UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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APR 3 0 2003

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 46737

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 3/1/02 AND E MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Legacy Securities Corp. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 3490 Piedmont Road, Suite 1210 (No. and Street) Atlanta GA (City) (State) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO CONT	30305	OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Legacy Securities Corp. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 3490 Piedmont Road, Suite 1210 (No. and Street) Atlanta GA (City) (State) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO	30305	
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	•	ip Code)
Christopher F. Battel	(404) 96.	
B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION		***
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Repo	ort*	
Rubio CPA, PC		
(Name if individual, state last, first. middle n		
2120 Powers Ferry Rd., Ste 350, Atlanta,	GA	30339
(Address) (City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:		محورست های می این
☐ Certified Public Accountant		PROCESSED
☐ Public Accountant	/:	MAY 0 9 2003
Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.	1	MAI O 2003 MOEMOHT
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must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountan

SEC 1410 (06-02)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

1,	C	Christopher F. Battel , swear (or affirm) that, to the best of			
	my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of				
•					
		regacy Securities Corp., as retrue and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that			
		the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account			
class	sifie	ed solely as that of a customer, except as follows:			
		0111			
		(lington 12 petter			
		Signature			
		tra La.T			
		Title			
و	X	Notary Public, Gwinnett County, Georgia			
	II	Notary Public My Commission Expires February 1, 2006			
Th:					
		port ** contains (check all applicable boxes): Facing Page.			
		Statement of Financial Condition.			
		Statement of Income (Loss).			
$\overline{\overline{\mathbf{v}}}$		Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.			
		Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.			
Ô		Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.			
		Computation of Net Capital.			
		Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.			
	(i)	Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.			
		A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the			
		Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.			
	(k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of			
X.		consolidation.			
		An Oath or Affirmation.			
		A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.			
	(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.			

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

LEGACY SECURITIES CORP.
Financial Statements
For the Years Ended
February 28, 2003 and 2002
With
Independent Auditor's Report

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995

Fax: 770 980-1077

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Directors Legacy Securities Corp.:

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Legacy Securities Corp. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Legacy Investment Group, Inc.), as of February 28, 2003 and 2002 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Legacy Securities Corp. as of February 28, 2003 and 2002 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit as of and for the year ended February 28, 2003 was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, IV, and V is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

RUBIO CPA, PC

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April 22, 2003 Atlanta, Georgia

LEGACY SECURITIES CORP. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION FEBRUARY 28, 2003 and 2002

ASSETS

		2003		2002
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	242,955	\$	494,003
Accounts receivable-investment banking		-		129,300
Marketable securities		92,231		162,596
Other investments		69,417		45,637
Furniture and office equipment, net of accumulated				
depreciation of \$92,929 and \$69,890		45,687		62,697
Deposit with clearing broker		25,000		50,000
Prepaid income taxes		3,033		3,639
Advances to related companies		519,004		3,727
Other assets		85,061		102,024
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,082,388	<u>\$</u>	1,053,623
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLD	ER'S F	EQUITY		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	106,018	\$	393,768
Due to related companies	*	-	•	29,132
Total liabilities	-	106,018		422,900
STOCKHOLDED'S FOLUTY				
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				
Common stock, \$0.01 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 100				
shares issued and outstanding		1		1
Additional paid-in capital		1,139,999		1,139,999
Retained earnings		(163,630)		(509,277)
Retained earnings		(105,050)	A	(309,211)
Total stockholder's equity		976,370		630,723
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$</u>	1,082,388	<u>\$</u>	1,053,623

LEGACY SECURITIES CORP. STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS For the Years Ended February 28, 2003 and 2002

REVENUES	2003	2002
Investment banking	\$ 1,274,223	\$ 1,492,063
Commissions and trading profits	16,855	207,633
Interest income	50,328	14,950
	1,341,406	1,714,646
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Employee compensation and benefits	617,757	1,224,492
Clearing costs	1,955	16,183
Communications and information services	33,726	130,163
Occupancy	24,759	272,952
Write-off of abandoned assets and leases	-	218,715
Other operating expenses	317,562	<u>746,755</u>
	995,759	2,609,260
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAXES	345,647	(894,614)
INCOME TAX BENEFITS (Note D)		10,000
NET INCOME (LOSS)	<u>\$ 345,647</u>	<u>\$ (884,614)</u>

LEGACY SECURITIES CORP. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Years Ended February 28, 2003 and 2002

		2003		2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Φ	245 (47	æ	(004 (14)
Net income (loss)	\$	345,647	\$	(884,614)
Noncash items included in net income: Depreciation and amortization		22.020		67.010
Deferred income taxes		23,039		67,919 (10,000)
Write-off of abandoned assets		-		78,883
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		-		70,003
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		129,300		(121,800)
Prepaid income taxes		606		191,325
Decrease in payables and accrued expenses		(287,750)		(386,703)
Other assets		16,963		85,735
Other assets		10,705		05,755
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES		227,805		(979,255)
		,		(* ,=)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Investments in marketable securities		70,365		(35,354)
Other investments		(23,780)		-
Increase in advances to related parties		$(\hat{5}15,277)$		(3,727)
Increase (decrease) in advances from related parties		(29,132)		8,871
Purchases of property and equipment		(6,029)		(37,256)
Decrease in deposit with clearing broker-dealer		25,000		50,000
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(478,853)		(17,466)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Capital contribution				290,000
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		_		290,000
NET CASITING ADED BY THANKEING ACTIVITIES				270,000
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH				
EQUIVALENTS		(251,048)		(706,721)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:				
Beginning of year		494,003		1,200,724
Deginning of your		124,005		1,200,724
End of year	\$	242,955	\$	494,003
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF				
CASH FLOW INFORMATION:				
Income taxes paid (refunded)	\$	_	\$	(155,300)
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LEGACY SECURITIES CORP. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY For the Years Ended February 28, 2003 and 2002

		nmon ock	Additional Paid-In <u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	<u>Total</u>
Balance, February 28, 2001	\$	1	\$ 849,999	\$ 375,337	\$1,225,337
Capital contribution			290,000		290,000
Net loss				(884,614)	(884,614)
Balance, February 28, 2002		1	1,139,999	(509,277)	630,723
Net Income				345,647	345,647
Balance, February 28, 2003	<u>\$</u>	1	<u>\$1,139,999</u>	\$ (163,630)	<u>\$ 976,370</u>

NOTE A--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Nature of Operations:</u> Legacy Securities Corp. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Legacy Investment Group, Inc. (the Parent), operating in Georgia as a Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered broker-dealer and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD).

The Company is primarily engaged in investment banking and financial advisory services.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The Company considers all cash and money market instruments with a maturity of ninety days or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents at high credit-quality banks and brokerage firms. The balances at times may exceed federally insured limits

<u>Investment in Marketable Securities:</u> Investments in marketable securities are valued at market value. The resulting difference between cost and market (or fair value) is included in income.

<u>Property and Equipment:</u> Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is provided by use of straight-line methods over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred; major renewals and betterments are capitalized. When items of property or equipment are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Income Taxes: Income taxes are accounted for by the asset/liability approach in accordance with FAS-109 (Accounting for Income Taxes). Deferred taxes represent the expected future tax consequences when the reported amounts of assets and liabilities are recovered or paid. They arise from differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities and are adjusted for changes in tax laws and tax rates when those changes are enacted. The provision for income taxes represents the total of income taxes paid or payable for the current year, plus the change in deferred taxes during the year. The Company provides deferred taxes for net operating loss carryforwards and differences in the timing of deductions for book and tax reporting purposes principally related to depreciation. A valuation allowance is provided, if necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to a level which, more likely than not, will be realized.

<u>Income Taxes (continued):</u>

The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return with the Parent. Taxes on income for the Company are recorded as though the Company were filing a separate return. The Company files separate state income tax returns.

<u>Estimates</u>: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

<u>Securities Transactions:</u> Securities transactions are recorded as of the trade date.

<u>Investment Banking Revenues:</u> Investment banking revenues include fees from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an agent. Investment banking revenues also include fees earned from providing merger and acquisition and financial advisory services. Investment banking fees and sales commissions are recorded upon settlement. The Company also acts as an underwriter in certain securities offerings. The underwriting fees are recorded at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is readily determinable.

NOTE B - MARKETABLE SECURITIES OWNED

Marketable securities owned, which were received as compensation for investment banking services, consist of the following:

	2003	2002
Common stock warrants	\$ 17,863	\$ 17,832
Common stocks	51,555	190,401
	<u>\$ 69,418</u>	<u>\$ 208,233</u>

NOTE C--LEASE COMMITMENT

The Parent leases equipment and office premises under operating leases. During 2003, the Company paid most of the rent arising from the Parent's office premises lease and during 2002, the Company paid all of its Parent's obligations under equipment and office space leases.

At February 28, 2002, the Company was obligated under operating leases for office space in Memphis, Tennessee and Atlanta, Georgia that was formerly occupied by the Company. The remaining obligation for the abandoned office premises leases, which expired in 2003 and 2004, was recorded in the accompanying financial statements as an accrued liability at February 28, 2002. The amount accrued as of February 28, 2002 was approximately \$140,000, which was the future lease obligations payable under the leases, net of expected sublease income of approximately \$68,000. One of the leases abandoned during 2002 and accrued at February 28, 2002 was subsequently settled during 2003 for approximately \$44,000 less than the amount accrued at February 28, 2002.

Rent expense and sublease income were as follows:

	2003	2002
Rent expense Sublease income	\$ 62,106 (37,347)	\$ 272,952 (65,158)
	<u>\$ 24,759</u>	<u>\$ 207,794</u>

NOTE D--NET CAPITAL

The Company, as a registered broker dealer is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At February 28, 2003, the Company had net capital of \$229,499 which was \$222,432 in excess of its required net capital of \$7,067 and the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .46 to 1.0.

In April 2002, the Company's minimum required net capital was reduced to \$5,000, pursuant to an application to the Securities and Exchange Commission.

NOTE E--INCOME TAXES

The provision for income taxes is summarized as follows:

		2003		2002
Current income tax expense	\$		\$	
Deferred income taxes (benefit)	· 			(10,000)
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$		<u>\$</u>	(10,000)
The Company's deferred tax assets at February 28, 2003 and 200	2 are a	as follows:		
		2003		2002
Deferred tax assets arising from net operating loss carryforward Valuation allowance		94,000 94,000)		00,000 00,000)
Net deferred tax asset	\$		<u>\$</u>	

The Company has recorded a valuation allowance for the deferred tax asset at February 28, 2003 and 2002 because management believes that it is more likely than not that the net operating loss carryforward will not be realized.

At February 28, 2003, the Company has a net operating loss carryforward to future years, which may be used to offset future taxable income of approximately \$580,000, which expires through 2023.

The Company utilized approximately \$325,000 of net operating loss carryforwards during the year ended February 28, 2003 which resulted in a reduction in current income tax expense of approximately \$108,000.

NOTE F -- OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

In the normal course of business, the Company executes securities transactions for its own account and the accounts of its customers. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

NOTE G -- RELATED PARTIES

The Company has receivables and payables to its Parent and other subsidiaries of the Parent arising in the normal course of business. The Parent is the general partner in a limited partnership which holds investments for some of the Company's employees and advisory directors. Some of the investments held in this limited partnership are entities for which the Company has performed investment banking services.

Subsequent to February 28, 2003, in April 2003, the Company executed a management agreement with its Parent. Under the agreement the Parent will provide the Company with office facilities and certain other general and administrative support in exchange for management fees. Management fees are payable only when and if such payments do not cause the Company to be in default of any capital requirements of the Securities & Exchange Commission rules or net capital rules of any of the states where the Company is registered.

NOTE H -- PROFIT SHARING PLAN

The Company has a discretionary, contributory profit sharing plan covering substantially all employees. Under the plan, participants may elect to defer up to 15% of their annual compensation as contributions to the plan. Company contributions are made at the discretion of the management of the Company. The Company made no contribution to the plan for the years ended February 28, 2003 and 2002.

NOTE I -- LITIGATION

At February 28, 2003, the Company and its Parent are defendants in a claim in which former employees of the Company seek, among other things, compensation for participation in investment banking transactions. Management believes that the outcome of this matter will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE J -- CONCENTRATIONS

Substantially all of the investment banking revenues were earned from six customers in 2003.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE I LEGACY SECURITIES CORP. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION ACT OF 1934 AS OF FEBRURAY 28, 2002

NET CAPITAL:

Total stockholder's equity	\$ 976,370
Less non-allowable assets:	
Furniture and office equipment	(45,687)
Prepaid income taxes	(3,033)
Advances to related companies	(519,004)
Other assets	(85,061)
Net capital before haircuts	323,585
Less haircuts:	
Securities and money market assets	(87,752)
Undue concentration	(6,334)
Total haircuts	(94,086)
Net capital	229,499
Less required capital	(7,067)
Excess net capital	\$ 222,432
Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 106,018</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	46 to 1.0

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL INCLUDED IN PART IIA OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2003.

There is no significant difference between net capital as reported above and as included in Part II A Form X-17A-5 as of February 28, 2003.

LEGACY SECURITIES CORP.

SCHEDULE II

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2003

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption.

SCHEDULE III

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS
UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2003

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption.

LEGACY SECURITIES CORP.

SCHEDULE IV

SCHEDULE OF SEGREGATION REQUIREMENTS AND FUNDS IN SEGREGATION FOR CUSTOMERS' REGULATED COMMODITY FUTURES AND OPTIONS ACCOUNTS AS OF FEBRUARY 28, 2003

The Company does not maintain funds, regulated commodity futures and options accounts for customers.

SCHEDULE V

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS AND GENERAL CREDITORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 28, 2003

The broker dealer is in compliance with the conditions for exemption.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

2120 Powers Ferry Road Suite 350 Atlanta, GA 30339 Office: 770 690-8995 Fax: 770 980-1077

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY RULE 17a-5

To the Board of Directors Legacy Securities Corp.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Legacy Securities Corp. for the year ended February 28, 2003, we considered its internal control structure, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including test of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Legacy Securities Corp. that we considered relevant to the objective stated in Rule 17a-5(g). We also made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedure for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company related to the following: (1) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13; (2) in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; and (3) in obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at February 28, 2003 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

April 22, 2003 Atlanta, Georgia

RUBIO CPA, PC

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