OMB APPROVAL 6-10-2003 OMB Number: 3235-0123 OMMISSION Expires: September 30, 1998 Estimated average burden hours per response...12.00 RECEIVED SEC FILE NUMBER ANNUAL AUDITED REPÕŘT FORM X-17A-5 PART III **FACING PAGE** Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING April 1, 2002 AND ENDING _____ March 31, 2003 MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: OFFICIAL USE ONLY First St. Louis Securities, Inc. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) FIRM ID. NO. 8860 Ladue Road, Suite 100 (No. and Street) 63124 St. Louis Missouri (Zip Code) (City) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT Al Lauth (314) 726-2880 (Area Code - Telephone No.) B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* Rubin, Brown, Gornstein & Co., LLP (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name) One North Brentwood Missouri 63105 Clayton (Address) (Zip Code) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant JUN 12 2003 Public Accountant Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions. FOR OFFICIL USE ONLY * Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances helied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

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SEC 1410 (3-91)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

schedules paffirm) that	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting pertaining to the firm of First St. Louis Securities, Inc., as of March 31, 2003, are true and correct. I further swear (or neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account olely as that of a customer, except as follows:
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_	
	DIANNE & STATE OF THE STATE OF
	Notary Public-Notary Seal
A	State of Missouri
\	My Commission Express May 13, 2008
(A)	Notary Public
This report	** contains (check all applicable boxes):
x (a)	Facing page.
x (b)	Statement of Financial Condition.
x (c)	Statement of Income (Loss).
x (d)	Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
x (e)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(f)	Statement of changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
x (g)	Computation of Net Capital.
x (h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
x (i)	Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
x (1)	An Oath or Affirmation.
(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
x (o)	Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Accounting Control.
	aditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2003



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Exemptive Provision Under Rule 15c3-3
Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Accounting Control



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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors First St. Louis Securities, Inc. St. Louis, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of First St. Louis Securities, Inc., as of March 31, 2003 and the related statements of income, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First St. Louis Securities, Inc. as of March 31, 2003 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Rubin, Brown Gornstein & Co. LLP

May 1, 2003



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION March 31, 2003

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	15,021
Deposit with clearing organization (Note 2)		100,000
Miscellaneous receivables		33,554
Securities owned (Note 3):		
Marketable, at market value		9,825,301
Not readily marketable, at estimated fair value		81,800
Furniture and equipment (Note 4)		45,829
Deferred income tax asset (Note 6)		66,600
Other assets (Note 7)		449,156
	<u> </u>	10,617,261
Liabilities And Stockholders' Equity		
T 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		
Liabilities	•	0.000.000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,826,829
Payable to clearing organization (Note 5)		5,775,942
Income taxes payable		41,564
Deferred compensation (Note 7)		252,567
Total Liabilities		8,896,902
Stockholders' Equity	•	
Common Stock:		
Authorized 1,000 shares of \$1 par value; issued		
and outstanding 1,000 shares		1,000
Additional paid-in capital		549,827
Retained earnings		_1,169,532
Total Stockholders' Equity		1,720,359
	\$	10,617,261

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY For The Year Ended March 31, 2003

			Additional		Total
	Common S	tock	Paid-In	Retained	Stockholders'
	Shares	Shares Amount	Capital	Earnings	Equity
Balance - March 31, 2002	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 549,827	\$ 1,011,887	\$ 1,562,714
Net Income	1		****	157,645	157,645
Balance - March 31, 2003	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000 \$ 549,827	\$ 1,169,532	\$ 1,720,359

STATEMENT OF INCOME For The Year Ended March 31, 2003

Revenues	
Principal transactions	\$ 8,401,425
Underwriting	162,003
Interest and dividends	405,803
Other income	31,831
Total Revenues	9,001,062
Operating Expenses	
Employee compensation and benefits	7,017,169
Exchange and clearance fees	354,885
Communications and data processing	209,339
Occupancy	179,356
Interest	147,251
Other operating expenses	810,244
Total Operating Expenses	8,718,244
Income Before Provision For Income Taxes	282,818
Provision For Income Taxes (Note 6)	125,173
Net Income	\$ 157,645

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For Year Ended March 31, 2003

Cash Flows From Operating Activities	
Net income	\$ 157,645
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	35,117
Change in deferred income taxes	(2,000)
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in securities owned, net	(5,702,662)
Decrease in miscellaneous receivables	17,859
Increase in other assets	(28,076)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	654,618
Increase in payable to clearing organization	4,558,678
Increase in income taxes payable	9,137
Increase in deferred compensation	8,487
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(291,197)
Cash Flows Used In Investing Activities	
Payments for furniture and equipment	(25,880)
Net Decrease In Cash And Cash Equivalents	(317,077)
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year	332,098
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$ 15,021
Supplemental Disclosure Of Cash Flow Information	
Interest paid	\$ 147,251
Income taxes paid	116,036_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS March 31, 2003

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash And Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all temporary cash investments as cash equivalents. These temporary cash investments are securities held for cash management purposes, having maturities of three months or less.

Securities Transactions

Proprietary securities transactions in regular-way trades are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis.

Marketable securities are valued at market value, and securities not readily marketable are valued at fair value as determined by management. The resulting difference between cost and market is included in principal transactions.

Furniture And Equipment

Furniture and equipment are carried at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives ranging from three to six years.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal and state income tax returns of its parent company. Federal and state income taxes are calculated as if the Company filed on a separate return basis.

Income taxes are provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between deferred compensation and the basis of furniture and equipment for financial and income tax reporting. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered.

2. Operations

First St. Louis Securities, Inc. (the Company), a wholly-owned subsidiary of First St. Louis Capital Markets, Inc., was organized March 8, 1984 and commenced operations in April 1984. The Company is a registered broker-dealer operating exclusively in the securities industry. The Company transacts, buys and sells fixed income securities primarily with financial institutions located in the Midwest. The Company is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and operates under the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3(k)(1) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15a3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$100,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At March 31, 2003, the Company was in compliance with both of the above-stated net capital rules.

The Company has an agreement with a national broker-dealer to clear certain of its customer transactions on a fully disclosed basis. This agreement requires a \$100,000 security deposit which is maintained in cash with the broker-dealer.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

3. Marketable Securities Owned

Marketable securities owned consist of fixed income securities at market values amounting to \$9,825,301 at March 31, 2003. Securities not readily marketable include investment securities for which there is no market on a securities exchange or no independent publicly quoted market. At March 31, 2003, these securities at estimated fair values amount to \$81,800.

4. Furniture And Equipment

Furniture and equipment consist of:

Equipment	\$ 213,002
Furniture and fixtures	60,424
	273,426
Less: Accumulated depreciation	227,597
	\$ 45,829

Depreciation charged against income amounted to \$35,117.

5. Receivable From And Payable To Clearing Organization

The Company clears proprietary and customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. The amount payable to the clearing broker represents short-term borrowings at fluctuating rates, principally 0.5% over the federal funds rate of interest of 1.25% at March 31, 2003 and is collateralized by securities owned by the Company.

Receivable from and payable to the clearing organization at March 31, 2003 are comprised of the following:

Receivable	
From clearing organization	\$ 289,072
Payable	
To clearing organization	(6,065,014)
Net payable to clearing organization	\$_5,775,942

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

6. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes consists of:

Current federal and state income taxes
computed at statutory rates in effect

Prior year federal and state income tax
overaccrual

Credit for deferred taxes

\$ 128,164

(991)

\$ (2,000)

The net deferred tax asset in the accompanying balance sheet includes the following components:

Deferred tax liability \$ (9,200)
Deferred tax asset 75,800

Net deferred tax asset \$ 66,600

7. Deferred Compensation Plans

The Company has a qualified, contributory profit sharing plan covering eligible full-time employees which qualifies under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Plan provides for discretionary contributions by the Company in such amounts as the Board of Directors may annually determine. The Company made contributions of \$108,357.

In addition, the Company has a deferred compensation agreement for officers and certain employees. The agreement calls for additional compensation upon reaching age 65. The Company has obtained life insurance policies on the lives of the participants sufficient to meet these obligations. Included in other assets is \$252,567 which is the cash value of these policies.

8. Commitments

The Company is obligated under noncancellable operating leases for its office facilities which expire in May 2004 and June 2007.

Notes To Financial Statements (Continued)

Future minimum rental commitments required under these noncancellable operating leases are as follows:

Year	Amount
2024	4.405.440
2004	\$ 137,640
2005	129,021
2006	130,800
2007	135,216
2008	34,080
	A F 00 FFF
	\$ 566,757

Rent expense charged to operations amounted to \$145,729.

9. Financial Instruments With Off-Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer and clearing agent clearance activities involve the execution and settlement of various customer security transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.



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Independent Auditors' Report On Supplementary Information Required By Rule 17a-5 Of The Securities And Exchange Commission

Board of Directors First St. Louis Securities, Inc. St. Louis, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of First St. Louis Securities, Inc. as of and for the year ended March 31, 2003, and have issued our report thereon dated May 1, 2003. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the schedule presented on page 14 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rulin, Brown Gornstein & Co. LLP

May 1, 2003

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Net Capital	
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 1,720,359
Deductions and/or charges:	
Nonallowable assets	
Securities not readily marketable	81,800
Furniture and equipment, net	45,829
Miscellaneous receivables	4,055
Deferred income tax asset	66,600
Other assets	204,837
	403,121
Net capital before haircuts on security positions	1,317,238
Haircuts on securities:	
Exempt securities	146,080
Debt securities	270,153
Other securities	26,214
	442,447
Net Capital	\$ 874,791
Aggregate Indebtedness	\$ 2,868,393
Computation Of Basic Net Capital Requirement	
Minimum net capital required	\$ 191,226
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	\$ 100,000
Net capital requirement (greater of above)	\$ 191,226
Excess net capital	\$ 683,565
Excess liet capital	\$ 000,000
Excess net capital at 1000%	\$ 587,952
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	3.28 to 1
Reconciliation With Company's Computation	
Net capital as reported in Company's Part II (Unaudited) Focus Report	\$ 874,864
Audit adjustment to income taxes payable	(2,073)
Net decrease in nonallowable asset	2,000
Net capital per above	\$ 874,791

EXEMPTIVE PROVISION UNDER RULE 15c3-3 March 31, 2003

An exemption from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed as the broker-dealer does not hold customer funds or securities. All accounts are on a fully disclosed basis.

Therefore the schedules of "Computation For Determination Of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3" and "Information For Possession Or Control Requirement Under Rule 15c3-3" are inapplicable.

\mathbf{RBG} & \mathbb{CO} .

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Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Accounting Control

Board of Directors First St. Louis Securities, Inc. St. Louis, Missouri

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First St. Louis Securities, Inc. for the year ended March 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for its customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1) Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2) Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 3) Complying with the requirement for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.



The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at March 31, 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

Board of Directors First St. Louis Securities, Inc.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rulin, Brown, Gornstein & Co. LLP

May 1, 2003