounceable or non-renounceable?	N/A
13	Ratio in which the *securities will be offered	N/A
14	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities to which the offer relates	N/A
15	⁺ Record date to determine entitlements	N/A
16	Will holdings on different registers (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements?	N/A
17	Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions	N/A
18	Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with. Cross reference: rule 7.7.	N/A
19	Closing date for receipt of acceptances or renunciations	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 3

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or commission	N/A
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
24	Amount of any handling fee payable to brokers who lodge acceptances or renunciations on behalf of *security holders	N/A
25	If the issue is contingent on +security holders' approval, the date of the meeting	N/A
26	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product Disclosure Statement will be sent to persons entitled	N/A
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to participate on exercise, the date on which notices will be sent to option holders	N/A
28	Date rights trading will begin (if applicable)	N/A
29	Date rights trading will end (if applicable)	N/A
30	How do *security holders sell their entitlements in full through a broker?	N/A
31	How do *security holders sell part of their entitlements through a broker and accept for the balance?	N/A

Appendix 3B Page 4 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

New issue announcement

	of thei	do *security holders dispose r entitlements (except by sale h a broker)?	N/A
33	†Despa	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
	Type of	of securities ne)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entiti	es tha	at have ticked box 34(a)
Additic	onal se	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to i documen		you are providing the informat	ion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entities that have ticked box 34(b) 38 Number of securities for which ⁺quotation is sought 39 Class of +securities for which quotation is sought 40 Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing +class of quoted +securities? If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: • the date from which they do • the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment • the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment 41 Reason for request for quotation Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period (if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security) Number +Class 42 Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)

Appendix 3B Page 6 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional [†]securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the [†]securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the '*securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 4 March 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	4 March 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	23
Subject ·	CONTACT ENERGY - PRESENTATION TO ABN SYDNEY	AMRO NE\	W ZEALAND DAY,

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

New Zealand's leading integrated energy company

Presentation to NZ Day, Sydney 4 March 2008



Disclaimer

of items. Such forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and involve This presentation may contain projections or forward looking statements regarding a variety risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those stated in any forward-looking statement based on a number of important factors and risks.

forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate or incorrect and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the results contemplated in the Although management may indicate and believe that the assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements will be realised. Furthermore, while all reasonable care has been taken in compiling this presentation, Contact accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions.





- 630,000 customers (electricity, gas, LPG)
- 28% of NZ's generation from 9 power stations
- 50% natural gas
- 35% hydro

Te Rapa September

- Chaski geotharra, 105 Mw Currently operating EL42 WVA

- Weinkei gen fran a 197 ANV and 15 ANV binny fant

Levin Call Centre

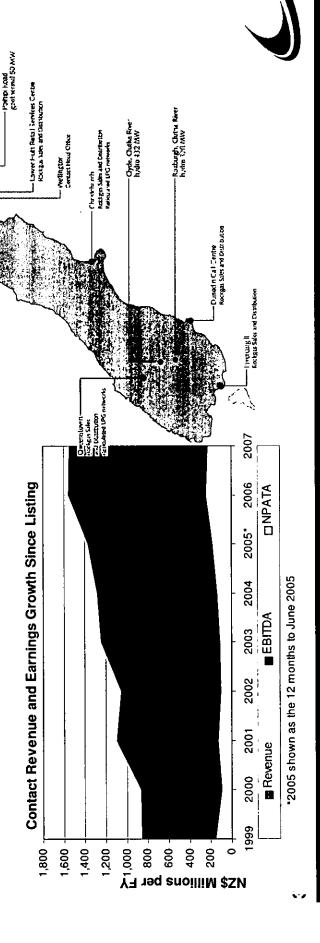
Teranski combined cyde gas turbine 327 MW

- Otahuhu A readine powa

> Auck and Seles Team Parigas Sales and Divirtual on

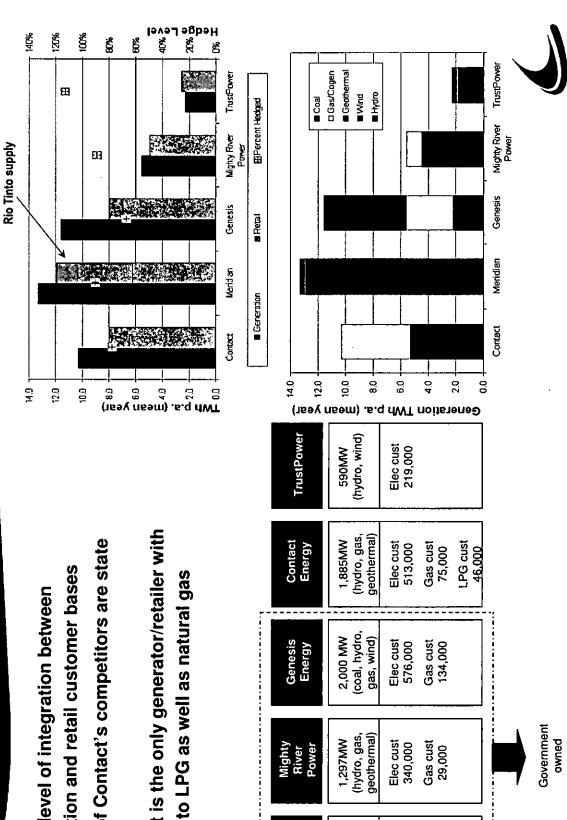
- Orahubu B combired-cycle ges Arribre 400 VAV

- 15% geothermal
- 27% share of the electricity retail market
- 40% of the gas retail market
- 50% of the LPG market



The sector is dominated by integrated generator / retailers

- generation and retail customer bases A high level of integration between
- Three of Contact's competitors are state owned
- Contact is the only generator/retailer with access to LPG as well as natural gas



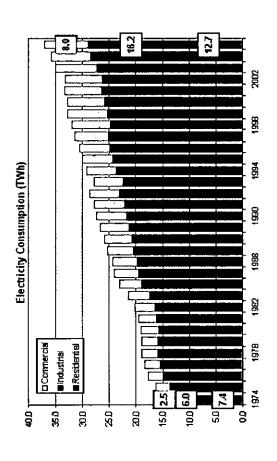
(hydro, wind)

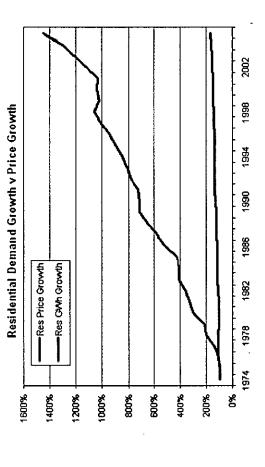
2,597MW

Meridian Energy Elec cust 182,000

Electricity demand

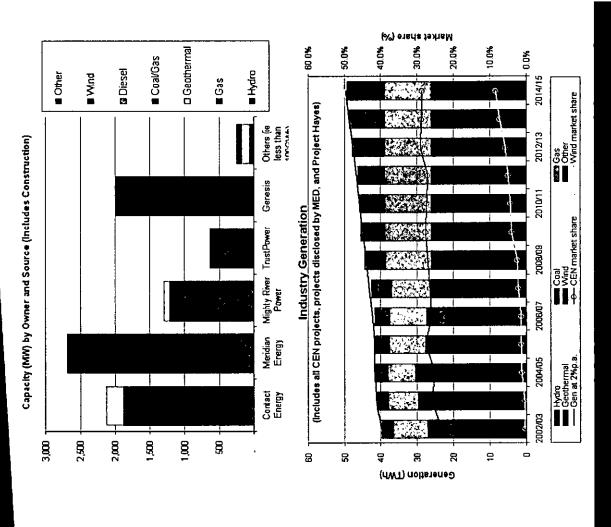
- Electricity demand has been growing at ~2% p.a. over the last 10 years
- Residential demand has grown despite price increases which have averaged 4.5% p.a. over the last 10 years
- Demand side is expected to absorb the moderate effects of carbon pricing without material demand destruction
- The effects of energy efficiency are more difficult to predict although the prevailing view is that domestic consumers will reallocate savings into alternative forms of consumption





Electricity supply

- Wind generation, although well suited to NZ conditions, has execution risks (public opposition, Maori interests, capital cost pressures)
- However, additional wind will be built over the next 5 years which will increase volatility
- Contact's wind generation sites are well located in terms of proximity to demand (North Island) and consentability



Summary of financial results for the six months ended 31 Dec 2007

Pleasing financial performance in challenging conditions:

- EBITDAF: \$281.9m (2% higher than the prior corresponding period)
- Underlying earnings: \$116.1m (1% lower than the prior period)

Key drivers:

- Operating revenue (net of electricity purchases) increased by \$129.0m (17%)
- \$71.5m due to the addition of Rockgas
- \$43.2m increase in electricity revenue, driven by a 12% increase in retail electricity revenue and an increase in generation volume of 277GWh (5%)
- Operating expenses (excluding electricity purchases) increased by \$122.5m (25%)
- \$65.0m due to the addition of Rockgas
- \$44.7m due to increased gas costs (including transmission)
- depreciation associated with geothermal capital expenditure, and the effects of the revaluation Depreciation increased by \$5.1m (7%) increase in due to the inclusion of Rockgas, the
- Net interest expense increased by \$3.3m (10%) in due to an 11% increase in average net debt I
- A lower effective tax rate of 28.7% as a result of the non-taxable gain on sale of Mokai assets



Energy and climate change policy

- During the half year, legislation was introduced to give effect to the Government's climate change and energy policies
- Two major planks of Government policy:
- NZ Energy Strategy 90% renewable energy by 2025
- Economy-wide Emissions Trading Scheme that sets a market price for carbon

New Zealand Energy Strategy to 2050

Powering Our Future

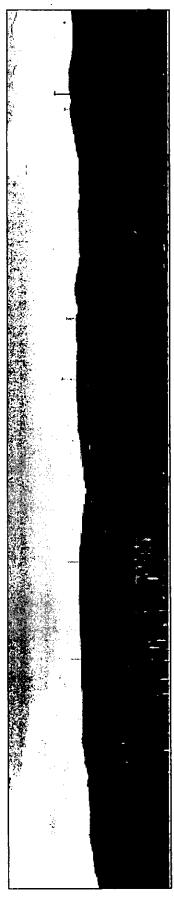
Towards a pustainable low emissions ervegy system 'nesse bus

- Electricity will be covered from 1 January 2010
- Legislation is expected to be passed in calendar 2008
- Sets market price with international linkage
- No grandfathering for existing thermals
- The Government is proposing a 10-year moratorium on new base load thermal stations to facilitate achieving 90% renewable target with some exceptions:
- security of supply
- non "base-load" plants
- replacement of retired plant
- The policy environment provides an opportunity to leverage renewable options combined with flexible thermal projects



Progress on Strategic Initiatives

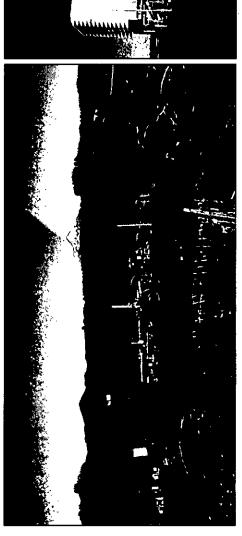
- Policy initiatives have placed renewable generation at centre stage
- NZ Energy Strategy targets 90% renewable energy by 2025
- Economy-wide Emissions Trading Scheme all gases, all sectors
- Contact has a unique set of options which can be leveraged in this environment
- Geothermal generation: 500 MW of new geothermal generation in various stages of development
- Stage 1: 225 MW Te Mihi project construction commencing late 2008
- Stage 2: 245 MW Tauhara project first 20 MW in construction 2008, remaining 225 MW in construction late 2009
- Wind generation: 550 MW located on the Waikato coastline from 2011
- Hydro generation: 17 MW Hawea Gates project in construction from 2009. New large-scale hydro projects in development

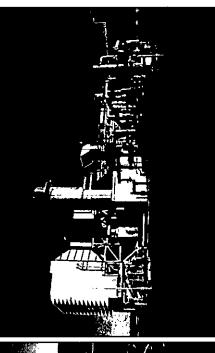


Gas-fired generation will have a significant role

Contact has leading gas-fired options

- Gas-fired peaking plant: Up to 300 MW
- First phase 2 x 100 MW units to be constructed adjacent to Contact's CCGT at Stratford,
- In construction in 2008 and in operation by Winter 2010
- Baseload CCGT: Existing consented sites for up to 800 MW which can be developed
- if renewables cannot be delivered in time
- Development of gas storage through Contact/Origin's acquisition of Swift Energy's NZ assets
- Gas storage will address the loss of thermal flexibility and maximise the value from increasing volatility in the electricity market.
- Contact's gas storage facility is expected to be in operation in 2010

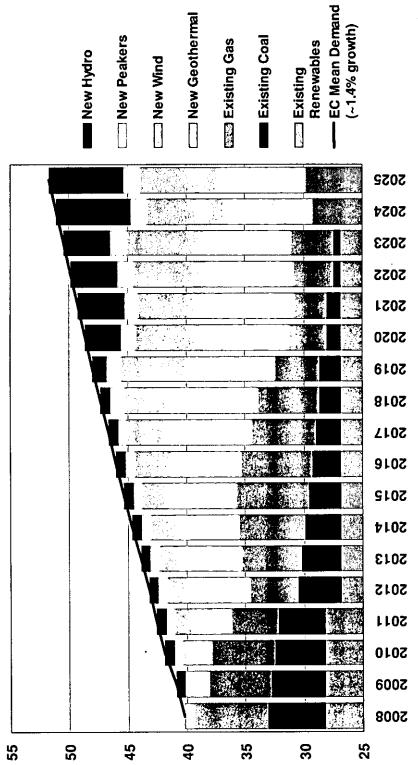




A 90% renewables scenario

Supply vs Demand: Mean Year Energy

₹

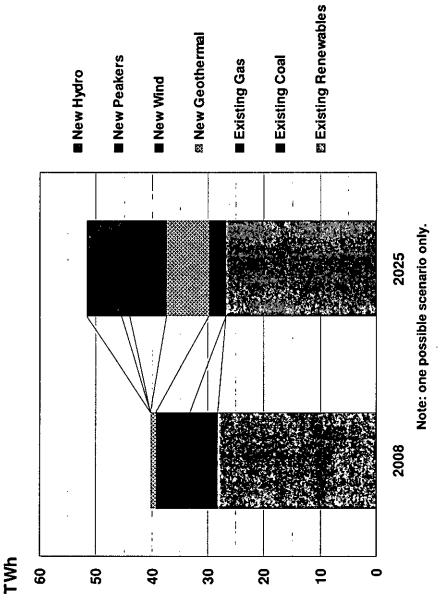




Note: one possible scenario only.

A 90% renewables scenario

Supply vs Demand: Mean Year Energy



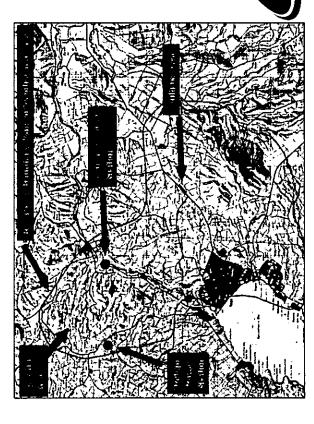
Geothermal: The ultimate renewable

- Cornerstone to the 90% renewables target
- Only genuine baseload renewable
- Favourable economics



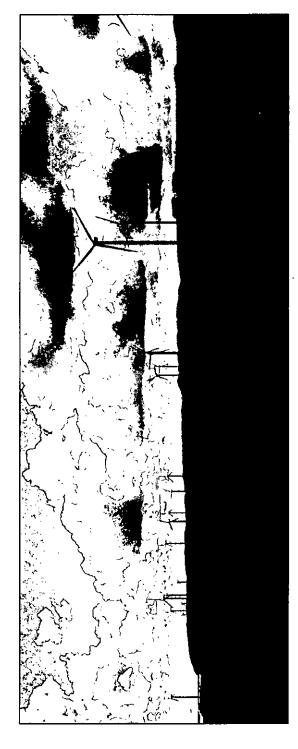
Geoth	Geothermal Capacity (MW net)	(MW net)
2006		2014
Wairakei Station	157	•
Wairakei Binary	14.5	14.5
Poihipi (effective)	30	20
Ohaaki (effective)	42	09
Te Mihi	'	~220
Tauhara Binary	•	19
Tauhara	•	~200
Total	245	0.25~





Harnessing NZ's wind resources

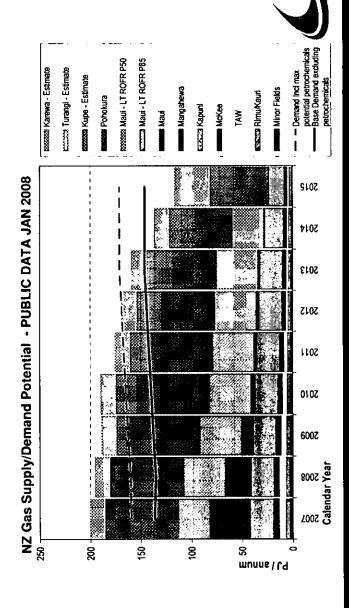
- · The 90% target will require significant increases in wind generation
- Contact's wind plans:
- 550 MW Hauauru ma raki wind farm on Waikato farmland
- Other wind sites in the North and South Islands
- Wholesale price path will trend toward a wind LRMC (\$85 100 / MWh)
- Synergies with hydro can see water stored and used more effectively
- Will need fast-start peaking capacity as additional firming





Gas supply and demand

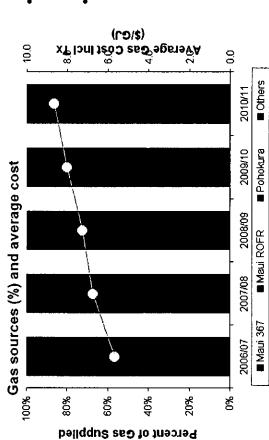
- · Over the next 3 years, the gas market may see periods of over supply with limited paths to market for excess gas
- Waitara plant is fully contracted to April 2008 with suggestions that Methanex is close to · Methanex is the major source of incremental demand in the New Zealand market and its extending its arrangements which will soak up most of the short term excess
- construction of renewable generation and whether supply can be extended beyond 2015 Beyond 2010 the key issues for the gas market are the impact on demand of the



Note: the petrochemical potential demand is based on operation of the Waitara valley methanol plant; the Motonui plant would add approx.

Gas supply is increasingly inflexible

- Contact's average gas cost including transmission has risen from \$3.70/GJ in FY 03 to around \$5.02/GJ in FY 07 (an average of 9% p.a.)
- Gas prices per GJ are expected to increase about 20% per annum over the next couple of
- Medium to long term gas supply contracts are increasingly less flexible as the end of Maui 367 gas approaches in June 2009

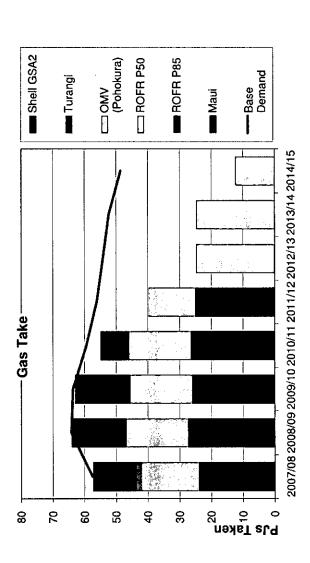


- This is likely to result in excess gas at times of high hydro and low demand
- develop a gas storage project will assist in managing this issue as well as the increasing volatility which will arise from increased wind generation



Future gas supply

- It seems likely that gas can be secured at least to 2015
- · Contact is currently considering its strategy for securing further supply. Key factors in determining the optimal timing will be:
- Assessing the impact on gas demand of alternative generation sources (wind, geothermal)
- Ensuring that gas supply meets the demands of the generation market (less base load and more intermittent or peak use)



Long-term gas supply

- Given the domestic position seems assured only till 2015 at the most, it remains prudent to maintain an LNG backstop
- Should LNG be required over the longer term Contact's ability to manage the supply logistics will be enhanced by the availability of gas storage
- Gasbridge is a joint venture with Genesis Energy. No decision has been made to invest in this project beyond progressing a resource consent

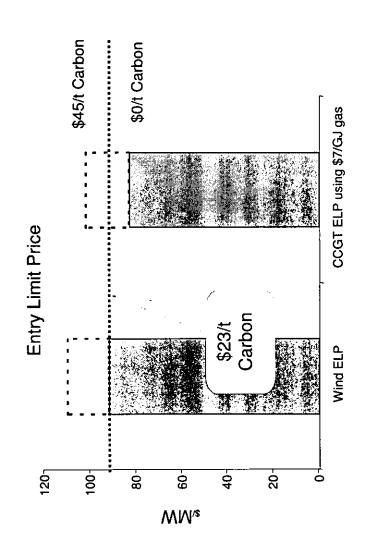






Prices are expected to rise

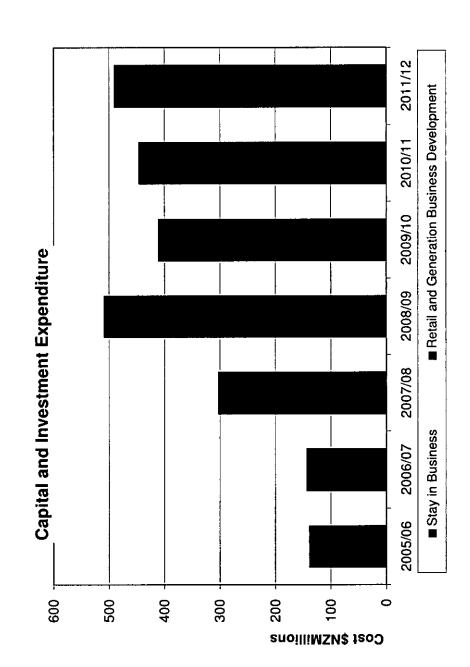
- The policy environment is clearly guiding investment toward renewables
- · To realise the policy goals, wholesale prices are expected to trend toward the LRMC of wind
- \$85 -100 / MWh
- · Resulting in continued upward pressure on retail prices





Capital expenditure

· The future capex profile now includes about \$2 billion in renewable investment as well as investments in gas peaking capacity and gas storage





Outlook

- Government policies
- supports the development of renewables
- Reserve margins are currently tight and are expected to remain so over the medium term
- Contact's geothermal and gas-fired peaking projects are well placed
- Wind will continue to increase its penetration
- Wholesale prices are expected to trend toward the long-run marginal cost of wind
- Continuing the upward pressure on retail prices











То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	28 February 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	124
Subject	RESULTS FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007		

This Transmittal is confidential. If you have received this document in error, please contact Origin Energy immediately.

We attach the following documents relating to Origin Energy's Results for the half year ended 31 December 2007:

- 1. Media Release
- 2. Management Discussion and Analysis
- 3. ASX Appendix 4D/Directors' Report and Consolidated Interim Financial Report
- 4. Presentation to analysts and financial markets

Regards

Bill Hundy Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

LIB HAY 30 A II: L



Media Release

28 February 2008

Origin Energy announces a first half underlying profit of \$200 million with a strong outlook for the full financial year

Origin Energy today announced an underlying profit for the half year ended 31 December 2007 of \$200 million, a decline of 3 per cent on the underlying profit in the prior corresponding period.

Statutory profit was \$335 million, an increase of 44 per cent on the prior half year, and statutory earnings per share was 38.3 cents, an increase of 32 per cent.

The statutory profit contains a number of significant items including profit from the sale of businesses and assets, changes in the fair value of financial instruments and one-off costs associated with Contact Energy's retirement of the New Plymouth Power Station and Origin's acquisition of Sun Retail. These items have been adjusted for in the underlying profit.

Origin Chairman, Kevin McCann said, "Directors are pleased with the continued development of Origin Energy in an unusually challenging period. We had previously given guidance that growth in full year profit would be between 10-15 per cent. Based on current market conditions we expect a stronger second half which should result in an increase in full year profit of at least 15 per cent.

"With this view in mind, Directors are pleased to announce a 20 per cent increase in the interim dividend to 12 cents per share, fully franked."

Financial highlights of half year results

- Revenue up 33% to 3,817 million
- EBITDAF up 3% to \$608 million*
- Underlying profit down 3% to \$200 million
- Underlying earnings per share 22.9 cents, down 11% on expanded capital base
- Operating Cash Flow after Tax (OCAT) up 5% to \$385 million
- Interim Dividend declared of 12 cents per share fully franked, an increase of 20%

In commenting on the result, Origin Managing Director, Grant King said, "Notwithstanding the small decline in underlying profit of 3 per cent to \$200 million, our operating cashflow after tax of \$385 million was up 5 per cent on the previous corresponding period. This reflects the strength of Origin's business."

Exploration and Production

The Exploration and Production segment achieved record production and revenue for the half year. Despite delays in the commissioning of the Otway Gas Project, new projects such as BassGas and growing coal seam gas (CSG) production offset declining contributions from maturing assets such as the Cooper and Perth Basins. EBITDAF was down slightly in line with increased exploration expense.

^{*} EBITDAF is compared with the prior year on the basis of continuing businesses



Generation

The Generation business performed well with operating performance consistent with the previous corresponding period. The only significant change in the business between the current and previous corresponding period was the termination of the Mt Stuart Power Purchase Agreement whereby contracts with a third party (Enertrade) have been replaced by an internal contract with Origin's Retail business. This has resulted in contribution from electricity sales now being reported in the Retail segment with a commensurate reduction in EBITDAF reported in the Generation segment.

Retail

In Retail, sales volumes and revenues were records for the first half, following the acquisition of Sun Retail. Notwithstanding the introduction of full retail contestability in the Queensland electricity market and a related increase in customer churn, customer numbers increased by over 21,000 accounts across the business. EBITDAF grew by 21 per cent to \$201 million with significant increases in the wholesale cost of energy purchases across the whole of the Retail business partially offsetting the uplift in contribution from Sun Retail.

Contact Energy

Contact Energy contributed \$246 million to EBITDAF, 4 per cent higher than the \$238 million recorded for the prior corresponding period. This was primarily due to a six month contribution from the Rockgas LPG business and increased contribution from both the energy retailing and power generation businesses.

Mr King commented that the last six months had also seen important steps taken in the continued development of Origin's business.

Mr King said, "In our Upstream business, we are now beginning to see significant contributions emerge from new projects such as BassGas and our CSG projects where our share of production now exceeds 100 TJ/day and will continue to increase strongly as current sales contracts are fulfilled.

"The Otway project has commenced commissioning and the offshore phase of the Kupe project is progressing to schedule. Origin has also acquired Woodside's interest in the Halladale and Blackwatch exploration permit and is in the process of completing the acquisition of Swift's upstream assets in New Zealand. We are confident these new projects will replace earnings from our maturing assets in the Cooper and Perth basins.

"Over the past year we have announced the construction of the Darling Downs Power Station and the expansion of the Quarantine and Mt Stuart power stations which will add 876 MW to Origin's power generation portfolio. We have also announced our intention to further the development of the 500 MW Mortlake Power Station. These projects are accelerating the commercialisation of Origin's gas resources and deepening the integration of Origin's business at a time of increasing wholesale electricity prices.

"Despite high levels of competition we continue to grow our Retail business. We have established a strong competitive position through the acquisition of Sun Retail which will be fully integrated with Origin's business in the current half year. We have also secured our market leading position as a supplier of green energy."

In commenting on climate change, Mr King said, "It is appearing increasingly likely that a greenhouse gas emissions trading scheme will be introduced in the medium term. In addition to Origin's fleet of gas fired generation which have substantially lower greenhouse gas emissions intensity than the average intensity of generation in the National Electricity Market, Origin has developed a set of valuable opportunities in renewable generation.



"In October 2007, the Company entered into a farm-in agreement providing a 30 per cent interest in a joint venture covering various geothermal permits in northern South Australia held by Geodynamics Limited. Origin expects to invest approximately \$150 million in the Geodynamics joint venture over the next three years. The Company also has a portfolio of wind projects commencing with the development of the 30 MW Cullerin Range Wind Farm. Good progress continues to be made on SLIVER® technology to manufacture photovoltaic cells.

"In New Zealand, Contact Energy's business is adjusting well to higher natural gas prices and Contact has developed a strong portfolio of geothermal and wind projects that will drive its growth in the years ahead.

"Our growing CSG reserves, lower emissions intensity of gas fired generation, a portfolio of renewable energy opportunities, and our market leadership in retail green energy position us well for a carbon constrained future."

Outlook

Based on performance for the first two months of the second half and the continuation of current market conditions the Company expects a stronger second half due to:

- an expected decrease in the wholesale cost of electricity as already observed in the National Electricity Market (NEM) in the first two months of the second half;
- a return to more traditional levels of volatility in the NEM as already observed since October 2007, providing returns on Origin's electricity cap instruments;
- tariff increases for electricity and gas awarded in the Victorian market from 1 January 2008;
- the commencement of contribution to earnings from the Otway Gas Project in March 2008;
- further increases in CSG production servicing existing contracts in Queensland; and
- an increased contribution from Contact Energy due to higher wholesale electricity prices in New Zealand.

For these reasons Origin believes that it should deliver an increase in underlying net profit after tax for the current financial year of at least 15 per cent.

Origin is continuing to undertake significant capital expenditure programs in its Exploration and Production and Generation businesses. Recent additions to the Company's debt facilities, together with strong cash flow, see the Company well placed to continue to access funds for its ongoing development and growth.

For further information on this media release, please contact:

Mr Grant King Managing Director Origin Energy

Telephone: (02) 8345 5435

Mr Tony Wood
Executive General Manager, Corporate Communications and Government Relations
Origin Energy

Telephone: (02) 8345 5301 Mobile: 0419 642 098



Origin Energy Key Financials

Six months ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total external revenue	3,817	2,865	33
EBITDAF1	608	590	3
EBIT	634	482	31
Profit after tax	384	286	34
Minority Interests	49	53	6
Statutory Profit	335	233	44
Underlying Profit	200	207	(3)
Free cash flow ²	259	267	(3)
OCAT ratio ³ including CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	10.1%	10.5%	л/a
OCAT ratio ³ excluding CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	11.8%	12.2%	n/a
Average Funds Employed including CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	7,612	6,251	22
Average Funds Employed excluding CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	6,473	5,395	20
Capital expenditure (including acquisitions)	714	320	123
Total assets	12,310	9,232	33
Adjusted total assets ⁴	10,836	8,885	22
Net debt	2,855	2,090	37
Adjusted net debt ⁴	3,171	2,422	31
Shareholders equity	5,660	4,504	26
Adjusted shareholders equity ⁴	5,076	4,357	17
Key Ratios			
Earnings per share - Statutory	38.3¢	29.0¢	32
Earnings per share - Underlying	22.9¢	25.7¢	(11)
Free cash flow per share ²	29.6¢	33.1¢	(11)
Total dividend per share	12¢	10¢	20
Net asset backing per share	\$6.47	\$5.26	23
Adjusted net asset backing per share ⁴	\$5.80	\$5.09	14
Net debt to debt plus equity	33.5%	31.7%	n/a
Adjusted net debt to debt plus equity ⁴	38.4%	35.7%	n/a
Interest cover ⁵	5.3x	4.7x	n/a
Segment Analysis (EBITDAF) ¹			
Exploration & Production	133	140	(5)
Generation	28	46	(38)
Retail	201	166	21
Contact Energy	246	238	4
EBITDAF ¹	608	590	3
Networks (discontinued)	-	16	-

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, significant items and change in fair value of financial

instruments from continuing operations.

Free cash flow is defined here as cash available to fund distributions to shareholders and growth capital. It includes deductions for stay-in-business capital, interest and tax.

OCAT Ratio = (OCAT - interest tax shield) / funds employed.

Adjusted to exclude impact of derivative financial instruments.

EBIT/Interest - includes capitalised interest, excludes unwinding discounts on provision.



Origin Energy Results for six months ended 31 December 2007 Management Discussion and Analysis

Contents

1.	Profit	and Dividend Declaration3
	1.1	Statutory Profit - \$335 million, up 44%3
	1.2	Earnings per share - 38.3 cents per share, up 32%3
	1.3	Interim Dividend - 12 cps fully franked, up 20%3
	1.4	Underlying Profit - \$200 million, down 3%3
	1.5	Underlying EPS - 22.9 cents, down 11%4
	1.6	EBITDAF - \$608 million, up 3%4
2.	Outlo	ok5
3.	Finan	cial Review of Performance6
	3.1	Financial Review Summary6
	3.2	Revenue - \$3,817 million, up 33%6
	3.3	EBITDAF - \$608 million, up 3%6
	3.4	EBIT - \$634 million, up 31%
	3.5	Interest - \$104 million, up 9%9
	3.6	Tax - \$146 million, up 35%9
	3.7	Underlying Profit - \$200 million, 3% lower than prior half year9
4.	Cash 1	flow9
5.	Capita	al expenditure and divestments10
6.	Mover	ments in fair value of financial instruments
7. Funding		ng and capital management11
	7.1	Net Debt, Equity and Interest Cover11
	7.2	Share Capital
8.	Risk n	nanagement
9.	People	e, Health, Safety & Environment13
10.	Opera	tional Review
	10.1	Exploration & Production
	10.2	Generation
	10.3	Retail
	10.4	Contact Energy
	10.5	Networks (Discontinued Business)
11.	Origin	Energy Key Financials27
12.	Apper	ndix 1 - Reconciliation of Statutory to Underlying Profit

Report for the six months ended 31 December 2007 Management Discussion and Analysis

All figures in this report relate to businesses of the Origin Energy Limited Group ("Origin" or "the Company") for the six months ended 31 December 2007 compared with the six months ended 31 December 2006 (the "prior half year"), except where otherwise stated. All reference to \$\(\sigma\) is a reference to Australian dollars unless specifically marked otherwise. Individual items and totals are rounded to the nearest appropriate number or decimal. Some totals may not add down the page due to rounding of individual components.

1. Profit and Dividend Declaration

1.1 Statutory Profit - \$335 million, up 44%

Origin reported a net profit after tax and minority interests ("Statutory Profit") of \$335 million for the six months ended 31 December 2007, an increase of 44% compared with \$233 million reported in the prior half year.

1.2 Earnings per share - 38.3 cents per share, up 32%

Basic earnings per share (EPS) calculated from Statutory Profit increased 32% to 38.3 cents per share (cps) from 29.0 cps in the prior half year, on an expanded weighted average capital base of 874 million shares, up 8% from 805 million in the prior half year.

1.3 Interim Dividend - 12 cps fully franked, up 20%

An interim fully franked dividend of 12 cps will be paid on 4 April 2008 to shareholders of record on 11 March 2008. This compares with 10 cents in the prior half year, an increase of 20%. Origin shares will trade ex-dividend from 5 March 2008. The Dividend Reinvestment Plan will apply to the current dividend without discount.

This represents a dividend payout ratio of 31% of Statutory EPS, and a dividend payout ratio of 52% based on Underlying EPS.

1.4 Underlying Profit - \$200 million, down 3%

The Statutory Profit for Origin contains the impact of a number of significant items as outlined in the table below. This includes the following impacts on profit (after tax and minority interests):

- positive impacts from:
 - the sale of the Networks business (\$147 million);
 - the sale of geothermal assets in New Zealand (\$9 million); and
- reductions to profit from:
 - the net impact of fair value adjustments of financial instruments (\$9 million in total):
 - o charges on retirement of the New Plymouth Power Station in New Zealand (\$9 million); and
 - o one-off costs associated with the purchase of Sun Retail (\$4 million).

These significant items provide an overall benefit of \$134 million after tax and the elimination of minority interests.

The profit after tax and minority interests and before significant items ("Underlying Profit") for Origin for the half year ended 31 December 2007 was therefore \$200 million.

Origin's Statutory Profit for the six months to 31 December 2006 also contained a number of one-off significant items, including positive impacts from:

- changes in the fair value of financial instruments (\$12 million); and
- a payment received on termination of the Mt Stuart power purchase agreement (PPA) with Enertrade (\$14 million).

When these positive adjustments, which total \$26 million after tax, are subtracted from the Statutory Profit of \$233 million the Underlying Profit for the six months to 31 December 2006 is \$207 million.

Origin's Underlying Profit therefore decreased 3% half year to half year from \$207 million to \$200 million, as indicated in the table below:

Reconciliation of Statutory and Underlying Profit

	Dec 2	007	Dec 20	06	
	Impact After Tax & OEI	NPAT	Impact After Tax & OEI	NPAT	Change (%)
Statutory Profit (\$millions)		334.7		233.2	44
Significant items					
Asset Sales					
- Networks	147.3				
- Mokai geothermal assets	9.3				
Changes in FV of financial instruments					
- Commodity instruments	(9.8)		9.7		
- Financing instruments	0.6		2.7		
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	(9.2)				
Sun Retail one-off costs	(3.7)				
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA			13.7		
Total significant items	134.4	(134,4)	26.1	(26.1)	
Underlying Profit		200.3		207.1	(3)
Statutory EPS (cents per share)		38.3		29.0	32
Underlying EPS (cents per share)		22.9		25.7	(11)

A more detailed reconciliation of Statutory to Underlying Profit is provided in Appendix 1.

1.5 Underlying EPS - 22.9 cps, down 11%

Basic EPS calculated on the Underlying Profit decreased by 11% from 25.7 cps to 22.9 cps on an expanded capital base of 874 million shares.

1.6 EBITDAF - \$608 million, up 3%

To provide a clearer understanding of its operational performance Origin adopted the measure EBITDAF in June 2007. EBITDAF reports earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, significant items and the impact of fair value changes to financial instruments (EBITDAF).

To best compare the operational performance of the business with the prior half year all comparisons of EBITDAF will reference continuing businesses only. The prior half year therefore excludes the contribution from the Networks business, the sale of which was settled in two tranches on 29 June and 2 July 2007.

EBITDAF for the half year to 31 December 2007 was \$608 million, a 3% increase compared with the EBITDAF from continuing businesses of \$590 million last half year.

The main factors impacting EBITDAF were higher exploration expenses in the Exploration and Production segment, the transition of the Mt Stuart Power Station from an externally contracted to an internally contracted plant, and the acquisition of Sun Retail - the contribution of which was partially offset by significant increases in the wholesale cost of energy purchases across Origin's entire Retail business.

Further details are available in Section 3.3 and Section 10.

2. Outlook

Conditions in wholesale electricity and gas markets were challenging in the first half of the financial year. Based on performance for the first two months of the second half and the continuation of current market conditions the Company expects a stronger second half due to:

- an expected decrease in the wholesale cost of electricity as already observed in the National Electricity Market (NEM) in the first two months of the second half;
- a return to more traditional levels of volatility in the NEM as already observed since October 2007, providing returns on Origin's electricity cap instruments;
- tariff increases for electricity and gas awarded in the Victorian market from 1 January 2008;
- the commencement of contribution to earnings from the Otway Gas Project in March 2008;
- further increases in CSG production servicing existing contracts in Queensland; and
- an increased contribution from Contact Energy due to higher wholesale electricity prices in New Zealand.

For these reasons Origin believes that it should deliver an increase in underlying net profit after tax for the current financial year of at least 15%.

Origin is continuing to undertake significant capital expenditure programs in its Exploration and Production and Generation businesses. The offshore phase of the Kupe Gas Project has progressed to schedule and while recent heavy rains in Queensland are delaying some aspects of construction associated with CSG and power station developments in that State, this is not expected to materially impact completion schedules. The completion of the Otway Gas Project, together with these growth projects, will progressively add to the cash flow and earnings of the Company over the next few years.

The Company continues to secure a number of options for the development of low emission technologies. This has included investments in geothermal and wind projects in both Australia and New Zealand and continuing investments in the commercialisation of its SLIVER® solar photovoltaic technology.

Recent additions to the Company's debt facilities, together with strong cash flow, see the Company well placed to continue to access funds for its ongoing development and growth.

3. Financial Review of Performance

3.1 Financial Review Summary

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total external revenue	3,817	2,865	33
EBITDAF	608	. 590	3
EBIT	634	482	31
Net profit after tax before elimination of minority interests	384	286	34
Minority interests	(49)	(53)	6
Statutory Profit	335	233	44
Significant items	(134)	(26)	n/a
Underlying Profit	200	207	(3)
Basic earnings per share on Statutory Profit (cents)	38.3	29.0	32
Basic earnings per share on Underlying Profit (cents)	22.9	25.7	(11)
Free cash flow ¹	259	267	(3)
Capital expenditure	714	320	123
OCAT Ratio ² - 12 months to 31 December	. 11.8%	12.2%	n/a
Adjusted [net debt/(debt + equity)] ³	38%	36%	n/a

3.2 Revenue - \$3,817 million, up 33%

Total external revenue increased by \$952 million or 33% to \$3,817 million.

This primarily reflected higher revenues from the Retail segment after the acquisition of Sun Retail, higher revenues from Contact Energy and record revenues from the Exploration and Production segment.

Higher revenues in the Retail business were partially offset by an \$879 million increase in the cost of goods sold, reflecting increased volumes of energy purchased following the acquisition of Sun Retail and record high average prices in the NEM in response to drought conditions across eastern Australia.

3.3 EBITDAF - \$608 million, up 3%

For the half year to 31 December 2007 EBITDAF was \$608 million, a 3% increase from the prior half year EBITDAF of \$590 million.

The segment contributions to this result are presented in the following table:

Free cash flow is defined here as cash available to fund distributions to shareholders and growth capital. It includes deductions for stay-in-business capital, interest and tax.

OCAT Ratio = (OCAT - interest tax shield) / funds employed excluding capital work in progress for calendar year 2007 and 2006 respectively.

³ Excludes the impact of mark-to-market impacts on net debt and on equity (see Section 7.1).

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, significant items and change in fair value of financial instruments - EBITDAF

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Exploration & Production	133	140	(5)
Generation	28	46	(38)
Retail	201	166	21
Contact Energy	246	238	4
Networks	-	16	n/a
Adjustment for discontinued business	-	(16)	n/a
EBITDAF	608	590	3

To best compare operation performance across the two half year periods EBITDAF is reported here on the basis of continuing businesses. This requires the elimination of the contribution from the Networks business in the half year to 31 December 2006 which made no contribution to Origin's EBITDAF in the half year to 31 December 2007. When the Networks business was sold some associated assets from the Generation and Retail businesses were included in the sale, resulting in minor adjustments to the EBITDAF for these businesses, compared with the information reported at this time last year. Significant Items are not included in EBITDAF.

Exploration & Production EBITDAF decreased 5% from \$140 million to \$133 million, approximately in line with an increase in exploration expenses of \$9 million under the successful efforts policy from \$7 million in the prior half year to \$16 million this half year.

Growth in contribution from Origin's CSG and BassGas assets more than offset the expected decline in Origin's more mature production assets, particularly the Cooper and Perth basins. Further details are available in Section 10.1.

Generation EBITDAF decreased \$18 million or 38% from \$46 million to \$28 million. Operating performance of the business was steady and the reduction in EBITDAF reflects the transition of the Mt Stuart power station from being externally contracted with Enertrade under a PPA to being contracted internally to Origin's Retail division. Under the Enertrade PPA a Compensation for Shortage of Energy Requested (CSER) payment of \$17.5 million was received in the prior half year to offset lower electricity sales and was in addition to capacity payments. However, consistent with the treatment of Origin's other internally contracted plant in the current half year Mt Stuart receives only a standard capacity payment from the Retail segment to cover its cost of capital. Revenues and costs resulting from its operation accrue to the Retail segment. Generation earnings have therefore reduced by approximately the value of the CSER payment of \$17.5 million. Further details are available in Section 10.2.

In Retail, EBITDAF grew by \$34 million or 21% from \$166 million to \$201 million. This was primarily due to a six month contribution from Sun Retail, which was in line with expectations under prevailing market conditions. Drought conditions across eastern Australia resulted in a significant increase in energy purchasing costs across Origin's entire gas and electricity retailing business during the half year, resulting in lower contributions from Origin's existing business and partially offsetting the positive impact from Sun Retail.

Despite having to manage an increased number of churning customers the Company reduced its average cost to serve for its gas and electricity business from around \$61 to \$53 per account for the half year and increased its combined natural gas and electricity customer account numbers by 4,000. This included an increase in dual fuel accounts of approximately 48,000 and an increase in customers signed to green products of 93,000 to over 361,000 accounts. Further details are available in Section 10.3.

Contact Energy contributed \$246 million to EBITDAF, 4% higher than the \$238 million recorded at this time last half year. This was primarily due to a six month contribution from the Rockgas LPG business and increased contribution from both the energy retailing and power generation businesses. Further details are available in Section 10.4.

The sale of Origin's **Networks** business was settled in two tranches on 29 June 2007 and 2 July 2007. It is reported as a discontinued business within this result. Further details are available in Section 10.5.

3.4 EBIT - \$634 million, up 31%

A number of items are recorded between EBITDAF and EBIT, as identified in the table below:

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m, before tax)	2006 (\$m, before tax)
Changes in the fair value of commodity financial instruments	(14)	14
Gain on sale of significant businesses and assets	243	-
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	(27)	-
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(171)	(157)
Other Significant Items		
- Sun Retail one-off costs	(5)	-
- Termination of Mt Stuart PPA	-	20
Total	26	(124)

Together these items provided a benefit of \$26 million in the half year to 31 December 2007, compared with a net expense of \$124 million in the prior half year. Consequently EBIT has increased 31% from \$482 million to \$634 million.

Changes in the fair value of commodity financial instruments (expense of \$14 million)

An expense of \$14 million is included in the Profit and Loss associated with the value of valid commodity hedging instruments which do not qualify for hedge accounting. This compares with a benefit of \$14 million last half year. Further explanation of the accounting treatment of these instruments is included in Section 6.

Gain on sale of significant businesses and assets (benefit of \$243 million)

During 2007 Origin concluded an agreement to sell its Networks business to APA Group for \$556 million. Settlement of the transaction took place in two tranches. Settlement for the sale of the SEA Gas Pipeline portion of this business was effected on 29 June 2007 and was included in the accounts for the financial year ended 30 June 2007. The sale of this asset for \$133 million resulted in a pre-tax profit on sale of \$114 million at that time. The settlement of the balance of the business for \$423 million took place on 2 July 2007, and resulted in a pre-tax profit of \$225 million which is brought to account in this half year.

In addition, Contact Energy disposed of interests in geothermal assets at Mokai in New Zealand for \$18 million, bringing the total gain for the sale of significant businesses and assets to \$243 million before tax and minority interests.

There was no similar benefit in the prior half year.

Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station (expense of \$27 million)

A charge of \$27 million has been made to the Profit and Loss for retirement of the New Plymouth power station in New Zealand. Asbestos cladding was discovered in a previously unreported location in the power station and following assessment of potential remediation costs it was determined to close the power station.

There was no similar charge in the prior half year.

Depreciation and amortisation expense (expense of \$171 million)

Depreciation and amortisation expense increased by 9% to \$171 million compared with \$157 million in the prior half year. This primarily reflects a full six months of production from the BassGas development, the ramping up of production from the Spring Gully Project, and higher depreciation charges from Contact Energy.

Other Significant Items

In the six months to 31 December 2007 expenses of \$5 million were incurred specifically in relation to the integration of the Sun Retail business and have been recognised as a significant item excluded from EBITDAF. This is further to an expense of \$14 million recognised as a significant item in the accounts for the year ended 30 June 2007.

In the six months to 31 December 2006 a one-off contract termination payment of \$20 million was received following termination of the Mt Stuart PPA with Enertrade.

3.5 Interest - \$104 million, up 9%

Net financing costs for the half year were \$104 million, up 9% from \$96 million in the prior corresponding period. This was due to the increase in debt required to partially fund the acquisition of Sun Retail; higher interest expense as development projects - which previously had interest capitalised during construction - move into production; and higher average interest rates.

3.6 Tax - \$146 million, up 35%

Tax expense for the half year was \$146 million, 35% higher than the \$108 million in the six months to 31 December 2006. Prima facie tax was higher reflecting the higher pre-tax profits. Approximately 53% of this tax expense is associated with the sale of the Networks business. The effective tax rate was 27.5%, in line with the effective tax rate in the prior corresponding period.

3.7 Underlying Profit - \$200 million, 3% lower than prior half year

As outlined in Section 1.4 the Statutory Profit contains a number of significant items totalling \$134 million. Removing these items provides an Underlying Profit of \$200 million, 3% lower than the Underlying Profit of \$207 million last half year.

Cash flow

The operating cash flow after tax was 5% higher than the prior half year at \$385 million compared to \$369 million. Improvements in working capital (\$28 million) and lower stay-in-business capital expenditure (\$9 million) were partially offset by an increase in prepayments for Renewable Energy Certificates (RECS) and hedging instruments.

Cash flow available for funding growth and distributions to shareholders (free cash flow) was \$259 million compared with \$267 million in the prior half year due to higher interest paid.

Average funds employed excluding capital on projects currently in development increased by 20% from 5,395 million to 6,473 million primarily as the result of the acquisition of Sun Retail.

As a result of the increase in cash flows and a larger increase in funds employed Origin's OCAT Ratio⁴ for the calendar year 2007 decreased to 11.8%, from 12.2% in the prior year.

Origin uses the measure of operating cash flow after tax over average funds employed (referred to as the OCAT Ratio). OCAT is calculated from EBITDA as the primary source of cash contribution, but adjusted for stay-inbusiness capital expenditure, changes in working capital, non-cash items and tax paid. Funds employed are averaged over the calendar year and exclude capital on development projects.

Capital expenditure and divestments

Capital expenditure on growth and stay-in-business projects was \$708 million.

Stay-in-business capital expenditure associated with the maintenance of ongoing operations was \$70 million of which \$33 million was attributable to Contact Energy, \$19 million related to Retail (customer systems and LPG), \$14 million related to Exploration and Production (predominantly the Cooper Basin) and \$4 million related to Generation.

Growth capital expenditure was \$638 million, 185% higher than in the prior corresponding period. This included expenditure on significant projects in the following areas:

- Generation Projects (\$144 million in total) including the Darling Downs power plant (\$110 million), expansion of the Quarantine power station (\$24 million), solar developments (\$9 million) and planning for other power projects;
- The Kupe Gas Project (\$122 million);
- CSG assets in Queensland (\$120 million);
- Geodynamics Joint Venture commitment of expenditure to prove geothermal technology and reserves (\$96 million);
- Contact Energy predominantly geothermal drilling (\$56 million);
- The offshore Otway Basin including the Thylacine and Geographe fields (\$28 million);
- Customer systems associated with the acquisition of Sun Retail (\$22 million); and
- Growth capital in the Cooper Basin (\$18 million).

Capital expenditure on acquisitions totalled \$6 million. This predominantly comprised the acquisition of options to develop a number of wind development sites from Epuron (\$4.5 million).

Total capital expenditure including acquisitions was \$714 million, compared with \$320 million last half year.

6. Movements in fair value of financial instruments

Origin utilises a range of financial instruments and derivatives in order to manage the various price, interest rate and foreign exchange risks to which it is exposed. Due to the volatility of the energy markets in which Origin operates and the size of the transactions the company undertakes the accounting outcomes can have a significant impact on the financial results.

Under accounting standards hedges are deemed to either be "effective" and qualify for hedge accounting and recognition in the Equity Hedge Reserve, or are deemed "ineffective" and must be recognised in the Profit and Loss.

A hedge is deemed to be "effective" if the changes in fair value or cash flow of the hedged item and the hedging instrument offset each other, or if the hedge substantially offsets risk associated with the change in fair value of the hedged item. There must also be sufficient certainty with respect to the occurrence of the risk which is being offset for a hedge to qualify as "effective". "Ineffective" hedges are those instruments which, while they may be valid economic risk management instruments, do not meet the stringent criteria above.

Under these definitions some electricity cap products used by Origin to protect the Retail business from extreme price events are deemed to be ineffective, as the timing of potential events they protect against cannot be predicted with sufficient certainty.

The following tables summarise the key balances at 31 December 2007 and compares them with balances at the beginning of the period on 30 June 2007:

Balance Sheet	Net Asse	Net Assets (\$m)		
	31-Dec-07	30-Jun-07	(\$m)	
Commodity Risk Management	914	3,301	(2,387)	
Contact Energy	(138)	(258)	120	
Treasury and Other	(126)	(13)	(113)	
Origin Total	650	3,030	(2,380)	

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss items associated with movements in financial instruments	(\$m)	(\$m)
Change in net assets		(2,380)
Recognition of "effective" instruments in Balance Sheet		(2,367)
Recognised in Equity (Hedge Reserve post tax)	(1,657)	
Recognised in Deferred Tax Liability	(710)	
Recognition of "ineffective" instruments in Profit and Loss		(13)

The fair value of financial instruments as measured against market prices is recorded in the balance sheet in the derivative asset and derivative liability balances. Historically high forward prices of electricity at 30 June 2007 resulted in a large increase in the fair value of commodity risk management instruments at that time. Subsequent softening of the forward contract prices has resulted in a decrease in the fair value of these financial instruments, with Origin recording a net decrease of \$2,387 million in the half year. Including the impact of other financial instruments and consolidating Contact Energy the period-on-period decrease in net assets associated with changes in value of derivatives is \$2,380 million.

These changes in value are either recognised in Equity (Hedge Reserve) or the Profit and Loss each period. The total period-on-period decrease in the value of derivatives which qualify for hedge accounting is \$2,367 million (pre-tax) and is recognised in the Hedge Reserve in Equity. The pre-tax decrease is partially offset by a decrease in Deferred Tax Liability of \$710 million, resulting in an after tax decrease in the Hedge Reserve of \$1,657 million.

The balance of \$13 million (pre-tax) is recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss and is associated with the value of valid hedging instruments which either do not qualify for hedge accounting or are assessed to contain an element of "ineffectiveness" under the accounting standards. These relate primarily either to the Company's commodity risk management activities associated with electricity purchasing costs (as described earlier in this Section 6) or to interest rate and foreign exchange risk management.

7. Funding and capital management

7.1 Net Debt, Equity and Interest Cover

Under accounting standards net debt for the consolidated entity increased 37% from \$2,090 million at 31 December 2006 to \$2,855 million at 31 December 2007. The calculation of net debt includes mark-to-market adjustments of \$316 million (\$332 million in the prior half year) which act to reduce the net debt quoted. Excluding these mark-to-market adjustments, the "adjusted net debt" for the Company was \$3,171 million at 31 December 2007 (\$2,422 million at 31 December 2006), an increase of 31% and best reflects the underlying debt position of the Company.

The equity of the Company has increased from \$4,504 million at 31 December 2006 to \$5,660 million at 31 December 2007. This includes a net increase in the Hedge Reserve and Available for Sale Reserve of \$437 million primarily due to changes in the fair value of financial instruments. Removing the effects of this change in fair value, the "adjusted equity" of shareholders has increased by \$711 million from \$4,357 million to \$5,076 million.

This reflects an increase in issued capital of \$130 million, an increase in retained earnings of \$411 million, and an increase in minority interests (predominantly in Contact Energy) of \$179 million.

The following table provides two different calculations of the Net Debt to Net Debt plus Equity ratio as discussed above.

Calculation of Net Debt to Debt plus Equity as reported in the Interim Financial Report:

31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Net debt as reported	2,855	2,090	37
Equity as reported	5,660	4,504	26
Net debt/(net debt + equity)	34%	32%	

Calculation of Adjusted Net Debt to (Net Debt plus Equity) - excluding fair value impacts:

31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Adjusted net debt	3,171	2,422	31
Adjusted equity	5,076	4,357	17
Adjusted [net debt/(net debt + equity)]	38%	36%	

Origin believes that the calculation based on adjusted values provides the best long term measure of the strength of the Company's Balance Sheet.

EBIT cover of interest (including capitalised interest) is 5.3 times, compared with 4.7 times at 31 December 2006.

Origin manages its liquidity exposure to ensure adequate committed financing facilities are available to meet committed obligations at least over the next 12 months. Origin also ensures that no more than 20% of the total debt portfolio matures within the next 12 months.

On 9 October 2007 Origin announced that its wholly owned subsidiary Origin Energy Contact Finance No 2 Limited issued NZ\$200 million of perpetual preference shares to the New Zealand public. The funds raised from the transaction were used within the Origin Energy New Zealand group of companies to repay bank debt relating to Origin's 51.4% holding in Contact Energy Limited.

On 8 February 2008 Origin executed a three year underwritten bank loan facility with five international banks. The facility is structured on a senior unsecured basis and comprises A\$900 million of revolving and term tranches and a US\$200 million revolving tranche. On a consolidated basis Origin including Contact currently has approximately A\$1.6 billion of undrawn committed debt finance available to fund growth projects.

7.2 Share Capital

During the period an additional 3.2 million shares were issued. This included 2.3 million shares issued under the Company's Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) which raised \$23.7 million and 0.9 million shares issued as the result of the exercise of options which raised \$3 million.

As a consequence the total number of shares on issue at 31 December 2007 rose to 875,517,318 from 872,288,456 at 30 June 2007. The weighted average number of shares used to calculate basic earnings per share increased 8% to 873,628,684.

8. Risk management

Origin manages its risk exposure in energy and financial markets through a combination of natural hedges in the business, contracts and financial hedges. Policy limits have been approved by the Board for physical commodities or relevant variables for which there is a material risk exposure. Regular reporting is provided to the Board to review exposures and compliance with these limits.

Consistent with this policy framework Origin hedges a significant portion of its exposure to electricity and oil prices and the US dollar exchange rate.

In the electricity market Origin assesses its policy limits against a combination of profit at risk and extreme events. Origin uses a number of financial instruments to manage risks associated with its electricity retail business. This predominantly consists of swaps (which provide a fixed price for volumes) and caps (which provide a price ceiling or strike price on variable volumes and are designed to protect against extreme price variations). Within the policy limits determined as acceptable by the Board, Origin has arrangements in place to cover extreme price and demand events as well as average forecast demand for the near term.

As part of its overall risk management strategy Origin undertakes forward hedging of its oil production to reduce risks and volatility associated with fluctuation in oil price. For any period, this hedging is undertaken incrementally over the medium term, and is completed prior to any production period commencing.

As a result of this strategy, Origin had 59% of its production of oil and condensate hedged for the six months to December 2007 at an average price of US\$61 per barrel (approximately A\$80 per barrel). The average price received for sales of oil, condensate and naphtha over the period including the impact of hedging was over A\$85 per barrel - an increase of 16% compared with the prior corresponding period.

Looking forward Origin currently has approximately 53% of its anticipated production for the six months to June 2008 hedged at an average price of over US\$63 per barrel, while for the financial year ending 30 June 2009 Origin currently has approximately 43% of its anticipated production hedged at around US\$66 per barrel.

With regard to foreign exchange, Origin is prudently hedged over the next 12 months through a combination of external hedging and ongoing US dollar expenditure associated with major development projects. Origin expects that variability in the US dollar exchange rate will not have a material impact on group cash flows.

With regard to interest rates, Origin has hedged approximately 50% of its expected exposure for the six months to June 2008 and approximately 40% of its expected future exposure hedged for the 12 months ending June 2009. This includes the consolidation of Contact Energy in Origin's accounts.

9. People, Health, Safety & Environment

Origin's employee numbers (excluding Contact Energy) decreased during the half year by a net 246 to 3,386. A reduction of over 500 employees as a result of the sale of the Network business and Rockgas was partially offset by increased employee numbers in the Retail business following acquisition of Sun Retail, together with increases in the Generation and the Exploration and Production businesses as the Company builds its capabilities in delivering major developments in these areas.

Origin uses as its primary safety performance measurement the industry standard measure of Total Recordable Incident Frequency Rate (TRIFR), which captures all incidents. This measure improved by 53% from 22.8 at 31 December 2006 to 10.6 at 31 December 2007. Since 30 June 2007, Origin's TRIFR has decreased from 12.3 to 10.6.

During the half year there were no significant environmental incidents and no breaches of significant environmental regulations that relate to Origin's operations.

There was no reported loss of time during the half year due to industrial disputes.

In December 2007, Origin was awarded Sustainable Company of the Year by Ethical Investor Magazine. The award recognises Origin's broad leadership and achievements in sustainability, its workplace and community programs and the Company's commitment in providing easy and affordable green options to its customers.

10. Operational Review

10.1 Exploration & Production

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total revenue	260	239	9
EBITDAF	133	140	(5)
EBIT	59	75	(21)

Sales Volumes

Half year ended 31 December	2007	2006	Change (%)
Natural gas (PJ)	39	38	3
Crude oil (kbbls)	665	750	(11)
Condensate/naphtha (kbbls)	428	353	21
LPG (ktonnes)	37	31	20
Ethane (ktonnes)	1.0	1.1	(16)
Total (PJe)	48	47	3

PJ = petajoules Kbbls = 1,000 barrels Ktonnes = 1,000 tonnes

PJe = petajoules equivalent - a measure of energy content

The Exploration and Production segment achieved record production, sales volumes and revenue for the December half year, despite delays in the commissioning of the Otway Gas Project.

Growth in production from Origin's CSG and BassGas assets more than offset the anticipated decline in Origin's more mature production assets, particularly the Cooper and Perth basins.

10.1.1 Production, Sales and Revenues

Details of production may be found in the Quarterly Production Report for the Quarter ended 31 December 2007, released on 31 January 2008.

Sales volumes increased by 3% to 48 PJe from 47 PJe. Sales increased from the BassGas Project (+2.4 PJe) and CSG assets (+6.2 PJe), more than offsetting declines from the Cooper Basin (-4.5 PJe), Denison Trough/Surat Basin (-0.9 PJe), onshore Otway Basin (-1.1 PJe) and the Perth Basin (-0.9 PJe).

Sales of natural gas increased by 3% as higher sales from BassGas and CSG projects offset the decline from other mature producing areas. Ethane sales were lower due to reduced demand from the major customer. Higher sales of condensate essentially offset a decline in sales of crude oil to leave combined sales of oil and condensate marginally lower at 6.2 PJe (equivalent to 1,093 kbbls compared with 1,103 kbbls of combined oil and condensate sales in the last half year). Sales of LPG increased 20% to 1.8 PJe or 37 ktonnes compared with 31 ktonnes, in the last half year. The increase in condensate and LPG sales was due to a six month contribution from the BassGas project compared to approximately four months contribution in the prior half year.

Total revenue increased by 9% as a result of aggregate higher sales volumes together with higher prices realised for oil, condensate and LPG. This more than offsets a modest decline in average gas prices (due primarily to the conclusion of a favourable gas sales contract from the Denison Trough in the prior half year which contained oil price linkages).

10.1.2 Expenses

Total costs within the Exploration and Production business increased 29% compared with the prior half year as outlined in the table below.

Exploration write-downs under the successful efforts policy increased from \$7 million to \$16 million primarily due to a continuing high level of seismic activity and the unsuccessful Moana-1 exploration well in the Taranaki Basin in New Zealand.

General production costs have risen by 34% compared with the prior half year. The increase primarily reflects a 20% increase in employee numbers, while higher recharges from Joint Ventures not operated by Origin, above Consumer Price Index (CPI) wage inflation in the Exploration and Production sector and changes in cost of goods sold also contributed to higher costs. Origin is significantly increasing its employees in the Exploration and Production segment to ensure delivery of the three-fold increase in CSG production required to meet contractual commitments between now and 2012, as well as manning and monitoring its new offshore assets such as BassGas and the Otway Gas Project.

Exploration and Production costs	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)	Comments
Royalties and tariffs	30	31	(3)	Change in product mix and increase in offshore product not subject to state royalties.
General costs (Labour, JV costs, etc)	82	61	34	Additional headcount, higher JV costs, higher administration, change in cost of goods sold.
Exploration write-downs	16	7	130	Increased largely due to write down of the offshore New Zealand Moana-1 exploration well.
Total Costs	128	99	29	

10.1.3 Earnings

EBITDAF

EBITDAF decreased 5% to \$133 million from \$140 million in the prior half year.

Depreciation and Amortisation

Depreciation and amortisation charges increased 19% to \$73 million from \$61 million. This reflects a full six months of production from the BassGas Project (and hence depreciation of its asset base), growth in production and associated depreciation in Origin's CSG projects and increased depletion charges in the Perth Basin following a reserves write-down in June 2007.

EBIT

As a consequence of the above factors EBIT was \$59 million, a decrease of 21% compared with the previous half year.

10.1.4 Producing Assets

Coal Seam Gas (Queensland)

Compared with the last half year production has increased by 56% to 16.9 PJ from 10.8 PJ, and now exceeds Origin's share of production from the Cooper Basin of 13.4 PJe.

Origin's equity share of CSG reached 100 TJ/d in mid December 2007, reinforcing the Company's position as the largest CSG producer in Australia.

At Spring Gully production continued to ramp up and achieved peak gas sales of 73 TJ/d (Origin share approximately 97%). Phase 5 of the Spring Gully project is progressing, which

is designed to increase plant processing capacity to 150 TJ/d. The reverse osmosis unit, designed to treat nine megalitres of water per day, commenced operations in late December 2007.

At Fairview the operator, Santos, announced a development and exploration program aimed at increasing production capacity to 110 TJ/d by 2009.

Gas sales from Origin's interests in CSG fields operated by Queensland Gas Company (QGC) in the Walloons area commenced during October 2007. Production from this area will service a 7 PJ per annum contract with Incitec Pivot (Origin interest 41%).

Origin approved the first major phase of its 100% owned development at Talinga in December 2007. The program includes an initial 100 wells together with gas and water processing facilities to achieve production of 90 TJ/d. The gas from Talinga will supplement supply from the Spring Gully field to meet gas demand from the Darling Downs power station (indicatively up to 44 PJ per annum for 20 years) and Rio Tinto Aluminium in Gladstone (22 PJ per annum).

Bass Basin (Victoria/Tasmania)

Production of sales gas has been restricted to around 56 TJ/d for the half year (approximately 24 TJ/d Origin share) with peak production reaching the maximum plant design capacity of 68 TJ/d.

The Yolla 3 well was shut-in for much of the half year pending remedial work which was completed in February 2008. It is anticipated that daily production rates will be higher in the second half, although a scheduled two week maintenance shut down in February will result in similar half-on-half total production volumes.

Cooper Basin (Queensland/South Australia)

Production from the Cooper Basin continued to decline during the half year in line with expectations for a mature asset. Origin's share of total production decreased 19% this half year to 13.4 PJe compared with 16.5 PJe in the prior half year. Purchases of oil and gas from third parties of 4.7 PJe were 48% higher than the 3.2 PJe in the prior half year. Margins have come under pressure in the Cooper Basin with costs remaining high despite declining production.

Perth Basin (Western Australia)

Oil production from Hovea, Jingemia and Eremia fields continued on a natural decline from around 4,400 bopd gross in mid 2007 to around 3,200 bopd gross at 31 December 2007. Origin's net share of oil production decreased by 33% from 489 kbbls to 329 kbbls for the half year.

Gas production remained flat at around 20 TJ/d. Declining gas rates from the established fields were offset with the connection of the successful Apium 2 and Beharra Springs 4 wells. The latter came on stream at a rate of 10.5 TJ/d. A fire at the Beharra Springs gas plant in late December 2007 resulted in production being shut-in. Damage was localised and the plant recommenced operations in early February 2008. It is currently producing at around 12 TJ/d.

Other Producing areas

in the Surat Basin and Denison Trough areas of Queensland Origin's share of production for the half year was 6.2 PJe compared with 6.4 PJe in the prior corresponding period, a 3% decrease. A drilling program commenced in December 2007 with the drilling of the successful Emu Apple 2 and 3 appraisal wells, both of which have been cased as future oil producing wells.

Production from the onshore Otway Basin continued to decline with total production of 0.4 PJe compared with 1.5 PJe in the prior half year. This reflected the cessation of

production from the Ladbroke Grove field and the continuing natural decline of the remaining conventional gas fields in the area.

10.1.5 Development Projects

Otway Gas Project (Victoria/Tasmania)

Construction of the Otway Gas Project was completed in September 2007 and commissioning activities have commenced. After a brief period production was halted to address issues uncovered as part of the commissioning process. The plant recommenced commissioning in early February.

Kupe Gas Project (New Zealand)

Steady progress has been made on the Kupe Gas Project in New Zealand. The well head platform jacket and topside were successfully installed in December 2007. Installation of the offshore pipeline and umbilical is largely complete while drilling of the three production wells has commenced and is proceeding to plan.

10.1.6 Exploration

Origin has continued to pursue an active exploration program in Australia and New Zealand.

Seismic data has been acquired in the Bonaparte Basin in Western Australia, the offshore Northland Basin in New Zealand, the Bass Basin and Gippsland Basin in offshore Victoria. Interpretation of seismic surveys completed last year in the Bass, Otway and Canterbury basins is continuing.

During the half year Origin participated in the drilling of 119 exploration, appraisal, and development wells across its areas of interests, of which 92 were cased for future production. In addition, three development wells are currently being drilled as part of the Kupe Gas Project in New Zealand.

An active drilling program is planned in the 2007/08 financial year, including 81 CSG wells, 28 wells in the Cooper Basin, three wells in the Surat Basin, two exploration wells in the Perth Basin, and three Kupe development wells.

10.1.7 Acquisitions/Divestments

Swift Assets (New Zealand)

In December 2007 Origin entered into an agreement with Swift Energy New Zealand to acquire certain of Swift's New Zealand assets for a consideration of approximately NZ\$115 million. This included its two main producing areas in the onshore Taranaki Basin, some additional permits and inventory.

Under a separate arrangement between Contact Energy and Origin Energy, Contact Energy will contribute approximately NZ\$54 million of the total purchase price for the right to own and develop the Ahuroa field as an underground gas storage facility and purchase the remaining gas and LPG reserves in the Ahuroa reservoir.

Halladale and Blackwatch fields

In February 2008 Origin announced the acquisition of Woodside Petroleum Limited's 62.5% interest in the exploration permits containing the Halladale and Blackwatch fields off the south west Victorian coast for \$13.6 million. These fields are estimated to contain a contingent resource of 55 PJe of recoverable gas and condensate and the acquisition takes Origin's interest in the fields to 100%. The fields have the potential to be developed through extended reach drilling from shore, and also have the potential in the future to be used for gas storage. The acquisition will add to Origin's integrated portfolio strategy and will provide added flexibility in managing the gas requirements of the company in southern Australian markets.

10.2 Generation

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total revenue	43	56	(23)
EBITDAF	28	46	(38)
EBIT	20	54	(63)

^{*} Adjusted for sale of the cogeneration sites with the Networks business

Sales Volumes

Half year ended 31 December	2007	2006	Change (%)
Total Sales (GWh)	667	801	(17)

Earnings in the Generation segment for the half year were considerably lower than the prior corresponding period. Operating performance of the business was steady with the reduction in EBITDAF reflecting the transition of the Mt Stuart power station from being an externally contracted plant to being contracted internally to Origin's Retail segment following the termination of the Enertrade PPA in the prior half year. Under the Enertrade PPA a CSER payment of \$17.5 million was received in the prior half year to offset lower electricity sales and was in addition to capacity payments. However, as an internally contracted plant in the current half year Mt Stuart receives only a standard capacity payment from the Retail segment to cover its cost of capital consistent with the treatment of Origin's other internally contracted plant. Revenues and costs resulting from its operation accrue to the Retail segment. Generation earnings have therefore reduced by approximately the value of the CSER payment of \$17.5 million.

Origin currently has an equity interest of approximately 700 MW of generation capacity in Australia, of which a majority is operated and maintained by the Company. Since May 2007, Origin has committed to construct over 900 MW of generation and has tendered for construction of an additional 500 MW. These developments will grow the Generation business significantly over the next few years, which will add value throughout the integrated business.

10.2.1 Production Sales and Revenue

Revenue for the Generation business decreased by 23% from \$56 million to \$43 million. The key driver for this decrease was the absence of the CSER payment described above, offset by higher tolling revenue following additional capital expenditure at the Ladbroke Grove and Roma power plants⁵, and higher energy prices reflecting higher gas supply costs passed through at the Worsley Cogeneration Plant.

Total sales volumes were down by 17%. The Ladbroke Grove power station converted to run on gas from the SESA pipeline in late 2006 consequently switching to peak operations rather than intermediate operations and reducing running time by 73%. Active management of Origin's gas and electricity portfolio also resulted in Quarantine running less than in the prior half year. This was partially offset by the Queensland merchant generators, Roma and Mt Stuart, operating more frequently to cover load at times of high electricity prices.

10.2.2 Earnings

EBITDAF decreased by 38% from \$46 million to \$28 million, mainly due to the absence of the CSER payment described above.

⁵ During the previous year the Ladbroke Grove power station had a gas conversion and major overhaul while the Roma power station began its upgrade of electrical switchboard and exhaust systems. Tolling for these plants is based on capacity payments and reflects the funds employed at each site.

Depreciation expenses of \$8 million were 24% lower than in the prior half year primarily due to an extension of plant-life for the Mt Stuart and Ladbroke Grove plants. Mt Stuart plant-life was extended on termination of the Enertrade PPA and the plant-life of Ladbroke Grove was extended following a major overhaul in October 2006.

In the half year ended 31 December 2006 a pre-tax payment received for termination of the Mt Stuart PPA with Enertrade is recorded as a significant item between EBITDAF and EBIT. The non-recurrence of this payment, combined with the factors above, leads to a significant decrease in EBIT compared with the prior period. EBIT therefore decreased by 63% from \$54 million to \$20 million.

10.2.3 Power Generation Developments

Origin is currently committed to the development of over 900 MW of generation capacity in Australia, including the Company's first commitment to construct its own wind farm. The Company has also sought tenders for an additional 500 MW of gas fired generation capacity.

The Darling Downs Power Station (DDPS) project began construction in November 2007. At 630 MW, the DDPS will be Australia's largest combined cycle gas-fired power plant. The project remains on budget with expected commissioning in early 2010.

Origin also commenced construction of the 120 MW expansion of its Quarantine Power Station in December 2007. The open cycle gas-fired turbine will supplement peaking capacity in the South Australian market. The project is on budget and is scheduled to commence commissioning in December 2008.

In October 2007 Origin announced it had sought tenders for the first 500 MW of its proposed 1,000 MW Mortlake Power Station. Tender responses were received in December 2007 with the intention of making an investment decision in mid 2008.

An expansion of Mt Stuart Power Plant peaking facility was announced on 1 February 2008. Origin has committed to purchasing a 126MW 9E gas turbine from GE Energy for the development. The construction phase is expected to take 18 months with completion in mid calendar year 2009.

10.2.4 Growth in Renewable Energy

Over the first half of the financial year, Origin substantially increased its investment and commitment to Renewable Energy generation. This has included Origin taking interests in wind and geothermal projects and continuing its investments in solar technology.

In January 2008 Origin announced the acquisition of an option to source up to 590 MW of wind farms from Epuron, a subsidiary of the German company Conergy. The 30 MW Cullerin Range wind farm will be the first to be constructed and is expected to be completed during 2009. This site is well located close to infrastructure and has a capacity factor of 44% which is among the highest in Australia.

In October 2007, Origin entered into a farm-in agreement providing a 30% interest in a joint venture covering various geothermal permits in northern South Australia held by Geodynamics Limited. Origin expects to invest approximately \$150 million in the Geodynamic joint venture over the next three years.

Origin remains focussed on commercialising its SLIVER® solar photovoltaic technology. Origin has recently achieved migration of the cell design into a cheaper silicon wafer and certification by European authorities of commercial panels manufactured using SLIVER® technology. Origin is working on plans for the large scale production of SLIVER® which will enable commercial development of the product.

10.3 Retail

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total revenue	2,641	1,709	55
EBITDAF	201	166	21
EBIT	158	160	(1)
Underlying EBIT	177	142	25

^{*} Adjusted for sale of minor businesses as part of the sale of the Networks business

During the six months to December 2007 the Retail segment has successfully progressed integration of the Sun Retail acquisition into existing operations, increased its customer numbers by over 21,000 accounts across natural gas, electricity and LPG and maintained its clearly established leadership position in green energy accounts with over 33% market share of accredited GreenPower accounts. Sales volumes and revenues were records for the first half, while margins were lower as a result of higher electricity, gas and LPG purchasing costs. The Sun Retail business is performing to expectation in the high energy price environment and will further increase contribution in the second half once the transitional services agreement with Energex concludes and all services are migrated onto Origin systems in April 2008.

An adjusted measure, Retail Underlying EBIT, is used to help describe operational results and excludes changes in fair value of financial instruments and certain costs associated with the integration of Sun Retail which are one-off in nature. This provides a transparent understanding of operational performance as the difference between EBITDAF and Underlying EBIT is only depreciation and amortisation expenses.

10.3.1 Sales and Revenue

During the period, the Retail segment recorded revenues of \$2.6 billion, an increase of 55%. This was driven mostly by the integration of the Sun Retail business in Queensland, which was acquired in February 2007 and added over 890,000 customers across electricity and LPG. The business will be fully integrated into existing operations at the end of April 2008.

Performance is discussed and referenced to the commodity product splits in the table below.

Performance metrics by product and variance from prior half year

Half year ended 31 December 2007	Natural Gas	Electricity	LPG
Revenue (\$m)	481 (+2%)	1,768 (+101%)	289 (-4%)
Gross Profit (\$m)	61 (-18%)	258 (+48%)	62 <i>(-20%)</i>
EBITDAF (\$m)	177 (+	-29%)	24 (-18%)
Underlying EBIT (\$m)	164 (+	-31%)	13 (-24%)
Sales - (PJ)	67 (+2%)		
Sales - (TWh)		15.5 (+86%)	
Sales - (ktonnes)			234 (-10%)
Total Sales (PJe)	67 (+2%)	56 (+86%)	12 (-10%)
Customer accounts ('000) - (Change from 30 June 2007)	883 (-0.6%)	1,824 (+0.5%)	354 <i>(+5%)</i>

Electricity

Compared to December 2006 electricity customer numbers increased by 86% to 1.8 million, sales volumes increased by 86% to 15.5 TWh and revenues increased 101% to \$1,768 million, all predominantly as the result of the acquisition of Sun Retail. Gross Profit increased by 48% as the additional contribution from Sun Retail was partially offset by high and flat wholesale electricity purchase prices and a lack of volatility across Origin's entire electricity business during the period. Average gross margin across the electricity business therefore declined from 20% to 15%.

Origin uses a number of financial instruments to manage risks associated with its electricity retail business. This predominantly consists of swaps (which provide a fixed price for volumes) and caps (which provide a price ceiling or strike price) on variable volumes and are designed to protect against extreme price variations. When the pool price exceeds the strike price of the cap Origin receives payments to compensate for high prices, however will not receive any payout if prices are below the strike price of the cap.

By structuring its electricity hedge book in this fashion Origin retains exposure to low prices while protecting the business from extreme losses. However, a period of high average prices with low volatility will result in higher purchase prices without payouts from its cap products, resulting in an increase in Origin's average purchase price for electricity.

The combination of high average prices and low volatility was particularly evident in the first three months of the financial year. Higher volatility towards the end of the six month period to 31 December 2007 partially reversed this effect.

The trend towards lower average wholesale prices following the easing of drought conditions in Queensland and an observed increase in price volatility throughout January and February point towards more favourable purchasing costs in the second half of the financial year. Lower purchasing costs, combined with gas and electricity tariff increases that took effect from 1 January 2008 in Victoria, are expected to result in higher gas and electricity margins in the second half. This should result in margins for the full year to 30 June 2008 being similar to margins experienced in the year ended 30 June 2007.

Natural Gas

Natural gas sales volumes increased marginally from 66 PJ⁶ to 67 PJ. This was mainly the result of increased sales to large commercial customers and power generators, and was partially offset by reduced usage from residential customers as a result of warmer weather during winter in Victoria and South Australia. Revenues of \$481 million were 2% higher than last half year (\$470 million⁶) reflecting the increase in gas sales volumes. Gross Profit declined 18% from \$74 million to \$61 million reflecting sales mix (a higher percentage of low margin sales to large customers) and higher wholesale gas costs, the impact of which was accentuated by the need to seek additional sources of gas following the delay of the Otway Gas Project.

Market Churn - Electricity and Natural Gas

Origin has consistently adopted the approach of maintaining customer account numbers in the face of market churn without unnecessarily escalating churn activity. Origin again demonstrated discipline in this area, winning 236,000 new accounts across its gas and electricity businesses to record a net increase of 4,000 accounts. This compares to the prior half year in which Origin won 197,000 accounts and increased account numbers by 5,000.

Origin has been able to effectively manage a significant increase in the total number of churning customers, following the introduction of full retail contestability into the Queensland electricity market where Origin recently acquired Sun Retail. Notwithstanding

Gas volumes and revenues in the half year to 31 December 2006 have been revised to include some trading sales which were previously excluded due to the low margin attached. Certain trading sales which represent a direct pass through of production at a zero effective margin remain excluded from the statistics reported here.

this increase, cost to serve per customer has benefited because of a reduction in the average rate of churn across Origin's entire customer base.

The six months to December 2007 was characterised by a decline in churn in New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia as higher wholesale prices reduced the margins available to competing retailers. Churn rates in Queensland have been within expectations with an initial peak in churn levels reflecting pre-contracting activity by new entrants occurring before July, followed by door knocking activity over the last six months.

In Queensland Origin recorded a net loss of 24,000 accounts. While gross losses amounted to 77,000 customers during the half year, investment in acquisition, retention and brand building activities in that state resulted in 53,000 new accounts. These losses have been offset by gains in electricity customers in South Australia and New South Wales, where Origin now has over 260,000 electricity accounts.

During the period Origin increased its dual fuel accounts by approximately 48,000 from 790,000 in June 2007 to 838,000 in December 2007. Origin also increased its GreenPower accounts by 34% to 361,000 signed green customers (as discussed in Section 10.3.2).

At the end of the period Origin had around 2,707,000 customer accounts across electricity and natural gas. This compares with 2,703,000 accounts in June 2007 and with 1,840,000 in December 2006.

Origin continues to pursue a number of initiatives to optimise its acquisition and retention costs, and to manage the impact of high levels of churn on margins.

Cost to serve - Electricity and Natural Gas

The total cost to serve for Origin's gas and electricity retail business increased by around 27% from \$112 million to \$142 million on a customer base which expanded by 47% as discussed above. The increase in account numbers largely reflects the acquisition of the Sun Retail business in Queensland, together with an active campaign to maintain customer account numbers on a national basis.

Origin's cost to serve per customer for its retail gas and electricity business declined 13% across the two half year periods, from \$61 per customer to \$53 per customer. This reflected both scale advantages following the acquisition of Sun Retail and lower average churn rate across Origin's customer base. Origin includes within its retail cost to serve all costs associated with servicing and maintaining customers, all churn and customer acquisition and retention costs, and an allocation of corporate costs.

Electricity and Natural Gas Margins

Financial performance in the gas and electricity retail businesses is compared on the basis of EBITDAF and Underlying EBIT. Underlying EBIT excludes the impact of fair value adjustments to financial instruments, and excludes one-off payments associated with the acquisition of the Sun Retail business, thereby best reflecting the half year on half year operational performance of the business.

EBITDAF across the gas and electricity business increased by 29% from \$137 million to \$177 million while the EBITDAF margins decreased from 10.2% to 7.9%. This predominantly reflected high and flat wholesale electricity prices and higher gas purchasing costs as discussed above.

Retail Underlying EBIT across electricity and natural gas increased 31% from \$126 million to \$164 million reflecting the same factors as above and an increase in Depreciation and Amortisation charges from Sun Retail in line with increased earnings. Margins at this level decreased from 9.3% to 7.3%.

Higher energy purchasing costs, has been recognised by regulators and is reflected in decisions to increase tariffs in Victoria from 1 January 2008 by an average of 13% and a draft decision to increase retail tariffs in Queensland, from 1 July 2008, by an average 7%.

The LPG business recorded sales volumes of 234 ktonnes, 26 ktonnes or 10% lower than the previous half year. After adjusting for the sale of Rockgas and the purchase of Sun Retail, underlying sales volumes were up 4%.

Despite the 10% decrease in sales volumes, sales revenue decreased by only 4% to \$289 million as the business managed to partially pass on to customers higher wholesale purchasing costs. A rising wholesale price environment places pressure on margins due to the lag in recovery of purchasing costs. As a result EBITDAF for the LPG business of \$24 million was 19% lower than the previous half year, reflecting both the smaller scale of the business and the challenging wholesale purchasing environment.

Total costs for the LPG business decreased by 20% from \$48 million to \$38 million. This reflected rationalisation of operations, the sale of Rockgas and the acquisition of Sun Retail LPG, and active cost management of the business. LPG accounts increased by approximately 18,000 from June 2007, primarily due to an increase in indirect customers and customers using residential exchange programs in New South Wales.

10.3.2 Green Energy

Origin continues to maintain market leadership of accredited GreenPower products with around 361,000 signed green energy customers (272,000 electricity and 89,000 gas). As at September 2007 the Company had 33% market share of accredited GreenPower products, more than double Origin's nearest competitor.

Last year Origin led a successful consortium in bidding for the Adelaide Solar City Project. Adelaide Solar City combines solar power, smart metering, energy efficiency and new approaches to electricity pricing for more energy sustainable communities. In October 2007 the project commenced offering discounted products that are supported by the Federal Government funding of the Solar Cities program.

The Company continues to invest in, and grow its solar installation business. Sales of grid-connected solar photovoltaic installations grew strongly during the period with over 200% increase in unit sales and 470% in PV watts. Origin introduced to the market an innovative solar hot water product, which allows customers to add solar panels to its existing gas or electricity system.

Origin's Carbon Reduction SchemeTM (CRS) was successfully launched in March 2007 and allows companies to either reduce their emissions by purchasing offsets or to generate offset products to on-sell. Since then Origin has been securing channel partners and developing marketing, processes and reporting capabilities. The CRS is cost effective, transparent and externally verified and enables the development of a wide range of carbon offset products for various applications. Recently Origin has entered into an agreement with GE for the supply of carbon offsets for the Eco Mastercard and Customfleet Green Lease program in Australia.

In November 2007, Origin's GreenPower products once again achieved the highest ranking in Green Electricity Watch (a representative group of environmental NGOs, and led by the Australian Conservation Foundation). This is the fourth time that a selection of Origin's products have been recognised as market leading by the Green Electricity Watch.

⁷ Source: GreenPower Website Quarterly Report (September 2007).

10.4 Contact Energy

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total revenue	965	849	14
EBITDAF	246	238	4
EBIT	171	178	(4)

Performance of operations

Half year ended 31 December	2007	2006	Change (%)
Electricity Generated (GWh)	5,874	5,597	5
Customer Electricity Sales (GWh)	4,064	3,950	3
Gas Sales (PJ)	8.8	6.1	44
LPG Sales (Tonnes)	45,913	-	. •
Electricity Customers	514,000	511,000	1
Gas Customers	74,000	76,000	(3)
LPG Customers	33,000		•
Total Customers	621,000	587,000	6

Origin owns a 51.4% interest in Contact Energy of New Zealand and consolidates 100% of Contact Energy in accordance with Australian accounting standards. The interests attributable to minority shareholders are recognised as Minority Interests in the Financial Statements.

A financial report entitled "Management discussion of unaudited consolidated financial results for the six months ended 31 December 2007" was issued by Contact Energy to the New Zealand Stock Exchange on Friday 22 February 2008 and is available on Origin's website www.originenergy.com.au. That document contains details regarding Contact's financial and operating performance during the period, including comparisons to the performance of Contact Energy in the prior half year.

In consolidating Contact Energy's results, Origin has used an average exchange rate for the period of NZ\$1.15 to the A\$, compared with NZ\$1.17 to the A\$ for the prior half year.

On consolidation Contact Energy contributed \$246 million to Origin's EBITDAF, 4% higher than the prior half year of \$238 million. Significant operating factors that contributed to the financial performance for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were:

- an increase in electricity generation;
- an increase in total electricity revenue, driven by 3% increases in both volume and price
 of retail sales;
- operating revenue and costs increased as a result of the addition of the Rockgas LPG business purchased from Origin; and
- a 20% increase in the average per unit cost of natural gas.

At the EBIT level Origin has consolidated \$171 million from Contact Energy for the six months ended 31 December 2007, compared with \$178 million in the prior corresponding period. The 2007 result includes two significant items. These are a benefit of \$18 million pre-tax from the sale of geothermal rights in the Mokai geothermal field and one-off costs of \$27 million pre-tax associated with the closure of the New Plymouth power station. Together these items amount to a net \$9 million charge against EBIT, more than accounting for the observed \$7 million reduction in EBIT compared with the prior period.

10.5 Networks (Discontinued Business)

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)
Total revenue	-	99
EBITDAF	-1	16
EBIT	225	15

The sale of the Networks business was settled in two tranches in late June and early July 2007. It made no contribution to the operational performance of the business in the six months to 31 December 2007.

The current half year contribution noted against EBIT in the table above represents the before-tax profit on sale and has been treated as a significant item. It is included in the calculation of Statutory Profit, but has been excluded from the calculation of Underlying Profit.

H Kevin McCann Chairman

Sydney, 27 February 2008

11. Origin Energy Key Financials

Half year ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total external revenue	3,817	2,865	33
EBITDAF ⁸	608	590	3
EBIT	634	482	31
Profit after tax	384	286	34
Minority Interests	49	53	6
Statutory Profit	335	233	44
Underlying Profit	200	207	(3)
Free cash flow ⁹	259	267	(3)
OCAT ratio ¹⁰ including CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	10.1%	10.5%	n/a
OCAT ratio ¹⁰ excluding CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	11.8%	12.2%	n/a
Average Funds Employed including CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	7,612	6,251	22
Average Funds Employed excluding CAPWIP (12 months to 31 December)	6,473	5,395	20
Capital expenditure (including acquisitions)	714	320	123
Total assets	12,310	9,232	33
Adjusted total assets ¹¹	10,836	8,885	22
Net debt	2,855	2,090	37
Adjusted net debt ¹¹	3,171	2,422	31
Shareholders equity	5,660	4,504	26
Adjusted shareholders equity ¹¹	5,076	4,357	17
Key Ratios			
Earnings per share - Statutory	38.3¢	29.0¢	32
Earnings per share - Underlying	22.9¢	25.7¢	(11)
Free cash flow per share ⁸	29.6¢	33.1¢	(11)
Total dividend per share	12¢	10¢	20
Net asset backing per share	\$6.47	\$5.26	23
Adjusted net asset backing per share ¹¹	\$5.80	\$5.09	14
Net debt to debt plus equity	33.5%	31.7%	n/a
Adjusted net debt to debt plus equity ¹¹	38.4%	35.7%	n/a
Interest cover 12	5.3x	4.7x	n/a
Segment Analysis (EBITDAF) ⁸			
Exploration & Production	133	140	(5)
Generation	28	46	(38)
Retail	201	166	21
Contact Energy	246	238	4
EBITDAF ⁸	608	590	3
Networks (discontinued)	-	16	-

Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, significant items and change in fair value of financial instruments from continuing operations.

Free cash flow is defined here as cash available to fund distributions to shareholders and growth capital. It includes deductions for stay-in-business capital, interest and tax.

¹⁰ OCAT Ratio = (OCAT - interest tax shield) / funds employed.

11 Adjusted to exclude impact of derivative financial instruments.

12 EBIT/Interest - Includes capitalised interest, excludes unwinding discounts on provision.

12. Appendix 1 - Reconciliation of Statutory to Underlying Profit

Reconciliation half year ended 31 December 2007	Before Tax Impact (\$m)	Tax (\$m)	Minority Interests (\$m)	After Tax Impact (\$m)	NPAT (\$m)
Statutory Profit					334.7
Significant Items					
Asset Sales					
- Networks	225.1	(77.8)	-	147.3	
- Mokai geothermal assets	18.2	-	(8.8)	9.3	
Changes in FV of financial instruments					
- Commodity instruments	(14.0)	4.2	•	(9.8)	
- Financing instruments	1.0	(0.2)	(0.2)	0.6	
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	(26.7)	8.8	8.7	(9.2)	
Sun Retail one-off costs	(5.3)	1.6	-	(3.7)	
Total significant items	198.1	(63.5)	(0.3)	134.4	(134.4)
Underlying Profit	ĺ				200.3
Underlying Basic EPS (cps)					22.93

Reconciliation half year ended 31 December 2006	Before Tax Impact (\$m)	Tax (\$m)	Minority Interests (\$m)	After Tax Impact (\$m)	NPAT (\$m)
Statutory Profit					233.2
Significant Items					
Changes in FV of financial instruments					
- Commodity instruments	14.0	(4.2)	(0.1)	9.7	
- Financing instruments	7.6	(2.4)	(2.5)	2.7	
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA	19.6	(5.9)	-	13.7	
Total significant items	41.2	(12.6)	(2.5)	26.1	(26.1)
Underlying Profit					207.1
Underlying Basic EPS (cps)					25.72



Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities Appendix 4D

31 December 2007

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities Appendix 4D

31 December 2007

Results for announcement to the market:					A\$r
Revenue		up	33.2%	to	3,816.9
Net profit for the period attributable to members	1	up	43.5%	to	334.7
Earnings per share - basic		up	32.1%	to	38.3
Earnings per share - diluted	•	up	32.3%	to	38.1
Significant items:					
Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial ins	truments				(13.0
Gain on sale of Networks business					225.1
Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary					18.3
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in C					(26.
Sun Retail one-off costs	-				(5.3
Income tax (expense)/benefit on significant item	15				(63.5
Significant items after tax					134.7
Minority interest on significant items					(0.3
Impact of significant items attributable to memb	ers ·				134.4
Underlying profit for the period attributable to m	embers	down	3.3%	to	200.3
Underlying earnings per share - basic		down	10.9%	to	22.9
Underlying earnings per share - diluted		down	10.9%	to	22.8
Net tangible asset backing per ordinary security		down	13.2%	to	\$2.2
Dividends	Amount per se	ecurity		nked an	
			per se	curity at	30% tax
Interim dividend declared	12 cents		1	2 cents	
ī	10 cents		1	IO cents	

Record date for determining entitlements to the dividend:

11 March 2008

Brief explanation of any of the figures reported above or other item(s) of importance not previously released to the market:

Refer to the attached Directors' Report and Management Discussion & Analysis included in the consolidated interim financial report for explanations.

Discussion and Analysis of the results for the half year ended 31 December 2007:

Refer to the attached Directors' Report and Management Discussion & Analysis for commentary.



Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities
Directors' Report and Consolidated Interim Financial Report

31 December 2007

Directors' Report for the six months ended 31 December 2007

In accordance with the Corporations Act, the Directors of Origin Energy Limited (the "Company" or "Origin") submit their report together with the consolidated financial report on the consolidated entity, being the Company and its controlled entities, for the half year ended 31 December 2007 ("the period") as follows:

Directors

The names of the Directors of the Company holding office during the half year ended 31 December 2007 and up until the date of this report are as follows:

H Kevin McCann

Grant A King

Bruce G Beeren

Executive Director since February 2000

Non-executive Director since February 2005

Trevor Bourne

Helen M Nugent

Non-executive Director since February 2000

Non-executive Director since February 2000

Non-executive Director since March 2003

L Poland Williams

Non-executive Director since February 2000

J Roland Williams

Non-executive Director since March 2003

Non-executive Director since February 2000

Gordon M Cairns

Non-executive Director since June 2007

Result

The financial report for the half year ended 31 December 2007 and the results herein, are prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Act 2001.

Statutory Profit - \$335 million up 44%

Origin reported a net profit after tax and minority interests ("Statutory Profit") of \$335 million for the six months ended 31 December 2007, an increase of 44% compared with \$233 million reported in the prior half year.

Six months ended 31 December	2007 (\$m)	2006 (\$m)	Change (%)
Total external revenue	3,817	2,865	33
EBITDAF	608	590	3
EBIT	634	482	31
Net profit after tax before elimination of minority interests	384	286	34
Minority interests	(49)	(53)	6
Statutory Profit	335	233	44
Significant items	(134)	(26)	n/a
Underlying Profit	200	207	(3)
Basic earnings per share on Statutory Profit (cents)	38.3	29.0	32
Basic earnings per share on Underlying Profit (cents)	22.9	25.7	(11)
Free cash flow ¹	259	267	(3)
Capital expenditure	714	320	123
OCAT Ratio ² - 12 months to 31 December	11.8%	12.2%	n/a
Adjusted [net debt/(debt + equity)] ³	38%	36%	n/a

¹ Free cash flow is defined here as cash available to fund distributions to shareholders and growth capital. It includes deductions for stay-in-business capital, interest and tax.

OCAT Ratio = (OCAT - interest tax shield) / funds employed excluding capital work in progress for calendar year 2007 and 2006 respectively.

Excludes the impact of mark-to-market impacts on net debt and on equity.

Underlying Profit - \$200 million down 3%

The Statutory Profit for Origin contains the impact of a number of significant items as outlined in the table below. This includes the following impacts on profit (after tax and minority interests):

- positive impacts from:
 - o the sale of the Networks business (\$147 million);
 - o the sale of geothermal assets in New Zealand (\$9 million); and
- reductions to profit from:
 - o the net impact of fair value adjustments of financial instruments (\$9 million in total);
 - o charges on retirement of the New Plymouth Power Station in New Zealand (\$9 million); and
 - o one-off costs associated with the purchase of Sun Retail (\$4 million).

These significant items provide an overall benefit of \$134 million after tax and the elimination of minority interests.

The profit after tax and minority interests and before significant items ("Underlying Profit") for Origin for the half year ended 31 December 2007 was therefore \$200 million.

Origin's Statutory Profit for the six months to 31 December 2006 also contained a number of one-off significant items, including positive impacts from:

- changes in the fair value of financial instruments (\$12 million); and
- a payment received on termination of the Mt Stuart power purchase agreement (PPA) with Enertrade (\$14 million).

When these positive adjustments, which total \$26 million after tax, are subtracted from the Statutory Profit of \$233 million the Underlying Profit for the six months to 31 December 2006 is \$207 million.

Origin's Underlying Profit therefore decreased 3% half year to half year from \$207 million to \$200 million, as indicated in the table below:

Reconciliation of Statutory and Underlying Profit

	Dec 2	007	Dec 2006		
	Impact After Tax & OEI	NPAT	Impact After Tax & OEI	NPAT	Change (%)
Statutory Profit (\$millions)		334.7		233.2	44
Significant items		!		Ĭ	
Asset Sales					
- Networks	147.3				
- Mokai geothermal assets	9.3				
Changes in FV of financial instruments					
- Commodity instruments	(9.8)		9.7		
- Financing instruments	0.6		2.7		
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	(9.2)				
Sun Retail one-off costs	(3.7)				
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA			13.7		
Total significant items	134.4	(134.4)	26.1	(26.1)	
Underlying Profit		200.3		207.1	(3)
Statutory EPS (cents per share)		38.3		29.0	32
Underlying EPS (cents per share)		22.9	•	25.7	(11)

Dividend

The Directors have declared an interim fully franked dividend of 12 cents per share which will be paid on 4 April 2008 to shareholders of record on 11 March 2008 (compared with 10 cents in the prior corresponding period).

Review of Operations

To provide a clearer understanding of its operational performance Origin adopted the measure EBITDAF in June 2007. EBITDAF reports earnings before interest, tax, depreciation, amortisation, significant items and the impact of fair value changes to financial instruments (EBITDAF).

To best compare the operational performance of the business with the prior half year all comparisons of EBITDAF will reference continuing businesses only. The prior half year therefore excludes the contribution from the Networks business, the sale of which was settled in two tranches on 29 June and 2 July 2007.

EBITDAF for the half year to 31 December 2007 was \$608 million, a 3% increase compared with the EBITDAF from continuing businesses of \$590 million last half year.

The segment contributions to this result are presented in the table below:

Six months and ad 34 Danashar	2007	2006	Change
Six months ended 31 December	(\$m)	(\$m)	(%)
Exploration & Production	133	140	(5)
Generation '	28	46	(38)
Retail	201	166	21
Contact Energy	246	238	4
Networks		16	n/a
Adjustment for discontinued business	-	(16)	n/a
EBITDAF	608	590	3

Exploration & Production

EBITDAF decreased 5% from \$140 million to \$133 million, approximately in line with an increase in exploration expenses of \$9 million under the successful efforts policy from \$7 million in the prior half year to \$16 million this half year.

Growth in contribution from Origin's CSG and BassGas assets more than offset the expected decline in Origin's more mature production assets, particularly the Cooper and Perth basins.

Generation

EBITDAF decreased \$18 million or 38% from \$46 million to \$28 million. Operating performance of the business was steady and the reduction in EBITDAF reflects the transition of the Mt Stuart power station from being externally contracted with Enertrade under a PPA to being contracted internally to Origin's Retail division. Under the Enertrade PPA a Compensation for Shortage of Energy Requested (CSER) payment of \$17.5 million was received in the prior half year to offset lower electricity sales and was in addition to capacity payments. However, consistent with the treatment of Origin's other internally contracted plant in the current half year Mt Stuart receives only a standard capacity payment from the Retail segment to cover its cost of capital. Revenues and costs resulting from its operation accrue to the Retail segment. Generation earnings have therefore reduced by approximately the value of the CSER payment of \$17.5 million.

Retail

EBITDAF grew by \$34 million or 21% from \$166 million to \$201 million. This was primarily due to a six month contribution from Sun Retail, which was in line with expectations under prevailing market conditions. Drought conditions across eastern Australia resulted in a significant increase in energy purchasing costs across Origin's entire gas and electricity retailing business during the half year,

resulting in lower contributions from Origin's existing business and partially offsetting the positive impact from Sun Retail.

Despite having to manage an increased number of churning customers the Company reduced its average cost to serve for its gas and electricity business from around \$61 to \$53 per account for the half year and increased its combined natural gas and electricity customer account numbers by 4,000. This included an increase in dual fuel accounts of approximately 48,000 and an increase in customers signed to green products of 93,000 to over 361,000 accounts.

Contact Energy

Contributed \$246 million to EBITDAF, 4% higher than the \$238 million recorded at this time last half year. This was primarily due to a six month contribution from the Rockgas LPG business and increased contribution from both the energy retailing and power generation businesses.

Networks

The sale of Origin's Networks business was settled in two tranches on 29 June 2007 and 2 July 2007. It is reported as a discontinued business within this result.

Earnings before Interest and Tax (EBIT) - \$634 million, up 31%

A number of items are recorded between EBITDAF and EBIT, as identified in the table below:

Six months ended 31 December	2007 (\$m, before tax)	2006 (\$m, before tax)	
Changes in the fair value of commodity financial instruments	(14)		
Gain on sale of significant businesses and assets	243	-	
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	(27)	-	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(171)	(157)	
Other Significant Items	·		
- Sun Retail one-off costs	(5)	-	
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA		. 20	
Total	26	(124)	

Together these items provided a benefit of \$26 million in the half year to 31 December 2007, compared with a net expense of \$124 million in the prior half year. Consequently EBIT has increased 31% from \$482 million to \$634 million.

Interest - \$104 million, up 9%

Net financing costs for the half year were \$104 million, up 9% from \$96 million in the prior corresponding period. This was due to the increase in debt required to partially fund the acquisition of Sun Retail; higher interest expense as development projects - which previously had interest capitalised during construction - move into production; and higher average interest rates.

Tax - \$146 million, up 35%

Tax expense for the half year was \$146 million, 35% higher than the \$108 million in the six months to 31 December 2006. Prima facie tax was higher reflecting the higher pre-tax profits. Approximately 53% of this tax expense is associated with the sale of the Networks business. The effective tax rate was 27.5%, in line with the effective tax rate in the prior corresponding period.

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration

The lead auditor's independence declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on the following page and forms part of the Directors' Report for the half-year ended 31 December 2007.

Rounding

The Company is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with that Class Order, amounts in the Financial Report and Directors' Report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

24. Cu Com

Mr H Kevin McCann Chairman

Sydney, 27 February 2008



Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 To: the directors of Origin Energy Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the review for the half-year ended 31 December 2007 there have been:

- (i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the review; and
- (ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the review.

KPMG

Duncan McLennan

Partner Sydney

27 February 2008

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

for half year ended 31 December \$'000			Consolidated 2007		Consolidated 2006		
		_	Discontinued	Total	-	Discontinued	Tota
	-	operations	operations	operations	operations	operations	operation
Revenue		3,816,905	•	3,816,905	2,766,497	98,727	2,865,224
Other income Total revenue and other income	2/5)	11,629 3,828,534	•	11,629 3,628,534	4,365 2,770,862	4,526 103,253	8,891 2,874,115
orar revenue and odder income	3(a) _	3,020,334	-	3,626,334	2,110,862	103,255	2,074,113
law materials and consumables used, and							
hanges in finished goods and work in progress		2.806.592	-	2,806,592	1,840,914	17,436	1,858,350
dvertising expense		18,095	-	18,095	12,171	1,802	13,973
lad debts expense		6,801	-	6,801	9,043	-	9,043
Consultancy expense		18,154	•	18,154	11,266	964	12,230
Contracting expense		24,909	•	24,909	22,336	39,668	62,004
mployee benefits expense		158,783	•	158,783	132,029	22,075	154,104
xploration expense		15,638	•	15,638	6,812	-	6,812
Oil and gas production expense		37,508	•	37,508	30,357	4 045	30,357
lotor vehicle expense Occupancy expense		7,692	•	7,692	7,285	1,845	9,130
epairs and maintenance expense		20,649 20,637	•	20,649	16,924	2,296	19,220
cyalties expense		15,432	-	20,637 15,432	20,590 16,205	1,540	22,130 16,205
dministration and other expenses		77,870	-	77,870	63,966	2,600	66,566
		,		, , , , , , ,	44,505	2,000	40,000
otal expenses, excluding financing costs	-	3,228,760	•	3,228,760	2,189,898	90,226	2,280,124
hare of net profits of equity accounted investees	9 _	8,133	·	8,133	8,839	3,141	11,980
amings before interest, tax, depreciation, mortisation, financial instruments and							
ignificant items (EBITDAF)		607,907	-	607,907	589,803	16,168	605,971
ain on sale of significant businesses and assets	3(c)	18,153	225,061	243,214	_	_	
epreciation and amortisation expense	-1-7	(171,463)		(171,463)	(155,829)	(1,500)	(157,329)
etirement of New Plymouth Power Station	3(c)	(26,749)	-	(26,749)		` · · -	•
un Retail one-off costs	3(c)	(5,321)		(5,321)	•	-	-
ermination of Mt Stuart PPA	3(c)	-	•	-	19,589	-	19,589
crease/(decrease) in fair value of financial							
struments	3(c)	(13,019)	-	(13,019)	21,584	-	21,584
et financing (costs)/income	3(b) _	(104,350)	-	(104,350)	(96,050)	<u> </u>	(96,050)
rofit/(loss) before income tax		305,158	225,061	530,219	379,097	14,668	393,765
come tax expense/(benefit) rofit for the period	4	68,247 236,911	77,809	146,056 384,163	103,573	4,356	107,929
one for the period	=	230,977	147,252	364,163	275,524	10,312	285,836
tributable to:							
inority interest		49,474	_	49,474	52,654	_	52,654
embers of the parent entity		187,437	147,252	334.689	222,870	10,312	233,182
ofit for the period	-	236,911	147,252	384,163	275,524	10,312	285,836
	4.0						
asic earnings per share Nuted earnings per share	14 14	21.5 cents 21.3 cents	16.9 cents 16.8 cents	38.3 cents 38.1 cents	27.7 cents 27.5 cents	1.3 cents 1.3 cents	29.0 cents 28.8 cents

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED INCOME AND EXPENSE

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities Consolidated for half year ended 31 December 2007 2006 Available for sale assets: (Gains)/losses transferred to income statement (45,423)Valuation gain taken to equity 327 1,841 Cash flow hedges: (Gains)/losses transferred to income statement (445,294)(10,990)Transferred to carrying amount of assets 2,161 (210)Foreign currency translation gain (427)318 Valuation gain/(loss) taken to equity (1,212,642)97,028 Share of increase in hedging reserves attributable to equity accounted investees 403 3,710 Net gain/(loss) on hedge of net investment in foreign subsidiary: Gain/(loss) taken to equity 11,269 (31,148)Translation of foreign operations: Exchange differences taken to equity (68,673)192,153 Translation of cash flow hedge reserve (138)427 Actuarial (loss)/gain on defined benefit superannuation plan (112)1,045 Net Income/(expense) recognised directly in equity (1,757,984)253,609 Profit for the half year. 384,163 285.836 Total recognised income and expense for the half year (1,373,821) 539,445 Attributable to: Minority interest 19,346 142,141 Members of the parent entity (1,393,167)397,304 Total recognised income and expense for the half year 539,445 (1,373,821)

The statement of recognised income and expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed notes to the consolidated interim financial report.

The above amounts and other movements in equity are set out in note 11.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

			Consolidated	
is at	Note	December	June	December
Nana.		2007	2007	2008
°090				
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents		4.40.000	262 674	245 122
rade and other receivables		149,920 1,092,492	267,574 1,609,515	345,133 786,366
nventories		129.745	114,212	111,777
Other financial assets, including derivatives		1,151,555	2.735.958	237,767
Assets classified as held for sale		1,101,000	255,462	20,,,0,
Other assets		167,196	107,011	66,011
otal current assets	-	2,690,908	5,089,732	1,547,054
Ion-current assets				
rade and other receivables		615	727	1,917
nvestments accounted for using the equity method		67,714	66,091	82,504
Other financial assets, including derivatives		376,549	829,206	298,896
roperty, plant and equipment		5,959,275	5,775,905	5,654,346
xploration and evaluation expenditure		308,695	214,746	181,721
evelopment expenditure		365,690	229,865	149,168
ntangible assets		2,500,815	2,494,505	1,275,465
Perent tax assets		20,256	45,047	16,239
Other assets	-	. 19,147	19,427	24,362
otal non-current assets	-	9,618,756	9,675,519	7,684,618
otal assets	-	12,309,664	14,765,251	9,231,672
urrent liabilities				
rade and other payables .		1,280,747	1,539,863	638,550
terest-bearing liabilities		258,184	507,339	378,785
ther financial fiabilities, including derivatives		407,931	420,221	178,827
ax liabilities		127,400	114,157	66,485
rovisions		101,572	108,074	88,777
abilities classified as held for sale	-		36,256	-
otal current liabilities	-	2,175.834	2,725,910	1,351,424
on-current liabilities		484 888	457.004	0.405
rade and other payables		101,069	107,024	6,405
terest-bearing liabilities ther financial liabilities, including derivatives		2,746,990	2,718,678	2,056,459
urer mancial nabinues, including derivatives 3x liabilities		453,010 925,507	397,887 1,644,448	289,365 839,766
rovisions		246,881	202,048	183,829
otal non-current liabilities	-	4,473,457	5,070,085	3,375,824
	-			
otal liabilities	-	6,649,291	7,795,995	4,727,248
et assets .	=	5,660,373	6,969,256	4,504,424
quity				
nare capital	10	1,715,621	1,688,423	1,585,174
eserves	11	563,536	2,287,519	128,673
etained earnings	11 _	2,143,673	1,905,054	1,732,258
otal parent entity interest	-	4,422,830	5,880,996	3,446,105
inority interest	11 _	1,237,543	1,088,260	1,058,319
otal equity	11 _	5,660,373	6,969,256	4,504,424
				•
et tangible asset backing et tangible asset backing per ordinary security		\$ 2.20 \$	3.88 \$	2.53

The balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed notes to the consolidated interim financial report.

CONSOLIDATED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

		Consoli	dated
for half year ended 31 December \$'000	Note _	2007	2006
Cash flows from operating activities			•
Cash receipts from customers		4,250,701	·3,179,011
Cash paid to suppliers		(3,723,927)	(2,661,838
Cash generated from operations		526,774	517,173
Dividends/distributions received from equity accounted investees		6,970	10,612
Other dividends received		0,0.0	1,248
Income taxes paid		(83,444)	(85,143)
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities		450,300	443,890
tot out it office the operating abuvilled	_	100,000	440,000
Cash flows from investing activities Payments for property, plant and equipment, and exploration &			
development expenditure		(494,794)	(317,279
Acquisition of controlled entities, net of cash acquired		(4,500)	(311,219)
Acquisition of businesses and other assets, net of cash acquired		(1,364)	(8,707)
equisition of other investments		(1,504)	(3,572)
Repayment of loans (from)/by equity accounted investees	•	<u>-</u>	(642)
nterest received		6,111	11,006
let proceeds from disposal of investments		O, III	
let proceeds from disposal of investments		401,317	1,886
Net proceeds from sale of non-current assets		28,624	- 196
		(64,606)	(317,112
let cash from/(used in) investing activities		(04,000)	(317,112)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		1,807,832	2,020,743
Repayment of borrowings		(2,228,191)	(2,325,621)
nterest paid		(132,207)	(112,847)
Dividends paid by the parent entity		(72,210)	(49,871)
Dividends paid to minority interest		(41,789)	(40,038)
lew Zealand preference shares issued by subsidiary		171,218	-
Proceeds from issue of share capital		3,450	402,365
let cash from/(used in) financing activities		(491,897)	(105,269)
let (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(106,203)	21,509
ash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		261,381	302,634
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(5,684)	20,136
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	7(a) _	149,494	344,279

The statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying condensed notes to the consolidated interim financial report.

1. Statement of significant accounting policies

(a) Reporting entity

Origin Energy Limited (the "company") is a company domicited in Australia. The consolidated interim financial report of the company for the half year ended 31 December 2007 comprises the company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "consolidated entity") and the consolidated entity's interests in associates and jointly controlled entities.

The consolidated annual financial report of the consolidated entity as at and for the year ended 30 June 2007 is available upon request from the company's registered office at Level 45, Australia Square 264 - 278 George Street Sydney NSW 2000 or at www.originenergy.com.au.

(b) Statement of compliance

The consolidated interim financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with AASB 134: *Interim Financial Reporting* and the Corporations Act 2001.

The consolidated interim financial report does not include all of the information required for a full annual financial report, and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated annual financial report of the consolidated entity for the full year ended 30 June 2007.

The consolidated interim financial report was approved by the Board of Directors on 27 February 2008.

The consolidated entity is of a kind referred to in ASIC Class Order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 and in accordance with the Class order, amounts in the financial report have been rounded off to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise stated.

(c) Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied by the consolidated entity in this consolidated interim financial report are the same as those applied by the consolidated entity in its consolidated annual financial report for the full year ended 30 June 2007.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. The basis of estimation for the period and the key areas where estimates have been applied is consistent with the basis described in the consolidated annual financial report for the full year ended 30 June 2007.

202

Consolidated

2,865,22

605,97 (157,32 14,02

19,58

482,25((96,05(7,55(393,76(107,92(

11,98 319,83

8,133

2,954 86,546

1,047 207,128

9,026 233,288

7,086 506,778

713,906

(1), (2) & (3) refer to footnotes on next page

Acquisitions of non-current assets (includes capital expenditure)

Share of net profits of equity accounted investees

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities						
2. Segments (continued) (a) Primary reporting - geographical segments (continued)	Austra	Australia ⁽¹⁾ (2)	New Zealand (3)	lland (3)	Consolidated	idated
as at 31 December	2007	2000	2007	2006	2007	2006
	\$,000	\$,000	\$.000	000.\$	\$,000	\$,000
Assets			•			
Segment assets	7,586,474	4,503,684	4,453,890	4,284,112	12,040,364	8,787,796
investments accounted for using the equity method	61,689	75,371	6,025	7,133	67,714	82,504
otal segment assets	7,648,163	4,579,055	4,459,915	4,291,245	12,108,078	8,870,300
Cash and interest rate derivatives and current and deferred tax assets					201,586	361,372
Total assets	•				12,309,664	9,231,672
Liabilities		-				
Segment liabilities for the second contractions and current and for the second current and	1,927,142	824,944	352,508	217,477	2,279,650	1,042,421
deferred tax liabilities					4,369,641	3,684,827
otal liabilities					6,649,291	4,727,248

(1) The Australian geographic segment includes operations in Australia and the Pacific.
 (2) The Australian geographic segment includes the operations of the discontinued Networks business segment as disclosed in the secondary segment includes the operation and Production activities as well as the operations of Contact Energy Limited and its controlled entities.

Exploration & Production Retail Goneration Networks (discontinued) Contact Energy Consolidation State
1,708,949
Generation Networks (discontinued) Contact Energy 2007 2006 1.1 2007 2006 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000
Contact Energy ### State
2006 ¹³ 2007 2006 ¹³ 2007 2006 ¹³ 2007 2006 ¹³ 2000 5'000
Contact Energy 2006 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000
Contact Energy 2006 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000
1 Energy 2006 848,830 3,90 (17 (17 (178,392 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17 (17
2006 5000 48,830 3,90 48,830 (15 48,830 (17 (395) (17 (395) (17 (395) (17 (295)
2007 5000 3,000,105 3,000,105 (17,1,483) (13,570) 2,431 (13,570) 2,431 (13,570) (14,570) (14,

2,951,28 (85,04 2,865,22

Consolidated

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities

(157,32 14,02

19.58 482.25 (98.05 7,55 393,76 205,83

11,98 319,83

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities	ities											
2. SEGMENTS (continued) (b) Secondary reporting - business segments (continued)	Exploration & Production	. Production	Retail	===	Gene	Generation	Networks (dis	Networks (discontinued) (4)	Contact	Contact Energy	Conso	Consolidated
ns at 31 December	2007		2007	ZOD2	2002	2006	2007	2006	2007	2008	2002	
	2,000	000.\$	\$,000	2,000	2,000	5'000	2,000	000.5	2,000	2,000	2,000	
Assets Segment assets Investments accounted for using the equity method	2,517,067	2,142,784	4,760,238	1,987,327	623,390 61 689	311,362		238,593	4,139,669	4,107,730	12,040,364	8,78
Total segment assets Cash and interest rate derivalives and current and delerred tax	2,517,067	2,142,784	4,760,238	1,986,291	685,079	368,976		255,539	4,145,694	4,114,710	12,108,078	8,870
assets											201,586	.,
										. 1	12,309,664	9,23
Liabilities Segment liabilities Interest-bearing liabilities and related derivatives and current	374,391	249,359	1,484,269	526,411	183,816	25,964	•	55,729	237,174	184,958	2,279,650	1,04;
and deferred fax liabilities											4,369,641	3,68,
											6,649,291	4

2002

8,787,796 82,504 8,870,300

361,372 9,231,672

1,042,421

3,684,827

Australian corporate revenue and expenses are allocated across all business segments, excluding Contact Energy, on the basis of external sales revenue. Australian corporate assets and liabilities, are allocated across all business segments, excluding Contact Energy, based on their share of total assets and liabilities.

Natural gas and oil exploration and LPG production in Australia and New Zealand.
Natural gas, electricity and energy related products and services in Australia LPG and related products and services in Australia and the Pacific.
Natural gas, fred cogeneration and power generation in Australia.
Infrastructure investment and management services in Australia.
Natural gas, LPG and electricity energy related products and services in New Zealand. Power generation in New Zealand. Products and services: Exploration & Production Networks (discontinued) Contact Energy Business segments: Generation

⁽¹⁾ Intersegment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis. Intersegment sales are eliminated on consolidation.

A tolling arrangement operates between the Retait and Generation segments in relation to the consolidated entity's three Australian merchant power stations. The tolling arrangement pricing is at commercial rates. The external revenue from the merchant power stations is recognised in Retait's revenue while Generation receives a tolling fee from Retail for the capacity provided and costs incurred by these power stations

The Exploration and Production segment selts gas and LPG to the Retail segment

a December 2006 comparative amounts have been restated to present the discontinued Networks business segment separately from continuing operations. Refer to note 5 for a discussion of the discontinued Networks business segment.

⁽³⁾ The results of discontinued operations are included in note 5.

for half year ended 31 December Consolidation 3. Profit \$000 \$000 4. Revenue and other income \$000 \$000 Revenue Form sale of goods \$1,573 \$360 Revenue from sale of goods \$1,573 \$360 Total revenue from continuing operations \$1,673 \$96,727 Revenue from discontinued operations \$3,816,905 \$2,766,137 Revenue from discontinued operations \$3,816,905 \$2,766,137 Total revenue \$3,816,905 \$2,766,137 Revenue from discontinued operations \$1,573 \$98,727 Total revenue \$1,573 \$1,002 Sovernment grants/subsidies \$1,002 \$1,002 Cother income from continuing operations \$1,629 \$4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations \$1,629 \$8,91 Total other income \$1,629 \$8,91 Total other income \$1,029 \$8,91 Total other income \$1,029 \$8,91 Total other income \$1,029 \$8,91 Total other income	Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities		
Sum			dated
Revenue and other income Revenue and other income Revenue Revenue From sale of goods 3,815,332 2,766,137 360 7014 Revenue from rendering of services 1,573 360 7014 Revenue from discontinued operations 3,816,905 2,766,497 7014 Revenue from discontinued operations 6,805,224 7014	for half year ended 31 December		
Revenue from sale of goods 3,815,332 2,766,137 Revenue from rendening of services 1,573 360 Total revenue from continuing operations 3,816,905 2,766,497 Revenue from discontinued operations - 98,727 Total revenue 3,816,905 2,865,224 Other income - 554 614 Dividends received from other parties 554 614 Net gain on sale of other assets 4,758 108 Government grants/subsidies 211 148 Other 6,106 3,495 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations 11,629 3,891 Total other income 8,109 11,073 (b) Net financing costs Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,221 104,905 Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906		\$ 000	\$,000
Revenue from rendering of services 1,573 366 Total revenue from continuing operations 3,816,905 2,766,497 Revenue from discontinued operations - 98,727 Total revenue 3,816,905 2,865,224 Other income - 554 614 Net gain on sale of other assets 4,758 108 60 Government grants/subsidies 211 148 61,06 3,495 Other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 616 Other revenue from discontinued operations 11,629 8,891 610	Revenue		
Name		3,815,332	2,766,137
Revenue from discontinued operations 98,727 Total revenue 3,816,905 2,865,224 Other income 554 614 Dividends received from other parties 554 618 Net gain on sale of other assets 211 148 Covernment grants/subsidies 211 148 Other 6,106 3,495 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 8,891 Other revenue from discontinued operations 11,629 8,891 Total other income 6,109 11,073 Total revenue and other income 6,109 11,073 Interest income 6,109 11,073 Other parties 103,036 99,842 Oth unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) 99,050 Co) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period (104,350) 96,050 Co) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period (2		1,573	
Other income Separation of the parties of		3,816,905	
Other income Dividends received from other parties 554 614 Net gain on sale of other assets 4,758 108 Government grants/subsidies 211 148 Other 6,106 3,495 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations - 4,526 Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 3,828,534 2,874,115 (b) Net financing costs Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period 1 Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>98,727</td></td<>			98,727
Dividends received from other parties 554 614 Net gain on sale of other assets 4,758 108 Government grants/subsidies 211 148 Other 6,106 3,495 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations 1,629 8,891 Total other income 1,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 6,109 11,073 Interest income 6,109 11,073 Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2)	Total revenue	3,816,905	2,865,224
Dividends received from other parties 554 614 Net gain on sale of other assets 4,758 108 Government grants/subsidies 211 148 Other 6,106 3,495 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations - 4,526 Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 3,828,534 2,874,115 (b) Net financing costs Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income 103,036 99,842 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant Income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 -	Otherinean		
Net gain on sale of other assets 4,758 108 Government grants/subsidies 211 148 Other 6,106 3,495 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations - 4,526 Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 6,109 11,073 Interest income 6,109 11,073 Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 -		FF.4	044
Government grants/subsidies Other 211 (8,106) 1,48 (8,106) 3,485 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,526 Other revenue from discontinued operations - 4,526 Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 3,828,534 2,874,115 (b) Net financing costs Interest income 6,109 11,073 Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off cos			
Other 6,106 3,495 Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations 2,528 Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 11,629 8,891 (b) Net financing costs 3,828,534 2,874,115 Interest income 6,109 11,073 Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokal assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>		•	
Total other income from continuing operations 11,629 4,365 Other revenue from discontinued operations - 4,526 Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 3,828,534 2,874,115 (b) Net financing costs Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589			
Other revenue from discontinued operations - 4,526 Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 3,828,534 2,874,115 (b) Net financing costs Interest income 6,109 11,073 Interest expense Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589			
Total other income 11,629 8,891 Total revenue and other income 3,828,534 2,874,115 (b) Net financing costs Interest income 6,109 11,073 Interest expense 103,036 99,842 Other parties 103,036 99,842 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period 10,019 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 19,589		11,023	
Total revenue and other income 3,828,534 2,874,115		11 629	
(b) Net financing costs Interest income 6,109 11,073 Interest expense 103,036 99,842 Other parties 7,423 7,281 On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period 103,019 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Gain on sale of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589			
Interest expense Other parties Other parties On unwinding of discount on provisions Total net financing (costs)/income Financing costs capitalised (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary Editrement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 6,109 11,073 103,036 99,842 7,281 110,459 107,123 104,350) (96,050) (96,050) 144,906 153,747 14,906 163,019) 21,584 163in on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 163in on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary 18,153 164,749) 17,123 18,153			2,017,110
Interest expense Other parties On unwinding of discount on provisions On Univ. 18,153 On Univ. 19,060	(b) Net financing costs		
Other parties On unwinding of discount on provisions Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary English (20,749) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 103,036 99,842 7,281 110,459 107,123 (104,350) (96,050) (23,747 14,906 (13,019) 21,584 (25,061 - (26,749) - (26,749) - (26,749) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,384)	Interest income	6,109	11,073
Other parties On unwinding of discount on provisions Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary English (20,749) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 103,036 99,842 7,281 110,459 107,123 (104,350) (96,050) (23,747 14,906 (13,019) 21,584 (25,061 - (26,749) - (26,749) - (26,749) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,321) - (5,384)	Interest expense		
On unwinding of discount on provisions 7,423 7,281 110,459 107,123 Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised 23,747 14,906 (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589		103.036	99.842
Total net financing (costs)/income (104,350) (96,050) Financing costs capitalised (23,747 14,906) (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments (13,019) 21,584 Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) 225,061 - Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) 18,153 - Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589	On unwinding of discount on provisions		
Financing costs capitalised (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 19,589		110,459	
Financing costs capitalised (c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 19,589			
(c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA (13,019) 21,584 225,061 - (26,749) - (26,749) - (5,321) - 19,589	Total net financing (costs)/income	(104,350)	(96,050)
Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA (13,019) 21,584 225,061 - (26,749) - (26,749) - (5,321) - 19,589	Financing costs capitalised	23,747	14,906
Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 225,061 18,153 - (26,749) - (5,321) - 19,589	(c) Significant income/(expense) items included in profit for the period		
Gain on sale of Networks business (refer note 5) Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 225,061 18,153 - (26,749) - (5,321) - 19,589	Increase/(decrease) in fair value of financial instruments	(13.010)	21 584
Gain on sale of Mokai assets in Contact subsidiary (1) Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) Sun Retail one-off costs Termination of Mt Stuart PPA 18,153 (26,749) (5,321) - 19,589			Z1,304
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station in Contact subsidiary (2) (26,749) - Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-
Sun Retail one-off costs (5,321) - Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589			-
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA - 19,589			•
·		(5,3∠1)	10 580
130,123 41,173		108 125	
		100,120	41,170

⁽¹⁾ In November 2007, Contact Energy sold land and geothermal rights relating to the Mokai geothermal field, north of Taupo, to Mighty River Power and the Tuaropaki Trust.

⁽²⁾ On 20 December 2007, Contact Energy announced the retirement of its 31-year-old New Plymouth power station following discovery of asbestos at the station in September 2007.

for half year ended 31 December

4. Income tax expense

Tax expense for the interim periods presented is the expected tax payable, calculated as the estimated annual effective income tax rate applied to the pre-tax income of the interim period, adjusted for specific one-off events that have occurred during the interim period.

The effective tax rate for the period ended 31 December 2007 is 27.5% (27.4% prior period) compared to the Australian tax rate of 30% and overseas tax rate of approximately 33%. Tax expense has been primarily affected by the recognition of revenue and capital losses previously not brought to account and non assessable profits.

for half year ended 31 December

5. Discontinued operation

In April 2007 the consolidated entity entered into an agreement to sell the Networks business segment to the APA Group (including Australian Pipeline Trust and other associated businesses) for consideration of \$561.9 million. The Networks business segment included Origin Energy Asset Management, a 17 per cent interest in Envestra, a 33.3 per cent interest in the SEA Gas Pipeline and a number of other assets. The sale of the Networks business segment was completed in two tranches. The first tranche (which incorporated the consolidated entity's share of the SEA Gas Partnership) was completed on 29 June 2007 and the profit on disposal of this investment was recorded in the June 2007 period results.

The second tranche, which incorporated the sale of the remaining Networks business segment and assets, was completed on 2 July 2007 and the profit on disposal of this tranche is recorded in the half year ended 31 December 2007.

The Networks business segment was not disclosed as a discontinued operation or classified as held for sale as at 31 December 2006, however, the comparative income statement has been restated to present the discontinued Networks business segment separately from continuing operations.

The income statement for discontinued operations for the half year ending 31 December 2007 incorporates the profit on sale of the consolidated entity's interest in the remaining Networks business segment.

	Consolida	ated
	2007 \$'000	2006 \$'000
(a) Effect of discontinued operations on the Income Statement of the consolidated entity		
Operating results before tax		14,668
Profit on disposal of remaining Networks business segment	225,061	-
Profit before income tax	225,061	14,668
Income tax expense	77,809	4,356
Net profit after tax	147,252	10,312
(b) Cash flows from discontinued operations		
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	_	11,793
Net cash from/(used in) investing activities	401,317	(1,225)
Net cash from discontinued operations	401,317	10,568
	2007 \$*000	
Assets disposed of		
·		
Cash and cash equivalents	- · · · · ·	
Trade and other receivables	74 460	
Trade and other receivables .	24,468 2,821	
Inventories	2,821	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives		
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives	2,821 175,811	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method	2,821 175,811 976	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities disposed of	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843 - 3,125 277,401	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843 3,125 277,401	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities disposed of Trade and other payables	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843 - 3,125 277,401	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities disposed of Trade and other payables Provisions	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843 3,125 277,401	
Inventories Other financial assets, including derivatives Investments accounted for using the equity method Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred tax assets Other assets Liabilities disposed of Trade and other payables	2,821 175,811 976 64,357 5,843 3.125 277,401 21,376 14,880 36,256	

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities		
for half year ended 31 December	Consolid 2007	2006
6. Dividends	\$'000	\$'000
(a) Dividend reconciliation		
Final dividend of 11 cents per share, fully franked at 30%, paid 3 October 2007 (2006: Final dividend of 9 cents per share, fully franked at 30%, paid 29 September 2006)	95,958	71,697
(b) Subsequent event		
Since the end of the financial period, the directors have declared an interim dividend of 12 cents per share, fully franked at 30%, payable 4 April 2008	105,062	
The financial effect of this dividend has not been brought to account in the statements for the half year ended 31 December 2007 and will be recogn reports.		
(c) Dividends per share		
Dividends paid or provided for during the reporting period Previous final year franked dividend per share	11.0 cents	9.0 cents
Dividends proposed and not recognised as a liability	12.0 cents	

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entit		
6 1 16	Consolid	
for half year ended 31 December	2007	2006
7. Notes to the statement of cash flows	\$'000_	\$'000
(a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents		
Cash includes cash on hand, at bank and short-term deposits at call, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash as at the end of the half year as shown in the statement of cash flows is reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:		
Cash and cash equivalents Bank overdrafts	149,920 (426)	345,133 (854)
	149,494	344,279
(b) The following non-cash financing and investing activities have not been included in the statement of cash flows:	es	
Issue of shares in respect of the Dividend Reinvestment Plan	23,748	21,826
Envestra Limited distribution received as shares	-	7.692

7. Notes to the statement of cash flows (continued)

(c) Net assets acquired

During the half year ended 31 December 2007, the consolidated entity acquired 3 entities for a combined consideration of \$4.5 million.

The net assets of the acquired companies comprised wind data and wind farm approvals.

The fair value of the assets recorded at the acquisition date was \$4.5 million. The companies acquired were:

- Cullerin Range Wind Farm Pty Ltd
- Conroy's Gap Wind Farm Pty Ltd
- Snowy Plains Wind Farm Pty Ltd

The fair values of the assets and liabilities acquired as part of the Sun Retail acquisition (acquisition date 1 February 2007) were subject to review during the period ended 31 December 2007. As a result, the fair value balance sheet at the date of acquisition has been updated resulting in a decrease in the fair value of net assets acquired of \$3 million and a corresponding increase in the amount of goodwill recorded at the date of acquisition.

8. Acquisition/disposal of controlled entitles

2007

Name	Date of acquisition/disposal	Percentage interest acquired	Carrying amount \$'000	(paid)/received minority in	ed net t after
The following entities were acquired during the half year:					
Cullerin Range Wind Farm Pty Ltd Conroy's Gap Wind Farm Pty Ltd Snowy Plains Wind Farm Pty Ltd	19 December 2007 19 December 2007 19 December 2007	100 100 100	4,500	(4,500)	•
The following entities were disposed of during the half year:					
Origin Energy Asset Management Holdings Pty Ltd Origin Energy Asset Management Services (Queensland) Pty Ltd Origin Energy Asset Management Services Pty Ltd Origin Energy Water Management Holdings Pty Ltd Origin Energy Water Management Pty Ltd	2 July 2007 2 July 2007 2 July 2007 2 July 2007 2 July 2007			\begin{cases} 401,317"" \\ \end{cases} 225	5,061

^{(1) \$401.3} million was the total consideration received (net of disposal costs) for the disposal of the remaining Networks business segment in the half year ended 31 December 2007. The disposal of the Networks business segment included the disposal of the entities listed above and the other net assets disclosed in Note 5.

The following controlled entities were incorporated/registered during the half year:

Origin Energy Contact Finance No.2 Limited	8 August 2007
Origin Energy Geothermal Pty Ltd	24 October 2007
Origin Energy Geothermal Holdings Pty Ltd	24 October 2007
Origin Energy Wallumbilla Transmissions Pty Ltd	15 August 2007
Origin Energy Wind Holdings Pty Ltd	30 October 2007
Origin Renewable Energy Investments No 1 Pty Ltd	24 October 2007
Origin Renewable Energy Investments No 2 Pty Ltd	24 October 2007
Origin Renewable Energy Pty Ltd	24 October 2007
Origin Energy Resources NZ (SPV 1)	19 December 2007
Origin Energy Resources NZ (SPV 2)	19 December 2007

Name changes during the financial year:

OE SEA Gas Holdings Pty Limited to OE JV Holdings Pty Limited

Refer to note 7(c) for details of net assets acquired.

2006

There were no acquisitions of controlled entities during the half year.

for half year ended 31 December

9. Interests in entities which are not controlled entities

	Consolidat	eď	Consolida	ted
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	%	%	\$1000	\$1000
Equity accounted investees	Percentage of ov	wnership		
	interest held at of the peri		Share of net profi	ts/(losses)
BIEP Pty Ltd	50.0	50.0	-	
BIEP Security Pty Ltd	50.0	50.0	-	•
Bulwer Island Energy Partnership	50.0	50.0	3,748	2,210
Campaspe Asset Management Services Pty Ltd (2)	-	50.0	-	132
CUBE Pty Ltd (1)	50.0	50.0	3,339	2,864
Gas Industry Superannuation Pty Ltd	50.0	50.0	-	-
Oakey Power Holdings Pty Ltd	12.8	12.8	1,029	2,927
Rockgas Timaru Ltd	25.7	50.0	17	27
SEA Gas Partnership (3)	-	33.3	•	3,009
Vitalgas Pty Ltd	50.0	50.0	-	811
Total		-	8,133	11,980

⁽¹⁾ Osborne Cogeneration Pty Ltd., a company incorporated in SA, is a wholly owned controlled entity of CUBE Pty Ltd.

investments in associates and joint ventures classified as discontinued operations

The above table includes the share of net profits of certain investments classified as discontinued operations amounting to \$3,141,000 in the comparative period.

The relevant equity accounted investments were:

⁽³⁾ SEA Gas Partnership was sold to APA Group on 29 June 2007 (see note 5).

Other material Interests			Income	
Envestra Limited	-	17.21	-	4,027

The consolidated entity's interest in Envestra Limited was sold to APA Group on 2 July 2007. The income amount of \$4,027,000 in the comparative period has been included in the net profit from discontinued operations.

⁽²⁾ Campaspe Asset Management Services Pty Ltd was sold to APA Group on 2 July 2007 (see note 5).

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities		C	Consolidated	
	-	December	June	December
as at	Note	2007	2007	2006
10. Share capital	-	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Issued and paid-up capital 875,517,318 (June 2007: 872,288,456; December 2006: 856,895,217)				
ordinary shares, fully paid	=	1,715,621	1,688,423	1,585,174
Ordinary share capital at the beginning of the period Shares issued:		1,688,423	1,158,959	1,158,959
 879,000 (June 2007: 4,363,800; December 2006: 2,862,600) shares in accordance with the Senior Executive Option Plan 2,349,862 (June 2007: 5,570,071; December 2006: 3,357,330) shares 		3,060	15,034	9,112
in accordance with the Dividend Reinvestment Plan - Nil (June 2007: 56,338,029; December 2006: 56,338,029) shares in		23,748	41,350	21,826
accordance with private placement on 5 December 2006 - Nil (June 2007: 11,679,298; December 2006: nil) shares in accordance		390	395,277	395,277
with share purchase plan on 29 February 2007		_ <u>-</u>	77,803	-
Total movements in ordinary share capital	11 _	27,198	529,464	426,215
Ordinary share capital at the end of the period	_	1,715,621	1,688,423	1,585,174

					dated			
				Consolidated				
		Share hased	Foreign					
		payments	translation	Hedging	Available for	Retained		
11. Equity reconciliations	Issued capital	S'COO	seserve S'000	SOOO	sale reserve	earnings M	earnings Minority Interests	Total equity
Opening balance as at 1 July 2007	1,688,423	19,402	(18,129)	2,224,276	61,970	1,905,054	1,088,260	6.969,266
Profit after tax expense for the half year					•	334,689	49.474	384 163
Movement in share capital (note 10)	27,198					<u> </u>	· •	27 198
Movement in share based payments		3,761					225	3.988
Loss on translation of assets and llabilities of overseas controlled entities			(37.224)				(31.449)	(68.673)
Net gain on translation of long-term borrowings and foreign currency forward contracts			11,269					11 269
Fair value adjustment on available for sale financial assets			-		327			327
Available for sale financial assets - amount removed from equity and transferred to profit					(45,423)			(45 423
Cash flow hedges - effective component recognised in equity, net of tax	•			(1,211,980)			(662)	(1 212 642
Cash flow hedges - amount removed from equity and transferred to profit, net of tax				(447,160)			1 856	(445 294)
Cash flow hedges - amount transferred to the Initial cost of assets, net of tax				1.836			325	2.161
Cash flow hedges - foreign currency translation gain, net of tax			427	(219)			(208)	•
Movement in share capital of subsidiary				•			283	283
Share of increase in reserves attributable to equity accounted investees, net of tax				403				403
Actuarial loss on defined benefit superannuation plan						(112)		(112)
Utvidends paid						(95,958)	(41,789)	(137,747)
New Zealand preference shares Issued by subsidiary				ļ			171,218	171,218
Balance as at 31 December 2007	1,715,621	23,163	(43,657)	667,156	16,874	2,143,673	1,237,643	5,660,373
						ļ		
Opening balance as at 1 July 2006	1,158,959	12 959	(114 343)	787 96	36.589	1 569 72B	955 008	3 645 GBS
Profit after tax expense for the half year		<u>.</u>		<u>:</u>	}	233 182	52.654	284 846
Movement in share capital (note 10)	426,215						} }	426 215
Movement in share based payments		3,604						3,604
Gain on translation of assets and liabilities of overseas controlled entities		•	110,538				81,479	192,015
Net loss on translation of long-term borrowings and foreign currency forward contracts			(31,148)		•			(31,148)
Fair Value adjustment on available for sale linancial assats				!	1,841			1,84 1.
Share of increase in resentes attributable to amulta annuated investors.		,		78,138			8,008	86,146
Actuarial gain on defined benefit superannustion plan				3,/10		1 045		3,710
Dividends paid						71.697	(38.828)	(110,525)
Balance as at 31 December 2006	1.585.174	16.663	(34,955)	108.635	38.430	4 732 25R	1 058 349	A 504 424
		222121	12.00		201	202122.01	212/2221	-1-221

12. Contingent Liabilities

Details of contingent liabilities and contingent assets where the probability of future payments/receipts is not considered remote are set out below, as well as details of contingent liabilities and contingent assets, which although considered remote, the Directors consider should be disclosed. The Directors are of the opinion that provisions are not required in respect of these matters, as it is not probable that a future sacrifice of economic benefits will be required or the amount is not capable of reliable measurement.

		Consolidated	d
	December	June	December
	2007	2007	2006
	\$'000	\$'000	\$1000
Bank guarantees - unsecured (1)	633,682	841;416	308,747
Letters of credit - unsecured (2)	9.652	1,323	9,545
	643,334	842,739	318,292

⁽¹⁾ The consolidated entity has provided bank guarantees in favour of the National Electricity Market Management Company to support its obligations to purchase electricity from the national electricity market.

The consolidated entity has given to its bankers letters of responsibility in respect of accommodation provided from time to time by the banks to Origin Energy Limited's wholly or partly owned controlled entities.

Warranties and Indemnities have been given by entitles in the consolidated entity in relation to environmental liabilities for certain properties as part of the terms and conditions of divestments.

A number of sites within the consolidated entity have been identified as contaminated, all of which are subject to ongoing environmental management programmes to ensure appropriate controls are in place and clean-up requirements are implemented. For sites where the requirements can be assessed and costs estimated, the estimated cost of remediation has been expensed or provided for. The contamination has generally resulted from the manufacture of gas from coal and the treatment of the associated by-products conducted at the sites. These activities ceased in the 1970s when manufactured gas was replaced with natural gas from oil and gas fields.

Certain entities within the consolidated entity are subject to certain lawsuits and claims. Any liabilities arising from such lawsuits and claims are not expected to have a material adverse effect on the consolidated financial statements.

Origin Energy Resources Limited and the BassGas Joint Venturers have agreed to settle the arbitration with Clough Engineering Limited in relation to the BassGas Project. The outcome of the settlement was favourable to Origin Energy and has been recorded in the December 2007 accounts.

A Demerger Deed was entered into in the 2000 year containing certain indemnities and other agreements between Origin Energy Limited and Boral Limited and their respective controlled entities covering the transfer of the businesses, investments, tax, other liabilities, debt and assets of Boral Limited and some temporary shared arrangements. All known amounts subject to this agreement have been adequately provided for in the consolidated financial statements.

Arrangements with related parties continue to be in place. For details of these arrangements refer to the June 2007 annual financial report.

	Consol	lidated
	December	June
	2007	2007
	\$'000	\$'000
13. Commitments		
Capital expenditure commitments		
Contracted but not provided for and payable:		
not later than one year	552,053	411,090
tater than one year but not later than five years	309,721	496,124
later than five years	1.849	1,905
	863,623	909,119

⁽²⁾ The consolidated entity has provided overseas suppliers letters of credit to facilitate the importation of equipment.

Origin Energy Limited and Controlled Entities 14. Earnings per share for half year ended 31 December Consolidated 2006 2007 **Total operations** 38.3 cents 29.0 cents Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share 28.8 cents 38.1 cents Underlying operations Basic earnings per share 22.9 cents 25.7 cents Diluted earnings per share 22.8 cents 25.6 cents Continuing operations Basic earnings per share 21.5 cents 27.7 cents Diluted earnings per share 21.3 cents 27.5 cents Discontinued operations Basic earnings per share 16.9 cents 1.3 cents Diluted earnings per share 16.8 cents 1.3 cents 2006 2007 Number Number Weighted average number of shares used as the denominator Number of ordinary shares for basic earnings per share calculation 873,628,684 805,208,182 5,202,555 Effect of executive share options on issue 4,333,807 878,831,239 809,541,989 Number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share calculation 2007 2006 \$'000 \$'000 Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share for total operations Net profit 285,836 384,163 Less: Profit attributable to minority interests (49,474)(52,654)Earnings used in calculating earnings per share 334,689 233,182 Earnings used in calculating EPS for continuing operations 187,437 222,870 Earnings used in calculating EPS for discontinued operations 147,252 10,312 334,689 233,182 Reconciliation of earnings used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share for underlying operations Net profit attributable to members of the parent entity 334,689 233,182 Impact of significant items included in net profit attributable to members of the parent entity: Significant items included in profit for the year before tax (note 3(c)) 198,125 41.173 Income tax (expense)/benefit on significant items (63,454)(12,567)Significant items after tax 134,671 28,606 Minority interest (308)<u>(2,531)</u> impact of significant items attributable to members of the parent entity 134,363 26,075 Underlying net profit attributable to members of the parent entity 200,326 207,107

15. Events subsequent to balance date

Refer note 6 for dividends declared subsequent to 31 December 2007.

Acquisition of Swift Energy Oil & Gas Assets in New Zealand

In December 2007, Origin Energy Limited entered into an agreement to purchase certain New Zealand oil and gas assets from Swift Energy New Zealand Limited for approximately US\$87.8 million (approximately NZ\$115 million). Contact Energy Limited, a 51.4% owned subsidiary of Origin Energy, will contribute approximately NZ\$54 million to the purchase price for the right to own and develop the Ahuroa field as an underground gas storage facility and purchase the remaining gas and LPG reserves in the Ahuroa reservoir.

The transaction between Origin Energy and Swift Energy is not expected to be completed until the first quarter of 2008 and is conditional on the consent of the New Zealand Overseas Investment Office and the Ministry of Economic Development. Origin Energy's and Contact Energy's obligations are conditional on the completion of that transaction. Accordingly, the financial impact of the acquisition has not been recorded in these financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2007.

Execution of an underwritten syndicated credit facility

On 11 February 2008 Origin Energy announced that it had executed an underwritten syndicated credit facility ("Facility") with ANZ, Commonwealth Bank, Deutsche Bank, JP Morgan and NAB.

The 3-year Facility is structured on a senior unsecured basis and comprises A\$900 million of revolving and term tranches and a US\$200 million revolving tranche.

Syndication of the Facility to Origin's relationship banks and to new banks is expected to be completed in March 2008.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

Origin Energy Limited and its Controlled Entities

In the opinion of the Directors of Origin Energy Limited:

- the consolidated interim financial report and accompanying notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:
 - giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the consolidated entity as at 31 December 2007 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations and cash flows, for the half year ended on that date; and
 - complying with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134: Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001; and
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors:

Kevin McCann

Chairman

Sydney, 27 February 2008



Independent auditor's review report to the members of Origin Energy Limited

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial report of Origin Energy Limited, which comprises the consolidated interim balance sheet as at 31 December 2007, income statement, statement of recognised income and expense and cash flow statement for the interim period ended on that date, a statement of accounting policies and other explanatory notes 1 to 15 and the directors' declaration of the Group comprising the Company and the entities it controlled at the half-year's end or from time to time during the interim period.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the interim financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Act 2001*. This responsibility includes establishing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the interim financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 Review of an Interim Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the interim financial report is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including: giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2007 and its performance for the interim period ended on that date; and complying with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 Interim Financial Reporting and the Corporations Regulations 2001. As auditor of Origin Energy Limited, ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a interim financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the interim financial report of Origin Energy Limited is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2007 and of its performance for the interim period ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

KPMG

Duncan McLennan

Partner Sydney

27 February 2008



705 07009

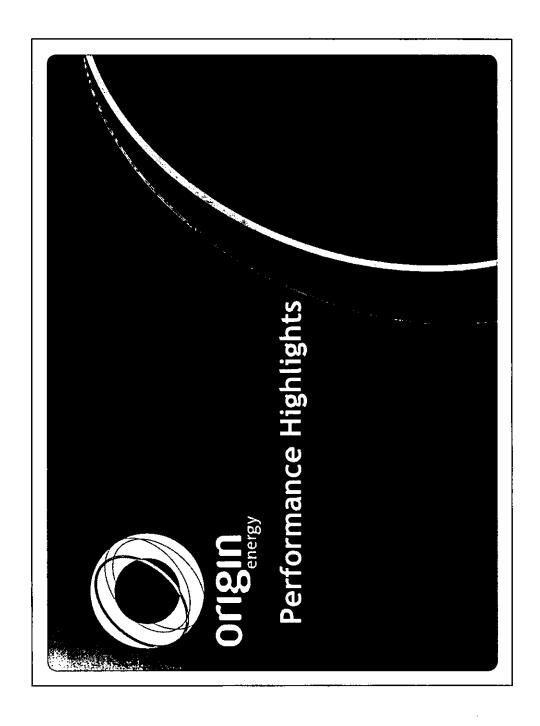
Outline

- Performance Highlights
- Financial Review
- Operating Review
- Outlook
- All references to \$ are references to Australian dollars unless otherwise specifically marked
- All comparative data are in relation to the prior corresponding period, 1 July 2006 to 31 December 2006, unless otherwise stated
- A reference to Contact is a reference to Contact Energy Limited of New Zealand, a 51.4% owned subsidiary of Origin Energy

Any forward looking information in this presentation has been prepared on the basis of a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect and these statements speak only as of the date of this presentation. This presentation should not be relied upon as a recommendation to buy or sell shares by Origin Energy Limited.

Nothing in this presentation should be construed as either an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell shares in Origin Energy Limited.





Origin achieved an Underlying Profit of \$200 million...

- Steady earnings in line with expectations
- Profit, EBITDAF and cash flow consistent with prior corresponding period
- increasing CSG production and BassGas offsetting maturing assets and delays in Otway
- high revenues from Sun Retail partially offset by high wholesale costs
- Based on current market conditions, Origin is anticipating a higher result in the second half, due to
- decrease in wholesale cost of energy
- tariff increases in Victorian market
- contributions from Otway Gas Project
- greater CSG production servicing existing contracts
- an increased contribution from Contact Energy
- Should result in an increase in full year profit of at least 15%

... with a strong outlook for the full financial year



Origin continues to build its business ...

Exploration and Production

- Increased CSG production
- Otway commissioning commenced
- Halladale / Blackwatch and Swift assets acquired
- Good progress on Kupe Gas Project

Retail

- Tariff increases in electricity and gas
- On track with Sun Retail integration
- Maintained customers numbers Market leader in green products
- Progress on retail systems strategy

Contact Energy

Construction of Darling Downs and

Generation

Quarantine commenced

Committed to Mt Stuart expansion

- Higher gas costs absorbed
- Progressed development of geothermal and wind projects
 - Secured access to gas storageRockgas Integration
- Safety: Improved TRIFR by 53% from 22.8 in Dec 06 to 10.6 in Dec 07

development and acquired rights to

additional development sites

Committed to Cullerin wind farm

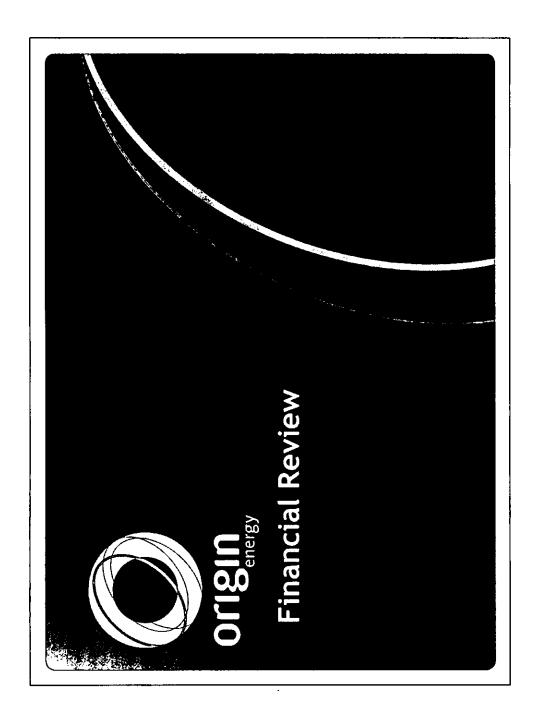
Geodynamics farm-in

... and is well placed to benefit from a carbon constrained future



:
d steady underlying earnings
ຕຸ
ÿ
1
þ
2
>
ac
Ď
S
Ď
Ā
Ą
چَ
<u></u>
S
ğ
Drigin has delivered
.හි
ō
_

■ 3%	\$200 million \$285 million 38.3 cps 22.9 cps 12 cps 11.8% 38%	 Statutiony Front. Underlying Profit OCAT EPS - Statutory Underlying Interim dividend fully franked OCAT Ratio - Calendar Year Adjusted net debt / (debt + equity) Adjusted net debt / (debt + equity) with 20% increase in the interim dividend
	38%	ted net debt / (debt + equity)
	11.8%	Ratio - Calendar Year
1 20%	12 cps	n dividend fully franked
11%	22.9 cps	Underlying
3 2%	38.3 cps	Statutory
2%	\$385 million	
3%	\$200 million	rlying Profit
44 %	\$335 million	 Statutory Profit
■ 31%	\$634 million	
3%	\$608 million	• EBITDAF
■ 33%	\$3,817 million	• Revenue



	-	_
	プロコーロップ	_
	_	`
	`	1
	_	-
	_	J
,	-	J
	π	3
	Ĺ	5
i	1	•
١		•
	ı	
	_	
	U	7
	7000)
	ح	١
	•	1
-		1
ŧ	t	1
	=	j
	_	_
ţ	-	_
	ביב	`
	č	
,	∹	_
Ĺ	_	-

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06	% change
Revenue	3,817	2,865	33
EBITDAF(1)	809	290	m
EBIT	634	482	31
Net financing costs	(104)	(96)	(6)
Tax expense	(146)	(108)	(35)
Minority Interests	(46)	(53)	9
Statutory Profit	335	233	44
Statutory EPS	38.3 cps	29.0 cps	32
Free cash flow per share	29.6 cps	33.1 cps	(11)



(1) EBITDAF represents earnings before interest, tax, depreciation/amortisation, significant items and the impact of fair value to financial instruments from continuing operations

(\$ million)	Dec 07		Dec 06	90	
	Impact after tax & OEI	NPAT	Impact after tax & OEI	NPAT	% change
Statutory Profit		335		233	44
Significant items					
Asset sales					
- Networks	147				
- Mokai geothermal assets	6				
Change in FV of fin. Instruments					
- Commodity instruments	(10)		10		
 Financing instruments 	-		3		
Retirement of New Plymouth	(6)				
Sun Retail one-off costs	(4)				
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA			14		
Total significant items	134	(134)	78	(32)	
Underlying Profit		200		207	(3)
Statutory EPS (cps)		38.3	9	29.0	35
Underlying EPS (cps)		22.9		25.7	(11)

Movements in fair value of financial instruments

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss items associated with financial instruments movements

(\$ million)		Dec 07
Change in net assets		(2,380)
Recognition of "effective" instruments in Balance Sheet		(2,367)
Recognised in Equity (Hedge Reserve post tax)	(1,657)	
Recognised in Deferred Tax Liability	(710)	
Recognition of "ineffective" instruments in Profit and Loss (before tax)	re tax)	(13)

- Historically high electricity prices at 30 June 2007 resulted in large increases in the Subsequent softening of these prices has led to a decrease of \$2,387 million in the fair value of financial instruments used to manage risk in electricity markets. half year to 31 December 2007
- The decrease in this period is almost entirely recognised in Equity with a net expense of \$13 million (before tax) recognised in the Profit & Loss



EBITDAF \$608 million, up 3%

Divisions (\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06	Dec 06 % change
Exploration & Production	133	140	(5)
Generation	28	46	(38)
Retail	201	166	21
Contact	246	238	4
Networks		16	
Adjustment for discontinued business		(16)	
EBITDAF	809	290	3

E&P: Growth in BassGas and CSG offset decline in more mature assets Increase in exploration expense (\$9 million)

Generation: Steady operating performance and transition of Mt Stuart power station from externally to internally contracted plant

Retail: Expected contribution from Sun Retail partially offset by high wholesale

purchasing environment

Contact: Increase in wholesale and retail electricity sales

Networks: Discontinued business - Disposal settled in June and July 2007

Corporate costs of \$30 million have been allocated to the Australian business segments

Depreciation & Amortisation

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06
Generation property, plant and equipment	65	63
Other buildings, plant and equipment	62	62
Amortisation in producing areas ⁽¹⁾	42	32
Other	2	_
Total	171	157

- Higher D&A largely from E&P segment
- BassGas (full six months) and CSG ramp-up
- Perth Basin reserves write-down in June 2007 resulted in higher amortisation charges



(1) Amortisation of exploration, evaluation and development costs in producing areas

Interest

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06
Net financing costs	104	%
less Unwinding of discount on provisions	(7)	(2)
Net interest expense	76	89
add Capitalised interest	24	15
Net interest expense + capitalised interest	121	104
Net interest cover (EBIT) ⁽¹⁾	5.3	4.7
Weighted average interest rate	7.8%	7.3%

- Net interest expense has increased due to higher borrowings to fund Sun Retail acquisition and the rising AUD and NZD interest rates
- Capitalised interest primarily relates to Otway Gas Project, Kupe and Darling Downs
- Weighted average interest rate is an average of AUD, NZD and USD funding rates

(1) Including capitalised interest and excluding unwinding of discount on provisions and fair value on interest related 13 financial instruments



Tax Reconciliation

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06
Profit before tax	530	394
Prima facie tax	163	122
less recognition of net loss position and gains		
not subject to tax	(15)	(14)
less other differences	(1)	(1)
equals Tax expense	146	108
Effective tax rate	27.5%	27.4%
Tax paid	83	85



Tax paid in line with prior period as Origin continues to utilise available tax losses



Capital Expenditure

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06
Stay-in-business	70	79
Growth		
Exploration & Production	305	172
Generation	240	13
Retail	38	16
Contact	99	23
Total capital expenditure	708	303
Acquisitions (net of cash)	9	16
Capex including acquisitions	714	320

E&P: Predominantly Kupe (\$122 million), CSG (\$120 million), Otway (\$28 million) and Cooper (\$18 million)

Generation: Darling Downs (\$110 million), Geodynamics (\$96 million), Quarantine expansion (\$24 million) and Solar (\$9 million)

Retail: Customer systems associated with the acquisition of Sun Retail (\$22 million)

Contact: Predominantly geothermal drilling (\$56 million)

Operating Cash Flow After Tax increased by 5% while funds employed increased by 20% as a result of the Sun Retail acquisition and continuing E&P capital expenditure

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06
EBITDAF	809	290
Discontinued Networks Operations	•	16
Change in working capital	(48)	(76)
Stay-in-business capex	(70)	(79)
Other	(22)	m
Tax paid	(83)	(82)
ОСАТ	385	368
Net interest paid	(126)	(102)
Free cash flow	259	267
Funds Employed ⁽¹⁾ - Calendar Year	6,473	5,395
OCAT Ratio ⁽²⁾ - Calendar Year	11.8%	12.2%
OCAT Ratio remains above target of 9.4% per annum	s per annum	O
(1) Average funds employed excluding capital work in progress	•	Origin
 OCAT Ratio = (OCAT - interest tax shield) / funds employed excluding capit 	work in progress	Ď

(1) Average funds employed excluding capital work in progress $\{2\}$ OCAT Ratio = (OCAT - interest tax shield) / funds employed excluding capital work in progress

Cash flow return from the business segments is measured pretax and targets 14.2% per annum

	Av. Funds Employed ⁽¹⁾ (\$m)	Operating Cash flow ⁽²⁾ (\$m)	OCFR 2007 ⁽²⁾ (%)	OCFR 2006 ⁽²⁾ (%)
E&P	1,113	255	22.9	24.0
Generation	301	91	30.3	21.6
Retail	2,392	221	9.2	15.6
Contact Energy	3,711	417	11.2	10.5
Networks				21.0

E&P: Increasing funds employed with new projects coming on stream

Retail: Lower margins, higher cap and REC prepayments

Generation: Timing of Mt Stuart cash flows

Contact: Improved EBITDAF and working capital

(1) Average Funds Emptoyed excluding capital work in progress calculated on a calendar year 17 (2) Calculated on a calendar year basis



Balance Sheet and Gearing

(\$ million)	Dec 07 Dec 06	Dec 06
Net debt	2,855	2,090
Added back fair value adjustment (m-t-m)	316	332
Adjusted net debt	3,171	3,171 2,422
Total equity	2,660	4,504
Equity adjustment to remove fair value reserves	584	147
Adjusted total equity	5,076	5,076 4,357
Net debt to (debt + equity)	34%	32%
Adjusted net debt to (debt + equity) ⁽¹⁾	38%	36%

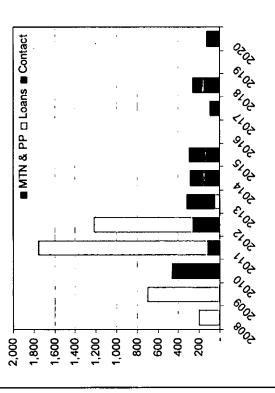
- Gearing as described by net debt to (debt plus equity) is 34%. This measure contains fair value adjustments in net debt and equity
 - Excluding these items gearing is 38% (below the target gearing of 40-45%)



(1) Adjusted to exclude impact of derivative financial instruments 18

Origin has less than 5% of its debt portfolio maturing in the next 12 months and...

Origin Debt & Bank Guarantee Maturity Profile (Financial years, \$ million)



- Diversified funding base comprising domestic and US bonds, syndicated bank facilities and bilateral bank facilities
- Strong supportive Bank group
- Origin recently executed 3 year underwritten bank loan facility for A\$900 million and US\$200 million
- Discussions commenced on \$200 million rollover due in May 2008

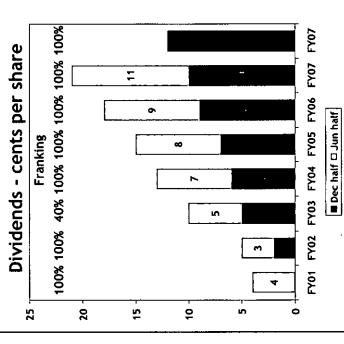
Total committed debt & bank guarantee facilities of ASS.7 billion

... currently has undrawn committed debt facilities of \$1.6 billion



,

A fully franked interim dividend of 12 cps has been declared (prior period 10 cps fully franked)...



Payment and DRP

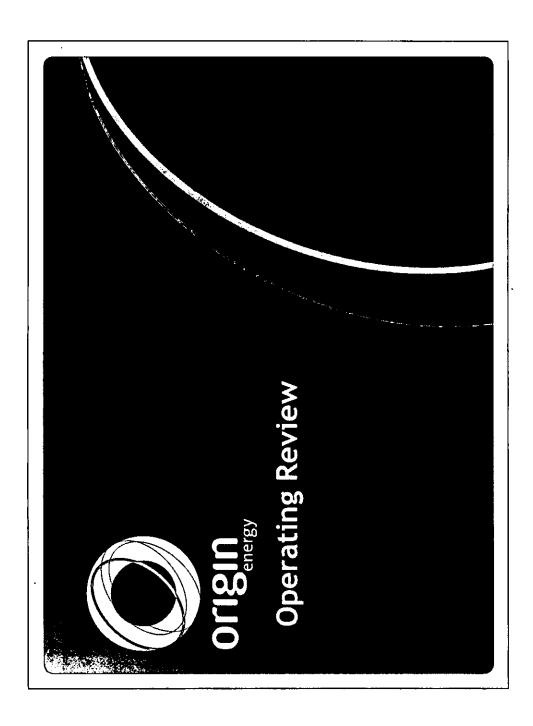
- Ex-dividend date 5 March 2008
- Date of record 11 March 2008
- Payable 4 April 2008
- DRP to apply at no discount

Payout Ratio

 Dividend payout ratio of 52% of Underlying earnings per share, or 31% of Statutory earnings per share



... and continues Origin's record of increasing dividend payments to shareholders



delivering record production as new producing areas... Exploration & Production: Major capital program now



decline from maturing areas such as Cooper CSG and BassGas gas sales more than offset

300

□ Dec-06 ■ Dec-07

350

250

- Liquids production lower but condensate and LPG sales from BassGas, and then Otway and Kupe will progressively offset Perth Basin decline
- meet reserves addition of 500 PJ by June 2008 CSG production reached 100TJ/d equity share, major developments on schedule, on track to Capex (\$m) 200

150

Total Revenue & EBITDAF (5m)

9

22

ည

0

EBITDAF Capex *

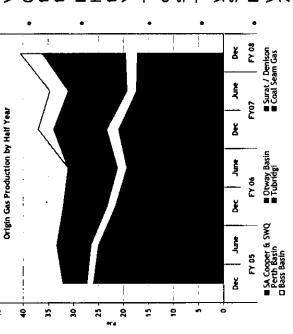
Revenue

- BassGas production restricted to around 56TJ/d (Origin share 24TJ/d)
- Otway Gas Project completed in September 2007 - remedial requirements delayed commissioning to February 2008
- Offshore phase of Kupe progressing to schedule
- Swift and Halladale/Blackwatch acquisitions





Over the last decade Origin has made a series of investments the Cooper Basin and other traditional gas producing areas... in new production areas to offset the anticipated decline of



The Cooper Basin is in decline as contract volumes begin to ramp down

Origin's CSG projects have ramped up over the last few years and now produce more than the Cooper Basin interest

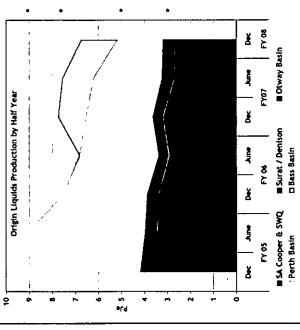
BassGas has added to production, although has been restricted in the current half by the requirement for remedial work on the Yolla 3 well

The Otway Gas project is currently commissioning and will add 18 PJ of gas sales (Origin share)

The Kupe project starting in mid calendar year 2009 will add a further 10 PJ of gas sales (Origin share)

 Further contracted or committed CSG sales will add around 70 PJ by mid calendar year

delivering, and the Otway Gas Project, Kupe and further ¹ ...with CSG developments and the BassGas project now 2CSG expansion yet to come Oil production from the Perth Basin continues to decline, as is oil, condensate and LPG production from the Cooper Basin although at a more modest rate



Oil production from the mature Perth Basin oil fields has followed a steep decline curve from its peak

Cooper decline is more modest reflecting a broad production base of oil and liquids rich gas fields

The BassGas project has added 3 PJe per annum to production, although rates have been restricted in the current half by the requirement for remedial work on the Yolla 3 well

The Otway Gas project will add around 3 PJe of liquids production per annum from later this year (Origin share)

The Kupe project will add a further 6 PJe to Origin's liquids production from mid calendar year 2009

(oil and condensate inclusive of hedging) Year ended 31 Dec '07 \$85.53 Year ended 31 Dec '06 \$73.58 Before tax earnings sensitivity: +/-51 USD oil price ~ +/- AUD \$0.3m	Average Price Received (A\$/bbl)	(A\$/bbl)
s sensitiv	(oil and condensate inclusiv	e of hedging)
ssensitiv	Year ended 31 Dec '07	\$85.53
Before tax earnings sensitivity: +/-\$1 USD oil price - +/- AUD \$0.3m	Year ended 31 Dec '06	\$73.58
+/-\$1 USD oil price - +/- AUD \$0.3m	Before tax earnings se	ensitivity:
	+/-\$1 USD oil price - +/-,	ՎՄ D \$0.3m

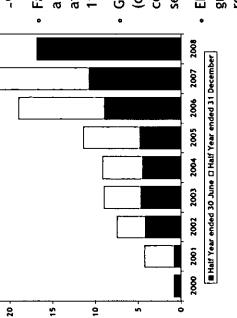
and the liquids-rich Kupe projects over the next two years progressively supplemented by production from the Otway While liquids from BassGas has commenced and will be

Origin has been increasing CSG production to meet contracted requirements

- Origin's equity share of CSG reached 100TJ/d in mid December 2007
- achieved peak sales of 73TJ/d (Origin share Spring Gully continues to ramp up &

Origin's CSG Production

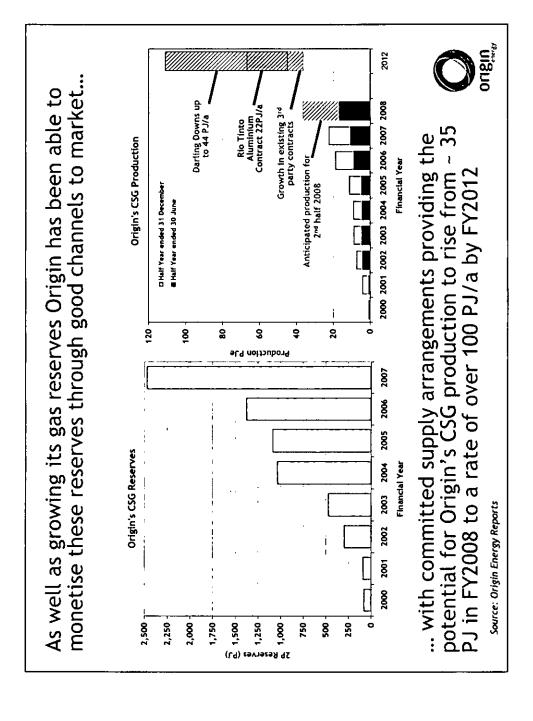
- Fairview: The operator (Santos) announced aimed at increasing production capacity to a development and exploration program 110TJ/d by 2009
- Gas sales from Origin's interests in Walloons service a 7 PJ/a contract with Incitec Pivot commenced during October 2007 and will (operated by Queensland Gas Company)
- growing strongly as ramp up continues and EBIT margins in Origin's CSG business are reserves are added

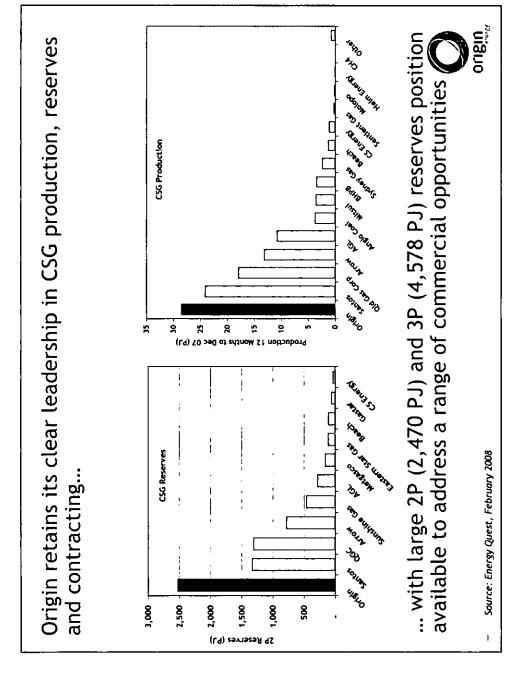


Production PJe

Phase 5 of the Spring Gully project is progressing, which is designed to increase plant capacity to 150TJ/d







BassGas has maintained stable production of sales gas and the Otway project has recommenced commissioning

BassGas Project (42.5%)

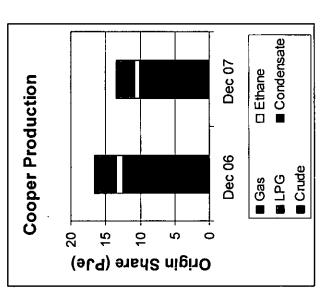
- Production of sales gas has been restricted to around 56 TJ/d for the half year (approximately 24 TJ/d Origin share)
- Peak production reaching the maximum design capacity of 68 TJ/d
- The Yolla 3 well was shut-in for much of the half year pending remedial work which was completed in December 2007

Otway Gas Project (30.75%)

- Commissioning activities commenced in September with production halted to address issues uncovered as part of the commissioning process
- Plant recommenced commissioning in early February
- Origin share of annual production is initially expected to be around 18 PJ of sales gas, 240,000 barrels of condensate and 29 kilotonnes of LPG

Woodside's interests in Halladale/Blackwatch exploration Southern gas portfolio enhanced through acquisition of permits and continuing exploration program

Cooper Basin production declined in line with expectations for mature assets



₹
<u>∽</u>
_
全
Δ
ס
Ū
⊏
岩
ä
₩.
꿈
.≃
규
.≌
_
- <u>S</u>
gas l
g
क्त gas l
ധ
as &
ധ
f gas &
as &
f gas &
f gas &
f gas &
f gas &
fuction of gas &
f gas &
fuction of gas &

 Cooper Oil Program results were below expectations, but did limit crude decline to 13%

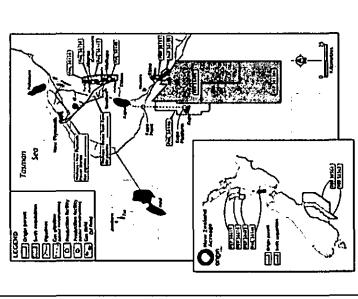
Cooper Oil	All Areas	OE Areas	OE share
Programme	(100%)	(100%)	approx 13%
Calendar Year 2007			
Wells	132	14	41 @13%
Success	% 22	%89	%89
2P Added (mmbbl)	8	3.1	0.4
Capex	\$306m	\$108m	\$14m
Calendar Year 2008			
Wells	94	67	29 @13%
Capex	\$260m	ш68\$	\$12m

Only 30% of the Cooper Oil Program is in Origin acreage

Origin

2cSource: Santos 2007 Full Year Results, Origin estimates

Steady progress has been made on the Kupe Gas Project in New Zealand, and acquisition of the Swift assets



Kupe Gas Project (50%)

- The well head platform jacket and topside was successfully installed in December 2007
- Drilling of the three production wells has commenced and is proceeding to plan
 - Installation of the offshore pipeline and umbilical has largely been completed

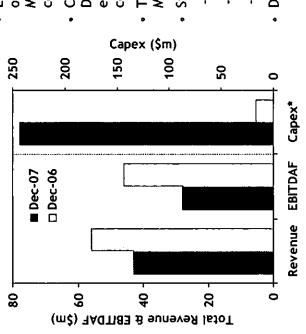
Swift Acquisition

- Acquisition of Swift assets in New Zealand for NZ\$115m including Rimu and Waihapa producing assets and various exploration permits
- Contact Energy to on-purchase rights for gas storage at Ahuroa to be operated by Origin

Ougiu

Origin continues to pursue exploration opportunities across its New Zealand portfolio





- operational performance and the transition of EBITDAF 38% lower - reflecting steady Mt Stuart from external to internal contracting
- expansion (120MW), with Mt Stuart expansion Construction making good progress at Darling Downs CCGT (630MW) and Quarantine OCGT committed (126 MW)
- Tenders sought for first 500MW OCGT at Mortlake - Victoria
- Significant progress on Renewables including:
- 30 MW Cullerin Range wind farm
- option on additional Epuron sites
- 30% JV with Geodynamics
- Development of SLIVER® continues



... with 900MW of new generation capacity committed

* Does not include acquisitions 31

Origin

Availability against plan for all plants was high

Major Origin Power Plants	Origin Int. %	Capacity MW	Туре	Operation	Operation Availability	Comments
Worsley	95	120	Cogen	Base	826	•
Butwer Is.	20	32	Cogen	Base	%96	Unplanned outage - minimal impact
Osborne	50	180	Cogen	Base	%06	Hot Path Gas inspection & operational management
Mt Stuart	100	288	OCGT	Peak	94%	•
Quarantine	100	96	осет	Peak	97%	Unplanned outage - minimal impact
Ladbroke	100	80	OCGT	Peak	97%	-
Roma	100	74	осст	Peak	56%	Refurbishment program

Planned availability at Roma was reduced due to significant upgrades which have extended plant life



Mt Stuart transitioned from an externally to an internally contracted plant

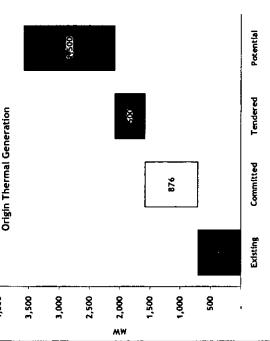


- Mt Stuart PPA with Enertrade terminated in Dec 06 for a fee of \$19.6 million (recognised as a Significant Item)
- Under PPA, Enertrade was required to take a minimum output. Failure to take resulted in a compensation payment to Origin which amounted to \$17.5 million in Dec 06 for the 2006 calendar year
- Mt Stuart is now contracted internally. Generation receives a steady capacity payment from Retail to cover its cost of capital (consistent with other internally contracted plants)
- The Retail business now controls the dispatch of Mt Stuart to help manage its portfolio and captures all costs and revenues from operating the plant

Origin has committed to a 126MW expansion to 414MW due for completion in mid calendar year 2009



Origin has committed to build an additional 876 MW of gas fired power generation, including Australia's largest combined cycle gas turbine plant at Darling Downs...



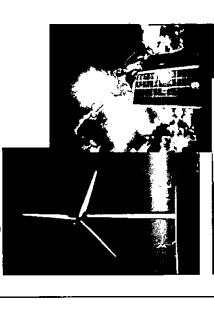
 120MW expansion of Quarantine peaking power station in Adelaide increasing Origin's peaking capacity in South Australia. Expected completion in late 2008 calendar year

> 60, 00,

- 126MW expansion of Mt Stuart peaking power station in Townsville. Plant jet-fuelled turbine with potential to convert to gas. Expected completion in mid-2009 calendar year
- 630MW base load gas-fired Darling Downs power station at Braemar, Qld. Largest CCGT in Australia and will have one of the lowest short run marginal costs in the NEM due to integration with CSG development. Expected completion in early 2010 calendar year
- Tenders sought for first 500 MW OCGT at Mortlake. Permitted sites available for an additional 1,500 MW
- Origin committed and tendered projects of 1,376 MW represent almost half of NEM new build requirement to 2012



... with significant opportunities for further expansion at already permitted sites Origin is well positioned to capture value from key climate change developments...



Geothermal

- Origin acquired a 30% stake in a JV with Geodynamics Ltd. The JV owns permits in South Australia
- Geodynamics have drilled 3 wells to-date.
 Habanero 3 was completed in early 2008 and is currently being evaluated

Vind

- Origin acquired an option for access to 590MW of wind farm development sites from Epuron
 - Origin has committed to build the first 30MW wind farm at Cullerin Range

olar

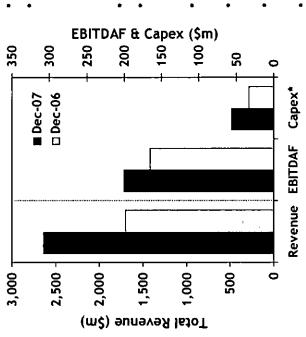
- Continue to work on plans for an at scale facility which will enable commercialisation of SLIVER®
- Unit sales of grid-connected solar photovoltaic installation grew over 200% during the period





Origin





- EBITDAF of \$201 million up 21%
- Higher purchasing costs across all commodities
- Higher average prices in the NEM
- Higher gas costs and Otway delay
 - Higher CP for LPG
- Sun Retail integration well progressed
- Won 236,000 gas and electricity customers in the half year for a net gain of 4,000 from June 2007
- Leading green market share with 361,000 signed accounts
- Dual fuel accounts increased by 48,000 from June 2007
- LPG accounts increased by 18,000 from June 2007
- Good progress on retail capability delivery

Further uplift in second half contribution expected as tariff increases apply and average wholesale prices decrease

* Does not include sun retail acquisition

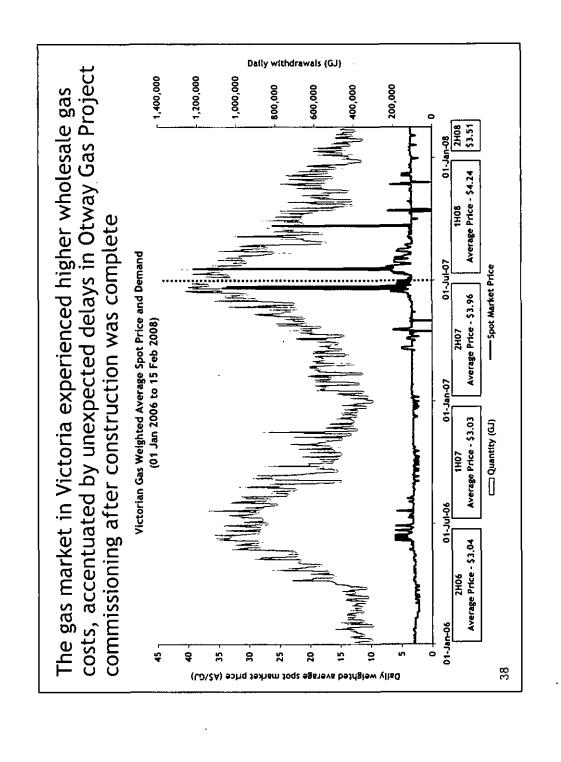
Sun Retail has boosted the scale of the Retail business with commodity revenues up \$935 million...

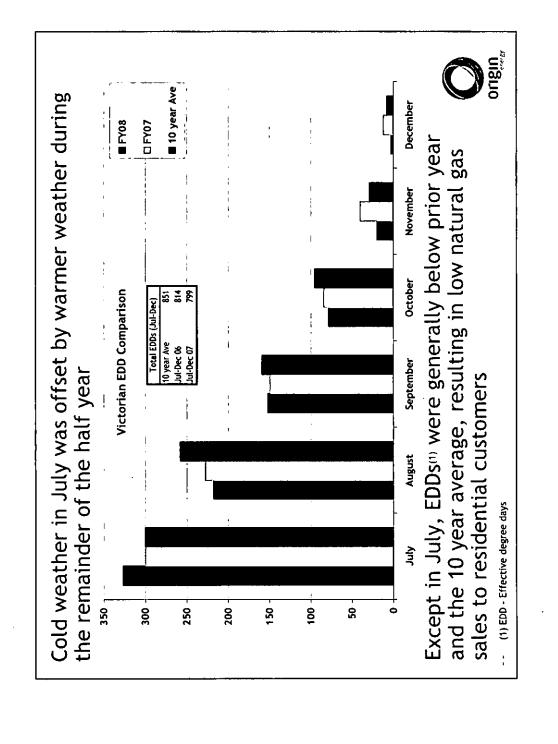
Product information and % change from Dec 06(1)	Natural Gas	Electricity	LPG
Product Revenue (\$m)	481 (+2%)	1,768 (+101%)	289 (-4%)
Gross Profit (\$m)	61 (-18%)	258 (+48%)	62 (-20%)
EBITDAF (\$m)	17.	177 (+29%)	24 (-18%)
Underlying EBIT ⁽²⁾ (\$m)	16	164 (+31%)	13 (-24%)
Sales (PJ)	67 (+2%)		
Sales (TWh)		15.5 (+86%)	
LPG (Ktonnes)			234 (-10%)
Total sales (PJe)	67 (+2%)	56 (+86%)	12 (-10%)
Customers ('000) - (Change from 30 June 2007)	883 (-0.6%)	1,824 (+0.5%)	354 (+5%)

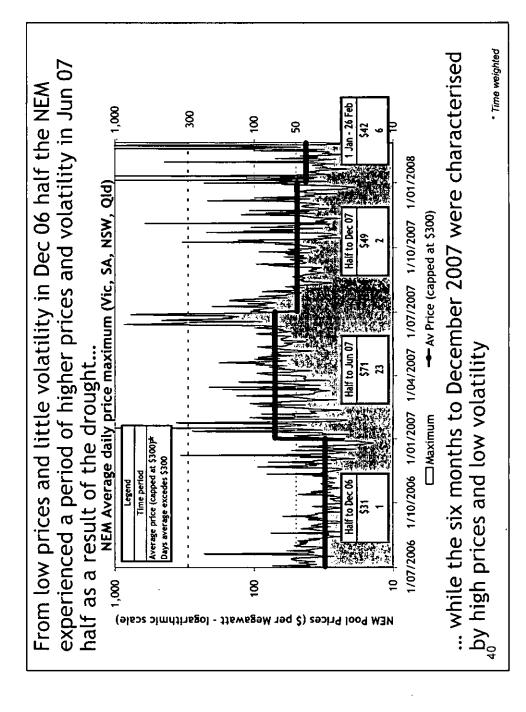
... COGS is higher due to increased volume of electricity sales, combined with higher commodity prices for all products

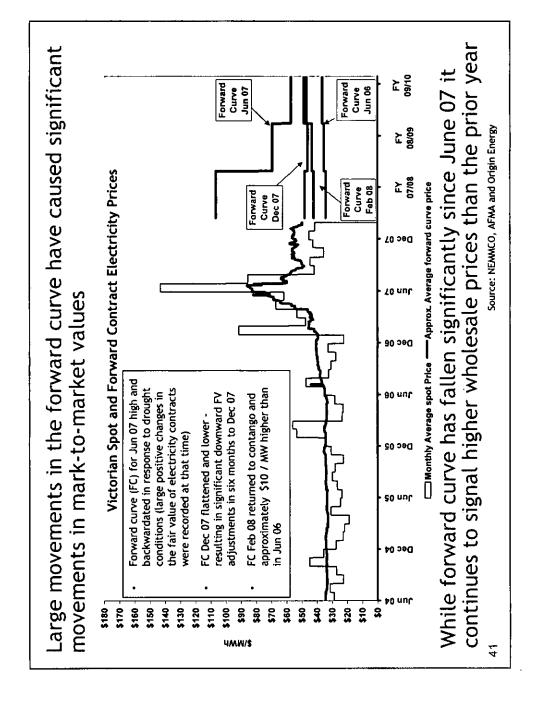
⁽¹⁾ Some items in December 06 have been re-stated due to both changes in methodology associated with the introduction of EBITDAF and the sale of minor business as part of the sale of Origin's Networks business in mid 2007

⁽²⁾ Excludes changes in fair value of financial instruments and Sun Retail one-off integration costs





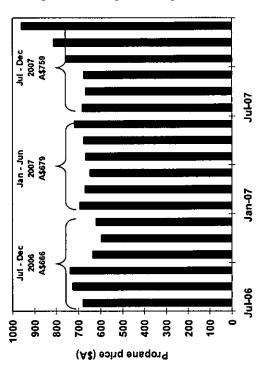




Contribution from Sun Retail LPG, customer growth and active



Average Australian Dollar Propane Price



- EBITDAF of \$24 million, down 20%, mostly due to the sale of Rockgas to Contact Energy
- Retail, underlying sales were up After accounting for the sale of Rockgas and purchase of Sun
- Wholesale prices increased as CP rose 14% compared to prior half year
- in direct customers and customers 2007, primarily due to an increase approximately 18,000 from June LPG accounts increased by using exchange programs



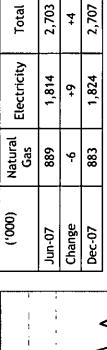
origin

... despite a 14% increase in LPG average purchase price and the sale of Rockgas LPG to Contact Energy

42

Origin acquired over 236k new accounts for a net gain of 4k Churn rates have started to ease over the 6 months period gas and electricity accounts

Mass Market Churn: Completed and Pending# December 2007 Origin Energy Accounts Numbers



- NSW Gas

-NSW Elec

35%

30%

25%

40%

Vic Gas Qd Gas - SA Gas

-Vic Elec Old Elec' -SA Elec

Change	-0.6%	+0.5%	+0.1%
 Origin effectively 	ectively	retained	accounts

- Origin now has 838,000 dual fuel numbers
 - accounts, up 48,000 on June 2007
 - 361k customers signed to Green Over 260k electricity customer accounts in SA and NSW

products

Jan-08

*Old Elec market churn excludes Origin retains and estimated AGL retains

Jan-07

Jan-06

8

26

15%

10%

20%

% Churn: Monthly data annualised



43#Source: Various websites including Vencorp, Nemmco, Gasmarketco and Company Information



EBITDAF margin per customer was lower than last half year as gross margin impact more than offset cost to serve reduction

Gas and Electricity	Dec 07	Dec 06
YE customer numbers ('000)	2,707	1,840
EBITDAF / Sales - %	7.9%	10.2%
Underlying EBIT / Sales %	7.3%	9.3%
\$ Per Customer: Half year		
Gross Margin / Customer	118	135
Opex / Customer (inc Corp Costs)	53	61
EBITDAF / Customer	65	74

Note: Corporate costs for the half year to 31 Dec 2007 of \$21 million allocated to gas and electricity Retail activities (also \$21 million in prior half year)

- Gross margin per customer decreased due to higher wholesale electricity prices and higher gas purchasing costs
- Opex per customer was lower reflecting both scale advantages following the acquisition of Sun Retail and lower average churn rates

With wholesale costs moderating EBITDAF margins at the full year FY08 are Retail tariff increases from Jan 08 reflect higher energy purchasing costs. expected to recover to be in line with FY07

Good progress has been made in the Retail Systems Strategy

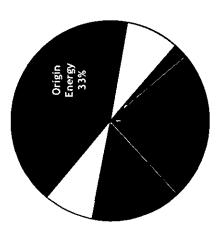
- An upgraded CRM, Siebel, has been implemented as the sales front end for our mass market activities
- Sun Retail integration is on track for completion by April 2008
- A decision has been made to replace our Retail billing systems and we are working with a short list of suppliers to determine the best approach to this opportunity
- Over the balance of this year will identify and engage strategic partner/s and select a system
- The resultant change program is likely to take around two years to complete

Siebel upgrade implemented, longer term retail capability program progressing well



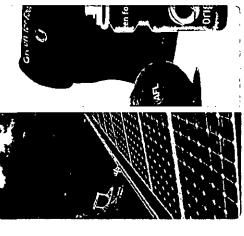
Origin has clearly established its leadership position in green energy sales and carbon responsibility...





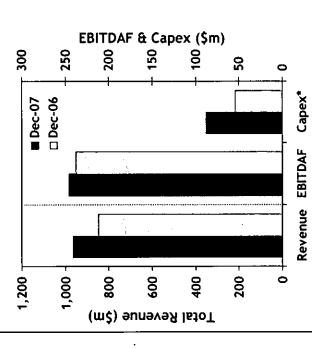
- In December 2007 Origin had signed 361,000 GreenPower customers
- ... resulting in continuing and differentiation and emerging brand strength *Source : GreenPower Website Quarterly Report 16 (September 2007) credible retail market

and leading market products



- · Unit sales of grid-connected solar photovoltaic installation grew over 200% during the period
- Origin introduced to the market an innovative solar solar panels to its existing gas or electricity system hot water product, which allows customers to add
 - A selection of Origin's GreenPower products once again achieved the highest ranking in Green **Electricity Watch**



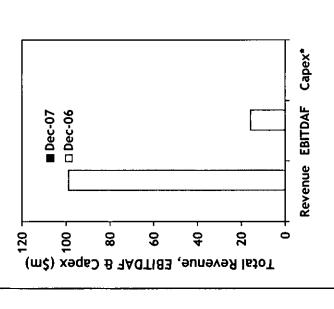


- EBITDAF of \$246 million, 4% higher
- The main operating factors that contributed were:
- an increase in electricity generation;
- an increase in total electricity revenue, driven by 3% increases in both volume and price of retail sales;
- operating revenue and costs increased as a result of the addition of the Rockgas LPG business purchased from Origin; and
- a 20% increase in the average per unit cost of natural gas

... while the second half should benefit from higher wholesale electricity prices in New Zealand

47 * Does not include acquisitions

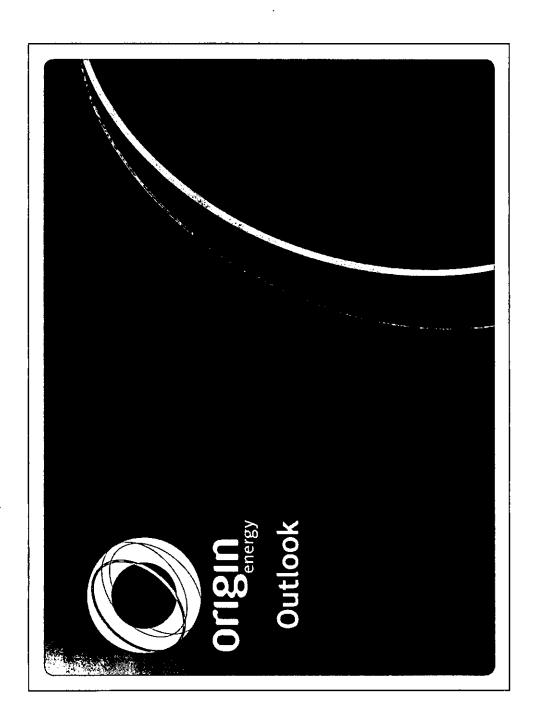
Networks (Discontinued Business): In April 2007, Origin entered into an agreement to sell its Networks business to APA for \$556 million



- The Networks business was sold in two parts:
- Settlement for the sale of the SEA Gas
 Pipeline portion of the business was
 effected on 29 June 2007 and is included in
 the accounts for the financial year ended 30
 June 2007
- The settlement of the balance of the business for \$423.3 million (pre-tax profit of \$225.1 million) took place on 2 July 2007
- It made no contribution to the operational performance of the business in the six months to 31 December 2007



48 * Does not include acquisitions



Based on prevailing market conditions Origin expects the second half of the financial year to deliver a stronger performance than the first half, due to:

- an expected decrease in the wholesale cost of electricity as already observed in the past two months of the second half;
- a return to more traditional levels of volatility in the NEM, providing returns on Origin's electricity cap instruments;
- tariff increases for electricity and gas awarded in the Victorian market from 1 January 2008;
- Otway Gas Project contribution to earnings from March 2008;
- · further increases in coal seam gas production servicing existing contracts in Queensland; and
- an increased contribution from Contact Energy in New Zealand due to higher wholesale electricity prices

Origin should deliver an increase in Underlying Profit for the financial year of at least 15%



Origin has a large forward schedule of major projects each of which will add to earnings and cash flow

	Maj	Major Project Timetable	imetable			
Financial Year	FY 07 FY	FY 08	FY 09	FY 10		FY 11 FY 12
Calendar Year	2007	2008	2009	60	2010	2011
BassGas			外数点的图像	200	A STATE OF STATE OF	12.14. Acres 20.20.
CSG - SG Phase 4					6	No.
Otway Gas Project	The Court of the	(3 kg)				
Quarantine Expansion	在表现					No. of Comments of
Mt Stuart Expansion		**;**********		1377		
Kupe Gas Project			the same of		沙湖 沙湖 地名	
Darling Downs Power Station						
CSG - Darling Downs		** ***********************************				
CSG - Rio Tinto Aluminium	No.	5 9 7 July 10		WHY.		
Legend	Planning & permitting	Construction P	🖈 🖰 Produ	ction		

cash flow, see Origin well placed to continue to access funds for Recent additions to Origin's debt facilities, together with strong its ongoing development and growth

Origin already has in place projects and opportunities that will deliver ongoing growth...

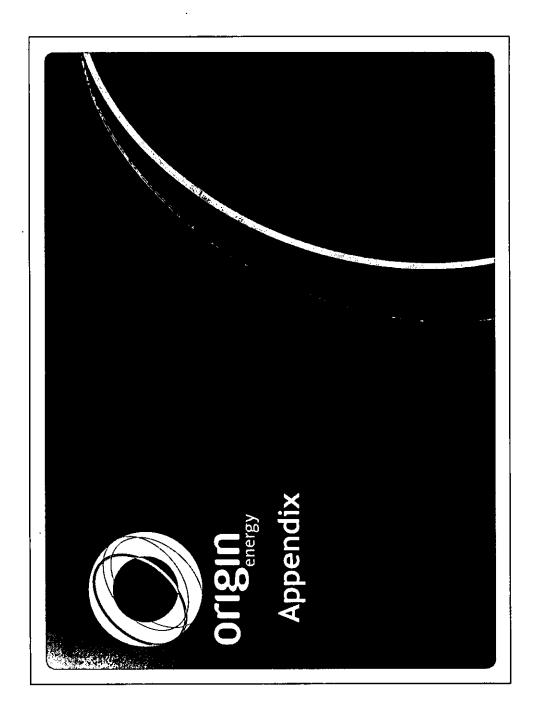
- · Leading CSG reserves position and increasing production volumes
- Major liquids-rich offshore gas projects progressively coming on-line: BassGas producing, Otway commissioning, Kupe under construction
- Over 900 MW committed, including largest Australian CCGT and Origin's first wind project
- Tenders sought for a further 500 MW OCGT
- Pipeline of over 2000 MW of opportunities
- Good access to markets

...and is well positioned for a carbon constrained future

- **Growing CSG reserves**
- Lower emissions gas fired generation
- Renewable energy projects and opportunities: geothermal and wind across Australia and New Zealand plus SLIVER® Solar technology
- Leading green energy supplier: 361,000 green customers signed
- Voted Ethical Investor Sustainable Company of the Year 2007

Origin's integrated strategy continues to provide the basis for long term development and growth





Appendix 1 - Reconciliation six months ended 31 December 2007 of Statutory Profit and Underlying Profit

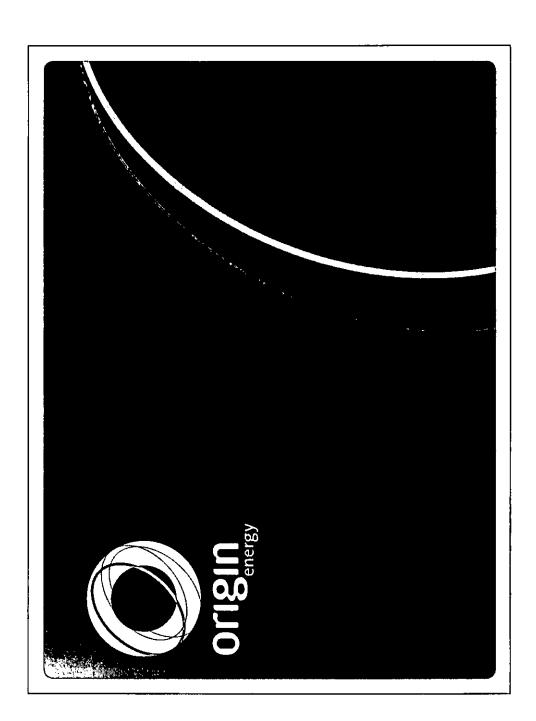
Reconciliation six months ended 31 December 2007	Before tax impact (\$m)	Tax (\$m)	Minority interests (\$m)	After tax impact (\$m)	NPAT (\$m)
Statutory Profit					334.7
Significant items					
Asset sales					
- Networks	225.1	(77.8)	ı	147.3	
- Mokai geothermal assets	18.2	Ī	(8.8)	9.3	
Change in FV of fin. instruments					
 Commodity instruments 	(14.0)	4.2	1	(8.8)	
 Financing instruments 	1.0	(0.2)	(0.2)	9.0	
Retirement of New Plymouth	(26.7)	8.8	8.7	(9.2)	
Sun Retail one-off costs	(5.3)	1.6	-	(3.7)	
Total significant items	198.1	(63.5)	(0.3)	134.4	(134.4)
Underlying Profit					200.3



Appendix 2 - Reconciliation six months ended 31 December 2006 of Statutory Profit and Underlying Profit

Reconciliation six months ended 31 December 2006	Before tax impact (\$m)	Tax (\$m)	Minority interests (\$m)	After tax impact (\$m)	NPAT (\$m)
Statutory Profit					233.2
Significant items					
Change in FV of fin. instruments					
- Commodity instruments	14.0	(4.2)	(0.1)	9.7	
 Financing instruments 	7.6	(5.4)	(2.5)	2.7	
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA	19.6	(5.9)	•	13.7	
Total significant items	41.2	(12.6)	(2.5)	26.1	(26.1)
Underlying Profit					207.1





For more information

For more information on Origin Energy please contact

Angus Guthrie

Manager, Investor Relations

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au

Office: +61-2-8345 5558

Mobile: + 61-4-1786 4255

Alternatively visit our website

www.originenergy.com.au

and follow the prompts to the Investor Centre





RECEIVED

203 MY 30 A II: 17

CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	28 February 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	36
Subject	RESULTS FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED 3	1 DECEMBER 20	007

This Transmittal is confidential. If you have received this document in error, please contact Origin Energy immediately.

We attach the following documents relating to Origin Energy's Results for the half year ended 31 December 2007:

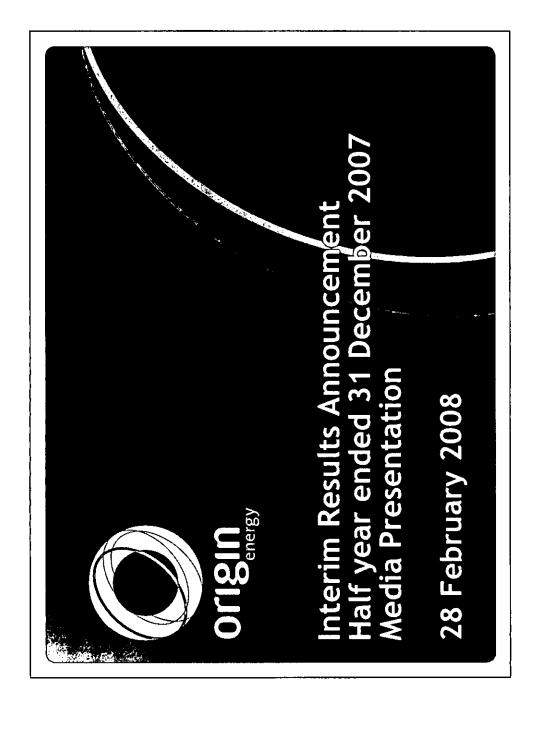
1. Presentation to media

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



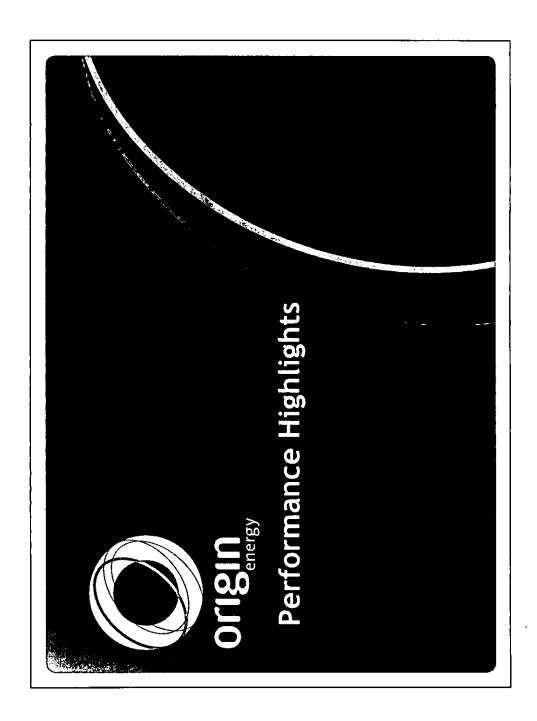
Outline

- Performance Highlights
- Financial Review
- Operating Review
- Outlook
- All references to \$ are references to Australian dollars unless otherwise specifically marked
- All comparative data are in relation to the prior corresponding period, 1 July 2006 to 31 December 2006, unless otherwise stated
- A reference to Contact is a reference to Contact Energy Limited of New Zealand, a 51.4% owned subsidiary of Origin Energy

Any forward looking information in this presentation has been prepared on the basis of a number of assumptions which may prove to be incorrect and these statements speak only as of the date of this presentation. This presentation should not be relied upon as a recommendation to buy or sell shares by Origin Energy Limited.

Nothing in this presentation should be construed as either an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy or sell shares in Origin Energy Limited.





Origin achieved an Underlying Profit of \$200 million...

- Steady earnings in line with expectations
- Profit, EBITDAF and cash flow consistent with prior corresponding period
- increasing CSG production and BassGas offsetting maturing assets and delays in Otway
- · high revenues from Sun Retail partially offset by high wholesale costs
- Based on current market conditions, Origin is anticipating a higher result in the second half, due to
- decrease in wholesale cost of energy
- tariff increases in Victorian market
- contributions from Otway Gas Project
- greater CSG production servicing existing contracts
- an increased contribution from Contact Energy
- Should result in an increase in full year profit of at least 15%
- ... with a strong outlook for the full financial year



Origin continues to build its business ...

Exploration and Production

- Increased CSG production
- Otway commissioning commenced
 - Halladale / Blackwatch and Swift assets acquired
- Good progress on Kupe Gas Project

Retail

- Tariff increases in electricity and gas
 - On track with Sun Retail integration
- Maintained customers numbers Market leader in green products
- Progress on retail systems strategy

Contact Energy

Construction of Darling Downs and

Generation

Quarantine commenced

Committed to Mt Stuart expansion

- Higher gas costs absorbed
- Progressed development of geothermal and wind projects
 - Secured access to gas storage
 Rockgas Integration
- Safety; Improved TRIFR by 53% from 22.8 in Dec 06 to 10.6 in Dec 07

development and acquired rights to

additional development sites

Committed to Cullerin wind farm

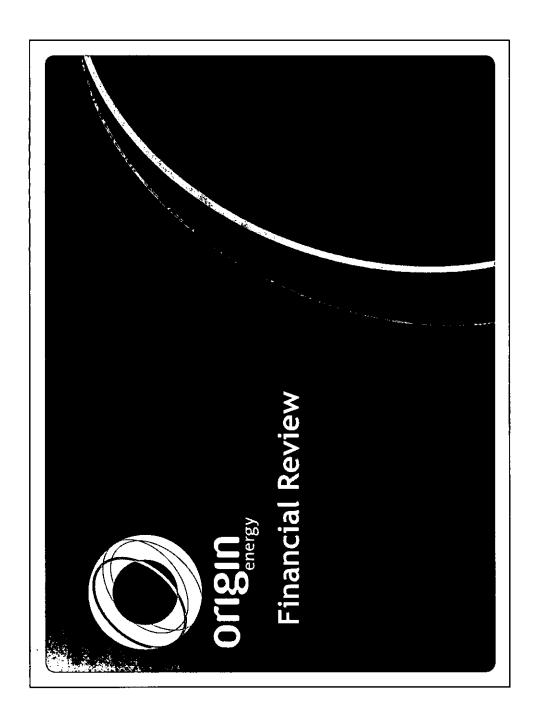
Geodynamics farm-in

... and is well placed to benefit from a carbon constrained future



Origin has delivered steady underlying earnings ...

4 33%	3%	₽ 31%	4	3%	2%	32%	≠ 11%	₽ 70%			Ougin
\$3,817 million	\$608 million	\$634 million	\$335 million	\$200 million	\$385 million	38.3 cps	22.9 cps	12 cps	11.8%	38%	dividend
• Revenue	• EBITDAF	• EBIT	 Statutory Profit 	 Underlying Profit 	• OCAT	• EPS - Statutory	- Underlying	 Interim dividend fully franked 	• OCAT Ratio - Calendar Year	 Adjusted net debt / (debt + equity) 	with 20% increase in the interim dividend



Profit & Loss - Statutory

3,817 608 634 (104) (146) (49) 335 38.3 cps	(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06	% change
AF(1) 608 634 634 inancing costs (104) expense (146) (135) ity Interests (49) tory Profit 335 tory EPS 38.3 cps 29.0 cash flow ner share 29.6 cps 33.1	Revenue	3,817	2,865	33
634 inancing costs (104) xpense (146) (7 ity Interests (49) tory Profit 335 tory EPS 38.3 cps 29.0	EBITDAF(1)	809	290	3
(104) (146) (7) (149) (8) 335 38.3 cps 29.0	EBIT	634	482	31
(146) (7 (49) 335 38.3 cps 29.0	Net financing costs	(104)	(96)	(6)
38.3 cps 29.0	Tax expense	(146)	(108)	(35)
335 38.3 cps 29.0	Minority Interests	(49)	(53)	9
38.3 cps	Statutory Profit	335	233	44
29 6 cns	Statutory EPS	38.3 cps	29.0 cps	32
2d> 2:/-2	Free cash flow per share	29.6 cps	33.1 cps	(11)



(1) EBITDAF represents earnings before interest, tax, depreciation/amortisation, significant items and the impact of fair value to financial instruments from continuing operations

year
4
hal
prior
ι the
thar
lower than the prior half ye
\ 0
3% [
million, 3% lower than the prior half year
\$200
Underlying Profit
<u> </u>
tyir
der
Š

(\$ million)	Dec 07	7	Dec 06)6	
	Impact after tax & OEI	NPAT	Impact after tax & OEI	NPAT	% change
Statutory Profit		335		233	44
Significant items					
Asset sales		·			
- Networks	147				
- Mokai geothermal assets	6				
Change in FV of fin. Instruments					
 Commodity instruments 	(10)		10		
- Financing instruments	~		3		
Retirement of New Plymouth	(6)				
Sun Retail one-off costs	(4)				
Termination of Mt Stuart PPA			14		
Total significant items	134	(134)	26	(26)	
Underlying Profit		200		207	(3)
Statutory EPS (cps)		38.3		29.0	32
Underlying EPS (cns)		22.9		75.7	(11)

EBITDAF \$608 million, up 3%

Divisions (\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06	% change
Exploration & Production	133	140	(5)
Generation	28	46	. (38)
Retail	201	166	21
Contact	246	238	4
Networks		. 16	
Adjustment for discontinued business		(16)	
EBITDAF	809	290	3

 E&P: Growth in BassGas and CSG offset decline in more mature assets Increase in exploration expense (\$9 million) Generation: Steady operating performance and transition of Mt Stuart power station from externally to internally contracted plant

Retail: Expected contribution from Sun Retail partially offset by high wholesale purchasing environment

Contact: Increase in wholesale and retail electricity sales

Networks: Discontinued business - Disposal settled in June and July 2007

Corporate costs of \$30 million have been allocated to the Australian business segments

Capital Expenditure

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06
Stay-in-business	70	79
Growth		
Exploration & Production	305	172
Generation	240	13
Retail	38	16
Contact	26	23
Total capital expenditure	708	303
Acquisitions (net of cash)	9	16
Capex including acquisitions	714	320

E&P: Predominantly Kupe (\$122 million), CSG (\$120 million), Otway (\$28 million) and Cooper (\$18 million)

Generation: Darling Downs (\$110 million), Geodynamics (\$96 million), Quarantine expansion (\$24 million) and Solar (\$9 million)

Retail: Customer systems associated with the acquisition of Sun Retail (\$22 million)

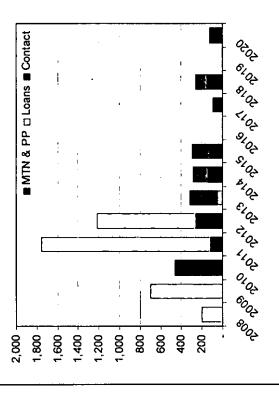
Contact: Predominantly geothermal drilling (\$56 million)

Operating Cash Flow After Tax increased by 5% while funds employed increased by 20% as a result of the Sun Retail acquisition and continuing E&P capital expenditure

(\$ million)	Dec 07	Dec 06
EBITDAF	809	290
Discontinued Networks Operations	•	16
Change in working capital	(48)	(76)
Stay-in-business capex	(70)	(79)
Other	(22)	3
Tax paid	(83)	(85)
OCAT	385	368
Net interest paid	(126)	(102)
Free cash flow	259	267
Funds Employed ⁽¹⁾ - Calendar Year	6,473	5,395
OCAT Ratio(2) - Calendar Year	11.8%	12.2%
OCAT Ratio remains above target of 9.4% per annum	% per annum	O
) Average funds employed excluding capital work in progress		Origin
12) Of AT Batio = (OCAT - interest tax shield) / funds employed excluding capital work in progress	al work in progress	

Origin has less than 5% of its debt portfolio maturing in the next 12 months and...

Origin Debt & Bank Guarantee Maturity Profile (Financial years, \$ million)



- Diversified funding base comprising domestic and US bonds, syndicated bank facilities and bilateral bank facilities
- Strong supportive Bank group
- Origin recently executed 3 year underwritten bank loan facility for A\$900 million and US\$200 million
- Discussions commenced on \$200 million rollover due in May 2008

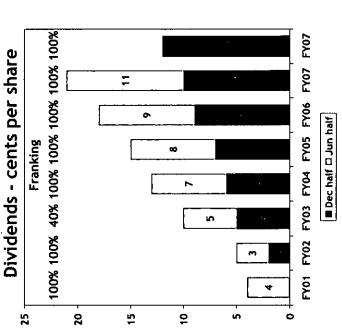
Total committed debt & bank guarantee facilities of ASS.7 billion

... currently has undrawn committed debt facilities of \$1.6 billion



.

A fully franked interim dividend of 12 cps has been declared (prior period 10 cps fully franked)...



Payment and DRP

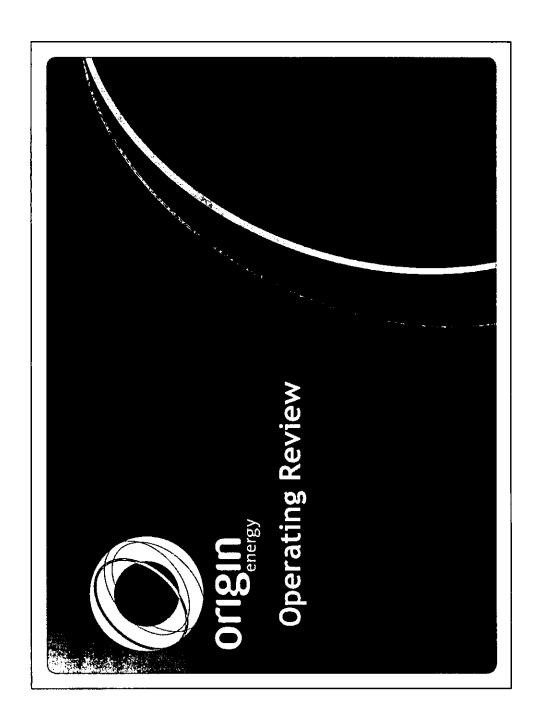
- Ex-dividend date 5 March 2008
- Date of record 11 March 2008
- Payable 4 April 2008
- DRP to apply at no discount

Payout Ratio

 Dividend payout ratio of 52% of Underlying earnings per share, or 31% of Statutory earnings per share



... and continues Origin's record of increasing dividend payments to shareholders



delivering record production as new producing areas... Exploration & Production: Major capital program now



- CSG and BassGas gas sales more than offset decline from maturing areas such as Cooper
- Liquids production lower but condensate and LPG sales from BassGas, and then Otway and Kupe will progressively offset Perth Basin

250

300

■ Dec-07 □ Dec-06

350

200 decline
200 may CSG production reached 100TJ/d equity share,
3 major developments on schedule, on track to
3 meet reserves addition of 500 PJ by June 2008

- BassGas production restricted to around 56TJ/d (Origin share 24TJ/d)
- Otway Gas Project completed in September 2007 - remedial requirements delayed commissioning to February 2008

20

20

0

Capex *

EBITDAF

Revenue

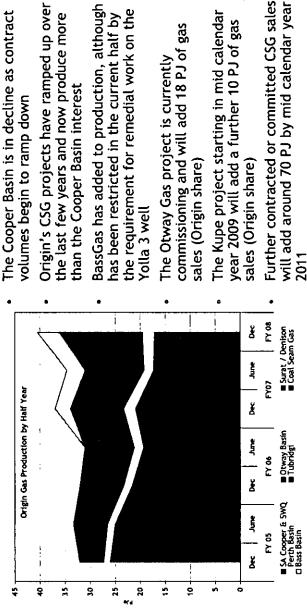
0

- Offshore phase of Kupe progressing to schedule
- Swift and Halladale/Blackwatch acquisitions





Over the last decade Origin has made a series of investments the Cooper Basin and other traditional gas producing areas... in new production areas to offset the anticipated decline of

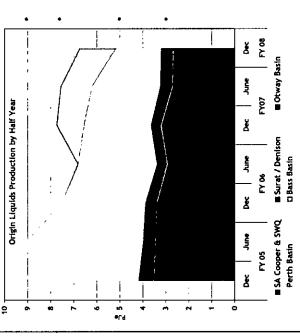


Further contracted or committed CSG sales will add around 70 PJ by mid calendar year The Kupe project starting in mid calendar year 2009 will add a further 10 PJ of gas commissioning and will add 18 PJ of gas ...with CSG developments and the BassGas project now sales (Origin share) sales (Origin share)

delivering, and the Otway Gas Project, Kupe and further '

CSG expansion yet to come

Oil production from the Perth Basin continues to decline, as is oil, condensate and LPG production from the Cooper Basin although at a more modest rate



Oil production from the mature Perth Basin oil fields has followed a steep decline curve from its peak

Cooper decline is more modest reflecting a broad production base of oil and liquids rich gas fields

The BassGas project has added 3 PJe per annum to production, although rates have been restricted in the current half by the requirement for remedial work on the Yolla 3 well

The Otway Gas project will add around 3 PJe of liquids production per annum from later this year (Origin share)

The Kupe project will add a further 6 PJe to Origin's liquids production from mid calendar year 2009

Average Price Received (A\$/bbl)

(oil and condensate inclusive of hedging)

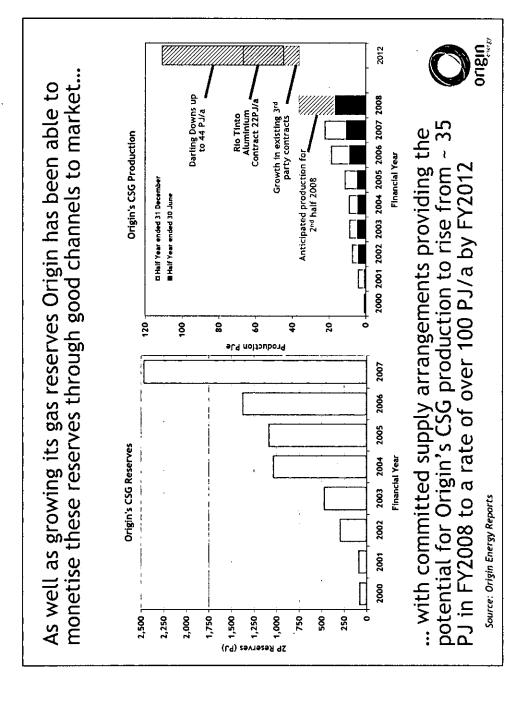
Year ended 31 Dec '07 \$85.53

Year ended 31 Dec '06 \$73.58

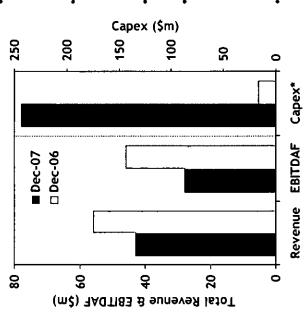
Before tax earnings sensitivity:

+/-\$1 USD oil price - +/- AUD \$0.3m

progressively supplemented by production from the Otway and the liquids-rich Kupe projects over the next two years While liquids from BassGas has commenced and will be



Generation: Operational performance steady with Mt Stuart moving from externally to internally contracted plant...



- operational performance and the transition of EBITDAF 38% lower - reflecting steady Mt Stuart from external to internal contracting
- expansion (120MW), with Mt Stuart expansion Construction making good progress at Darling Downs CCGT (630MW) and Quarantine OCGT committed (126 MW)
- Fenders sought for first 500MW OCGT at Mortlake - Victoria
- Significant progress on Renewables including:
- 30 MW Cullerin Range wind farm
- option on additional Epuron sites
 - 30% JV with Geodynamics
- Development of SLIVER® continues

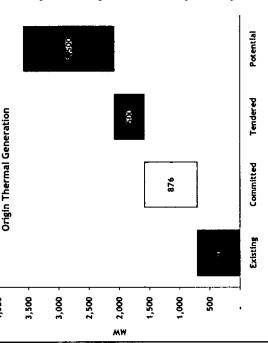


... with 900MW of new generation capacity committed

* Does not include acquisitions

origin

Origin has committed to build an additional 876 MW of gas combined cycle gas turbine plant at Darling Downs... fired power generation, including Australia's largest



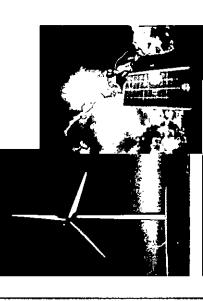
120MW expansion of Quarantine peaking power station in Adelaide increasing Origin's peaking capacity in South Australia. Expected completion in late 2008 calendar year

90,

- 126MW expansion of Mt Stuart peaking power station in Townsville. Plant jet-fuelled turbine with potential to convert to gas. Expected completion in mid-2009 calendar year
- 630MW base load gas-fired Darling Downs power station at Braemar, Qld. Largest CCGT in Australia and will have one of the lowest short run marginal costs in the NEM due to integration with CSG development. Expected completion in early 2010 calendar year
- Tenders sought for first 500 MW OCGT at Mortlake. Permitted sites available for an additional 1,500 MW
- Origin committed and tendered projects of 1,376 MW represent almost half of NEM new build requirement to 2012



... with significant opportunities for further expansion at already permitted sites Origin is well positioned to capture value from key climate change developments...



Geothermal

- Geodynamics Ltd. The JV owns permits in Origin acquired a 30% stake in a JV with South Australia
- Habanero 3 was completed in early 2008 and is Geodynamics have drilled 3 wells to-date. currently being evaluated

- Origin acquired an option for access to 590MW of wind farm development sites from Epuron
 - Origin has committed to build the first 30MW wind farm at Cullerin Range

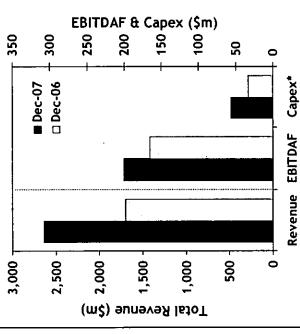
- Continue to work on plans for an at scale facility which will enable commercialisation of SLIVER®
- Unit sales of grid-connected solar photovoltaic installation grew over 200% during the period



 $_{22}^{\circ}$ ptions







- EBITDAF of \$201 million up 21%
- Higher purchasing costs across all commodities
 - · Higher average prices in the NEM
- Higher gas costs and Otway delay
 - Higher CP for LPG
- Sun Retail integration well progressed
- Won 236,000 gas and electricity customers in the half year for a net gain of 4,000 from June 2007
- Leading green market share with 361,000 signed accounts
 - Dual fuel accounts increased by 48,000 from June 2007
- LPG accounts increased by 18,000 from June 2007
- Good progress on retail capability delivery

Further uplift in second half contribution expected as tariff increases apply and average wholesale prices decrease

* Does not include sun retail acquisition

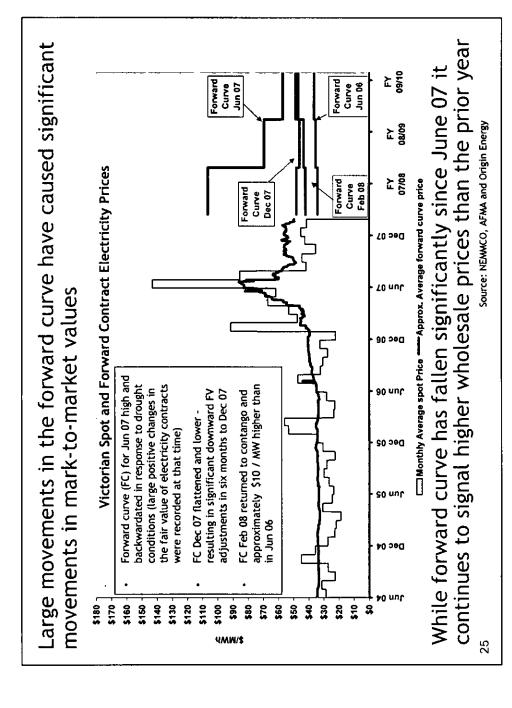
Sun Retail has boosted the scale of the Retail business with commodity revenues up \$935 million...

Product information and % change from Dec 06 ⁽¹⁾	Natural Gas	Electricity	LPG
Product Revenue (\$m)	481 (+2%)	1,768 (+101%)	789 (-4%)
Gross Profit (\$m)	61 (-18%)	258 (+48%)	62 (-20%)
EBITDAF (\$m)	1771	177 (+29%)	24 (-18%)
Underlying EBIT ⁽²⁾ (\$m)	164	164 (+31%)	13 (-24%)
Sales (PJ)	67 (+2%)		
Sales (TWh)		15.5 (+86%)	
LPG (Ktonnes)			234 (-10%)
Total sales (PJe)	(+5%)	26 (+86%)	12 (-10%)
Customers ('000) - (Change from 30 June 2007)	883 (-0.6%)	1,824 (+0.5%)	354 (+5%)

... COGS is higher due to increased volume of electricity sales, combined with higher commodity prices for all products

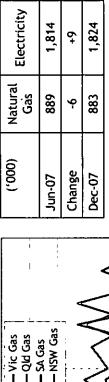
⁽¹⁾ Some items in December 06 have been re-stated due to both changes in methodology associated with the introduction of EBITDAF and the sale of minor business as part of the sale of Origin's Networks business in mid 2007 24

⁽²⁾ Excludes changes in fair value of financial instruments and Sun Retail one-off integration costs



Origin acquired over 236k new accounts for a net gain of 4k Churn rates have started to ease over the 6 months period gas and electricity accounts

Mass Market Churn: Completed and Pending# December 2007 Origin Energy Accounts Numbers



- SA Gas

- NSW Elec SA Elec

35%

30%

25%

20%

% Churn: Monthly data annualised

15%

10%

- Vic Elec

40%

Total

	3		
Jun-07	688	1,814	2,703
Change	9-	6+	+4
Dec-07	883	1,824	2,707
Change	.0.6%	+0.5%	+0.1%

- Origin effectively retained accounts numbers
- accounts, up 48,000 on June 2007 Origin now has 838,000 dual fuel Over 260k electricity customer
 - 361k customers signed to Green accounts in SA and NSW products Jan-08

*Old Elec market churn excludes Origin retains and estimated AGL retains

Jan-07

Jan-06

%

5%

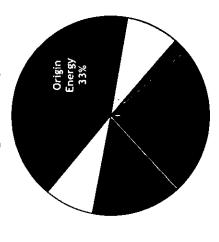


26#Source: Various websites including Vencorp, Nemmco, Gasmarketco and Company Information



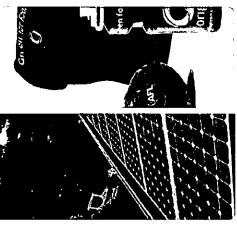
Origin has clearly established its leadership position in green energy sales and carbon responsibility...

A leading market position*



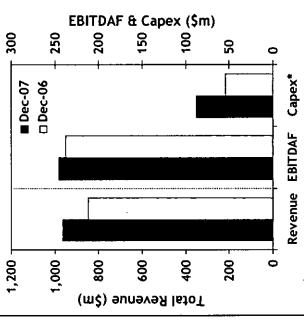
- In December 2007 Origin had signed 361,000 GreenPower customers
- ... resulting in continuing and credible retail market differentiation and emerging brand strength
 - brand strength 'source : GreenPower Website Quarterly Report 27 (September 2007)

and leading market products



- Unit sales of grid-connected solar photovoltaic installation grew over 200% during the period
- Origin introduced to the market an innovative solar hot water product, which allows customers to add solar panels to its existing gas or electricity system
 - A selection of Origin's GreenPower products once again achieved the highest ranking in Green Electricity Watch



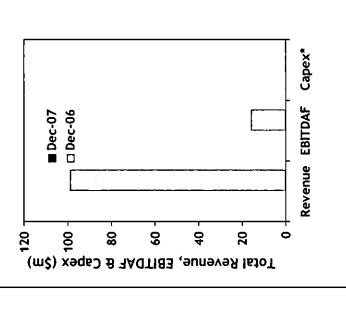


- EBITDAF of \$246 million, 4% higher
- The main operating factors that contributed were:
- an increase in electricity generation;
- an increase in total electricity revenue, driven by 3% increases in both volume and price of retail sales;
- operating revenue and costs increased as a result of the addition of the Rockgas LPG business purchased from Origin; and
- a 20% increase in the average per unit cost of natural gas

... while the second half should benefit from higher wholesale electricity prices in New Zealand

28 * Does not include acquisitions

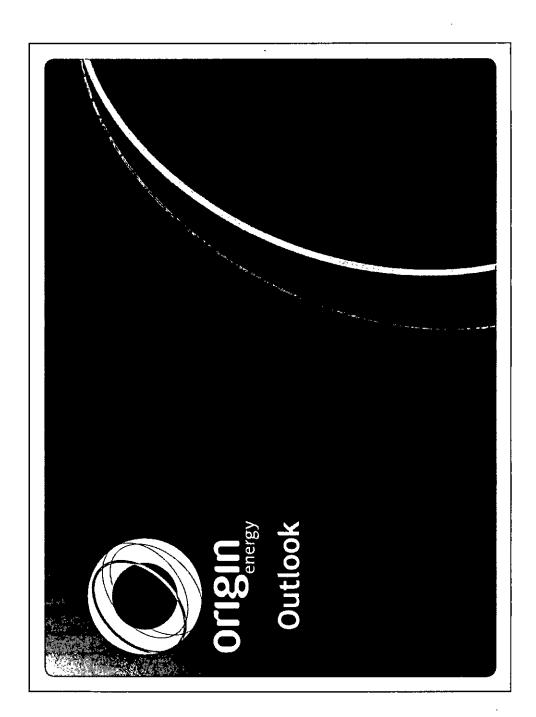
Networks (Discontinued Business): In April 2007, Origin entered into an agreement to sell its Networks business to APA for \$556 million



- The Networks business was sold in two parts:
- Settlement for the sale of the SEA Gas
 Pipeline portion of the business was
 effected on 29 June 2007 and is included in
 the accounts for the financial year ended 30
 June 2007
- The settlement of the balance of the business for \$423.3 million (pre-tax profit of \$225.1 million) took place on 2 July 2007
- It made no contribution to the operational performance of the business in the six months to 31 December 2007



Does not include acquisitions



Based on prevailing market conditions Origin expects the second half of the financial year to deliver a stronger performance than the first half, due to:

- an expected decrease in the wholesale cost of electricity as already observed in the past two months of the second half;
- a return to more traditional levels of volatility in the NEM, providing returns on Origin's electricity cap instruments;
- tariff increases for electricity and gas awarded in the Victorian market from 1 January 2008;
- Otway Gas Project contribution to earnings from March 2008;
- further increases in coal seam gas production servicing existing contracts in Queensland; and
- an increased contribution from Contact Energy in New Zealand due to higher wholesale electricity prices

Origin should deliver an increase in Underlying Profit for the financial year of at least 15%



Origin has a large forward schedule of major projects each of which will add to earnings and cash flow

	Maj	Major Project Timetable	imetable			
Financial Year	FY 07 FY	FY 08	FY 09	FY 10 F	FY 11	FY 12
Calendar Year	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	1
BassGas		A CAMPAGE TO STATE OF		A PARTIES AND A STATE OF	The property	N. Carlon
CSG - SG Phase 4		は他的などの				
Otway Gas Project						
Quarantine Expansion	1,1	10 m				
Mt Stuart Expansion						
Kupe Gas Project		等 解文的 医三十二		第四次 第四次 第四次 第四次 第四次 第四次 第四次 第四次 第四次 第四次	943.00	
Darling Downs Power Station			STATE OF THE STATE		* 48 % A	1.
CSG - Darling Downs		N. 17			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	を記る
CSG - Rio Tinto Aluminium				TANKS WATER		
Legend	Planning & permitting	Construction	Planning & Permitting Construction 2 Production	337		

cash flow, see Origin well placed to continue to access funds for Recent additions to Origin's debt facilities, together with strong its ongoing development and growth

Origin already has in place projects and opportunities that will deliver ongoing growth...

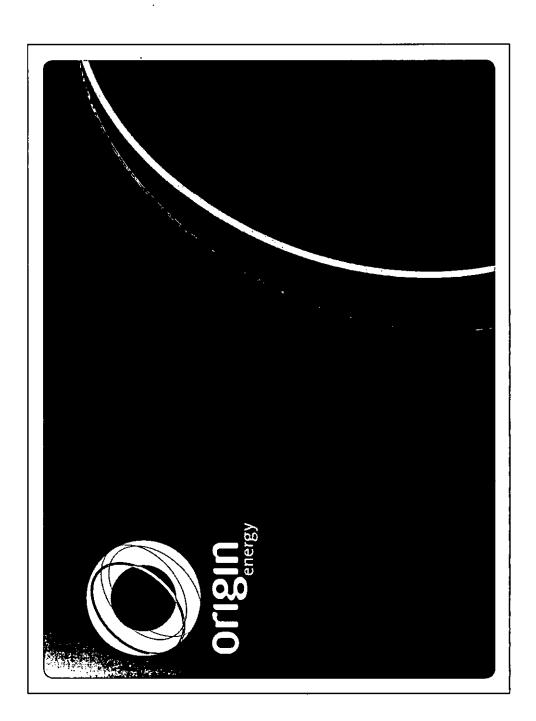
- Leading CSG reserves position and increasing production volumes
- Major liquids-rich offshore gas projects progressively coming on-line: BassGas producing, Otway commissioning, Kupe under construction
- Over 900 MW committed, including largest Australian CCGT and Origin's first wind project
- Tenders sought for a further 500 MW OCGT
- · Pipeline of over 2000 MW of opportunities
- Good access to markets

...and is well positioned for a carbon constrained future

- Growing CSG reserves
- Lower emissions gas fired generation
- Renewable energy projects and opportunities: geothermal and wind across Australia and New Zealand plus SLIVER® Solar technology
- Leading green energy supplier: 361,000 green customers signed
- Voted Ethical Investor Sustainable Company of the Year 2007

Origin's integrated strategy continues to provide the basis for long term development and growth





For more information

For more information on Origin Energy please contact

Angus Guthrie

Manager, Investor Relations

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au

Office: +61-2-8345 5558

Mobile: + 61-4-1786 4255

Alternatively visit our website

www.originenergy.com.au

and follow the prompts to the Investor Centre





То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	28 February 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	1
Subject	CORRECTION: INTERIM EX-DIVIDEND DATE		

This Transmittal is confidential. If you have received this document in error, please contact Origin Energy immediately.

I confirm details of the interim dividend announced today as follows:

Record date:

11 March 2008

Payment date:

4 April 2008

Amount: Ex-Dividend date: 12 cents per share fully franked

4 March 2008 (not 5 March 2008 as previously advised)

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



RECEIVED

2008 HAY 30 A II: 17

OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279	
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	28 February 2008	
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2	
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOUTH 6, 7 & 8.			

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



ASX Release

28 February 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that at 12pm EST on 27 February, the top of the reservoir (Farewell Formation) has been intersected with elevated gas shows and the first of three coring operations has been completed in the 8-1/2 inch section of the Kupe South 6 (KS-6) well. The planned total depth for the section is 3,381m MDRT. Upon completion, it is planned to run and cement the 5 inch liner.

Drilling began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,895m	3,042m
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	

^{*}Depths are cumulative and show total well depth.

Each of the three production wells will be drilled by the ENSCO 107 jack-up drilling rig to a vertical depth of approximately 3,400 metres.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand:

Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au



BECEIAED

2008 HAY 30 A 11: 17

TFICE OF INTERNATIONAL CORPORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office		acsimile	1300 300 021
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	[Date	27 February 2008
From	Bill Hundy		ages	2
Subject	SHAREHOLDER CORRESPONDENCE			

In accordance with Listing Rule 3.17 please find attached a letter being sent to Origin shareholders regarding an unsolicited offer to purchase their shares.

This document is also available on Origin's website www.originenergy.com.au in the Investor Centre.

Regards

Bill Hundy Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



25 February 2008

Dear Shareholder

RE: IMPORTANT NOTICE TO ORIGIN ENERGY SHAREHOLDERS ABOUT UNSOLICITED OFFERS TO BUY YOUR SHARES

We have reason to believe that Origin Energy shareholders may receive an unsolicited offer from a third party to purchase their Origin shares at a price that is substantially below the current market price. Origin does not endorse any unsolicited offers to buy your Origin shares.

Whilst it is not illegal for someone to make an unsolicited offer to buy your shares, such offers must comply with strict legal requirements.

The offer has to tell you the market value of your shares at the date of the offer. Any offer documents should be read very carefully and you should consider the current market value of Origin Energy shares and the terms of the offer and seek advice if necessary, before making a decision.

If you receive an unsolicited offer, the following information may assist you:

- The Origin Energy share price is available on the Origin website at www.originenergy.com.au.
- The Australian Securities and Investments Commission consumer website FIDO has advice for shareholders on how to protect themselves against unexpected offers at www.fido.gov.au.
- To find out if it may be more prudent for shareholders to sell their shares through the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX), details of a licensed stock broker may be obtained from the ASX on 131 279 or via their website at www.asx.com.au/investor/first_time.

If you have any questions please contact the company on 1300 664 446.

Yours faithfully

Kevin McCann Chairman



RECEIVED

ZCO MAY BO A II: 17

CARICE OF INTERMATIONAL CORFORATE FINANCE

То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	22 February 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	53
Subject	CONTACT ENERGY RESULTS FOR THE HA	ALF-YEAR ENDE	D 31 DECEMBER 20

Attached herewith is a copy of an announcement released to the NZX by Contact Energy today.

Origin Energy has a 51.36% interest in Contact Energy Limited.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au



22 February 2008

Contact invests in sustainable long-term growth

The six months to the end of December 2007 saw Contact Energy deliver a pleasing financial result and make significant progress on strategic initiatives that will underpin the company's long-term growth, Chief Executive David Baldwin said today.

Half year result

Contact recorded Earnings before Net Interest Expense, Income Taxation, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF) of \$281.9 million for the six months to 31 December 2007, up slightly from \$275.4 million for the six months to 31 December 2006.

After adjusting the reported profit of \$117.4 million for one-off items including the \$21.3 million gain from the sale of land and rights in the Mokai geothermal field, and the \$20.4 million provision associated with the closure of Contact's New Plymouth power station, Contact's underlying earnings after tax for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were \$116.1 million. This compares with underlying earnings after tax of \$117.2 million for the six months to 31 December 2006.

Mr Baldwin said ongoing increases in natural gas costs continue to be absorbed into the business, with per unit gas costs increasing by 20 per cent over the six months to 31 December 2007 from the corresponding 2006 period.

Contact's electricity generation during the six months to 31 December 2007 was up five per cent in comparison with the six months ended 31 December 2006. This included a nine per cent increase in geothermal generation, driven by Contact's successful drilling programme.

Mr Baldwin said the increase in generation output, particularly in renewables, helped to offset lower wholesale prices during the period. He said this served to reinforce the value of Contact's integrated generation and retail business, and the flexibility and diversity of the company's portfolio.

Contact's total retail customer numbers increased from 587,000 as at 31 December 2006 to 621,000 (excluding LPG franchise customers) as at 31 December 2007. The majority of this increase resulted from Contact's acquisition of the Rockgas LPG business in April 2007.

Geothermal generation development

Mr Baldwin said the company had made good progress in its renewable electricity generation and gas storage strategies, each of which will be important in helping to develop an increasingly renewable electricity generation sector for New Zealand.

In December 2007 the Minister for the Environment agreed to Contact's request to call in the company's resource consent application for its approximately 225 megawatt (MW) Te Mihi geothermal power station, which will be located near Taupo, and consider it under a streamlined consenting process.

"The decision to call in this application recognises the importance of Te Mihi to a secure and sustainable energy supply for the country, and increases our confidence that the plant can be generating electricity by 2011."

Wellington

Mr Baldwin said Contact had also started the first phase of the development of the Tauhara project near Taupo, with earthworks underway for a 20 MW geothermal generation plant on Centennial Drive, for which the company already holds consents. The Centennial Drive geothermal project is expected to be in production in 2009.

"We are also preparing the resource consent application for our proposed Tauhara geothermal power station near Taupo, which would provide a further 225 MW of baseload renewable generation. We expect to file this application in 2008, with the plant generating electricity in 2012."

During the six months to 31 December 2007, Contact sold its interests in geothermal rights and land in the Mokai geothermal field to Mighty River Power for \$27.3 million. The decision was made to sell the interests in order to focus Contact's geothermal development programme on the company's Tauhara and Te Mihi projects. Development of the Mokai rights would have been complicated, given the existing rights of Mighty River Power and the Tuaropaki Trust in the same field.

Wind

In October 2007 Contact announced its intention to develop a significant wind farm along 40 kilometres of isolated farmland to the south of Port Waikato. The wind farm is known as Hauāuru mā raki, meaning 'north-west wind' and is expected to be approximately 550 MW in capacity.

Mr Baldwin said Contact had been working constructively with local authorities since well before the project announcement, and a consultation programme with surrounding landowners and communities would continue through 2008.

A resource consent application for the project is expected to be filed over the coming months.

Located close to the major North Island load centres of Hamilton and Auckland, this project would generate enough clean, renewable electricity to power around 200,000 homes per year.

Mr Baldwin said the investment in Hauāuru mā raki would be approximately \$1.5 billion, and the project would be built in stages, starting early next decade.

Thermal generation

Mr Baldwin said with much higher levels of wind energy in the system, fast-start gas-fired peaking plants will have a vital role to play in firming wind generation and, in doing so, supporting the development of renewables. Peaking capacity will also be important for North Island energy security.

"For times when wind and hydro generation are not available, Contact is proposing to develop up to 300 MW of fast-start peaking capacity which can be at full load within 10 minutes. Current technology also means that this fast-start plant is significantly more efficient than older thermal power stations.

"This new peaking capacity will be constructed at the site of Contact's Stratford power station and we expect the first 200 MW to be operational before the winter of 2010."

Mr Baldwin said Contact's consented 400 MW combined-cycle gas-fired power station at Otahuhu in Auckland was placed on hold in February 2007 while the company focused on developing its renewable generation options.

"Otahuhu C is clearly the country's best baseload thermal generation option, and remains on hold should New Zealand require it at some point in the future," he said.

Development of gas storage facility

Mr Baldwin said Contact was delighted to secure a gas storage option through Contact and Origin Energy's purchase of Swift Energy's New Zealand oil and gas assets in December 2007. The acquisition is expected to be completed by April 2008.

Contact will contribute approximately \$54 million to the total purchase price of \$115 million to own and develop the onshore Ahuroa gas field in Taranaki as a storage facility, and purchase the remaining recoverable gas and LPG reserves in the Ahuroa reservoir.

"With the decline of the Maui gas field, the flexibility Contact once had in gas supply contracts has been replaced with obligations which require customers to take gas at high and fixed rates each day, or which impose adverse financial consequences if the gas is not taken. This creates a situation where natural gas is being used when there may be more cost effective forms of energy.

"Gas storage will enable Contact to store the gas at times when it has access to lower cost generation alternatives. It will allow the company to use its gas-fired power stations when market conditions justify and will provide the flexibility required to operate new fast-start peaking plants once these plants are operational.

"The development of an underground gas storage facility is an important step in enabling gas-fired peaking plants to support the country's commitment to new renewables, and will reduce the chances of natural gas being burned when market conditions do not require or support it."

Mr Baldwin said Contact was aiming to have the underground gas storage facility fully operational in 2010.

Outlook

Mr Baldwin said Contact was on track for a solid full year result. With market conditions currently favouring the company's geographic and fuel diversity, Contact expects to deliver a full year EBITDAF approximately four per cent higher than in 2007.

Dividend

The Contact Board has resolved to increase the interim dividend for the 2008 financial year by 10 per cent to 11 cents per share (fully imputed). The increase reflects the continued confidence the Board has in the company's performance, its outlook and progress on strategic initiatives. This dividend will be paid on 26 March 2008.

Jonathan Hill Communications Manager 04 462 1285 021 440 090

Contact	Energy Limited			
Results for announcement to the market				
Basis of Report Unaudited				
Reporting Period	6 months to 31 December 2007			
Previous Reporting Period	6 months to 31 December 2006			

	Amount (\$000s)	Percentage change
Operating Revenue	1,116,562	12%
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense, Income Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF)	281,927	2%
Profit for the Period	117,428	(4%)
Underlying Earnings After Tax ¹	116,134	(1%)
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (Cents)	20.36	(4%)
Underlying Earning Per Share (Cents) 1	20.14	(1%)

Dividend	Amount per security	Imputed amount per security	Supplementary Dividend
INTERIM	\$0.11	\$0.054179	\$0.019412

Record Date	7 March 2008
Dividend Payment Date	26 March 2008
Share Top Up Plan Election Date ²	22 February 2008

·	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Net Tangible Assets per Share	\$4.76	\$4.20

Details of Associates and Joint Venture Entities			Interest Hel	d by Group
Investments in Associates	31 December 2007	31 December 2006		
Oakey Power Holdings Pty Limited			25%	25%
Rockgas Timaru Limited			50%	-
Investment in Jointly Contro				
Gasbridge Joint Venture			50%	50%

Comments:	1.	Underlying Earnings After Tax and Underlying Earnings Per Share exclude one off items and Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments (net of tax). Refer to Note 2 of the financial statements for the six months ended 31 December 2007 for calculation.
	2.	The Share Top Up Plan is available to

Half Year Preliminary Announcement Contact Energy Ltd

shareholders holding 5,000 or fewer shares whereby they can elect to acquire existing shares on-market funded by their regular dividend payments. The Share Top Up Plan is not, in
itself, a dividend or distribution.

Attachments:

- Management Discussion & Analysis
- Unaudited Financial Statements for the six months ended 31 December 2007
- KPMG Review Report

Management discussion of unaudited consolidated financial results for the six months ended 31 December 2007

Financial review

Contact Energy recorded Earnings before Net Interest Expense, Income Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF) for the six months ended 31 December 2007 of \$281.9 million, up two per cent from \$275.4 million for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Key factors that contributed to the current result include:

- an increase in electricity generation volumes
- an increase in electricity revenue, driven by increases in both retail sales volumes and prices
- an increase in operating revenues and costs resulting from the addition of Rockgas, and
- an increase in natural gas costs.

After adjusting the reported profit of \$117.4 million for the period for one-off items including the \$21.3 million gain from the sale of land and rights in the Mokai geothermal field, and a provision of \$20.4 million associated with the retirement of Contact's New Plymouth power station, Contact's underlying earnings after tax for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were \$116.1 million. This compares with underlying earnings after tax of \$117.2 million for the six months to 31 December 2006.

Key financial information

Key financial information	6 Months Ended 31 Dec 2007	6 Months Ended 31 Dec 2006
	\$million	\$million
Operating Revenue	1,116.6	995.1
Operating Expenses (1)	(834.6)	(719.7)
EBITDAF ⁽²⁾	281.9	275.4
Depreciation and Amortisation	(74.3)	(69.2)
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associates	1.2	0.9
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	0.6	8.5
Retirement of New Plymouth power station	(30.5)	-
Gain on Sale of Mokai geothermal land and rights	21.3	-
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense and Income Tax (EBIT)	200.3	215.5
Net Interest Expense	(35.5)	(32.2)
Income Tax Expense	(47.4)	(60.5)
Profit for the Period	117.4	122.9
Underlying Earnings After Tax for the Period ⁽³⁾	116.1	117.2
Underlying Earnings Per Share (cents)	20.14	20.33
Shareholders' Equity	2,927.7	2,602.0

⁽¹⁾ Includes retail electricity purchases.

⁽²⁾ Earnings before net interest expense, income tax, depreciation, amortisation and financial instruments.

⁽³⁾ The underlying earnings after tax remove one-off items; the most significant is the \$21.3 million post tax gain from the sale of land and rights in the Mokai geothermal field, and one-off costs of \$20.4 million associated with the retirement of Contact's New Plymouth power station.

Retail segment	6 Months Ended 31 Dec 2007	6 Months Ended 31 Dec 2006
	\$ million	\$ million
Retail Electricity Revenue	641.0	605.3
Gas Revenue Wholesale	36.7	17.8
Gas Revenue Retail	47.1	53.2
LPG Revenue ⁽¹⁾	68.3	-
Other Retail Revenue	7.6	3.9
Total Retail Revenue	800.8	680.2
Retail Electricity Purchases	(224.9)	(232.4)
Electricity Transmission, Distribution and Levies	(223.4)	(218.3)
Gas Purchases and Transmission	(71.3)	(52.9)
LPG Purchases (1)	(53.6)	-
Labour Costs and Other Operating Expenses	(70.0)	(55.3)
Total Operating Expenses	(643.1)	(558.8)
EBITDAF	157.6	121.3
Depreciation and Amortisation	(11.2)	(7.3)
Segment Result	146.4	114.1
Average Electricity Purchase Price (\$ per MWh)	52.09	55.53
Retail Electricity Sales (GWh)	4,064	3,950
Electricity Customer Numbers	514,000	511,000
Gas Sales Wholesale Customers (PJ)	6.6	3.4
Gas Sales Retail Customers (PJ)	2.2	2.7
Gas Sales LPG Customers (tonnes) (1)	46,000	-
Gas Customer Numbers	74,000	76,000
LPG Customer Numbers (excluding franchisees)	33,000	-

⁽¹⁾ Represents six months of operations of Rockgas LPG business since acquisition on 30 April 2007.

Retail electricity

Contact's retail electricity business has performed well over the six months ended 31 December 2007, with gross retail electricity revenue of \$641.0 million, up from \$605.3 million for the six months to 31 December 2006.

This increase was due to increases in both volumes and prices. Retail electricity sales for the six months to 31 December 2007 were 4,064 gigawatt hours (GWh), up three per cent from 3,950 GWh for the six months ended 31 December 2006. The average sales price also increased by three per cent in the period ended 31 December 2007. Total electricity customer numbers as at 31 December 2007 were 514,000, up from 511,000 as at 31 December 2006.

The average electricity purchase price was \$52.09 per megawatt hour (MWh) for the six months to 31 December 2007, down slightly from \$55.53 per MWh for the six months to the end of December 2006.

Electricity transmission, distribution and levies for the six months ended 31 December 2007 were \$223.4 million, up two per cent from \$218.3 million for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Labour costs and operating expenses

Labour costs and other operating expenses attributable to the retail segment increased to \$70.0 million from \$55.3 million, largely as a result of the integration of the Rockgas LPG business into Contact, as well as underlying increases in labour costs.

Retail gas

Retail gas revenue for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$47.1 million, down from \$53.2 million for the six months ended 31 December 2006. Retail gas volume for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was 2.2 petajoules (PJ), down from 2.7 PJ for the six months ended 31 December 2006. This decrease is primarily due to reduced demand as a result of warmer weather conditions and a decrease in customer numbers.

The average cost of gas for retail (excluding transmission) increased by about 20 per cent to \$5.34 per gigajoule (GJ). The average retail gas transmission cost for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$10.26 per GJ, up 10 per cent from \$9.33 per GJ for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Contact had 74,000 retail gas customers as at 31 December 2007, compared with 76,000 as at 31 December 2006.

Generation segment

Generation segment	6 Months Ended 31 Dec 2007	6 Months Ended 31 Dec 2006
	\$ million	\$ million
Wholesale Electricity Revenue	306.4	306.5
Steam Revenue	7.1	6.7
Other Wholesale Revenue	2.2	1.7
Total Wholesale Revenue	315.7	314.9
Electricity Transmission, Distribution and Levies	(21.8)	(18.2)
Gas Purchases and Transmission	(127.2)	(100.9)
Labour Costs and Other Operating Expenses	(42.4)	(41.7)
Total Operating Expenses	(191.5)	(160.8)
EBITDAF	124.1	154.0
Depreciation	(63.0)	(61.6)
Segment Result	61.2	92.4
Average Wholesale Electricity Price (\$ per MWh) (1)	48.53	51.45
Gas Used in Internal Generation (PJ)	22.1	21.1
Gas Cost Including Transmission (\$ per GJ)	5.75	4.78
Thermal Generation (GWh)	2,821	2,693
Geothermal Generation (GWh)	1,085	997
Hydro Generation (GWh)	1,968	1,907
Total Generation (GWh)	5,874	5,597

⁽¹⁾ This price excludes contracts for differences.

Contact's total electricity generation for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was 5,874 GWh, a five per cent increase from 5,597 GWh generated in the six months ended 31 December 2006. The increase in total generation was made up of increases across all of Contact's generation types.

The increase in Contact's generation was balanced by softer wholesale electricity prices which averaged \$48.53 per MWh across the period, down six per cent from \$51.45 per MWh for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Contact's geothermal generation increased by 88 GWh (nine per cent) relative to the six month period ended 31 December 2006. Contact's geothermal drilling programme and the new resource consents granted for Contact's Wairakei geothermal operations in May 2007 resulted in increased output at both Ohaaki and Wairakei. Further capacity gains enabled by the new consents are expected during the second half of the 2008 financial year.

Gas costs

Contact's gas costs continued to increase over the period as Contact's cheaper legacy gas entitlements were replaced with more expensive gas supply arrangements. The average gas purchase price, excluding transmission and the impact of inflexibility, was \$5.34 per GJ for the six months ended 31 December 2007, an increase of 20 per cent from \$4.43 per GJ for the six months ended 31 December 2006.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$47.4 million, compared with \$60.5 million for the same period in 2006. The effective tax rate for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was 28.7 per cent, compared with 33 per cent for the same period in 2006. The reduction in the effective tax rate is primarily due to the non-taxable gain on sale of the Mokai geothermal rights.

The effective tax rate is expected to be approximately 33.0 per cent for the six months ending 30 June 2008, resulting in an expected tax rate for the full year of approximately 31.0 per cent.

Financial position

The company continues to maintain a strong financial position with gearing of net debt to net debt plus equity being 22 per cent and is well placed to fund its future growth programme.

As at 31 December 2007 Contact's evergreen committed credit facilities totalled \$510.0 million, of which \$425.6 was available.

Based on the New Zealand dollar equivalent of borrowings, net of foreign exchange hedging, net debt increased to \$820.5 million as at 31 December 2007 from \$735.7 million as at 31 December 2006. This increase of \$84.8 million is primarily due to a decrease in short-term deposits which were applied to fund the acquisition of the Rockgas-LPG business in April 2007, and increased capital expenditure in the period.

In September 2007, term debt of \$277.8 million was repaid utilising funds on hand.

Capital expenditure and commitments

Contact's capital expenditure for the six months ended 31 December 2007 was \$92.2 million, compared with \$62.7 million in the period ended 31 December 2006. The majority of this increase is growth capital expenditure, largely in relation to geothermal generation.

Total commitments for capital expenditure, investments and operating leases as at 31 December 2007 were \$191.5 million, compared with \$187.8 million as at 31 December 2006.

Outlook

Contact is on track for a solid full year result. With market conditions currently favouring the company's geographic and fuel diversity, Contact expects to deliver a full year EBITDAF approximately four per cent higher than in 2007.

Dividend declaration

The Contact Board has resolved to increase the interim dividend for the 2008 financial year by 10 per cent to 11 cents per share (fully imputed). The increase reflects the continued confidence the Board has in the company's performance, its outlook and progress on strategic initiatives. This dividend will be paid on 26 March 2008.

	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Operating Revenue				
Wholesale Electricity Revenue		306,388	306,455	630,363
Retail Electricity Revenue		641,049	605,304	1,170,180
Gas Revenue		83,774	71,022	148,016
LPG Revenue		68,312	•	25,335
Steam Revenue		7,068	6,749	12,169
Other Revenue		9,971	5,601	11,903
•		1.116,562	995,131	1,997,966
Operating Expenses				
Retail Electricity Purchases		(224,881)	(232,440)	(455,787)
Electricity Transmission, Distribution and Levies		(245,232)	(236,496)	(452,522)
Gas Purchases and Transmission		(198,484)	(153,736)	(325,341)
LPG Purchases		(53,597)	-	(17,910)
Labour Costs		(39,861)	(29,601)	(62,424)
Other Operating Expenses		(72,580)	(67,446)	(140,291)
		(834,635)	(719,719)	(1,454,275)
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense, Income Tax, Depreciation, Amortisation and Financial Instruments (EBITDAF)		281,927	275,412	543,691
Depreciation and Amortisation		(74,292)	(69,186)	(139,280)
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associates		1,206	851	707
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	10	609	8,470	23,259
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	4	(30,497)	•	
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights	5	21,319	-	-
	. <u>-</u>	(81,655)	(59,865)	(115,314)
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense and Income Tax (EBIT)		200,272	215,547	428,377
Net Interest Expense	6	(35,469)	(32,163)	(62,657)
Profit Before Income Tax		164,803	183,384	365,720
Income Tax Expense	7	(47,375)	(60,491)	(118,981)
Change in Corporate Income Tax Rate		-	•	(7,112)
Profit for the Period		117,428	122,893	239,627
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (Cents)		20.36	21.31	41.56

Supplementary disclosure

Underlying earnings after tax is presented to allow readers to make a more accurate assessment and comparison of underlying earnings after removing one off items and the Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments.

				
Underlying Earnings After Tax	2	116,134	117,218	231,155
Underlying Earnings Per Share (Cents)	2	20.14	20.33	40.09

Statement of changes in equity for the six months ended 31 December 2007

	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Profit for the Period		117,428	122,893	239,627
Change in Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		157	(80)	(109)
Change in Asset Revaluation Reserve			-	349,235
Change in Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	10	3,515	19,155	5,630
Total Recognised Revenues and Expenses	• -	121,100	141,968	594,383
Dividends Paid	8	(98,028)	(92,261)	(149,924)
Share Based Payments		427	-	419
Business Combination of Commonly Controlled Entities		-	-	(92.942)
Changes In Equity for the Period		23,499	49,707	351,936
Equity at Start of the Period		2,904,179	2,552,243	2,552,243
Equity at End of the Period		2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179
Represented by:				
Share Capital		780,358	780,037	780,196
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve		207	79	50
Asset Revaluation Reserve		1,900,718	1,551,483	1,900,718
Cash Flow Hedge Reserve		3,808	13,818	293
Share Based Payment Reserve		525	-	260
Retained Earnings		242,062	256,533	222,662
Equity at End of the Period	•	2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179

Not	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007 e \$000	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 30 June 2007 \$000
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179
Represented by:			
Current Assets			
Cash and Short Term Deposits	16,730	296,548	178,984
Receivables and Prepayments	195,184	161,970	222,477
Inventories	20,796	18,719	23,289
Derivative Financial Instruments	5,009	2,973	1,989
Total Current Assets	237,719	480,210	426,739
Non-current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	4,319,566	3,833,603	4,308,203
Intangible Assets	182,065	178,778	182,189
Investment in Associates	6,833	7,818	6,210
Other Financial Assets	2,935	-	2,935
Derivative Financial Instruments 16	39,752	44,360	43,023
Other Non-current Assets	5,373	2,987	2,629
Total Non-current Assets	4,556,524	4,067,546	4,545,189
TOTAL ASSETS	4,794,243	4,547,756	4,971,928
Current Liabilities	•		
Borrowings	89,011	6,559	3,020
Current Portion of Term Borrowings		205,367	196,611
Derivative Financial Instruments 10	717	75,591	85,809
Payables and Accruals	205,741	174,350	248,700
Taxation Payable	11,329	10,925	2,409
Provisions 1	1 30,547	3,337	3,525
Total Current Liabilities	337,345	476,129	540,074
Non-current Liabilities			
Borrowings	553,518	575,602	513,683
Derivative Financial Instruments	200,973	178,695	242,986
Provisions 1	1 27,525	21,717	25,880
Deferred Taxation	744,752	689,616	742,173
Other Non-current Liabilities	2,452	4.047	2,953
Total Non-current Liabilities	1,529,220	1,469,677	1,527,675
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,866,565	1,945,806	2,067,749
NET ASSETS	2,927,678	2,601,950	2,904,179

contract Energy Emilitary and adopted and

Statement of cash flows

for the six months ended 31 December 2007

•	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Provided from:				
Receipts from Customers		1,146,518	1,052,033	1,996,958
Cash Applied to:				
Payments to Suppliers and Employees		(869,152)	(802,776)	(1,474,909)
Supplementary Dividend Paid to Shareholders	8, 1	(10,189)	(9,769)	(15,758)
Taxation Paid		(30,400)	(30,500)	(88,300)
		(909,741)	(843,045)	(1,578,967)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities	, , , ,	236,777	208,988	417,991
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Cash Provided from:				
Proceeds from Sale of Mokai Geothermal				
Land and Rights	5	27,252	•	-
Interest Received	1	4,172	10,809	24,943
Loan from Associate		1,051	•	
Associate Dividends Received		829	1,254	2,761
		33,304	12,063	27,704
Cash Applied to:				
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(98,754)	(64,434)	(145,148)
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	4	(1,524)	-	-
Purchase of Subsidiary		•	•	(159,432)
Repayment of Loan from Associate		-	(834)	(3,035)
		(100,278)	(65,268)	(307,615)
Net Cash (Outflow) to Investing Activities		(66,974)	(53,205)	(279,911)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-			
Cash Provided from:				
Gross Proceeds from Borrowings		91.267	-	-
Cash Applied to:		, 2,23		
Interest Paid	1	(40,710)	(42,439)	(82,919)
Ordinary Dividend Paid to Shareholders	8	(98,028)	(92,261)	(149,924)
Repayment of Borrowings		(284,033)	(6,776)	(8,017)
		(422,771)	(141,476)	(240,860)
Net Cash (Outflow) to Financing Activities		(331,504)	(141,476)	(240,860)
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(161,701)	14,307	(102,780)
Add: Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Start		(101,. 01)	24,501	(102), 00)
of the Period		177,948	280,728	280,728
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period		16,247	295,035	177,948
Cash and Cash Equivalents is comprised of:				
Bank Overdraft		(483)	(1,513)	(1,036)
Cash and Short Term Deposits		16,730	296,548	178,984
		16,247	295,035	177,948

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of cash flows continued

for the six months ended 31 December 2007

RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD TO CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Profit for the Period		117,428	122,893	239,627
Items Classified as Investing/Financing		•		
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	4	30,497		-
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights	5	(21,319)	•	•
Net Interest Expense	6	35,469	32,163	62,657
		44,647	32,163	62,657
Non-cash Items				
Bad and Doubtful Accounts		2,407	2,823	5,395
Movement in Provisions		784	(628)	(149)
Share Based Payments		530		550
Depreciation and Amortisation		74,292	69,186	139,280
Equity Accounted (Earnings) of Associates		(1,206)	(851)	(707)
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	10	(609)	(8,470)	(23,259)
(Decrease)/Increase in Deferred Taxation		766	1,736	7,581
Impact of Change in Corporate Income Tax Rate		•		7,112
Other		(364)	-	<u>-</u>
		76,600	63,796	135,803
Operating Cash Profit for the Period		238,675	218,852	438,087
Movement in Working Capital			•	
Decrease/(Increase) in Receivables and Prepayments		24,870	56,368	(3,031)
Decrease in Taxation Receivable		-	-	7,311
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories		738	(232)	(3,005)
Increase/(Decrease) in Payables and Accruals		(33,526)	(84,486)	(21,371)
(Decrease)/Increase in Taxation Payable		8,920	18,486	-
(Increase) in Other Non-current Assets		(2,900)	-	
		(1,898)	(9,864)	(20,096)
Net Cash Inflow from Operating Activities		236,777	208,988	417,991

Contact Elieta Figures and anosidiasies

Notes to the financial statements for the six months ended 31 December 2007

1 Statement of accounting policies

Reporting entity

Contact Energy Limited (the Company) is a profit-oriented company domiciled in New Zealand, registered under the Companies Act 1993 and listed on the New Zealand Stock Market. The Company is an issuer in terms of the Financial Reporting Act 1993.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements (the financial statements) for Contact Energy Limited as at and for the six months ended 31 December 2007 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries and their interest in associates and jointly controlled entities (together referred to as Contact).

Contact is a diversified and integrated energy company, focusing on the wholesale generation of electricity and the retail sale of electricity, natural gas and LPG, and related services in New Zealand.

Basis of preparation

The functional and reporting currency used in preparation of the financial statements is New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest thousand.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the New Zealand Equivalent to International Accounting Standard NZIAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting (NZIAS 34) and include condensed notes to the financial statements.

These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes included in Contact's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2007 (2007 Annual Report). The accounting policies set out in the 2007 Annual Report have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. There have been no changes in accounting policies from those applied in Contact's 2007 Annual Report.

Contact has elected not to early adopt the standards and not to apply interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

Certain presentational changes have been made to the Statement of cash flows to allow the readers to make a more accurate assessment of Contact's sustainable operating cash flows before funding costs. These changes, which have been applied retrospectively, are listed below:

- Reclassification of interest paid from Operating Activities to Financing Activities.
- Reclassification of interest received from Operating Activities to Investing Activities.
- Reclassification of Supplementary Dividend paid from Financing Activities to Operating Activities.

Accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with NZIAS 34 requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Contact's significant areas of estimation and critical judgements in these financial statements are summarised below.

Generation Plant and Equipment

Goodwill

Retail Revenue

Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation

Financial Instruments

Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station

This list is consistent with that set out in the 2007 Annual Report, except for the addition of the Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station, which is discussed in Note 4.

2 Underlying earnings after tax

Underlying earnings after tax is presented to allow readers to make a more accurate assessment and comparison of underlying earnings after removing one off items and the Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments.

	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Profit for the Period	117,428	122,893	239,627
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	(609)	(8,470)	(23,259)
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station	30,497		-
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights	(21,319)	-	
Adjustments before Income Tax	8,569	(8,470)	(23,259)
Income Tax Expense*	(9,863)	2,795	7,675
Change in Corporate Income Tax Rate		-	7,112
Adjustments after Income Tax	(1,294)	(5,675)	(8,472)
Underlying Earnings After Tax	116,134	117,218	231,155
Underlying Earnings Per Share (Cents)	20.14	20.33	40.09

^{*} Tax has been applied at 33 per cent for all adjustments except for Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermat Land and Rights, which is non-taxable,

Contact Energy Limited and Subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

3 Segment reporting

Contact's primary reporting format is business segments. All business segments are fully integrated within New Zealand. Contact comprises the following main business segments:

Retail

The Retail segment encompasses any activity that is associated with Contact's supply of energy to end user customers as well as related services.

Generation

The Generation segment encompasses any activity that is associated with Contact's generation of electricity or steam and Contact's sales to the wholesale electricity market.

The segment result includes items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Items not directly attributable to, or those that can not be allocated on a reasonable basis to, the Retail or Generation segments are included in the Other segment.

Wholesale electricity purchase costs for the Retail segment are based on spot prices prevailing in the New Zealand wholesale electricity market at the relevant time, and at the relevant grid exit purchase node. Similarly, the revenues received by the Generation segment are determined by the spot prices received at the relevant grid injection points.

The cost of gas purchases across the portfolio is allocated between the segments in proportion to consumption. Gas transmission and distribution charges are allocated to the segments within which they are incurred.

For the six months ended 31 December 2007

H Ha I	Retail	Generation	Other	Group Total
Unaudited	\$000	\$000	\$090	\$000
Segment Revenue	800,766	315,661	135	1,116,562
EBITDAF	157,644	124,148	135	281,927
Depreciation and Amortisation				
of Segment Assets	(11,206)	(62,962)	(124)	(74,292)
Segment Result	146,438	61,186	11	207,635
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associate				1,206
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments				609
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station				(30,497)
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal				
Land and Rights				21,319
Net Interest Expense				(35,469)
Income Tax Expense				(47,375)
Profit for the Perlod				117,428

For the six months ended 31 December 2006

Unaudited	Retail \$000	Generation \$000	Other \$000	Group Total \$000
Segment Revenue	680,209	314,875	47	995,131
EBITDAF	121,333	154,032	47	275,412
Depreciation and Amortisation of Segment Assets	(7,276)	(61,619)	(291)	(69,186)
Segment Result	114,057	92,413	(244)	206,226
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associate				851
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments				8,470
Net Interest Expense				(32,163)
Income Tax Expense		•	_	(60,491)
Profit for the Period			*	122,893

4 Retirement of New Plymouth power station

On 20 December 2007, Contact announced the retirement of its 31-year-old New Plymouth power station following discovery of asbestos at the station in September 2007.

The financial impact of the decision to close the plant permanently is recorded in the period ended 31 December 2007 as an expense of \$30.5 million. This expense principally represents an estimate of the cost to decommission the plant and redundancy costs. No impairment of the New Plymouth asset has been recorded on the basis that the recoverable amount of the asset, based on an assessed fair value less costs to sell, exceeds the carrying amount.

Given the decision to retire the plant was only made in the last month of the reporting period ended 31 December 2007, a detailed project plan and costing for decommissioning was not complete at that date. Accordingly, in calculating the provision for retirement of the power station, estimates have been made as to the expected expenditures to decommission the plant based on the status of contractor negotiations at the end of the reporting period. Refer Note 11.

As the project plan to close the station progresses, the actual costs to decommission may differ from this estimate.

Contact has entered into financial arrangements in the wholesale electricity market that are expected to provide a broadly equivalent degree of flexibility to that previously provided by the New Plymouth power station.

5 Sale of Mokai geothermal land and rights

In November 2007, Contact sold land and geothermal rights relating to the Mokai geothermal field, north of Taupo, to Mighty River Power and the Tuaropaki Trust. Contact received \$27.3 million as a result of selling the Mokai land and rights giving rise to a non-taxable gain of \$21.3 million.

6 Net interest expense

	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Interest Cost	(40,407)	(43,049)	(85,661)
Interest Income	4,170	10,886	23,004
Interest Capitalised	768		
Net Interest Expense	(35,469)	(32,163)	(62,657)

Contact commenced capitalising interest from 1 July 2007 principally in respect of expenditure categorised as Development Capital Work in Progress. Development Capital Work in Progress primarily represents expenditure incurred to date on Contact's renewable generation programme to develop wind and additional geothermal generation capacity.

Contact flielsh fullited and apparaties

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

7 Income tax expense

The Income Tax Expense for the six months ended 31 December 2007 reflects an effective income tax rate of 28.7 per cent (31 December 2006: 33.0 per cent; 30 June 2007 32.5 per cent).

The effective tax rate for Contact differs from the statutory rate of 33.0 per cent principally due to the non-taxable Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights realised in the period. In determining the effective tax rate, different income tax rates have been applied to different categories of income of the interim period. A tax rate of zero per cent has been applied to the non-taxable Gain on the Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights. A tax rate of 33.0 per cent has been applied to all other income of the interim period income.

The effective tax rate is expected to be approximately 33.0 per cent for the six months ending 30 June 2008 resulting in an expected effective tax rate for the full year ending 30 June 2008 of approximately 31.0 per cent.

8 Dividends paid

	Dividend Payment Date	Unaud 6 Months 31 Decemb	s Ended	Unaud 6 Months 31 Decemb	Ended	Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007	
		\$000	Cents Per Share	1000	Cents Per Share	\$000	Cents Per Share
2006 Year Final Dividend	21 September 2006			92,261	16.0	92,261	16.0
2007 Year Interim Dividend	23 March 2007					57,663	10.0
2007 Year Final Dividend	25 September 2007	98,028	17.0				
Supplementary Dividend		10,189		9,769		15,758	
Foreign Investor Tax Credit		(10,189)		(9,769)		(15,758)	
Total Dividends Paid		98,028		92,261		149,924	
Current period fully imputed shares, declared subsequent Refer to note 14.	•	63,430	11.0	57,663	10.0	98,028	17.0

9 Borrowings

Current Borrowings	Borrowing Currency Denomination	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Augsted 3.0 June 2007 COO2
Bank Overdraft	NZD	483	1,513	1,036
Commercial Paper	NZD	54,421	•	
Committed Credit Facilities	NZD	30,000	•	
Loan from Associate	AUD	2,579	3,741	1,495
Other Short Term Loans	NZD	856	1,114	•
Finance Lease Liabilities	NZD	672	191	489
Total Current Borrowings		89,011	6,559	3,020
Current Portion of Term Borrowings		\$000	\$000	\$000
Floating Rate Medium Term Note	AUD		134,335	131,895
Floating Rate Transferable Loan Certificate	USD	-	71,032	64,716
Total Current Portion of Term Borrowings			205,367	196,611
Non-current Borrowings		\$000	\$000	\$000
Fixed Rate Senior Notes	USD	552,798	575,254	512,966
Finance Lease Liabilities	NZD	720	348	717
Total Non-current Borrowings		553,518	575,602	513,683

New Zealand Dollar equivalent of borrowings

The New Zealand Dollar equivalent of borrowings after the effect of the foreign exchange hedging of the borrowings is presented in the table below. Foreign currency denominated term borrowings are hedged by Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps. Refer Note 10.

	Borrowing Currency Denomination	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 30 June 2007 \$000
Current Borrowings		89,011	6,559	3,020
Term Borrowings (Current and Non-current)				
Finance Lease Liabilities	•	720	348	717
Floating Rate Medium Term Note	AUD	-	158,730	158,730
Floating Rate Transferable Loan Certificate	usd	-	119,048	119,048
Fixed Rate Senior Notes	usp	747,527	747,527	747,527
		748,247	1,025,653	1,026,022
		837,258	1,032,212	1,029,042

Contact Energy Limited and Subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

9 Borrowings continued

Repayment of borrowings

In September 2007, Contact repaid \$277.8 million of term debt representing the AUD Floating Rate Medium Term Note (\$158.7 million) and the USD Floating Rate Transferable Loan Certificate (\$119.1 million).

Credit facilities

During the period, Contact secured additional committed credit facilities totalling \$210.0 million, increasing its total evergreen committed credit facilities to \$510.0 million. \$360.0 million of the facilities currently matures in May 2010, and \$150.0 million currently matures in December 2012.

These committed credit facilities also support a \$250.0 million Commercial Paper Programme.

Drawdowns under each of the facilities are summarised in the table above.

10 Financial instruments

Fair value of derivative financial instruments

The fair values of the significant types of derivative financial instruments outstanding, together with the designation of their hedging relationship, are summarised below:

	Hedge Accounting Designation	Group Unaudited 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 30 June 2007 \$000
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps	Fair Value Hedge	(194,637)	(244,632)	(315,572)
Interest Rate Derivatives	No Hedge	29,291	13,504	28,422
Forward Foreign Exchange Derivatives	Cash Flow Hedge	(699)	(2,929)	(4,505)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps - Margin	Cash Flow Hedge	(6,354)	(6,725)	(8,718)
Electricity Price Hedges	Cash Flow Hedge	15,470	33,829	16,590
Total Derivative Financial Instruments (Liabilities)/Assets		(156,929)	(206,953)	(283,783)
Current Assets		5,009	2,973	1,989
Non-current Assets		39,752	44.360	43,023
Current Liabilities		(717)	(75,591)	(85,809)
Non-current Liabilities		(200,973)	(178,695)	(242,986)
		(156,929)	(206,953)	(283,783)

The Changes in the Fair Value of Financial Instruments recognised in the Income Statement and Equity are summarised below:

Income Statement	Hedge Accounting Designation	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps	Fair Value Hedge	120,935	(88,744)	(159,684)
Borrowings	Fair Value Hedge	(120,999)	88,803	159,848
		(64)	59	164
Interest Rate Derivatives	No Hedge	470	8,684	23,210
Forward Foreign Exchange Derivatives	Cash Flow Hedge	-	138	205
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps – Margin	Cash Flow Hedge	155	185	358
Electricity Price Hedges	Cash Flow Hedge	48	(596)	(678)
Gain/(Loss) in fair value		609	8,470	23,259

10 Financial instruments continued

Cash Flow Hedge Reserve	Hedge Accounting Designation	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$000	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006 \$000	Group Aucited E2 Months Ended 30 June 2007 \$000
Interest Rate Derivatives	No Hedge	400	367	761
Forward Foreign Exchange Derivatives	Cash Flow Hedge	3,807	(6,076)	(7,680)
Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps - Margin	Cash Flow Hedge	2,209	(4,554)	(6,721)
Electricity Price Hedges	Cash Flow Hedge	(1,170)	38,852	21,694
Income Tax on Changes in Fair Value of Financial Instruments Taken to Equity		(1,731)	(9,434)	(2,424)
Gain/(Loss) in fair value		3,515	19,155	5,630

The \$0.6 million (31 December 2006: \$8.5 million; 30 June 2007: \$23.3 million) Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments recorded in the Income statement is principally due to interest rate derivatives, which have not been designated in a hedge relationship. The interest rate derivatives are revalued applying market interest rates. As a result, the change in fair value interest rate derivatives is a non-cash item that fluctuates over time in accordance with changes in market interest rates.

11 Provisions

Unaudited	Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station \$000	Decommissioning/ Restoration \$000	Other \$000	Group Total \$000
Balance at 1 July 2007		24,645	4,760	29,405
Provisions Made During the Period	27,458	•	1,833	29,291
Provisions Used During the Period	(1,416)	(39)	(12)	(1,467)
Provisions Reversed During the Period	-	(461)	(63)	(524)
Unwind of Discount Rate	-	1,367	-	1,367
Balance at 31 December 2007	26,042	25,512	6,518	58,072
Current	26,042	952	3,553	30,547
Non-current	-	24,560	2,965	27,525
	26,042	25,512	6,518	58,072

Refer to Note 4 for discussion on the provision for Retirement of New Plymouth power station.

The decommissioning and restoration provisions include estimates of future expenditures for the abandonment and restoration of areas from which natural resources are extracted and of environmental rehabilitation of commercial sites that require remediation of conditions resulting from present operations.

Other provisions cover a range of commercial matters, which are the subject of legal privilege and/or confidentiality arrangements.

Contact Energy Limited and Subsidiaries

Notes to the financial statements continued for the six months ended 31 December 2007

12 Commitments

	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2007	Group Unaudited 6 Months Ended 31 December 2006	Group Audited 12 Months Ended 30 June 2007
	\$000	\$000	\$000
Capital and Investment Commitments	154,057	150,736	152,436
Operating Lease Commitments	19,444	15,279	20,765
Other Operating Commitments	17,951	21,747	20,049

Other Operating Commitments comprise a portion of long-term maintenance agreements entered into for generation assets. The remainder of commitments under these agreements are included in Capital and Investment Commitments.

Gas commitments

Contact holds contracts with a variety of counterparties relating to the right to uplift and transport gas. The nature of these commitments was disclosed in Contact's Annual Report for the year ended 30 June 2007. The principal changes to these commitments as at 31 December 2007 was the extension of the termination date on one contract as disclosed below:

Swift Energy New Zealand Limited

Contact's contract with Swift Energy New Zealand Limited (Swift), under which Contact has agreed to purchase gas at a daily rate notified by Swift, was extended to 30 June 2008 from 30 September 2007.

13 Material related party transactions

Acquisition of Swift Energy oil and gas assets

In December 2007, Contact's ultimate parent company, Origin Energy Limited, entered into an agreement to purchase certain New Zealand oil and gas assets from Swift Energy New Zealand Limited for approximately \$115.0 million. Contact will contribute approximately \$54.0 million to the total purchase price for the right to own and develop the Ahuroa field as an underground gas storage facility and purchase the remaining gas and LPG reserves in the Ahuroa reservoir.

The transaction between Origin and Swift is not expected to be completed until the first quarter of 2008 and is conditional on the consent of the Overseas Investment Office and the Ministry of Economic Development. Contact's obligations are conditional on the completion of that transaction. Accordingly, the financial impact of the acquisition has not been recorded in these financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2007.

14 Subsequent events

Declaration of dividend

On 21 February 2008, the Directors declared an interim dividend in respect of the year ending 30 June 2008 of approximately \$63.4 million, representing 11.0 cents per share, payable on 26 March 2008. Refer Note 8. The dividend will carry full imputation credits for resident shareholders. Non-resident shareholders will receive a supplementary dividend of 1.9 cents per share, which equates to the non-resident withholding tax payable.



Auditors' review report

To the shareholders of Contact Energy Limited

We have completed a review of the financial statements in accordance with the Review Engagement Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of New Zealand. The financial statements provide information about the past financial performance of Contact Energy Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group") and its financial position as at 31 December 2007.

Directors' responsibilities

The Directors of Contact Energy Limited are responsible for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2007 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the six month period ended on that date.

Reviewers' responsibilities

It is our responsibility to express an independent opinion on the interim financial statements presented by the Directors and report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

A review is limited primarily to enquiries of company personnel and analytical review procedures applied to the financial data and thus provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Review opinion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial statements do not give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2007, the results of its operations and cash flows for the six month period ended on that date.

Our review was completed on 21 February 2008 and our opinion is expressed as at that date.

Wellington

Interim Financial Results for the six months ended 31 December 2007

22 February 2008



Disclaimer

items. Such forward-looking statements are based upon current expectations and involve risks This presentation may contain projections or forward-looking statements regarding a variety of and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those stated in any forward-looking statement based on a number of important factors and risks.

looking statements are reasonable, any of the assumptions could prove inaccurate or incorrect and, therefore, there can be no assurance that the results contemplated in the forward-looking Although management may indicate and believe that the assumptions underlying the forwardstatements will be realised.

Furthermore, while all reasonable care has been taken in compiling this presentation, Contact accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions.



Overview for the 6 months ended 31 Dec 2007

Pleasing financial performance in challenging conditions:

- EBITDAF: \$281.9m (2% higher than the prior corresponding period)
- underlying earnings: \$116.1m (1% lower than the prior period)

Significant progress on strategic initiatives – underpinning long-term growth:

- New Zealand Energy Strategy and climate change policy have placed renewable generation at
- Contact has progressed a unique set of options which will be leveraged in this environment
- Stage 1: 225 MW Te Mihi project call in process commenced in December 2007 Geothermal: 500 MW of new geothermal generation in various stages of development.
- Stage 2: 245 MW Tauhara project first 20 MW starting construction late 2008
- Wind: 550 MW located on the Waikato coastline
- Phased development starting 2011
- Gas-fired peaking plant: 2 x 100 MW units to be constructed adjacent to Contact's CCGT at Stratford, Taranaki. In operation by Winter 2010
- Baseload CCGT: Existing consented sites for up to 800 MW which can be developed if renewables cannot be delivered in time
- assets. Gas storage will address the loss of thermal flexibility and maximise the value from Development of gas storage through the Contact/Origin acquisition of Swift Energy's NZ increasing volatility in the electricity market
- Storage facility expected to be in operation yin 2010



Financial Results

Key financial information	6 Months Ended	6 Months Ended	Variance	nce
\$Millions .	31 Dec 2007	31 Dec 2006	⇔	%
Operating Revenue	1,116.5	1.366	121.4	12%
Operating Expenses	(834.6)	(719.7)	(114.9)	16%
EBITDAF	281.9	275.4	6.5	2%
Depreciation and Amortisation	(74.3)	(69.2)	(5.1)	%2
Equity Accounted Earnings of Associates	1.2	0.8	0.4	%09
Change in Fair Value of Financial Instruments	9:0	8.5	(7.9)	(%86)
Retirement of New Plymouth	(30.5)	ı	(30.5)	n/a
Gain on Sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights	21.3	•	21.3	n/a
Earnings Before Net Interest Expense and Income Tax (EBIT)	200.3	215.5	(15.2)	(4%)
Net Interest Expense	(35.4)	(32.1)	(3.3)	10%
Income Tax Expense	(47.4)	(60.5)	13.1	(21%)
Profit for the Period	117.4	122.9	(5.5)	(4.4%)
Underlying Earnings after tax for the Period	116.1	117.2	(1.1)	(1%)
Underlying Earnings Per Share (cents)	20.14	20.33	(0.2)	(1%)
Shareholders' Equity	2,927.7	2,602.0	325.7	12.5%
Effective tax rate	28.7%	33.0%		

Key drivers of results

- EBITDAF: \$281.9m (2% higher than for the same period last year)
- Underlying earnings: \$116.1m (1% lower than for the same period last year)
- Key drivers:
- Operating revenue (net of electricity purchases) increased by \$129.0m (17%)
- \$71.5m due to the addition of Rockgas
- \$43.2m increase in electricity revenue, driven by a 12% increase in retail electricity revenue and an increase in generation volume of 277GWh (5%)
- Operating expenses (excluding electricity purchases) increased by \$122.5m (25%)
- \$65.0m due to the addition of Rockgas
- \$44.7m due to increased gas costs (including transmission)
- Depreciation increased by \$5.1m (7%) increase in due to the inclusion of Rockgas, the depreciation associated with geothermal capital expenditure, and the effects of the
- Net interest expense increased by \$3.3m (10%) in due to an 11% increase in average net
- A lower effective tax rate of 28.7% as a result of the non-taxable gain on sale of Mokai assets



Reconciliation of Reported Profit to Underlying Earnings

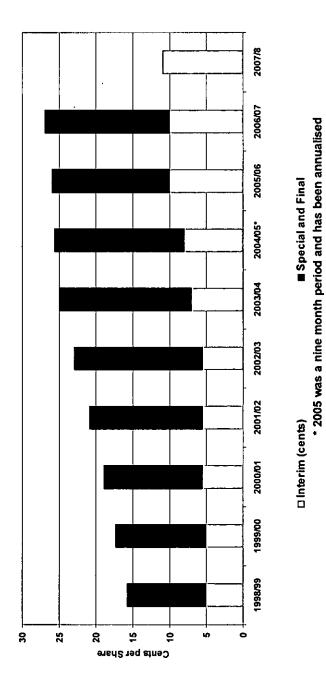
- Reported profit includes two significant one off items:
- the costs associated with the retirement of New Plymouth power station
- the gain on the sale of the Mokai geothermal land and rights
- The New Plymouth pre tax retirement cost of \$30.5m is provision for future costs (staff termination, asbestos removal, other site related costs). Approximately \$1.5m of these costs had been incurred as at 31 December 2007

	6 Months Ended 31 December 2007 \$Millions
Reported profit	117.4
Change in FV of Financial Instruments (after tax)	(0.4)
Retirement of New Plymouth Power Station (after tax)	20.4
Gain on sale of Mokai Geothermal Land and Rights (after tax)	(21.3)
Underlying Earnings After Tax	116.1



Dividends

Dividends

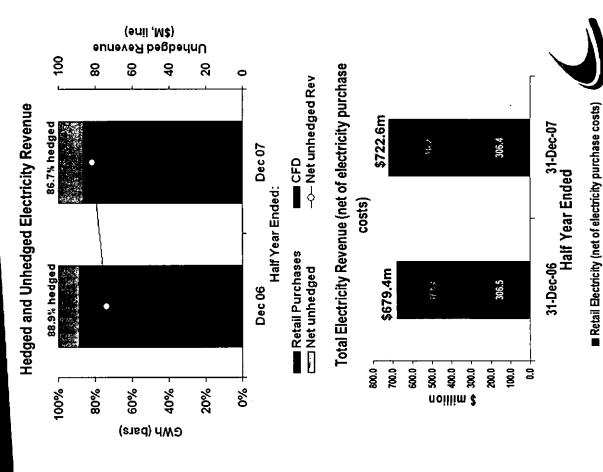


- The Board has resolved to increase the interim dividend for the 2008 financial year by 10 % to 11 cents per share, fully imputed
- The increase reflects the continued confidence the Board has in the company's performance, its outlook and progress on strategic initiatives



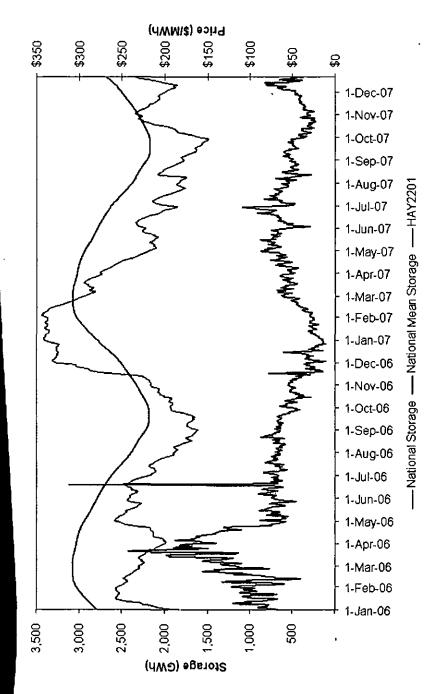
Electricity Revenue

- Total electricity revenue (net of electricity purchases) increased by \$43.2m (or 6.3%)
- Wholesale revenue was flat at \$306.4m
- Generation volumes increased by 5%
- Wholesale prices decreased by 6%
- Retail revenue (net of electricity purchase costs) increased by 12%
- Retail sales volumes increased by 3%
- Retail sales prices increased by 3%
- Electricity customer numbers as at 31
 December 2007 were 514,000 compared with 511,000 as at 31 December 2006



■ Wholesale Electricity Revenue

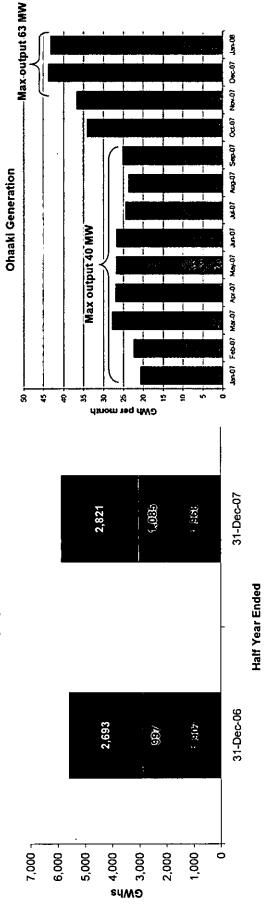
Wholesale Electricity Prices



- resulting in a 6% reduction in wholesale prices compared with the six month period ended 31 · The early part of the period was characterised by high inflows and relatively low prices December 2006
- Towards the end of the six month period conditions were drier and average prices increased accordingly

Generation volumes



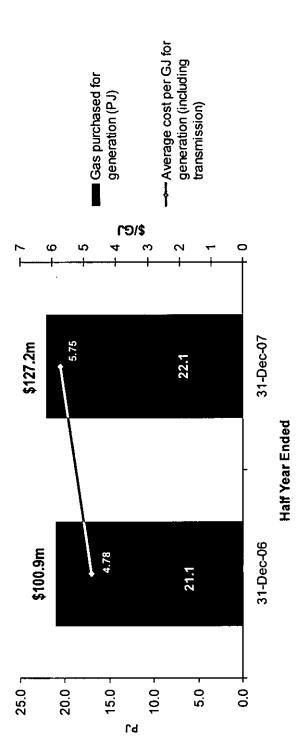


- Contact hydro generation (GWh)
- Contact geothermal generation (GWh)
- Contact thermal generation (GWh)
- Total generation volumes increased by 5% in the six month period ended 31 December
- Geothermal volume increased by 9%, as the benefits of the drilling programme begin to be realised at Ohaaki in particular, and Contact makes use of the additional steam production permitted under the Wairakei resource consents renewed in May 2007
- Thermal and hydro volumes increased 5% and 3% respectively



Gas use in generation

Volume and average cost of gas for generation

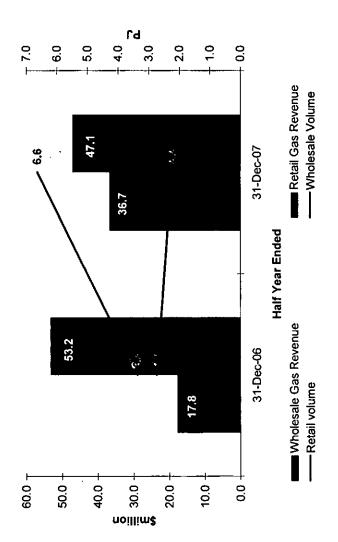


 Contact's average gas cost for generation (including transmission) increased by 20% compared with the corresponding period last year



Wholesale and Retail gas

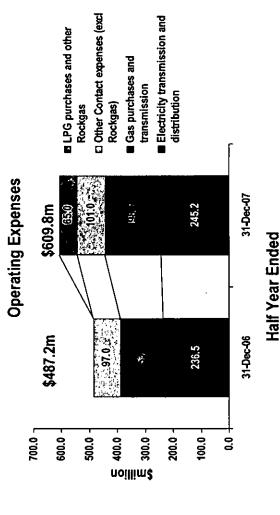




- · Wholesale gas revenue was 106% higher than in the six months to 31 December 2006 due to:
- additional short term sales in the period; and
- the commencement in October 2007 of a three year contract with a large wholesale customer
- Retail gas revenue was 12% lower than in the six months to 31 December 2006; however the average sales price increased by 8%
- The average gas transmission costs for retail also increased in the period by 10%



Operating Expenses (excluding retail electricity purchases

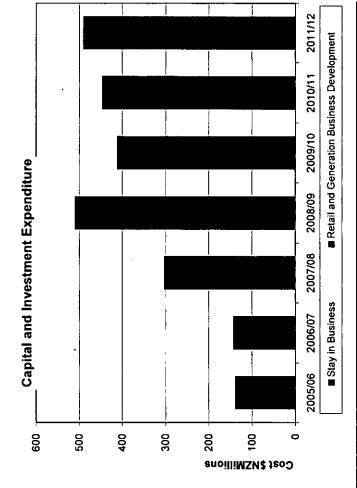


- Total operating expenses increased by \$122.5m (25%)
- Of this increase, \$65m (53%) is due to the addition of Rockgas
- ended 31 December 2006, due to a 14% increase in volume and 20% increase in gas Gas purchases and transmission at \$198.5m (29%) higher than for the six months purchase costs
- Other operating expenses (excluding Rockgas) are \$4m (4%) higher due mainly to increases in labour costs



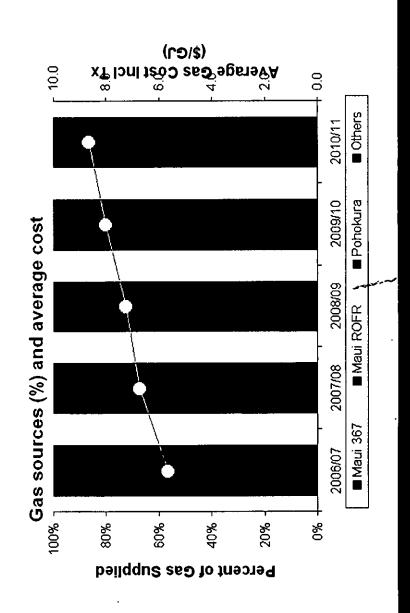
Capital and investment expenditure, depreciation and interest expense

- Contact incurred \$92.2m in capital expenditure during the six months ended 31 December 2007, an increase of \$29.6m (47%) over the prior period. Growth capex increased by \$27.5m to \$59.4m with most of this spent in generation (predominantly geothermal drilling and development) and a small amount in Rockgas (approx. \$6m)
- It is currently expected that total capital and investment expenditure for the 2008 financial year will be approximately \$300m (including Contact's contribution to the acquisition of Swift NZ)
- As a result of a change in the expected timing of some of the capital expenditure in 2007/8 and changes in the expected depreciation resulting from the revaluation process, it is now expected that the full year depreciation will be 7% higher than last year's outturn rather than 12% which was indicated at 2006/7 final result
- Net interest expense for the period was 10% or \$3.3m above the amount incurred in the six months to 31 December 2006, primarily due to an increase in average net debt of about 11%



Gas outlook

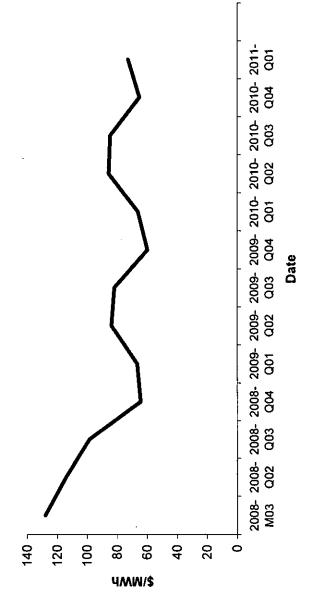
- Short term sales in this period have assisted with management of residual take or pay obligations in this financial year
- Average gas costs will continue to rise in the second half of the financial year
- · The recent acquisition of the rights to develop storage will assist in the management of the transition to increasingly inflexible gas



Short-term outlook

- weather, transmission and generation capacity constraints) which have driven up prices for The next few months of EnergyHedge reflect current electricity market conditions (dry, hot Q1 and Q2 of 2008
- With market conditions currently favouring the company's geographic and fuel diversity, Contact is on track to deliver a full year EBITDAF approximately 4% higher than FY2007

Energy Hedge Closing Price - 21 February 2008 (\$/MWh)





---Closing Price (\$/MWh)

Update on key developments

contact

Energy policy developments

- During the half year, legislation was introduced to give effect to the Government's climate change and energy policies
- There are two major planks of Government policy:
- NZ Energy Strategy 90% renewable energy by 2025
- Economy-wide Emissions Trading Scheme that sets a market price for carbon
- The Government is proposing a 10-year moratorium on new base load thermal stations to facilitate achieving 90% renewable target
- Emissions Trading Scheme is in line with Contact's advocacy:
- 1 January 2010 start for stationary energy
- Sets market price with international linkage
- No grandfathering for existing thermals
- The policy environment provides an opportunity to leverage renewable options combined with flexible thermal projects
- To realise the policy goals, wholesale prices are expected to rise to the long run marginal cost of wind (\$85- \$100/MWh) continuing the upward pressure on retail prices



Contact has a diversified development portfolio

- Contact has a range of renewable options, diversified both by fuel type and geography
- comparatively low-cost baseload geothermal
- major wind site in preferred North Island location
- Contact also has options for gas-fired peaking plant to support intermittent renewable generation (both our own and other market participants)
- Contact has consented sites for base load thermal and these remain on hold should the country require them at some point in the future
- Acquisition of gas storage capability supports the anticipated increased price volatility by allowing more flexible dispatch of CCGT's in addition to supply for peaking plant
- should domestic sources fail to be identified for development towards the end of the next The development of fuel importation option provides an ultimate backstop for gas supply



Progress on geothermal development

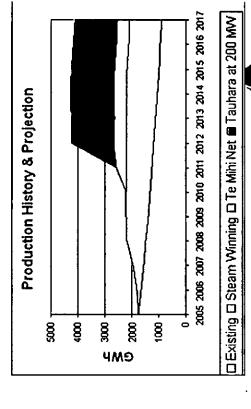
Te Mihi

- Construction contract negotiations are currently underway
- Resource consent application filed in mid 2007 and "call in" activated by government which replaces local process with a single step board of enquiry process

Tauhara

- Current focus is on drilling appraisal wells and preparation for resource consent application
- Progress is being made on securing necessary additional land rights
- Resource consent to be lodged in 2008
- Plan is to commence generation in mid 2012 (subject to consents and transmission upgrades)
- Contact is proceeding with the first phase of the Tauhara field with the development of a binary plant using an existing consent which enables Contact to generate 20 MW from the Tauhara area





Progress on Contact's wind and hydro options

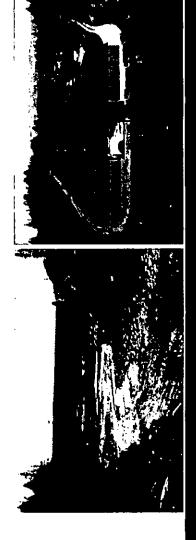
Wind

- 550 MW Hauauru ma raki wind (north-west wind) project in Waikato was announced in October last year:
- consents expected to be lodged in calendar 2008
- construction will be phased between 2011 and 2014
- · Further wind options being developed



Hydro

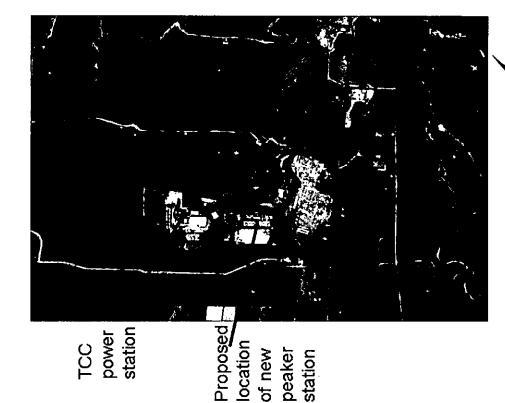
- · Contact is developing an 16.4 MW (net), hydro facility at the existing Hawea control gates which utilises consented Hawea River flows
- consents were secured during the period
- envisaging commissioning to be 2011





Stratford Peaker

- The New Zealand electricity system will increasingly need flexible plant to support renewables
- Contact announced plans for the construction of peaking capacity (up to 300 MW) at the time it announced its Waikato Wind project
- Work is proceeding on the key contracts with a view to procuring the first stage of the peaking plant (two 100MW units). This would result in the first 200MW being commissioned before winter 2010
- The peaking capacity is expected to be a permitted exception to the Government's proposed thermal moratorium. A key criteria for exemption under the proposed Bill is that thermal plant is "non baseload". Contact is confident that peaking capacity will meet this test
- The acquisition of storage will enhance the value of the peaking plant investment as it enables Contact to access gas at relatively short notice



Development of gas storage

- · On 20 December 2007 Contact and Origin announced that they had combined to acquire the New Zealand assets of Swift Energy
- Contact will contribute approximately NZ\$54m to the purchase price which will give Contact rights to develop gas storage (part of the consideration relates to the acquisition of existing gas and LPG in the Ahuroa gas field)
- The parties are currently working towards completion of the acquisition from Swift in the first quarter of 2008
- Following completion Contact will proceed to develop the gas storage including:
- Securing necessary approvals (RMA, Ministry of Economic Development etc)
- Planning the design of the facilities and tendering for pipelines, compressors etc
- Putting in place the arrangements with Origin for the ongoing operations once storage is
- The storage facility is expected to be operational in 2010



Conclusion

- Contact has made significant progress in the execution of its strategy during the first six months of the 2008 financial year
- Several key objectives have been met which position Contact very well for the medium term
- The call in of the Te Mihi project provides confidence that Contact will be able to execute its excellent geothermal options in a timely manner
- The work on the appraisal of Tauhara has confirmed the quality of the resource and the company is well advanced in preparing resource consents
- are suitable. Recent policy announcements increase confidence that energy prices will trend Contact has secured several good wind options, which can be executed if market conditions toward a wind-based LRMC
- The opportunity to develop gas storage will address a key business issue through providing a means of managing inflexible fuel while also enhancing the value of Contact's gas peaking plant investment



contact

5



ASX Release

25 February 2008

Origin warns shareholders of unsolicited share offer

Origin has become aware that an unsolicited offer is being made to Origin shareholders to purchase their shares for a price which is substantially below the current market price.

Origin does not endorse any unsolicited offers and advises its shareholders to carefully check any offers they may receive.

Shareholders are advised to contact their broker or financial advisor for advice if they are uncertain as to what to do. Shareholders can contact the Australian Securities Exchange's Customer Service Centre on 131 279 for information on how to contact a broker.

For further information contact:

Bill Hundy Company Secretary Ph: 02 8345 5467

For Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations

Ph: 02 8345 5558 Mobile: 0417 864 255



Subject	APPENDIX 3B NOTICE		
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	9
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	21 February 2008
То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279

Please find attached an Appendix 3B regarding the exercise of options under the Origin Energy Senior Executive Option Plan.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au

Rule 2.7, 3.10.3, 3.10.4, 3.10.5

Appendix 3B

New issue announcement, application for quotation of additional securities and agreement

Information or documents not available now must be given to ASX as soon as available. Information and documents given to ASX become ASX's property and may be made public.

Introduced 1/7/96. Origin: Appendix 5. Amended 1/7/98, 1/9/99, 1/7/2000, 30/9/2001, 11/3/2002, 1/1/2003.

Name of entity

ORIGIN ENERGY LIMITED

30	000 051 696		
We (the entity) give ASX the following i	information.	
	t 1 - All issues sust complete the relevant sections (attach si	heets if there is not enough space).	
1	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities issued or to be issued	Ordinary Fully Paid Shares	
2	Number of +securities issued or to be issued (if known) or maximum number which may be issued	32,000	
3	Principal terms of the *securities (eg, if options, exercise price and expiry date; if partly paid *securities, the amount outstanding and due dates for payment; if *convertible securities, the conversion price and dates for conversion)	Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 1

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

4	Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing *class of quoted *securities? If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: • the date from which they do • the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment • the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment	Yes	
5	Issue price or consideration	\$5.718196	
		-	
6	Purpose of the issue (If issued as consideration for the acquisition of assets, clearly identify those assets)	Issued as a result of options issued pursulthe Origin Energy Sei Option Plan.	ant to the rules of
7	Dates of entering *securities into uncertificated holdings or despatch of certificates	20 February 2008	
		Number	+Class
8	Number and *class of all *securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 2 if applicable)	875,610,758	Ordinary
		L	

Appendix 3B Page 2 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

		Number	+Class
9	Number and ⁺ class of all ⁺ securities not quoted on ASX (<i>including</i> the securities in clause	14,444,760	Options
	2 if applicable)	747,000	Performance Share Rights
10	Dividend policy (in the case of a trust, distribution policy) on the increased capital (interests)	All Shares Participate	e Equally
Part	2 - Bonus issue or pro	o rata issue	
11	Is security holder approval required?	N/A	
12	Is the issue renounceable or non-renounceable?	N/A	
13	Ratio in which the *securities will be offered	N/A	
14	⁺ Class of ⁺ securities to which the offer relates	N/A	
15	⁺ Record date to determine entitlements	N/A	
16	Will holdings on different registers (or subregisters) be aggregated for calculating entitlements?		
17	Policy for deciding entitlements in relation to fractions	N/A	
18	Names of countries in which the entity has *security holders who will not be sent new issue documents	N/A	
	Note: Security holders must be told how their entitlements are to be dealt with.		
	Cross reference: rule 7.7.		

Closing date for receipt of N/A acceptances or renunciations

19

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

20	Name of any and described	TM/A
20	Names of any underwriters	N/A
21	Amount of any underwriting fee or	N/A
	commission	
22	Names of any brokers to the issue	N/A
4-44	rvanies of any brokers to the issue	
23	Fee or commission payable to the broker to the issue	N/A
	broker to the issue	
24	Amount of any handling fee	N/A
	payable to brokers who lodge	
	acceptances or renunciations on	
	behalf of *security holders	
25	If the issue is contingent on	N/A
	*security holders' approval, the	
	date of the meeting	
26	Data antidoment and accordance	
20	Date entitlement and acceptance form and prospectus or Product	N/A
	Disclosure Statement will be sent to	
	persons entitled	
27	If the autitudes insured autiture and	
27	If the entity has issued options, and the terms entitle option holders to	N/A
	participate on exercise, the date on	
	which notices will be sent to option	
	holders	
28	Date rights trading will begin (if	N/A
20	applicable)	17/4
29	Date rights trading will end (if	N/A
	applicable)	
30	How do *security holders sell their	N/A
	entitlements in full through a broker?	
	orani.	·
31	How do *security holders sell part	N/A
	of their entitlements through a	
	broker and accept for the balance?	L

Appendix 3B Page 4

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

32	of the	do *security holders dispose ir entitlements (except by sale the a broker)?	N/A
33	+Desp	atch date	N/A
		Quotation of secur	
34	Type (of securities one)	
(a)	\boxtimes	Securities described in Part 1	
(b)			of the escrowed period, partly paid securities that become fully paid, employee ends, securities issued on expiry or conversion of convertible securities
Entiti	ies th	at have ticked box 34(a	ı)
Additi	onal s	ecurities forming a new cla	ss of securities
Tick to documer		you are providing the informat	tion or
35			securities, the names of the 20 largest holders of the number and percentage of additional *securities held by
36			y securities, a distribution schedule of the additional ber of holders in the categories
37		A copy of any trust deed for the	ne additional ⁺ securities

1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Entities that have ticked box 34(b)

38 Number of securities for which ⁺quotation is sought Class of *securities for which 39 quotation is sought 40 Do the *securities rank equally in all respects from the date of allotment with an existing +class of quoted *securities? If the additional securities do not rank equally, please state: • the date from which they do • the extent to which they participate for the next dividend, (in the case of a trust, distribution) or interest payment • the extent to which they do not rank equally, other than in relation to the next dividend, distribution or interest payment 41 Reason for request for quotation

Example: In the case of restricted securities, end of restriction period

(if issued upon conversion of another security, clearly identify that other security)

42 Number and +class of all +securities quoted on ASX (including the securities in clause 38)

Number ·	+Class	·

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

Quotation agreement

- [†]Quotation of our additional *securities is in ASX's absolute discretion. ASX may quote the *securities on any conditions it decides.
- We warrant the following to ASX.
 - The issue of the *securities to be quoted complies with the law and is not for an illegal purpose.
 - There is no reason why those *securities should not be granted *quotation.
 - An offer of the *securities for sale within 12 months after their issue will
 not require disclosure under section 707(3) or section 1012C(6) of the
 Corporations Act.

Note: An entity may need to obtain appropriate warranties from subscribers for the securities in order to be able to give this warranty

- Section 724 or section 1016E of the Corporations Act does not apply to any applications received by us in relation to any *securities to be quoted and that no-one has any right to return any *securities to be quoted under sections 737, 738 or 1016F of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- We warrant that if confirmation is required under section 1017F of the Corporations Act in relation to the *securities to be quoted, it has been provided at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.
- If we are a trust, we warrant that no person has the right to return the *securities to be quoted under section 1019B of the Corporations Act at the time that we request that the *securities be quoted.

1/1/2003 Appendix 3B Page 7

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.

- We will indemnify ASX to the fullest extent permitted by law in respect of any claim, action or expense arising from or connected with any breach of the warranties in this agreement.
- We give ASX the information and documents required by this form. If any information or document not available now, will give it to ASX before *quotation of the *securities begins. We acknowledge that ASX is relying on the information and documents. We warrant that they are (will be) true and complete.

Sign here:

Date: 21 February 2008

Company Secretary

Print name: William M Hundy

Appendix 3B Page 8 1/1/2003

⁺ See chapter 19 for defined terms.



ASX Release

21 February 2008

Kupe Development wells - Kupe South 6, 7 & 8, offshore Taranaki Basin, New Zealand

Origin Energy Limited advises that at 12pm EST on 20 February, the 12-1/4 inch section of the Kupe South 6 (KS-6) well had reached a depth of 2,862m MDRT (measured depth from rotary table). The planned total depth for the section is 2,935m MDRT. Upon completion, the 9-5/8 inch casing will be run and cemented.

Drilling.began at 22:40 hrs on 19 December 2007. Progress of all three development wells in permit PML 38146 is summarised as follows:

	22 inch	17 inch	12-1/4 inch	8-1/2 inch
KS-6	560m	2,000m	2,862m	
KS-7	566m	2,000m	3,116m	
KS-8	568m	2,184m	3,429m	

Each of the three production wells will be drilled by the ENSCO 107 jack-up drilling rig to a vertical depth of approximately 3,400 metres.

The Kupe Project drilling campaign is being undertaken on a "batch-drilling" basis. This process involves completing the same section of each of the three wells before proceeding to the subsequent section and is a more efficient approach than drilling the wells separately.

Participants in the Kupe Gas Project are:

Origin Energy Resources (Kupe) Limited* (Operator)	50%
Wholly owned subsidiaries of Genesis Energy	31%
New Zealand Oil & Gas Limited (through its subsidiaries:	
National Petroleum Ltd. 12.75%, Petroleum Equities Ltd. 1.25%	
and Nephrite Enterprises Ltd. 1.00%)	15%
Mitsui E&P Australia Pty Ltd	4%

^{*}a wholly owned subsidiary of Origin Energy Limited

For further information please contact:

Media - New Zealand:

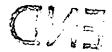
Greta Shirley +64 21 455 922

Investors:

Angus Guthrie Manager Investor Relations Origin Energy

Tel: +61 2 8345 5558 Mobile: +61 417 864 255

Email: angus.guthrie@originenergy.com.au





То	Company Announcements Office	Facsimile	1900 999 279
Company	Australian Stock Exchange Limited	Date	21 February 2008
From	Bill Hundy	Pages	2
Subject	KUPE DEVELOPMENT WELLS - KUPE SOUTH 6, 7 & 8.		

For your information please find attached, a release regarding Kupe South 6, 7 & 8.

Regards

Bill Hundy

Company Secretary

02 8345 5467 - bill.hundy@originenergy.com.au