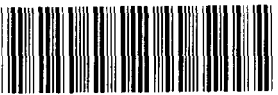
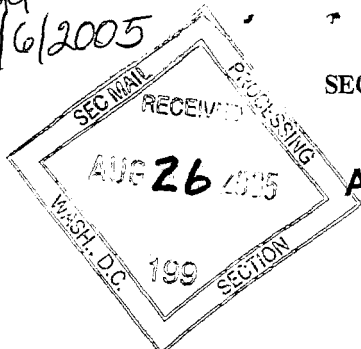


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OMB APPROVAL  
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8-50094

# ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING July 1, 2004 AND ENDING June 30, 2005  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

## A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Financial Security Management, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY  
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

575 Lynnhaven Parkway Suite 310

(No. and Street)

Virginia Beach, VA

23452

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Fern E. Vazquez

757 431-1414

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

## B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

Witt Mares, PLC

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

701 Town Center Drive Suite 900 Newport News VA 23606

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED  
SEP 09 2005  
THOMSON FINANCIAL

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Reginald C. Corinaldi, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Financial Security Management, Inc., as of June 30, 2005, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

  
Signature

President

Title

  
Notary Public

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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*Financial Security Management, Inc.*

FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2005



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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors  
Financial Security Management, Inc. .  
Virginia Beach, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Financial Security Management, Inc. , as of June 30, 2005, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Financial Security Management, Inc., at June 30, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

*Witt Mares, P L C*

Norfolk, Virginia  
August 11, 2005

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**



# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Statement of Financial Condition

June 30, 2005

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### ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 212,906
Investments	19,574
Commissions receivable	34,064
Accounts receivable - related party	25,000
Prepaid expenses	22,008
Property and equipment, net	15,272
Intangibles, net	1,195
Licensing costs, net	<u>3,037</u>
 Total assets	 <u>\$ 333,056</u>

### LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### LIABILITIES

Commissions payable	22,521
Income taxes payable	10,085
Deferred income taxes	<u>10,857</u>
Total liabilities	<u>43,463</u>

#### STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common stock - No par value, 5,000 shares authorized, 1,500 shares issued and outstanding	15,000
Additional paid-in capital	91,667
Retained earnings	<u>182,926</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>289,593</u>

Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 333,056</u>
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See accompanying notes.



# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Statement of Income Year Ended June 30, 2005

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<b>COMMISSION INCOME</b>	<u>\$ 2,283,767</u>
<b>EXPENSES</b>	
Commissions	1,697,518
Management fees	431,590
Professional fees	41,397
Taxes and licenses	30,330
Office expense	16,107
Depreciation	2,332
Amortization	446
Education	<u>3,690</u>
	<u>2,223,410</u>
Gross profit	60,357
<b>INTEREST INCOME</b>	2,599
<b>OTHER INCOME</b>	
Realized gain on investments	412
Unrealized gain on investments	<u>374</u>
	<u>786</u>
Net income before income taxes	63,742
<b>PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES</b>	<u>16,682</u>
<b>NET INCOME</b>	<u>\$ 47,060</u>

See accompanying notes.





# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

Year Ended June 30, 2005

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	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-In Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>
Retained earnings, beginning of year	1,500	\$ 15,000	\$ 91,667	\$ 135,866
Net income	-	-	-	47,060
Retained earnings, end of year	<u>1,500</u>	<u>\$ 15,000</u>	<u>\$ 91,667</u>	<u>\$ 182,926</u>

See accompanying notes.



# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2005

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### CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income	\$ 47,060
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	2,332
Amortization	446
Deferred income taxes	(1,201)
Net decrease in trading investments	76,249
Decrease in commissions receivable	42,875
Decrease in accounts receivable - related party	4,665
Decrease in prepaid expense	10,938
Decrease in prepaid income taxes	11,846
Decrease in commissions payable	<u>(25,686)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>169,524</u>

### CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Purchase of property and equipment	<u>(17,604)</u>
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>(17,604)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	151,920

### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Beginning	<u>60,986</u>
Ending	<u>\$ 212,906</u>

See accompanying notes.



# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2005

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### NOTE 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### *Nature of Business*

Financial Security Management, Inc. (the "Company") is a limited broker/dealer dealing solely in mutual funds and variable annuities, and is located in the Commonwealth of Virginia. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Financial Security Companies, LLC. (FSC)

#### *Use of Estimates*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### *Property and Equipment*

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method for financial reporting purposes.

#### *Affiliates and Ownership*

On August 18, 2003, the Company's stockholders formed Financial Security Companies, LLC, a Virginia limited liability company. FSC wholly owns Financial Security Management, and also wholly owns Financial Security Group, Inc. (FSG) and Financial Security Advisory, Inc. (FSA). The Company's former stockholders are now stockholders in FSC. These financial statements do not include accounts and transactions of these affiliates.

#### *Recognition of Revenue and Expenses*

The Company reports its commission income and expense on a settlement date basis.

#### *Cash Flows*

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments purchased with maturities of three months or less are considered to be cash equivalents.

#### *Licensing Costs*

Licensing costs are amortized over fifteen years using the straight-line method.

(Continued)



# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2005

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**NOTE 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**  
(Concluded)

*Investments*

The Company's investments consist of trading securities that are primarily money market mutual funds. Securities that are held for short-term resale are classified as trading account securities and recorded at their fair market values based on stock market quotes. Realized and unrealized gains and losses on trading account securities are included in other income. There were no trades during the year.

*Intangibles*

Intangibles are amortized over three years using the straight-line method.

*Income Taxes*

The Company uses the liability method of accounting for income taxes. Accordingly, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement and income tax purposes, using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Differences relate to the use of accrual basis accounting for financial statement purposes and cash basis accounting for income tax purposes. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax consequences of those differences which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

**NOTE 2. INCOME TAXES**

Income taxes are reconciled to the Company's actual income tax expense as follows:

Current:		
Federal	\$	13,307
State		4,576
Deferred:		
Federal		(1,990)
State		<u>791</u>
Provision for income taxes	\$	<u>16,682</u>

# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2005

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### NOTE 3. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment as of June 30, 2005 consists of the following:

Computer equipment	\$	17,604
Less: accumulated depreciation		<u>2,332</u>
Net property	\$	<u>15,272</u>

### NOTE 4. LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

The Company has no subordination agreements.

### NOTE 5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

FSG provides office space, supplies and administrative support to the Company. The Company paid total fees of \$431,590 to FSG for the year ended June 30, 2005. No outstanding balances were due at year-end.

As of June 30, 2005, FSG owed the Company \$25,000, which constituted an intercompany loan.

### NOTE 6. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At June 30, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$247,552, which was \$242,552 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The company's net capital ratio was .09 to 1 at June 30, 2005.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**



# FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.

## Schedule I

### Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

June 30, 2005

#### NET CAPITAL

Stockholders' equity	\$ 289,593
Deferred income taxes	<u>10,857</u>
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	<u>300,450</u>

#### Deduct non-allowable assets:

Accounts receivable - related party	25,000
Prepaid expenses and other assets	23,203
Licensing costs, net	3,037
Haircuts on security positions	<u>1,658</u>
	<u>52,898</u>

Net capital \$ 247,552

#### AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

##### Items included in statement of financial condition:

Commissions payable	\$ <u>22,521</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u><u>\$ 22,521</u></u>

#### COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required	\$ <u>5,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u><u>\$ 242,552</u></u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u><u>.09 to 1</u></u>

#### RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS report as of June 30, 2004	\$ 258,964
Allowable credits - deferred income taxes	10,857
Audit adjustments to the following accounts: Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, expenses and other	<u>(22,269)</u>
Net capital per above	<u><u>\$ 247,552</u></u>

See Accountant's Report



**FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.**  
Schedule II  
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements  
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission  
June 30, 2005

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The Company was in compliance with the conditions of exemptions found in SEC rule 15c3-3.





**FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.**  
Schedule III  
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements  
Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission  
June 30, 2005

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The Company was in compliance with the conditions of exemptions found in SEC rule 15c3-3.



**FINANCIAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT, INC.**

Schedule IV

Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds  
in Segregation for Customers' Regulated  
Commodity Futures and Options Accounts

June 30, 2005

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The Company was in compliance with the conditions of exemptions found in SEC rule 15c3-3.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL  
CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5**

To the Board of Directors  
Financial Security Management, Inc.  
Virginia Beach, Virginia

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Financial Security Management, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Witt Mars, PLC

Norfolk, Virginia  
August 11, 2005

