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UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 28, 2002

ΛR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to ____.

Commission file number 001-16797

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

5673 Airport Road Roanoke, Virginia

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

54-2049910

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

24012

(Zip Code)

(540) 362-4911

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class

ch class Name of each exchange on which registered New York

Common Stock (\$0.0001 par value)

New York Stock Exchange

Securities Registered Pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (§229.405 of this chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes \boxtimes No \square

As of March 19, 2003, the registrant had outstanding 35,765,812 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.0001 per share (the only class of common equity of the registrant outstanding).

As of July 12, 2002, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter, the aggregate market value of the 15,661,972 shares of Common Stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant (excluding, for this purpose, shares held by executive officers, directors or 10% stockholders) was \$759,762,262, based on the last sales price of the Common Stock on July 12, 2002, as reported by the New York Stock Exchange.

Documents Incorporated by Reference:

Portions of the definitive proxy statement of the registrant to be filed within 120 days of December 28, 2002, pursuant to Regulation 14 A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, for the 2003 Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on May 20, 2003, are incorporated by reference into Part III.

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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this report are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which are usually identified by the use of words such as "will," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "projects," "forecasts," "plans," "intends," "should" or similar expressions. We intend those forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for forward-looking statements contained in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and are included in this statement for purposes of complying with these safe harbor provisions.

These forward-looking statements reflect current views about our plans, strategies and prospects, which are based on the information currently available and on current assumptions.

Although we believe that our plans, intentions and expectations as reflected in or suggested by those forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that the plans, intentions or expectations will be achieved. Listed below and discussed elsewhere in this report are some important risks, uncertainties and contingencies which could cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the forward-looking statements made in this report. These risks, uncertainties and contingencies include, but are not limited to, the following:

- . our ability to expand our business;
- . the implementation of our business strategies and goals;
- . integration of our previous and future acquisitions;
- . a decrease in demand for our products;
- . competitive pricing and other competitive pressures;
- . our relationships with our vendors;
- . our involvement as a defendant in litigation or incurrence of judgements, fines or legal costs;
- . deterioration in general economic conditions;
- . our ability to meet debt obligations and adhere to the restrictions and covenants imposed under our debt instruments;
- . our critical accounting policies; and
- . other statements that are not of historical fact made throughout this report, including in the sections entitled "Business," "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Risk Factors."

We assume no obligations to update publicly and forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In evaluating forward-looking statements, you should consider these risks and uncertainties, together with the other risks described from time to time in our other reports and documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, and you should not place undue reliance on those statements.

PARTI

Item 1. Business.

Unless the context otherwise requires, "Advance," "we," "us," "our," and similar terms refer to Advance Auto Parts, Inc., its predecessor, its subsidiaries and their respective operations. Our fiscal year consists of 52 or 53 weeks ending on the Saturday closest to December 31 of each year.

Overview

We primarily operate within the large and growing United States automotive aftermarket industry, which includes replacement parts (excluding tires), accessories, maintenance items, batteries and automotive fluids for cars and light trucks (pickup trucks, vans, minivans and sport utility vehicles).

We are the second largest specialty retailer of automotive parts, accessories and maintenance items to "do-it-yourself," or DIY, customers in the United States, based on store count and sales. We are the largest specialty retailer of automotive products in the majority of the states in which we currently operate, based on store count. Our combined operations are conducted in two operating segments, retail and wholesale. The retail segment consists of our retail operations operating under the trade names "Advance Auto Parts", "Advance Discount Auto Parts" and "Discount Auto Parts" in the United States and "Western Auto" primarily in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Our wholesale segment includes a wholesale distribution network. See note 22 of our financial statements for financial information reported for these segments.

Our Internet address is <u>www.advanceautoparts.com</u>. We make available, and prior to December 15, 2002 have made available, free of charge through our Internet website our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to the Securities Act of 1934 as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

Retail Segment

At December 28, 2002, we had 2,435 stores, which included 2,000 stores operating under the "Advance Auto Parts" trade name in 37 states in the Northeastern, Southeastern and Midwestern regions of the United States. In Florida, we operated 51 stores under the new "Advance Discount Auto Parts" trade name and 347 stores under the "Discount Auto Parts" trade name. In addition, as of that date, we had 37 stores operating under the "Western Auto" trade name located primarily in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

Our stores offer a broad selection of brand name and proprietary automotive products for domestic and imported cars and light trucks. Our stores average approximately 7,500 square feet in size and carry between 16,000 and 21,000 stock keeping units, or SKUs. We also offer approximately 105,000 additional SKUs that are available on a same day or overnight basis through our Parts Delivered Quickly, or PDQ[®], distribution systems.

In addition to our DIY business, we serve "do-it-for-me", or DIFM, customers via sales to commercial accounts. Sales to DIFM customers represented approximately 15% of our retail sales in 2002 and consisted of sales to both walk-in commercial customers and sales delivered to our commercial customers' places of business, including independent garages, service stations and auto dealers. At December 28, 2002, we had 1,411 stores participating in our commercial delivery programs.

As part of our participation in www.partsamerica.com, or pa.com, we also provide our customers online shopping and access to over 1 million SKUs. Pa.com allows our customers to pick up merchandise at a conveniently located store or have their purchase shipped directly to their home or garage.

Wholesale Segment

Our wholesale segment consists of a wholesale distribution network, which offers automotive parts, accessories and certain specialty merchandise and/or certain services to approximately 415 independently-owned dealer stores in 42 states. The dealer stores consist of associate, sales center and franchise dealers. Associate and franchise dealers have rights to the use of the "Western Auto" name and certain services provided by us. Sales centers only have the right to purchase certain products from us. We also provide services to the wholesale dealer network through various administrative and support functions, as negotiated by each independent location. Our wholesale distribution network is managed by a senior vice president (who is also responsible for the Western Auto retail stores and two regions of Advance stores in the retail segment), a vice president, a national sales manager, an operations manager and various field and support personnel. Our wholesale operations generated approximately 2.5% of our net sales in 2002.

Competitive Strengths

We believe our competitive strengths include the following:

Leading Market Position. We compete in both the DIY and DIFM categories of the automotive aftermarket industry. Our primary competitors include national and regional retail automotive parts chains, wholesalers or jobber stores, independent operators, automobile dealers that supply parts, discount stores and mass merchandisers that carry automotive products. Although the number of competitors and level of competition vary by market, both the DIY and DIFM categories are highly fragmented and generally very competitive. We enjoy significant advantages over most of our competitors. We believe we have strong brand recognition and customer traffic in our stores as a result of our number one position in the majority of our markets, based on store count, and our significant marketing activities. In addition, we have purchasing, distribution, marketing and advertising efficiencies due to our economies of scale. In particular, our acquisition of Discount Auto Parts in November 2001 has provided us with the leading market position in Florida, which is especially attractive due to that state's strong DIY customer demographics.

Industry Leading Selection of Quality Products. As the number of automotive replacement parts has proliferated, we believe discount stores and mass merchandisers have had increasing difficulties in maintaining a broad inventory selection that DIY customers demand. We believe this has created a strong competitive advantage for specialty automotive parts retailers, like us, that have the distribution capacity, sophisticated information systems and knowledgeable sales staff needed to offer a broad inventory selection to DIY customers. We offer one of the largest selections of brand name and proprietary automotive parts, accessories and maintenance items in the automotive aftermarket industry. Our stores carry between 16,000 and 21,000 in-store stock keeping units, or SKUs. We also offer approximately 105,000 additional SKUs that are available on a same-day or overnight basis through our PDQ[®] distribution systems, including harder-to-find replacement parts, which typically carry a higher gross margin.

Superior Customer Service. We believe that our customers place significant value on our well-trained sales associates, who offer knowledgeable assistance in product selection and installation, and that this differentiates us from mass merchandisers. We invest substantial resources in the recruiting and training of our employees, who we refer to as team members, and provide formal classroom workshops, seminars and Automotive Service Excellence(TM) certification to build technical, managerial and customer service skills. In addition, we recently implemented a new performance management process that will allow us to align each team member's goals with our strategic corporate goals. This process will result in increased team member retention, which we believe leads to increased customer satisfaction and higher sales, and differentiates us from mass merchandisers.

Experienced Management Team with Proven Track Record. The 15 members of our senior management team have an average of 11 years experience with us and 14 years in the industry and have successfully grown our company to the second largest specialty retailer of automotive products in the United States. Our management team has accomplished this using a disciplined strategy of growing comparable store sales, opening new stores, increasing the penetration of our commercial delivery program and making selective acquisitions.

Growth Strategy

Our growth strategies consist of the following:

Increase Our Comparable Store Sales. We have been an industry leader in comparable store sales growth over the last five years, averaging 6.8% annually. We plan to increase our comparable store sales in both the DIY and DIFM categories by, among other things, (1) implementing merchandising and marketing initiatives, (2) investing in store-level systems to enhance our ability to recommend complementary products in order to increase sales per customer, (3) refining our store selection and in-stock availability through customized assortments and other supply chain initiatives, (4) continuing to increase customer service through store staffing and retention initiatives and (5) increasing our commercial delivery sales primarily by focusing on key customers to grow average sales per program.

In particular, we intend to continue to make the necessary investments in several applications that are critical to improving our customer service and in-stock availability. We have established strong inventory management systems at the store and distribution center level and have implemented Advance Parts Accessories Lookup, or APAL, our new fully-integrated point-of-sale system and electronic parts catalog, in approximately one-half of our stores.

Continue to Enhance Our Margins. In addition to driving operating margin expansion via continued strong comparable store sales growth, we will continue to focus on increasing margins by: (1) improving our purchasing efficiencies with vendors; (2) utilizing our supply chain infrastructure and existing distribution network to optimize our inventory mix and maximize distribution capacity; (3) leveraging our overall scale to reduce other operating expenses as a percentage of sales and (4) continuing to implement our category management processes and custom mix initiatives.

Increase Return on Invested Capital. We believe we can continue to successfully increase our return on invested capital by generating strong comparable store sales growth and increasing our margins. We believe we can also increase our return on invested capital by leveraging our supply chain initiatives to increase inventory turns and selectively expanding our store base in existing markets. Based on our experience, such in-market openings provide higher returns on our invested capital by enabling us to leverage our distribution infrastructure, marketing expenditures and local management resources. We intend to add approximately 125 stores in existing markets in 2003 primarily through new store openings and selective acquisitions.

Industry

The United States automotive aftermarket industry is generally grouped into two major categories DIY and DIFM. According to the Automotive Aftermarket Industry Association, or AAIA, Aftermarket Factbook, from 1991 to 2001, the DIY category grew at a 5.0% compound annual growth rate from approximately \$22 billion to \$35 billion. This category represents sales to consumers who maintain and repair vehicles themselves. We believe this category is characterized by stable, more recession-resistant demand than most retailers because of the need-based characteristics of the DIY category. Additionally, in difficult economic times, we believe people tend to drive more and use air travel less. We also believe difficult economic times result in people retaining their vehicles longer, which moves these vehicles in the range of years in age when more repairs are needed. From 1991 to 2001, the DIFM category grew at a 6.4% compound annual growth rate, from approximately \$36 billion to \$68 billion according to the AAIA Aftermarket Factbook. This category represents sales to professional installers, such as independent garages, service stations and auto dealers. DIFM parts and services are typically offered to vehicle owners who are less price sensitive or who are less inclined to repair their own vehicles.

We believe the United States automotive aftermarket industry will continue to benefit from several favorable trends, including the:

- . increasing number and age of vehicles in the United States, increasing number of miles driven annually, increasing number of cars coming off of warranty, particularly previously leased vehicles;
- . higher cost of replacement parts as a result of technological changes in recent models of vehicles and increasing number of light trucks and sport utility vehicles that require more expensive parts, resulting in higher average sales per customer; and
- continued consolidation of automotive aftermarket retailers, resulting in a reduction in the number of stores in the marketplace and enhanced profitability and returns on capital.

We believe these trends will continue to support strong comparable store sales growth in the industry.

History

We were formed in 1929 and operated as a retailer of general merchandise until the 1980s. During the 1980s, we sharpened our focus to target sales of automotive parts and accessories to DIY customers. From the 1980s to the present, we have grown significantly as a result of strong comparable store sales growth, new store openings and strategic acquisitions, including our 1998 Western Auto Supply Company acquisition and our 2001 acquisition of

Discount Auto Parts, or Discount. Additionally, in 1996, we began to aggressively expand our sales to DIFM customers by implementing a commercial delivery program.

Discount Acquisition. In November 2001, we acquired Discount which was the fifth largest specialty retailer of automotive products to both DIY and DIFM customers in the United States, based on store count. At November 28, 2001, Discount had 671 stores operating under the "Discount Auto Parts" trade name in six southern states, with 437 of them located in the state of Florida. During 2002, we completed the conversion of all 164 acquired Discount stores located outside the state of Florida and in the Florida panhandle. We also completed the alignment of merchandise offerings in all Discount stores in the state of Florida to our product offerings, physically converted 51 of the Florida stores to the new "Advance Discount Auto Parts" format and converted approximately half of the Florida stores to our store systems. During the integration process, we closed 109 of the acquired Discount locations in overlapping markets with our existing locations.

Trak Auto Parts Acquisition. During the third quarter of fiscal 2002, we entered into and closed on an arrangement to acquire certain assets of Trak Auto Corporation, or Trak, including the leases on 57 stores in Virginia, Washington, D.C. and Maryland. At December 28, 2002, we had converted all 57 stores to the Advance Auto Parts store format and assumed the respective lease obligations.

Store Operations

The retail store is the focal point of our operations. Our stores generally are located in free-standing buildings in high vehicle traffic areas with good visibility and easy access to major roadways. Our stores typically range in size from 5,000 to 10,000 square feet with an average of approximately 7,500 square feet, and offer between 16,000 and 21,000 SKUs. We also offer approximately 105,000 additional SKUs that are available on a same day or overnight basis through our PDQ® and Master PDQ® systems, including harder-to-find replacement parts, which typically carry a higher gross margin. Additionally, our local area warehouse concept utilizes existing space in selected stores to ensure the availability of certain PDQ® items on a same-day basis. At December 28, 2002, we operated 22 local area warehouses that carried a customized assortment of between 7,500 and 12,000 SKUs. In addition, our proprietary electronic parts catalog enables our sales team to identify an extensive number of applications for the SKUs that we carry, as well as parts that are required by our customers to complete their automotive repair projects. Replacement parts sold at our stores include radiators, brake pads, fan belts, radiator hoses, starters, alternators, batteries, shock absorbers, struts, CV shafts, spark plugs, transmission parts, clutches, electronic ignition components, suspension parts, engines and transmissions.

Our retail stores are company operated and divided into five areas. A senior vice president, who is supported by regional vice presidents, manages each area. Division managers report to the regional vice presidents and have direct responsibility for store operations in a specific division, which typically consists of 10 to 15 stores. Depending on store size and sales volume, each store is staffed by 8 to 30 team members under the leadership of a store manager. Stores generally are open from 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. six days a week and 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. on Sundays.

Total stores. Our 2,435 retail stores were located in the following states and territories at December 28, 2002:

Location	Number of Stores	Location	Number of Stores	Location	Number of Stores
Alabama	104	Louisiana	58	Pennsylvania	135
Arkansas	21	Maine	7	Puerto Rico	34
California	1	Maryland	60	Rhode Island	3
Colorado	15	Massachusetts	21	South Carolina	103
Connecticut	23	Michigan	49	South Dakota	6
Delaware	5	Mississippi	47	Tennessee	118
District of Columbia	1	Missouri	35	Texas	54
Florida	430	Nebraska	17	Vermont	3
Georgia	191	New Hampshire	4	Virgin Islands	2
Illinois	23	New Jersey	22	Virginia	150
Iowa	24	New York	98	West Virginia	63
Indiana	71	North Carolina	179	Wisconsin	18
Kansas	26	Ohio	145	Wyoming	2
Kentucky	66	Oklahoma	1		

The following table sets forth information concerning increases in the number of our stores during the past five years:

	2002		2001		2000	1999	1998
Beginning Stores	2,484		1,729		1,617	1,567	814
New Stores (1)	110	(2)	781	(4)	140	102	821 ⁽⁵⁾
Stores Closed	(159)	(3)	(26)		(28)	(52)	(68) (5)
Ending Stores	2,435		2,484		1,729	1,617	1,567

- Does not include stores that opened as relocations of previously existing stores within the same general market area or substantial renovations of stores.
- Includes 57 stores acquired during the third and fourth quarters of fiscal 2002 as a result of the Trak acquisition.
- Includes 133 "Advance Auto Parts" and "Discount Auto Parts" stores closed as a result of the Discount integration.
- Includes 30 Carport stores acquired on April 23, 2001 and 671 Discount stores acquired on November 28, 2001.
- Includes 560 Parts America stores (net of 52 closures) acquired as part of the Western merger in November 1998. Subsequent to 1998, we closed an additional 15 Western stores resulting in a net 545 stores obtained in the Western merger. Three Advance stores were also closed during fiscal 1998 in connection with the Western merger.

Purchasing and Merchandising

Virtually all of our merchandise is selected and purchased for our stores by personnel at our corporate offices in Roanoke, Virginia. In addition, specialty merchandise for our wholesale segment and our Western Auto retail stores is purchased in our Kansas City, Missouri office. In 2002, we purchased merchandise from over 200 vendors, with no single vendor accounting for more than 8% of purchases. Our purchasing strategy involves negotiating multi-year agreements with certain vendors, which allows us to achieve more favorable terms and pricing. Accordingly, in connection with the Discount acquisition and our resulting increased volume, we were able to renegotiate several long-term agreements that provided more favorable terms and pricing.

Our purchasing team is currently led by a group of six senior professionals, who have an average of over 16 years of automotive purchasing experience and over 20 years in retail. This team is skilled in sourcing products globally and maintaining high quality levels, while streamlining costs associated with the handling of merchandise through the supply chain. The purchasing team has developed strong vendor relationships in the industry and is involved currently in implementing a "best-in-class" category management process to improve comparable store sales, gross margin and inventory turns.

Our merchandising strategy is to carry a broad selection of high quality brand name automotive parts and accessories such as Monroe, Bendix, Purolator and AC Delco, which generates DIY customer traffic and also appeals to commercial delivery customers. In addition to these branded products, we stock a wide selection of high quality proprietary products that appeal to value conscious customers. Sales of replacement parts account for a majority of our net sales and typically generate higher gross margins than maintenance items or general accessories. We are currently in the process of customizing our product mix based on a merchandising program designed to optimize inventory mix at each individual store based on that store's historical and projected sales mix and regionally specific customer needs.

Advertising

We have an extensive advertising program designed to communicate our merchandise offerings, product assortment, competitive prices, free services (battery installation and wiper replacements) and commitment to customer service. The program is focused on establishing us as the solution for a customer's automotive needs. We utilize a media blend that reinforces our brand image, including print, promotional signage, television, radio and outdoor media, plus our proprietary in-store television network and internet site.

Our advertising plan is based on a monthly program built around a promotional theme and a seasonally relevant product campaign. The plan is supported by print and in-store signage. Our television advertising is a combination of regional and national media focused to sports programming. Radio advertising, which is used as a supplementary medium, generally airs during peak drive times. We also sponsor sporting events, racing teams and other events at all levels in a grass-roots effort to positively impact individual communities, including Hispanic and other ethnic communities, to create awareness and drive traffic for our stores.

In February 2003, we launched our new advertising campaign, "We're ready in Advance." We believe this advertising campaign differentiates Advance in the customer's mind by positioning us as both a source for brand name auto parts at low prices and as a resource for expert advice and useful tips to help customers keep their vehicles running smoothly. The campaign includes creative and compelling television and radio commercials designed to drive sales and build an enduring, positive image of Advance as a special place to shop.

Management Information Systems

We have developed a flexible technology infrastructure that supports our growth strategy. Our information technology infrastructure is comprised of software and hardware designed to integrate store, distribution and vendor services into a seamless network. All stores, corporate and regional offices, and distribution centers are linked via a communications network, which is based on frame relay technology. Our stores in Puerto Rico are linked to the communications network via satellite. Electronic documents transferred between us and our vendors expedite the ordering, receiving and merchandise payment processes. We expect to complete the implementation of our technology platform into the Discount Auto Parts stores and the Lakeland distribution center, including the administrative offices, in 2003.

Enterprise Information System

Our management team has online access to certain financial information via Hyperion Analyzer, a web-enabled front-end tool, which retrieves information from our Hyperion Essbase database. This system, which is tightly integrated to our "best in class" PeopleSoft Financial and Human Resource systems, helps ensure that accurate, consistent, and timely financial information is available to all levels of management, including our sales, margin, payroll and other key metrics. This system assists the management team in planning and responding to our business

and industry trends quickly and cost-effectively. This system contains analysis tools that provide our management the ability to rank and rate their operations and identify "best practices" opportunities for business improvement.

Store Based Information Systems

Our store based information systems, which are designed to improve the efficiency of our operations and enhance customer service, are comprised of point-of-sale, or POS, electronic parts catalog, or EPC, store-level inventory management, and store intranet, or STORENET, systems. Additionally, we support store level operations with our management planning and training and customer contact systems. These systems are integrated tightly and together provide real time, comprehensive information to store and merchandising personnel, resulting in improved customer service levels, team member utilization and in-stock availability. We have completely implemented our store based information systems into all of the Discount stores located outside of the Florida market (including the Florida panhandle) and plan to complete the implementation of the Discount stores located in the Florida market in 2003.

Point-of-Sale. Our POS system is used to formulate pricing, marketing and merchandising strategies and to replenish inventory accurately and rapidly. We have fully implemented our new POS system, or APAL, in one-half of our stores and are in the process of implementing APAL in the remaining half of our stores. APAL is designed to improve customer checkout time and decrease the time required to train newly-hired team members. In addition, APAL will provide additional customer purchase history, which may be used for customer demographic analysis.

Electronic Parts Catalog. Our EPC system is a software system that enables our store team members to identify over 40 million application uses for automotive parts and accessories. The EPC system enables store team members to assist our customers in their parts selection and ordering based on year, make, model and engine type of their vehicle. If a hard-to-find part or accessory is not available at one of our stores, the EPC system can determine whether the part is carried and in-stock through our PDQ® Express system. The EPC system also enables our store team members to identify additional parts that are required by our customers to complete their automotive repair projects. This generally leads to an increase in average sales per transaction. The integration of this system with our POS system improves customer service by reducing time spent at the cash register and fully automating the sales process between the parts counter and our POS register. This system enables store team members to order parts and accessories electronically through our PDQ® Express system, with immediate confirmation of price, availability and estimated delivery time. Additionally, information about a customer's automobile can be entered into a permanent customer database that can be accessed immediately whenever the customer visits or telephones one of our stores.

In conjunction with the rollout of APAL, we are also enhancing our EPC system in our stores. The enhanced EPC system, which is fully integrated with APAL, will provide the capability of cataloging non-application specific parts and additional product information, such as technical service bulletins, installation instructions, images of parts, and related diagrams of automotive systems. The enhanced EPC system contains enhanced search engines and more user-friendly navigation tools that enhance our store team members' ability to look-up any needed parts as well as additional products the customer needs to complete their automotive repair project. We believe these components will enhance our customers' shopping experience with us and help them accurately complete the repair job the first time, saving them time and money.

To ensure ongoing improvement of EPC information in all stores, we have developed a centrally based EPC data management system that enables us to reduce the time needed to exchange data with our vendors and ultimately catalogue and deliver updated, accurate product information to our stores. Additionally, we are enhancing the EPC system to provide additional methods of parts look-up while reducing keystrokes and allowing our store team members to more efficiently serve our customers.

Store Level Inventory Management System. Our store-level inventory management system provides real-time inventory tracking at the store level. With the store-level system, store team members can check the quantity of on-hand inventory for any SKU, adjust stock levels for select items for store specific events, automatically process returns and defective merchandise, designate SKU's for cycle counts and track merchandise transfers. In conjunction with the roll-out of APAL, we are also implementing radio frequency hand held devices in all of our stores, which will help ensure the accuracy of inventory.

Store Intranet. Installed in June of 1998, our STORENET system delivers product information, electronic manuals, forms, store operating results, in-store training opportunities and internal communications to all store team members. In addition STORENET provides online tools that enhance the productivity of our team members as follows:

- our online learning center delivers online training programs to all team members. A tracking and reporting function provides human resources and management with an overview of training schedules and results by team member;
- our online budgeting site allows stores more direct input to the budgeting process, significantly reduces telecommunications usage by store management and results in efficiencies in the overall corporate budgeting process;.
- our online inventory cycle count accuracy report facilitates maintaining more accurate stock levels and reduce out of stock and overstock conditions; and
- our online telecommunications audit reports application provides managers access to detailed information regarding company telecommunications expenses, promoting targeted efforts to reduce ineffective expenses.

Management Planning and Training. MPT is our proprietary system designed to streamline our store labor management and training processes. MPT gives our store managers the tools to plan for peak customer traffic to ensure we have knowledgeable and friendly sales people in our stores and well-stocked shelves to meet our customers' needs. After a thorough review of all our store processes, we believe MPT improves our results of operations through industry-leading labor utilization on all store labor events, including sales, training and unloading of weekly product deliveries.

Customer Contact Center. In 2001, we installed new call routing software and customer service software, established a customer contact center in Roanoke, Virginia and consolidated all support centers. Implementation of the customer contact center has resulted in a substantial improvement in the average speed in which in a call is answered, a reduction in calls to voice mail and a reduction in the number of outbound calls required to respond to voice mail. We believe these improvements have allowed us to better support each of our stores, therefore, increasing customer service.

Logistics and Purchasing Information Systems

Distribution Center Management System. Our distribution management system, or DCMS, provides real-time inventory tracking through the processes of receiving, picking, shipping and replenishing at our distribution centers. The DCMS, integrated with material handling equipment, significantly reduces warehouse and distribution costs, while improving efficiency. Seven of our eight distribution facilities currently use this technology, and we anticipate that the eighth distribution facility, which we acquired as part of the Discount acquisition, will be converted to this technology in 2003. Additionally, fourteen of our nineteen PDQ® Express facilities currently use this technology, and we expect the remaining five PDQ® Express facilities will be converted to this technology in 2003.

Replenishment Systems. Our E3 Replenishment System monitors the distribution center and PDQ® Express warehouse inventory levels and orders additional product when appropriate. In addition, the system tracks sales trends by SKU, allowing us to adjust future orders to support seasonal and demographic shifts in demand. During 2001, we completed the implementation of a store-level replenishment version of E3 for our Advance Auto Parts stores, and as Discount stores are converted to our new POS system, E3 replenishment is being implemented in those stores.

Transportation Management System. Our transportation management system is an effective planning tool that allows for the efficient management of incoming shipments. Benefits from this system include reduced vendor to distribution center freight costs, visibility of purchase orders and shipments for the entire supply chain, the reduction in distribution center inventory, or safety stock, due to consistent transit times and decreased third party freight and billing service costs.

Team Members

At March 19, 2003, we employed approximately 20,329 full-time team members and 10,135 part-time team members. Approximately 83.8% of our workforce is employed in store-level operations, 10.6% is employed in distribution and 5.6% is employed in our corporate offices in Roanoke, Virginia and Kansas City, Missouri. We have never experienced any labor disruption and are not party to any collective bargaining agreements. We believe that our labor relations are good.

We allocate substantial resources to the recruiting, training and retaining of team members. We have recently implemented a performance management process to align each team member's goals with our corporate strategic goals. We believe this program will provide us with a well-trained, productive workforce that is committed to high levels of customer service and assures a qualified team to support future growth.

Trade Names, Service Marks and Trademarks

We own and have registrations for the trade names "Advance Auto Parts," "Western Auto" and "Parts America" and the trademark "PDQ®" with the United States Patent and Trademark Office for use in connection with the automotive parts retailing business. In addition, we own and have registered a number of trademarks with respect to our proprietary products, and we also acquired from Discount various registered trademarks, service marks and copyrights. We believe that these trade names, service marks and trademarks are important to our merchandising strategy. We do not know of any infringing uses that would materially affect the use of these marks and actively defend and enforce them.

Competition

Our primary competitors are both national and regional retail chains of automotive parts stores, including AutoZone, Inc., O'Reilly Automotive, Inc. and The Pep Boys-Manny, Moe & Jack, wholesalers or jobber stores, including those associated with national parts distributors or associations, such as NAPA, independent operators, automobile dealers that supply parts, discount stores and mass merchandisers that carry automotive products, including Wal-Mart, Target and K-Mart. We believe that chains of automotive parts stores, like us, with multiple locations in one or more markets, have competitive advantages in customer service, marketing, inventory selection, purchasing and distribution as compared to independent retailers and jobbers that are not part of a chain or associated with other retailers or jobbers. The principal competitive factors that affect our business include price, store location, customer service and product offerings, quality and availability.

Environmental Matters

We are subject to various federal, state and local laws and governmental regulations relating to the operation of our business, including those governing recycling of batteries and used lubricants, and regarding ownership and operation of real property. We handle hazardous materials as part of our operations, and our customers may also use hazardous materials on our properties or bring hazardous materials or used oil onto our properties. We currently provide collection and recycling programs for used automotive batteries and used lubricants at all of our stores as a service to our customers under agreements with third party vendors. Pursuant to these agreements, used batteries and lubricants are collected by our team members, deposited into vendor supplied containers or pallets and stored by us until collected by the third party vendors for recycling or proper disposal. Persons who arrange for the disposal, treatment or other handling of hazardous or toxic substances may be liable for the costs of removal or remediation at any affected disposal, treatment or other site affected by such substances.

We own and lease real property. Under various environmental laws and regulations, a current or previous owner or operator of real property may be liable for the cost of removal or remediation of hazardous or toxic substances on, under or in such property. These laws often impose joint and several liability and may be imposed without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of, or was responsible for, the release of such hazardous or toxic substances. Other environmental laws and common law principles also could be used to impose liability for releases of hazardous materials into the environment or work place, and third parties may seek recovery from owners or operators of real properties for personal injury or property damage associated with exposure to released hazardous

substances. From time to time, we receive notices from the EPA and state environmental authorities indicating that there may be contamination on properties we own or operate or on adjacent properties for which we may be responsible. Compliance with these laws and regulations has not had a material impact on our operations to date. We believe that we are currently in material compliance with these laws and regulations.

Item 2. Properties.

Distribution Centers and Warehouses. We operate eight distribution centers. Seven of these eight distribution centers are equipped with our distribution management system, which includes technologically advanced material handling equipment, including carousels, "pick-to-light" systems, radio frequency technology and automated sorting systems. The eighth distribution center, which we acquired in the Discount acquisition, has an existing system similar to ours, but will be converted to our system in fiscal 2003. Through the continued implementation of our supply chain initiatives, we expect to further increase the efficient utilization of our distribution capacity, which currently provides us the capacity to service over 3,400 stores and our wholesale segment from these distribution centers.

We currently offer over 30,000 SKUs to substantially all of our retail stores via our nineteen PDQ® Express warehouses. Stores have visibility to inventory in their respective facilities and can place orders to these facilities through an online ordering system. Ordered parts are delivered to substantially all stores on a same day or next day basis through our dedicated PDQ® trucking fleet. In addition, we operate a PDQ® warehouse that stocks approximately 80,000 SKUs of harder to find automotive parts and accessories. This facility is known as the "Master PDQ®" warehouse and utilizes existing PDQ® distribution infrastructure to provide next day service to substantially all of our stores. At December 28, 2002, we operated 22 local area warehouse facilities which utilize excess store space to provide certain markets with a customized mix of approximately 7,500 to 12,000 SKUs.

The following table sets forth certain information relating to our distribution and other principal facilities:

The following table sets forth certain inform	Opening	r	Size	Nature of
Facility	Date	Area Served	(Sq. ft.)	Occupancy
Main Distribution Centers:				
Roanoke, Virginia (1)	1988	Mid-Atlantic	440,000	Leased
Gadsden, Alabama	1994	South	240,000	Owned
Lakeland, Florida	1982	Florida, Georgia and South Carolina	600,000	Owned
Gastonia, North Carolina	1969	Advance retail stores in the Southeast,	663,000	Owned
		Western Auto retail stores, wholesale		0 1/1100
		segment		
Gallman, Mississippi	2001	Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana	400,000	Owned
Salina, Kansas	1971	West	441,000	Owned
Delaware, Ohio	1972	Northeast	510,000	Owned
Thomson, Georgia (2)	1999	Southeast	383,000	Owned
Master PDQ® Warehouse:				
Andersonville, Tennessee	1998	All	116,000	Leased
PDQ® Express Warehouses:				
Salem, Virginia	1983	Mid-Atlantic	50,400	Leased
Smithfield, North Carolina	1991	Southeast	42,000	Leased
Jeffersonville, Ohio (3)	1996	Midwest	50,000	Owned
Thomson, Georgia (4)	1998	South, Southeast	50,000	Owned
Goodlettesville, Tennessee	1999	Central	41,900	Leased
Youngwood, Pennsylvania	1999	East	49,000	Leased
Riverside, Missouri	1999	West	45,000	Leased
Guilderland Center, New York	1999	Northeast	47,400	Leased
Temple, Texas	1999	Southwest	61,943	Leased
Palmas, Puerto Rico	2002	Puerto Rico	38,000	Leased
Altamonte Springs, Florida	1996	Central Florida	10,000	Owned
Jacksonville, Florida	1997	Northern Florida and Southern	12,712	Owned
		Georgia		
Tampa, Florida	1997	West Central Florida	10,000	Owned
Hialeah, Florida	1997	South Florida	12,500	Owned
West Palm Beach, Florida	1998	Southeast Florida	13,300	Leased
Mobile, Alabama	1998	Alabama and Mississippi	10,000	Owned
Atlanta, Georgia	1999	Georgia and South Carolina	16,786	Leased
Tallahassee, Florida	1999	South Georgia and Northwest	10,000	Owned
		Florida		
Fort Myers, Florida	1999	Southwest Florida	14,330	Owned
Corporate/Administrative Offices:				
Roanoke, Virginia-corporate (5)	1995	All	49,000	Leased
Kansas City, Missouri-corporate	1999	All	12,500	Leased
Roanoke, Virginia-administrative	1998	All	40,000	Leased
Lakeland, Florida - administrative (4)	1982	All	67,000	Owned
Roanoke, Virginia-administrative	2002	All	69,200	Leased

⁽¹⁾ This facility is owned by Nicholas F. Taubman. See "Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions." Nicholas F. Taubman was the chairman of our board of directors through February 2003, at which time he resigned from our board of directors.

- (2) The construction of this facility was financed in 1997 by a \$10.0 million industrial revenue bond issuance from the Development Authority of McDuffie County of the State of Georgia, from whom we purchased this facility for \$10.00 in November 2002.
- (3) Total capacity of this facility is approximately 433,000 square feet, of which 50,000 square feet continues to be used as a PDQ[®] Express warehouse. This facility was also used as a distribution center prior to its closure in the fourth quarter of 2001. This facility is currently held for sale.
- (4) This facility is located within one of our main distribution centers.
- (5) This facility is owned by Ki, L.C., a Virginia limited liability company owned by two trusts for the benefit of a child and grandchild of Nicholas F. Taubman. See "Item 13. Certain relationships and Related Transactions."

At December 28, 2002, we owned 536 of our stores and leased 1,899 stores. The expiration dates, including the exercise of renewal options, of the store leases are summarized as follows:

Years	Stores (1)
2003-2004	65
2005-2009	208
2010-2014	434
2015-2024	1007
2025-2034	68
2035-2049	117

(1) Of these stores, 16 are owned by our affiliates. See "Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions."

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

In February 2000, the Coalition for a Level Playing Field and over 100 independent automotive parts and accessories aftermarket warehouse distributors and jobbers filed a lawsuit styled Coalition for a Level Playing Field, et al. v. AutoZone, Inc. et al., Case No. 00-0953 in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York against various automotive parts and accessories retailers. In March 2000, we were notified that we had been named defendants in the lawsuit. The plaintiffs claimed that the defendants knowingly induced and received volume discounts, rebates, slotting and other allowances, fees, free inventory, sham advertising and promotional payments, a share in the manufacturers' profits, and excessive payments for services purportedly performed for the manufacturers in violation of the Robinson-Patman Act. In January 2003, a trial was held and the jury found that we did not violate the Robinson-Patman Act.

Our Western Auto subsidiary, together with other defendants including automobile manufacturers, automotive parts manufacturers and other retailers, has been named as a defendant in lawsuits alleging injury as a result of exposure to asbestos-containing products. We, Discount and Parts America also have been named as defendants in many of these lawsuits. The plaintiffs have alleged that these products were manufactured, distributed and/or sold by the various defendants. To date, these products have included brake and clutch parts and roofing materials. The number of cases in which we or one of our subsidiaries has been named as a defendant has increased in the past year. Many of the cases pending against us or our subsidiaries were filed recently and are in the early stages of litigation. The damages claimed against the defendants in some of these proceedings are substantial. Additionally, some of the automotive parts manufacturers that are named as defendants in these lawsuits have declared bankruptcy, which will limit plaintiffs' ability to recover monetary damages from those defendants. We believe that we have valid defenses against these claims. We also believe that most of these claims are at least partially covered by insurance. Based on discovery to date, we do not believe the cases currently pending will have a material adverse effect on us. However, if we were to incur an adverse verdict in one or more of these claims and were ordered to pay damages that were not covered by insurance, these claims could have a material adverse effect on our operating results, financial position and liquidity. If the number of claims filed against us or any of our subsidiaries alleging injury as a result of exposure to asbestos-containing products increases substantially, the costs associated with concluding these claims, including damages resulting from any adverse verdicts, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results, financial position and liquidity in future periods.

In addition to the above matters, we currently and from time to time are involved in litigation incidental to the conduct of our business. The damages claimed against us in some of these proceedings are substantial. Although the amount of liability that may result from these matters cannot be ascertained, we do not currently believe that, in the aggregate, they will result in liabilities material to our consolidated financial condition, future results of operations or cash flow.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders.

None.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters.

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange, or NYSE, under the symbol "AAP." The table below sets forth, for the fiscal periods indicated, the high and low sale prices per share for our common stock, as reported by the NYSE. Our common stock has been listed on the NYSE since November 29, 2001, the closing date of the Discount acquisition. Prior to that date, there was no public market for our common stock.

	High	 Low
Fiscal Year Ended December 28, 2002		
Fourth Quarter	\$ 58.34	\$ 46.70
Third Quarter	\$ 55.60	\$ 41.40
Second Quarter	\$ 62.19	\$ 44.90
First Quarter	\$ 50.05	\$ 39.85
Fiscal Year Ended December 29, 2001		
Fourth Quarter from November 29	\$ 47.65	\$ 39.70

The closing sale price of our common stock on March 19, 2003 was \$45.20. At March 19, 2003, there were 434 holders of record of our common stock.

We have not declared or paid cash dividends on our common stock in the last two years, We anticipate that we will retain all of our earnings in the foreseeable future to finance the expansion of our business and, therefore, do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock. In addition, our amended senior credit facility and the indentures governing our senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures contain restrictions on the amount of cash dividends or other distributions we may declare and pay on our capital stock. Any payments of dividends in the future will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend upon our results of operations, earnings, capital requirements, contractual restrictions contained in our amended senior credit facility and indentures, or other agreements, and other factors deemed relevant by our board of directors. As recently announced, we plan to redeem our currently outstanding senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures on April 15, 2003, which will relieve the above restrictions under the indentures.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table sets forth our shares authorized for issuance under our equity compensation plans at December 28, 2002.

	Number of shares to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants, and rights (1)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants, and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans ⁽²⁾
Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders	2,768,698	\$26.25	1,699,472
Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders Total	2,768,698	\$26.25	1,699,472

- (1) Excludes immediately exercisable options to purchase 250,000 shares of our common stock granted to each of Nicholas F. Taubinan and the Arthur Taubinan Trust dated July 13, 1964. See "Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions."
- (2) Excludes shares reflected in the first column.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

The following table sets forth our selected historical consolidated statement of operations, balance sheet and other operating data. The selected historical consolidated financial and other data at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001 and for the three years ended December 28, 2002 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes included elsewhere in this report. The historical consolidated financial and other data at December 30, 2000, January 1, 2000 and January 2, 1999 and for the years ended January 1, 2000 and January 2, 1999 have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements and the related notes that have not been included in this report. You should read this data along with "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and the consolidated financial statements and the related notes of Advance included elsewhere in this report.

Fiscal Year (1)

	 2002		2001		2000		1999	 1998
			(in thousa	nds,	except per sh	are d	lata)	
Statement of Operations Data:								
Net sales	\$ 3,287,883	\$	2,517,639	\$	2,288,022	\$	2,206,945	\$ 1,220,759
Cost of sales	1,839,889		1,441,613		1,392,127		1,404,113	766,198
Supply chain initiatives (2)	-		9,099		~		-	-
Gross profit	 1,447,994		1,066,927		895,895		802,832	454,561
Selling, general and administrative expenses (3)	1,210,477		947,531		801,521		740,481	392,353
Expenses associated with supply chain initiatives "	-		1,394		_		-	_
Impairment of assets held for sale (6)	-		12,300		856		-	-
Expenses associated with the recapitalization (6)	-		-		_		-	14,277
Expenses associated with the merger related								
restructuring ⁽⁷⁾	597		3,719		-		-	6,774
Expenses associated with merger and integration	34,935		1,135		-		41,034	7,788
Expenses associated with private company (9)	-		-		-		-	845
Non-cash stock option compensation expense (10)	-		11,735		729		1,082	695
Operating income	201,985		89,113	_	92,789		20,235	31,829
Interest expense	(78,219)		(61,895)		(66,640)		(62,792)	(35,038)
Expenses associated with secondary offering	(1,733)		-				-	-
Other income, net	1,158		1,283		1,012		4,647	943
Income (loss) before income taxes,								
extraordinary items and cumulative effect								
of a change in accounting principle	123,191		28,501		27,161		(37,910)	(2,266)
Income tax expense (benefit)	47,799		11,312		10,535		(12,584)	 (84)
Income (loss) before extraordinary items and	 	-						
cumulative effect of a change in accounting							-	
principle	75,392		17,189		16,626		(25,326)	(2,182)
Extraordinary items, (loss) gain on debt								
extinguishment, net of \$6,449, \$2,424								
and (\$1,759) income taxes, respectively	(10,373)		(3,682)		2,933		-	-
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle,								
net of \$1,360 income taxes	 -		(2,065)					
Net income (loss)	\$ 65,019	\$	11,442	<u>\$</u>	19,559	\$	(25,326)	\$ (2,182)
Income (loss) before extraordinary items and								
cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle								
per basic share	\$ 2,15	\$	0.60	S	0.59	\$	(0.90)	\$ (0.12)
Income (loss) before extraordinary items and							ì	` ,
cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle								
per diluted share	\$ 2.08	\$	0.59	\$	0.58	\$	(0.90)	\$ (0.12)
Net income (loss) per basic share	\$ 1.86	\$	0.40	\$	0.69	\$	(0.90)	\$ (0.12)
Net income (loss) per diluted share	\$ 1.80	\$	0.39	\$	0.68	\$	(0.90)	\$ (0.12)
Weighted average basic shares outstanding	35,049		28,637		28,296		28,269	18,606
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	36,188		29,158		28,611		28,269	18,606
Cash flows provided by (used in):								
Operating activities	\$ 242,996	\$	103,536	\$	103,951	\$	(20,976)	\$ 44,022
Investing activities	(78,005)		(451,008)		(64,940)		(113,824)	(230,672)
Financing activities	(169,223)		347,580		(43,579)		121,262	207,302

Fiscal	Voor	(1)

		2002		2001		2000		1999		1998
				(in thousa	ıds,	except per sh	are d	lata)		
Selected Store Data:										
Comparable store sales growth (1)		5.5%		6.2%		4.4%		10.3%		7.8%
Number of stores at beginning of year		2,484		1,729		1,617		1,567		814
New stores		110		781		140		102		821
Closed stores (12)		(159)		(26)		(28)		(52)		(68)
Number of stores, end of period		2,435		2,484		1,729		1,617		1,567
Relocated stores		39		18		10		13		8
Stores with commercial delivery										
program, end of period		1,411		1,370		1,210		1,094		532
* Total commercial delivery sales, as a										
percentage of total retail sales		12.8%		14.1%		14.1%		9.9%		9.0%
Total retail store square footage, end										
of period		18,108		18,717		13,325		12,476		12,084
Average net retail sales per store (13)	S	1,303	\$	1,346	\$	1,295	\$	1,267	\$	1,270
Average net retail sales per square										
foot ^(se)	\$	174	\$	175	\$	168	\$	164	S	172
Balance Sheet and Other Financial Data:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,885	\$	18,117	\$	18,009	\$	22,577	\$	36,115
Inventory	\$	1,048,803	S	982,000	\$	788,914	\$	749,447	\$	726,172
Inventory turnover (15)		1.81		1.80		1.81		1.90		1.99
Inventory per store (16)	\$	429,399	\$	392,635	\$	451,281	\$	456,624	\$	456,341
Accounts payable to inventory ratio 1771		44.9%		43.7%		49.2%		45.5%		50.2%
Net working capital.	\$	462,896	\$	442,099	\$	318,583	\$	355,608	\$	310,113
Capital expenditures (18)	\$	98,186	\$	63,695	\$	70,566	\$	105,017	\$	65,790
Total assets	\$	1,965,225	\$	1,950,615	\$	1,356,360	\$	1,348,629	\$	1,265,355
Total net debt (19)	\$	722,506	\$	972,368	\$	582,539	\$	627,467	\$	485,476
Total stockholders' equity	\$	468,356	\$	288,571	\$	156,271	\$	133,954	\$	159,091

- (1) Our fiscal year consists of 52 or 53 weeks ending on the Saturday nearest to December 31. All fiscal years presented are 52 weeks.
- (2) Represents restocking and handling fees associated with the return of inventory as a result of our supply chain initiatives.
- (3) Selling, general and administrative expenses exclude certain non-recurring charges discussed in notes (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) and (10) below.
- (4) Represents costs of relocating certain equipment held at facilities closed as a result of our supply chain intitiatives.
- (5) Represents the devaluation of certain property held for sale, including the \$1.6 million charge taken in the first quarter of 2001 and a \$10.7 million charge taken in the fourth quarter of 2001.
- (6) Represents expenses incurred in the 1998 recapitalization related primarily to non-recurring bonuses paid to certain team members and fees for professional services.
- (7) Represents expenses related primarily to lease costs associated with 31 of our stores closed in overlapping markets in connection with the Western merger and 27 Advance Auto Parts stores identified to be closed at December 29, 2001 as a result of the Discount acquisition.
- (8) Represents certain expenses related to the Western merger and the Discount acquisition.
- (9) Reflects expenses eliminated after the recapitalization that related primarily to compensation and other benefits of our former chairman, who prior to our recapitalization was our principal stockholder.
- (10) Represents non-cash compensation expenses related to stock options granted to certain of our team members, including a non-recurring charge of \$8.6 million in the fourth quarter of 2001 related to variable provisions of our stock option plans that were in place when we were a private company and that have since been eliminated.
- (11) Comparable store sales is calculated based on the change in net sales starting once a store has been open for 13 complete accounting periods (each period represents four weeks). Relocations are included in comparable store

sales from the original date of opening. The Parts America stores acquired in the Western merger and subsequently converted to Advance Auto Parts stores are included in the comparable store sales calculation after thirteen complete accounting periods following their physical conversion. The stores acquired in the Carport acquisition are included in the comparable store sales calculation following 13 complete accounting periods after their system conversion to the Advance Auto Parts store system. Stores acquired in the Discount acquisition are included in the comparable sales calculation beginning in December 2002, which was 13 complete accounting periods after the acquisition date of November 28, 2001. We do not include net sales from the 37 Western Auto retail stores in our comparable store calculation as a result of their unique offerings, including specialty merchandise and service.

(12) Closed stores in 2002 include 133 Discount and Advance stores closed as part of the integration of Discount. (13) Average net retail sales per store is calculated as net sales of the retail segment divided by the average the of beginning and ending number of stores for the respective period. The 1998 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Parts America retail net sales and number of stores for the period from November 1, 1998 through January 2, 1999. The fiscal 2001 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Discount retail net sales and number of stores

for the period from December 2, 2001 through December 29, 2001.

(14) Average net retail sales per square foot is calculated as net sales of the retail segment divided by the average of the beginning and ending total store square footage for the respective period. The 1998 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Parts America retail net sales and square footage for the period from November 1, 1998 through January 2, 1999. The fiscal 2001 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Discount retail net sales and number of stores for the period from December 2, 2001 through December 29, 2001.

(15) Inventory turnover is calculated as cost of sales divided by the average of beginning and ending inventories. The fiscal 2001 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Discount cost of sales and inventory for the period from December 2, 2001 through December 29, 2001. The fiscal 1998 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Western cost of sales and inventory for the period from November 2, 1998 through January 2, 1999.

(16) Inventory per store calculated as ending inventory divided by ending store count. Ending inventory used in this

calculation excludes certain inventory related to the wholesale segment.

(17) Accounts payable to inventory ratio is calculated as ending accounts payable divided by ending inventory.

(18) Capital expenditures for 2001 exclude \$34.1 million for our November 2001 purchase of Discount's Gallman, Mississippi distribution facility from the lessor in connection with the Discount acquisition.

(19) Net debt includes total debt and bank overdrafts, less cash and cash equivalents.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with "Selected Financial Data," our consolidated historical financial statements and the notes to those statements that appear elsewhere in this report. Our fiscal year ends on the Saturday nearest December 31 of each year. Our first quarter consists of 16 weeks, and the other three quarters consist of 12 weeks. Our discussion contains forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including those set forth under "Forward Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" elsewhere in this report.

General

At December 28, 2002, we had 2,000 stores operating under the "Advance Auto Parts" trade name, in 37 states in the Northeastern, Southeastern and Midwestern regions of the United States. Additionally, we operated 51 stores under the "Advance Discount Auto Parts" trade name and 347 stores operating under the "Discount Auto Parts" trade name in Florida. We also had 37 stores operating under the "Western Auto" trade name primarily located in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. We operate in the United States automotive aftermarket industry, which includes replacement parts (excluding tires), accessories, maintenance items, batteries and automotive chemicals for cars and light trucks (pick-ups, vans, minivans and sport utility vehicles). We are the second largest specialty retailer of automotive parts, accessories and maintenance items to DIY customers in the United States, based on store count and sales. We currently are the largest specialty retailer of automotive products in the majority of the states in which we operate, based on store count.

Our combined operations are conducted in two operating segments, retail and wholesale. The retail segment consists of our retail operations operating under the trade names "Advance Auto Parts", "Advance Discount Auto Parts" and "Discount Auto Parts" in the United States and "Western Auto" primarily in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Our wholesale segment includes a wholesale distribution network which provides distribution services of automotive parts, accessories and specialty items to approximately 415 independently owned dealer stores in 42 states primarily operating under the "Western Auto" trade name. Our wholesale operations accounted for approximately 2.5% of our net sales for the year ended December 28, 2002.

Acquisitions

Trak Auto Parts Acquisition. In July 2002, we announced we had received bankruptcy court approval to acquire certain assets of Trak including the leases on 55 stores in Virginia, Washington, D.C. and Maryland. In September 2002, we agreed to acquire two additional Trak stores. We believe the Trak acquisition gave us the number one market position, based on store count, in the Washington D.C./Baltimore area with 57 stores. The acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and, accordingly, each store's results of operations has been included in our financial statements from the date each store was transferred to us. Negative goodwill of \$1.7 million, resulting from excess fair value over the purchase price, was allocated proportionately as a reduction to certain noncurrent assets. As of December 28, 2002, we had taken ownership and converted all 57 stores to the Advance Auto Parts store format, assumed the respective lease obligations and had paid \$12.5 million for inventory and fixtures.

Discount Acquisition. On November 28, 2001, we acquired Discount in a transaction in which Discount's shareholders received \$7.50 per share in cash (or approximately \$128.5 million in the aggregate) plus 0.2577 shares of our common stock for each share of Discount common stock. We issued approximately 4.3 million shares of our common stock to the former Discount shareholders, which represented 13.2% of our total shares outstanding immediately following the acquisition. At November 28, 2001, Discount had 671 stores in six states, including the leading market position in Florida, based on store count, with 437 stores. The acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, the results of operations for Discount for the periods from December 2, 2001 are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The purchase price has been allocated to assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values. Negative goodwill of \$75.7 million, resulting from total excess fair value over the purchase price, was allocated proportionately as a reduction to non-current assets, primarily property and equipment. During 2002, we reduced negative goodwill by \$17.0 million due to purchase accounting adjustments primarily made to adjust the fair market value of certain inventory, equipment, the related deferred income tax effects and to reduce certain severance and relocation liabilities.

During 2002, we integrated all of the 164 acquired Discount stores located outside the state of Florida and in the Florida panhandle. This conversion included both a system conversion to our store system and a physical conversion to the "Advance Auto Parts" store format and merchandise offerings. We also completed the alignment of merchandise offerings in all Discount stores in the state of Florida to our product offerings, physically converted 51 of the Florida stores and converted approximately half of the Florida stores to our store systems. The physically converted stores have undergone the complete conversion to the new "Advance Discount Auto Parts" format. We anticipate completing the store system conversions by the end of 2003. The physical conversion will continue through fiscal 2005. During the integration, we closed 109 Discount stores in overlapping markets with our existing stores.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America. Our discussion and analysis of the financial condition and results of operations are based on these financial statements. The preparation of these financial statements requires the application of these accounting policies in addition to certain estimates and judgments by our management. Our estimates and judgments are based on currently available information, historical results and other assumptions we believe are reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The following critical accounting policies are used in the preparation of the financial statements as discussed above.

Vendor Incentives

We receive incentives from vendors related to cooperative advertising allowances, volume rebates and other functional discounts. Many of the incentives are under long-term agreements (terms in excess of one year), while others are negotiated on an annual basis. Our vendors require us to use certain cooperative advertising allowances exclusively for advertising. We define these allowances as restricted cooperative advertising allowances and

recognize them as a reduction to selling, general and administrative expenses as advertising expenditures are incurred. The remaining cooperative advertising allowances not restricted by our vendors, or unrestricted, rebates and other functional incentives are earned based on purchases and/or the sale of the product. Amounts received or receivable from vendors that are not yet earned are reflected as deferred revenue in the consolidated balance sheets included in the financial statements in Part IV. Item 15. of this report. We record unrestricted cooperative advertising and volume rebates earned as a reduction of inventory and recognize the incentives as a reduction to cost of sales as the inventory is sold. Short-term incentives are recognized as a reduction to cost of sales over the course of the annual agreement term and are not recorded as reductions to inventory.

We recognize the other functional discounts earned related to long-term agreements as a reduction to cost of sales over the life of the agreement based on the timing of purchases. These incentives are not recorded as reductions to inventory. The functional amounts earned under long-term arrangements are based on our estimate of total purchases that will be made over the life of the contracts and the amount of incentives that will be earned. The incentives are generally recognized based on the cumulative purchases as a percentage of total estimated purchases over the life of the contract. Our margins could be impacted positively or negatively if actual purchases or results from any one year differ from our estimates but over the life of the contract would be the same.

Inventory

Inventory shrink reserves are recorded related to our stores and distribution centers based on our extensive and frequent cycle counting program. Our estimates related to these shrink reserves depend on the effectiveness of the cycle counting programs. We evaluate the effectiveness of these programs on an on-going basis and believe they provide reasonable assurance for the recorded reserves.

Reserves for potentially excess and obsolete inventories are recorded as well. The nature of our inventory is such that the risk of obsolescence is minimal. In addition, we have historically been able to return excess items to the vendor for credit. We provide reserves where less than full credit will be received for such returns and where we anticipate that items will be sold at retail prices that are less than recorded cost. Future changes by vendors in their policies or willingness to accept returns of excess inventory could require us to revise our estimates of required reserves for excess and obsolete inventory.

Warranties

Our vendors are primarily responsible for warranty claims. Merchandise and services sold under warranty, which are not covered by vendors' warranties, include batteries, tires, road-side assistance and Craftsman products. We record accruals for future warranty claims based on current sales of the warranted products and historical claim experience. If claims experience differs from historical levels, revisions in our estimates may be required. We have recently seen positive trends in the defective rates of our batteries sold, which have offset historically higher trends used to develop our battery warranty accrual. We believe these positive trends are a result of quality enhancements of our currently offered battery line and better policies and procedures surrounding the testing and defecting of batteries by our store personnel.

Restructuring and Closed Store Liabilities

We recognize a provision for future obligations at the time a decision is made to close a store location and includes future minimum lease payments, common area maintenance and taxes. Additionally, we make certain assumptions related to potential subleases and lease buyouts that reduce the recorded amount of the accrual. These assumptions are based on our knowledge of the market and the relevant experience. However, the inability to enter into the subleases or obtain buyouts due to a change in the economy or prevailing real estate markets for these properties within the estimated timeframe may result in increases or decreases to these reserves.

Contingencies

We accrue for obligations, including estimated legal costs, when it is probable and the amount is reasonably estimable. As facts concerning contingencies become known, we reassess our position both with respect to gain contingencies and accrued liabilities and other potential exposures. Estimates that are particularly sensitive to future

change include tax, environmental and legal matters, which are subject to change as events evolve and as additional information becomes available during the administrative and litigation process.

Components of Statement of Operations

Net Sales

Net sales consist primarily of comparable store sales, new store net sales, service net sales, net sales to the wholesale dealer network and finance charges on installment sales. Comparable store sales is calculated based on the change in net sales starting once a store has been open for 13 complete accounting periods (each period represents four weeks). Relocations are included in comparable store sales from the original date of opening. The stores acquired in the Carport acquisition are included in the comparable store sales calculation following 13 complete accounting periods after their system conversion to the Advance Auto Parts store system. Stores acquired in the Discount acquisition were included in the comparable store sales calculation beginning in December 2002, which was 13 complete accounting periods after the acquisition date of November 28, 2001. We do not include net sales from the 37 Western Auto retail stores in our comparable store sales calculation as a result of their unique product offerings, including specialty merchandise and service.

Cost of Sales

Our cost of sales includes merchandise costs and warehouse and distribution expenses as well as service labor costs of our Western Auto stores. Gross profit as a percentage of net sales may be affected by variations in our product mix, price changes in response to competitive factors and fluctuations in merchandise costs and vendor programs. We seek to avoid fluctuation in merchandise costs and instability of supply by entering into long-term purchasing agreements with vendors when we believe it is advantageous.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses are comprised of store payroll, store occupancy (including rent), net advertising expenses, other store expenses and general and administrative expenses, including salaries and related benefits of corporate team members, administrative office expenses, data processing, professional expenses and other related expenses. We lease a significant portion of our stores.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain of our operating data expressed as a percentage of net sales for the periods indicated.

	I	Fiscal Year Ended	
	December 28, 2002	December 29, 2001	December 30, 2000
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales ⁽¹⁾	56.0	57.2	60.8
Expenses associated with supply chain initiatives	-	0.4	-
Gross profit	44.0	42.4	39.2
Selling, general and administrative expenses ⁽¹⁾	36.8	37.6	35.0
Expense associated with supply chain initiatives	-	0.1	_
Impairment of assets held for sale	-	0.5	0.0
Expenses associated with merger and integration	1.1	0.0	-
Expenses associated with merger related restructuring	0.0	0.2	-
Non-cash stock option compensation expense	-	0.5	0.1
Operating income	6.1	3.5	4.1
Interest expense	(2.4)	(2.5)	(2.9)
Expenses associated with secondary offering	0.0	-	-
Other income, net	0.0	0.1	0.0
Income tax expense	1.4	0.4	0.5
Income before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of a			
change in accounting principle	2.3	0.7	0.7
Extraordinary item, (loss) gain on debt extinguishment,			
net of income taxes	(0.3)	(0.1)	0.1
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle, net of			
income taxes		(0.1)	
Net income	2.0%	0.5%	0.8%

(1) Cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses presented for fiscal 2000 do not reflect the change in accounting principle related to cooperative advertising funds made in fiscal 2001. This change resulted in lower cost of sales with corresponding increases in selling, general and administrative expenses.

Fiscal 2002 Compared to Fiscal 2001

Net sales for 2002 were \$3,287.9 million, an increase of \$770.2 million, or 30.6%, over net sales for 2001. Net sales for the retail segment increased \$784.4 million, or 32.4%, to \$3,204.1. The net sales increase for the retail segment was due to an increase in the comparable store sales of 5.5%, a full year's contribution of sales from stores acquired in the Discount acquisition and contributions from new stores opened within the last year. The comparable store sales increase was a result of growth in both the DIY and DIFM market segments, as well as the continued maturation of new stores. Net sales for the wholesale segment decreased \$14.2 million due to a decline in the number of dealer stores we serviced and lower average sales to each dealer.

During 2002, we opened 110 new stores (including the 57 stores from the Trak acquisition), relocated 39 stores and closed 159 stores (133 of which were related to the Discount acquisition), bringing the total number of retail stores to 2,435. As of December 28, 2002, we had 1,411 stores participating in our commercial delivery program, as a result of adding 41 net programs during 2002. Additionally, as of December 28, 2002, we supplied approximately 415 independent dealers through the wholesale dealer network.

Gross profit for 2002 was \$1,448.0 million, or 44.0% of net sales, as compared to \$1,066.9 million, or 42.4% of net sales, in 2001. The increase in gross profit as a percentage of sales is reflective of more favorable merchandise costs realized in fiscal 2002. Additionally, this increase represents our ability to leverage logistics costs primarily driven by a review of our logistics operations, which occurred in connection with our supply chain initiatives. We

began these initiatives during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, in which we recorded a \$9.1 million non-recurring charge for restocking and handling fees associated with the return of inventory under these initiatives. The gross profit for the retail segment was \$1,434.4 million, or 44.8% of net sales, for 2002, as compared to \$1,052.9 million, or 43.5% of net sales, for 2001. The gross profit for the retail segment included the non-recurring charge of \$9.1 million for the fiscal year ended December 29, 2001.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$1,246.0 million, or 37.9% of net sales for 2002, from \$977.8 million, or 38.8% of net sales for 2001. Selling, general and administrative expenses include merger and integration expenses related to the integration of Discount of \$35.5 million, or 1.1% of sales, and \$4.9 million, or 0.2% of sales, for 2002 and 2001, respectively. These integration expenses are related to, among other things, merger related restructuring, overlapping administrative functions and store conversion expenses. The merger related restructuring charges primarily relate to lease costs associated with closed Advance Auto Parts stores in overlapping markets as a result of the Discount acquisition. Additionally, there are certain non-recurring expenses totaling \$20.7 million, or 0.8% of sales, in 2001 as detailed in the fiscal 2001 compared to fiscal 2000 section of this discussion. Excluding the effects of the above merger and integration and non-recurring expenses, the decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales reflects an approximate 24 basis point reduction related to our ability to leverage our store payroll expenses against a higher sales base, and an approximate 57 basis point reduction from lower rent expense as a result of owning a higher percentage of stores after the Discount acquisition.

Interest expense for 2002 was \$78.2 million, or 2.4% of net sales, as compared to \$61.9 million, or 2.5% of net sales, in 2001. Interest expense reflects the overall increase in average borrowings offset by more favorable interest rates during 2002 as compared to 2001. This increase in borrowings is a result of the additional debt incurred in conjunction with the Discount acquisition.

Income tax expense for 2002 was \$48.0 million, as compared to \$11.3 million for 2001. Our effective income tax rate decreased to 38.8% for 2002, as compared to 39.7%, for 2001. The decrease was primarily due to increases in pre-tax income, which reduced the impact of certain permanent differences on the effective rate.

During 2002, we recorded \$10.4 million in a loss on extinguishment of debt, net of tax. This loss reflects the write-off of the ratable portion of the deferred loan costs associated with our partial repayment of our tranche A and tranche B term loans and expenses associated with the refinancing of the remaining portion of our tranche B term loans. Additionally, this loss includes the write-off of the ratable portion of deferred loan costs and premiums paid associated with the partial repurchase and retirement of our outstanding senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures.

We recorded net income of \$65.0 million, \$1.80 per diluted share for 2002, as compared to \$11.4 million, or \$0.39 per diluted share for 2001. As a percentage of sales, net income for 2002 was 2.0%, as compared to 0.5% for 2001. The effect of the above merger and integration, non-recurring items and extraordinary item on net income is \$32.1 million, or \$0.88 per diluted share for 2002 and \$26.7 million, or \$0.92 per diluted share for 2001.

Fiscal 2001 Compared to Fiscal 2000

Net sales for 2001 were \$2,517.6 million, an increase of \$229.6 million, or 10.0%, over net sales for 2000. Net sales for the retail segment increased \$252.4 million, or 11.6%. The net sales increase for the retail segment was due to an increase in comparable store sales of 6.2%, sales from the recently acquired Discount stores and contributions from new stores opened within the last year. The comparable store sales increase of 6.2% was a result of growth in both the DIY and DIFM market segments, as well as the continued maturation of new stores. Net sales for the wholesale segment decreased \$22.8 million due to a decline in the number of dealer stores we serviced and lower average sales to each dealer.

During 2001, we opened 110 new stores (including the 30 net stores from the Carport acquisition in April 2001), relocated 18 stores and closed 24 stores. Additionally, we acquired 671 stores in the Discount acquisition in November 2001 and closed two of these stores in December 2001, bringing the total number of stores to 2,484. We increased the number of our stores participating in our commercial delivery program to 1,370, primarily as a result of adding 167 Discount stores with existing commercial delivery programs. Additionally, as of December 29, 2001, we

supplied approximately 470 independent dealers through the wholesale dealer network.

Gross profit for 2001 was \$1,066.9 million, or 42.4% of net sales, as compared to \$895.9 million, or 39.2% of net sales, in 2000. The change in accounting principle accounted for approximately 220 basis points of the increase with the remaining increase attributable to positive shifts in product mix. The fiscal 2001 \$8.3 million net gain recorded as a reduction to cost of sales during the first quarter of 2001, as a result of a vendor contract settlement, was equally offset by higher cost of sales during the last three quarters of 2001 as a result of the new supplier contract. Additionally, 2001 gross profit included a non-recurring charge of \$9.1 million, or 0.4% of sales, related to restocking and handling fees associated with the return of inventory as a result of supply chain initiatives. The gross profit for the retail segment was \$1,052.9 million, or 43.5% of net sales, for 2001, as compared to \$881.0 million, or 40.7% of net sales, in 2000.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$977.8 million, or 38.8% of net sales for 2001, from \$801.5 million, or 35.0% of net sales for 2000. Included in selling, general and administrative expenses are certain merger and integration expenses related to the integration of Discount of \$4.9 million for 2001. These integration expenses are related to, among other things, overlapping administrative functions and store conversions that have been expensed as incurred. The merger related restructuring charges primarily relate to lease costs associated with Advance Auto Parts stores in overlapping markets closed as a result of the Discount acquisition. Additionally, there are certain non-recurring expenses in 2001 as follows:

- \$1.4 million represents costs of relocating certain equipment held at facilities closed as a result of our supply chain initiatives
- \$10.7 million represented the devaluation of property held for sale
- \$8.6 million was related to stock option compensation charges resulting from the elimination of variable provisions in certain of our stock option plans

Excluding the effects of the above merger and integration and non-recurring expenses, the remaining increase consisted of 220 basis points related to the change in accounting principle, 55 basis points related to our increased investment in store staffing and retention initiatives, which were put in place in the third quarter of 2000, and 20 basis points related to higher insurance costs due to adverse changes in the insurance market.

Interest expense for 2001 was \$61.9 million, or 2.5% of net sales, as compared to \$66.6 million, or 2.9% of net sales, in 2000. The decrease in interest expense was a result of lower average outstanding borrowings and a decrease in average interest rates over 2000.

Our effective income tax rate was 39.7% of pre-tax income for 2001, as compared to 38.8% for 2000. This increase is a result of an increase in the amount of permanent differences between book and tax reporting treatment on total income tax expense.

We recorded an extraordinary loss on the extinguishment of debt during the fourth quarter of 2001. This loss is the result of the write-off of \$3.7 million, net of \$2.4 million income taxes of deferred debt issuance costs associated with refinancing our credit facility in connection with the Discount acquisition.

We also recorded a loss of \$2.1 million, net of \$1.4 million of income taxes, for the cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle during the fourth quarter of 2001. This change in accounting principle is a result of our change in accounting method related to certain cooperative advertising funds received from vendors. This change resulted in the reduction of the cost of inventory acquired from vendors and the resulting costs of sales.

We recorded net income of \$11.4 million, or \$0.39 per diluted share, for 2001, as compared to net income of \$19.6 million, or \$0.68 per diluted share, for 2000. We recorded certain merger and integration and non-recurring expenses in 2001, resulting in a net loss of \$0.92 per diluted share. As a percentage of sales, net income for fiscal 2001 was 0.5% as compared to 0.8% for 2000.

Quarterly Financial Results (16-Week Ended 4/21/01		12	2-Weeks Ended 7/14/01	13	2-Weeks Ended 10/6/01	1	2-Weeks Ended 12/29/01		6-Weeks Ended 4/20/02		2-Weeks Ended 7/13/02		2-Weeks Ended 10/5/02	1	-Weeks Ended 2/28/02
Gross profit	\$ 729,3 311,4		S	607,478 257,228	S	598,793 256,734	\$	582,009 241,515	\$	1,004,087 436,508	\$	792,717 349,014	\$	788,662 349,662	S	702,417 312,810
extraordinary items and cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	3,8	73		14,124		15,232		(16,040)		12,871		23,565		28,658		10,298
income taxes, respectively Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, net of				-		-		(3,682)		(775)		(7,624)		(295)		(1,679)
\$1,360 income taxes Net income (loss)	\$ 3,8	22	-\$	14,124	\$	15,232	<u> </u>	(2,065)	-\$	12,096	\$	15,941	-\$	28,363	-\$	8,619
ivet income (loss)	φ <u></u> <u> </u>		=	14,124	-	13,232	=	(21,767)	=	12,090		15,541	=	20,303	=	6,017
Basis earnings (loss) per common share: Before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle.	\$ 0.	14	\$	0.50	S	0.54	S	(0.54)	\$	0.38	\$	0.67	\$	0,80	\$	0.29
Extraordinary items, loss on debt extinguishment, net of \$2,424; \$491; \$4,834; \$187; and \$937 income taxes, respectively			•	-		-	•	(0.12)	*	(0.02)	ū	(0.22)		-	•	(0.05)
change in accounting principle, net of \$1,360 income taxes								(0.07)								
Net income (loss)	S 0.	14	\$	0.50	\$	0.54	S	(0.73)	\$	0.36	\$	0.45	\$	0.80	\$	0.24
Diluted earnings (loss) per common share: Before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of a change in accounting																
principle	\$ 0.	14	\$	0.49	\$	0.53	\$	(0.54)	\$	0.36	\$. 0.64	\$	0.77	\$	0.28
\$937 income taxes, respectively Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, net of \$1,360				-		-		(0.12)		(0.02)		(0.20)		-		(0.05)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

income taxes.....

At December 28, 2002, we had outstanding indebtedness consisting of \$87.8 million of senior discount debentures, \$314.9 million of senior subordinated notes and borrowings of \$331.1 million under our senior credit facility. Additionally, we had borrowed \$1.7 million under our revolving credit facility and had \$17.1 million in letters of credit outstanding, which reduced our availability under the revolving credit facility to \$141.2 million.

Our primary capital requirements have been the funding of our continued store expansion program, including new store openings and store acquisitions, store relocations and remodels, inventory requirements, the construction and upgrading of distribution centers, the development and implementation of proprietary information systems and our strategic acquisitions. We have financed our growth through a combination of cash generated from operations, borrowings under the credit facility and issuances of equity.

Our new stores, if leased, require capital expenditures of approximately \$120,000 per store and an inventory investment of approximately \$150,000 per store, net of vendor payables. A portion of the inventory investment is held at a distribution facility. Pre-opening expenses, consisting primarily of store set-up costs and training of new store team members, average approximately \$25,000 per store and are expensed when incurred.

Our future capital requirements will depend on the number of new stores we open or acquire and the timing of

those openings or acquisitions within a given year. We opened 110 new stores during each of 2002 and 2001 (including stores acquired in the Trak and Carport acquisitions, but excluding stores acquired in the Discount acquisition). In addition, we anticipate adding approximately 125 new stores during 2003 through new store openings and selective acquisitions.

Historically, we have negotiated extended payment terms from suppliers that help finance inventory growth, and we believe that we will be able to continue financing much of our inventory growth through such extended payment terms. We anticipate that inventory levels will continue to increase primarily as a result of new store openings.

Our capital expenditures were \$98.2 million in 2002 (excluding consideration paid in the Trak acquisition). These amounts related to the new store openings, the upgrade of our information systems (including our new point-of-sale and electronic parts catalog system) and remodels and relocations of existing stores, including our conversion of Discount stores. In 2003, we anticipate that our capital expenditures will be approximately \$95.0 million, of which approximately \$12.0 million will involve the continued conversion of stores associated with the Discount acquisition.

As part of normal operations, we continually monitor store performance, which results in our closing or relocating certain store locations that do not meet profitability objectives. During 2002, we closed or relocated 11 of the 12 stores identified in 2001 as not meeting profitability objectives and decided to close or relocate 57 additional stores that did not meet profitability objectives, 36 of which were closed or relocated at December 28, 2002. In addition, as part of our integration of Discount, we have closed 133 Advance Auto Parts and Discount stores that were in overlapping markets.

Our recent acquisitions have resulted in restructuring reserves recorded in purchase accounting for the closure of certain stores, severance and relocation costs and other facility exit costs. In addition, we assumed certain restructuring and deferred compensation liabilities previously recorded by Western and Discount. At December 28, 2002, the restructuring reserves had a remaining balance of \$13.2 million, of which \$6.0 million is recorded as a current liability. Additionally, at December 28, 2002, the total liability for the deferred compensation plans was \$3.9 million, of which \$1.6 million, is recorded as a current liability. The classification for deferred compensation is determined by payment terms elected by plan participants, primarily former Western team members, which can be changed upon 12 months' notice. These reserves are utilized through the settlement of the corresponding liabilities with cash provided by operations and therefore do not affect our consolidated statement of operations.

We provide certain health care and life insurance benefits for eligible retired team members through our postretirement plan. At December 28, 2002, our accrued benefit cost related to this plan was \$19.1 million. The plan has no assets and is funded on a cash basis as benefits are paid/incurred. The discount rate that we utilize for determining our postretirement benefit obligation is actuarily determined. The discount rate utilized at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001 was 6.75% and 7.50%, respectively. We reserve the right to change or terminate the benefits or contributions at any time. We also continue to evaluate ways in which we can better manage these benefits and control costs. Any changes in the plan or revisions to assumptions that affect the amount of expected future benefits may have a significant impact on the amount of the reported obligation and annual expense. Effective December 2002, we amended our plan to only include benefits for team members who are eligible at January 1, 2005. This negative plan amendment resulted in a curtailment gain of \$2.9 million which will be amortized over 12 years to offset corresponding increases in health care cost trends.

We expect that funds provided from operations and available borrowings of approximately \$141.2 million under our revolving credit facility at December 28, 2002, will provide sufficient funds to operate our business, make expected capital expenditures of approximately \$95.0 million in 2003, finance our restructuring activities and fund future debt service on our senior subordinated notes, our senior discount debentures and our credit facility over the next 12 months. We recently announced our intention to redeem all our currently outstanding senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures on April 15, 2003. The capital requirements to complete this retirement will be funded by incremental borrowings of \$350 million under our amended senior credit facility and cash flow from operations during our first quarter of fiscal 2003. In connection with the redemption and incremental borrowings, we expect to pay cash call premiums and refinancing expenses of approximately \$27 million and unamortized discounts of approximately \$10 million.

For 2002, net cash provided by operating activities was \$243.0 million. Of this amount, \$65.0 million was provided by net income and \$9.4 million was provided as a result of a net decrease in working capital and other long-term assets and liabilities. Significant non-cash items added back for operating cash purposes include depreciation and amortization of \$94.1 million, amortization of bond discounts and deferred debt issuance costs of \$16.6 million and provision for deferred income taxes of \$57.9 million. Net cash used for investing activities was \$78.0 million and was comprised primarily of capital expenditures. Net cash used in financing activities was \$169.2 million and was comprised primarily of \$223.3 million in net payments on the credit facility and payments to repurchase and retire outstanding bonds and a decrease in bank overdrafts of \$33.9 million, all offset by \$88.7 million in net proceeds from our equity offering in March 2002, and \$17.4 million in proceeds from team member exercises of stock options. Additionally, in November 2002, we repurchased the entire \$10 million of indebtedness under the industrial development revenue bonds.

In 2001, net cash provided by operating activities was \$103.5 million. This amount consisted of an \$11.4 million in net income, depreciation and amortization of \$71.2 million, amortization of deferred debt issuance costs and bond discount of \$14.6 million, impairment of assets held for sale of \$12.3 million, amortization of stock option compensation of \$11.7 million and an increase of \$17.7 million of net working capital and other operating activities. Net cash used for investing activities was \$451.0 million and was comprised primarily of capital expenditures of \$63.7 million and cash consideration of \$390.0 million in the Discount and Carport mergers. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$347.6 million and was comprised primarily of net borrowings and issuance of equity.

In 2000, net cash provided by operating activities was \$104.0 million. This amount consisted of \$19.6 million in net income, depreciation and amortization of \$66.8 million, amortization of deferred debt issuance costs and bond discount of \$13.1 million and a decrease of \$4.5 million in net working capital and other operating activities. Net cash used for investing activities was \$65.0 million and was comprised primarily of capital expenditures. Net cash used in financing activities was \$43.6 million and was comprised primarily of net repayments of long-term debts.

Our future contractual obligations related to long-term debt and operating leases at December 28, 2002 were as follows:

Contractual Obligations at December 28, 2002	Total	Fiscal	Fiscal	Fiscal 2005	Fiscal 2006	Fiscal 2007	Thereafter
Long-term debt ⁽¹⁾ Operating leases		\$ 10,690 \$152,241	\$ 27,033 \$138,686	\$ 29,869 \$118,619	\$ 31,569 \$ 99,984	\$233,627 \$ 85,714	\$ 416,865 \$ 349,196

(1) Long-term debt includes the fully accreted senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures.

Long Term Debt

Senior Credit Facility. In July 2002, we amended and restated our senior credit facility to take advantage of lower prevailing interest rates and more favorable terms. In connection with the amendment and the restatement, we paid a portion of our tranche A and tranche B term loans and refinanced of our tranche B term loans with a tranche C term loan facility. Our credit facility, as amended and restated in July 2002, consists of (1) a tranche A term loan facility with a balance of approximately \$83.0 million at December 28, 2002 and a tranche C term loan facility with a balance of approximately \$248.1 million at December 28, 2002, and (2) a \$160 million revolving credit facility (including a letter of credit subfacility) (of which \$141.2 million was available at December 28, 2002). The credit facility is jointly and severally guaranteed by all of our domestic subsidiaries (including Discount and its subsidiaries) and is secured by all of our assets and the assets of our existing and future domestic subsidiaries (including Discount and its subsidiaries).

The tranche A term loan facility matures on November 30, 2006 and currently provides for amortization of \$1.4 million on May 31, 2003, \$7.2 million on November 30, 2003, \$11.4 million in May and November 2004 and \$12.9 million each May and November in 2005 and 2006 through maturity on November 30, 2006. The tranche C term loan facility matures on November 30, 2007 and amortizes in semi-annual installments of \$2.1 million for four

years commencing on November 30, 2003, with a final payment of \$231.6 million due in November 2007. The revolving credit facility matures on November 30, 2006.

In March 2003, we amended and restated our senior credit facility to add incremental facilities of \$350 million in the form of a tranche A-1 term loan facility of \$75 million and a tranche C-1 term loan facility of \$275 million. The tranche A-1 term loan facility matures on November 30, 2006 and currently provides for amortization of \$1.3 million on May 31, 2003, \$6.5 million on November 30, 2003, \$10.4 million in May and November 2004 and \$11.6 million each May and November in 2005 and 2006 through maturity on November 30, 2006. The tranche C-1 term loan facility matures on November 30, 2007 and amortizes in semi-annual installments of \$2.3 million for the four years commencing on November 30, 2003, with a final payment of \$256.6 million due in November 2007. The amendment also modifies certain financial covenants and the existing pricing grid. The incremental facilities will be used to redeem all of our currently outstanding senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures.

The interest rates on the tranche A and A-1 term loan facilities, the revolving credit facility and the tranche C and C-1 term loan facilities are based, at our option, on either an adjusted LIBOR rate, plus a margin, or an alternate base rate, plus a margin. Under our senior credit facility as amended in March 2003, until our delivery of our financial statements for our third fiscal quarter ending on October 4, 2003, the initial margins for the tranche A and A-1 term loan facilities, the tranche C and C-1 term loan facilities and the revolving facility are 2.75% and 1.75% per annum for the adjusted LIBOR rate and alternate base rate borrowings, respectively. The margins subsequent to such date will be determined by a pricing grid based on our leverage ratio at that time. If our leverage ratio reduces to greater than or equal to 1.50 to 1.00 and less than 2.00 to 1.00, the margin applicable to each of the facilities will step down to a LIBOR spread of 2.50% per annum and down to 2.25% per annum if we achieve a leverage ratio of less than 1.50 to 1.00.

A commitment fee of 0.500% per annum is charged on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility, payable quarterly in arrears. The commitment fee applicable to the revolving credit facility will be reduced to 0.375% per annum at such time after delivering our third quarter financial statements to the banks' administrative agent if our leverage ratio reduces to less than 2.00 to 1.00. Borrowings under the credit facility are required to be prepaid, subject to certain exceptions, in certain circumstances.

The credit facility contains covenants restricting our ability and the ability of our subsidiaries to, among others things, (i) pay cash dividends on any class of capital stock or make any payment to purchase, redeem, retire, acquire, cancel or terminate capital stock, (ii) prepay, redeem, retire, acquire, cancel or terminate debt, (iii) incur liens or engage in sale-leaseback transactions, (iv) make loans, investments, advances or guarantees, (v) incur additional debt (including hedging arrangements), (vi) make capital expenditures, (vii) engage in mergers, acquisitions and asset sales, (viii) engage in transactions with affiliates, (ix) enter into any agreement which restricts the ability to create liens on property or assets or the ability of subsidiaries to pay dividends or make payments on advances or loans to subsidiaries, (x) change the nature of the business conducted by us and our subsidiaries, (xi) change our passive holding company status and (xii) amend existing debt agreements or our certificate of incorporation, by-laws or other organizational documents. We are also required to comply with financial covenants in the credit facility with respect to (a) limits on annual aggregate capital expenditures, (b) a maximum leverage ratio, (c) a minimum interest coverage ratio and (d) a ratio of current assets to funded senior debt. We were in compliance with the above covenants under the credit facility at December 28, 2002.

Senior Subordinated Notes. On October 31, 2001, in connection with the Discount acquisition, we sold an additional \$200.0 million in senior subordinated notes at an issue price of 92.802%, yielding gross proceeds of approximately \$185.6 million, the accreted value of which was \$163.5 million at December 28, 2002. These senior subordinated notes were in addition to the \$200.0 million face amount of existing senior subordinated notes that we issued in connection with the recapitalization in April 1998, of which \$151.5 million was outstanding at December 28, 2002. All of the notes mature on April 15, 2008 and bear interest at 10.25%, payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15. The notes are fully and unconditionally guaranteed on an unsecured senior subordinated basis by each of our existing and future restricted subsidiaries that guarantees any indebtedness of us or any restricted subsidiary. The notes are redeemable at our option, in whole or in part, at any time on or after April 15, 2003, in cash at certain redemption prices plus accrued and unpaid interest and liquidating damages, if any, at the redemption date. The indentures governing the notes also contain certain covenants that limit, among other things, our and our subsidiaries' ability to incur additional indebtedness and issue preferred stock, pay dividends or make certain other

distributions, make certain investments, repurchase stock and certain indebtedness, create or incur liens, engage in transactions with affiliates, enter into new businesses, sell stock of restricted subsidiaries, redeem subordinated debt, sell assets, enter into any agreements that restrict dividends from restricted subsidiaries and enter into certain mergers or consolidations.

Senior Discount Debentures. In April 1998, in connection with the recapitalization, we issued \$112.0 million in face amount of senior discount debentures. The debentures mature on April 15, 2009, accrete at a rate of 12.875%, compounded semi-annually, to an aggregate principal amount of \$112.0 million by April 15, 2003. At December 28, 2002, \$87.8 million principal amount was outstanding. After April 15, 2003, these debentures are redeemable, at our option, in whole or in part, in cash at certain redemption prices plus accrued and unpaid interest and liquidating damages, if any, at the redemption date. Commencing April 15, 2003, cash interest on the debentures will accrue and be payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 at a rate of 12.875% per annum. The indenture governing the debentures contains certain covenants that, among other things, limit our ability and the ability of our restricted subsidiaries to incur indebtedness and issue preferred stock, repurchase stock and certain indebtedness, engage in transactions with affiliates, create or incur certain liens, pay dividends or certain other distributions, make certain investments, enter into new businesses, sell stock of restricted subsidiaries, sell assets and engage in certain mergers and consolidations.

Redemption of Indebtedness. On March 14, 2003, we called for redemption on April 15, 2003 all of our senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures. These redemptions will be funded with borrowings under our amended senior credit facility and cash on hand.

Seasonality

Our business is somewhat seasonal in nature, with the highest sales occurring in the spring and summer months. In addition, our business can be affected by weather conditions. While unusually heavy precipitation tends to soften sales as elective maintenance is deferred during such periods, extremely hot or cold weather tends to enhance sales by causing automotive parts to fail.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," SFAS No. 141 addresses accounting and reporting for all business combinations and requires the use of the purchase method for business combinations. SFAS No. 141 also requires recognition of intangible assets apart from goodwill if they meet certain criteria. SFAS No. 142 establishes accounting and reporting standards for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives are no longer amortized but are instead subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair-value based test. SFAS No. 141 applies to all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 is effective for existing goodwill and intangible assets beginning as of December 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 is effective immediately for goodwill and intangibles acquired after June 30, 2001. For fiscal year 2001, we had amortization expense of approximately \$444 related to existing goodwill of \$3,251 at December 29, 2001. Such amortization has been eliminated upon adoption of SFAS No. 142. We implemented SFAS No. 142 during the first quarter of 2002. The implementation had no material impact on our financial position or the results of our operations.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, or SFAS, No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 establishes accounting standards for recognition and measurement of an asset retirement obligation and an associated asset retirement cost. This statement applies to all entities that have legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets that result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal use of the assets and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. We do not expect SFAS No. 143 to have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In August 2001, the FASB also issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment and Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." This statement replaces both SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of" and Accounting Principles Board, or APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations—Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." SFAS No. 144 retains the basic provisions from both SFAS No. 121 and APB No. 30 but includes changes to improve financial reporting and comparability among entities. The provisions of SFAS No. 144 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. We adopted SFAS No. 144 during the first quarter of fiscal 2002 with no material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In April 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13 and Technical Corrections." As a result of rescinding FASB Statement No. 4, "Reporting Gains Losses from Extinguishment of Debt," gains and losses from extinguishment of debt should be classified as extraordinary items only if they meet the criteria in APB No. 30. This statement also amends FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," to eliminate an inconsistency between the required accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and the required accounting for certain lease modifications that have economic effects that are similar to sale-leaseback transactions. Additional amendments include changes to other existing authoritative pronouncements to make various technical corrections, clarify meanings or describe their applicability under changed conditions. We will adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 145 during the first quarter of fiscal 2003. For 2002, we recorded an extraordinary loss on the extinguishment of debt, net of tax, of \$10.4 million. Accordingly, reclassifications of this loss to income from continuing operations will be made throughout fiscal 2003 to maintain comparability for the reported periods.

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Cost Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." This statement nullifies Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)." This statement requires that a liability for costs associated with an exit or disposal activity be recognized when the liability is incurred instead of at the date an entity commits to an exit plan. The statement is effective for exit and disposal activities entered into after December 31, 2002. We do not expect adopting this statement will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In September 2002 (as subsequently updated in November), the FASB released EITF Issue No. 02-16, "Accounting by a Reseller for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor." This EITF addresses how a reseller should account for consideration received from a vendor since EITF Issue No. 01-9, "Accounting for Consideration Given by a Vendor to a Customer" only addresses the accounting treatment from the vendor's perspective. The consensus is that cash received from a vendor is presumed to be a reduction of the vendor's products or services and should, therefore, be characterized as a reduction in the cost of sales when recognized in the customer's income statement, unless a reimbursement of costs is incurred by the customer to sell the vendor's products, in which case the cash consideration should be characterized as a reduction of that cost when recognized in the customer's income statement. Additionally, any rebate or refund should also be recognized as a reduction of the cost of sales based on a systematic and rational allocation. The release is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2002. We believe our current accounting policy for vendor incentives meets the requirements of this EITF and therefore we do not expect adopting this release will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation – Transition and Disclosure an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123." This statement amends SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" to allow for alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock issued to team members. This statement also amends FASB No. 123 to require disclosure of the accounting method used for valuation in both annual and interim financial statements. This statement permits an entity to recognize compensation expense under the prospective method, modified prospective method or the retroactive restatement method. If an entity elects to adopt this statement, fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2003 must include this change in accounting for stock-based team member compensation. We are currently evaluating the effect of voluntarily adopting the fair value provisions of SFAS No. 123 and will elect a transition method if the fair value method is adopted.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others." This interpretation sets

forth expanded disclosure requirements in the financial statements about a guarantor's obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also clarifies that, under certain circumstances, a guarantor is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of the obligation at the inception of the guarantee. Certain types of guarantees, such as product warranties, guarantees accounted for as derivatives, and guarantees related to parent-subsidiary relationships are excluded from the liability recognition provisions of Interpretation No. 45, however, they are subject to the disclosure requirements. The initial liability recognition provisions are applicable on a prospective basis to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The disclosure requirements of Interpretation No. 45 are effective for financial statements for interim or annual periods ending after December 15, 2002. We have no guarantees of third party indebtedness and do not believe the adoption of these new rules will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities," an interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements." Interpretation No. 46 prescribes how to identify variable interest entities and how an enterprise assesses its interests in a variable interest entity to decide whether to consolidate that entity. This interpretation requires existing unconsolidated variable interest entities to be consolidated by their primary beneficiaries if the entities do not effectively disperse risks among parties involved. Interpretation No. 46 is effective immediately for variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and to variable interest entities in which an enterprise obtains an interest after that date. The interpretation applies in the first fiscal year or interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, to variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003. We do not have interests in variable interest entities and do not believe the adoption of Interpretation No. 46 will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

Risk Factors

Risks Relating to Our Business

We will not be able to expand our business if our growth strategy is not successful.

We have increased our store count significantly from 1,567 stores at the end of 1998 to 2,435 stores at December 28, 2002. We intend to continue to expand our base of stores as part of our growth strategy, primarily by opening new stores. There can be no assurance that this strategy will be successful. The actual number of new stores to be opened and their success will depend on a number of factors, including, among other things, our ability to manage the expansion and hire, train and retain qualified sales associates, the availability of potential store locations in highly visible, well-trafficked areas and the negotiation of acceptable lease terms for new locations. There can be no assurance that we will be able to open and operate new stores on a timely or profitable basis or that opening new stores in markets we already serve will not harm existing store profitability or comparable store sales. The newly opened and existing stores' profitability will depend on our ability to properly merchandise, market and price the products required in their respective markets.

Furthermore, we may acquire or try to acquire stores or businesses from, make investments in, or enter into strategic alliances with, companies that have stores or distribution networks in our current markets or in areas into which we intend to expand our presence. Any future acquisitions, investments, strategic alliances or related efforts will be accompanied by risks, including:

- . the difficulty of identifying appropriate acquisition candidates;
- . the difficulty of assimilating and integrating the operations of the respective entities;
- . the potential disruption to our ongoing business and diversion of our management's attention;
- . the inability to maintain uniform standards, controls, procedures and policies; and
- . the impairment of relationships with team members and customers as a result of changes in management.

We cannot assure you that we will be successful in overcoming these risks or any other problems encountered with these acquisitions, investments, strategic alliances or related efforts.

We may not be able to successfully implement our business strategy, including increasing comparable store

sales, enhancing our margins and increasing our return on capital, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We have implemented numerous initiatives to increase comparable store sales, enhance our margins and increase our return on capital in order to increase our earnings and cash flow. If these initiatives are unsuccessful, or if we are unable to implement the initiatives efficiently and effectively, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

Successful implementation of our growth strategy also depends on factors specific to the retail automotive parts industry and numerous other factors that may be beyond our control. These include adverse changes in:

- . general economic conditions and conditions in local markets, which could reduce our sales;
- . the competitive environment in the automotive aftermarket parts and accessories retail sector that may force us to reduce prices or increase spending;
- . the automotive aftermarket parts manufacturing industry, such as consolidation, which may disrupt or sever one or more of our vendor relationships;
- . our ability to anticipate and meet changes in consumer preferences for automotive products, accessories and services in a timely manner; and
- . our continued ability to hire and retain qualified personnel, which depends in part on the types of recruiting, training and benefit programs we adopt.

Disruptions in our relationships with vendors or in our vendors' operations could increase our cost of goods sold.

Our business depends on developing and maintaining close relationships with our vendors and upon the vendors' ability or willingness to sell quality products to us at favorable prices and other terms. Many factors outside of our control may harm these relationships and the ability or willingness of these vendors to sell us products on favorable terms. For example, financial or operational difficulties that some of our vendors may face may increase the cost of the products we purchase from them. In addition, the trend towards consolidation among automotive parts suppliers may disrupt or sever our relationship with some vendors, and could lead to less competition and, consequently, higher prices.

If demand for products sold by our stores slows, our business, financial condition and results of operations will suffer.

Demand for products sold by our stores depends on many factors and may slow for a number of reasons, including:

- . the weather, as vehicle maintenance may be deferred during periods of inclement weather; and
- the economy, as during periods of good economic conditions, more of our DIY customers may pay others to repair and maintain their cars instead of working on their own cars. In periods of declining economic conditions, both DIY and DIFM customers may defer vehicle maintenance or repair.

If any of these factors cause demand for the products we sell to decline, our business, financial condition and results of operations will suffer.

We depend on the services of our existing management team and may not be able to attract and retain additional qualified management personnel.

Our success depends to a significant extent on the continued services and experience of our executive officers and senior management team. If for any reason our senior executives do not continue to be active in management, our business could suffer. We have entered into employment agreements with some of our executive officers and senior management; however, these agreements do not ensure their continued employment with us. Additionally, we cannot assure you that we will be able to attract and retain additional qualified senior executives as needed in the future, which could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

If we are unable to compete successfully against other companies in the retail automotive parts industry, we could lose customers and our revenues may decline.

The retail sale of automotive parts, accessories and maintenance items is highly competitive in many areas, including price, name recognition, customer service and location. We compete primarily with national and regional retail automotive parts chains, wholesalers or jobber stores, independent operators, automobile dealers that supply parts, discount stores and mass merchandisers that carry automotive replacement parts, accessories and maintenance items. Some of our competitors possess advantages over us, including substantially greater financial and marketing resources, a larger number of stores, longer operating histories, greater name recognition, larger and more established customer bases and more established vendor relationships. Our response to these competitive disadvantages may require us to reduce our prices or increase our spending, which would lower revenue and profitability. Competitive disadvantages may also prevent us from introducing new product lines or require us to discontinue current product offerings or change some of our current operating strategies. If we do not have the resources or expertise or otherwise fail to develop successful strategies to address these competitive disadvantages, we could lose customers and our revenues may decline.

Because we are involved in litigation from time to time, and are subject to numerous governmental laws and regulations, we could incur substantial judgments, fines, legal fees and other costs.

We are sometimes the subject of complaints or litigation from customers, employees or other third parties for various actions. In particular, we are currently involved in litigation involving claims relating to, among other things, breach of contract, anti-competitive behavior, tortious conduct, employment discrimination, asbestos exposure and product defect. The damages sought against us in some of these litigation proceedings are substantial. Although we maintain liability insurance for some litigation claims, if one or more of the claims greatly exceeds our coverage limits or our insurance policies do not cover a claim, it could have a material adverse affect on our business and operating results.

Additionally, we are subject to numerous federal, state and local governmental laws and regulations relating to employment matters, environmental protection and building and zoning requirements. If we fail to comply with existing or future laws or regulations, we may be subject to governmental or judicial fines or sanctions. In addition, our capital expenses could increase due to remediation measures that may be required if we are found to be noncompliant with any of these or future laws or regulations.

We may not be able to successfully complete the integration of Discount, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We acquired Discount to capitalize on its leading market position in Florida, to increase our store base in our Southeastern markets and to create the opportunity for potential cost savings through operational synergies. Achieving the expected benefits of the Discount acquisition will depend in large part on our completion of the integration of Discount's operations and personnel in a timely and efficient manner. Some of the objectives we still need to accomplish include:

- . successfully converting Discount's operations in the state of Florida to our information and accounting systems;
- . converting the Lakeland distribution center to our Distribution Center Management System;
- . successfully completing the format and signage conversion of Discount stores to "Advance Discount Auto Parts stores" in the Florida market; and
- . transitioning customer awareness and loyalty to new store formats and merchandising strategy.

If we cannot successfully complete the integration of Discount, our ability to manage Discount's business effectively and profitably could suffer. In addition, key team members may leave and customer service standards could deteriorate. Moreover, the integration process itself may be disruptive to our business and Discount's business as it will divert the attention of management from its normal operational responsibilities and duties. Our failure to successfully complete the integration of Discount could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks Relating to Our Financial Condition

Our level of debt and restrictions in our debt instruments may limit our ability to take certain actions, including obtaining additional financing in the future, that we would otherwise consider in our best interest.

We currently have a significant amount of debt. At December 28, 2002, we had total debt of approximately \$735.5 million. Our high level of debt could have important consequences to you. For example, it could:

- . impair our ability to implement our growth strategy;
- . impair our ability to obtain additional financing, if needed, for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions or other purposes in the future;
- . place us at a disadvantage compared to competitors that have less debt;
- . restrict our ability to adjust rapidly to changing market conditions;
- . increase our vulnerability to adverse economic, industry and business conditions; or
- . cause our interest expense to increase if interest rates in general were to increase because a portion of our indebtedness bears interest at a floating rate.

Our ability to service our debt will require a significant amount of cash and our operations may not generate the amount of cash we need.

We will need a significant amount of cash to service our debt. Our ability to generate cash depends on our successful financial and operating performance. We cannot assure you that we will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that we will be able to obtain sufficient funding to satisfy all of our obligations. Our financial and operational performance also depends upon a number of other factors, many of which are beyond our control. These factors include:

- . economic and competitive conditions in the automotive aftermarket industry; and
- . operating difficulties, operating costs or pricing pressures we may experience.

If we are unable to service our debt, we will be required to pursue one or more alternative strategies, such as selling assets, refinancing or restructuring our debt or raising additional equity capital. However, we cannot assure you that any alternative strategies will be feasible or prove adequate. Also, some alternative strategies would require the consent of at least a majority in interest of the lenders under our senior credit facility, the holders of our senior subordinated notes and the holders of our senior discount debentures, and we can provide no assurances that we would be able to obtain this consent. If we are unable to meet our debt service obligations and alternative strategies are unsuccessful or unavailable, our lenders would be entitled to exercise various remedies, including foreclosing on our assets. Under those circumstances, our investors may lose all or a portion of their investments.

The covenants governing our debt impose significant restrictions on us.

The terms of our amended senior credit facility and the indentures for our senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures impose significant operating and financial restrictions on us and our subsidiaries and require us to meet certain financial tests. These restrictions may also have a negative impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations by significantly limiting or prohibiting us from engaging in certain transactions, including:

- . incurring or guaranteeing additional indebtedness;
- . paying dividends or making distributions or certain other restricted payments;

- . making capital expenditures and other investments;
- . creating liens on our assets;
- . issuing or selling capital stock of our subsidiaries;
- . transferring or selling assets currently held by us;
- . repurchasing stock and certain indebtedness;
- . engaging in transactions with affiliates;
- . entering into any agreements that restrict dividends from our subsidiaries; and
- . engaging in mergers or consolidations.

The failure to comply with any of these covenants would cause a default under our indentures and other debt agreements. Furthermore, our senior credit facility contains certain financial covenants, including establishing a maximum leverage ratio and requiring us to maintain a minimum interest coverage ratio and a funded senior debt to current assets ratio, which, if not maintained by us, will cause us to be in default under our senior credit facility. Any of these defaults, if not waived, could result in the acceleration of all of our debt, in which case the debt would become immediately due and payable. If this occurs, we may not be able to repay our debt or borrow sufficient funds to refinance it. Even if new financing were available, it may not be on terms that are acceptable to us.

Item 7a. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risks.

We are exposed to cash flow risk due to changes in interest rates with respect to our long-term debt. While we cannot predict the impact interest rate movements will have on our debt, exposure to rate changes is managed through the use of fixed and variable rate debt. Our fixed rate debt consists primarily of outstanding balances on our senior discount debentures and senior subordinated notes. Our variable rate debt relates to borrowings under our senior credit facility. Our variable rate debt is primarily vulnerable to movements in the LIBOR, Prime, Federal Funds and Base CD rates.

Our future exposure to interest rate risk decreased during 2002 due to decreased interest rates and reduced variable rate debt. Additionally, during 2002, we entered into a hedge agreement in the form of a zero-cost collar, which will protect against interest rate fluctuations in the LIBOR rate on \$150 million of our variable rate debt. The collar consists of an interest rate ceiling of 4.5% and an interest rate floor of 1.56% for a term of twenty-four months. Under this hedge agreement, we continue to pay interest at prevailing rates plus any spread, as defined by our credit facility, but are reimbursed for any amounts paid on the LIBOR rate in excess of the ceiling. Accordingly, we are required to pay the financial institution that originated the collar if the LIBOR rate is less than the 1.56% floor.

In March 2003 and in conjunction with the restatement and amending of our senior credit facility, we entered into two interest rate swap agreements on an aggregate of \$125 million of our variable rate debt. The first swap allows us to fix our LIBOR rate at 2.269% thereby limiting our cash flow risk on \$75 million of debt for a term of 36 months. The remaining swap allows us to fix our LIBOR rate at 1.79% limiting our cash flow risk on an additional \$50 million of debt for a term of 24 months.

The table below presents principal cash flows and related weighted average interest rates on long-term debt we had outstanding at December 28, 2002, by expected maturity dates. Expected maturity dates approximate contract terms. Fair values included herein have been determined based on quoted market prices. Weighted average variable rates are based on implied forward rates in the yield curve at December 28, 2002. Implied forward rates should not be considered a predictor of actual future interest rates.

	Fiscal 2003		Fiscal 2004		Fiscal 2005	TOTAL PROPERTY.	Fiscal 2006		Fiscal 2007	T	hereafter	Total	I	Fair Market Value
Long-term debt:						(dollars in i	hou	sands)					
Fixed rate	\$ -	\$		-	\$ =	\$	-	\$	-	\$	416,865	\$ 416,865	\$	435,240
Weighted average														
interest rate	-			-	=		=		-		10.8%	10.8%		
Variable rate	\$ 10,690	\$	27,0	33	\$ 29,869	\$	31,569	\$	233,627	\$	-	\$ 332,788	\$	332,788
Weighted average														
interest rate	3.8%)	4.	7%	6.0%		6.7%		7.2%		-	5.3%		

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

See financial statements included in "Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K."

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

On April 3, 2002, based on the recommendations of our audit committee, we dismissed Arthur Andersen LLP and selected Deloitte & Touche LLP as our independent public accountants for 2002. For additional information regarding the dismissal, refer to our current report on Form 8-K dated April 5, 2002 (as amended by the Form 8-K/A filed on April 16, 2002).

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant.

See the information set forth in the sections entitled "Proposal No. 1 –Election of Directors" and "Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance" in our Proxy Statement for the 2003 annual meeting of stockholders, the 2002 Proxy Statement, to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year ended December 28, 2002, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

See the information set forth in the section entitled "Executive Compensation" in the 2003 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

See the information set forth in the section entitled "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management" in the 2003 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.

See the information set forth in the sections entitled "Related-Party Transactions" and "Proposal No. 1 –Election of Directors –Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation" in the 2003 Proxy Statement, which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Controls and Procedures.

Within 90 days prior to the date of this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required in our periodic reports to the Securities and Exchange Commission is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in a timely and accurate manner. Subsequent to the date of their evaluation, there were no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect the disclosure controls, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses. It should be noted that the design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K.

(a)(1) Financial Statements

The exhibits listed on the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed as exhibits to this report or incorporated by reference herein.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K

(i) We filed a current report on Form 8-K on November 22, 2002, announcing that Deloitte & Touche LLP had completed an audit of our consolidated financial statements as of October 5, 2002 and for the forty weeks then ended in connection with our offering of common stock. The audited consolidated financial statements were incorporated by reference and filed as Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit

Number Description

- 2.1(1) Merger Agreement dated as of March 4, 1998 among AHC Corporation and Advance Holding Corporation ("Advance Holding") with FS Equity Partners III, L.P., FS Equity Partners IV, L.P. ("FSEP IV"), and FS Equity Partners International, L.P.
- 2.2(3) Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of August 16, 1998 among Sears, Roebuck and Co., Western Auto Holding Co., Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, Advance Stores Company, Incorporated ("Advance Stores"), Western Auto Supply Company, Advance Acquisition Corporation and the stockholders of Advance listed on the signature pages thereto.
- 2.3(5) Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of August 7, 2001 among Advance Holding Corporation, Advance Auto, AAP Acquisition Corporation, Advance Stores and Discount Auto Parts, Inc. (schedules and exhibits omitted).
- 2.4(5) Agreement and Plan of Merger dated as of August 7, 2001 among Advance Holding and Advance.
- 2.5(7) Form of Articles of Merger of AAP Acquisition Corporation into Discount Auto Parts, Inc. and related Plan of Merger.
- 3.1(6) Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Advance Auto.
- 3.2(6) Bylaws of Advance Auto.
- 4.1(1) Indenture dated as of April 15, 1998 between Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, and United States Trust Company of New York, as trustee, with respect to the 12.875% Senior Discount Debentures due 2009 (including the form of 12.875% Senior Discount Debenture due 2009).
- 4.2(10) Amended and Restated Stockholders' Agreement dated as of November 2, 1998, as amended, among FS Equity Partners IV, L.P., Ripplewood Partners, L.P., Ripplewood Advance Auto Parts Employee Fund I L.L.C., Nicholas F. Taubman, Arthur Taubman Trust dated July 13, 1964, WA Holding Co. and Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding (including the Terms of the Registration Rights of the Common Stock).
- 4.3(2) Indenture dated as of April 15, 1998 among Advance Stores, LARALEV, INC., as guarantor, and The Bank of New York, as successor to the corporate trust business of United States Trust Company of New York, as trustee, with respect to the 10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008 (including the form of 10.25% Senior Subordinated Note due 2008).
- 4.4(5) Supplemental Indenture dated as of November 2, 1998 between Western Auto Supply Company and The Bank of New York, as successor to the corporate trust business of United States Trust Company of New York, as trustee, with respect to the 10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.
- 4.5(7) Indenture dated as of October 31, 2001 among Advance Stores, Advance Trucking Corporation, LARALEV, INC., Western Auto Supply Company and The Bank of New York, as trustee, with Respect to the 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008 (including the form of 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Note due 2008).
- 4.6(7) Exchange and Registration Rights Agreement dated as of October 31, 2001 among Advance Stores, Advance Trucking Corporation, LARALEV, INC., Western Auto Supply Company, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation and Lehman Brothers Inc.
- 4.7(7) Registration Rights Agreement dated as of October 31, 2001 among Advance Stores, Advance Trucking Corporation, LARALEV, INC., Western Auto Supply Company, Mozart Investments Inc. and Mozart One L.L.C.
- 4.8(8) Supplemental Indenture dated as of November 28, 2001 by and between Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, and the Bank of New York, as successor to the corporate trust business of United States Trust Company of New York, as trustee, with respect to the 12.875% Senior Discount Debentures due 2009.
- 4.9(8) Second Supplemental Indenture dated as of June 30, 1999, by and between Advance Trucking Corporation and The Bank of New York, as successor in interest to the corporate trust business of United States Trust Company of New York, with respect to the 10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.

Exhibit

Number Description

- 4.10(8) Third Supplemental Indenture dated as of November 28, 2001 by and among Discount, DAP Acceptance Corporation, Western Auto of Puerto Rico, Inc., Western Auto of St. Thomas, Inc., WASCO Insurance Agency, Inc., Advance Merchandising Company, Inc., Advance Aircraft Company, Inc., and The Bank of New York, as successor to the corporate trust business of United States Trust Company of New York, as trustee, with respect to the 10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.
- 4.11(8) Supplemental Indenture dated as of November 28, 2001 by and among Discount, DAP Acceptance Corporation, Western Auto of Puerto Rico, Inc., Western Auto of St. Thomas, Inc., WASCO Insurance Agency, Inc., Advance Merchandising Company, Inc., Advance Aircraft Company Inc., and The Bank of New York, as trustee, with respect to the 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.
- Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of March 6, 2003 among Advance Auto, Advance Stores, the lenders party thereto and, JP Morgan Chase Bank ("JP Morgan Chase"), as administrative agent. (Available upon request to the Company or online at our web site).
- 10.2(8) Pledge Agreement dated as of November 28, 2001 among Advance Auto, Advance Stores, the Subsidiary Pledgors listed therein and JP Morgan Chase, as collateral agent.
- 10.3(8) Guarantee Agreement dated as of November 28, 2001 among Advance Auto, the Subsidiary Guarantors listed therein and JP Morgan Chase, as collateral agent.
- 10.4(8) Indemnity, Subrogation and Contribution Agreement dated as of November 28, 2001 among Advance Auto, Advance Stores, the Guarantors listed therein and JP Morgan Chase, as collateral agent.
- 10.5(8) Security Agreement dated as of November 28, 2001 among Advance Auto, Advance Stores, the Subsidiary Guarantors listed therein and JP Morgan Chase, as collateral agent.
- 10.6(2) Lease Agreement dated as of March 16, 1995 between Ki, L.C. and Advance Stores for its headquarters located at 5673 Airport Road, Roanoke, Virginia, as amended.
- 10.7(2) Lease Agreement dated as of January 1, 1997 between Nicholas F. Taubman and Advance Stores for the distribution center located at 1835 Blue Hills Drive, N.E., Roanoke, Virginia, as amended.
- 10.8(7)* Advance Auto 2001 Senior Executive Stock Option Plan.
- 10.9(7)* Form of Advance Auto 2001 Senior Executive Stock Option Agreement.
- 10.10(7)* Advance Auto 2001 Executive Stock Option Plan.
- 10.11(7)* Advance Auto 2001 Senior Executive Stock Subscription Plan.
- 10.12(7)* Form of Advance Auto 2001 Stock Option Agreement.
- 10.13(7)* Advance Auto 2001 Employee Stock Subscription Plan.
- 10.14(7)* Form of Advance Auto Stock Subscription Agreement.
- 10.15(2)* Form of Secured Promissory Note.
- 10.6(2)* Form of Stock Pledge Agreement.
- 10.17(2)* Form of Employment and Non-Competition Agreement between Childs, Cox, Gearheart, Gerald, Gray, Gregory, Hale, Helms, Jeter, Knighten, Kyle, Livesay, McDaniel, Miley, Quinn, Rakes, Richardson, Smith, Turner and Williams and Advance Stores.
- 10.18(2)* Form of Employment and Non-Competition Agreement between Bigoney, Buskirk, Felts, Fralin, Haan, Klasing, Reid, Stevens, Vaughn, Wade, Weatherly and Wirth and Advance Stores.
- 10.19(2)* Form of Indemnity Agreement between each of the directors of Advance Auto (other than Nicholas F. Taubman) and Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding.
- 10.20(2)* Consulting and Non-Competition Agreement among Nicholas F. Taubman, Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding and Advance Stores.

Exhibit

Number Description

- 10.21(2)* Indemnity Agreement dated as of April 15, 1998 between Nicholas F. Taubman and Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding.
- 10.22(2)* Employment and Non-Competition Agreement among Garnett E. Smith, Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, and Advance Stores.
- 10.23(6)* Amendments No. 1 dated as April 1, 2000 and Amendment No. 2 dated as of April 15, 2001 to Employment and Non-Competition Agreement among Garnett E. Smith, Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, and Advance Stores.
- 10.24(4)* Employment and Noncompetition Agreement dated as of February 1, 2000, among Advance Stores, Advance Auto, as successor in interest Advance Holding, and Lawrence P. Castellani.
- 10.25(4)* Senior Executive Stock Subscription Agreement dated as of February 1, 2000, between Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, and Lawrence P. Castellani.
- 10.26(4)* Restricted Stock Agreement dated as of February 1, 2000, between Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, and Lawrence P. Castellani.
- 10.27(7)* Secured Promissory Note dated September 20, 2001 made by Garnett E. Smith, Vice Chairman of the Board of Advance Auto, as successor in interest to Advance Holding, and Advance Stores, in favor of Advance Stores.
- 10.28(7)* Stock Pledge Agreement dated September 20, 2001 between Garnett E. Smith, Vice Chairman of the Board of Advance Auto and Advance Stores.
- 10.29(7)* Form of Advance Auto 2001 Stock Option Agreement for holders of Discount fully converted options.
- 10.30(7) Purchase Agreement dated as of October 31, 2001 among Advance Stores, Advance Trucking Corporation, LARALEV, INC., Western Auto Supply Company, J.P. Morgan Securities Inc., Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation and Lehman Brothers Inc.
- 10.31(8) Joinder to the Purchase Agreement dated as of November 28, 2001 by and among Advance Aircraft Company, Inc., Advance Merchandising Company, Inc., WASCO Insurance Agency, Inc., Western Auto of Puerto Rico, Inc., Western Auto of St. Thomas, Inc., Discount, DAP Acceptance Corporation, J.P. Morgan Securities, Inc., Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation and Lehman Brothers Inc.
- 10.32(8) Subsidiary Guarantee dated as of November 2, 1998, by Western Auto Supply Company, with respect to the 10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.
- 10.33(8) Subsidiary Guarantee dated as of June 30, 1999 by Advance Trucking Corporation, with respect to the 10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.
- 10.34(8) Subsidiary Guarantee dated as of November 28, 2001 by Discount, DAP Acceptance Corporation, Western Auto of Puerto Rico, Inc., Western Auto of St. Thomas, Inc., WASCO Insurance Agency, Inc., Advance Merchandising Company, Inc. and Advance Aircraft Company, Inc., with resection to the 10.25% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.
- 10.35(8) Subsidiary Guarantee dated as of November 28, 2001 by Discount, DAP Acceptance Corporation, Western Auto of Puerto Rico, Inc., Western Auto of St. Thomas, Inc., WASCO Insurance Agency, Inc., Advance Merchandising Company, Inc. and Advance Aircraft Company, Inc., with respect to the 10 1/4% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2008.
- 10.36(9) Form of Master Lease dated as of February 27, 2001 by and between Dapper Properties I, II and III, LLC and Discount.
- 10.37(8) Form of Amendment to Master Lease dated as of December 28, 2001 between Dapper Properties I, II and III, LLC and Discount.
- 10.38(9) Form of Sale-Leaseback Agreement dated as of February 27, 2001 by and between Dapper Properties I, II and III, LLC and Discount.
- 10.39(8) Substitution Agreement dated as of November 28, 2001 by and among GE Capital Franchise Finance Corporation, Washington Mutual Bank, FA, Dapper Properties I, II and III, LLC, Autopar Remainder I, II and III, LLC, Discount and Advance Stores.
- 10.40(8) First Amendment to Substitution Agreement dated as of December 28, 2001 by and among GE Capital Franchise Finance Corporation, Washington Mutual Bank, FA, Dapper Properties I, II and III, LLC, Autopar Remainder I, II and III, LLC, Discount, Advance Stores and Western Auto Supply Company.

Exhibit

<u>Number</u> <u>Description</u>

- 10.41(8) Form of Amended and Restated Guaranty of Payment and Performance dated as of December 28, 2001 by Advance Stores in favor of Dapper Properties I, II and III, LLC.
- 10.42(10)Lease Agreement dated as of August 8, 2001 by and between George D. Zamias and Advance Stores.
- 10.43 Amendment and Restatement Agreement dated as of March 6, 2003, among Advance Stores, Advance Auto, the lenders party thereto and JP Morgan Chase, as administrative agent. (Available upon request to the Company or online at our web site).
- 10.44 Reaffirmation Agreement dated as of March 6, 2003 among Advance Stores, Advance Auto and JP Morgan Chase, as administrative agent. (Available upon request to the Company or online at our web site).

10.45(11)Advance Auto Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

- 21.1 Subsidiaries of Advance Auto. (Available upon request to the Company or online at our web site).
- 23.1 Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP. (Available upon request to the Company or online at our web site).
- 24.1 Power of Attorney of certain officers and directors(contained in signature page).
- 99.1 Certification of Chairman of the Board of the Directors and Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (*) Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an exhibit to this report pursuant to Item 14(c).
- (1) Filed on June 4, 1998 as an exhibit to Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-56031) of Advance Holding Corporation.
- (2) Filed on June 4, 1998 as an exhibit to Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-56013) of Advance Stores Company, Incorporated.
- (3) Filed on October 6, 1998 as an exhibit to Amendment No. 2 of the Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-56013) of Advance Stores Company, Incorporated.
- (4) Filed on March 31, 2000 as an exhibit to Annual Report on Form 10-K of Advance Holding Corporation.
- (5) Filed on August 7, 2001 as an exhibit to Current Report on Form 8-K of Advance Stores Company, Incorporated.
- (6) Filed on August 31, 2001 as an exhibit to Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-68858) of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.
- (7) Filed on November 6, 2001 as an exhibit to Amendment No. 2 to Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-68858) of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.
- (8) Filed on January 22, 2002 as an exhibit to Registration Statement on Form S-4 (No. 333-81180) of Advance Stores Company, Incorporated.
- (9) Filed on April 2, 2001 as an exhibit to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Discount.
- (10) Filed on February 6, 2002 as an exhibit to Registration Statement on Form S-1 (No. 333-82298) of Advance Auto Parts. Inc.
- (11) Filed on April 22, 2002 as an appendix to the Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Advance Auto Parts, Inc: Roanoke, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. and subsidiaries (the Company) as of December 28, 2002, and the related statement of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 29, 2001, and for the years ended December 30, 2000 and December 29, 2001 were audited by other auditors who have ceased operations. Those auditors expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements in their report dated March 5, 2002.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 28, 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

McLean, Virginia March 7, 2003

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Advance Auto Parts, Inc: Roanoke, Virginia

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The supplemental schedules listed in the table of contents as item 15(a)(2) are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements. These schedules are the responsibility of the Company's management. Such 2002 schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic 2002 consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects when considered in relation to the basic 2002 consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

McLean, Virginia March 7, 2003

THE FOLLOWING IS A COPY OF A REPORT PREVIOUSLY ISSUED BY ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP AND HAS NOT BEEN REISSUED BY ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP.

Report of Independent Public Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. (a Delaware company) and subsidiaries (the Company), as of December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 29, 2001. These financial statements and the schedules referred to below are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedules based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. and subsidiaries as of December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 29, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

As explained in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective December 31, 2000, the Company changed its method of accounting for certain cooperative advertising funds.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules listed in the index to financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of complying with the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and are not part of the basic financial statements. These schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of basic financial statements and, in our opinion, fairly state in all material respects the financial data required to be set forth therein in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP

Greensboro, North Carolina, March 5, 2002.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001
(in thousands, except per share data)

Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 13,885 \$ 18,117 Receivables, net 102,574 93,704 Inventories, net 1,048,803 982,000 Other current assets 20,210 42,027 Total current assets 1,185,472 1,135,848 Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$313,841 and \$239,204 78,432 711,282 Assets beld for sale 28,346 60,512 Assets beld for sale 28,346 60,512 Other assets, net 22,975 42,973 Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity \$ 1,965,225 \$ 1,950,615 Current portion of long-term debt 10,690 23,715 Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Account dexpenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461	Assets	De	cember 28, 2002	December 29, 2001		
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Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Current liabilities: Bank overdrafts \$ 869 \$ 34,748 Current portion of long-term debt 10,690 23,715 Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Accrued expenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies 5 5 Stockholders' equity: 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies 5 5 Stockholders' equity: 724,832 932,022 Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 9 - 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 - 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td>					•	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity Current liabilities: Bank overdrafts \$ 869 \$ 34,748 Current portion of long-term debt 10,690 23,715 Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Accrued expenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 28	Other assets, net		22,975		42,973	
Current liabilities: 869 \$ 34,748 Current portion of long-term debt 10,690 23,715 Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Accrued expenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current hiabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies 5 5 Stockholders' equity: 724,832 932,022 Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 5hares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 and outstanding 4 3 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294)		\$	1,965,225	\$	1,950,615	
Bank overdrafts \$ 869 \$ 34,748 Current portion of long-term debt 10,690 23,715 Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Accrued expenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: - - Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 - - - Stockholders' equity: - - - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 - - - - shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 - - - - and outstanding 4 3 - - - - Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 - - - Stockholder subscription receivables	Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current portion of long-term debt 10,690 23,715 Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Accrued expenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable 470,740 429,041 Accrued expenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Bank overdrafts	\$	869	\$	34,748	
Accrued expenses 208,176 176,218 Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Current portion of long-term debt		10,690		23,715	
Other current liabilities 32,101 30,027 Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 Shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 and outstanding 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Accounts payable		470,740		429,041	
Total current liabilities 722,576 693,749 Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Accrued expenses		208,176		176,218	
Long-term debt 724,832 932,022 Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding - - Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 - - shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Other current liabilities		32,101		30,027	
Other long-term liabilities 49,461 36,273 Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Total current liabilities		722,576		693,749	
Commitments and contingencies Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Stockholder subscription receivables Accumulated comprehensive loss Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity Commitments and contingencies 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 4 5 610,195 496,538 5 5 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 496,538 610,195 610,1	Long-term debt		724,832		932,022	
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Stockholder subscription receivables Accumulated comprehensive loss Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity Stockholders' equity Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity Accumulated deficit 48,356 288,571	Other long-term liabilities		49,461		36,273	
Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding 4 3 Additional paid-in capital Stockholder subscription receivables (976) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Commitments and contingencies					
10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Stockholder subscription receivables Accumulated comprehensive loss Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity	Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Stockholder subscription receivables Accumulated comprehensive loss Accumulated deficit Total stockholders' equity Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 (2,676) (2,676) (205,294) 468,356 288,571	Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value,					
shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding		-		-	
and outstanding 4 3 Additional paid-in capital 610,195 496,538 Stockholder subscription receivables (976) (2,676) Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Common stock, voting, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000					
Additional paid-in capital610,195496,538Stockholder subscription receivables(976)(2,676)Accumulated comprehensive loss(592)-Accumulated deficit(140,275)(205,294)Total stockholders' equity468,356288,571	shares authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued					
Stockholder subscription receivables(976)(2,676)Accumulated comprehensive loss(592)-Accumulated deficit(140,275)(205,294)Total stockholders' equity468,356288,571	and outstanding		4		3	
Accumulated comprehensive loss (592) - Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Additional paid-in capital		610,195		496,538	
Accumulated deficit (140,275) (205,294) Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Stockholder subscription receivables		(976)		(2,676)	
Total stockholders' equity 468,356 288,571	Accumulated comprehensive loss		(592)		-	
	Accumulated deficit		(140,275)		(205,294)	
\$ 1,965,225 \$ 1,950,615	Total stockholders' equity		468,356		288,571	
		\$	1,965,225	\$	1,950,615	

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

For the Years Ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

Transl	T/aama	Ended
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	Tiscal Teals Ellect			
	2002	2001	2000	
Net sales	\$ 3,287,883	\$ 2,517,639	\$ 2,288,022	
Cost of sales, including purchasing and warehousing costs	1,839,889	1,441,613	1,392,127	
Expenses associated with supply chain initiatives	-	9,099	-	
Gross profit	1,447,994	1,066,927	895,895	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,210,477	947,531	801,521	
Expenses associated with supply chain initiatives	-	1,394	_	
Impairment of assets held for sale	-	12,300	856	
Expenses associated with merger and integration	34,935	1,135	-	
Expenses associated with merger related restructuring	597	3,719	-	
Non-cash stock option compensation expense	-	11,735	729	
Operating income	201,985	89,113	92,789	
Other, net:				
Interest expense	(78,219)	(61,895)	(66,640)	
Expenses associated with secondary offering	(1,733)	-	_	
Other income, net	1,158	1,283	1,012	
Total other, net	(78,794)	(60,612)	(65,628)	
Income before provision for income taxes, extraordinary				
items, and cumulative effect of a change in				
accounting principle	123,191	28,501	27,161	
Provision for income taxes	47,799	11,312	10,535	
Income before extraordinary items and cumulative effect				
of a change in accounting principle	75,392	17,189	16,626	
Extraordinary items, (loss) gain on debt extinguishment, net of \$6,449, \$2,424 and (\$1,759)				
income taxes, respectively	(10,373)	(3,682)	2,933	
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle,	,	, ,		
net of a \$1,360 income tax benefit		(2,065)		
Net income	\$ 65,019	\$ 11,442	\$ 19,559	

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS – (Continued)

For the Years Ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

(Fiscal Years Ended								
		2002		2001		2000			
Net income (loss) per basic share from: Income before extraordinary items and cumulative effect				and the second s					
of a change in accounting principle	\$	2.15	\$	0.60	\$	0.59			
Extraordinary items, (loss) gain on debt extinguishment		(0.29)		(0.13)		0.10			
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle		· -		(0.07)		_			
	\$	1.86	\$	0.40	\$	0.69			
Net income (loss) per diluted share from:									
Income before extraordinary items and cumulative effect	_				_				
of a change in accounting principle	\$	2.08	\$	0.59	\$	0.58			
Extraordinary items, (loss) gain on debt extinguishment		(0.28)		(0.13)		0.10			
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle		1.00		(0.07)	Ф.	0.60			
	\$	1.80	\$	0.39	\$	0.68			
Average common shares outstanding		35,049		28,637		28,296			
Dilutive effect of stock options		1,139		521		315			
Average common shares outstanding - assuming dilution		36,188		29,158		28,611			
Pro forma effect of change in accounting principle:									
Income before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of a			_						
change in accounting principle			\$	17,189	\$	16,391			
Per basic share			\$	0.60	\$	0.58			
Per diluted share			\$	0.59	\$	0.57			
Net income			\$	13,507	\$	19,324			
Per basic share			\$	0.47	\$	0.68			
Per diluted share			\$	0.46	\$	0.68			

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For the Years Ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands)

							Additional		Stockholder	Accumulated	eq			Total	lal
	Preferred Stock	rred St	ock	Common Stock	non Stock		Paid-in	Ś	Subscription	Comprehensive	sive	Accumulated	lated	Stockholders'	olders'
	Shares	An	Amount	Shares	Amount	nt	Capital		Receivable	Loss		Deficit		Equity	iity
Ralance, January 1, 2000	1	S		28,144	\$	3	\$ 371,754	\$	(2,008)	\$		\$ (23	(235,795)		133,954
Net income			•	. '		,	•		1		ı	-	19,559		19,559
Non-cash stock option compensation expense	ı		,	•			729	6	i		•		1		729
Other	•		1	145		•	2,726	97	(356)		1		(341)	1	2,029
Balance, December 30, 2000	1	s->	١,	28,289	€9	ω	\$ 375,209	\$ 60	(2,364)	\$	1	\$ (21	(216,577)	€	156,271
Net income	,		1	,		,	•		•		í	_	11,442		11,442
Discount acquisition	•		ı	4,310		1	107,129	67	1		ı		1		107,129
Non-cash stock option compensation expense	•		•			ı	11,735	35	,		,		1		11,735
Other	1		•	93		,	2,465	55	(312)				(159)		1,994
Ralance. December 29, 2001	1	∽		32,692	\$	ا	\$ 496,538	\$ 88	(2,676)	\$	 	\$ (20	(205,294)	\$	288,571
Net income	•		,	•				,	1		•	9	62,019		65,019
Unrealized loss on hedge arrangement	,		1	•		ı		ı	1		(592)		,		(592)
Comprehensive income	1		ı	'				ı	1		ı		1		64,427
Issuance of common stock, net of \$1,369 in related expenses	•		ı	2,250		_	88,653	53	1		1		1		88,654
Issuance of shares upon the exercise of stock options	•		ı	179		1	17,369	69	ı		1		i		17,369
Tax benefit related to exercise of stock options	1		,	ı		,	896'9	98	1		ı		,		896'9
Stock issued under employee stock purchase plan	1		٠	14		,	9	299	I		ŧ		•		299
Payments received on renavments of management loans	•		1	•				1	1,700		•		- !		1,700
Balance, December 28, 2002	'	l ⇔	•	35,735	€9	4	\$ 610,195	35 \$	(926)	\$	(592)	\$ (14	(140,275)	69	468,356

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands)

	ATHERITATION COMMISSION AND COMMISSI			ears Ende	4.0		
	2	002	THE PARAMETER AND THE	2001		2000	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net income	\$	65,019	\$	11,442	\$	19,559	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by							
operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		94,090		71,231		66,826	
Stock option compensation expense		-		11,735		729	
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs		3,536		3,121		3,276	
Amortization of bond discount		13,076		11,468		9,853	
Amortization of interest on capital lease obligation		-		-		42	
Compensation for stock issued under the employee stock purchase plan		667		-		-	
(Gain) loss on disposal of property and equipment, net		(1,838)		2,027		885	
Impairment of assets held for sale		-		12,300		856	
Provision (benefit) for deferred income taxes		57,875		(3,023)		683	
Tax benefit related to exercise of stock options		6,968		-		-	
Extraordinary loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt, net of tax		10,373		3,682		(2,933)	
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle, net of tax				2,065		(_,,,	
Net (increase) decrease in:				2,000			
Receivables, net		(6,610)		3,073		19,676	
Inventories, net		(69,481)		13,101		(39,467)	
Other assets		(9,824)		172		14,921	
Net increase (decrease) in:		(5,021)		1,2		1 1,521	
Accounts payable		41,699		(17,663)		46,664	
Accrued expenses		34,110		(5,106)		(29,540)	
Other liabilities		3,336		(16,089)		(8,079)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		242,996		103,536		103,951	
		242,330		103,330		103,931	
Cash flows from investing activities:		(09 196)		(62 605)		(70.566)	
Purchases of property and equipment		(98,186)		(63,695)		(70,566)	
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(13,176)		(389,953)		- - (2)	
Proceeds from sales of property and equipment		33,357		2,640		5,626	
Net cash used in investing activities		(78,005)		(451,008)		(64,940)	
Cash flows from financing activities:		/ o-o					
(Decrease) increase in bank overdrafts		(33,879)		5,679		1,884	
Repayments (borrowings) under notes payable		-		(784)		784	
Early extinguishment of debt		(464,991)		(270,299)		(24,990)	
Borrowings under credit facilities		308,100		697,500		278,100	
Payments on credit facilities		(66,400)		(254,701)		(306,100)	
Repayment of industrial development revenue bonds		(10,000)		-		-	
Proceeds from issuance of subordinated notes		-		185,604		-	
Payment of debt related costs		(10,955)		(17,984)		-	
Proceeds from (repurchases of) stock transactions under subscription plan		1,700		(550)		1,602	
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of related expenses		88,658		-		-	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		17,369		2,381		-	
Increase in borrowings secured by trade receivables		1,175		734		5,141	
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(169,223)		347,580		(43,579)	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(4,232)		108		(4,568)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		18,117		18,009		22,577	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	13,885	\$	18,117	\$	18,009	

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS – (Continued)

For the Years Ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands)

]	Fiscal	Years Ended	1	
	 2002		2001		2000
Supplemental cash flow information: Interest paid	\$ 60,081	\$	41,480	\$	51,831
Income tax refunds (payments), net	2,910	~	(15,452)	Ů	6,175
Non-cash transactions:					
Accrued purchases of property and equipment	15,818		10,725		9,299
Note receivable upon disposal of property and equipment	925		_		-
Unrealized loss on hedge arrangement	(592)		-		-
Issuance of common stock and stock options - Discount acquisition	-		107,129		-
Accrued debt issuance costs	-		2,156		-
Equity transactions under the stockholder subscription and					
employee stock option plans	-		411		1,281
Conversion of capital lease obligation	 -		_		3,509

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

1. Organization and Description of Business:

Advance Auto Parts, Inc. ("Advance") conducts all of its operations through its wholly owned subsidiary, Advance Stores Company, Incorporated and its subsidiaries ("Stores"). Advance and Stores (collectively, the "Company") maintain a Retail and Wholesale segment within the United States, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. The Retail segment operates 2,435 stores, which includes 2,000 stores operating under the "Advance Auto Parts" trade name in 37 states in the Northeastern, Southeastern and Midwestern regions of the United States. In Florida, this segment operates 51 stores under the new "Advance Discount Auto Parts" trade name and 347 stores under the "Discount Auto Parts" trade name. These stores offer automotive replacement parts, accessories and maintenance items, with no significant concentration in any specific area. In addition, the Retail segment operates 37 stores under the "Western Auto" trade name, located primarily in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands, which offer certain home and garden merchandise in addition to automotive parts, accessories and service. The Wholesale segment consists of the wholesale operations, including distribution services to approximately 415 independent dealers located throughout the United States, primarily operating under the "Western Auto" trade name.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Accounting Period

The Company's fiscal year ends on the Saturday nearest the end of December.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Bank Overdrafts

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in banks and money market funds. Bank overdrafts include net outstanding checks not yet presented to a bank for settlement.

Vendor Incentives and Change in Accounting Method

The Company receives incentives from vendors related to cooperative advertising allowances, volume rebates and other functional discounts. Many of the incentives are under long-term agreements (terms in excess of one year), while others are negotiated on an annual basis. Certain vendors require the Company to use cooperative advertising allowances exclusively for advertising. The Company defines these allowances as restricted cooperative advertising allowances and recognizes them as a reduction to selling, general and administrative expenses as advertising expenditures are incurred. The remaining cooperative advertising allowances not restricted by the Company's vendors, or unrestricted, rebates and other functional incentives are earned based on purchases and/or the sale of product. The Company records unrestricted cooperative advertising and volume rebates earned as a reduction of inventory and recognizes the incentives as a reduction to cost of sales as the inventory is sold.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

The Company recognizes the functional incentives earned related to long-term agreements as a reduction of cost of sales over the life of the agreement based on the timing of purchases. These incentives are not recorded as reductions to inventory. The functional amounts earned under long-term arrangements are based on estimates of total purchases that will be made over the life of the contracts and the amount of incentives that will be earned. These incentives are generally recognized based on the cumulative purchases as a percentage of total estimated purchases over the life of the contract. The Company's margins could be impacted positively or negatively if actual purchases or results from any one year differ from its estimates but over the life of the contract would be the same. Short-term incentives are recognized as a reduction to cost of sales over the course of the annual agreement and are not recorded as reductions to inventory.

Amounts received or receivable from vendors that are not yet earned are reflected as deferred revenue in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Management's estimate of the portion of deferred revenue that will be realized within one year of the balance sheet date has been included in other current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. Total deferred revenue is \$20,592 and \$17,046 at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001. Earned amounts that are receivable from vendors are included in receivables, net on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Effective December 31, 2000, the Company changed its method of accounting for unrestricted cooperative advertising funds received from certain vendors to recognize these payments as a reduction to the cost of inventory acquired from these vendors. Previously, these funds were accounted for as a reduction to selling, general and administrative expenses as advertising expense was incurred. The new method was adopted to better align the reporting of these payments with the Company's and the vendors' use of these payments as reductions to the price of inventory acquired from the vendors. The effect of the change in fiscal 2001 was to increase income from continuing operations by \$358, or \$0.01 per diluted share. The cumulative effect of retroactive application of the change on the year ended December 29, 2001, was to reduce income before extraordinary item by approximately \$2,065, net of \$1,360 income tax, or \$0.07 per share. The proforma amounts shown on the statement of operations have been adjusted for the effect of retroactive application of the new method on net income and related income taxes for all periods presented.

Preopening Expenses

Preopening expenses, which consist primarily of payroll and occupancy costs, are expensed as incurred.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expense incurred was approximately \$69,637, \$56,698, and \$53,658 in fiscal 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Merger and Integration Costs

As a result of the Western merger and the Discount acquisition, the Company incurred, and will continue to incur through fiscal 2003 in connection with the Discount acquisition, costs related to, among other things, overlapping administrative functions and store conversions, all of which have been expensed as incurred. These costs are presented as expenses associated with the merger and integration in the accompanying statements of operations.

Warranty Costs

The Company's vendors are primarily responsible for warranty claims. Warranty costs relating to merchandise and services sold under warranty, which are not covered by vendors' warranties, are estimated based on the Company's historical experience and are recorded in the period the product is sold.

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Revenue Recognition and Trade Receivables

The Company recognizes merchandise revenue at the point of sale to customers in the retail segment and point of shipment to a wholesale segment customer. Service revenue is recognized upon performance of the service. The majority of sales are made for cash; however, the Company extends credit to certain commercial customers through a third-party provider of private label credit cards. Receivables under the private label credit card program are transferred to the third-party provider on a limited recourse basis. The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts on receivables sold with recourse based upon factors related to credit risk of specific customers, historical trends and other information. This arrangement is accounted for as a secured borrowing. Receivables and the related secured borrowings under the private label credit card were \$17,575 and \$16,400 at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, respectively, and are included in accounts receivable and other current liabilities, respectively, in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Change in Accounting Estimate

In July of fiscal 2000, the Company adopted a change in an accounting estimate to reduce the depreciable lives of certain property and equipment on a prospective basis. The effect on operations was to increase depreciation expense by \$2,458 for fiscal 2000. At December 29, 2001, the effected assets were fully depreciated.

Earnings Per Share of Common Stock

Basic earnings per share of common stock has been computed based on the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock reflects the increase in the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding assuming the exercise of outstanding stock options, calculated on the treasury stock method. There were 116, 509 and 1,566 antidilutive options for the fiscal years ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000, respectively.

Hedge Activities

On September 25, 2002, the Company entered into a hedge agreement in the form of a zero-cost collar, which protects the Company from interest rate fluctuations in the LIBOR rate on \$150,000 of the Company's variable rate debt under its senior credit facility. The collar consists of an interest rate ceiling at 4.5% and an interest rate floor of 1.56% for a term of twenty-four months. Under this hedge, the Company will continue to pay interest at prevailing rates plus any spread, as defined by the senior credit facility, but will be reimbursed for any amounts paid on the LIBOR rate, in excess of the ceiling. Conversely, the Company will be required to pay the financial institution that originated the collar if the LIBOR rate is less than the floor.

In March 2003 and in conjunction with the restatement and amending of the senior credit facility, the Company entered into two interest rate swap agreements on an aggregate of \$125,000 of its variable rate debt. The first swap allows the Company to fix its LIBOR rate at 2.269% thereby limiting its cash flow risk on \$75,000 of debt for a term of 36 months. The remaining swap allows the Company to fix its LIBOR rate at 1.79% limiting its cash flow risk on an additional \$50,000 of debt for a term of 24 months.

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standard, or SFAS, No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities," the fair value of the hedge arrangement is recorded as an asset or liability in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet at December 28, 2002. The Company has assumed no ineffectiveness in this hedge and plans to use the "matched terms" accounting method as provided by Derivative Implementation Group, or DIG, Issue No. G20, "Assessing and Measuring the Effectiveness of a Purchased Option Used in a Cash Flow Hedge". Under this method, the Company will include all adjustments to fair value in accumulated comprehensive income (loss) within stockholders' equity on the consolidated balance sheet. The fair value at December 28, 2002 was an unrecognized loss of \$592. Any amounts received or paid under this hedge will be recorded in the statement of operations as earned or incurred.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000

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Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued SFAS No. 141, "Business Combinations" and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," SFAS No. 141 addresses accounting and reporting for all business combinations and requires the use of the purchase method for business combinations. SFAS No. 141 also requires recognition of intangible assets apart from goodwill if they meet certain criteria. SFAS No. 142 establishes accounting and reporting standards for acquired goodwill and other intangible assets. Under SFAS No. 142, goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives are no longer amortized but are instead subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair-value based test. SFAS No. 141 applies to all business combinations initiated after June 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 is effective for existing goodwill and intangible assets beginning as of December 30, 2001. SFAS No. 142 is effective immediately for goodwill and intangibles acquired after June 30, 2001. For fiscal year 2001, the Company had amortization expense of approximately \$444 related to existing goodwill of \$3,251 at December 29, 2001. Such amortization has been eliminated upon adoption of SFAS No. 142. The Company implemented SFAS No. 142 during the first quarter of 2002. The implementation had no material impact on the Company's financial position or the results of its operations.

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards, or SFAS, No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." SFAS No. 143 establishes accounting standards for recognition and measurement of an asset retirement obligation and an associated asset retirement cost. This statement applies to all entities that have legal obligations associated with the retirement of long-lived assets that result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal use of the assets and is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2002. The Company does not expect SFAS No. 143 to have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

In August 2001, the FASB also issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." This statement replaces both SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to Be Disposed Of" and Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations—Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." SFAS 144 retains the basic provisions from both SFAS 121 and APB 30, but includes changes to improve financial reporting and comparability among entities. The provisions of SFAS 144 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The Company adopted SFAS No. 144 with no material effect on its financial position or the results of its operations.

In April 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13 and Technical Corrections." As a result of rescinding FASB Statement No. 4, "Reporting Gains Losses from Extinguishment of Debt," gains and losses from extinguishment of debt should be classified as extraordinary items only if they meet the criteria in APB No. 30. This statement also amends FASB Statement No. 13, "Accounting for Leases," to eliminate an inconsistency between the required accounting for sale-leaseback transactions and the required accounting for certain lease modifications that have economic effects that are similar to sale-leaseback transactions. Additional amendments include changes to other existing authoritative pronouncements to make various technical corrections, clarify meanings or describe their applicability under changed conditions. The Company will adopt the provisions of SFAS No. 145 during the first quarter of fiscal 2003. For the fiscal year ended 2002, the Company recorded extraordinary losses on the extinguishment of debt, net of tax, of \$10,373. Accordingly, reclassifications of these losses to income from continuing operations will be made throughout fiscal 2003 to maintain comparability for the reported periods.

In June 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." This statement nullifies Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 94-3, "Liability Recognition for Certain Employee Termination Benefits and Other Costs to Exit an Activity (including Certain Costs Incurred in a Restructuring)." This statement requires that a liability for costs associated with an exit or disposal activity be recognized when the liability is incurred instead of at the date an entity commits to an exit plan. The statement is effective for exit and disposal activities entered into after December 31, 2002. The Company does not expect adopting this statement will have a material impact on its financial position or the results of its operations.

In September 2002 (as subsequently updated in November), the FASB released EITF Issue No. 02-16, "Accounting by a Reseller for Cash Consideration Received from a Vendor." This EITF addresses how a reseller

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should account for consideration received from a vendor since EITF Issue No. 01-9, "Accounting for Consideration Given by a Vendor to a Customer" only addresses the accounting treatment from the vendor's perspective. The consensus is that cash received from a vendor is presumed to be a reduction of the vendor's products or services and should, therefore, be characterized as a reduction in the cost of sales when recognized in the customer's income statement, unless a reimbursement of costs is incurred by the customer to sell the vendor's products, in which case the cash consideration should be characterized as a reduction of that cost when recognized in the customer's income statement. Additionally, any rebate or refund should also be recognized as a reduction of the cost of sales based on a systematic and rational allocation. The release is effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The Company believes its current accounting policy for vendor incentives meets the requirements of this EITF and therefore the Company does not expect adopting this release will have a material impact on our financial position or results of operations.

In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation – Transition and Disclosure an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123." This statement amends SFAS 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" to allow for alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock issued to team members. This statement also amends FASB No. 123 to require disclosure of the accounting method used for valuation in both annual and interim financial statements. This statement permits an entity to recognize compensation expense under the prospective method, modified prospective method or the retroactive restatement method. If an entity elects to adopt this statement, fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2003 must include this change in accounting for stock-based team member compensation. The Company is currently evaluating the effect of voluntarily adopting the fair value provisions of SFAS No. 123 and will elect a transition method if the fair value method is adopted.

In November 2002, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others." This interpretation sets forth expanded disclosure requirements in the financial statements about a guarantor's obligations under certain guarantees that it has issued. It also clarifies that, under certain circumstances, a guarantor is required to recognize a liability for the fair value of the obligation at the inception of the guarantee. Certain types of guarantees, such as product warranties, guarantees accounted for as derivatives, and guarantees related to parent-subsidiary relationships are excluded from the liability recognition provisions of Interpretation No. 45, however, they are subject to the disclosure requirements. The initial liability recognition provisions are applicable on a prospective basis to guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The disclosure requirements of Interpretation No. 45 are effective for financial statements for interim or annual periods ending after December 15, 2002. The Company has no guarantees of third party indebtedness and it does not believe the adoption of these new rules will have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

In January 2003, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities," an interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, "Consolidated Financial Statements." Interpretation No. 46 prescribes how to identify variable interest entities and how an enterprise assesses its interests in a variable interest entity to decide whether to consolidate that entity. This interpretation requires existing unconsolidated variable interest entities to be consolidated by their primary beneficiaries if the entities do not effectively disperse risks among parties involved. Interpretation No. 46 is effective immediately for variable interest entities created after January 31, 2003, and to variable interest entities in which an enterprise obtains an interest after that date. The interpretation applies in the first fiscal year or interim period beginning after June 15, 2003, to variable interest entities in which an enterprise holds a variable interest that it acquired before February 1, 2003. The Company does not have interests in variable interest entities and it does not believe the adoption of Interpretation No. 46 will have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations.

Reclassifications

Certain items in the fiscal 2001 financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the fiscal 2002 presentation.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000

(in thousands, except per share data)

3. Acquisitions:

Discount Acquisition

On November 28, 2001, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding common stock of Discount Auto Parts, Inc. ("Discount"). Discount's shareholders received \$7.50 per share in cash plus 0.2577 shares of Advance common stock for each share of Discount common stock. The Company issued 4,310 shares of Advance common stock to the former Discount shareholders, which represented 13.2% of the Company's total shares outstanding immediately following the acquisition.

Discount was the fifth largest specialty retailer of automotive parts, accessories and maintenance items in the United States with 671 stores in six states, including the leading market position in Florida, with 437 stores. The Discount acquisition further solidified the Company's leading market position throughout the Southeast.

In connection with the Discount acquisition, the Company issued an additional \$200,000 face value of 10.25% senior subordinated notes and entered into a new senior credit facility that provides for (1) a \$180,000 tranche A term loan facility and a \$305,000 tranche B term loan facility and (2) a \$160,000 revolving credit facility (including a letter of credit sub-facility). Upon the closing of the Discount acquisition, the Company used \$485,000 of borrowings under the new senior credit facility and net proceeds of \$185,600 from the sale of the senior subordinated notes to, among other things, pay the cash portion of the acquisition consideration, repay all amounts outstanding under the Company's then-existing credit facility, repay all outstanding indebtedness of Discount and purchase Discount's Gallman distribution facility from the lessor. The Company has since amended and restated the senior credit facility as discussed in note 12.

In accordance with SFAS No. 141, the acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and was effective for accounting purposes on December 2, 2001. Accordingly, the results of operations of Discount for the period from December 2, 2001 are included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based upon estimates of fair values. Negative goodwill of \$75,724, resulting from excess fair value over the purchase price, was allocated proportionately as a reduction to certain noncurrent assets, primarily property and equipment. During the fiscal year ended December 28, 2002, the Company reduced the excess fair value by \$16,961 due to purchase accounting adjustments primarily made to adjust the fair market value of certain inventory, equipment, the related deferred income tax effects and to reduce certain severance and relocation liabilities. The purchase price was \$481,688 (including acquisition costs incurred during the fiscal year ended December 28, 2002 of \$711), which primarily consisted of the issuance of 4,310 shares of Advance common stock and 575 options to purchase shares of Advance common stock, cash consideration for \$7.50 per share and the "in the money" stock options of \$128,479, repayment of Discount's existing debt and prepayment penalties of \$204,711 and the purchase of Discount's Gallman distribution facility from the lessor for \$34,062. The cost assigned to the 4,310 shares of common stock is \$106,025 and was determined based on the market price of Discount's common stock on the approximate announcement date of the acquisition. The cost assigned to the 575 options to purchase common stock is \$1,104 and was determined using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: (i) risk-free interest rate of 3.92%; (ii) an expected life of two years; (iii) a volatility factor of .40; (iv) a fair value of common stock of \$24.60; and (v) expected dividend yield of zero. The following table summarizes the amounts assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of the acquisition, including additional purchase accounting adjustments through December 28, 2002.

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

	December 2, 2001	
Current Assets:	<u></u>	_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,030)
Receivables, net	16,926	5
Inventories	178,671	
Other current assets	35,143	}
Property and equipment	333,479)
Assets held for sale	29,525	;
Other assets (a)	9,891	
Total assets acquired	609,665	;
Current liabilities:		
Bank overdrafts	(15,470))
Accounts payable	(58,852	2)
Current liabilities (b)	(52,450))
Other long-term liabilities (b)	(1,205	<u>(</u>
Total liabilities assumed	(127,977	<u>')</u>
Net assets acquired	\$ 481,688	<u>;</u>

⁽a) Includes \$1,731 assigned to the Discount trade dress with a useful life of approximately 3 years.

Total acquisition costs related to the transaction were approximately \$9,515. For the fiscal years ended December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, the Company incurred \$35,532 and \$4,854, respectively, of merger and integration and merger-related restructuring expenses. These expenses represent non-recurring costs associated with integrating the Discount operations.

The following unaudited pro forma information presents the results of operations of the Company as if the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the applicable period:

	 Years Ended					
	2001		2000			
Net sales	\$ 3,144,694	\$	2,928,036			
Income before extraordinary item	 26,011		33,858			
			<u></u>			
Income before extraordinary item per basic share	\$ 0.80	\$	1.04			
Income before extraordinary item per diluted share	\$ 0.78	\$	1.03			

The proforma amounts give effect to certain adjustments, including changes in interest expense, depreciation and amortization and related income tax effects. These amounts are based on certain assumptions and estimates and do not reflect any benefit from economies, which might be achieved from combined operations. Additionally, these results include the non-recurring items separately disclosed in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The proforma results of operations have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport

⁽b) Includes restructuring liabilities established in purchase accounting of approximately \$8,251 for severance and relocation costs, facility and other exit costs.

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to be indicative of the results of operations which actually would have resulted had the Discount acquisition occurred on the date indicated, or which may result in the future.

Trak Acquisition

On July 23, 2002, the Company announced that it had received bankruptcy court approval to acquire certain assets of Trak Auto Corporation, or Trak, including the leases on 55 stores in Virginia, Washington, D.C. and Maryland. On September 20, 2002, the Company agreed to acquire two additional Trak stores. The acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and, accordingly, each store's results of operations has been included in the Company's financial records from the date each store was transferred to the Company. Negative goodwill of \$1,687, resulting from excess fair value over the purchase price, was allocated proportionately as a reduction to certain noncurrent assets. As of December 28, 2002, the Company had taken ownership and converted all 57 stores, assumed the respective lease obligations and had paid \$12,465 for inventory and fixtures.

Carport Acquisition

On April 23, 2001, the Company completed its acquisition of Carport Auto Parts, Inc., or Carport. The acquisition included a net 30 retail stores located in Alabama and Mississippi, and substantially all of the assets used in Carport's operations. The acquisition has been accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and, accordingly, Carport's results of operations have been included in the Company's consolidated statement of operations since the acquisition date.

The purchase price of \$21,533 has been allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on their fair values at the date of acquisition. This allocation resulted in the recognition of \$3,695 in goodwill, of which \$444 was amortized during fiscal 2001.

4. Restructuring and Closed Store Liabilities:

The Company's restructuring activities relate to the ongoing analysis of the profitability of store locations and the settlement of restructuring activities undertaken as a result of mergers and acquisitions, including the fiscal 1998 merger with Western Auto Supply Company, or Western, and the fiscal 2001 acquisitions of Carport and Discount. The Company recognizes a provision for future obligations at the time a decision is made to close a facility, primarily store locations. The provision for closed facilities includes the present value of the remaining lease obligations, reduced by the present value of estimated revenues from subleases, and management's estimate of future costs of insurance, property tax and common area maintenance. The Company uses discount rates ranging from 5.0% to 7.7%. Expenses associated with the ongoing restructuring program are included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. From time to time these estimates require revisions that affect the amount of the recorded liability. The effect of these changes in estimates is netted with new provisions and included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

Closed Store Liabilities

During fiscal 2002, the Company closed or relocated 11 of the 12 stores identified in fiscal 2001 as not meeting profitability objectives and decided to close or relocate 57 additional stores that did not meet profitability objectives, 36 of which were closed at December 28, 2002. As part of the integration of Discount, the Company has closed all of the Advance Auto Parts stores that were identified in overlapping markets with certain Discount Auto Parts stores at December 29, 2001.

In connection with the Western merger and the Discount acquisition, the Company assumed the restructuring reserves related to the acquired operations. As of December 28, 2002, these restructuring reserves relate primarily to ongoing lease obligations for closed store locations.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

A reconciliation of activity with respect to these restructuring accruals is as follows:

	Other Exit						
	Severance	Costs	Total				
Balance, January 1, 2000	\$ 18	\$ 9,963	\$ 9,981				
New provisions	-	1,768	1,768				
Change in estimates	=	(95)	(95)				
Reserves utilized	(18)	(4,848)	(4,866)				
Balance, December 30, 2000	-	6,788	6,788				
New provisions	475	8,285	8,760				
Change in estimates	-	11	11				
Reserves utilized	(475)	(5,441)	(5,916)				
Balance, December 29, 2001	-	9,643	9,643				
New provisions	-	3,808	3,808				
Change in estimates	-	725	725				
Reserves utilized		(5,284)	(5,284)				
Balance, December 28, 2002	\$ -	\$ 8,892	\$ 8,892				

As of December 28, 2002, these accruals represent the current value required for certain facility exit costs, which will be settled over the remaining terms of the underlying lease agreements. All of these reserves are utilized through the settlement of the corresponding liabilities with cash provided by operations and therefore do not affect the Company's consolidated statement of operations. This liability, along with those associated with mergers and acquisitions, is recorded in accrued expenses (current portion) and other long-term liabilities (long-term portion) in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Restructuring Associated with Mergers and Acquisitions

As a result of the Western merger, the Company established restructuring reserves in connection with the decision to close certain retail stores, to relocate certain Western administrative functions, to exit certain facility leases and to terminate certain team members of Western. Additionally, the Carport acquisition resulted in restructuring reserves for closing certain acquired stores not expected to meet long-term profitability objectives and the termination of certain administrative team members. At December 28, 2002, the remaining liabilities associated with these activities primarily relate to the settlement of facility exit costs.

As of the date of the Discount acquisition, management formalized a plan to close certain Discount Auto Parts stores in overlapping markets or stores not meeting the Company's profitability objectives, to relocate certain Discount administrative functions to the Company's headquarters and to terminate certain management, administrative and support team members of Discount. During the fiscal year ended December 28, 2002, the Company reduced its purchase price liabilities for severance and relocation costs by \$3,348, primarily for voluntary terminations and certain Discount team members that accepted positions with the Company. The Company also reduced its purchase price liabilities for store and other exit costs by \$1,039 as a result of executing lease buyouts or subleases. At December 28, 2002, 109 Discount stores were closed, 107 of which were closed during fiscal 2002. The Company has completed the closure of Discount Auto Parts stores in overlapping markets. Additionally, the Company has finalized its plan for termination of Discount team members and expects to terminate the last team members in 2003.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

A reconciliation of activity with respect to these restructuring accruals is as follows:

			Other	
			Exit	
	Severance	Relocation	Costs	Total
Balance at January 1, 2000	\$ 3,510	\$ -	\$ 7,825	\$ 11,335
Purchase accounting adjustments	-	-	(1,261)	(1,261)
Reserves utilized	(3,510)		(2,767)	(6,277)
Balance at December 30, 2000	-	_	3,797	3,797
Purchase accounting adjustments	9,292	611	3,606	13,509
Reserves utilized	(837)		(2,500)	(3,337)
Balance at December 29, 2001	8,455	611	4,903	13,969
Purchase accounting adjustments	(3,129)	(219)	(1,039)	(4,387)
Reserves utilized	(3,674)	(367)	(1,238)	(5,279)
Balance at December 28, 2002	\$ 1,652	\$ 25	\$ 2,626	\$ 4,303

Other exit cost liabilities will be settled over the remaining terms of the underlying lease agreements. All of these reserves are utilized through the settlement of the corresponding liabilities with cash provided by operations and therefore do not affect the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

5. Receivables:

Receivables consist of the following:

	Dec	December 28, 2002		December 29, 2001	
Trade:					
Wholesale	\$	7,042	\$	8,965	
Retail		18,836		19,857	
Vendor		67,057		55,179	
Installment		15,409		15,430	
Employees		749		683	
Other		2,446		3,480	
Total receivables		111,539		103,594	
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts		(8,965)		(9,890)	
Receivables, net	\$	102,574	\$	93,704	

6. Inventories, net

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Inventory quantities are tracked through a perpetual inventory system. The Company uses a cycle counting program in all distribution centers, Parts Delivered Quickly warehouses, or PDQs, and retail stores to ensure the accuracy of the perpetual inventory quantities and establishes reserves for estimated shrink based on historical accuracy and effectiveness of the cycle counting program. Cost was determined using the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") method for approximately 91% and 90% of inventories at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, respectively, and the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method for remaining inventories. The Company capitalizes certain purchasing and warehousing costs into inventory. Purchasing and warehousing costs included in inventory, at FIFO, at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, were \$69,160 and \$69,398,

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respectively. The nature of the Company's inventory is such that the risk of obsolescence is minimal. In addition, the Company has historically been able to return excess items to the vendor for credit. The Company does provide reserves where less than full credit will be received for such returns and where the Company anticipates that items will be sold at retail for prices that are less than recorded cost. Inventories consist of the following:

	December 28,	December 29,		
	2002	2001		
Inventories at FIFO, net	\$ 988,856	\$ 935,181		
Adjustments to state inventories at LIFO	59,947	46,819		
Inventories at LIFO, net	\$ 1,048,803	\$ 982,000		

Replacement cost approximated FIFO cost at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001.

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company recorded a non-recurring expense of \$10,493 (\$9,099 in gross profit and \$1,394 in selling, general and administrative expenses) related to the Company's supply chain initiatives. These initiatives reduced the Company's overall inventory investment as a result of only offering selective products in specific store locations or regions. The gross profit charge relates primarily to restocking and handling fees associated with inventory identified for return to the Company's vendors. Additionally, the general and administrative expenses included costs associated with the relocation of certain equipment from a distribution facility closed as part of these initiatives. At December 28, 2002, inventories are stated net of the remaining allowance for the supply chain initiatives recorded through gross profit of \$1,745.

7. Property and Equipment:

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged directly to expense when incurred; major improvements are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, with any gain or loss reflected in the consolidated statements of operations.

Depreciation of land improvements, buildings, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and vehicles is provided over the estimated useful lives, which range from 2 to 40 years, of the respective assets using the straight-line method. Amortization of building and leasehold improvements is provided over the shorter of the original useful lives of the respective assets or the term of the lease using the straight-line method. Depreciation and amortization expense was \$94,090, \$70,745 and \$66,826 for the fiscal years ended 2002, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	Original Useful Lives	December 28, 2002		December 29, 2001	
Land and land improvements	0 - 10 years	\$	178,513	\$	170,780
Buildings	40 years		209,457		199,304
Building and leasehold improvements	10 - 40 years		101,019		91,338
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 - 12 years		505,044		433,518
Vehicles	2 - 10 years		32,516		32,047
Other			15,724		23,499
			1,042,273		950,486
Less - Accumulated depreciation and amount	rtization		(313,841)		(239,204)
Property and equipment, net		\$	728,432	\$	711,282

The Company adopted the American Institute of Certified Public Accountant's Statement of Position 98-1,

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"Accounting for the Cost of Computer Software Developed or Obtained for Internal Use." This statement requires companies to capitalize certain expenditures related to development of or obtaining computer software for internal use. The Company capitalized approximately \$2,888, \$19,699 and \$9,400 in primarily third party costs incurred in the development of internal use computer software during fiscal 2002, fiscal 2001 and fiscal 2000, respectively.

8. Assets Held for Sale

The Company applies SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which requires that long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets to be disposed of be reported at the lower of the carrying amount or the fair market value less selling costs. At December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, the Company's assets held for sale were \$28,346 and \$60,512, respectively, primarily consisting of closed stores as a result of the Discount integration and a closed distribution center in the retail segment.

During fiscal 2001, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$12,300, to reduce the carrying value of certain non-operating facilities to their estimated fair market value. \$4,700 of the charge represents the write-down of a closed distribution center acquired as part of the Western merger included in the Wholesale segment. \$4,600 represents the reduction in carrying value of the former Western Auto corporate office also acquired in the Western merger. Both of these facilities were disposed of in fiscal 2002. The remaining \$3,000 represents a reduction to the carrying value of a recently closed distribution center in Jeffersonville, Ohio, held in the Retail segment, that was identified for closure as part of the Company's supply chain initiatives. The carrying value for these properties included in assets held for sale was \$5,800 and \$13,800 at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, respectively. The reduction in these book values represents the Company's best estimate of fair market value based on recent marketing efforts to attract buyers for these properties.

During fiscal 2000, the Company also recorded an impairment related to the Western Auto corporate office space. The impairment charge of \$856 reduced the carrying value to \$8,000.

9. Other Assets:

As of December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, other assets include deferred debt issuance costs of \$14,244 and \$25,790, respectively (net of accumulated amortization of \$5,837 and \$3,597, respectively), relating primarily to the financing in connection with the Discount acquisition and the fiscal 1998 recapitalization. Such costs are being amortized over the term of the related debt (5 years to 11 years). In March 2003, the Company amended and restated its senior credit facility to add incremental borrowings of \$350,000 and issued a call notice to repurchase and retire all of its currently outstanding senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures. Accordingly, the Company will write-off \$9,278 in deferred debt issuance cost included in other assets. At December 29, 2001 other assets also include the non-current portion of deferred income tax assets.

10. Accrued Expenses:

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

	Dec	December 28, 2002		December 29, 2001		
Payroll and related benefits	\$	75,767	\$	58,656		
Restructuring and closed store liabilities		5,992		15,879		
Warranty		15,620		21,587		
Other		110,797		80,096		
Total accrued expenses	\$	208,176	\$	176,218		

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

11. Other Long-term Liabilities:

Other long-term liabilities consist of the following:

	Dec	December 28, 2002		December 29, 2001		
Employee benefits	\$	21,321	\$	22,152		
Restructuring and closed store liabilities		7,203		7,733		
Other		20,937		6,388		
Total other long-term liabilities	\$	49,461	\$	36,273		

12. Long-term Debt:

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	De	December 28, 2002		December 29, 2001	
Senior Debt:	***************************************	to manufactured and places and march 3 and march 3 (the service)	District Street	Control of the Contro	
Tranche A, Senior Secured Term Loan at variable interest					
rates (3.69% at December 28, 2002), due November 2006	\$	82,989	\$	180,000	
Tranche B, Senior Secured Term Loan at variable interest					
rates (7.00% at December 29, 2001), due November 2007				305,000	
Tranche C, Senior Secured Term Loan at variable interest					
rates (3.69% at December 28, 2002), due November 2007		248,099		-	
Revolving facility at variable interest rates					
(5.50% at December 28, 2002), due November 2006		1,700		10,000	
McDuffie County Authority taxable industrial development					
revenue bonds, issued December 31,1997, interest due					
monthly at an adjustable rate established by					
the Remarketing Agent (2.10% at December 29, 2001),					
repaid on November 1, 2002		_		10,000	
Subordinated Debt:					
Senior subordinated notes payable, interest due semi-annually					
at 10.25%, due April 2008 (called March 2003)		151,450		169,450	
Senior subordinated notes payable, interest due semi-annually					
at 10.25%, due April 2008, face amount of \$174,365 less					
unamortized discount of \$10,912 and \$14,087 at December 28, 2002					
and December 29, 2001, respectively (called March 2003)		163,453		185,913	
Senior discount debentures, interest at 12.875%, due April 2009,					
face amount of \$91,050 less unamortized discount of					
\$3,219 and \$16,626 at December 28, 2002 and December 29,					
2001, respectively (called March 2003)(subordinate to Senior Debt)		87,831		95,374	
		735,522		955,737	
Less: Current portion of long-term debt		(10,690)		(23,715)	
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	\$	724,832	\$	932,022	

During 2002, the Company repaid a portion of its tranche A and tranche B term loan facilities and refinanced the remaining portion of its tranche B term loan facility under its existing senior credit facility by amending and

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

restating the credit facility to add a new \$250,000 tranche C term loan facility. The borrowings under the tranche C term loan facility were used to refinance the tranche B term loan facility. The tranche B term loan facility was initially issued for \$305,000 in fiscal 2001 in connection with the Discount acquisition and had a balance of \$265,000 prior to the refinancing. In conjunction with the extinguishment of this debt, the Company wrote-off deferred financing costs in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 96-19, "Debtor's Accounting for a Modification or Exchange of Debt Instruments". The write-off of these costs are classified as an extraordinary loss of \$5,228, net of \$3,314 income taxes, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. At December 28, 2002, the credit facility provided for (1) \$331,088 in term loans, consisting of a \$82,989 tranche A term loan facility and a \$248,099 tranche C term loan facility and (2) \$160,000 under a revolving credit facility (which provides for the issuance of letters of credit with a sublimit of \$35,000). As of December 28, 2002, the Company had borrowed \$1,700 under the revolving credit facility and had \$17,148 in letters of credit outstanding, which reduced availability under the credit facility to \$141,152.

The amended tranche A term loan facility amortization schedule currently reflects required repayments of \$1,428 on May 31, 2003, \$7,195 on November 30, 2003, \$11,449 in May and November 2004 and \$12,867 each May and November during 2005 and 2006 through maturity on November 30, 2006. Under the amended credit facility, the tranche C term loan facility requires scheduled repayments of \$2,067 semi-annually beginning November 30, 2003 through May 31, 2007, and the Company will be required to pay the remaining balance at maturity on November 30, 2007.

In March 2003, the Company amended and restated its senior credit facility to add incremental facilities of \$350,000 in the form of a tranche A-1 term loan facility of \$75,000 and a tranche C-1 term loan facility of \$275,000. The tranche A-1 term loan facility matures on November 30, 2006 and provides for amortization of \$1,290 on May 31, 2003, \$6,502 on November 30, 2003, \$10,348 in May and November 2004 and \$11,628 each May and November in 2005 and 2006 through maturity on November 30, 2006. The tranche C-1-term loan facility matures on November 30, 2007 and amortizes in semi-annual installments of \$2,292 for the four years commencing on November 30, 2003, with a final payment of \$256,664 due in November 2007. The amendment also modifies certain financial covenants and the existing pricing grid. The incremental facilities will be used to repurchase and retire the Company's currently outstanding senior subordinated notes and senior discount debentures.

The interest rates on the tranche A and A-1 term loan facilities, the revolving credit facility and the tranche C and C-1 term loan facilities are based, at the Company's option, on either an adjusted LIBOR rate, plus a margin, or an alternate base rate, plus a margin. Under the Company's senior credit facility as amended in March 2003, until its delivery of its financial statements for the third fiscal quarter ending on October 4, 2003, the initial margins for the tranche A and A-1 term loan facilities, the tranche C and C-1 term loan facilities and the revolving facility are 2.75% and 1.75% per annum for the adjusted LIBOR rate and alternate base rate borrowings, respectively. The margins subsequent to such date will be determined by a pricing grid based on the Company's leverage ratio at that time. If the Company's leverage ratio reduces to greater than or equal to 1.50 to 1.00 and less than 2.00 to 1.00 the margin applicable to each of the facilities will step down to a LIBOR spread of 2.50% per annum and down to 2.25% per annum if the Company achieves a leverage ratio of less than 1.50 to 1.00.

A commitment fee of 0.500% per annum is charged on the unused portion of the revolving credit facility, payable quarterly in arrears. The commitment fee applicable to the revolving credit facility will be reduced to 0.375% per annum at such time after delivering the Company's third quarter financial statements to the banks' administrative agent if its leverage ratio reduces to less than 2.00 to 1.00.

Borrowings under the senior credit facility are required to be prepaid, subject to certain exceptions, with (1) 50% of the Excess Cash Flow (as defined in the senior credit facility) unless the Company's Senior Leverage Ratio at the end of any fiscal year is less than or equal to 1.00 to 1.00, in which case 25% of Excess Cash Flow for such fiscal year will be required to be repaid, (2) 100% of the net cash proceeds of all asset sales or other dispositions of property by the Company and its subsidiaries, subject to certain exceptions (including exceptions for reinvestment of certain asset sale proceeds within 270 days of such sale and certain sale-leaseback transactions), and (3) 100% of the net proceeds of certain issuances of debt or equity by the Company and its subsidiaries.

Voluntary prepayments and voluntary reductions of the unutilized portion of the revolving credit facility are

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permitted in whole or in part, at the Company's option, in minimum principal amounts specified in the senior credit facility, without premium or penalty, subject to reimbursement of the lenders' redeployment costs in the case of a prepayment of adjusted LIBOR borrowings other than on the last day of the relevant interest period. Voluntary prepayments under the tranche A and A1 term loan facilities and the tranche C and C1 term loan facilities will (1) generally be allocated among those facilities on a pro rata basis (based on the then outstanding principal amount of the loans under each facility) and (2) within each such facility, be applied to the installments under the amortization schedule within the following 12 months under such facility and all remaining amounts will be applied pro rata to the remaining amortization payments under such facility.

The senior credit facility is guaranteed by the stores and by each of its existing domestic subsidiaries and will be guaranteed by all future domestic subsidiaries. The senior credit facility is secured by a first priority lien on substantially all, subject to certain exceptions, of the stores' properties and assets and the properties and assets of its existing domestic subsidiaries (including Discount and its subsidiaries) and will be secured by the properties and assets of its future domestic subsidiaries. The senior credit facility contains covenants restricting the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to, among other things, (1) declare dividends or redeem or repurchase capital stock, (2) prepay, redeem or purchase debt, (3) incur liens or engage in sale-leaseback transactions, (4) make loans and investments, (5) incur additional debt (including hedging arrangements), (6) engage in certain mergers, acquisitions and asset sales, (7) engage in transactions with affiliates, (8) change the nature of the Company's business and the business conducted by its subsidiaries and (9) change the holding company status of Advance. The Company is required to comply with financial covenants with respect to a maximum leverage ratio, a minimum interest coverage ratio, a minimum current assets to funded senior debt ratio, a maximum senior leverage ratio and maximum limits on capital expenditures.

In November 2002, the Company repurchased the entire \$10,000 of indebtedness under the industrial development revenue bonds, from which the proceeds were used to construct one of the Company's distribution centers.

Subordinated Debt:

The 1998 Senior Subordinated Notes, or the Notes, and the 2001 Senior Subordinated Notes, or the New Notes, are both unsecured and are subordinate in right of payment to all existing and future Senior Debt. In March 2003, the Company executed a call notice for the currently outstanding Notes and New Notes. The New Notes accrete at an effective yield of 11.875% less cash interest of 10.250% through maturity in April 2008. As of December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, the New Notes have been accreted by \$1,788 and \$309, respectively, with corresponding interest expense of \$1,479 and \$309 for the fiscal years ended December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, respectively. The Notes and New Notes are redeemable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at any time on or after April 15, 2003.

Upon the occurrence of a change of control, each holder of the Notes and the New Notes will have the right to require the Company to repurchase all or any part of such holder's Notes and New Notes at an offering price in cash equal to 101 percent of the aggregate principal amount thereof plus accrued and unpaid interest and liquidated damages, if any, thereon to the date of purchase in the case of any such purchase prior to April 15, 2003.

The Notes and the New Notes contain various non-financial restrictive covenants that limit, among other things, the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries to issue preferred stock, repurchase stock and incur certain indebtedness, engage in transactions with affiliates, pay dividends or certain other distributions, make certain investments and sell stock of subsidiaries.

During fiscal 2002, the Company repurchased and retired a portion of the Notes and New Notes at prices ranging from 106 to 107 percent on the total face value purchased of \$43,635. The premiums paid and the write-off of the related deferred financing costs are classified as an extraordinary loss of \$3,619, net of \$2,295 income taxes, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

During fiscal 2000, the Company repurchased on the open market \$30,550 face value of Notes at a price ranging from 81.5 to 82.5 percent of their face value. Accordingly, the Company recorded a gain related to the

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000

(in thousands, except per share data)

extinguishment of this debt of \$2,933, net of \$1,759 provided for income taxes and \$868 for the write off of the associated deferred debt issuance costs.

The Discount Debentures, or the Debentures, are subordinated to substantially all of the Company's other liabilities. In March 2003, the Company executed a call notice for the outstanding Debentures. The Debentures accrete at a rate of 12.875%, compounded semi-annually, to an aggregate principal amount of \$91,050 by April 15, 2003. Cash interest will not accrue on the Debentures prior to April 15, 2003. Commencing April 15, 2003, cash interest on the Debentures will accrue and be payable, at a rate of 12.875% per annum, semi-annually in arrears on each April 15 and October 15. As of December 28, 2002, the Debentures have been accreted by \$46,954 with corresponding interest expense of \$11,597, \$11,159 and \$9,853 recognized for the fiscal years ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000. The Debentures are redeemable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at any time on or after April 15, 2003.

Upon the occurrence of a change of control, each holder of the Debentures will have the right to require the Company to purchase the Debentures at a price in cash equal to 101% of the accreted value thereof plus liquidated damages, if any, thereon in the case of any such purchase prior to April 15, 2003, or 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest and liquidated damages, if any, thereon to the date of purchase in the case of any such purchase on or after April 15, 2003. As Advance may not have any significant assets other than capital stock of Stores (which is pledged to secure Advance's obligations under the senior credit facility), the Company's ability to purchase all or any part of the Debentures upon the occurrence of a change in control will be dependent upon the receipt of dividends or other distributions from Stores or its subsidiaries. The senior credit facility, the Notes and the New Notes have certain restrictions for Stores with respect to paying dividends and making any other distributions.

The Debentures contain certain non-financial restrictive covenants that are similar to the covenants contained in the Notes and the New Notes.

During fiscal 2002, the Company also repurchased and retired a portion of the Debentures at prices ranging from 100 to 105 percent of the total face value purchased of \$20,950. The premiums paid and the write-off of the related deferred financing costs are classified as an extraordinary loss of \$1,526, net of \$840 income taxes, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

As of December 28, 2002, the Company was in compliance with the covenants of the senior credit facility, the Notes, the New Notes and Debentures. Substantially all of the net assets of the Company's subsidiaries are restricted at December 28, 2002.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

At December 28, 2002, the aggregate future annual maturities of long-term debt, net of the unamortized discount related to the Notes, New Notes and the Debentures, are as follows:

2003	\$ 10,690
2004	27,033
2005	29,869
2006	31,569
2007	233,627
Thereafter	402,734
	\$735,522

13. Stockholder Subscription Receivables:

The Company established a stock subscription plan in fiscal 1998, which allows certain directors, officers and key team members of the Company to purchase shares of common stock. The plan required that the purchase price of the stock equal the fair market value at the time of the purchase and allowed fifty percent of the purchase price to be executed through the delivery of a full recourse promissory note. The notes provide for annual interest payments, at the prime rate (4.25% at December 28, 2002), with the entire principal amount due in five years. As of December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, outstanding stockholder subscription receivables were \$976 and \$2,676, respectively, and are included as a reduction to stockholders' equity in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

14. Income Taxes:

Provision (benefit) for income taxes for fiscal 2002, fiscal 2001 and fiscal 2000 consists of the following:

	Current	Deferred	Total
2002-	The second secon	anagearan and an arministration and an arministration and an arministration and arministration arministration and arministration arministrati	(and the same state of the sa
Federal	\$(10,412)	\$ 50,326	\$ 39,914
State	336	7,549	7,885
	\$(10,076)	\$ 57,875	\$ 47,799
2001-			
Federal	\$ 13,822	\$ (964)	\$ 12,858
State	513	(2,059)	(1,546)
	\$ 14,335	\$ (3,023)	\$ 11,312
2000-			
Federal	\$ 8,005	\$ 976	\$ 8,981
State	1,847	(293)	1,554
	\$ 9,852	\$ 683	\$ 10,535

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000

(in thousands, except per share data)

The provision (benefit) for income taxes differed from the amount computed by applying the federal statutory income tax rate due to:

	2002	2001	2000
Income (loss) before extraordinary items and cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle at statutory U.S. federal income tax rate	\$ 43,117	\$ 9,976	\$ 9,507
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	5,125	(1,005)	896
Non-deductible interest & other expenses	914	1,067	1,010
Valuation allowance	241	44	914
Other, net	(1,598)	1,230	(1,792)
	\$ 47,799	\$ 11,312	\$ 10,535

Deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences in future years of differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their financial reporting amounts at each period-end, based on enacted tax laws and statutory income tax rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Deferred income taxes reflect the net income tax effect of temporary differences between the bases of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and for income tax reporting purposes. Net deferred income tax balances are comprised of the following:

	Dec	ember 28, 2002	December 29, 2001		
Deferred income tax assets	\$	82,555	\$	70,116	
Deferred income tax liabilities		(92,158)		(38,020)	
Net deferred income tax (liabilities) assets	\$	(9,603)	\$	32,096	

The Company incurred financial reporting and tax losses in 1999 primarily due to integration and interest costs incurred as a result of the fiscal 1998 Western merger and the 1998 recapitalization. At December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, the Company has cumulative net deferred income tax liabilities of \$9,603 and assets of \$32,096, respectively. The gross deferred income tax assets also include federal and state net operating loss carryforwards, or NOLs, of approximately \$24,332. These NOLs may be used to reduce future taxable income and expire periodically through fiscal year 2022. The Company believes it will realize these tax benefits through a combination of the reversal of temporary differences, projected future taxable income during the NOL carryforward periods and available tax planning strategies. Due to uncertainties related to the realization of certain deferred tax assets for NOLs in various jurisdictions, the Company recorded a valuation allowance of \$1,795 as of December 28, 2002 and \$1,554 as of December 29, 2001. The amount of deferred income tax assets realizable, however, could change in the near future if estimates of future taxable income are changed.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

Temporary differences which give rise to significant deferred income tax assets (liabilities) are as follows:

	December 28, 2002			December 29, 2001		
Current deferred income taxes-						
Inventory valuation differences	\$	(53,372)	\$	(18,783)		
Accrued medical and workers compensation		8,355		7,233		
Accrued expenses not currently deductible for tax		21,490		26,753		
Net operating loss carryforwards		16,426		3,916		
Minimum tax credit carryforward (no expiration)		7,611		5,599		
Total current deferred income taxes	\$	510	\$	24,718		
Long-term deferred income taxes-						
Property and equipment		(36,991)		(19,237)		
Postretirement benefit obligation		7,393		8,013		
Amortization of bond discount		12,980		12,076		
Net operating loss carryforwards		7,906		2,680		
Valuation allowance		(1,795)		(1,554)		
Other, net		394		5,400		
Total long-term deferred income taxes	\$	(10,113)	\$	7,378		

These amounts are recorded in other current assets, other current liabilities and other assets in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets, as appropriate.

The Company currently has four years that are open to audit by the Internal Revenue Service. In addition, various state and foreign income tax returns for several years are open to audit. In management's opinion, any amounts assessed will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Additionally, the Company has certain periods open to examination by taxing authorities in various states and foreign jurisdictions for sales, use and excise taxes. In management's opinion, any amounts assessed will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

15. Lease Commitments:

The Company leases store locations, distribution centers, office space, equipment and vehicles under lease arrangements that extend through 2024, some of which are with related parties.

At December 28, 2002, future minimum lease payments due under non-cancelable operating leases are as follows:

		Related						
	Other (a)	Parties (a)	Total					
2003	\$ 148,794	\$ 3,447	\$ 152,241					
2004	136,149	2,537	138,686					
2005	116,379	2,240	118,619					
2006	98,220	1,764	99,984					
2007	85,574	140	85,714					
Thereafter	348,889	307	349,196					
	\$ 934,005	\$ 10,435	\$ 944,440					

(a) The Other and Related Parties columns include stores closed as a result of the Company's restructuring plans.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

At December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, future minimum sub-lease income to be received under non-cancelable operating leases is \$9,937 and \$8,935, respectively.

Net rent expense for fiscal 2002, fiscal 2001 and fiscal 2000 was as follows:

	2002	2001	2000
Minimum facility rentals	\$140,929	\$122,512	\$112,768
Contingent facility rentals	1,059	811	1,391
Equipment rentals	6,112	2,341	1,875
Vehicle rentals	6,419	6,339	6,709
	154,519	132,003	122,743
Less: Sub-lease income	(3,250)	(2,558)	(1,747)
	\$151,269	\$129,445	\$120,996

Contingent facility rentals are determined on the basis of a percentage of sales in excess of stipulated minimums for certain store facilities as defined in the individual lease agreements. Most of the leases provide that the Company pay taxes, maintenance, insurance and certain other expenses applicable to the leased premises and include options to renew. Certain leases contain rent escalation clauses, which are recorded on a straight-line basis. Management expects that, in the normal course of business, leases that expire will be renewed or replaced by other leases.

Rental payments to related parties of approximately \$3,752 in fiscal 2002, \$3,824 in fiscal 2001 and \$3,921 in fiscal 2000 are included in net rent expense for open stores. Rent expense associated with closed locations is included in other selling, general and administrative expenses.

16. Installment Sales Program:

A subsidiary of the Company maintains an in-house finance program, which offers financing to retail customers. Finance charges of \$3,901, \$3,343 and \$3,063 on the installment sales program are included in net sales in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the fiscal years ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000, respectively. The cost of administering the installment sales program is included in selling, general and administrative expenses.

17. Contingencies:

In the case of all known contingencies, the Company accrues for an obligation, including estimated legal costs, when it is probable and the amount is reasonably estimable. As facts concerning contingencies become known to the Company, the Company reassesses its position with respect to accrued liabilities and other potential exposures. Estimates that are particularly sensitive to future change include tax and legal matters, which are subject to change as events evolve and as additional information becomes available during the administrative and litigation process.

In February 2000, the Coalition for a Level Playing Field and over 100 independent automotive parts and accessories aftermarket warehouse distributors and jobbers filed a lawsuit styled Coalition for a Level Playing Field, et al. v. AutoZone, Inc. et al., Case No. 00-0953 in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of New York against various automotive parts and accessories retailers. In March 2000, the Company was notified that it had been named defendants in the lawsuit. The plaintiffs claimed that the defendants knowingly induced and received volume discounts, rebates, slotting and other allowances, fees, free inventory, sham advertising and promotional payments, a share in the manufacturers' profits, and excessive payments for services purportedly performed for the manufacturers in violation of the Robinson-Patman Act. In January 2003, a trial was held and the jury found that the Company did not violate the Robinson-Patman Act.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

The Company's Western Auto subsidiary, together with other defendants including automobile manufacturers, automotive parts manufacturers and other retailers, has been named as a defendant in lawsuits alleging injury as a result of exposure to asbestos-containing products. The Company, Discount and Parts America also have been named as defendants in many of these lawsuits. The plaintiffs have alleged that these products were manufactured, distributed and/or sold by the various defendants. To date, these products have included brake and clutch parts and roofing materials. The number of cases in which the Company or one of its subsidiaries has been named as a defendant has increased in the past year. Many of the cases pending against the Company or its subsidiaries were filed recently and are in the early stages of litigation. The damages claimed against the defendants in some of these proceedings are substantial. Additionally, some of the automotive parts manufacturers that are named as defendants in these lawsuits have declared bankruptcy, which will limit plaintiffs' ability to recover monetary damages from those defendants. The Company believes that it has valid defenses against these claims. The Company also believes that most of these claims are at least partially covered by insurance. Based on discovery to date, the Company does not believe the cases currently pending will have a material adverse effect on it. However, if the Company was to incur an adverse verdict in one or more of these claims and were ordered to pay damages that were not covered by insurance, these claims could have a material adverse affect on its operating results, financial position and liquidity. If the number of claims filed against the Company or any of its subsidiaries alleging injury as a result of exposure to asbestos-containing products increases substantially, the costs associated with concluding these claims, including damages resulting from any adverse verdicts, could have a material adverse effect on its operating results, financial position and liquidity in future periods.

Sears, Roebuck and Co., or Sears, has agreed to indemnify the Company for certain other litigation and environmental matters of Western that existed as of the Western merger date. The Company recorded a receivable from Sears of approximately \$2,685 relating to certain environmental matters that had been accrued by Western as of the Western merger date. During the first quarter of 2001, the Company received notification from Sears that certain of these matters have been settled. Accordingly, the Company reversed \$2,500 of the previously recorded \$2,685 receivable due from Sears and reduced the corresponding environmental liability. Additionally, as of the Western merger date, Sears has agreed to indemnify partially the Company for up to 5 years for certain additional environmental matters that may arise relating to the period prior to the Western merger. The Company's maximum exposure during the indemnification period for certain matters covered in the Western merger agreement is \$3,750.

In October 2000, a vendor repudiated a long-term purchase agreement entered into with the Company in January 2000. The Company filed suit against the vendor in November of fiscal 2000 to recover monetary damages. Based on consultation with the Company's legal counsel, management believed the purchase agreement was entered into in good faith and it was highly probable that the Company would prevail in its suit. Therefore, the Company recorded a gain of \$3,300, which represented actual damages incurred through December 30, 2000, as a reduction of cost of sales in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 30, 2000. Related income taxes and legal fees of \$1,300 were also recorded in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 30, 2000. During the first quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company reached a settlement with this vendor and recorded a net gain of \$8,300 as a reduction to cost of sales in the accompanying consolidated statement of operations for the year ended December 29, 2001.

The Company is also involved in various other claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. The damages claimed against the Company in some of these proceedings are substantial. Although the final outcome of these legal matters cannot be determined, based on the facts presently known, it is management's opinion that the final outcome of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

The Company is self-insured with respect to workers' compensation and health care claims for eligible active team members. In addition, the Company is self-insured for general and automobile liability claims. The Company maintains certain levels of stop-loss insurance coverage for these claims through an independent insurance provider. The cost of self-insurance claims is accrued based on actual claims reported plus an estimate for claims incurred but not reported. These estimates are based on historical information along with certain assumptions about future events, and are subject to change as additional information becomes available.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

The Company has entered into employment agreements with certain team members that provide severance pay benefits under certain circumstances after a change in control of the Company or upon termination of the team member by the Company. The maximum contingent liability under these employment agreements is approximately \$7,309 and \$10,231 at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, respectively.

18. Other Related-party Transactions:

The Company and Sears have entered into agreements that provide for the Western stores to continue to purchase, at normal retail prices, and carry certain Sears branded products during periods defined in the agreements. The Company purchased directly from the manufacturers of Sears branded products of approximately \$6,100, \$4,600 and \$9,200 for the fiscal years ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000, respectively. The Company is also a first-call supplier of certain automotive products to certain Sears Automotive Group stores. Additionally, Sears arranged to buy from the Company certain products in bulk for its automotive centers through January 1999. These transactions are completed at the Company's normal retail prices. These amounts are included in net sales to Sears in the following table and have been negotiated based on the fair values of the underlying transactions.

The following table presents the related party transactions with Sears for fiscal 2002, 2001 and 2000:

	Years Ended						
	December 28,		Dece	mber 29,	December 30, 2000		
		2002	2001				
Net sales to Sears	\$	7,047	\$	7,535	\$	7,487	
Credit card fees expense		246		339		405	

In December 2002, Sears sold its complete equity interest in the Company and as of that date was no longer considered a related party.

In September 2001, the Company loaned a member of the Board of Directors \$1,300. This loan was evidenced by a full recourse promissory note bearing interest at prime rate, payable annually, and due in full in five years from its inception. Payment of the promissory note was secured by a stock pledge agreement that granted the Company a security interest in all shares of common stock owned by the board member under the Company's stock subscription plan. In June 2002, the loan was repaid in full.

19. Benefit Plans:

401(k) Plan

The Company maintains a defined contribution team member benefit plan, which covers substantially all team members after one year of service. The plan allows for team member salary deferrals, which are matched at the Company's discretion. Company contributions were \$6,930, \$5,238 and \$5,245 in fiscal 2002, fiscal 2001, and fiscal 2000. All team members covered under the Discount plan were included in the Company's plan effective May 31, 2002.

The Company also maintains a profit sharing plan covering Western team members that was frozen prior to the Western Merger on November 2, 1998. This plan covered all full-time team members who had completed one year of service and had attained the age of 21 on the first day of each month. All team members covered under this plan were included in the Company's plan on December 28, 2002.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

Deferred Compensation

The Company maintained an unfunded deferred compensation plan established for certain key team members of Discount prior to the acquisition on November 28, 2001, which the Company terminated on May 31, 2002. The Company assumed the plan liability of \$1,382 through the Discount acquisition. The Company has reflected this liability in accrued expenses in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The Company maintains an unfunded deferred compensation plan established for certain key team members of Western prior to the fiscal 1998 Western merger. The Company assumed the plan liability of \$15,253 through the Western merger. The plan was frozen at the date of the Western merger. As of December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, \$2,998 and \$4,291, respectively, was accrued with the current portion included in accrued expenses and the long-term portion in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Postretirement Plan

The Company provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for eligible retired team members. Team members retiring from the Company with 20 consecutive years of service after age 40 are eligible for these benefits, subject to deductibles, co-payment provisions and other limitations. Effective December 2002, the Company amended its postretirement plan to only include benefits for team members who are eligible at January 1, 2005. This negative plan amendment also resulted in a curtailment gain of \$2,939, which will be amortized over 12 years consistent with the provisions of SFAS 106, "Employers Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions."

The estimated cost of retiree health and life insurance benefits is recognized over the years that the team members render service as required by SFAS No. 106, "Employers Accounting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions." The initial accumulated liability, measured as of January 1, 1995, the date the Company adopted SFAS No. 106, is being recognized over a 20-year amortization period.

Other financial information related to the plans was determined by the Company's independent actuaries as of December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000. The following provides a reconciliation of the accrued benefit obligation included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets and the funded status of the plan:

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

	2002	2001
Change in benefit obligation:		
Benefit obligation at beginning of the year	\$ 17,360	\$ 22,082
Service cost	473	326
Interest cost	1,239	1,584
Benefits paid	(2,471)	(2,842)
Curtailment gain	(2,939)	-
Actuarial loss (gain)	9,340	(3,790)
Benefit obligation at end of the year	23,002	17,360
Change in plan assets:	 	
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year	=	-
Employer contributions	2,471	2,842
Benefits paid	(2,471)	(2,842)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	 -	
Reconciliation of funded status:		
Funded status	(23,002)	(17,360)
Unrecognized transition obligation	10	752
Unrecognized actuarial (gain) loss	3,915	(3,260)
Accrued postretirement benefit cost	\$ (19,077)	\$ (19,868)

Net periodic postretirement benefit cost is as follows:

	:	2002		2001	2000
Service cost	\$	473	\$	326	\$ 451
Interest cost		1,239		1,584	1,532
Amortization of the transition obligation		58		58	58
Amortization of recognized net gains		(89)			
	\$	1,681	\$	1,968	\$ 2,041

The postretirement benefit obligation was computed using an assumed discount rate of 6.75% in 2002 and 7.5% in 2001. The health care cost trend rate was assumed to be 12.5% for 2002, 11.5% for 2003, 10.5% for 2004, 9.5% for 2005, 8.5% for 2006, 7.5% for 2007, and 5.0% to 7.0% for 2008 and thereafter.

If the health care cost were increased 1% for all future years the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation would have increased by \$1,532 as of December 28, 2002. The effect of this change on the combined service and interest cost would have been an increase of \$93 for 2002.

If the health care cost were decreased 1% for all future years the accumulated postretirement benefit obligation would have decreased by \$1,284 as of December 28, 2002. The effect of this change on the combined service and interest cost would have been a decrease of \$78 for 2002.

The Company reserves the right to change or terminate the benefits or contributions at any time. The Company also continues to evaluate ways in which it can better manage these benefits and control costs. Any changes in the plan or revisions to assumptions that affect the amount of expected future benefits may have a significant impact on the amount of the reported obligation and annual expense.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

20. Stock Options:

The Company maintains a senior executive stock option plan and an executive stock option plan, or the Option Plans, for key team members of the Company. The Option Plans provide for the granting of non-qualified stock options. All options terminate on the seventh anniversary of the grant date. Shares authorized for grant under the senior executive and the executive stock option plans are 1,710 and 3,600, respectively, at December 28, 2002. Subsequent to December 28, 2002, the Company granted 553 fixed price options at an exercise price of \$40.38 and 7.5 options at an exercise price of \$39.67.

The Company has historically maintained three types of option plans; Fixed Price Service Options, or Fixed Options, Performance Options, or Performance Options, and Variable Option plans, or Variable Options. The Fixed Options vest over a three-year period in three equal installments beginning on the first anniversary of the grant date. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the board of directors approved an amendment to the Performance Options and the Variable Options. The amendment accelerated the vesting of the Performance Options by removing the variable provisions under the plan and established a fixed exercise price of \$18.00 per share for the Variable Options. As a result of the increase in the Company's stock price and the above amendment, the Company recorded a one-time expense of \$8,611 in fiscal 2001 to recognize the associated compensation expense. Accordingly, all options under the above mentioned plans are considered fixed for accounting treatment under APB No. 25 as described below.

Additionally, as a result of the Discount acquisition, the Company converted all outstanding stock options of Discount with an exercise price greater than \$15.00 per share to options to purchase the Company's common stock. The Company converted 575 options from the executive stock option plan at a weighted-average exercise price of \$38.89 per share. These options will terminate on the tenth anniversary of the original option agreement between Discount and the team member. The fair value of the 575 converted options to purchase the Company's common stock was included in the purchase price of Discount.

As a result of the recapitalization in fiscal 1998, an existing stockholder received stock options to purchase up to 500 shares of common stock. The stock options are fully vested, nonforfeitable and provide for a \$10.00 per share exercise price, increasing \$2.00 per share annually, through the expiration date of April 2005. The fair value of these options, as determined at the grant date were included in the recapitalization in fiscal 1998 as consideration paid to the existing stockholder.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

Total option activity was as follows:

•	2002			2		2000_			
			'eighted-		W	eighted-		W	eighted-
	Number of		Average	Number of		lverage	Number of		verage
Plan	Shares	Exe	rcise Price	Shares	Exe	rcise Price	Shares	Exe	rcise Price
Fixed Price Service Options									
Outstanding at beginning of year	2,438	\$	24.52	1,610	\$	18.95	297	\$	14.79
Granted	552		42.26	343		21.00	1,336		19.80
Converted options in connection with Discount acquisition	-		_	575		38.89	_		-
Exercised	(388)		30.80	(62)		35.07	_		-
Forfeited	(32)		42.31	(28)		17.29	(23)		14.55
Outstanding at end of year	2,570	\$	27.18	2,438	\$	24.52	1,610	\$	18.95
Variable Price Service Options									
Outstanding at beginning of year	295	\$	18.00	297	\$	15.00	329	\$	15.00
Granted	-		-	-		_	-		-
Exercised	(191)		18.00	-		-	_		-
Forfeited	(1)		18.00	(2)		15.00	(32)		15.00
Outstanding at end of year	103	\$	18.00	295	\$	18.00	297	\$	15.00
Performance Options									
Outstanding at beginning of year	295	\$	10.00	297	\$	10.00	329	\$	10.00
Granted	-		-	-		-	-		-
Exercised	(199)		10.00	-		-	-		-
Forfeited	(1)		10.00	(2)		10.00	(32)		10.00
Outstanding at end of year	95	\$	10.00	295	\$	10.00	297	\$	10.00
Other Options									
Outstanding at beginning of year	500	\$	16.00	500	\$	14.00	500	\$	12.00
Granted	-		-	-		-	=		-
Exercised	-		-	-		-	-		-
Forfeited	_=_								
Outstanding at end of year	500	\$	18.00	500	\$	16.00	500	\$	14.00

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

All of the Variable, Performance and Other options were exercisable as of December 28, 2002 and had remaining contractual lives of 2.3 years. Additional information related to the Fixed options by range of exercise prices is as follows:

	Number of Shares Outstanding	A Exerc Out	eighted- verage ise Price of standing Shares	Weighted- Average Remaining Contractual Life of Outstanding Shares (in years)	Number of Shares Exercisable	Weighted Price of Exercise Price of Exercisable Shares		
\$10.00-\$19.99	724	\$	16.54	4.1	521	\$	16.43	
\$20.00-\$29.99	1,032		22.02	4.6	574		22.22	
\$30.00-\$39.99	94		35.80	5.2	93		35.80	
\$40.00-\$49.99	607		42.44	5.8	66		45.26	
\$50.00-\$59.99	113		53.39	4.8	106		53.32	
	2,570	\$	27.18	4.8	1,360	\$	24.47	

During fiscal 2000, the Company granted options at an exercise price of \$16.82, which equaled the fair market value determined by the board of directors, and \$20.00 and \$25.00, which exceeded the then determined fair market value. The weighted-average fair value of options granted at \$16.82 was \$1.44. The options granted at \$20.00 and \$25.00 had no fair value on the grant date. During fiscal 2001, the Company granted 343 options at an exercise price of \$21.00, the fair value at the date of the grant as determined by the board of directors. The fair value of the options granted at \$21.00 was \$13.53. During fiscal 2002, the Company granted 537 options at an exercise price of \$42.00, 7.5 options at an exercise price of \$48.55 and 7.5 options at an exercise price of \$55.44 which was the market price of the Company's stock on the date of each grant. The fair value of the options granted during fiscal 2002 was \$9.14, \$6.55 and \$7.34, respectively.

As permitted under SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," the Company accounts for its stock options using the intrinsic value method prescribed in Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees", or APB No. 25. Under APB No. 25, compensation cost for stock options is measured as the excess, if any, of the market price of the Company's common stock at the measurement date over the exercise price. Accordingly, the Company has not recognized compensation expense on the issuance of its Fixed Options because the exercise price equaled the fair market value of the underlying stock on the grant date. The excess of the fair market value per share over the exercise price per share for the Performance Options and Variable Options, up to the above mentioned amendment in December 2001, was recorded as outstanding stock options in additional paid-in capital. The Company recorded compensation expense related to the Performance Options and Variable Options of \$11,735 (including the one-time charge discussed above), and \$729 in non-cash stock option compensation expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the fiscal years ended December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000, respectively. No compensation expense was required for the fiscal year ended December 28, 2002.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

The following information is presented as if the Company elected to account for compensation cost related to the stock options using the fair value method as prescribed by SFAS No. 123:

		2002		2001	2000			
Net income: As reported Pro-forma	\$ \$	65,019 63,125	\$ \$	11,442 8,747	\$ \$	19,559 19,674		
	====							
Net income per basic share:								
As reported	\$	1.86	\$	0.40	\$	0.69		
Pro-forma	\$	1.80	\$	0.31	\$	0.70		
Net income per diluted share:								
As reported	\$	1.80	\$	0.39	\$	0.68		
Pro-forma	\$	1.74	\$	0.30	\$	0.69		

For the above information, the fair value of each option granted in the fiscal 2002 was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: (i) weighted average risk-free interest rate of 4.45% and 3.12%; (ii) weighted-average expected life of options of four years; (iii) expected dividend yield of zero and (iv) weighted-average volatility of 17% and 8%.

For the above information, the fair value of each option granted in fiscal 2001 was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: (i) weighted average risk-free interest rate of 2.89%; (ii) weighted-average expected life of options of three years; (iii) expected dividend yield of zero and (iv) volatility of 60%.

For the above information, the fair value of each option granted in fiscal 2000 was estimated on the grant date using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following assumptions: (i) risk-free interest rate of 4.47% and 4.57%; (ii) weighted-average expected life of options of two and three years and (iii) expected dividend yield of zero. As permitted by SFAS No. 123 for companies with non-public equity securities, the Company used the assumption of zero volatility in valuing these options.

During fiscal 2002, the Company established an employee stock purchase plan under which all eligible team members may purchase common stock at 85% of fair market value (determined quarterly) through payroll deductions. There are annual limitations on team member purchases of either \$25,000 per team member or ten percent of compensation, whichever is less. Under the plan, team members purchased 15 shares in fiscal 2002. In May 2002, the Company registered 700 shares with the Securities and Exchange Commission to be issued under the plan.

21. Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, bank overdrafts, accounts payable, borrowings secured by receivables and current portion of long-term debt approximates fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments. The carrying amount for variable rate long-term debt approximates fair value for similar issues available to the Company. The fair value of all fixed rate long-term debt was determined based on current market prices, which approximated \$435,240 (carrying value of \$402,733) and \$457,804 (carrying value of \$450,737) at December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001, respectively.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

22. Segment and Related Information:

The Company has the following operating segments: Advance, Retail and Wholesale. Advance has no operations but holds certain assets and liabilities. Retail consists of the retail operations of the Company, operating under the trade name "Advance Auto Parts," "Advance Discount Auto Parts" and "Discount Auto Parts" in the United States and "Western Auto" primarily in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Wholesale consists of the wholesale operations, including distribution services to independent dealers and franchisees primarily operating under the "Western Auto" trade name.

The financial information for fiscal 2000 has not been restated to reflect the change in accounting policy related to cooperative advertising funds. Had the new policy been applied in fiscal 2000, gross profit and income before provision for income taxes and extraordinary item in the Retail segment would have been \$829,475 and \$39,393. The application of the new accounting policy to the Wholesale segment would not be material.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued) December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000

(in thousands, except per share data)

2002 (a)	Advance	Retail	Wholesale (b)	Eliminations	Totals
Net sales (c)	\$ -	\$ 3,204,141	\$ 83,742	\$ -	\$ 3,287,883
Gross profit	-	1,434,407	13,587	-	1,447,994
Operating (loss) income	(155)	195,985	6,155	-	201,985
Net interest expense	(11,719)	(64,292)	(1,200)	-	(77,211)
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for					
income taxes, extraordinary item and					
change in accounting method (d)	(11,873)) 129,960	5,104	-	123,191
Extraordinary item, loss on debt extinguishment,					
net of \$6,449 income taxes	(1,526)	(8,847)	-	-	(10,373)
Segment assets (d)	15,016	,	18,405	(27,461)	1,965,225
Depreciation and amortization	· -	93,095	995	· · · · ·	94,090
Capital expenditures	-	97,948	238	-	98,186
2001 (a)					
Net sales (c)	\$ -	\$ 2,419,746	\$ 97,893	\$ -	\$ 2,517,639
Gross profit	-	1,052,881	14,046		1,066,927
Operating income (loss)	-	97,475	(8,362)	_	89,113
Net interest expense	(11,245)	(47,686)	(1,882)		(60,813)
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for					
income taxes, extraordinary item and					
change in accounting method (d)	(11,245)	50,323	(10,577)	-	28,501
Extraordinary item, loss on debt extinguishment,					
net of \$ 2,424 income taxes	-	(3,682)	-	-	(3,682)
Change in accounting method,					
net of \$1,360 income taxes	-	(2,065)	-	-	(2,065)
Segment assets (d)	14,247	1,911,026	26,877	(1,535)	1,950,615
Depreciation and amortization	-	69,927	1,304	-	71,231
Capital expenditures	-	63,327	368	-	63,695
2000(a)		<u></u>			
Net sales (c)	\$ -	\$ 2,167,308	\$ 120,714	\$ -	\$ 2,288,022
Gross profit	-	881,012	14,883	-	895,895
Operating income	-	91,590	1,199	-	92,789
Net interest expense	(9,871)	(51,684)	(4,141)	-	(65,696)
(Loss) income before (benefit) provision for					
income taxes and extraordinary item (d)	(9,871)	39,626	(2,594)	-	27,161
Extraordinary item, gain on debt extinguishment,					
net of \$1,759 income taxes	-	2,933	-	-	2,933
Segment assets (d)	10,556		49,421	(11,456)	1,356,360
Depreciation and amortization	-	65,625	1,201	-	66,826
Capital expenditures	-	70,493	73	•	70,566

⁽a) Amounts include non-recurring expenses separately disclosed in the accompanying statement of operations.

⁽b) During fiscal 2000, the Company transferred certain assets to the Retail segment related to the Western Auto retail operations in Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands.

⁽c) For fiscal years 2002, 2001, and 2000, total net sales include approximately \$482,000, \$403,000 and \$356,000, respectively, related to revenues derived from commercial sales.

⁽d) Excludes investment in and equity in net earnings or losses of subsidiaries.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000 (in thousands, except per share data)

23. Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited):

The following table summarizes quarterly financial data for fiscal years 2002 and 2001:

2002	I	First	S	econd	1	hird	I	Fourth	
Net sales	\$1,0	04,087	\$ 792,717		7 \$ 788,662		\$	702,417	
Gross profit	4	36,508	3	49,014	3	49,662	312,810		
Income before extraordinary item		12,871		23,565	28,658			10,298	
Net income		12,096		15,941		28,363		8,619	
Basic income per share:									
Before extraordinary item	\$	0.38	\$	0.67	\$	0.80	\$	0.29	
Net income		0.36		0.45		0.80		0.24	
Diluted income per share:									
Before extraordinary item	\$	0.36	\$	0.64	\$	0.77	\$	0.28	
Net income		0.34		0.44		0.77		0.23	

The above fiscal 2002 quarterly information includes non-recurring gains and losses by quarter as follows:

2002	First	Sec	cond	7	Chird	F	Fourth
Expenses associated with merger and integration	 10,223	s sche	7,520	,,,,,,	8,174	······	9,018
Expenses associated with merger-related							
restructuring	342		109		74		72
2001	First	Sec	cond	7	Third	F	ourth
Net sales	\$ 729,359	\$ 60	7,478	\$:	598,793	\$	582,009
Gross profit	311,450	25	7,228	2	256,734		241,515
Income (loss) before extraordinary item and cumulative effect of change in							
accounting principle	3,873	1	4,124		15,232		(16,040)
Net income (loss)	3,873	1	4,124		15,232		(21,787)
Basic income (loss) per share:							
Before extraordinary item and cumulative							
effect of change in accounting principle	\$ 0.14	\$	0.50	\$	0.54	\$	(0.54)
Net income (loss)	0.14		0.50		0.54		(0.73)
Diluted income (loss) per share: Before extraordinary item and cumulative							
effect of change in accounting principle	\$ 0.14	\$	0.49	\$	0.53	\$	(0.54)
Net income (loss)	0.14		0.49		0.53		(0.73)

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued) December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001, and December 30, 2000

(in thousands, except per share data)

The above fiscal 2001 quarterly information includes non-recurring gains and losses by quarter as follows:

Expenses associated with supply chain		First		Second		Third	Fourth		
		AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR						
initiatives - gross profit	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,099	
Expenses associated with supply chain									
initiatives - selling, general and administrative									
expense		**		-		-		1,394	
Impairment of assets held for sale		1,600		-		-		10,700	
Expenses associated with merger and integration		-		-		-		1,135	
Expenses associated with merger-related									
restructuring		-		-		-		3,719	
Non-cash stock option compensation expense		1,109		233		1,520		8,873	
Non-recurring gain from the settlement of a									
vendor settlement		(8,300)		-		-		-	

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. SCHEDULE I - CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE REGISTRANT

December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001 Condensed Parent Company Balance Sheets (in thousands, except per share data)

	December 28, 2002	December 29, 2001
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 541	\$ 375
Other current assets	821	1,274
Investment in subsidiary	540,529	368,683
Prepaid expenses	107	-
Long-term assets	14,322	13,700
Total assets	\$ 556,320	\$ 384,032
Liabilities and stockholders' equity		
Accrued expenses	\$ 134	\$ 87
Long-term debt	87,830	95,374
Total liabilities	87,964	95,461
Stockholders' equity		,
Preferred stock, nonvoting, \$0.0001 par value; 10,000 shares		
authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	-	-
Common stock, voting \$0.0001 par value; 100,000 shares		
authorized; 35,735 and 32,692 issued and outstanding	4	3
Additional paid-in capital	610,195	496,538
Stockholder subscription receivables	(976)	(2,676)
Accumulated comprehensive income (loss)	(592)	(=,5 / 5)
Accumulated deficit	(140,275)	(205,294)
Total stockholders' equity	468,356	288,571
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 556,320	\$ 384,032
Total habitates and stockholders equity	<u> </u>	Ψ 30 τ,032

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC.

SCHEDULE I – CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE REGISTRANT

For the Years Ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000 Condensed Parent Company Statement of Operations (in thousands, except per share data)

	For the Years Ended										
		2002		2001		2000					
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$	155	\$	-	\$	-					
Interest expense		(11,816)		(11,424)		(10,121)					
Interest income		97		179		250					
Equity in earnings of subsidiaries		75,446		18,860		26,104					
Extraordinary item, loss on debt extinguishment,											
net of \$840 income taxes		(1,525)		-		-					
Income tax benefit		(2,972)		(3,827)		(3,326)					
Net income	\$	65,019	\$	11,442	\$	19,559					
Net income per basic share	\$	1.86	\$	0.40	\$	0.69					
Net income per diluted share		1.80	==	0.39	_	0.68					
Average common shares outstanding		35,049		28,637		28,296					
Dilutive effect of stock options		1,139		521		315					
Average common shares outstanding - assuming dilution		36,188		29,158		28,611					

The accompanying notes to condensed parent company financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC.

SCHEDULE I – CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE REGISTRANT

For the Years Ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000 Condensed Parent Company Statements of Cash Flows (in thousands)

	For the Years Ended						
		2002		2001		2000	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Net income	\$	65,019	\$	11,442	\$	19,559	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:							
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs		219		239		224	
Amortization of bond discount		11,597		11,158		9,853	
Benefit for deferred income taxes		(410)		(3,775)		(3,326)	
Equity in earnings of subsidiary		(75,446)		(18,860)		(26,104)	
Extraordinary loss on extinguishment of debt, net of tax		1,526		-		-	
Net decrease in working capital		174		118		5,265	
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,679		322		5,471	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Change in net intercompany with subsidiaries		(2,513)		(1,956)		(5,309)	
Purchase of Advance Stores Class A Common Stock		-		-		(2,053)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,513)		(1,956)		(7,362)	
Cash flows from financing activities:							
(Repurchases of) proceeds from stock transactions under							
subscription plan		-		(550)		1,602	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		_		2,381		· <u>-</u>	
Net cash provided by financing activities		-		1,831		1,602	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		166		197		(289)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		375		178		467	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	541	\$	375	\$	178	
Supplemental cash flow information:							
Interest paid	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Income taxes paid, net of refunds received		-		-		-	
Noncash transactions:							
Issuance of common stock related to secondary offering	\$	90,022	\$	-	\$	-	
Early extinguishment of debt paid funded by Stores		(19,140)		-		-	
Payment of debt related costs funded by Stores		(2,066)		-		-	
Proceeds received by Advance Stores from stock transactions							
under the Parent's stock subscription plan and Stores stock option plan		19,069		-		-	
Issuances of common stock and stock plans - Discount acquisition		-		107,129		-	
Equity transactions under the stockholder subscription and							
employee stock option plans		-		411		1,281	
Equity method impact of outstanding stock options				11,735		729	
	_		_				

The accompanying notes to condensed parent company financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC.

SCHEDULE I - CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE REGISTRANT

Notes to Condensed Parent Company Statement December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001 (in thousands, except in per share data)

1. Presentation

These condensed financial statements have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Certain information and note disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations, although management believes that the disclosures made are adequate to make the information presented not misleading.

2. Organization

On November 28, 2001, Advance Holding Corporation ("Holding") was merged with and into Advance Auto Parts, Inc. (the "Company"), with Advance Auto Parts, Inc. continuing as the surviving entity. Shareholders of Holding received one share of Company common stock in exchange for each outstanding share of Holding common stock. In addition, separate classes of common stock were eliminated, the par value of each share of common and preferred stock was set at \$0.0001 and \$0.0001 per share, respectively, and 100,000 and 10,000 shares of common and preferred stock were authorized, respectively. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements have been changed to reflect the transaction as if it occurred on January 2, 1999. The Company was created in August 2001 and has no separate operations. Accordingly, the change resulted only in reclassifications between common stock and additional paid-in capital.

The Company is a holding company which was the 100% shareholder of Advance Stores Company, Incorporated ("Stores") and certain other subsidiaries during the periods presented. The parent/subsidiary relationship between the Company and its subsidiaries includes certain related party transactions. These transactions consist primarily of interest on intercompany advances, dividends, capital contributions and allocations of certain costs. Deferred income taxes have not been provided for financial reporting and tax basis differences on the undistributed earnings of the subsidiaries.

3. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt at December 28, 2002 consists of senior discount debentures (the "Debentures") issued during fiscal 1998. In March 2003, the Company executed a call notice for the outstanding Debentures. The Debentures were issued at a discount and accrete at a rate of 12.875%, compounded semi-annually, to an aggregate principal amount of \$91,050 by April 15, 2003. Cash interest will not accrue on the Debentures prior to April 15, 2003. Commencing April 15, 2003, cash interest on the Debentures will accrue and be payable, at a rate of 12.875% per annum, semi-annually in arrears on each April 15 and October 15. As of December 28, 2002, the Debentures have been accreted by \$46,954 with corresponding interest expense of \$11,597, \$11,159 and \$9,853 recognized for the years ended December 28, 2002, December 29, 2001 and December 30, 2000, respectively. The Debentures are redeemable at the option of the Company, in whole or in part, at any time on or after April 15, 2003 and mature on April 15, 2009.

Upon the occurrence of a change of control (as defined), each holder of the Debentures will have the right to require the Company to purchase the Debentures at a price in cash equal to 101% of the accreted value thereof plus liquidated damages, if any, thereon in the case of any such purchase prior to April 15, 2003, or 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof, plus accrued and unpaid interest and liquidated damages, if any, thereon to the date of purchase in the case of any such purchase on or after April 15, 2003. The Company may not have any significant assets other than capital stock of Stores (which is pledged to secure the Company's obligations under Stores' senior credit facility). As a result, the Company's ability to purchase all or any part of the Debentures will be dependent upon the receipt of dividends or other distributions from Stores or its subsidiaries. Stores' senior credit facility and Stores' senior subordinated notes have certain restrictions for Stores with respect to paying dividends and making any other distributions.

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for Additional Disclosures

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. SCHEDULE I - CONDENSED FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE REGISTRANT

Notes to Condensed Parent Company Statement December 28, 2002 and December 29, 2001 (in thousands, except in per share data)

A MANAGER STATE The Debentures are subordinated to all of the Company's other liabilities. The Debentures contain certain nonfinancial restrictive covenants that are similar to the covenants contained in the notes. Substantially all of the net assets of the Company's subsidiaries are restricted at December 28, 2002.

During fiscal 2002, the Company repurchased and retired a portion of the Debentures at prices approximating 100 to 105 percent of the total face value purchased of \$20,950. The premiums paid and the write-off of the related deferred financing costs are classified as an extraordinary loss of \$1,526, net of \$840 income taxes, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC. SCHEDULE II – VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS (in thousands)

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n c	Ba	lance at						Bal	lance a	
		ginning	Cha	arges to				F	nd of	
Allowance for doubtful accounts receivable:	of Period		Expenses		Deductions		 Other	Period		
December 30, 2000	\$	6,927	\$	2,152	\$	(4,058) (1)	\$ -	\$	5,02	
December 29, 2001		5,021		2,106		$(1,070)^{(1)}$	3,833 (2)		9,891	
December 28, 2002		9,890		2,201		(3,126) ⁽¹⁾	-		8,96:	

- (1) Accounts written off during the period. These amounts did not impact our statement of operations for any year presented.
- (2) Restructuring for doubtful accounts receivable assumed and established in the Discount acquisition.

Restructuring reserves:

December 30, 2000	\$ 21,316	\$ 1,673	\$ (11,143) (1)	\$ (1,261) (2)	\$ 10,58:
December 29, 2001	10,585	8,771	(9,253) ⁽¹⁾	13,509 ⁽³⁾	23,612
December 28, 2002	23,612	4,533	(10,563) ⁽¹⁾	(4,387) ⁽⁴⁾	13,195

⁽¹⁾ Represents amounts paid for restructuring charges. These amounts did not impact our statement of operations for any year presented.

⁽²⁾ Reductions to reserves assumed and established in the Western merger that exceeded the ulitmate cost expended by the Company.

⁽³⁾ Restructuring reserves assumed and established in the Discount acquisition.

⁽⁴⁾ Reductions to restructuring reserves assumed and established in the Discount acquisition as adjusted through purchase accounting.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: March 27, 2003

ADVANCE AUTO PARTS, INC.

By: /s/ Jimmie L. Wade
Jimmie L. Wade
President and Chief Financial Officer

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW BY ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Lawrence P. Castellani, Jimmie L. Wade and Mark J. Doran, and each of them, his true and lawful attorney-in-fact with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this report and to file same, with all exhibits thereto, and any other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, or any of them, or their or his substitute or substitutes may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	Title	<u>Date</u>
/s/ Lawrence P. Castellani Lawrence P. Castellani	Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)	March 27, 2003
/s/ Jimmie L. Wade	President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)	March 27, 2003
/s/ Mark J. Doran Mark J. Doran	Director	March 27, 2003
/s/ Peter J. Fontaine Peter J. Fontaine	Director	March 27, 2003
/s/ Stephen M. Peck Stephen M. Peck	Director	March 27, 2003
/s/ Gilbert T. Ray Gilbert T. Ray	Director	March 27, 2003
/s/ John M. Roth John M. Roth	Lead Director	March 27, 2003
/s/ William A. Salter William A. Salter	Director	March 27, 2003
/s/ Francesca Spinelli, Ph. D. Francesca Spinelli, Ph. D.	Director	March 27, 2003
/s/ Ronald P. Spogli Ronald P. Spogli	Director	March 27, 2003

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Lawrence P. Castellani, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or
 omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under
 which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual
 report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - (c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: March 27, 2003

/s/ Lawrence P. Castellani

Lawrence P. Castellani
Chairman of the Board of Directors and
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Jimmie L. Wade, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this annual report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this annual report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this annual report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this annual report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this annual report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
 - (c) presented in this annual report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this annual report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: March 27, 2003

/s/ Jimmie L. Wade

Jimmie L. Wade

President and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 99.1

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Lawrence P. Castellani, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge, the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. for the year ended December 28, 2002 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in such Annual Report on Form 10-K fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.

Date: March 27, 2003 By: /s/ Lawrence P. Castellani

Name: Lawrence P. Castellani

Title: Chairman of the Board of Directors and

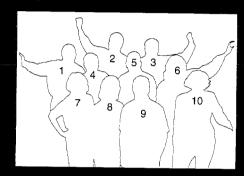
Chief Executive Officer

I, Jimmie L. Wade, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to my knowledge, the Annual Report on Form 10-K of Advance Auto Parts, Inc. for the year ended December 28, 2002 fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in such Annual Report on Form 10-K fairly presents in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of Advance Auto Parts, Inc.

Date: March 27, 2003 By: /s/ Jimmie L. Wade

Name: Jimmie L. Wade

Title: President and Chief Financial Officer



Pictured on front cover: 1. Thermon Knighten, Vice President Store Merchandising 2. Axel Oberg, Manager, Warranty Claims
3. John Payne, Manager, Customer Contact Center 4. Gray Turner, Vice President, Commercial Sales 5. Jose Feliciano, Division Manager
6. Elayne McFalls, Senior Business Analyst-Logistics & Replenishment
7. Tammy Finley, Vice President, Team Member Relations 8. Arlene Sunner, Sales Associate 9. Brian Leavens, Store Manager 10. Darlene Demarest, Director Lease Administration

Corporate Offices: 5673 Airport Road Roanoke, Virginia 24012 540-362-4911

www.AdvanceAutoParts.com



We're ready in Advance.

Advance Auto Parts 2002 Annual Review



Advance Lauto Partsi

We're ready in Advance.





We're ready with quality parts at value prices. We're ready with friendly Team Members who know their stuff. We're ready with clean, conveniently located stores.

We're ready in Advance. Advance Auto Parts offers one of the largest selections of brand name and private label auto parts, accessories, and maintenance items in the automotive aftermarket. More than 120,000 items in all.

But it isn't enough to have the right products. We have to provide customers great value. Our recent category management initiatives are optimizing our pricing, increasing our product selection, improving our merchandising, and enhancing our inventory productivity.

We're ready in Advance. Our entire team is focused on our customers' needs. "Ring, ring" is our way of reminding Team Members to answer all calls within three rings. And a customer has to be greeted within 10 feet of entering our store for us to earn a "Perfect 10."

Once we make our customers feel welcome, we focus on solving their problem. Trained Team Members ask the right questions and give sound advice. They're also eager to test batteries, starters, alternators, sensors, and ignition modules. Whatever the customers' problem, we have a solution. No wonder they keep coming back.

We now have more than 2,400 attractive locations in 37 states. During 2002, we opened 110 new stores. And we also relocated 39 to more convenient sites in existing markets. We keep our stores looking great with our GOLD standard, having a "Grand Opening Look Daily."

But what really sets us apart is that we're a big company with small town values. Founded in 1929, Advance Auto Parts is built on honesty and integrity. Our Team Members care about their communities, proved by the \$8 million we've raised, with the help of our customers, for the Juvenile Diabetes Research Foundation since 1995. But they also care about their customers. And about each other.



Compo	5-Year unded Growth		2002		2001		2000		1999		1998
Olahamani at Omanaliana Balan					(in th	ous	ands, excep	it pe	r share data)	
Statement of Operations Data:				_							
Net sales			287,883		2,517,639	\$	2,288,022	\$.	2,206,945	\$,220,759
Gross profit (1)			447,994		1,076,026		895,895		802,832		454,561
Comparable operating income (2)			237,517	_	123,770		94,374		62,351		62,208
Comparable net income (3)	.56.5%	\$	97,138	\$	38,088	s	17,596	\$	154	\$	16,197
Comparable net income per diluted share (3)		s	2.68	\$	1.31	\$	0.62	s	0.01	\$	0.87
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding		•	36,188	7	29,158	Ţ	28,611	Ť	28,269	Ī	18,606
Selected Store Data:											
Comparable store sales growth			5.5%		6.2%		4.4%		10.3%		7.8%
Number of stores, end of period			2,435		2,484		1.729		1.617		1,567
Stores with commercial delivery	**		2,700		2,404		1,723		1,011		1,007
program, end of period			1.411		1.370		1.210		1.094		532
Total retail store square footage, end			.,		.,				.,		
of period (in thousands)			18.108		18,717		13,325		12,476		12,084
Average net retail sales per store (4)		\$	1,303	\$	1,346	\$	1,295	8	1,267	\$	1,270
Average net retail sales per square foot (5)		\$	174	\$	175	\$	168	\$	164	\$	172
Balance Sheet Data:											
Inventory		\$1	048.803	s	982.000	s	788.914	\$.	749,447	\$	726,172
Net working capital			462,896	٠	442.099	•	318,583	۳	355.608	•	310,113
Total assets			965,225		1.950.615		1,356,360		1.348.629	1	.265.355
Total net debt (6)			722.506		972.368		582.539		627.467		485.476
Total stockholders' equity			468,356		288,571		156,271		133,954		159,091

(1) Gross profit for fiscal 2001 excludes the non-recurring charge of \$9,099 associated with our supply chain initiatives recorded in the fourth quarter.

(2) Comparable operating income excludes certain non-recurring charges as included in the following reconciliation of this measurement to our operating income presented under generally accepted accounting policies in our financial statements included in the accompanying annual report on form 10-K.

		2002		2001(a)		2000	1999		1998
Comparable operating income	\$	237,517	\$	123,770	\$	94,374	\$ 62,351	\$	62,208
Supply chain initiatives		-		(10,492)			-		-
Impairment of assets held for sale				(10,700)		(856)	-		-
Recapitalization expenses							-		(14,277)
Merger related restructuring		(597)		(3,719)			-		(6,774)
Merger and integration		(34,935)		(1,135)		-	(41,034)		(7,788)
Private company expenses						-	-		(845)
Stock option compensation				(8,611)		(729)	(1,082)		(695)
Operating income	\$_	201,985	\$_	89,113	\$_	92,789	\$ 20,235	\$_	31,829

(a) Fiscal 2001 excludes only the non-recurring charges taken during the fourth quarter.

For more information see the fiscal 2001 financial statements and accompanying footnotes.

(3) Comparable net income excludes the nonrecurring items in footnote (1) and (2) above and the extraordinary items and cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. The following is a reconciliation of comparable net income to net income presented under generally accepted accounting policies in our financial statements included in the accompanying annual report on form 10-K.

	2002	2001(a)		2000	1999	1998
Comparable net income	\$ 97,138	\$ 38,088	8	17,596	\$ 154	\$ 16,197
Add back non-recurring items from footnote (1) and (2)	(35,532)	(34,657)		(1,585)	(42, 116)	(30,379)
Tax impact of non-recurring items	13,786	13,758		615	16,636	12,000
Extraordinary items, net of tax	(10,373)	(3,682)		2,933		
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle,						
net of tax		(2,065)		-		
Net income	\$ 65,019	\$ 11,442	\$	19,559	\$ (25,326)	\$ (2,182)
Net income per diluted share	\$ 1.80	\$ 0.39	\$	0.68	\$ (0.90)	\$ (0.12)

(a) Fiscal 2001 excludes only the non-recurring charges taken during the fourth quarter.

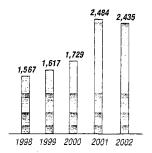
For more information see the fiscal 2001 financial statements and accompanying footnotes.

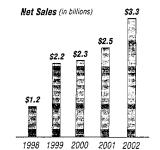
(4) Average net retail sales per store is calculated as net sales of the retail segment divided by the average of the beginning and ending number of stores for the respective period. The 1998 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Parts America net retail sales and the number of stores for the period from November 1, 1998 through January 2, 1999. The 2001 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Discount net retail sales and the number of stores for the period from December 2, 2001 through December 29, 2001.

(5) Average net retail sales per square foot is calculated as net sales of the retail segment divided by the average of the beginning and ending square footage for the respective period. The 1989 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Parts America net retail sales and square footage for the period from November 1, 1998 through January 2, 1999. The 2001 amounts were calculated giving effect to the Discount net retail sales and square footage for the period from December 2, 2001 through December 29, 2001.

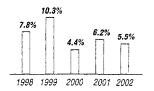
(6) Net debt includes total debt and bank overdrafts, less cash and cash equivalents.

Number of Stores





Comparable Store Sales



Comparable Operating Income (in millions)



Comparable Earnings per Share



Dear Stockholders:

Our new advertising theme is "We're ready in Advance." We also have a new logo with a racing flag that symbolizes our focus on winning. Our 2002 financial results are a clear indication that we are winning by satisfying more customers, and doing it profitably.

In 2002:

- · Sales rose 30.6% to \$3.3 billion.
- Comparable store sales increased 5.5%, with approximately two-thirds of that gain coming from a rise in customer traffic.
- Comparable operating margins increased 230 basis points to 7.2%.
- Comparable earnings per share rose 105% to \$2.68 per diluted share.

 We generated \$165 million in free cash flow and paid down \$220 million in debt.

(Please see our reconciliation of comparable operating income and comparable earnings per share included on page 3 of this annual review.)

These outstanding results were achieved while we executed our Discount Auto Parts integration plan; acquired and converted 57 Trak Auto stores in the Washington, D.C. Metro market; continued to roll out our new point-of-sale (POS) and electronic parts catalog system known as APAL; launched our first wave of category management initiatives; and began to roll out our new store format we call 2010. As you can tell, we've been firing on all cylinders.

The Discount Auto Parts integration remains on track.

We have completed the integration of all the stores
outside of Florida, convert-

ed the Mississippi distribution center to our system, remerchandised all the Florida stores, and rolled out APAL to more than half of the Florida stores. We also launched our co-branded concept in the Florida markets, where stores will carry the Advance Discount Auto Parts™ name. This enables us to maximize the brand equity that Discount Auto Parts has built in Florida, yet takes it to the next level through enhanced customer service, improved inventory selection, and our proprietary state-of-theart store systems. During 2003, we will continue the re-branding and complete the store conversions in Florida. We look forward to continued strong performance by these stores.

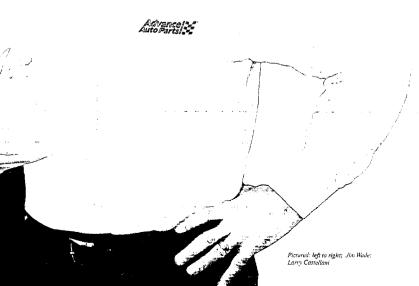
At the beginning of 2002, we launched our first wave of category management initiatives. By forming a stronger partnership with our suppliers, we are serving our customers better with an improved product selection, better merchandising, and enhanced promotional activity. To date we have completed approximately 20% of our merchandise categories, representing about half of our sales. We anticipate completing 50% of merchandising categories by mid-2003, which will drive sales, margins and inventory turns.

We are also rolling out the next generation of store systems to give our team members the best possible tools to serve our customers. The leading-edge APAL system puts at our team members' fingers everything they need to satisfy the customer, including detailed product information, helpful graphics, and a list of additional items customers will need to properly complete the job. Our









MPT-Management Planning and Training system enables our store managers to make sure their store has the right person...in the right place...at the right time...doing the right thing.

Along with enhancing our operations, we have made great strides in our corporate governance initiatives. Included in our nine member Board of Directors, we have three new distinguished and independent leaders, including Stephen M. Peck, General Partner of Wilderness Partners, L.P. and the Torrey Funds, L.L.C.; Francesca Spinelli, Ph.D., Senior Vice President, People of Radio Shack Corporation; and Gilbert T. Ray, retired partner of O'Melveney & Myers, L.L.P. We are confident that the leadership is in place to continue to drive Advance Auto Parts forward.

In February 2003, Nicholas F. Taubman, Chairman, and Garnett E. Smith, Vice Chairman, after more than 40 years building Advance Auto Parts, chose to take the final step in the leadership transition process and retired from our Board of Directors. Their legacy of integrity, hard work and dedicated leadership spearheaded our growth and brought us to the national arena. And they did it by putting our team members first. We thank Nick and Garnett for their years of service and for setting the highest standards by which we will measure ourselves going forward.

We are proud of our achievements in 2002, but all of us at Advance Auto Parts know that we need to continuously make improvements to better serve our customers. In 2003, we will focus on increasing sales in existing stores, expanding our operating margins, continuing to successfully integrate

Discount Auto Parts, and producing strong cash flow to pay down debt.

Finally, and most importantly, we would like to thank all of our Team Members for their hard work and dedication. It is truly a privilege to work with such a terrific and motivated team!

Jim Wade, President and Chief Financial Officer

Larry bastellam

Larry Castellani, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Estimados accionistas.

Nuestro nuevo lema publicitario es "We' re ready in Advance" (Siempre Listos. En Advance). Además, tenemos un nuevo logotipo con una bandera de carreras que simboliza nuestro enfoque en triuntar. Nuestros resultados financieros de 2002 indican claramente que estamos ganando al satisfacer a más clientes, al tiempo que logramos rentabilidad.

En 2002.

- Las ventas aumentaron el 30.6% y alcanzaron
 \$3.3 mil millones.
- Las ventas de tiendas comparables aumentaron el 5.5%, dos tercios de los cuales se deben al aumento de circulación de clientes.
- Los márgenes de operación comparables aumentaron 230 puntos básicos, al 7.2%.
 Los dividendos por acción comparables aumentaron
- Los dividendos por acción comparables aumentaror el 105%, a \$2.68 por acción diluida.
 Generamos \$165 millones en flujo de efectivo de
- Generamos \$165 millones en flujo de efectivo de libre disponibilidad y pagamos deudas por un valor de \$220 millones.

(Consulte nuestra conciliación de ingresos de operación y de dividendos por acción comparables incluidos en la página 3 de este informe anual.)

Logramos oblener estos resultados sobresalientes durante el plan de integración de Discount Auto Paris; la adquisición y la conversión de 57 tiendas Trak Auto en el mercado metropolitano de Washington, D.C.; la implementación de nuestro nuevo sistema de puntos de venta (point-of-sale, POS) y el catálogo de piezas electrónico conocido como APAL; el lanzamiento de la primera ola de inicialivas de gestión por categorías; y durante la implementación del nuevo formato de tiendas lamado 2010. Como puede ver, hemos estado trabajando a todo vapor.

La integración de Discount Auto Parts sigue en el camino trazado. Hemos compietado la integración de todas las tiendas fuera de la Florida, hemos convertido el centro de distribución de Mississippi a nuestro sistema, renovado el merchandising de todas las tiendas de la Florida e implementado el sistema APAL en más de la mitad de las tiendas de la Florida. Además, lanzamos nuestro concepto de marca compartida en los mercados de la Florida, donde las tiendas tievarán el nombre de Advance
Dissount Auto Parts⁵¹⁰. De esta forma, opdemos

maximizar el valor de la marca que Discount Auto Parts ha creado en la Florida y, al mismo tiempo, alcanzar un nivel más alto a través de un mejor servicio al cliente, mejor selección de inventario y nuestros exclusivos sistemas para tiendas de última generación. Durante 2003, seguiremos unificando la marca y completaremos la transformación de las tiendas en la Florida. Esperamos que estas tiendas mantengan un fuerte desempeño.

A comienzos de 2002, lanzamos la primera ola de iniciativas de gestión por categorías. Al formar una sociedad
más estrecha con nuestros proveedores, brindamos
mejor servicio a nuestros clientes con una selección de
productos más ampila, mejor merchandising y mayor
actividad promocional. A la fecha, hemos completado
aproximadamente el 20% de nuestras categorías de
mercancia, lo que representa casi la milad de nuestras
ventas. Prevemos completar el 50% de las categorías de
merchandising a mediados de 2003, lo que impulsará las
ventas, los márgenes y la rotación de inventario.

Además, estamos implementando la próxima generación de sistemas de tiendas para que los integrantes de nuestros equipos cuenten con las mejores herramientas posibles para brindar servicio a nuestros clientes. El sistema avanzado de APAL brinda a los integrantes de nuestro equipo todo lo que necesitan a la mano para satisfacer al cliente, incluyendo la información detallada del producto, gráficos útiles y una lista de artículos adicionales que los clientes necesitarán para completar el trabajo correctamente. Nuestro sistema de gestión, planificación y capacitación MPT (Management Planning and Training) permite a nuestros gerentes de tiendas asegurarse de que su tienda tenga a la persona correcta... en el lugar correcto... en el momento correcto... haciendo lo correcto.

Además de mejorar nuestras operaciones, hemos hecho un gran avance en nuestras iniciativas de gestión corporativa. Nuestra Junta de Directores de nueve miembros incluye a tres distinguidos lideres nuevos independientes, Stephen M. Peck, Socio General de Wilderness Partners, L.P. y de Torrey Funds, L.L.C.; Francesca Spinelli, Ph.D. Vicepresidente Senior, People of Radio Shack Corporation, y Gilbert T. Ray, socio retirado de O'Melveney & Myers, L.L.P. Confiamos contar con el liderazgo necesario para continuar impulsando hacia adelante a Advance Auto Parts.

En tebrero de 2003, tras más de 40 años construyendo Advance Auto Parts, Nicholas F. Taubman, Presidente de la Junta de Directores, y Garnett E. Smith, Vicepresidente de la Junta de Directores, decidieron dar el último paso en el proceso de transición de liderazgo y se retirazon de la Junta de Directores. Su legado de integridad, arduo trabajo y liderazgo dedicado sirvid de punta de lanza para nuestro crecimiento, y nos introdujo de lleno en el ámbito nacional. Lo lograron pensando siempre primero en los miembros de nuestro equipo. Agradecemos a Vick y a Garnett por sus años de servicio y por establecer los más altos estándares, por los cuales nos seguiremos midiendo en el friture.

Nos sentimos orguliosos de nuestros logros en 2002, pero en Advance Auto Parts todos sabernos que debemos mejorar continuamente para brindar un mejor servicio a nuestros clientes. En 2003, nos concentraremos en aumentar las ventas en las tiendas existentes, ampliar los márgenes de operación, continuar con la exitosa integración de Discount Auto Parts, y producir un fuerte flujo de efectivo para saldar las deudas.

Por último, y lo que es más importante, queremos agradecer a todos los miembros de nuestro equipo por su arduo trabajo y dedicación. ¡Es un verdadero privilegio trabajar con un equipo tan maravilloso y motivado!

Jim Wade, Presidente y Director Ejecutivo de Finanzas

Jarry lastellari

Larry Castellani, Presidente de la Junta de Directores y Director Ejecutivo. With more than 17 years of experience at Advance Auto Parts, AI Joyner has the background and leadership skills to head our MPT effort — Management Planning and Training. AI joined the company in 1985 as a part-time salesperson and since then he has taken on more and more responsibilities, including store manager and division manager. In 1995, he moved from the field to the corporate office where he developed the Corporate Store Support Center.

What is MPT?

MARKET COM

MPT is our proprietary system designed to streamline our labor management and training processes. In order to serve our customers more effectively, we need the right people at the right time, doing the right thing. For example, during our busiest times such as Friday afternoons and Saturdays, we need more of our parts pros on duty to serve customers. During times when customer traffic is not as heavy, we can concentrate on making sure that our shelves have been replenished properly and that our stores maintain our GOLD Standard or "Grand Opening Look Daily."

How is MPT benefiting our customers?

At the core of MPT is our customer. MPT gives our store managers the tools to have knowledgeable and friendly sales people in our stores at the right time, to have well-stocked shelves to meet our customers' needs, and to have clean and inviting stores that our customers enjoy frequenting. We build our schedules by forecasting demand using store-specific criteria.

The MPT system will be fully automated during 2003 and we will be able to analyze each store's traffic patterns in 15-minute intervals. This information will allow us to increase staffing during peak customer traffic periods. During off-peak times, store managers will have the tools to prioritize tasks such as stocking and cleaning. As a result, we will make shopping more enjoyable for customers and increase 'pam' Member productivity.

How does MPT help store managers?

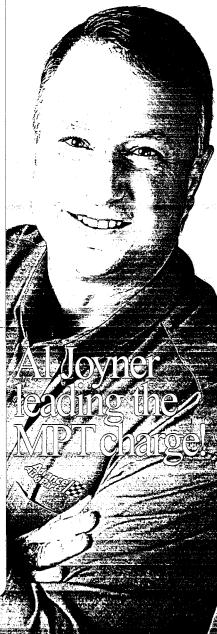
MPT clearly defines all the tasks and the times associated with them to effectively and efficiently run an Advance Auto Parts store. The system gives them the opportunity to flex up men sales are strong or to flex down, if necessary. All in all, the system gives our store managers a clear vision of how to run their stores and how to allocate their team members' time to serve customers better.

How has MPT impacted the Company's financial results? By using MPT, our stores have more effectively used our Team Members' time resulting in increased sales with a lower labor expense-to-sales' ratio. As we continue to develop our MPT program, we believe we've only just begun to experience its benefits.

What are the next steps for MPT?

By the end of the first half of 2003 we expect all of our stores to be up and running on MPT, including our Advance Discount Auto Parts stores in Flonda. Then we will take MPT to the next step by more fully automating the scheduling process, giving our store managers up-to-the-minute feedback on how they are managing their labor resources. Along with automating the process. Marry Kegley, our industrial work measurements engineer, will be augmenting our store operations that our store processes, she will be improving our operations by rolling out industry "Best Practices" on everything from housekeeping to truck leading and unloading. MPT is going to be an MVP for our store operations.

larre





We're ready for change and change has been the name of the game at our Lakeland Distribution Center. Because of the dedication and hard work of our Lakeland, Florida Team Members, the merchandising alignment process in our Florida stores reached its goal completion date on schedule. Representing the Lakeland team is Steve Chesser (Distribution Center Manager), David Coney (Returns), Harris Ford (Storage), Banita Miller (Receiving), Ellen Thielen (Human Resource Manager), Juan Torre (Shipping), Donna Watson (Production), Each of these individuals has an exemplary attitude and always goes above and beyond the call of duty.



THE PERSON NAMED



With more than \$1 billion in inventory in our stores and distribution centers, managing our supply chain is key to Advance Auto-Parts' success. With more than 30 years of experience in logistics, Roy Martin, Senior Vice President, Logistics and Replenishment joined our team from Discount Auto Parts, taking on added essponsibilities after the retirement of Ray Fralin, who managed Advance Auto Parts distribution system for more than 25 years.

What does a strong "supply chain" mean to Advance?

It means we will provide the most responsive and cost-effective logistics service in the automotive aftermarket. Our objective is to keep all our stores fully stocked with the products our customers want, when they want them. Managing the supply chain starts with working hand-in-hand with our suppliers to streamline their manufacturing process, and ends with the sale of that product. All the functional areas of our organization, from Store Operations to Merchandising to Inventory Management to Finance to Logistics to 1T play key roles in keeping our supply chain operating at peak performance levels.

Advance has eight distribution centers that support more than 2,400 stores – how does your learn manage to ship over 51 million products and make over 1.4 million advances and make over 1.4 million deliveries per year?

Over 3,000 logistics team members are dedicated to keeping our stores well stocked with the right merchandise. These team members operate with a 100% paperiess state-of-the-art inventory management system and a sophisticated distribution infrastructure, including miles of conveyor systems, pick-to-light and carousel order filling operations and other advanced material handling equipment. We also have over 500 delivery vehicles on the road virtually every day. These vehicles are driven by a team of professionals who drive over 37 million miles per year with one of the lowest accident-per-miles-driven rates in any industry.

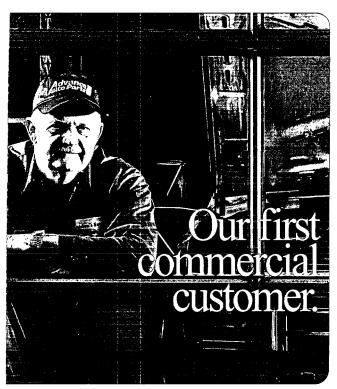
How do you motivate all 3,000+ Team Members who work in the logistics operation?

That's the easy part, these folks care! They understand that the key to the Company's success is the success of our stores, and they know the stores can't operate without having the right merchandise. The logistics team knows it is a valuable player on a winning team.

How has the distribution system performed during the Discount Auto Parts (DAP) Integration?

The integration has been a huge undertaking, but our team came through with flying colors. Aligning the merchandise in more than 500 Discount Auto Parts stores took about eight months. The logistics teams, primarily in Lakeland, Florida, handled more than 12 million pieces of returned merchandise and at least 20 million pieces of new merchandise sent to our stores. Because of this merchandise conversion, these stores now have a larger selection of quality merchandise to offer their customers. Our Florida logistics team worked seven-day shifts for weeks at a time to support the transition. We couldn't be prouder of their efforts and dedication.

What will your team be doing in 2003 to enhance its performance? Our focus in 2003 is on leveraging our considerable resources, including people, facilities, systems, and equipment. One of our



As you drive into Maiden & Sons Garage in Salem, Virginia, the first thing you notice is that the parking lot is full. Bob Maiden has run a successful repair business for more than 20 years and by the looks of the parking lot, business is really good.

With over 1,000 customers, Bob has built his business on a reputation for skilffully performing repairs at a fair price. He doesn't have to advertise. In fact, there are families with three generations of happy Maiden customers. To keep his customers coming back, Bob insists on quality parts and a company that stands behind that quality with a strong warranty.

Ask Bob why he buys his parts from Advance Auto Parts and he'll say, "The Advance way of doing business is the way we do business - It's all about taking care of the customer."

In 1995, Bob Maiden became our very first commercial delivery customer. He took a chance on us and has been loyal ever since. We quickly won him over with our quality brand-name parts, warranties that we stand behind, and fast and friendly service. Because Bob is so well respected, other professional service stations in the area quickly opted for the benefits of the Advance commercial program.

Bob respects our people as well. "Mike Whitley, Ross Jackson, and Christian Gibbs bend over backwards for us. They get us what we need, when we need it." That's the main reason Advance Auto Parts commercial delivery program is so successful. Each of our commercial Team Members is focused on satisfying their customers. That means those customers will call us first when they need a part.

"We have to go out and win our business every day," remarked Gray Turner, Vice President of Commercial Sales at Advance Auto Parts. "It's all about serving the customer, and we know it."

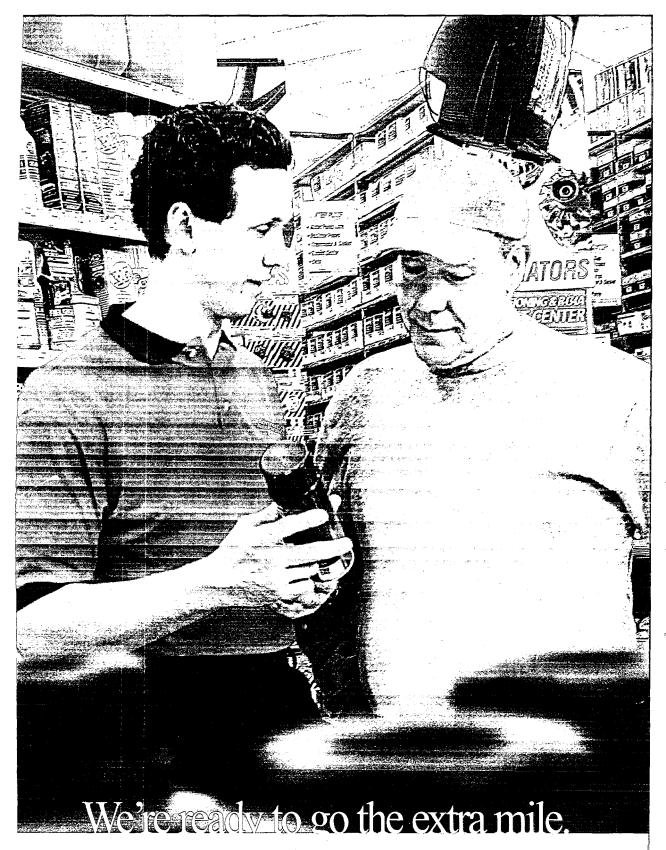


Strategy!

AT ADVANCE AUTO PARTS WE'RE FOCUSED ON FINDING WAYS TO SERVE OUR CUSTOMERS BETTER. WHETHER EXISTING CUSTOMERS OR NEW ONES, WE WANT THEM TO COME TO US FOR ALL THEIR AUTOMOTIVE NEEDS. Following are some of the customer-centered initiatives that we're focused on for 2003.

Continued on page 10





Seven years ago, Bill McCrobie found an unusual truck part at Advance Auto Parts. He's been a loyal customer ever since.

"My dog Smokey loves to ride around with me," says Bill McCrobie, of Roanoke, VA. "And if the truck's not running, he's not a happy guy." Bill and Smokey tried several parts stores looking for an unusual thermostat and had just about given

up hope of finding it. "Then I came to Advance," he says. "And they found it right away."

That's when Bill got to know his local Advance store team. "They're my heroes," says Bill. "If they don't know an answer off the top of their head, they know where to find it." Bill and the team have become good friends over the last seven years. Swapping hunting stories and keeping Bill's old pick-up truck running right.

From installing a new battery, to finding just the right voltage meter and explaining how to use it, the folks at Advance keep customers like Bill and Smokey coming back to Advance. "I send everybody to Advance," says Bill. "They always go that extra mile."

continued from page 8

We're ready with a new look. Say you're driving down a busy street looking for a part for your vehicle. Whatever you need, you won't be able to miss our new store format. Its upbeat and winning colors and modern design were chosen to attract customers. We call it the 2010 store. Why 2010? Because it's the store that's taking Advance Auto Parts into the future.

Customers are drawn by:

- An exciting new logo with a waving racing flag
- New signage that highlights the quality of our parts and products at a value price
- More logical product displays that help customers find related items

One of the most significant changes is the removal of the barriers to our parts area. We changed our parts counter into numerous workstations to open up movement between the parts area and the selling floor. Now customers can easily see one of our biggest competitive advantages – our large selection of quality name-brand parts.

When asked about this new format, our customers said:

- "The new store format is clean, modern and bright."
- "It's very easy to find items."
- · "Service is quick and friendly."
- "Advance Auto Parts has the best selection of parts."

The 2010 store is a big hit with our customers! It's such a success that all our new and remodeled stores will be 2010 stores. In fact, by the end of 2003 we'll be ready with 750 stores in this exciting new format, up from 360 at the end of last year.

We're ready with more parts - closer to our customers. When you need a part, you need it now. We're ready in Advance with more of the right inventory closer to our customers.

Customers in different locations need parts that are right for where they live. Developing a custom assortment of parts and products for each individual store is one of our most significant initiatives. By taking into account the vehicle



population, climate, and demographics surrounding each store, we're developing a specific and distinct inventory for all of our stores. It's our way of making sure the precise parts our customers will need will be in the stores nearest them. Inventory turns will then naturally increase.

We launched phase one of this program in our major markets during 2002. We developed a unique mix of harder-to-find parts and put them in our Local Advance Warehouses (L.A.W.s). These are stores with an expanded parts selection that feed inventory to other stores in their market, as needed.

To make this custom mix program happen, we've more than tripled the number of L.A.W.s, from six at the end of 2001 to 28 today. Each L.A.W.

carries approximately 10,000 harder-to-find parts | We're examining each product category, deterspecifically chosen for that market. Our efficient mining the needs of our customers, and building

> WE'RE EXAMINING EACH PRODUCT CATEGORY. DETERMINING THE NEEDS OF OUR CUSTOMERS, AND BUILDING STRONGER RELATIONSHIPS WITH OUR SUPPLIERS TO MEET THOSE NEEDS.

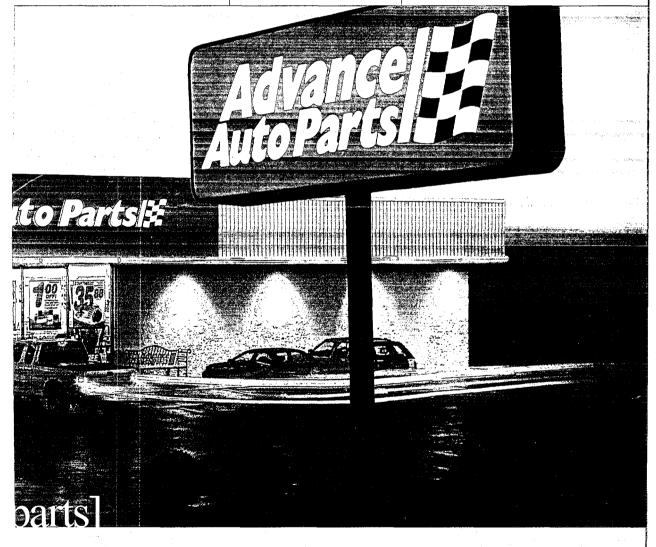
supply chain gets the product from the L.A.W. to the store that needs it several times every day. It's about being ready in Advance with the right merchandise, at the right place, at the right time to meet our customers' needs.

We're ready with category management. In 2002 we began the category management process.

stronger relationships with our suppliers to meet those needs.

We're already seeing gains in market share on each of the lines reviewed. We've experienced stronger sales growth, improving inventory turns and expanded contribution margins. As we continue

continued on next page











The signage calls out product destinations. We used automotive imagery for added visual interest and depth.



As a result of category management, we have enhanced our displays and improved our product adjacencies.



All of the enhancements, including layout, signage, and the new approach to the parts service area lead to better service for our customers. And our customers are telling us they really like it!

our review process we'll see more benefits: optimum pricing, enhanced in-store merchandising strategies, focused promotional activity, and better inventory allocations to meet our customer needs.

We've also developed financial performance measures for these categories and are on track for improvements in contribution margins for each of them. Through 2002, we reviewed 20% of our product categories, representing approximately 50% of our sales. By mid-year 2003, we anticipate having over 50% of our product categories complete.

Understanding the customer is key to the success of category management. Our customers know that we are the best place to buy parts, chemicals, and accessories and we're ready in Advance to keep it that way.



When customers think of Advance Auto Parts, the first thoughts should be positive—great parts, great people, great prices. And these positive images should last. To help build this good feeling, capitalize on our strong reputation, and introduce a new audience to Advance Auto Parts, we got busy, and we got creative. The advertising and branding you'll see during 2003 are designed to build brand awareness and convince consumers that Advance Auto Parts is the first and only place to shoo.

markets, we'll maximize our coverage and promote sales with key audiences including the significant Hispanic and urban markets.

Whether on television, on the radio, or in print, we want to make our message clear: We're ready with prices that can't be beat. We're ready with the right parts right now We're ready with people who know their stuff. We're ready with brands you know and trust. We're ready with a clean, well-run store We're ready with a smile and a helpful hand We're ready to back it up with a guarantee.

In short, we're able to serve our customer's every need because We're ready in Advance!

We're ready in Advance Discount Auto Partsit takes a winning team. On November 28,
2001, we acquired the Discount Auto Parts
chain and its 671 stores in Florida, Georgia,
Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, and South
Carolina. "2002 was a year of business unusual, not business as usual," said Kurt
Schumacher, our Senior Vice President of
Store Operations – Florida, "because integrating a chain that size takes a monumental effort
from the whole team. And our team stepped up
to the plate and hit a grand slam. We're all
proud of what they accomplished."

This is what we achieved through the intregration of Discount Auto Parts:

- The greatest retention rate of our Team Members we have ever experienced
- Comparable store sales gain of 4.7%, compared to 2.4% in 2001
- An above-budgeted contribution to operating profits
- The integration of all stores outside the Florida market including converting the merchandise, systems, and the physical store. These stores generated double-digit gains in comparable stores sales for the year
- Closing 109 stores that overlapped with existing Advance Auto Parts stores and recaptured, as planned, 40% of sales at our

continued on page 14

We're ready with a private label oil and antifreeze program. In 2002, we set a goal to build an oil and antifreeze private label program that would reflect the pride all our team members feel about the name Advance Auto Parts. For us, that means delivering quality, at a value price, to meet the needs of our price-sensitive customers.

We launched our private label oil program in 2002, with the antifreeze program following in the first quarter of 2003. We launched this program with two things in mind:

- 1. The quality had to be worthy of our name and be as good as the leading national brand.
- The price needed to represent a significant value.

Private label is usually just concerned with price; but because these products carry our name, they have to represent quality as well. We want our Team Members to sell this product with pride.

As we monitor the results of this program, we're ready in Advance for other opportunities that will enhance the brand of "Advance Auto Parts."

We're ready with a new advertising campaign.

In February, 2003, we launched our new advertising campaign, "We're ready in Advance."
We're very proud of this campaign, so proud that we're using it as the theme for this annual report.

Our advertising campaign helps Advance Auto Parts stand out in the customer's mind. They'll see that we're both a source for brand name auto parts at low prices, and a resource for expert advice and useful tips to help keep their vehicles running smoothly. Eye-catching television and attention-grabbing radio ads will drive sales and build a long-lasting, positive image of Advance Auto Parts as the place to buy auto parts.

Our goal is to be smart and strategic in how we spend our advertising dollars. This year we'll get the most out of our extensive market coverage by running our TV and radio advertising on national networks. It's the best way to reach the most people, and get them into our stores. And by running additional local advertising in selected

We're ready with APAL!

With more than 31,000 types of vehicles needing parts, it isn't easy to find a specific part unless you have APAL — Advance Parts and Accessories Look-Up. This state-of-the-art electronic catalog and POS system is packed with a parts library, technical information and product graphies. It puts all the information our Team Members need at their fingertips so they can get our customers what they want and need.

MADES: Journal Water Bold MADES: MADE

We offer a good, better, best product alternative for many parts applications to meet customers needs and budgets.

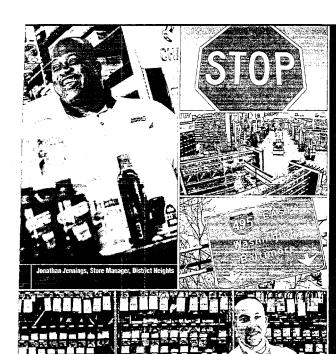
Why Platinum Pro® Spark Plugs?



Platinum is one of the most durable metals used in spark plug tips today.

Due to its durability, it virtually reduces all gap erosion, which will give you better performance and the benefits of:

and the benefits of: Quicker starts, fewer misfires, faster acceleration and smoother idle! To help our customers make smart decisions, our Team Members can, bring up information on the product with just a citck. The description of the product's features and benefits will help our customers make the right decision based on their driving requirements.



Countdown, Trak Auto

From start to finish it took 100 days to integrate 57 Trak Auto stores into Advance Auto Parts stores. That's an average of less than two days per store.

How did we do it? It took a coordinated plan, a team effort, and hard work. Once financial terms and conditions were agreed upon, we converted stores at the amazing rate of approximately five per week. Each conversion went far beyond the physical building. Most of our focus was on the heart of our operations – our store Team Members, since most were new to the Advance tamily. Under the leadership of Ken Wirth, our Senior Vice President of Store Operations, Northeast and Len Schitz, our Regional Vice President for the Members were trained on our products and systems. And we spent a lot of time liebing them understand our deep commitment to customer satisfaction.

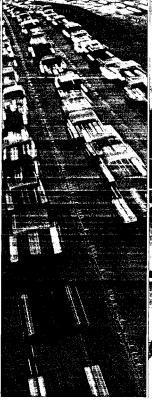
Trak Auto was a terrilic tuck-in opportunity for us," remarked Jim Wade, President and Chief Financial Officer of Advance Auto Parts. The stores were in great locations and had a strong customer base. Their team was ready to serve their customers and we were ready to give the team everything they needed to serve even more — expanded inventory selection, competitive prices, training, and state-of-the art systems."

The respect went both ways. "We could not have handed our operations over to a more experienced group of professionals," said Ray Moore, former Vice President of Trak Auto. "I know that the Advance Auto Parts team will take good care of our customers and our Team Members for many years to come."

Most of the stores we acquired were in the under-served Washington, D.C. market. This was an area we had surrounded, but had not yet penetrated. We now have the largest number of stores in the market which are producing strong sales gains of over 30%.

Opportunities like the Trak Auto acquisition don't come along every day. However, with further consolidation in the automotive aftermarket, we're ready in Advance for similar tuck-in acquisition opportunities in the future.





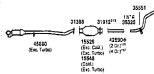




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1 1981-84 4 CYL. ALL MODELS W/1400, 1600cc ENG.



Not only can we retrieve information on products, we can show our customers an advanced graphic of the product. The visuals come in handy when a customer may not know the name of the part. For example, with an exhaust system the customer may not know the difference between an exhaust pipe and a crossover pipe, or between an exhaust pipe and a crossover pipe, or between a muffler and a resonation. The graphics can also be a helpful tool in determining the position of the needed part on the vehicle. This enhanced search tool helps us sell the tripht product and reduce unnecessary returns.

Vehicle Caregory Part Selections

Manufacturer

Ass. Mrs. spring

But we don't stop with just finding the right part. With one keystroke we can display all the items needed to complate the repair project successfully. We know there's nothing worse than starling a repair job and realizing that you forgot something. 1 Tele 1988.

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The Discount Auto Parts Team Members have worked tirelessly to make the integration process a big success. It's no surprise when you consider the experience of the people making it happen. Like Kurt Schumacher, Senior Vice President, Store Operations-Florida, who, between Discount and Advance, has gained 12 years of valuable expertise. Tommy Merk, Regional Vice President, has 14 years of combined service. And Regional Vice Presidents Doug Snyder and Joe Villavicencio have both been a part of the family for 20 years. Thanks to their strong leadership, our Team Members are producing on-plan results through the Integration process.



Andy started his career at Discount Auto Parts as a part-time sales person at the age of 17. He was a store manager at 20, the youngest in the chain. At 23 he was running the highest volume store in the Discount Auto Parts chain. And at 25 he was prometed to division manager. Thanks to his talent, drive and ability to motivate others, Andy has been chosen to represent all of the-hard working Discount Auto Parts Team Members adopted into the Advance Auto Parts Team Members adopted into the Advance Auto Parts Team Members of the acquisition in November 2001.

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Bright Part

"What I like most about my job is the people," says Andy. "We're all like a big family. After all, we spend a lot of time working together." The acquision means Andy's family got a lot bigger. "Now we've got more opportunities and more people who really care. We have more high-quality parts to self and more Team Members to self them and that is a recipe for success," Says Andy.

Andy credits his family, as well as his mentor, Regional Vice President Joe Villavicencio, with his success. At the age of 7, Andy and his family came to the United States as refugees from Cuba. They were determined to make it in America and this determination has spurred Andy forward. Through his career at Discount Auto Parts, Joe Villavicencio continued to develop and promote Andy. Andy credits Joe for demonstrating the qualities of a good leader, including the ability to cach, motivate, and build confidence in all the Team Members with whom he works.

Pictured: Andy Perez, left with Judd Poindexte



We're ready in Advance.

continued from page 12

surrounding stores

- Completing 100% of the merchandise mix alignment in the Florida market, which totaled 75,000 new Plan-O-Grams (377 stores with 200 new Plan-O-Grams), using 275,000 hours of labor
- Converting over 50% of the in-store operating systems in the Florida market, with the completion anticipated in 2003
- Re-branding of the stores in the Florida market to "Advance Discount Auto Parts." In 2002, we physically converted 51 stores and anticipate that all the stores will be completely converted to Advance Discount Auto Parts in the next two to three years
- Converting the Mississippi distribution center to the Advance Auto Parts system with more than 300% increase in its utilization

The integration of Discount Auto Parts is progressing well because of good communication. We communicated where we are going and how we are going to get there. When we hit a bump in the road, we communicate the problem and come up with a sofution. We keep everyone focused on serving the customer better. All our Team Members know that they are the ones who make our customers come back for all their automotive needs. That's what makes us ready in Advance to be a winning team.

We're ready to make Advance Auto Paris a special place to work. This company was built on the belief that Team Members should be treated like family. That philosophy continues to permeate everything we do. We know that the success of the Company is clearly attributable to our Team Members.

During 2002, our human resources team worked diligently on new programs and enhanced benefits to continue making Advance Auto Parts a special place to work.

The new initiatives include:

- A Team Member stock purchase plan Through regular payroll deductions, thousands of Team Members have become owners of Advance Auto Parts.
- An expanded 401K plan We are offering our Team Members enhanced education and communication about their options, a wider selection of investment alternatives, a competitive match, and more enrollment opportunities.
- Improved medical network In late 2001 we changed our medical insurance to a leading company that has a vast network of providers in all areas of the country.

Our focus on developing our team is the initiative we're most proud of. At Advance Auto Parts we know that each of our team members has much to contribute. That's why we want to help all of them reach their potential. We're accomplishing this through training and goal setting, as well as a structured performance management process. In addition, a formalized succession management program was also implemented to provide greater opportunities for the growth of our Team Members.

"At Advance Auto Parts - The Best Part is Our People" and we're working hard to maintain that spirit!



Board of Directors pictured: left to right; Peter J. Fontaine; Garnett E. Smith; Gilbert T. Ray; William J. Salter; Lawrence P. Castellani; Ronald P. Spogli; Mark J. Doran; Stephen M. Peck; John M. Roth; Nicholas F. Taubman; Francesca Spinelli

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Lawrence P. Castellani Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Advance Auto Parts, Inc.

Mark J. Doran (1) Principal, Freeman Spogli & Co.

Peter J. Fontaine (1)
Former Chief Executive Officer and
Chairman of the Board, Discount Auto Parts, Inc.

Stephen M. Peck (1*) General Partner, Wilderness Partners, L.P. and The Torrey Funds, L.L.C.

Gilbert T. Ray (3*) Retired Partner, O'Melveny & Myers, L.L.P.

John M. Roth ^(2,3) Principal, Freeman Spogli & Co.

William J. Salter ⁽²⁾ Retired President of the Specialty Retail Division, Sears, Roebuck and Co.

Francesca Spinelli (2*) Senior Vice President, People Radio Shack Corporation

Ronald P. Spogli Co-Founder and Principal Freeman Spogli & Co.

Committee Membership:

1 Audit 2 Compensation

3 Corporate Governance and

Nominating Committee
* Chair

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

Lawrence P. Castellani Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Jimmie L. Wade President and Chief Financial Officer

David R. Reid Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer Paul W. Klasing Executive Vice President, Merchandising and Marketing

Robert E. Hedrick Senior Vice President, Human Resources

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENTS:

Michael N. Coppola Senior Vice President, Merchandising

Jeffrey T. Gray Senior Vice President, Controller, Assistant Secretary

Conley P. Kyle Senior Vice President, Store Operations – Midwest

Donald L. Lockard, Jr. Senior Vice President, Store Operations – West

Eric M. Margolin Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

Geoffrey R. McCarty Senior Vice President, Advertising

Roy Martin Senior Vice President, Logistics and Replenishment

Kurt R. Schumacher Senior Vice President, Store Operations – Florida

S. Lynn Stevens Senior Vice President and Chief Information Officer

Joe H. Vaughn, Jr. Senior Vice President, Operations Support Anthony R. Weatherly Senior Vice President, Store Operations – South

Kenneth A. Wirth, Jr. Senior Vice President, Store Operations - Northeast

In appreciation for their Dedicated Leadership of Advance Auto Parts

On February 12, 2003, Nicholas F. Taubman, Chairman of the Board, and Garnett E. Smith, Vice Chairman of the Board, took the final step in the leadership transition process by retiring from our Board of Directors. Their legacy of integrity, hard work and unwavering commitment to customer service will remain forever ingrained in the hearts of our 33,000 Team Members.

Nick and Garnett grew Advance Auto Parts from a small regional chain of home and auto supply stores to one of the leading specialty retailers in the United States, with more than 2.400 stores. They built Advance Auto Parts on the ideals of honesty, integrity, and the Golden Rule. Their strong character made Advance a successful company and a special place to work.

Many of us at Advance Auto Parts remember Nick and Garnett rolling up their sleeves and helping unload the weekly delivery truck or relieving a store manager so he could be with his family on a holiday or a special occasion. This selfless commitment to the team gives them a special place in our hearts.

Thank you Nick and Garnett for your dedicated leadership, values and service to Advance Auto Parts. You have set the highest standard by which we will measure ourselves going forward. You will always be part of the Advance Auto Parts family. Gentlemen, we will not disappoint you!

With Deep Appreciation, The Advance Auto Parts Family



Senior Management Team pictured:

1. Kurt R. Schumacher 2. Roy Martin
3. Donald L. Lockard, 1r. 4. Robert E.
Hedrick S. Jeffrey T. Groy 6. Kenneth A.
Wirth, Jr. 7. S. Lynn Stevens 8. Joe H.
Wingth, Jr. 9. Anthony R. Washerby
10. Geoffrey R. McCarry 11. David R.
Reid 12. Paul W. Klasing 13. Eric M.
Morgolin 14. Michael N. Coppola
15. Conley P. Kyle



Stockholder Information:

Corporate Offices: 5673 Airport Road Roanoke, Virginia 24012 540-362-4911

Internet Site: http://www.AdvanceAutoParts.com

Annual Meeting: May 20, 2003 Wyndham Roanoke Hotel 2801 Hershberger Road, NW Roanoke, Virginia 24017

Registrar and Transfer Agent: Mellon Investor Services, LLC 200 Galleria Parkway Suite 1900 Atlanta, Georgia 30339 1-800-298-6813

TDD for Hearing-Impaired: 1-800-231-5469 Foreign Stockholders: 201-329-8660 TDD Foreign Stockholders: 201-329-8354

Common Stock:
Ticker Symbol: AAP
Listing: New York Stock Exchange

Independent Accountants: Deloitte & Touche, LLP 1750 Tysons Blvd. McLean, Virginia 22102



Pictured on front cover. 1. Thermon Knighten, Vice President, Store Merchandising 2. Axel Oberg, Manager, Warranty Claims
3. John Payne, Manager, Customer Contact Center 4. Gray Turner, Vice President, Commercial Sales 5. Jose Feliciano, Division Manager
6. Elayne McFalls, Senior Business Analyst-Logistics & Replenishment
7. Tammy Finley, Vice President, Team Member Relations 8. Arlene Sumner, Sales Associate 9. Brian Leavens, Store Manager 10. Darlene Demarest, Director Lease Administration

