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SECURITION

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3235-0123 October 31, 2004

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FORM X-17A-5

SEC FILE NUMBER

50956

FACING PAGE DIVISION OF

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 outhe Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	G January 1, 2002 AND MM/DD/YY	ENDING <u>December 31, 2002</u> MM/DD/YY
A. R	EGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION	V .
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: EMEDS	SECURITIES, INC.	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF B	USINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
800 james Avenu	ie.	
<u> </u>	(No. and Street)	
Scranton	PA	18510
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELFPHONE NUMBER OF	PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD	
7		570-504-1400 (Area Code - Telephone Number)
B'AC	CCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATIO	<u>`</u>
Rainey & Rainey	T whose opinion is contained in this Rep (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle	
203 North Blakely	Dunmore	PA 18512
(Address)	(City)	(State) (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		
Certified Public Accountant	• :	
☐ Public Accountant		PROCESSED
☐ Accountant not resident in U	United States or any of its possessions.	JUN 0 2 2003
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY	,
		THOMSON FINANCIAL
*Claims for exemption from the requirement	that the annual report he covered by the	oninion of an independent public accountant

must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied or as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Memba: 2	, as ct. I further swear (or affirm) that roprietary interest in any account
Notarial Seal Nicole Feketé, Notary Public Dunmore Boro, Lackawanna County My Commission Extring Many County	roprietary interest in any account
Dunmore Boro, Lackawanna County My Commission Express Along ages Chief Fina	ature
My Commission Express Mouse ages Chief Fina	
Notary Public 2/20/03	ncial Officer
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes): (a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition. (c) Statement of Income (Loss). (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors. (g) Computation of Net Capital.	Capital.
 (b) Computation of Net Capital. (c) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial C consolidation. (l) An Oath or Affirmation. (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have exist 	5c3-3. Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the of Rule 15c3-3. ondition with respect to methods of

Financial Statements

eMedsecurities, Inc.

for the year ended December 31, 2002 with Independent Auditor's Report

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholders of eMedsecurities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of eMedsecurities, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2002, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of eMedsecurities, Inc., as of December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The additional information, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole

As more fully discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company discontinued its New York City investment banking operation and plan to sell or otherwise dispose of the assets related thereto.

Run Chi Dunmore, Pennsylvania

February 10, 2003

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2002

ASSETS

Allowable assets Cash	\$_	254,064	
Total allowable assets			\$ 254,064
Nonallowable assets Deposits Furniture and fixtures Net assets of discontinued operations	\$	6,000 5,000 2,500	
Total nonallowable assets			 13,500
Total Assets			\$ 267,564
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	•		
Accounts payable	\$	12,378	
Accrued expenses		9,840	
Total liabilities			22,218
Stockholder's equity Preferred stock - no par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 1,505,000 issued and outstanding Common stock - no par value, 100,000,000 shares authorized, 4,603,334 issued and outstanding in 2002 Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit		1,000 1,000 14,367 2,780,021)	
Total stockholder's equity			245,346

Total Liabilities and stockholder's equity

\$ 267,564

[&]quot;See accompanying notes to financial statements."

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Revenues				
Investment banking	<i>t</i> \$	493,333		
License and royalty income		51,323		
Interest income		8,503		
Total revenue			\$	553,159
Operating expenses				
Compensation and benefits	\$	297,850		
Administrative expenses		69,613		
Travel and entertainment		45,438		
Marketing and business development		13,958		
Data processing and communications		18,457		
Depreciation		22,108		
Professional services		76,865		
Technology development		40,705		•
Loss on sale of equipment		3,573	·	
Total operating expenses				588,567
(Loss) income from continuing operations before				
income taxes			\$	(35,408)
moone taxes			•	(00, 100)
Provision for income taxes				
(Loss) income from continuing operations			\$	(35,408)
Discontinued Operations				
Loss from discontinued operations	\$	(384,102)		
Estimated loss on disposal of discontinued operations		(21,148)		
Total loss from discontinued operations				(405,250)
Net Loss			\$	(440.658)

[&]quot;See accompanying notes to financial statements."

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

	Preferred Stock	d Stock	Common Stock	on Sto	×	Adc	Additional Paid-In	Retained Earnings (Accumulated		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Am	Amount	Ö	Capital	Deficit)		Total
Balance, January 1, 2002	1,505,000	\$ 3,010,000	4,603,334	€9	1,000	↔	14,367	\$ (2,339,363)	⇔	686,004
Net loss		***						(440,658)		(440,658)
Balance, December 31, 2002	1,505,000	\$ 3,010,000	4,603,334	49	1,000	8	14,367	\$ (2,780,021)	€	245,346

"See accompanying notes to financial statements."

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2002

Cash flow from operating activities			•	(440.050)
Net loss			\$	(440,658)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash				
used in operating activities:				
Continuing operations	•	22 400		
Depreciation	\$	22,108		
Loss on sale of equipment		3,573		
Changes in assets and liabilities		04744		
Accounts receivable		24,741		
Deposits		2,733		
Accounts payable		(8,860)		
Accrued expenses	<u></u>	(31,675)		
Total adjustments from continuing operations				12,620
Discontinued operations				
Estimated loss on disposal of discontinued operations	\$	21,148		
Depreciation		14,895		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		·		
Accounts receivable		25,119		
Deposits		45,132		
				106,294
Total adjustments from discontinued operations				100,201
Total adjustments from discontinued operations Net cash used in operating activities			\$	(321,744)
Net cash used in operating activities			\$	
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	\$	400,000	\$	
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment	\$	· ·	\$	
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	\$	400,000 19,096 13,890	\$	
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets	\$	19,096	\$	
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of furniture and equipment from discontinued operations	#	19,096	\$	(321,744)
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of furniture and equipment from discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$	19,096		(321,744)
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of furniture and equipment from discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (Decrease) increase in Cash	\$	19,096		(321,744) 432,986 111,242
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of furniture and equipment from discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (Decrease) increase in Cash Cash, beginning Cash, ending	\$	19,096		(321,744) 432,986 111,242 142,822
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of furniture and equipment from discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (Decrease) increase in Cash Cash, beginning Cash, ending Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information,	\$	19,096	\$	(321,744) 432,986 111,242 142,822
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of furniture and equipment from discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (Decrease) increase in Cash Cash, beginning Cash, ending Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information, Cash paid for interest	₩	19,096		(321,744) 432,986 111,242 142,822
Net cash used in operating activities Cash flows from investing activities Maturity of short-term investment Decrease in intangible assets Proceeds from sale of furniture and equipment from discontinued operations Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities (Decrease) increase in Cash Cash, beginning Cash, ending Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information,	\$	19,096	\$	(321,744) 432,986 111,242 142,822

[&]quot;See accompanying notes to financial statement."

1. Nature Of Operations And Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

eMedsecurities, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and the National Association of Securities Dealers ("NASD").

The Company provides investment banking services to small and emerging growth life science companies. The company had maintained an office in New York City as well as Scranton, Pennsylvania. On August 1 the Company discontinued its operation at the New York Office as discussed in Note 2.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Furniture and Fixtures

Furniture and equipment is carried at cost net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Intangible Assets

The Company has filed for various patents and trademarks. The related legal and filing fees have been capitalized to be amortized over their useful lives when approval is granted. Due to restrictions in activities of the Company, as well as the very low probability of these filings being granted to the company, the company has written off in 2002 prior capitalized costs of \$20,246.

Revenue

Investment banking and syndicate revenue is recorded when earned.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are provided for the tax effect of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related to the temporary differences between the carrying amounts and tax basis of assets and liabilities.

1. Nature Of Operations And Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based compensation to employees using the intrinsic value method in accordance with Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees." The Company accounts for stock-based compensation to nonemployees in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation."

2. Discontinued Operations

On August 1, 2002, the Company discontinued their New York City operation by laying off all employees involved in that aspect of the operation. As such, August 1, 2002 is considered the disposal date.

The major assets of the operation are furniture and equipment. The Company has commenced actions to sell the furniture and equipment used in this operation.

The estimated loss on the disposal of this segment is \$26,809 and relates entirely to the estimated loss on disposal of furniture and equipment. This loss does not include any benefit for income taxes due to the likelihood the benefit will not be realized. The estimated loss on the disposal does not include a provision for operating losses due to the abandonment of this operation as of August 1, 2002.

The loss from discontinued operations in 2002 does not include a benefit for income taxes due to the likelihood the benefit will not be realized.

Operating results of the New York City operation to August 1, 2002 are shown separately in the accompanying statement of operations.

Net Assets of the Discontinued Operations

Assets and liabilities of the segment to be disposed of consisted of the following at December 31:

2002

Furniture and equipment

\$ 55,649

3. Furniture and Fixtures

Furniture and equipment has been written down by management to the market value for the year ended December 31, 2002. The balance of furniture and fixtures is as follows:

		<u>2002</u>
Equipment	\$	5,000
Less accumulated depreciation		0.00
Net	<u>\$</u>	5,000

4. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses at December 31 consist of the following:

	<u>2002</u>
Professional fees Capital stock and mercantile taxes	\$ 6,500 3,340
Total	\$ 9,840

5. Capital Stock

In January 2000, the Company amended its articles of incorporation as part of a recapitalization of the Company. Common stock authorized was increased to 100,000,000 shares without par value. A stock split of 46-for-1 was then authorized, increasing the number of shares issued and outstanding to 4,600,000.

In addition, a preferred stock class of 20,000,000 shares without par value was established. From this class, the Board of Directors created a series designated as "Series A Convertible Preferred Stock" consisting of 3,000,000 shares without par value. Each share of this preferred stock is convertible into one share of common stock at the option of the holder. Each share also maintains a liquidation preference equal to its purchase price, with no other right to share in liquidation proceeds.

5. Capital Stock (continued)

Except for this liquidation preference, preferred stockholders maintain voting and other rights similar to those of common stockholders.

In February 2000, the Company commenced a private placement offering of 3,000,000 shares of its Series A Convertible Preferred Stock at a price of \$2 per share. The private placement offering was completed in June 2000, after 1,505,000 shares were sold.

6. Income Taxes

The provision (benefit) for income taxes consists of the following:

	<u>2001</u>
Current Deferred	\$ - -
Total	<u>\$</u> -
Deferred tax assets (liabilities) at December 31 are as follows:	
	2002
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	\$1,088,500
Net deferred tax assets	\$1,088,500
Less valuation allowance	(1,088,500)
Net	\$ 0

7. Stock Options

The Company grants stock options to employees and advisory board members. These options are granted at fair market value, become exercisable over a period of time (up to five years) and expire ten years from the date of the grant.

7. Stock Options (continued)

The following table summarizes stock option activity:

	<u>2002</u>
Outstanding options at December 31, 2001	1,203,166
Option granted	-
Options exercised	-
Options forfeited	316,500
Outstanding options at December 31, 2002	<u>886,666</u>

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2002:

		Weighted Average		Weighted Average
Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Outstanding At 12/31/2002	Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Number Exercisable <u>At 12/31/2002</u>	Exercise Price of Exercisable Options
\$.10 2.00	781,666 	7.08 6.91	498,340 61,767	\$.10 2.00
.33	866,666	7.50	560,107	.31

Pro forma information regarding net loss is required by SFAS No. 123 and has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its employee stock options under the fair value method of that statement. If the alternative method of accounting for the Plan prescribed by SFAS No. 123 had been followed, there would be no change in the Company's net loss for 2002. The resulting pro forma disclosures may not be representative of that to be expected in future years.

In 2001 3,334 options were exercised at \$.10 per option by an advisory board member. The Company recorded \$34 of compensation expense as required by SFAS 123.

8. Leases

The Company rents its Scranton and rented its New York City offices under short-term operating leases. The Scranton office lease is a month-to-month basis and the New York City office lease was cancelled in August. Rent expense amounted to approximately \$13,200 and \$75,600 respectively in 2002.

9. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. As of December 31, 2002 the Company has net capital of \$231,845, which was \$138,145 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's net capital ratio was .10 to 1 at December 31, 2002.

10. Exemptive Provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)2(ii)

The Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, and since it does not control, possess or put at a risk any customer funds or securities, the Company qualifies for exemption from the provision of Rule 15c3-3(k)2(ii) which otherwise requires disclosure of the "Computation for Determination for Reserve Requirements" and the schedule of "Information for Possession or Control Requirements."

11. Concentrations

One client accounted for 81% of the Company's investment banking income in 2002.

12. Credit Risk

Amounts on deposit with any one financial institution are insured to \$100,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. At December 31, 2002, the Company had amounts on deposit in excess of the insured amount.

13. Net Capital

Computation of net capital, under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission is in agreement with the final FOCUS report filed for the year ended December 31, 2002.

14. Subsequent Events

On January 1, 2003, according to a Plan of Division agreed to by the Company's shareholders, the Company will divest itself of certain assets into Life Science Analytics, Inc. All shareholders of the Company will become shareholders of Life Science Analytics. The main focus of Life Science Analytics will be marketing the use of the MedTrack database and ancillary products. The impact of the Plan of Division to the Company's opening asset as of January 1, 2003 is as follows:

	Opening Balance Prior to Plan of Division	Opening Balance After Adopting Plan of Division
Assets		
Cash	\$ 254,063	\$ 120,000
Deposit	6,000	· •
Furniture & Fixtures	5,000	5,000
Intangible Assets	2,500	2,500
Intangible Property	-	
Total Assets	\$ 267,563	<u>\$ 127,500</u>

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

Computation of Net Capital

Tomputation of Not Supital				
Total stockholders' equity		245,345		
Deduct equity not allowable for net capital		-		
Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital		245,345		
Deductions and/or changes, nonallowable assets		13,500		
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		231,845		
Haircuts on securities		231,845		
Net capital		<u>-</u>		
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness				
Total aggregate indebtedness liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses		12,379 9,840		
Total aggregate indebtedness liabilities		22,219		
Other items				
Total aggregate indebtedness		22,219		
Computation of Basis Net Capital Requirement				
Regulatory minimum		100,000		
Calculated minimum based on aggregate indebtedness		1,481		
Required capital		100,000		
Net capital in excess of requirement		131,845		
Ratio of Aggregate indebtedness to net capital		.10 to 1		

[&]quot;See accompanying notes to financial statement."



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Stockholders of eMedsecurities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit the financial statements and supplemental schedule of eMedsecurities, Inc. (the "Company"), for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provision of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company's responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurances that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Richard P. Rainey, CPA

Thomas P. Rainey, CPA

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objective referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the stockholders, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than theses specified parties.

Dunmore, Pennsylvania February 10, 2003

Ray - Ray

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