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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING_	10	-01-02	AND ENDING	<u>}</u>	9-30-03		
	М	M/DD/YY	<u>-</u>		MM/DD/YY		
A. REC	GISTRANT	IDENTIFI	CATION				
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Carey,	Thomas,	Hoover	& Breault,	Inc.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUS	SINESS: (Do	not use P.O. E	sox No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.		
8080 E Central, Sui	te 200						
	(No	and Street)					
Wichita		Kansas		672	206		
(City)	.,	(State)		(Zip	Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P	ERSON TO C	ONTACT IN			RT 534-2222		
				(Ar	ea Code - Telephone Number)		
B. ACC	COUNTANI	IDENTIF	ICATION				
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Hanneman & Hewitt,	-	is contained	in this Report*				
	(Name - if indiv	idual, state last,	first, middle name)				
229 E William, Suit	e 310, W	lichita		ISAS ate)	67202 (Zip Code)		
CHECK ONE:							
☑ Certified Public Accountant							
☐ Public Accountant				aba (a)	~ECCED		
☐ Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or a	any of its poss	essions.	PRU	CESSED 23 2003		
	FOR OFFI	CIAL USE	ONLY	UEL	20 500		
			()	TH FII	OMSON NANCIAL		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

STITE

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,		Jeffrey Breault	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my	knov	owledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and sup Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault,	porting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of		September 30 ,20 03 ,ar	e true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
		the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or diried solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
			MT2
			Signature
		Vice	Resident/Secretary
	$\overline{}$		Title
	[,,,	DEREK BURCH	
-	w	Notary Public My Appt. Expires 07-2006	
TI.			
X X		eport ** contains (check all applicable boxes):) Facing Page.	
$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$		Statement of Financial Condition.	
$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}$		Statement of Income (Loss).	
X		Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
X		Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or S	ole Proprietors' Capital.
		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of	
X	(g)	Computation of Net Capital.	
X	(h)) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursu	ant to Rule 15c3-3.
X	(i) ·	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirement	s Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Con	
		Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements U	
	(k)) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statement	s of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
_		consolidation.	
X	• /	An Oath or Affirmation.	
		n) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
X	(n)) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or fo	ound to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Certified Public Accountants

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

and

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

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Certified Public Accountants

Delbert W. Hanneman, CPA Scott R. Hewitt, CPA

Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> Kansas Society of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault, Inc. as of September 30, 2003, and the related statements of operations and changes in accumulated earnings, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault, Inc., as of September 30, 2003, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1 and 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Hanneman + Hewitt, PA

November 21, 2003

229 E. William Suite 310 Wichita, Kansas 67202 (316) 269-4500 FAX (316) 269-2005

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

ASSETS

Current Assets Cash Cash deposits with clearing organization Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organization Marketable securities at market value Payroll taxes receivable	\$ ·	129,245 50,018 98,741 3 228	
Total Current Assets			\$ 278,235
Total Assets			\$ 278,235
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS	' EQUI	<u>TY</u>	
Current Liabilities Commissions payable Cafeteria plan payable Income taxes payable	\$	155,752 3,539 6,066	
Total Current Liabilities			\$ 165,357
Stockholders' Equity Common stock, no par value, authorized 10,000 shares, issued and outstanding 1,000 shares Additional paid-in capital Accumulated earnings		1,000 62,954 48,924	
Total Stockholders' Equity			 112,878
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity			\$ 278,235

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN ACCUMULATED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

Revenues			•	
Commissions	\$	1,785,202		
Interest income		388		
. Unrealized loss on marketable securities		(6)		
Total Revenues			\$	1,785,584
Operating Expenses				
Officers salaries		679,976		
Sales salaries		270,938		
Employee salaries		77,062		
Commissions		200,075		
Payroll taxes		52,656		
Employee benefits		49,829		
Retirement plan expenses		3,825		
Management fees		244,217		
Clearance paid		59,172		
Quotation expense		33,816		
Auto expense	•	16,500		
Communication expense		16,394		
Insurance expense		15,413		
Licenses and fees		12,048		
Miscellaneous	_	10,146		
Total Operating Expenses				1,742,067
Income Before Income Taxes				43,517
Provision for Income Taxes				
Current tax expense		(8,806)		
Federal income tax refunds received from prior				
year net operating loss carryback		1,174		
Deferred tax expense	-	(251)		
Total Provision for Income Taxes			_	(7,883)
Net Income				35,634
Accumulated Earnings, Beginning of Year			-	13,290
Accumulated Earnings , End of Year			\$_	48,924

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

	OMMON STOCK	-	ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL	-	ACCUMULATED EARNINGS	_	TOTAL
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 1,000	\$	62,954	\$	13,290	\$	77,244
Capital contributions	-		-		-		0
Net income (loss)	 -	_			35,634	_	35,634
Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,000	\$_	62,954	\$.	48,924	\$_	112,878

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Net income (loss) for the year	\$ 35,634	
Adjustments to reconcile net income		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	6	
Deferred income tax expense	251	
(Increase) decrease in:		
Cash deposits with clearing organization	22	
Receivable from broker-dealers		
and clearing organization	(49,752)	
Stockholder advance	1,865	
Prepaid income taxes	2,740	
Increase (decrease) in:		
Commissions payable	116,420	
Income tax payable	6,066	
Payroll taxes payable	(13,590)	
Cafeteria plan payable	 1,236	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		\$ 100,898
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		0
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		 0
Net Increase in Cash		100,898
Cash at Beginning of Year		 28,347
Cash at End of Year		\$ 129,245

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follows:

Business Activity

Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault, Inc. (the Company) is a broker-dealer of securities in Wichita, Kansas. The Company, incorporated on February 21, 1995, holds membership in the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission in accordance with Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Security, mutual fund, annuity, and life insurance contract commissions make up the Company's revenues. The Company's customers live primarily in Kansas. The Company does not receive, directly or indirectly, nor hold funds or securities for, nor owe funds or securities to customers and does not carry accounts of, or for, customers. Accounts receivable are primarily held by the Company's clearing broker or dealer. The Company has no union contracts and generally acquires labor and other services locally.

Income Recognition

Income and expenses related to the purchase or sale of customer securities are recorded on the settlement date basis. Expenses relating to fees and registrations with agencies of federal and state governments and the National Association of Security Dealers are expensed as incurred.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are valued at market value. The resulting difference between cost and market (or fair value) is included in income.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes. Deferred taxes are recognized for differences between the basis of assets and liabilities for financial statement purposes and income tax purposes. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be deductible or taxable when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred taxes are also recognized for operating losses that are available to offset future taxable income. The Company has switched from the cash method of accounting to the accrual method of accounting for income tax purposes, subject to IRS approval, effective for the current tax year beginning October 1, 2002.

Advertising Costs

Advertising costs are generally paid under the Company's management agreement and are expensed as incurred.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers any highly liquid investment instruments, including deposits with clearing organizations, with a maturity of six months or less to be cash equivalents.

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE B - RELATED PARTIES

The Company has entered into a management agreement with its parent corporation in which the parent corporation is to provide certain management services including advertising, administration, equipment, office space and utilities, telephone and other services necessary to operate the broker-dealer business. The parent corporation has agreed to provide adequate capital to the Company. In exchange, the Company pays to the parent corporation, on a month-to-month basis, excess funds as determined by the management agreement of Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault, Inc. The amounts paid cannot deplete capital of the Company below a level required by regulatory agencies and are expensed by the Company when due. The Company expensed \$244,217 under this agreement during the year ended September 30, 2003.

The Company has entered into a self-insurance contract with the parent corporation where the Company pays through management fees a determined amount each month that is set aside in a self-retention fund in the parent corporation's name.

Operating and capital leases (office space and office equipment leases) are the obligation of the parent corporation and are funded as part of the management agreement described above.

NOTE C - INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes originate from a difference in the recognition of losses on marketable securities which are currently deductible for financial statement purposes but not for income tax purposes:

Loss on marketable security	<u>1,836</u>
Total deferred tax asset Less: valuation allowance	1,836 <u>1,836</u>
Net deferred tax asset	\$ <u> 0</u>

It is anticipated that the Company will never realize a tax benefit from the marketable security loss and has, accordingly, classified the loss as a permanent difference.

For the year ended September 30, 2003, the Company incurred federal and state deferred income tax expense of \$251. The deferred income tax expense resulted from applying federal and state net operating loss carry forwards to current income.

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

NOTE D - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$50,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends be paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At September 30, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$98,939 which was \$48,939 in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 1.67 to 1.

NOTE E - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company sponsors a 401(k) plan so that the employees may contribute a portion of their pretax income into a retirement fund. The Company elected to contribute \$0 to the 401(k) plan to supplement employee contributions. The current discretionary formula used by the Company as of January 1, 2003, is 0%.

The Company established a IRC section 125 Flexible Benefits Plan on June 1, 2002. The benefits offered are:

Health and Accidental Insurance Premium Payment Plan Group Term Life Insurance Premium Payment Plan Dependent Care Reimbursement Plan (\$5,000 annual maximum benefit)

Employees are eligible to participate the first day of the month following 90 days of employment.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC.

SCHEDULE 1 COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

Net Capital		
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$	112,878
Deduct stockholders' equity not allowed for net capital		0
Total Stockholders' Equity Qualified for Net Capital		112,878
Add:		
A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable		
in computation of net capital		0
B. Other deductions or credits		C
Total Capital and Allowable Subordinated Liabilities		112,878
Deductions and/or Other Charges:		
A. Non-allowable assets:		
Clearing deposit interest receivable		(18
Nonallowable receivable from broker-dealer		(13,920
Receivable from non-customers		C
Deferred income tax asset		C
Prepaid income tax		C
B. Secured demand note deficiency		(
C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities		(
D. Other deductions and/or charges		
Net Capital Before Haircuts on Securities Positions		98,940
Haircuts on Securities:		
A. Contractual securities commitments		(
B. Deficit in securities collateralizing demand notes		(
C. Trading and investment securities		(
Exempted securities		(
2. Debt securities		(
3. Options		(
4. Other securities		(1
D. Undue concentrations		(
E. Other		(
Net Capital	\$	98,939
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Accounts payable	\$	155,752
Cafeteria plan payable		3,539
Income taxes payable		6,066
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	\$	165,357
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement		
Minimum of Net Capital Requirement of Reporting Broker or Dealer	\$	50,000
Excess Net Capital	\$	48,93
Excess Net Capital at 1000%	\$	82,40
Excess Net Capital at 1500%	\$	87,915
Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	-	1.67 to 1

Reconcilation of basic net capital requirement is not included as there is no material difference from the Company's computation.

See independent auditors' report.

CAREY, THOMAS, HOOVER & BREAULT, INC. SCHEDULE 2

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND POSSESSION AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF SEPTEMBER 30,2003

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 based on (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15-c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. All customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer.



Certified Public Accountants

Delbert W. Hanneman, CPA Scott R. Hewitt, CPA

Members American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

> Kansas Society of Certified Public Accountants

Board of Directors Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Carey, Thomas, Hoover & Breault, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended September 30, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not make a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at September 30, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

Hanneman + Hewith, PA

Hanneman & Hewitt, PA Wichita, KS November 21, 2003